Mark Morris, P.E.

#126, 1317-M, Summerville, SC 29483 843 209-5784, Fax (866)-213-4614

The truss drawing(s) listed below have been prepared by **Atlantic Building Components** under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by the truss designers.

AST #: 61068 JOB: 25-6341-R01

JOB NAME: LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK

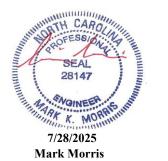
Wind Code: ASCE7-16 Wind Speed: Vult= 120mph Exposure Category: B Mean Roof Height (feet): 35

These truss designs comply with IRC 2015 as well as IRC 2018.

31 Truss Design(s)

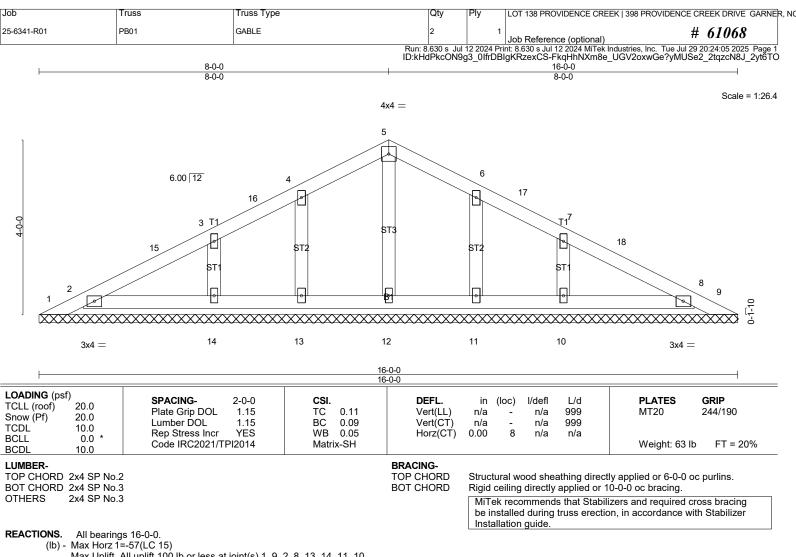
Trusses:

PB01, PB02, PB03, R01, R02, R03, R04, R05, R06, R07, R08, R09, R10, R11, R12, R13, SP01, SP02, SPJ01, SPJ02, SPJ03, VS01, VS02, VS03, VT01, VT02, VT03, VT04, VT05, VT06, VT07



My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is 12/31/2025

$Warning \ !--Verify \ design \ parameters \ and \ read \ notes \ before \ use.$



Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 9, 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 9, 2, 8, 12, 13, 11 except 14=282(LC 21), 10=282(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(13-16)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gablé end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-3-15 to 5-1-8, Exterior(2R) 5-1-8 to 10-10-8, Exterior(2E) 10-10-8 to 15-8-1 zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 9, 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10.

 12) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

 SEAL 28147

 Continued on page 2

7/28/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENCE	CE CREEK DRIVE GA	RNER
25-6341-R01	PB01	GABLE	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 61068	

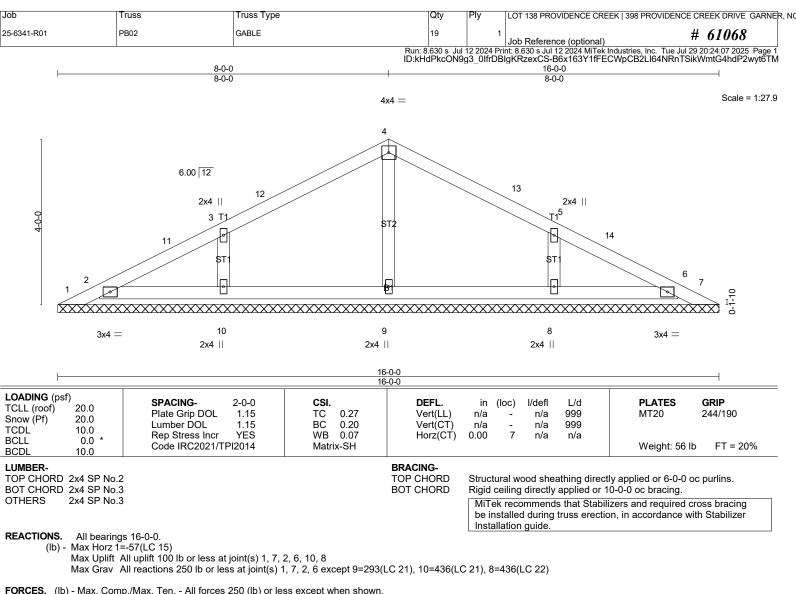
Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:06 2025 Page 2 ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0lfrDBlgKRzexCS-jwNfvjYOvy6Lufd?UentXAufC2ODnK36r1usWUyt6TN

- 13) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 14) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 15) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 16) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS 3-10=-363/165, 5-8=-363/165

NOTES-(12-15)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-3-15 to 5-1-8, Exterior(2R) 5-1-8 to 10-10-8, Exterior(2E) 10-10-8 to 15-8-1 zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B: Partially Exp.: Ce=1.0: Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 7, 2, 6, 10, 8.
- 11) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building

SEAL 28147 A SHITTING THE STATE OF THE STA

Continued on page 2 7/28/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENC	E CREEK DRIVE G	ARNER
25-6341-R01	PB02	GABLE	19	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 61068	

Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:07 2025 Page 2 ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0lfrDBlgKRzexCS-B6x163Y1fFECWpCB2LI64NRnTSikWmtG4hdP2wyt6TM

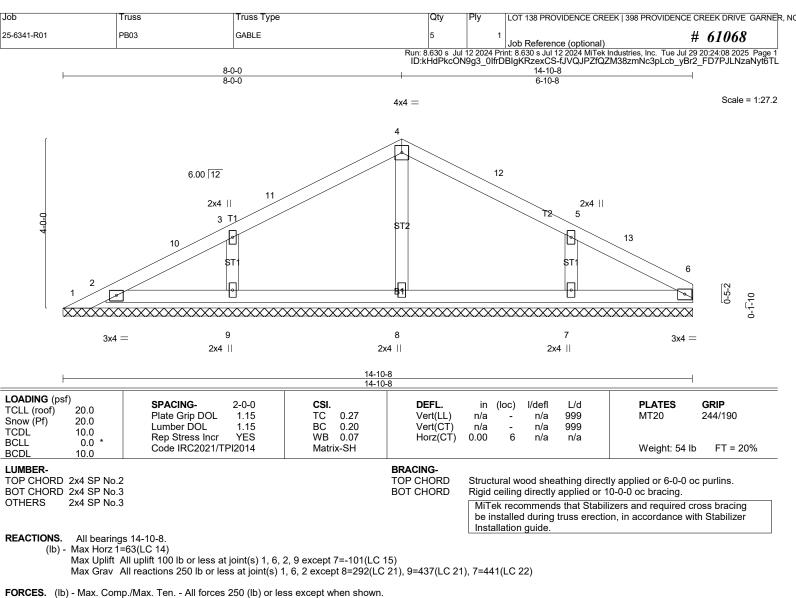
NC

- 12) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 13) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 14) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 15) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS 3-9=-363/167, 5-7=-364/157

NOTES-(12-15)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-3-15 to 5-1-8, Exterior(2R) 5-1-8 to 10-0-14, Exterior(2E) 10-0-14 to 14-10-8 zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B: Partially Exp.: Ce=1.0: Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 6, 2, 9 except (jt=lb) 7=101.
- 11) Šee Śtandard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

SEAL 28147 MORRELITATION 1/2025

Continued on page 2 7/28/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENC	E CREEK DRIVE GA	ARNER
25-6341-R01	PB03	GABLE	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 61068	

Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:08 2025 Page 2 ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0lfrDBlgKRzexCS-fJVQJPZfQZM38zmNc3pLcb_yBr2_FD7PJLNzaNyt6TL

NC

- 12) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 13) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 14) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

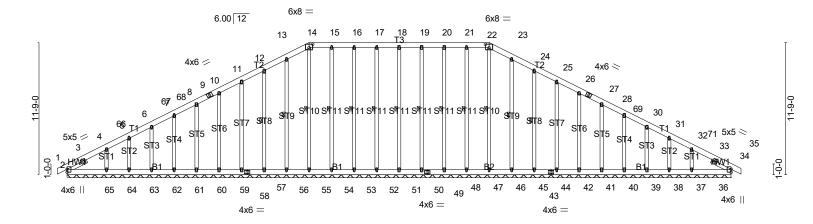
 15) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job Truss Truss Type LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNER, NO 25-6341-R01 R01 Piggyback Base Supported Gable # 61068 Job Reference (optional) Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:10 2025 Page 1 ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0IfrDBlgKRzexCS-bhdAk5bvyAcmNHwmjTrpi03M0fnuj4mimfs4fFyt6TJ -0_T10-8 21-6-0 37-6-0 59-0-0 0-10-8 21-6-0 16-0-0 21-6-0 0-10-8

Scale = 1:102.4



59-0-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [14:0-4-0,0-3-8], [22:0-4-0,0-3-8] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL. I/defl L/d **PLATES GRIP** 20.0 TCLL (roof) Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.06 34 MT20 244/190 Vert(LL) 0.00 n/r 180 Snow (Pf) 20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.04 Vert(CT) 0.00 35 n/r 80 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr WB 0.26 Horz(CT) 0.01 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IRC2021/TPI2014 Matrix-S Weight: 600 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No 2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 1-11-0, Right 2x4 SP No.3 1-11-0 **BRACING-**TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

18-51, 17-52, 16-53, 15-54, 14-55, 13-56, WFBS 1 Row at midpt

12-57, 19-50, 20-48, 21-47, 22-46, 23-45, 24-44

REACTIONS. All bearings 59-0-0

(lb) - Max Horz 2=167(LC 18)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 51, 52, 53, 54, 56, 57, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 50, 48, 47, 45, 44, 42, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37 except 65=-127(LC 14), 36=-110(LC 15)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 63, 64, 46, 38, 37, 34 except

51=292(LC 44), 52=292(LC 44), 53=295(LC 44), 54=294(LC 44), 55=258(LC 52), 56=297(LC 47), 57=295(LC 45), 59=292(LC 45), 60=292(LC 45), 61=293(LC 45), 62=283(LC 45), 65=259(LC 54), 50=292(LC 44), 48=295(LC 44), 47=294(LC 44), 45=294(LC 49), 44=295(LC 45), 42=292(LC 45), 41=292(LC 45), 40=293(LC 45), 39=283(LC 45), 36=259(LC 55)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 12-13=-124/284, 13-14=-140/319, 14-15=-131/306, 15-16=-131/306, 16-17=-131/306, 17-18=-131/306, 18-19=-131/306, 19-20=-131/306, 20-21=-131/306, 21-22=-131/306, 22-23=-140/319, 23-24=-124/284

NOTES-(14-17)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Exterior(2N) 3-11-2 to 16-8-6, Corner(3R) 16-8-6 to 26-3-10, Exterior(2N) 26-3-10 to 32-8-6, Corner(3R) 32-8-6 to 42-3-10, Exterior(2N) 42-3-10 to 55-0-14, Corner(3E) 55-0-14 to 59-10-8 zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 8) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 9) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

பிற்பிருந்த நடிக்க been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.



7/28/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDEN	ICE CREEK DRIVE G	ARNER
25-6341-R01	R01	Piggyback Base Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 61068	

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NOTES- (14-17)

- 12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 51, 52, 53, 54, 56, 57, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 50, 48, 47, 45, 44, 42, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37 except (jt=lb) 65=127, 36=110.

 14) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 15) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 16) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

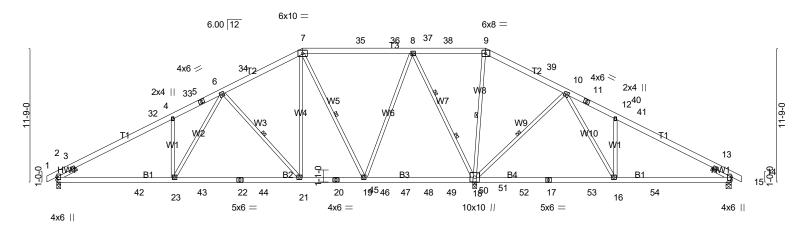
 17) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job Truss Truss Type Qtv LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNER, NO 25-6341-R01 R02 Piggyback Base # 61068 Job Reference (optional) un: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:13 2025 Page 1 ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0lfrDBlgKRzexCS-0GJIN6doF5?LEkfLPcPWJehi3sc0wG58Sd4kGayt6TG 59-10-8 0-10-8 -0₇10-8 0-10-8 10-1-12 14-5-5 21-6-0 31-0-0 37-6-0 44-6-11 48-10-4 59-0-0 10-1-12 7-0-11 9-6-0 6-6-0 7-0-11 4-3-9 10-1-12

Scale = 1:100.8



	10-1-12	1	21-6-0		27-0-0)	36-6-4		48-10-4		59-0-0	
	10-1-12		11-4-4		5-6-0		9-6-4		12-4-0		10-1-12	
LOADING TCLL (roc Snow (Pf) TCDL BCLL BCDL	f) 20.0	Lumbe Rep St	Grip DOL 1. r DOL 1.	0-0 15 15 ES 14	CSI. TC BC WB Matrix	0.71 0.78 0.99 k-AS	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) -0.28 16-18 -0.42 21-23 0.04 18	l/defl >958 >999 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 455 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 *Except* WFBS W5.W7: 2x4 SP No.1

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 1-11-0, Right 2x4 SP No.3 1-11-0 BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt WFBS

2 Rows at 1/3 pts 8-18

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

6-21, 7-19, 10-18, 9-18

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1326/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13), 18=2855/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-9), 14=645/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=167(LC 14)

Max Uplift2=-215(LC 14), 18=-90(LC 14), 14=-203(LC 15) Max Grav 2=1534(LC 115), 18=3784(LC 43), 14=787(LC 41)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-813/0, 3-32=-2428/293, 4-32=-2263/314, 4-33=-2373/423, 5-33=-2359/425,

5-6=-2234/442, 6-34=-1209/312, 7-34=-1065/333, 7-35=-716/294, 35-36=-716/294,

36-37=-716/294, 8-37=-716/294, 8-38=0/1057, 9-38=0/1057, 9-39=0/1197, 10-39=0/1022,

10-11=-718/416, 11-40=-864/398, 12-40=-875/397, 12-41=-682/282, 13-41=-891/260,

13-14=-313/0

BOT CHORD 2-42=-320/2069, 23-42=-320/2069, 23-43=-233/1626, 22-43=-233/1626, 22-44=-233/1626,

21-44=-233/1626, 20-21=-82/988, 20-45=-82/988, 19-45=-82/988, 19-46=-264/353, 46-47=-264/353, 47-48=-264/353, 48-49=-264/353, 49-50=-264/353, 50-51=-264/353,

18-51=-264/353, 18-52=-314/287, 17-52=-314/287, 17-53=-314/287, 16-53=-314/287,

16-54=-130/705. 14-54=-130/705

6-21=-1052/259, 7-21=-100/1177, 7-19=-1260/142, 8-19=-69/1547, 8-18=-2145/257,

10-18=-1160/263, 9-18=-850/122, 6-23=-181/972, 10-16=-173/1190, 4-23=-479/254,

12-16=-583/255

NOTES-(17-20)

WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph, TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Hip Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 16-8-6, Exterior(2R) 16-8-6 to 26-3-10, Interior(1) 26-3-10 to 32-8-6, Exterior(2R) 32-8-6 to 42-3-10, Interior(1) 42-3-10 to 55-0-14, Exterior(2E) 55-0-14 to 59-10-8 zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

7) All plates are 5x5 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

Continued on page 2

?) JULIAN CEES MORRIS dand NOINEE

7/28/2025

lob	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GA	RNER, N
25-6341-R01	R02	Piggyback Base	2	1	Job Reference (optional) # 61068	

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(17-20)

- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 18 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 18 except (jt=lb) 2=215, 14=203.

 12) Load case(s) 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166 has/have been modified. Building designer must review loads to verify that they are correct for the intended use of this truss.
- 13) MULTIPLE LOADCASES This design is the composite result of multiple load cases.
- 14) User moving load cases exist: Review the load cases for details
- 15) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 16) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).
- 17) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 18) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated
- 19) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
 20) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Except:

109) Reversal: 1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

110) Reversal: 2nd User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 47=-150 48=-150

111) Reversal: 3rd User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 48=-150 49=-150

112) Reversal: 4th User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 49=-150 51=-150

113) Reversal: 5th User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 18=-150 50=-150

114) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

115) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

116) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

117) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (Print Loads (Pri

Continued on page 3

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

118) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

119) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-0.000 K. MORR

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LOAD CASE(S)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

120) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

121) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

122) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

123) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

124) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

125) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

126) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

127) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

128) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

129) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

130) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

131) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

132) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

133) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20). 15-41=-60/F=-20)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 40=-456

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(1-20), 1-32=-101(1-20),

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LOAD CASE(S)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

135) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

136) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

137) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

138) 1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

139) 2nd User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 47=-150 48=-150

140) 3rd User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 48=-150 49=-150

141) 4th User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 49=-150 51=-150

142) 5th User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 18=-150 50=-150

143) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

144) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

145) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

146) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

147) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

148) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

149) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

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LOAD CASE(S)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

150) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

151) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

152) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (blf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

153) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

154) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32--60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

155) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

156) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

157) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

158) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

159) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

160) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

161) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

162) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

163) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

164) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32=-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNE	R, NC
25-6341-R01	R02	Piggyback Base	2	1	Joh Reference (ontional) # 61068	

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LOAD CASE(S)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

165) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150

166) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-32-60(F=-20), 7-32=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-41=-101(F=-20), 15-41=-60(F=-20), 24-28=-20(F)

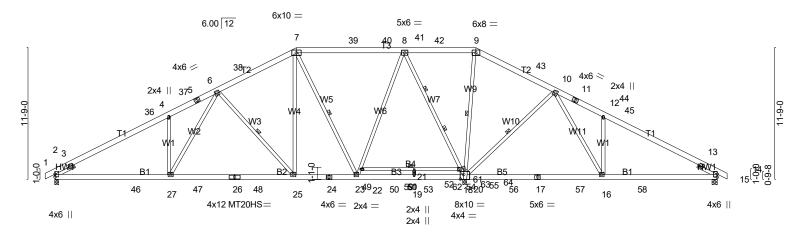
Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-150 47=-150



Job	Truss		Truss Type		Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE C	REEK 398 PROVIDEN	CE CREEK DRIVE GARNE	R, NO
25-6341-R01	R03		Piggyback Base		7	1	Job Reference (options	al)	# 61068	
									ul 29 20:24:15 2025 Page 1 ГgHyOBqRwxZrKTyt6TE	Ē
-0 _T 1Q-8	10-1-12	14-5-5	21-6-0	31-0-0	37-6-0	, 44	-6-11 48-10-4	59-0-0	59 ₋ 10-8	
0-10-8	10-1-12	4-3-9	7-0-11	9-6-0	6-6-0	7-	0-11 4-3-9	10-1-12	0-10-8	

Scale = 1:102.6



10-1-12 10-1-12 Plate Offsets (X,Y) [18:0-3-8,0-5	21-6-0 11-4-4 5-0]	27-0-0 32-0-0 5-6-0 5-0-0	36-6-4	48-10-4 12-4-0	59-0-0 10-1-12
ICLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf) 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2021/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.71 BC 0.88 WB 0.91 Matrix-AS	Vert(CT) -0.	in (loc) I/defl L/d .28 25-27 >999 240 .44 25-27 >998 180 .05 18 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 MT20HS 187/143 Weight: 469 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

B4: 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

WEBS W5,W7: 2x4 SP SS

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 1-11-0, Right 2x4 SP No.3 1-11-0 **BRACING-**

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied. Except:

6-0-0 oc bracing: 20-22

WFBS 1 Row at midpt 6-25, 7-23, 10-18, 9-18

2 Rows at 1/3 pts 8-20

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1339/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13), 18=3037/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-14), 14=628/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=167(LC 14)

Max Uplift2=-205(LC 14), 18=-7(LC 14), 14=-207(LC 15) Max Grav 2=1551(LC 43), 18=4183(LC 43), 14=773(LC 41)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-835/0, 3-36=-2505/273, 4-36=-2339/293, 4-37=-2447/404, 5-37=-247/404, 5-37=-247/404, 5-37=-247/404, 5-37=-247/404, 5-37=-247/404, 5-37=-24 2-3=-835/0, 3-36=-2505/273, 4-36=-2339/293, 4-37=-2447/404, 5-37=-2432/406,

5-6=-2308/423, 6-38=-1268/291, 7-38=-1142/312, 7-39=-754/267, 39-40=-754/267,

40-41=-754/267, 8-41=-754/267, 8-42=0/1101, 9-42=0/1101, 9-43=0/1245, 10-43=0/1070,

10-11=-689/425, 11-44=-835/408, 12-44=-846/406, 12-45=-651/292, 13-45=-861/271,

2-46=-302/2136, 27-46=-302/2136, 27-47=-214/1674, 26-47=-214/1674, 26-48=-214/1674,

25-48=-214/1674, 24-25=-63/1058, 24-49=-63/1058, 23-49=-63/1058, 23-50=-162/402,

50-51=-162/402, 51-52=-162/402, 19-52=-162/402, 19-53=-162/402, 53-54=-162/402, 54-55=-162/402, 18-55=-162/402, 18-56=-365/263, 17-56=-365/263, 17-57=-365/263,

16-57=-365/263, 16-58=-138/678, 14-58=-138/678

6-25=-1053/259, 7-25=-109/1129, 7-23=-1169/162, 22-23=-56/1619, 8-22=-30/1740.

8-20=-2306/217, 18-20=-2402/195, 10-18=-1148/266, 19-21=-301/0, 9-18=-864/120,

6-27=-182/968, 10-16=-176/1177, 4-27=-476/255, 12-16=-587/254

NOTES-

BOT CHORD

WFRS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Hip Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 16-8-6, Exterior(2R) 16-8-6 to 26-3-10, Interior(1) 26-3-10 to 32-8-6, Exterior(2R) 32-8-6 to 42-3-10, Interior(1) 42-3-10 to 55-0-14, Exterior(2E) 55-0-14 for grip DOL=1.60
TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof 11-1) = 7-10 to 25-2-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof 11-1) = 7-10 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads. Continued on page 2

7/28/2025

K. MORR

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVID	DENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNER, N
25-6341-R01	R03	Piggyback Base	7		Job Reference (optional)	# 61068
		Run: 8 ID:kH	i.630 s Jul 1 IdPkcON9	12 2024 Pri g3_0lfrDB	int: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tu BIgKRzexCS-Qr_R?8fgY0Nw5COw4kyDxl	ue Jul 29 20:24:16 2025 Page 2 HJDD4dB7d4a8bJOsvyt6TD

NOTES- (18-21)

- 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 7) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) All plates are 5x5 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 11) Bearing at joint(s) 18 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 18 except (jt=lb) 2=205, 14=207
- 13) Load case(s) 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 126, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166 has/have been modified. Building designer must review loads to verify that they are correct for the intended use of this truss.
- 14) MULTIPLE LOADCASES This design is the composite result of multiple load cases.
- 15) User moving load cases exist: Review the load cases for details.
- 16) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord
- 17) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).
- 18) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 19) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 20) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
 21) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Except:

109) Reversal: 1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

110) Reversal: 2nd User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 51=-150 52=-150

111) Reversal: 3rd User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 52=-150 53=-150

112) Reversal: 4th User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 53=-150 55=-150

113) Reversal: 5th User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 18=-150 54=-150

114) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

115) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

116) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

117) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

118) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

Continued on page 3 7/28/2025

Warning !--Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive Madison WI 53719

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE	GARNER, NO
25-6341-R01	R03	Piggyback Base	7	1	Job Reference (optional) # 61068	•

Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:16 2025 Page 3 ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0lfrDBlgKRzexCS-Qr_R?8fgY0Nw5COw4kyDxHJDD4dB7d4a8bJOsvyt6TD

LOAD CASE(S)

119) Reversal: 8th Unbal 1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

120) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

121) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

122) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

123) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

124) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

125) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-36-60(F-20), 7-36-101(F-20), 7-9-32(F-20), 9-45-101(F-20), 15-45-60(F-20), 28-32-20(F), 20-22-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

126) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

127) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Vert: 1-36-60(F-20), 7-36-101(F-20), 7-9-32(F-20), 9-45-101(F-20), 15-45-60(F-20), 28-32-20(F), 20-22-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

128) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

129) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

130) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

131) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

1.15 THE CAROLINATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P 132) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150
al: 8th Unbal. 1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumper Increase,
1 Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F), 20-22=-20(133) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.5 Uniform Loads (plf)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Continued on page 4

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K. MORR

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Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:16 2025 Page 4 ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0lfrDBlgKRzexCS-Qr_R?8fgY0Nw5COw4kyDxHJDD4dB7d4a8bJOsvyt6TD

LOAD CASE(S) 134) Reversal: 7th Unbal 1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 135) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 136) Reversal: 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 137) Reversal: 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 138) 1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 139) 2nd User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 51=-150 52=-150 140) 3rd User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 52=-150 53=-150 141) 4th User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 53=-150 55=-150 142) 5th User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-9=-60(F), 9-15=-60(F), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 18=-150 54=-150

143) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

144) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

145) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

146) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

OROFESSIO: Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

147) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150
val. 1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase= 1.10, 1.222.
Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F), 148) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Continued on page 5

7/28/2025

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LOAD CASE(S) 149) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 150) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 151) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 152) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 153) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 154) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 155) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 156) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 157) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 158) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 159) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 160) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150 161) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F) Vert: 23=-150 S1=-150 Sal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced) Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F), Concentrated Loads (lb)

162) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

163) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

Continued on page 6



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNER, N
25-6341-R01	R03	Piggyback Base	7	1	Job Reference (optional) # 61068

Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:16 2025 Page 6 ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0lfrDBlgKRzexCS-Qr_R?8fgY0Nw5COw4kyDxHJDD4dB7d4a8bJOsvyt6TD

LOAD CASE(S)

164) 8th Unbal. 1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

165) 7th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-32(F=-20), 7-9=-101(F=-20), 9-15=-32(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 23=-150 51=-150

166) 8th Unbal.1st User Defined Moving Load - Dead + Snow (balanced)-Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

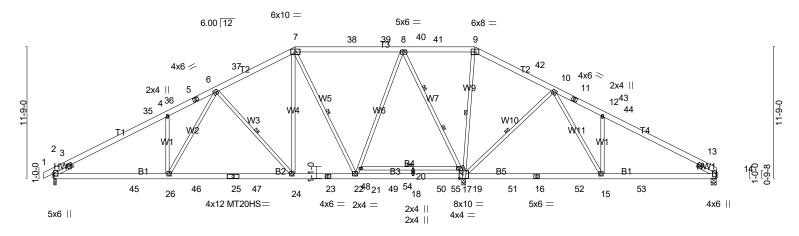
Vert: 1-36=-60(F=-20), 7-36=-101(F=-20), 7-9=-32(F=-20), 9-45=-101(F=-20), 15-45=-60(F=-20), 28-32=-20(F), 20-22=-20(F)

Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 23=-150 51=-150



Job	Truss		Truss Type		Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVI	DENCE C	REEK 398 PROVIDENCE CF	REEK DRIVE GARNER, N
25-6341-R01	R04		PIGGYBACK BASE		1	1	Job Reference	e (optiona	#	61068
									ek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 2 JKVnjLy6eSTSUUsO2Uy0	
-0 ₁ 10-8	10-1-12	14-5-5	21-6-0	31-0-0	37-6-0	44-	·6-11 _i 4	8-10-4	59-0-0	1
0-10-8	10-1-12	4-3-9	7-0-11	9-6-0	6-6-0	7-0	0-11	4-3-9	10-1-12	

Scale = 1:102.5



10-1-12		27-0-0 32-0-		48-10-4	59-0-0
10-1-12	11-4-4	5-6-0 5-0-0	0 ' 4-6-4 '	12-4-0	10-1-12
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [17:0-	-3-8,0-5-0]				
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf) 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2021/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.71 BC 0.88 WB 0.91 Matrix-AS	Vert(LL) -0.2	in (loc) I/defl L/d 28 24-26 >999 240 44 24-26 >998 180 05 17 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 MT20HS 187/143 Weight: 467 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

B4: 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

W5,W7: 2x4 SP SS SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 1-11-0, Right 2x4 SP No.3 1-11-0

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied. BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied. Except:

6-0-0 oc bracing: 19-21

WFBS 1 Row at midpt 6-24, 7-22, 10-17, 9-17 2 Rows at 1/3 pts 8-19

> MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1341/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13), 17=3035/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-14), 14=577/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=173(LC 14)

Max Uplift2=-204(LC 14), 17=-9(LC 14), 14=-188(LC 15) Max Grav 2=1552(LC 45), 17=4181(LC 45), 14=722(LC 43)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-836/0, 3-35=-2507/268, 4-35=-2342/289, 4-36=-2450/404, 5-36=-250/404, 5-36=-250/4

2-3=-836/0, 3-35=-2507/268, 4-35=-2342/289, 4-36=-2450/404, 5-36=-2429/405,

5-6=-2310/421, 6-37=-1266/286, 7-37=-1141/308, 7-38=-650/261, 38-39=-650/261, 39-40=-650/261, 8-40=-650/261, 8-41=0/1094, 9-41=0/1094, 9-42=0/1238, 10-42=0/1063,

10-11=-697/421, 11-43=-844/404, 12-43=-855/402, 12-44=-659/288, 13-44=-868/267,

2-45=-307/2138, 26-45=-307/2138, 26-46=-219/1672, 25-46=-219/1672, 25-47=-219/1672, 24-47=-219/1672, 23-24=-71/1051, 23-48=-71/1051, 22-48=-71/1051, 22-49=-160/338,

18-49=-160/338, 18-50=-160/338, 17-50=-160/338, 17-51=-363/268, 16-51=-363/268,

16-52=-363/268, 15-52=-363/268, 15-53=-148/686, 14-53=-148/686 6-24=-1053/259, 7-24=-109/1129, 7-22=-1167/163, 21-22=-57/1618, 8-21=-30/1739,

8-19=-2305/219, 17-19=-2401/197, 10-17=-1149/266, 18-20=-301/0, 9-17=-860/123,

6-26=-182/967, 10-15=-177/1180, 4-26=-485/256, 12-15=-586/255

NOTES-

BOT CHORD

WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

vvind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Hip Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 16-8-6, Exterior(2R) 16-8-6 to 26-3-10, Interior(1) 26-3-10 to 32-8-6, Exterior(2R) 32-8-6 to 42-3-10, Interior(1) 42-3-10 to 54-2-6, Exterior(2E) 54-2-6 to 50-2 cone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions and the control of the cont 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding

Continued on page 2

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7/28/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENCE	CREEK DRIVE GARNE	R, NC
25-6341-R01	R04	PIGGYBACK BASE	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 61068	

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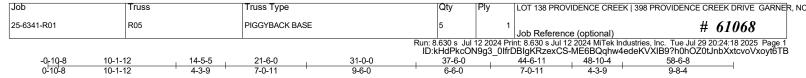
NOTES- (14-17)

- 7) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) All plates are 5x5 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 11) Bearing at joint(s) 17 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 17 except (jt=lb) 2=204, 14=188.
- 13) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 14) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 15) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the
- 16) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

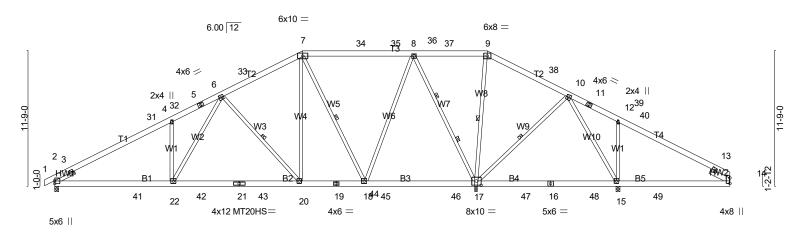
 17) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





Scale = 1:99.9



10-1-12 10-1-12	21-6-0 11-4-4	27-0-0 5-6-0	36-6-4 9-6-4	48-10-4 12-4-0	58-6-8 9-8-4
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [17:0-5-0,0)-4-8]				
COADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf) 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2021/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.70 BC 0.81 WB 0.95 Matrix-AS	Vert(CT) -	in (loc) I/defl L/d 0.12 15-29 >993 240 0.43 20-22 >999 180 0.05 17 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 MT20HS 187/143 Weight: 452 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* WFBS

W5,W7: 2x4 SP No.1

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 1-11-0, Right 2x6 SP No.2 1-11-0 **BRACING-**

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** WFBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

6-20, 7-18, 10-17, 9-17 1 Row at midpt

2 Rows at 1/3 pts 8-17

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. All bearings 0-3-8 except (jt=length) 14=Mechanical.

(lb) -Max Horz 2=178(LC 14)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 15 except 2=-207(LC 14), 17=-180(LC 11),

14=-180(LC 10)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) except 2=1591(LC 45), 17=3332(LC 45),

14=538(LC 43), 15=621(LC 37)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-868/0, 3-31=-2583/334, 4-31=-2417/355, 4-32=-2523/431, 5-32=-2501/432,

5-6=-2384/448, 6-33=-1314/355, 7-33=-1181/377, 7-34=-638/344, 34-35=-638/344,

35-36=-638/344, 8-36=-638/344, 8-37=0/845, 9-37=0/845, 9-38=0/970, 10-38=0/795, 10-11=-379/585, 11-39=-498/568, 12-39=-509/566, 12-40=-316/471, 13-40=-517/445,

13-14=-197/452

BOT CHORD 2-41=-318/2205, 22-41=-318/2205, 22-42=-230/1746, 21-42=-230/1746, 21-43=-230/1746,

20-43=-230/1746, 19-20=-80/1054, 19-44=-80/1054, 18-44=-80/1054, 18-45=-58/335,

45-46=-58/335, 17-46=-58/335, 17-47=-312/255, 16-47=-312/255, 16-48=-312/255,

15-48=-312/255, 15-49=-345/376, 14-49=-345/376

6-20=-1047/259, 7-20=-101/1175, 7-18=-1175/150, 8-18=-76/1466, 8-17=-2061/240,

10-17=-842/343, 9-17=-726/93, 6-22=-182/956, 10-15=-362/676, 12-15=-571/243,

NOTES-

WFRS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Hip Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 16-8-6, Exterior(2R) 16-8-6 to 26-3-10, Interior(1) 26-3-10 to 32-8-6, Exterior(2R) 32-8-6 to 42-3-10, Interior(1) 42-3-10 to 53-8-14, Exterior(2E) 53-8-14 to 58-6-8 zone; end vertical left exposed; porch right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for received DOL=1.60 TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof 11-11-2-20) 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads. Continued on page 2

7/28/2025

NOINE

MORRES INTERIOR TO SERVICE TO SER Warning !--Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENCE	E CREEK DRIVE GARNER,
25-6341-R01	R05	PIGGYBACK BASE	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 61068

Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:18 2025 Page 2 ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0lfrDBlgKRzexCS-ME6BQqhw4edeKVXIB9?h0hOZ0tJnbXxtcvoVxoyt6TB

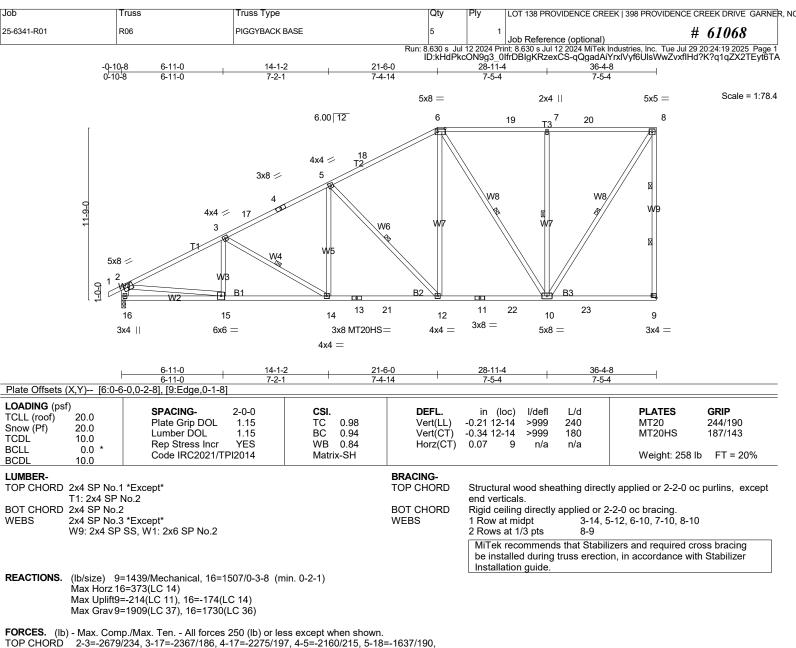
NOTES- (15-18)

- 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 7) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) All plates are 5x5 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 11) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 12) Bearing at joint(s) 17 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 15 except (jt=lb) 2=207, 17=180, 14=180.
- 14) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom
- 15) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 16) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 17) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate
- Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 18) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





2-3=-2679/234, 3-17=-2367/186, 4-17=-2275/197, 4-5=-2160/215, 5-18=-1637/190,

6-18=-1485/212, 6-19=-953/144, 7-19=-953/144, 7-20=-953/144, 8-20=-953/144,

8-9=-1715/274, 2-16=-1661/204

BOT CHORD 15-16=-461/395, 14-15=-506/2316, 13-14=-369/2035, 13-21=-369/2035, 12-21=-369/2035,

11-12=-240/1341, 11-22=-240/1341, 10-22=-240/1341

WEBS 3-14=-376/157, 5-14=-5/438, 5-12=-1093/253, 6-12=-108/1067, 6-10=-912/183,

7-10=-878/214, 8-10=-268/1748, 2-15=-62/1985

NOTES-(11-14)

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Hip Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 16-8-6, Exterior(2R) 16-8-6 to 26-3-10, Interior(1) 26-3-10 to 31-5-2, Exterior(2E) 31-5-2 to 36-2-12 zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

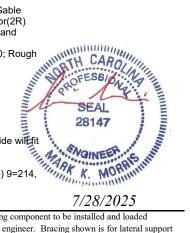
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will-fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (it=lb) 9=214, 16=174.

Continued on page 2



7/28/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDEN	CE CREEK DRIVE GARNER
25-6341-R01	R06	PIGGYBACK BASE	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 61068

Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:19 2025 Page 2 ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0lfrDBlgKRzexCS-qQgadAiYrxlVyf6UlsWwZvxflHd?K?q1qZX2TEyt6TA

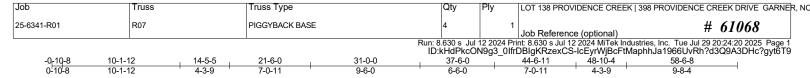
NC

- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

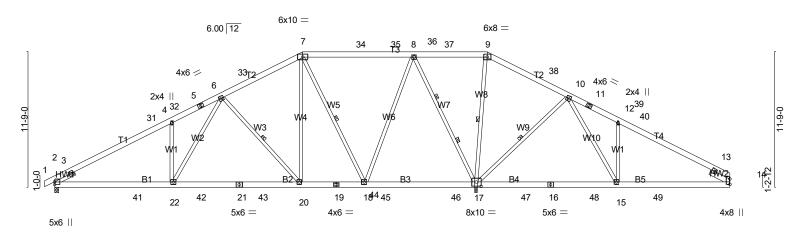
 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





Scale = 1:99.9



	10-1-12		21-0-0	21-0-0	JU-U- T	TO-10-T		30-0-0	
	10-1-12	ı	11-4-4	5-6-0	9-6-4	12-4-0		9-8-4	
Plate Offs	ets (X,Y) [17:0-	5-0,0-4-8]							
LOADING TCLL (roo Snow (Pf) TCDL BCLL BCDL		SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2021/		CSI. TC 0.70 BC 0.78 WB 0.97 Matrix-AS	Vert(CT)	in (loc) I/defl -0.28 15-17 >941 -0.42 20-22 >999 0.04 17 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 452 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%

27_0_0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* WFBS

W5,W7: 2x4 SP No.1

10_1_12

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 1-11-0, Right 2x6 SP No.2 1-11-0 **BRACING-**

36-6-4

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** WFBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

6-20, 7-18, 10-17, 9-17 1 Row at midpt

48-10-4

2 Rows at 1/3 pts 8-17

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

58_6_8

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1336/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13), 17=2816/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-9), 14=584/Mechanical

21_6_0

Max Horz 2=178(LC 14)

Max Uplift2=-217(LC 14), 17=-83(LC 14), 14=-187(LC 15) Max Grav 2=1520(LC 45), 17=3757(LC 45), 14=719(LC 43)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-818/0, 3-31=-2441/298, 4-31=-2275/318, 4-32=-2386/430, 5-32=-2363/431

5-6=-2246/447, 6-33=-1201/317, 7-33=-1077/338, 7-34=-591/300, 34-35=-591/300, 35-36=-591/300, 8-36=-591/300, 8-37=0/1042, 9-37=0/1042, 9-38=0/1181, 10-38=0/1006,

10-11=-672/406, 11-39=-819/389, 12-39=-830/387, 12-40=-656/281, 13-40=-856/260

2-41=-335/2080, 22-41=-335/2080, 22-42=-248/1613, 21-42=-248/1613, 21-43=-248/1613,

20-43=-248/1613, 19-20=-96/982, 19-44=-96/982, 18-44=-96/982, 18-45=-252/313, 45-46=-252/313, 17-46=-252/313, 17-47=-301/287, 16-47=-301/287, 16-48=-301/287,

15-48=-301/287, 15-49=-145/671, 14-49=-145/671

WEBS 6-20=-1051/258. 7-20=-100/1177. 7-18=-1253/139. 8-18=-66/1540. 8-17=-2099/254.

10-17=-1144/258, 9-17=-828/118, 6-22=-180/970, 10-15=-152/1137, 12-15=-537/239,

4-22=-486/254

NOTES-(14-17)

BOT CHORD

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

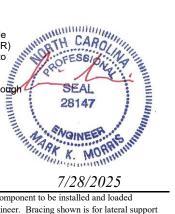
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph, TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Hip Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 16-8-6, Exterior(2R) 16-8-6 to 26-3-10, Interior(1) 26-3-10 to 32-8-6, Exterior(2R) 32-8-6 to 42-3-10, Interior(1) 42-3-10 to 53-8-14, Exterior(2E) 53-8-14 to 58-6-8 zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 7) All plates are 5x5 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

Continued on page 2



7/28/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE	GARNER, NO
25-6341-R01	R07	PIGGYBACK BASE	4	1	Job Reference (optional) # 61068	

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NOTES- (14-17)

9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

10) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

11) Bearing at joint(s) 17 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface. 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 17 except (jt=lb) 2=217, 14=187.

- 13) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord
- 14) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 15) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 16) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

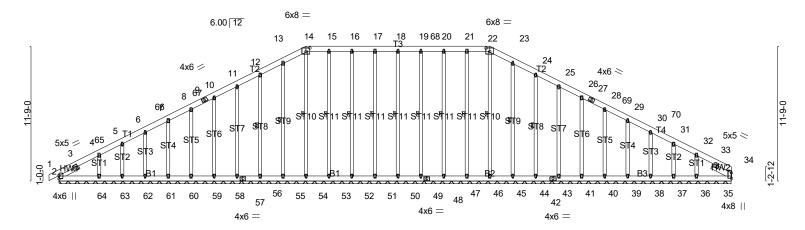
 17) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job Truss Truss Type LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNER, NO 25-6341-R01 R08 Piggyback Base Supported Gable # 61068 Job Reference (optional) Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:22 2025 Page 1 ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0lfrDBlgKRzexCS-F?LiFBkR7s74p7r3Q?3dBXZPvVthXVkTXXmi4Zyt6T7 -0₋10-8 21-6-0 37-6-0 58-6-8 0-10-8 16-0-0 21-0-8

Scale = 1:100.3



58-6-8 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [14:0-4-0,0-3-8], [22:0-4-0,0-3-8] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL. I/defl L/d **PLATES GRIP** (loc) 20.0 TCLL (roof) Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.06 MT20 244/190 Vert(LL) -0.00n/r 180 Snow (Pf) 20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.04 Vert(CT) 0.00 n/r 80 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr WB 0.26 Horz(CT) 0.01 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IRC2021/TPI2014 Matrix-S Weight: 598 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No 2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 1-11-0, Right 2x6 SP No.2 1-11-0 **BRACING-**

WFBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing

18-50, 17-51, 16-52, 15-53, 14-54, 13-55, 1 Row at midpt

12-56, 19-49, 20-47, 21-46, 22-45, 23-44, 24-43

REACTIONS. All bearings 58-6-8

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-169(LC 15)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 50, 51, 52, 53, 55, 56, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 49, 47, 46, 44, 43, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36 except 64=-126(LC 14),

35=-119(LC 15)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 62, 63, 45, 37, 36, 35, 34 except 50=292(LC 44), 51=292(LC 44), 52=295(LC 44), 53=294(LC 44), 54=258(LC 52), 55=297(LC 47), 56=295(LC 45), 58=292(LC 45), 59=292(LC 45), 60=293(LC 45), 61=283(LC 45), 64=259(LC 54), 49=292(LC 44), 47=295(LC 44), 46=294(LC 44), 44=294(LC 49), 43=295(LC 45), 41=292(LC 45), 40=292(LC 45), 39=293(LC 45), 38=284(LC 45)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 12-13=-123/293, 13-14=-138/328, 14-15=-130/314, 15-16=-130/314, 16-17=-130/314, 17-18=-130/314, 18-68=-130/314, 19-68=-130/314, 19-20=-130/314, 20-21=-130/314,

21-22=-130/314, 22-23=-138/328, 23-24=-123/293

NOTES-(14-17)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Exterior(2N) 3-11-2 to 16-8-6, Corner(3R) 16-8-6 to 26-3-10, Exterior(2N) 26-3-10 to 32-8-6, Corner(3R) 32-8-6 to 42-3-10, Exterior(2N) 42-3-10 to 53-6-0, Corner(3E) 53-6-0 to 58-6-8 zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

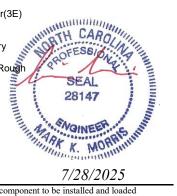
3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 8) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 9) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

பிற்பிருந்த நடிக்க been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.



7/28/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENCE CI	REEK DRIVE GARNER	, NC
25-6341-R01	R08	Piggyback Base Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional) #	61068	

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NOTES- (14-17)

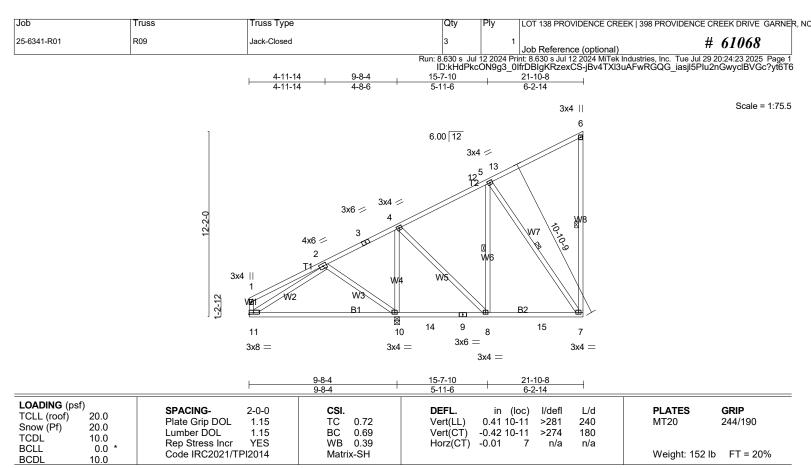
- 12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 50, 51, 52, 53, 55, 56, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 49, 47, 46, 44, 43, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36 except (jt=lb) 64=126, 35=119.

 14) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 15) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 16) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 17) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No 3 WFBS

BRACING-

WFBS

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Row at midpt 6-7. 5-8. 5-7

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 11=362/Mechanical, 7=466/Mechanical, 10=899/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 11=371(LC 14)

Max Uplift11=-2(LC 11), 7=-180(LC 14), 10=-192(LC 14) Max Grav 11=367(LC 20), 7=620(LC 5), 10=963(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-222/271, 4-12=-325/0

BOT CHORD 10-11=-292/254

2-11=-330/91, 2-10=-286/209, 4-10=-593/170, 4-8=0/325, 5-7=-409/152 WEBS

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; End Jack Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 4-10-4, Interior(1) 4-10-4 to 14-11-5, Exterior(2R) 14-11-5 to 21-8-12 zone; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit

- /=180, 10=192.
 8) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 9) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Rearing condition. Rearing condition. Rearing condition. Rearing condition. Rearing condition. Rearing condition. (2) Web bracing in the truss to support the loads indicated.
- design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

 10) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling.

design of the truss to support of individual web members only. Never to book Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal pracing, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal pracing, Installing, Restraining & Bracing Recommended Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal pracing, Installing, Restraining & Bracing Recommended Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal pracing, Installing, Restraining & Bracing Recommended Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal pracing, Installing, Restraining & Bracing & Bracing & Bracing & Bracing & Bracing & Bracing Guidelines, including diagonal pracing, Installing, Restraining & Bracing & Braci CONSIDERATIONS.

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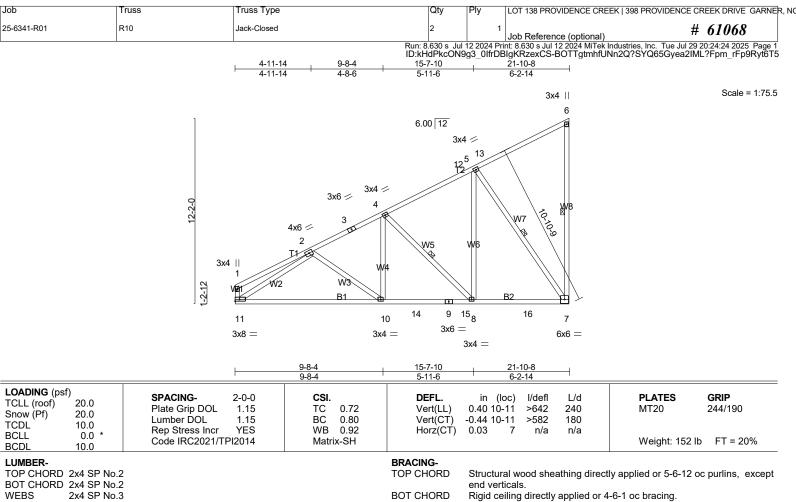
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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GARN	ER, NC
25-6341-R01	R09	Jack-Closed	3	1	Joh Reference (ontional) # 61068	

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LOAD CASE(S) Standard





BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No 3 WFBS

BOT CHORD WFBS

1 Row at midpt 6-7. 4-8. 5-7

Installation guide

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 11=863/Mechanical, 7=863/Mechanical

Max Horz 11=371(LC 14)

Max Uplift11=-46(LC 14), 7=-265(LC 14) Max Grav 11=887(LC 20), 7=1046(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown 1-2=-245/282, 2-3=-1055/640, 3-4=-993/651, 4-12=-657/328, 5-12=-538/331 TOP CHORD 10-11=-886/982, 10-14=-823/895, 9-14=-823/895, 9-15=-823/895, 8-15=-823/895, 8-16=-453/539, 7-16=-453/539 BOT CHORD

WEBS 2-11=-1009/389, 4-10=-395/348, 4-8=-527/515, 5-8=-630/617, 5-7=-929/782

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; End Jack Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 4-10-4, Interior(1) 4-10-4 to 14-11-5, Exterior(2R) 14-11-5 to 21-8-12 zone; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber
- DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 11 except (jt=lb)

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Continued on page 2 7/28/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROV	IDENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNE
25-6341-R01	R10	Jack-Closed	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 61068

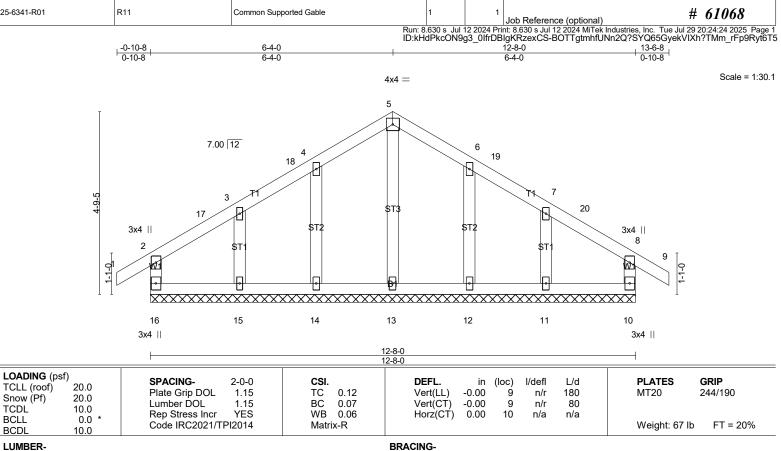
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- 8) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 9) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 10) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate
- Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 11) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





Qtv

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNER, NO

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing

> MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 12-8-0.

2x4 SP No 3

2x4 SP No.3

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3

WFBS

OTHERS

(lb) - Max Horz 16=120(LC 13)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 14, 15, 12, 11 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 13, 14, 15, 12, 11

Truss Type

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(14-17)

Job

Truss

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Corner(3R) 3-11-2 to 8-8-14, Corner(3E) 8-8-14 to 13-6-8 zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B: Partially Exp.: Ce=1.0: Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide with the bottom chord and any other members.

 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 400 to 11.

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Continued on page 2 7/28/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENCE	E CREEK DRIVE G	ARNER
25-6341-R01	R11	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 61068	

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NC

- 14) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 15) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 16) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 17) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job Truss Truss Type LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNER, NO 25-6341-R01 R12 GABLE # 61068 Job Reference (optional) Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:25 2025 Page 1 ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0lfrDBlgKRzexCS-fa1ruDmJQnVegaae67dKpABiripPkkEvDV_Mhuyt6T4 30-5-0 0-10-8 -0-10-8 0-10-8 7-6-6 14-9-4 22-0-2 29-6-8 7-2-14 7-6-6 7-6-6 Scale: 3/16"=1" 5x8 = 7.00 12 5 3x8 / 43 3x8 < 4x6 // 6 4x6 < ST3 4x8 < 5x8 < 8 9 W 1-1-0 1-1-0 0 10 ⊠ 16 15 44 45 46 13 12 47 48 11 3x4 || 4x4 =4x8 = 4x4 =3x4 II 4x4 =4x4 =23-1-10 6-4-14 4-6-0 6-1-6 6-1-6 6-1-14 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [13:0-4-0,0-1-4] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL. I/defl L/d **PLATES GRIP** (loc) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.91 Vert(LL) 0.05 10-11 >999 MT20 244/190 240 Snow (Pf) 20.0 -0.07 11-12 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.36 Vert(CT) >999 180 TCDI 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.78 Horz(CT) 0.01 10 n/a n/a 0.0 * BCLL Code IRC2021/TPI2014 Matrix-SH Weight: 262 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 end verticals. 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* **BOT CHORD** WFBS Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. W1: 2x6 SP No.2 **WEBS** 1 Row at midpt 5-14 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3 MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide (lb/size) 16=469/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 14=1315/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-10), 10=675/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-8) REACTIONS. Max Horz 16=-230(LC 12) Max Uplift16=-74(LC 14), 14=-140(LC 14), 10=-119(LC 15) Max Grav 16=498(LC 21), 14=1357(LC 3), 10=725(LC 22) FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-437/64, 5-42=-4/305, 5-43=-240/292, 6-43=-320/268, 6-7=-394/259, 7-8=-796/475, 2-16=-443/102, 8-10=-668/349 **BOT CHORD** 15-16=-242/417, 15-44=-114/323, 44-45=-114/323, 14-45=-114/323, 12-47=-230/583, 47-48=-230/583, 11-48=-230/583, 10-11=-134/270

WEBS 5-12=-450/552, 7-12=-547/335, 5-14=-884/397, 3-14=-583/222, 3-15=0/269, 8-11=-144/381

NOTES-(12-15)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 9-11-10, Exterior(2R) 9-11-10 to 19-6-14, Interior(1) 19-6-14 to 25-7-6, Exterior(2E) 25-7-6 to 30-5-0 zone; cantilever right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 16 except (jt=lb) 14=140, 10=119.
- 14=140, 10=119. Continued on page 2

7/28/2025

MORRIS INTERIOR OF THE PARTY OF Warning !--Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK D	RIVE GARNER,	NC
25-6341-R01	R12	GABLE	1	1		968	

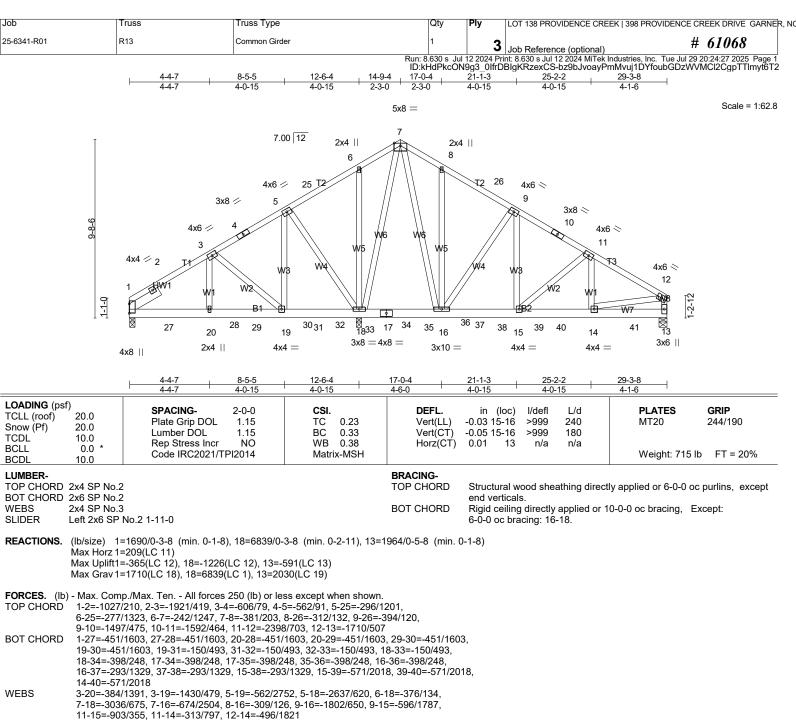
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- 12) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 13) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 14) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 15) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





TOP CHORD

NOTES-(11-14)

1) 3-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
4) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRs (envelope) gable end zone; end vertical left and right exposed; porch right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
5) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.60)
Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00: Cl=1.10

6) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will the between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=365, 18=1226, 13=591.

Continued on page 2 7/28/2025

MORRIS dand Warning !--Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENCE	E CREEK DRIVE GARNER	₹, N
25-6341-R01	R13	Common Girder	1	3	Job Reference (optional)	# 61068	

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NC

NOTES-(11-14)

10) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 699 lb down and 207 lb up at 2-0-12, 699 lb down and 207 lb up at 2-0-12, 699 lb down and 207 lb up at 4-0-12 , 699 lb down and 207 lb up at 6-0-12, 699 lb down and 207 lb up at 8-0-12, 867 lb down and 66 lb up at 9-5-4, 867 lb down and 66 lb up at 11-5-4, 347 lb down and 22 lb up at 13-5-4, 347 lb down and 22 lb up at 15-5-4, 347 lb down and 22 lb up at 17-5-4, 518 lb down and 200 lb up at 19-5-4, 518 lb down and 200 lb up at 23-5-4, and 518 lb down and 200 lb up at 25-5-4, and 518 lb down and 200 lb up at 27-5-4 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60, 7-12=-60, 13-21=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

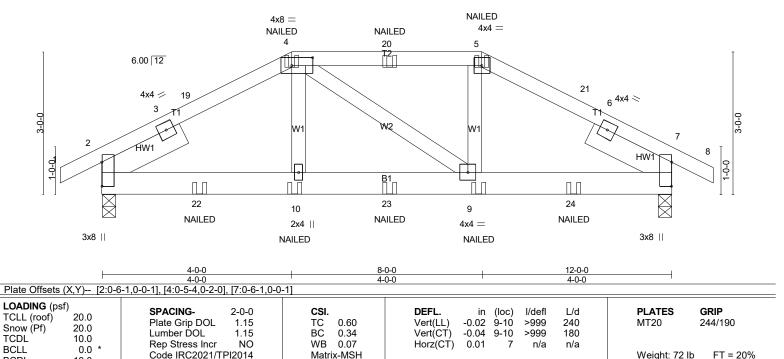
Vert: 14=-518(F) 27=-699(F) 28=-699(F) 29=-699(F) 30=-699(F) 31=-867(F) 33=-867(F) 34=-347(F) 35=-347(F) 35=-347(F) 38=-518(F) 39=-518(F) 40=-518(F)

41=-518(F)



Job LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNER, NO Truss Truss Type 25-6341-R01 SP01 Hip Girde # 61068 Job Reference (optional) Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MITek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:27 2025 Page 1 ID:97bQtTowZ8dTuLxBq9ksq7zUUzD-bz9bJvoayPmMvuj1DYfoubG7DWVECppCgpTTlmyt6T2 12-10-8 -0-10-8 4-0-0 8-0-0 12-0-0 0-10-8 0-10-8 <u>4-0-0</u> 4-0-0 4-0-0

Scale = 1:24.3



BRACING-

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-10-14 oc purlins.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing

be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

NOINEE K. MORRIS

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Installation guide.

LUMBER-

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

10.0

SLIDER Left 2x6 SP No.2 1-11-0, Right 2x6 SP No.2 1-11-0

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=916/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 7=918/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=36(LC 16)

Max Uplift2=-286(LC 9), 7=-287(LC 8) Max Grav 2=1074(LC 37), 7=1075(LC 37)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-364/178, 3-19=-1213/389, 4-19=-1105/377, 4-20=-991/351, 5-20=-991/351,

5-21=-1105/377, 6-21=-1214/389, 6-7=-366/179

BOT CHORD 2-22=-319/986, 10-22=-319/986, 10-23=-322/992, 9-23=-322/992, 9-24=-301/985,

7-24=-301/985

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 2.7. This truss has been designed for a 10.0 pst bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of trust in the second connection (b
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=286

10) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.

11) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 141 lb down and 53 lb up at 2-60, and 141 lb down and 53 lb up at 10-0-0 on top chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

12) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Continued on page 2 7/28/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENCE	CE CREEK DRIVE GAR	NER, NO
25-6341-R01	SP01	Hip Girder	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 61068	

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LOAD CASE(S) Standard

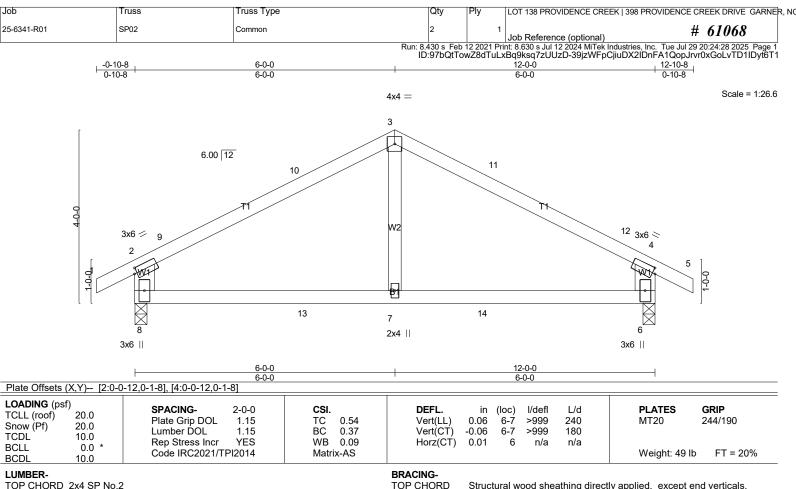
1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-5=-60, 5-8=-60, 11-15=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 4=-94(B) 5=-94(B) 10=-27(B) 9=-27(B) 19=-139(F) 20=-94(B) 21=-139(F) 22=-64(B) 23=-27(B) 24=-64(B)





BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x6 SP No.2 *Except* WFBS

W2: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 8=528/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 6=528/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 8=63(LC 13)

Max Uplift8=-85(LC 11), 6=-85(LC 10) Max Grav 8=612(LC 21), 6=612(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-9=-568/596, 9-10=-496/596, 3-10=-424/619, 3-11=-424/618, 11-12=-496/595,

4-12=-568/595, 2-8=-551/483, 4-6=-551/481

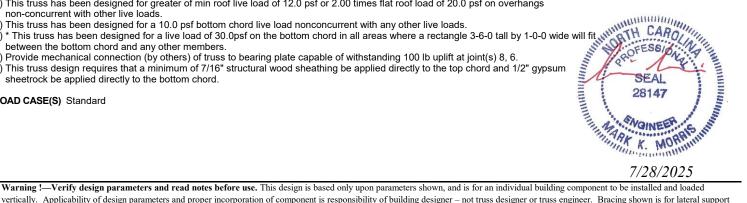
BOT CHORD 8-13=-381/393, 7-13=-381/393, 7-14=-381/393, 6-14=-381/393

WEBS 3-7=-330/220

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Corner(3R) 3-11-2 to 8-0-14, Corner(3E) 8-0-14 to 12-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Rough
- Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8, 6.
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing

be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

Installation guide.

7/28/2025

Job Truss Truss Type Qtv LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNER, NO 25-6341-R01 SPJ01 Jack-Open # 61068 Job Reference (optional) Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:28 2025 Page 1 ID:97bQtTowZ8dTuLxBq9ksq7zUUzD-39jzWFpCjiuDX2IDnFA1QopPpvvfxHDLvTD1IDyt6T1 -0-10-8 0-10-8 2-0-0 Scale = 1:13.1 6.00 12 2x4 II T1 2 2-0-0 1-0-0 В1 4 2x4 2-0-0

LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf) 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.16 BC 0.07 WB 0.00	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d Vert(LL) 0.00 5 >999 240 Vert(CT) -0.00 4-5 >999 180 Horz(CT) -0.00 3 n/a n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-MR		Weight: 9 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

BRACING-

2-0-0

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

> MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 5=152/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=41/Mechanical, 4=16/Mechanical

Max Horz 5=41(LC 11)

Max Uplift5=-15(LC 14), 3=-31(LC 14), 4=-13(LC 11) Max Grav 5=208(LC 21), 3=57(LC 21), 4=34(LC 7)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

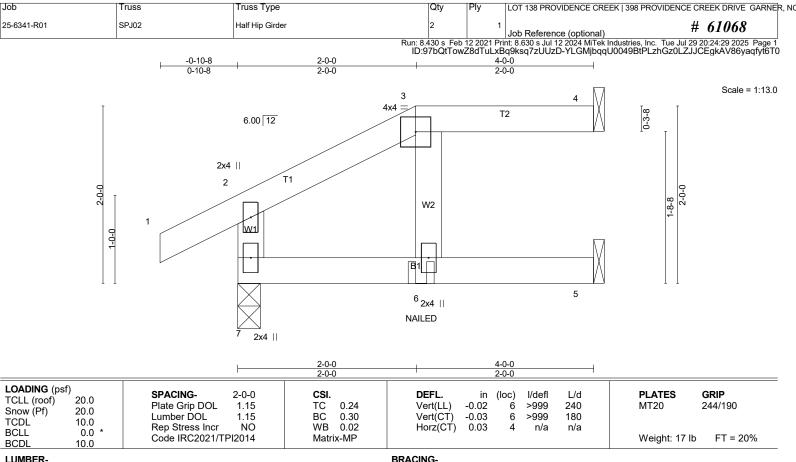
NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 3, 4.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



7/28/2025



TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No 3 WFBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-0-0 oc purlins, except

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

> MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 4=96/Mechanical, 7=250/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-8), 5=75/Mechanical

Max Horz 7=42(LC 9)

Max Uplift4=-41(LC 9), 7=-51(LC 9), 5=-33(LC 9) Max Grav 4=139(LC 33), 7=343(LC 34), 5=84(LC 33)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-7=-265/45

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

- INAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.

 12) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 63 lb down and 22 lb up at 2-0-0 on top chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

 13) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (P)

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-3=-60, 3-4=-60, 5-7=-20

Continued on page 2

MORRIENTALIAN 1/2025 William Market VOINEE K. MORR

7/28/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398	B PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNER, NO
25-6341-R01	SPJ02	Half Hip Girder	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 61068

Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:29 2025 Page 2 ID:97bQtTowZ8dTuLxBq9ksq7zUUzD-YLGMjbqqU0049BtPLzhGz0LZJJCEgkAV86yaqfyt6T0

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 3=-57(F) 6=0(F)



LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNER, NO Joh Truss Truss Type 25-6341-R01 SPJ03 Jack-Open # 61068 Job Reference (optional) Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:29 2025 Page 1 ID:97bQtTowZ8dTuLxBq9ksq7zUUzD-YLGMjbqqU0049BtPLzhGz0LX3JD8gkTV86yaqfyt6T0 -0-10-8 0-10-8 4-0-0 Scale = 1:18.1 6.00 12 2-7-5 2x4 || 2 W1 1-0-0 B1 4 2x4 || LOADING (psf) SPACING-**PLATES** GRIP 2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d 20.0 TCLL (roof) Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.32 Vert(LL) 0.04 4-5 >999 240 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf) 20.0

LUMBER-

TCDL

BCLL

BCDI

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No 3 WFBS

10.0

0.0

10.0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Vert(CT)

Horz(CT)

0.03

-0.03

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-0-0 oc purlins, except

Weight: 15 lb

FT = 20%

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

>999

n/a

4-5

3

180

n/a

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 5=221/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-8), 3=101/Mechanical, 4=43/Mechanical

1.15

YES

Max Horz 5=71(LC 14)

Max Uplift5=-20(LC 11), 3=-60(LC 14), 4=-19(LC 11) Max Grav 5=322(LC 21), 3=154(LC 21), 4=72(LC 7)

Lumber DOL

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2021/TPI2014

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-5=-293/121

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

ВС

WB

Matrix-MR

0.24

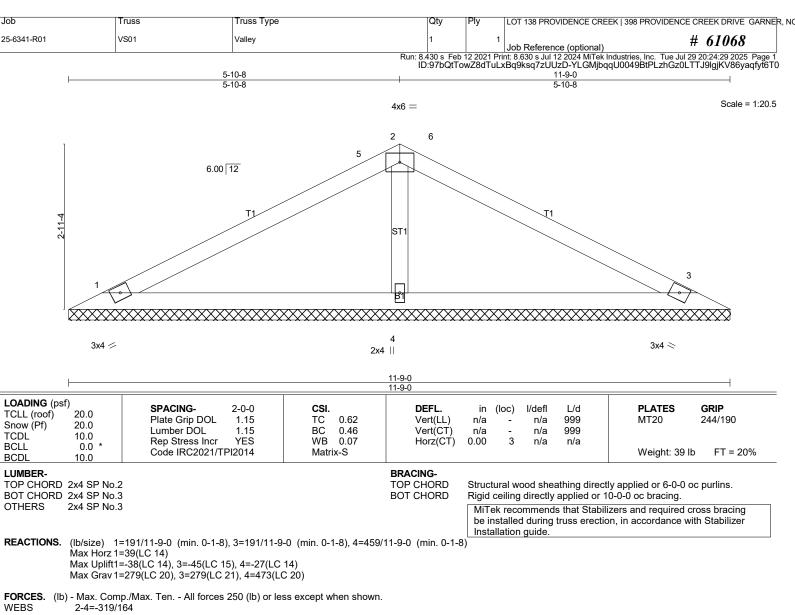
0.00

- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 3, 4.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



7/28/2025



NOTES-(9-12)

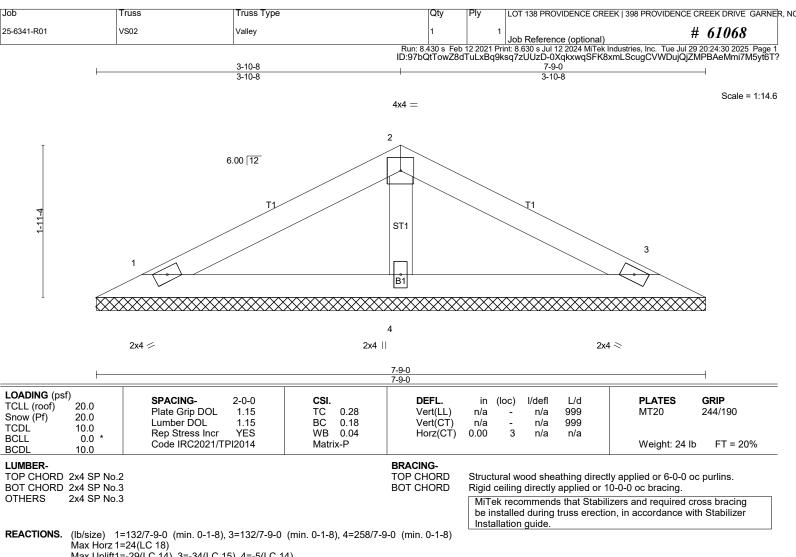
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-7-7 to 5-5-0, Exterior(2R) 5-5-0 to 6-4-0, Exterior(2E) 6-4-0 to 11-1-9 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.
- 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the 11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling,
- Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing. SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED.

 MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES IN ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS. 12) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

128/202 dand NOINEE

7/28/2025



Max Uplift1=-29(LC 14), 3=-34(LC 15), 4=-5(LC 14) Max Grav 1=176(LC 20), 3=176(LC 21), 4=258(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

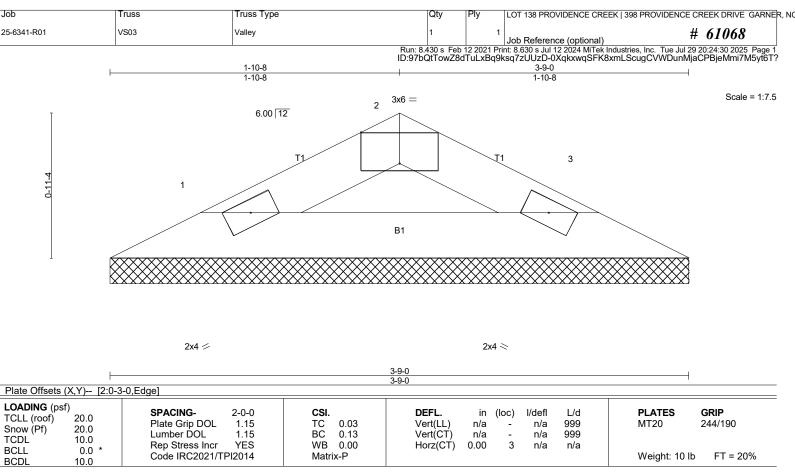
NOTES-(9-12)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.
- 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the
- Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing 22 SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE CONSIDERATIONS CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



7/28/2025



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-9-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=101/3-9-0 (min. 0-1-8), 3=101/3-9-0 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 1=9(LC 14)

Max Uplift1=-12(LC 14), 3=-12(LC 15) Max Grav 1=108(LC 20), 3=108(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(9-12)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the
- web pracing shown is for lateral support the loads indicated.

 web pracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WER PLANES TO STATE OF THE BROTEST THE BROT 12) SEE BČŠI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR ŘECŎMMENDED CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

MORRELITATION 1/2025 NOINE K. MORR

7/28/2025

Joh Truss Truss Type LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNER, NO VT01 25-6341-R01 Valley # 61068 Job Reference (optional) Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:30 2025 Page 1 ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0lfrDBlgKRzexCS-0XqkxwqSFK8xmLScugCVWDujXjV2P8WeMmi7M5yt6T? 12-10-2 25-8-3 12-10-2 12-10-2 Scale = 1:49.0 4x4 = 4 7.00 12 5 3 15 14 2 3x4 / 3x4 < 13 16 12 11 10 9 17 8 3x6 =25-8-3 LOADING (psf) SPACING-**PLATES** GRIP 2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. in (loc) I/defl I/d 20.0 TCLL (roof) Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.28 Vert(LL) n/a 999 MT20 244/190 n/a Snow (Pf) 20.0 Lumber DOL ВС 0.39 Vert(CT) 999 1.15 n/a n/a TCDI 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.21 Horz(CT) 0.00 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IRC2021/TPI2014 Matrix-SH Weight: 111 lb FT = 20%BCDI 10.0 LUMBER-**BRACING-**TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 2x4 SP No 3 OTHERS MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide REACTIONS. All bearings 25-8-3 (lb) - Max Horz 1=-158(LC 12) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1 except 12=-110(LC 14), 13=-122(LC 14), 9=-109(LC 15), 8=-122(LC Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7 except 10=456(LC 26), 12=523(LC 5), 13=395(LC 23), 9=523(LC

6), 8=395(LC 24)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown 3-12=-362/152, 2-13=-278/155, 5-9=-362/152, 6-8=-278/155 WFBS

(10-13) NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-6-8 to 5-4-1, Interior(1) 5-4-1 to 8-0-8, Exterior(2R) 8-0-8 to 17-7-11, Interior(1) 17-7-11 to 20-4-2, Exterior(2E) 20-4-2 to 25-1-12 zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B: Partially Exp.: Ce=1.0: Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 12=110, 13=122, 9=109, 8=122.

 10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

 11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

- 12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Never to Bos.

 Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal pracing.

 13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED

 ***ANNIALLIMA BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE

 ***ANNIALLIMA BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

Continued on page 2

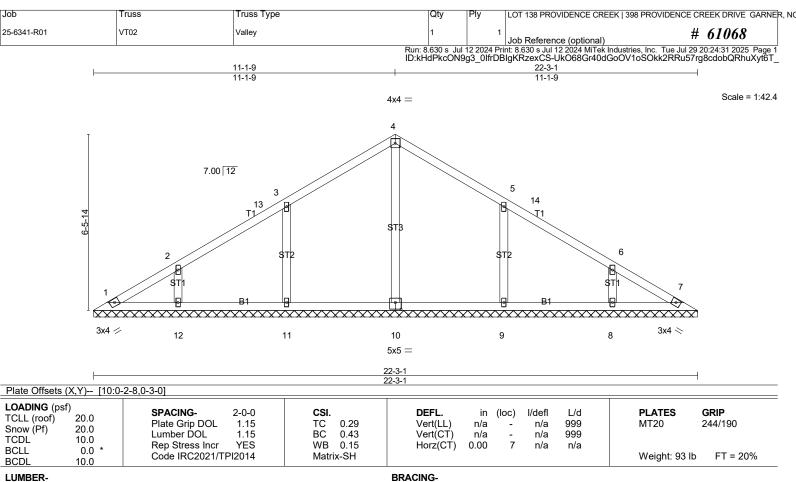


7/28/2025

J	ob	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDI	ENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNE	R, NO
2	5-6341-R01	VT01	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 61068	
Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:31 2025 Pag ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0lfrDBlgKRzexCS-Uk068Gr40dGoOV1oSOkk2RRuH7rH8blobQRhuXyt6							_	

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 3 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 22-3-1.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-136(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 12, 8 except 11=-118(LC 14), 9=-118(LC 15)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7 except 10=457(LC 23), 11=474(LC 5), 12=289(LC 1), 9=474(LC 6), 8=289(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

3-11=-378/159, 5-9=-378/159 WFBS

(10-13)NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-6-8 to 5-4-1, Interior(1) 5-4-1 to 6-3-15, Exterior(2R) 6-3-15 to 15-11-2, Interior(1) 15-11-2 to 16-11-0, Exterior(2E) 16-11-0 to 21-8-10 zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B: Partially Exp.: Ce=1.0: Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

11=118, 9=118.

10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition.

12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Never to Bos.

Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal pracing.

13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED

***ANNIALLIMA BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE

***ANNIALLIMA BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

Continued on page 2



NOINE

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GA	RNER, NO
25-6341-R01	VT02	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 61068	

Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:31 2025 Page 2 ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0lfrDBlgKRzexCS-UkO68Gr40dGoOV1oSOkk2RRu57rg8cdobQRhuXyt6T_

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



LOT 138 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 398 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE GARNER, NO .lob Truss Truss Type VT03 25-6341-R01 Valley # 61068 Job Reference (optional) Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jul 29 20:24:32 2025 Page 1 ID:kHdPkcON9g3_0lfrDBlgKRzexCS-ywyUMcsinxOf0fc_05Fzbez2dXDqt4dxq4BEQ_yf6Sz 9-4-15 18-9-15 9-4-15 9-4-15 Scale = 1:35.9 4x4 = 3 7.00 12 2x4 || 2x4 II 4 ΤĴ 10 5 3x4 < 3x4 < 8 11 12 6 5x5 = 2x4 || 2x4 || 18-9-15 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [7:0-2-8,0-3-0] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. I/defl L/d **PLATES GRIP** TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.37 Vert(LL) MT20 244/190 n/a n/a 999 Snow (Pf) 20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.31 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr WB 0.10 Horz(CT) 0.00 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IRC2021/TPI2014 Matrix-SH Weight: 74 lb FT = 20%BCDL 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 3 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing

REACTIONS. All bearings 18-9-15

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-114(LC 12)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 8=-145(LC 14), 6=-145(LC 15)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=384(LC 6), 8=542(LC 20), 6=542(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. 2-8=-423/180. 4-6=-423/180 WFBS

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-6-8 to 5-4-15, Exterior(2R) 5-4-15 to 13-4-15, Exterior(2E) 13-4-15 to 18-3-7 zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb)
- o=145, 6=145.

 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

 11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing suideling.

- Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 12) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED. MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

7/28/2025

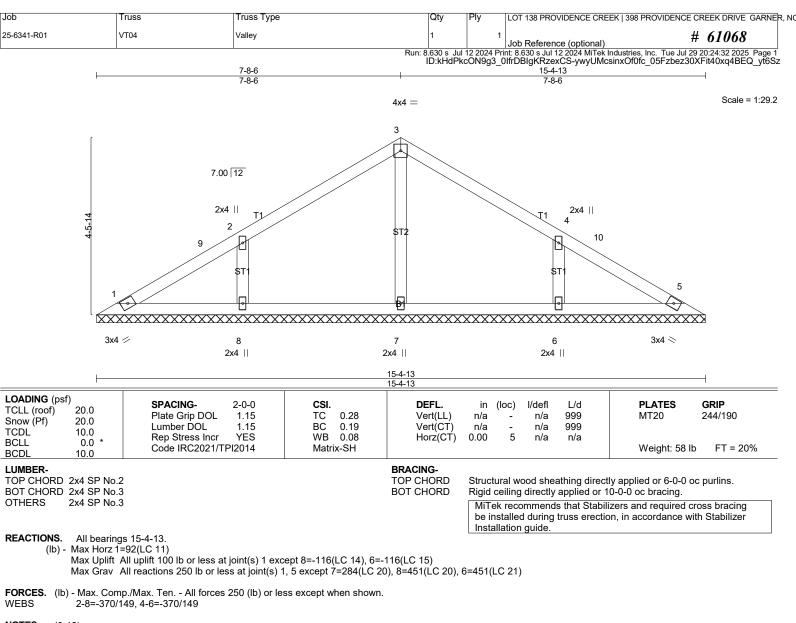
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be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

Installation guide.

MORPHER HANDERS TO SERVICE TO SER Warning !--Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



NOTES-(9-12)

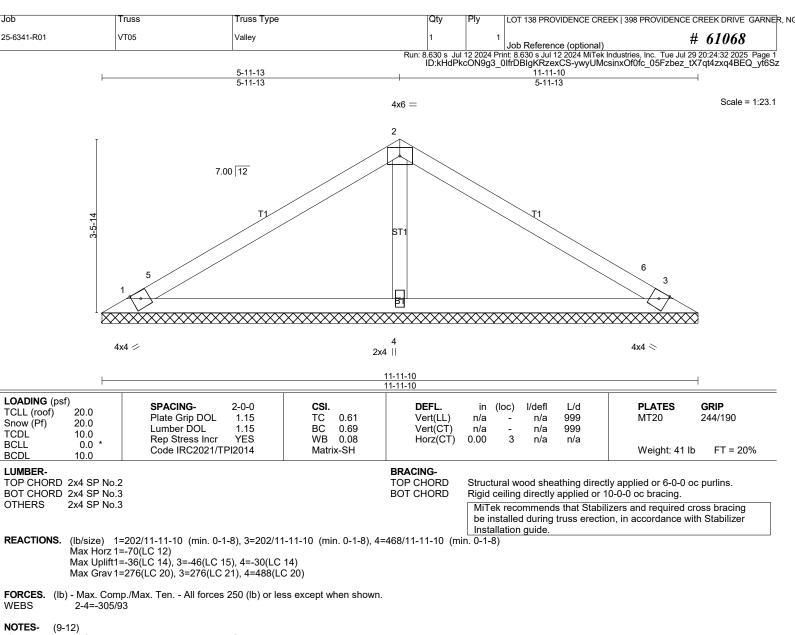
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-6-8 to 5-4-1, Exterior(2R) 5-4-1 to 10-0-11, Exterior(2E) 10-0-11 to 14-10-5 zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 8=116, 6=116
- ROFESO. 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing
- 12) SEE BČŠI-B3 SUMMĀRY SHĒĒT- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WĒB MEMBERS FOR ŘECŎMMENDE MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

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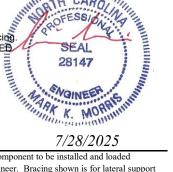


1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

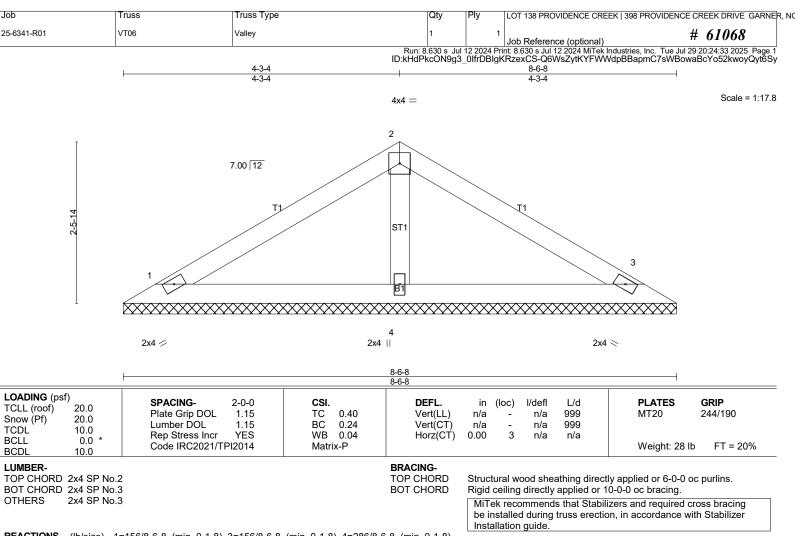
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-6-8 to 5-4-1, Exterior(2R) 5-4-1 to 6-7-9, Exterior(2E) 6-7-9 to 11-5-3 zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.
- 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the
- 11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling,
- Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing. SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED.

 MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES IN ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS. 12) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=156/8-6-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=156/8-6-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=286/8-6-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=48(LC 13)

Max Uplift1=-34(LC 14), 3=-41(LC 15), 4=-2(LC 14)

Max Grav 1=215(LC 20), 3=215(LC 21), 4=291(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

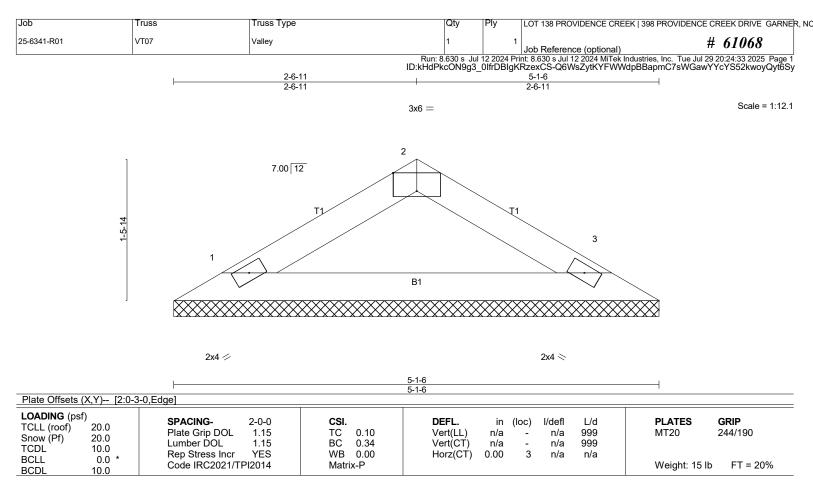
NOTES-(9-12)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.
- 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the
- web pracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing 12) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OF ENGINEERS. CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



7/28/2025



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-1-6 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=161/5-1-6 (min. 0-1-8), 3=161/5-1-6 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 1=-26(LC 12)

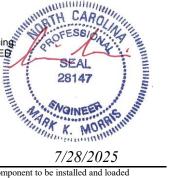
Max Uplift1=-19(LC 14), 3=-19(LC 15) Max Grav 1=182(LC 20), 3=182(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(9-12)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the
- vveo bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WER PLANES IN THE PROJECT ON SIDERATIONS. 12) SEE BČŠI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR ŘECŎMMENDED CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



7/28/2025