

Carter Sanford Component Plant 298 Harvey Faulk Rd Sanford, NC 27332

Phone #:919-775-1450



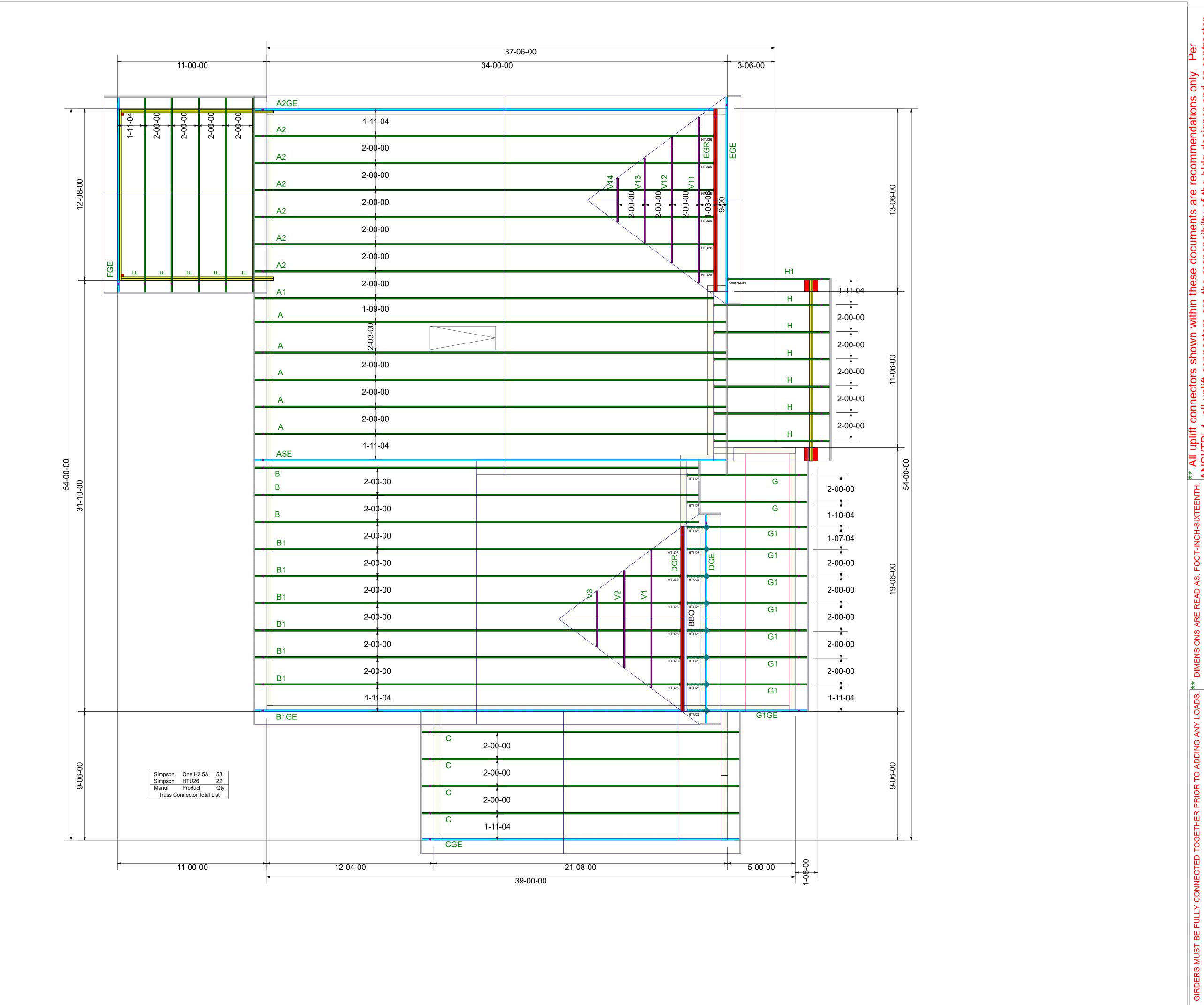
Model: B327 B CP GLH



THE PLACEMENT PLAN NOTES:

- 1. The Placement Plan is a diagram for truss installation. It is not an engineered drawing and has not been reviewed by an engineer. The Owner/Building Designer is responsible for obtaining an engineer's review if one is required by the local jurisdiction.
- 2. The responsibilities of the Owner, Contractor, Building Designer, Component Designer and Component Manufacturer shall be as set forth in ANSI/TPI 1. Capitalized terms shall be as defined in ANSI/TP 1 unless otherwise indicated.
- 3. Each Component is designed as an individual component utilizing information provided by others. The Owner/Building Designer is responsible for reviewing all Component Submittal Packages and individual Component Design Drawings for compliance with the Construction Documents and compatibility with the overall Building design.
- 4. Contractor will not proceed with component installation until the Owner/Building Designer has reviewed the Component Submittal Package. Questions on the suitability of any Component will be resolved by the Building Designer.
- 5. The Building Designer and Contractor are responsible for all temporary and permanent bracing.
- 6. The Placement Plan assumes the building is dimensionally correct, structurally sound, and in a suitable condition to support each Component during installation and thereafter, including but not limited to installation of all bearing points. Proper design and construction of all structural components, including foundations, headers, beams, walls and columns are the responsibility of the Owner, Building Designer and Contractor.
- 7. Do not cut, drill, or modify any Component without first consulting the Component Manufacturer or Building Designer. Damaged Components shall not be installed unless directed by the Building Designer or approved by the Component Manufacturer.
- 8. Components must be handled and installed following all applicable safety standards and best practices, including but not limited to BCSI, OSHA, TPI and local codes. Failure to properly handle, brace or otherwise install Component can result in serious injury or death.
- 9. All uplift connectors shown within these documents are recommendations only. Per ANSI/TPI 1, all uplift connectors are the responsibility of the building designer and or contractor.

Approved By:	Date:
--------------	-------



** PLUMBING DROPS NOTED ARE IN THE APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS PER PLAN. BUILDER TO VERIFY LOCATIONS BEFORE SETTING TRUSSES.

General Notes: ** CUTTING OR DRILLING OF COMPONENTS SHOULD NOT BE DONE WITHOUT CONTACTING COMPONENT SUPPLIER FIRST. CUSTOMER TAKES FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR COMPONENTS IF CUT BEFORE AUTHORIZATION.

Truss Drawing Left End Indicator

TRIANGULAR SYMBOL NEAR END OF TRUSS INDICATES LEFT END OF TRUSS AS SHOWN ON INDIVIDUAL TRUSS DRAWINGS.

Revisions Name 00/00/00 Name 00/00/00 Name

** ALL BEARING POINTS MUST BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO SETTING ANY COMPONENTS.

00/00/00 Name 00/00/00 Name

Homes Weekley David

ACEMENT

ROOF

Serenity-Roof-B327 GLH 01 NTS

7/16/2025 Designer: Nick Darr Project Number: 25060190-01 Sheet Number:

** REFER TO FINAL TRUSS ENGINEERING SHEETS FOR PLY TO PLY CONNECTIONS.



Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: 25060190-01

1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Carter Components (Sanford, NC)).

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I74932049 thru I74932076

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2025.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



July 16,2025

Tony Miller

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

Ply Job Truss Truss Type Qtv 1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH 174932049 25060190-01 5 Α Common Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332,

Run: 8.73 E May 9 2024 Print: 8.730 E May 9 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jul 16 09:04:13 ID:ysriNNSpFYpPvsIQK2kzJ8z6RFw-pDprvOQ?xlaYezhVyRgIX4KLRO2rmYJX3C5ztnyxYerr

Page: 1

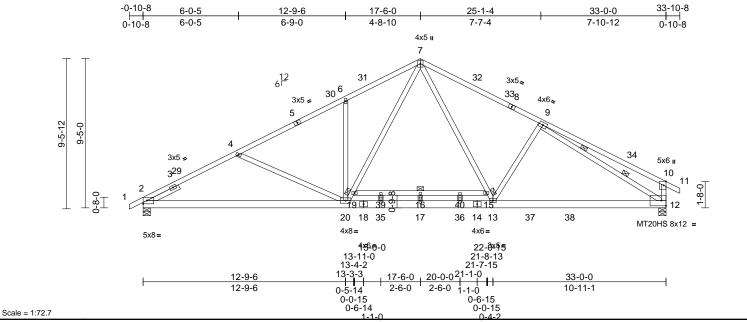


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [10:0-3-0,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.84	Vert(LL)	-0.22	17-20	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.93	Vert(CT)	-0.44	17-20	>881	180	MT20HS	187/143
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.83	Horz(CT)	0.07	12	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 225 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

2x4 SP No.1 *Except* 5-7:2x4 SP No.2, TOP CHORD

7-8:2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except* 19-15:2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 -- 2-2-9

BRACING TOP CHORD

FORCES

Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc

bracing.

WEBS 2 Rows at 1/3 pts 9-12

2=1545/0-5-8, 12=1561/0-5-8 REACTIONS (lb/size)

Max Horiz 2=146 (LC 18) Max Uplift 2=-8 (LC 14)

Max Grav 2=1758 (LC 5), 12=1811 (LC 3)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/29, 2-4=-3198/0, 4-6=-2887/0,

6-7=-2910/21, 7-9=-2715/0, 9-10=-446/166, 10-11=0/26, 10-12=-430/179

BOT CHORD 2-20=-46/2837, 17-20=0/1925, 13-17=0/1925,

12-13=0/2384, 16-19=-72/0, 15-16=-72/0

WEBS 9-12=-2473/0, 6-20=-507/215,

19-20=-73/1279, 7-19=-31/1396, 4-20=-360/246, 7-15=0/985, 13-15=0/863,

9-13=-269/297, 16-17=-224/0

NOTES

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-1 to 2-5-7, Interior (1) 2-5-7 to 14-2-8, Exterior(2R) 14-2-8 to 20-9-8, Interior (1) 20-9-8 to 30-6-9, Exterior(2E) 30-6-9 to 33-10-1 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- 200.0lb AC unit load placed on the bottom chord, 17-6-0 from left end, supported at two points, 5-0-0 apart.
- All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 11) One RT4 MiTek connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

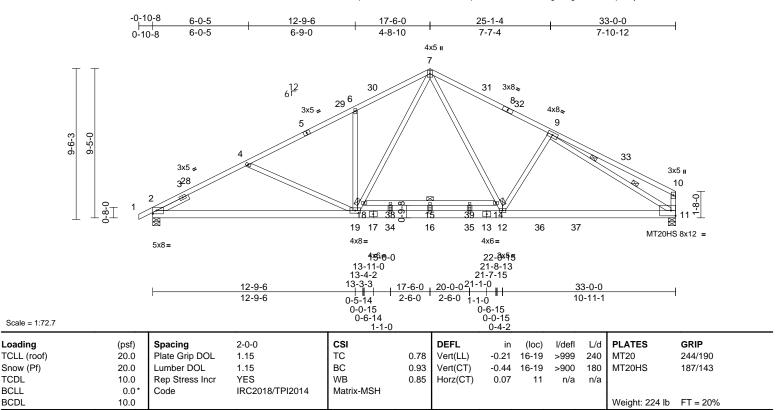


Job Truss Truss Type Qtv Ply 1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH 174932050 25060190-01 A1 Common Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332,

Run: 8.73 E May 9 2024 Print: 8.730 E May 9 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jul 16 09:05:55 ID:iaqTRASNrk3Dfzi4s8B7MRz6RC2-przPJGf_v4Q4teU6xsVgfaYogWskff6YW3pMStyxYdA

Page: 1



LUMBER

Loading

TCDL

BCLL

BCDL

2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E *Except* 5-7:2x4 SP TOP CHORD

No 2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except* 18-14:2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 -- 2-2-9

BRACING TOP CHORD

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins. except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc

BOT CHORD bracing

WEBS 2 Rows at 1/3 pts 9-11

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=1548/0-5-8, 11=1501/0-5-8

Max Horiz 2=154 (LC 18) Max Uplift 2=-9 (LC 14)

Max Grav 2=1760 (LC 5), 11=1758 (LC 3)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

1-2=0/30, 2-4=-3197/0, 4-6=-2888/0

6-7=-2910/21, 7-9=-2721/0, 9-10=-363/129,

10-11=-335/116

BOT CHORD 2-19=-55/2832, 16-19=0/1922, 12-16=0/1922,

11-12=0/2389, 15-18=-72/0, 14-15=-72/0

WEBS 9-11=-2563/0, 6-19=-505/214,

18-19=-71/1279, 7-18=-30/1397,

4-19=-359/248, 7-14=0/992, 12-14=0/870,

9-12=-281/301, 15-16=-224/0

NOTES

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-5-0, Interior (1) 2-5-0 to 14-2-8, Exterior(2R) 14-2-8 to 20-9-8, Interior (1) 20-9-8 to 29-6-12, Exterior(2E) 29-6-12 to 32-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed: C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- 200.0lb AC unit load placed on the bottom chord, 17-6-0 from left end, supported at two points, 5-0-0 apart.
- All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 11) One RT4 MiTek connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

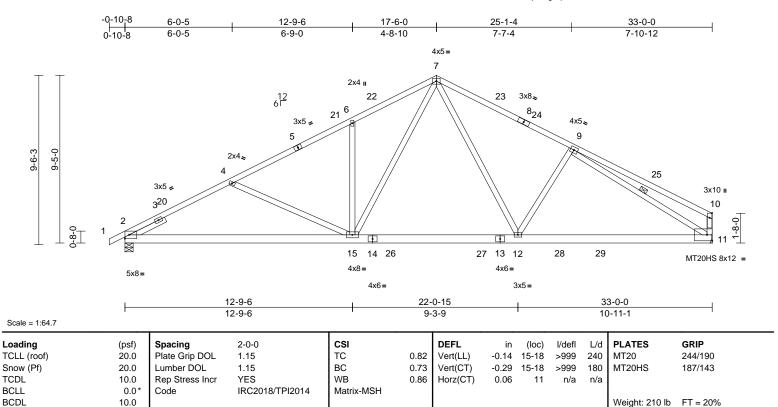
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Ply Job Truss Truss Type Qtv 1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH 174932051 25060190-01 A2 Common 6 Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332,

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:45 ID:aEurK5ZD1vY33WKwaPWrLRz6RQ7-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1



LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 *Except* 5-7:2x4 SP No.2,

7-8:2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E 2x6 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 -- 2-2-9

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

BOT CHORD bracing

WEBS 1 Row at midpt 9-11

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-5-8, 11= Mechanical

Max Horiz 2=154 (LC 18)

Max Uplift 2=-152 (LC 14), 11=-116 (LC 15) Max Grav 2=1489 (LC 5), 11=1453 (LC 3)

FORCES

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/30, 2-4=-2633/289, 4-6=-2289/240,

6-7=-2309/340, 7-9=-2140/292, 9-10=-376/124, 10-11=-339/116

BOT CHORD 2-15=-312/2344, 12-15=-23/1468,

11-12=-114/1911

9-11=-1972/143, 6-15=-502/220,

7-15=-198/1081, 4-15=-413/217,

7-12=-105/712, 9-12=-329/256

NOTES

WEBS

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-5-0, Interior (1) 2-5-0 to 14-2-8, Exterior(2R) 14-2-8 to 20-9-8, Interior (1) 20-9-8 to 29-6-12, Exterior(2E) 29-6-12 to 32-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 116 lb uplift at joint 11
- 11) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	A2GE	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932052

Run: 8.73 S Feb 19 2025 Print: 8.730 S Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:45 ID:c9VqEHTKX3tTR4AsVHRVNAz6RSp-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSqPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1

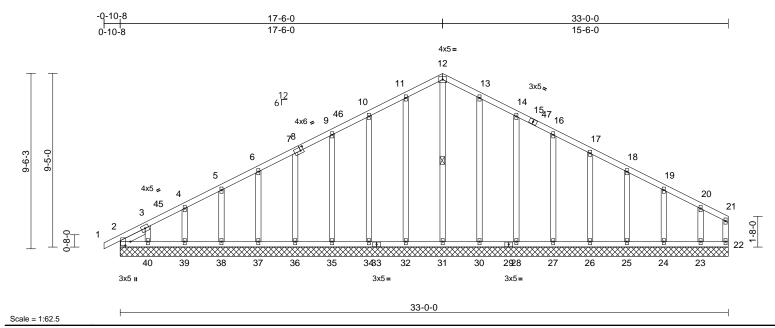


Plate Offsets (X, Y):	[2:0-2-8,0-3-5],	[8:0-2-0,0-2-4]
-----------------------	------------------	-----------------

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI	-	DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.09	Vert(LL)	n/a	` -	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.06	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.26	Horz(CT)	0.00	22	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0	1									Weight: 226 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER		
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP N	0.2
BOT CHORD		* · =
WEBS	2x4 SP N	* · =
OTHERS	2x4 SP N	
SLIDER	Left 2x4 S	SP No.3 1-6-7
BRACING		
TOP CHORD	Structura	I wood sheathing directly applied or
		ourlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD		ing directly applied or 10-0-0 oc
20.0	bracing.	ing anothy applica of 10 0 0 00
WEBS	1 Row at	midot 12-31
		'
REACTIONS	(size)	2=33-0-0, 22=33-0-0, 23=33-0-0,
		24=33-0-0, 25=33-0-0, 26=33-0-0,
		27=33-0-0, 28=33-0-0, 30=33-0-0,
		31=33-0-0, 32=33-0-0, 34=33-0-0,
		35=33-0-0, 36=33-0-0, 37=33-0-0,
		38=33-0-0, 39=33-0-0, 40=33-0-0
	Max Horiz	2=153 (LC 18)
		2=-57 (LC 10), 23=-86 (LC 15),
	wax opini	24=-38 (LC 15), 25=-45 (LC 15),
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		26=-43 (LC 15), 27=-43 (LC 15),
		28=-48 (LC 15), 30=-36 (LC 15),
		32=-40 (LC 14), 34=-46 (LC 14),

35=-43 (LC 14), 36=-44 (LC 14),

37=-44 (LC 14), 38=-44 (LC 14),

39=-43 (LC 14), 40=-78 (LC 14)

23=143 (LC 37), 24=164 (LC 1)

25=160 (LC 22), 26=160 (LC 1),

27=175 (LC 22), 28=228 (LC 22),

30=244 (LC 22), 31=209 (LC 28),

32=244 (LC 21), 34=228 (LC 21),

35=175 (LC 21), 36=160 (LC 36),

37=161 (LC 21), 38=159 (LC 36),

39=165 (LC 21), 40=134 (LC 36)

Max Grav 2=143 (LC 26), 22=65 (LC 28),

FORCES (Ib) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/23, 2-3=-74/49, 3-4=-138/101, 4-5=-109/123, 5-6=-95/147, 6-7=-82/179, 7-9=-70/224, 9-10=-77/269, 10-11=-96/3

7-9=-70/224, 9-10=-77/269, 10-11=-96/317, 11-12=-113/357, 12-13=-113/357, 13-14=-96/317, 14-16=-77/269, 16-17=-58/224, 17-18=-40/179, 18-19=-37/134, 19-20=-36/80, 20-21=-50/41,

18-19=-37/134, 19-20=-36/80, 20-21=-50/41, 21-22=-43/8

BOT CHORD 2-40=-22/69, 39-40=-22/69, 38-39=-22/69, 37-38=-22/69, 36-37=-22/69, 35-36=-22/69, 34-35=-22/69, 32-34=-22/69, 31-32=-22/69, 30-31=-22/69, 28-30=-22/69, 27-28=-22/69, 26-27=-22/69, 25-26=-22/69, 24-25=-22/69, 23-24=-22/69, 22-23=-22/69

23-24=-22/69, 22-23=-22/69
WEBS 12-31=-245/39, 11-32=-204/64,
10-34=-188/84, 9-35=-135/76, 7-36=-126/77,
6-37=-127/78, 5-38=-126/76, 4-39=-130/83,
3-40=-115/101, 13-30=-204/64,
14-28=-188/84, 16-27=-135/76,
17-26=-127/78, 18-25=-126/75,
19-24=-129/98, 20-23=-119/136

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-5-0, Exterior(2N) 2-5-0 to 14-2-8, Corner(3R) 14-2-8 to 20-9-8, Exterior(2N) 20-9-8 to 29-6-0, Corner(3E) 29-6-0 to 32-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom



Continued on page 2

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	A2GE	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932052

Run: 8.73 S Feb 19 2025 Print: 8.730 S Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:45 ID:c9VqEHTKX3tTR4AsVHRVNAz6RSp-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?ff

12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 57 lb uplift at joint 2, 40 lb uplift at joint 32, 46 lb uplift at joint 34, 43 lb uplift at joint 35, 44 lb uplift at joint 36, 44 lb uplift at joint 37, 48 lb uplift at joint 38, 43 lb uplift at joint 39, 78 lb uplift at joint 40, 36 lb uplift at joint 30, 48 lb uplift at joint 28, 43 lb uplift at joint 27, 43 lb uplift at joint 26, 45 lb uplift at joint 25, 38 lb uplift at joint 24, 86 lb uplift at joint 23 and 57 lb uplift at joint 2.

13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Page: 2



Job Truss Truss Type Qtv Ply 1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH 174932053 25060190-01 ASE Common Structural Gable Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332,

Run: 8.73 S Feb 19 2025 Print: 8.730 S Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:45 ID:Z?RrRUUawrsjRX0WcdE8aMz6RDJ-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1

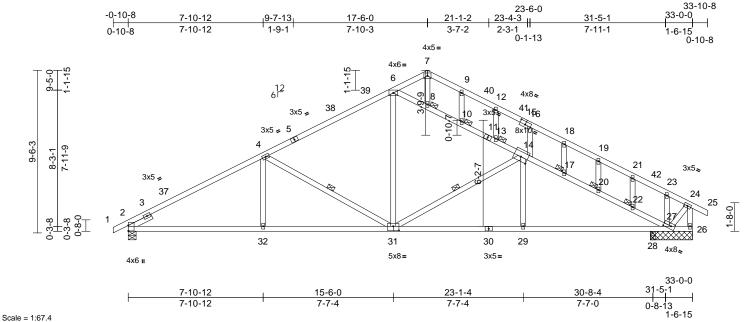


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-3-13,0-0-1], [14:0-5-0,0-3-0], [15:0-4-0,0-2-4], [27:0-5-4,0-2-0], [31:0-4-0,0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.74	Vert(LL)	-0.10	31-32	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.72	Vert(CT)	-0.25	31-32	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.31	Horz(CT)	0.09	27	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 210 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

Left 2x4 SP No.3 -- 1-6-0 **SLIDER**

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

3-0-5 oc purlins, except end verticals. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing, Except:

6-0-0 oc bracing: 26-27 14-31, 4-31

WEBS 1 Row at midpt

JOINTS 1 Brace at Jt(s): 8,

10, 13, 17, 20, 22

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-5-8, 26=2-5-8, 27=2-5-8, 28=0-3-8

Max Horiz 2=145 (LC 18)

Max Uplift 2=-139 (LC 14), 27=-461 (LC 15) 2=1321 (LC 21), 26=635 (LC 22), Max Grav

27=572 (LC 1), 28=563 (LC 7)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension TOP CHORD

1-2=0/23, 2-4=-2118/216, 4-6=-1526/233, 6-7=-396/124, 7-9=-383/105, 9-12=-416/71,

12-16=-447/50, 16-18=-435/12,

18-19=-457/0, 19-21=-493/0, 21-23=-484/0,

23-24=-431/2, 24-25=0/27, 24-26=-642/0,

6-8=-1305/234, 8-10=-1288/231, 10-13=-1310/241, 13-14=-1323/245,

14-17=-1722/253, 17-20=-1743/260,

20-22=-1770/270, 22-27=-1845/292

BOT CHORD 2-32=-281/1828, 29-32=-223/1826, 28-29=-49/1768, 27-28=-49/1768,

26-27=-27/48

WEBS

24-27=0/587, 7-8=-43/155, 9-10=-118/49, 12-13=-117/29, 14-16=-268/157,

17-18=-59/20, 19-20=-61/35, 21-22=-151/54, 23-27=-234/148, 6-31=-14/772,

14-31=-668/168, 14-29=0/292,

4-31=-648/207, 4-32=0/287

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-5-0, Interior (1) 2-5-0 to 14-2-8, Exterior(2R) 14-2-8 to 20-9-8, Interior (1) 20-9-8 to 30-7-0, Exterior(2E) 30-7-0 to 33-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) N/A
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or

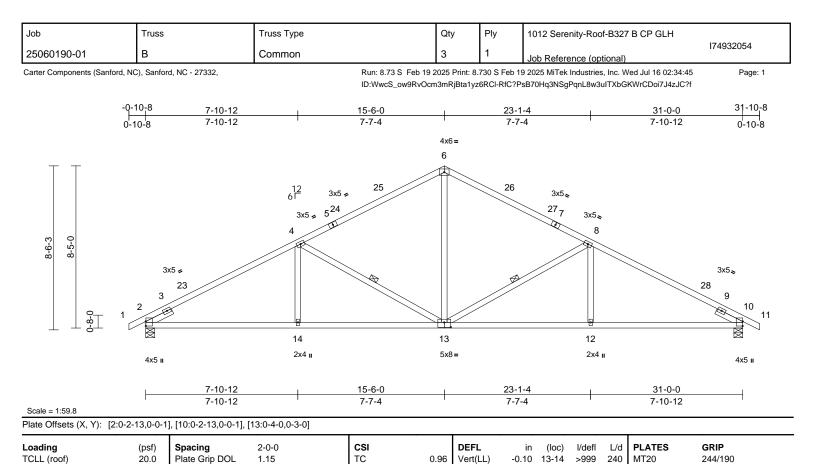
bottom chord. **LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)





BCDL LUMBER

Snow (Pf)

TCDL

BCLL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E *Except* 1-5,7-11:2x4 SP

20.0

10.0

0.0

10.0

Lumber DOL

Code

Rep Stress Incr

1.15

YES

IRC2018/TPI2014

No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 -- 1-6-0, Right 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied. **BOT CHORD**

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing. **WEBS** 1 Row at midpt

8-13, 4-13 2=0-5-8, 10=0-5-8 REACTIONS (size)

Max Horiz 2=130 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 2=-136 (LC 14), 10=-136 (LC 15)

Max Grav 2=1295 (LC 21), 10=1295 (LC 22)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/23, 2-4=-2076/236, 4-6=-1488/247,

6-8=-1488/247, 8-10=-2076/236, 10-11=0/23 2-14=-267/1783, 12-14=-207/1783,

BOT CHORD 10-12=-166/1783

WEBS 6-13=-27/813, 8-13=-712/217, 8-12=0/288,

4-13=-712/217, 4-14=0/288

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-2-10. Interior (1) 2-2-10 to 12-4-14, Exterior(2R) 12-4-14 to 18-7-2, Interior (1) 18-7-2 to 28-9-6. Exterior(2E) 28-9-6 to 31-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10

0.74

0.32

Vert(CT)

Horz(CT)

-0.24

0.08

13-14

>999

n/a

180

Weight: 154 lb

FT = 20%

BC

WB

Matrix-MSH

- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 10. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Qty Job Truss Truss Type Ply 1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH 174932055 25060190-01 **B1** 6 Common Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332,

Run: 8.73 S Feb 19 2025 Print: 8.730 S Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:45 ID:DE5Yhhuboc7FTqi0oB8dWFz6RYk-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1

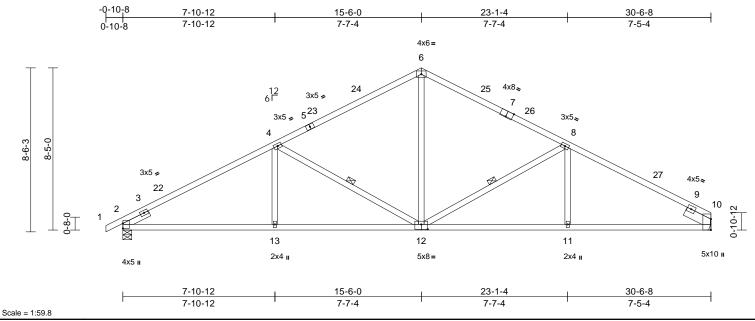


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-3-1,0-0-1], [7:0-4-0,Edge], [10:0-6-13,Edge], [12:0-4-0,0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.65	Vert(LL)	-0.12	11-12	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.75	Vert(CT)	-0.27	11-12	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.31	Horz(CT)	0.11	10	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 152 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

BRACING

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E

2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 12-10:2x4 SP No.1 **BOT CHORD**

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 -- 1-6-0, Right 2x6 SP No.2

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

4-9-2 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing. **WEBS** 1 Row at midpt

8-12, 4-12 REACTIONS 2=0-5-8. 10= Mechanical (size)

Max Horiz 2=141 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 2=-135 (LC 14), 10=-114 (LC 15)

Max Grav 2=1281 (LC 21), 10=1224 (LC 22)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/23, 2-4=-2053/234, 4-6=-1453/245,

6-8=-1449/245, 8-10=-1954/232

BOT CHORD 2-13=-261/1764, 11-13=-220/1764,

10-11=-130/1666

WEBS 6-12=-28/775, 8-12=-614/210, 8-11=0/252,

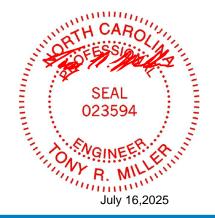
4-12=-720/220, 4-13=0/287

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-2-1. Interior (1) 2-2-1 to 12-5-7, Exterior(2R) 12-5-7 to 18-6-9, Interior (1) 18-6-9 to 27-5-15, Exterior(2E) 27-5-15 to 30-6-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 114 lb uplift at joint 10.
- 10) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

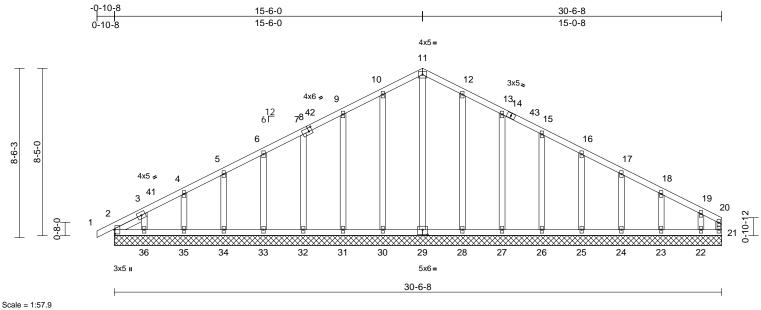
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	B1GE	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932056

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:46 ID:kEyumvGz1eadDrk1IGCRPHz6RZY-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



25=-43 (LC 15), 26=-43 (LC 15),

27=-47 (LC 15), 28=-40 (LC 15),

30=-42 (LC 14), 31=-46 (LC 14),

32=-43 (LC 14), 33=-44 (LC 14),

34=-44 (LC 14), 35=-43 (LC 14),

22=129 (LC 37), 23=166 (LC 1),

24=159 (LC 22), 25=160 (LC 1),

26=175 (LC 22), 27=228 (LC 22),

28=244 (LC 22), 29=183 (LC 28),

30=244 (LC 21), 31=228 (LC 21),

32=175 (LC 21), 33=160 (LC 1),

34=160 (LC 21), 35=165 (LC 1),

36=-76 (LC 14)

36=134 (LC 36)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Max Grav 2=135 (LC 32), 21=108 (LC 15),

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.08	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.07	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.21	Horz(CT)	0.00	21	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 193 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS OTHERS SLIDER BRACING TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No 2x4 SP No 2x4 SP No Left 2x4 S Structural 6-0-0 oc p	o.2 o.3	TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	1-2=0/23, 2-3=-70/39, 3-4=-123/73, 4-5=-91/87, 5-6=-71/110, 6-7=-61/134, 7-9=-60/175, 9-10=-78/222, 10-11=-96/264, 11-12=-96/264, 12-13=-78/222, 13-15=-60/175, 15-16=-48/130, 16-17=-38/84, 17-18=-45/40, 18-19=-65/34, 19-20=-107/45, 20-21=-69/21 2-36=-21/105, 35-36=-21/105, 34-35=-21/105, 33-34=-21/105, 32-33=-21/105, 31-32=-21/105, 30-31=-21/105, 28-30=-21/105,
REACTIONS	(size)	2=30-6-8, 21=30-6-8, 22=30-6-8, 23=30-6-8, 24=30-6-8, 25=30-6-8, 26=30-6-8, 27=30-6-8, 28=30-6-8, 39=30-6-8, 31=30-6-8, 31=30-6-8, 33=30-6-8, 34=30-6-8, 35=30-6-8, 36=30-6-8, 26=32 (LC 10), 22=-110 (LC 15), 23=-39 (LC 15), 24=-45 (LC 15),	WEBS	27-28=-21/105, 26-27=-21/105, 25-26=-21/105, 24-25=-21/105, 23-24=-21/105, 22-23=-21/105, 21-22=-21/105, 21-22=-21/105, 21-22=-21/105, 21-29=-168/25, 10-30=-204/70, 9-31=-188/81, 7-32=-135/76, 6-33=-127/78, 5-34=-126/76, 4-35=-130/81, 3-36=-112/106, 12-28=-204/70, 13-27=-188/81, 15-26=-135/76, 16-25=-127/78, 17-24=-125/74, 18-23=-130/100,

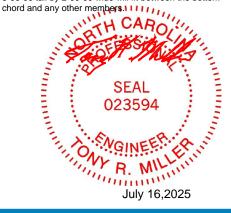
NOTES

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

19-22=-110/142

Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-2-1, Exterior(2N) 2-2-1 to 12-5-7, Corner(3R) 12-5-7 to 18-6-9, Exterior(2N) 18-6-9 to 27-4-3, Corner(3E) 27-4-3 to 30-4-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1 00: Ct=1 10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom



Continued on page 2

Tension

FORCES

Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job		Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
2506	60190-01	B1GE	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932056

Run: 8.73 S Feb 19 2025 Print: 8.730 S Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:46

12) N/A

13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Page: 2



818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	С	Roof Special	4	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932057

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:46 ID:IXiJ0Luyki5W8bFrb88Afoz6iod-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1

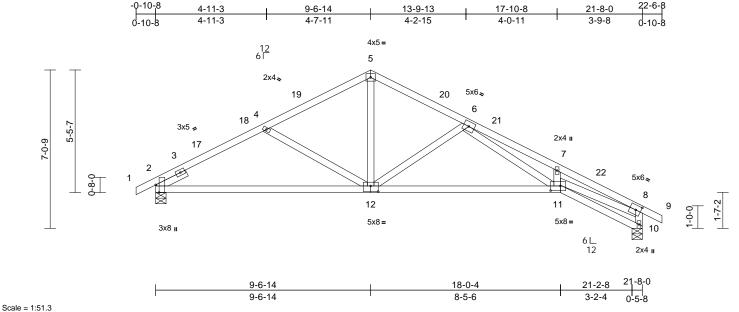


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-4-1,Edge], [8:0-2-11,0-2-8], [11:0-5-4,0-2-8], [12:0-4-0,0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.52	Vert(LL)	-0.17	11-12	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.86	Vert(CT)	-0.42	11-12	>610	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.65	Horz(CT)	0.18	10	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 112 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 11-8:2x4 SP No.2 SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 -- 1-6-0

BRACING

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

2-11-2 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-5-8, 10=0-5-8

Max Horiz 2=-117 (LC 15) Max Uplift 2=-90 (LC 14), 10=-114 (LC 15)

Max Grav 2=949 (LC 21), 10=971 (LC 22)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/23, 2-4=-1437/257, 4-5=-1118/205,

5-6=-1156/210, 6-7=-3116/394,

7-8=-3167/310, 8-9=0/27, 8-10=-1007/193

BOT CHORD 2-11=-139/1554, 10-11=-38/216 **WEBS**

4-12=-399/166, 5-12=-52/697, 6-12=-746/194, 6-11=-175/1529,

7-11=-136/127, 8-11=-176/2654

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior (1) 2-1-8 to 6-6-14, Exterior(2R) 6-6-14 to 12-6-14, Interior (1) 12-6-14 to 19-6-8, Exterior(2E) 19-6-8 to 22-6-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Bearing at joint(s) 10 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 10 and 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



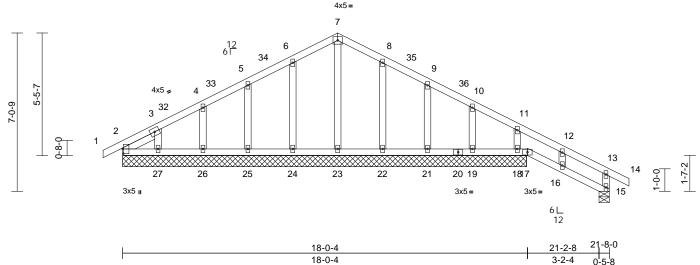
Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply 1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH 174932058 25060190-01 CGE Roof Special Supported Gable Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332,

Run: 8.73 S Feb 19 2025 Print: 8.730 S Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:46 ID:IXiJ0Luyki5W8bFrb88Afoz6iod-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1





Scale = 1:51.3

Plate Offsets	(X,	Y):	[2:0-2-8,0-0-5]
---------------	-----	-----	-----------------

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.11	Vert(LL)	0.01	16	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.11	Vert(CT)	-0.01	16	>999	180	1	
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.08	Horz(CT)	0.00	15	n/a	n/a	1	
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH							1	
BCDL	10.0	1		1							Weight: 113 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3 **SLIDER** Left 2x4 SP No.3 -- 1-7-7

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 2=17-11-12, 15=0-5-8, 18=17-11-12, 19=17-11-12, 21=17-11-12, 22=17-11-12, 23=17-11-12, 24=17-11-12, 25=17-11-12, 26=17-11-12,

> 27=17-11-12 Max Horiz 2=-117 (LC 15)

Max Uplift 2=-80 (LC 15), 15=-53 (LC 15), 18=-81 (LC 15), 19=-24 (LC 15),

21=-50 (LC 15), 22=-41 (LC 15), 24=-45 (LC 14), 25=-44 (LC 14),

26=-44 (LC 14), 27=-51 (LC 14) Max Grav 2=145 (LC 1), 15=214 (LC 22),

18=308 (LC 1), 19=118 (LC 22) 21=243 (LC 22), 22=241 (LC 22), 23=174 (LC 15), 24=245 (LC 21),

25=227 (LC 21), 26=179 (LC 21), 27=133 (LC 36)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/23, 2-3=-46/58, 3-4=-99/150,

4-5=-93/173, 5-6=-104/198, 6-7=-118/234, 7-8=-118/234, 8-9=-105/191, 9-10=-90/151, 10-11=-91/117, 11-12=-45/71, 12-13=-88/39, 13-14=0/27, 13-15=-181/95

BOT CHORD 2-27=0/54, 26-27=0/54, 25-26=0/54,

24-25=0/54, 23-24=0/54, 22-23=0/54, 21-22=0/54, 19-21=0/54, 18-19=0/54, 17-18=0/54, 16-17=0/77, 15-16=-6/68

WEBS 7-23=-151/41, 6-24=-205/73, 5-25=-187/68. 4-26=-138/69, 3-27=-102/68, 8-22=-203/73 9-21=-195/72, 10-19=-108/57,

11-18=-198/91. 12-16=-37/48

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior (1) 2-1-8 to 6-6-14, Exterior(2R) 6-6-14 to 12-6-14, Interior (1) 12-6-14 to 19-6-8, Exterior(2E) 19-6-8 to 22-6-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Bearing at joint(s) 15 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 12) N/A
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	DGE	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932059

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:46 ID:mUH0bgkx?JHgiBKEi6sHgIz6RWM-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

in

n/a

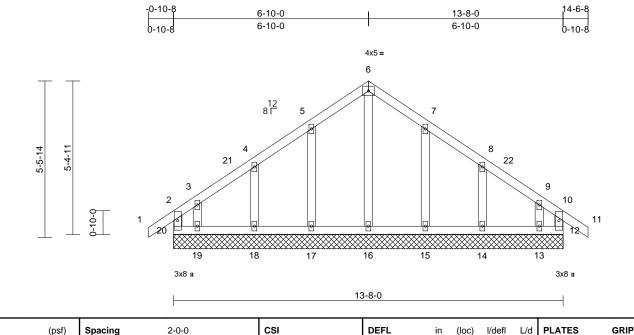
n/a

0.00

(loc)

12

Page: 1



BCDL LUMBER

Loading

TCLL (roof)

Snow (Pf)

TCDL

BCLL

Scale = 1:40.4

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

(psf)

20.0

20.0

10.0

0.0

10.0

Spacing

Plate Grip DOL

Rep Stress Incr

Lumber DOL

1.15

1 15

YES

IRC2018/TPI2014

bracing.

REACTIONS (size)

12=13-8-0, 13=13-8-0, 14=13-8-0, 15=13-8-0, 16=13-8-0, 17=13-8-0, 18=13-8-0, 19=13-8-0, 20=13-8-0

Max Horiz 20=-142 (LC 12)

Max Uplift 12=-57 (LC 11), 13=-91 (LC 15),

14=-58 (LC 15), 15=-60 (LC 15), 17=-60 (LC 14), 18=-57 (LC 14), 19=-102 (LC 14), 20=-92 (LC 10)

Max Grav 12=122 (LC 25), 13=133 (LC 26),

14=229 (LC 22), 15=259 (LC 22), 16=166 (LC 28), 17=259 (LC 21),

18=229 (LC 21), 19=152 (LC 25), 20=151 (LC 26)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum **FORCES**

Tension

TOP CHORD 2-20=-119/65, 1-2=0/34, 2-3=-103/96,

3-4=-71/76, 4-5=-60/120, 5-6=-82/192 6-7=-82/192, 7-8=-55/120, 8-9=-50/55 9-10=-71/61, 10-11=0/34, 10-12=-102/55

BOT CHORD 19-20=-62/110, 18-19=-62/110,

17-18=-62/110, 16-17=-62/110, 15-16=-62/110, 14-15=-62/110,

13-14=-62/110, 12-13=-62/110 6-16=-138/5, 5-17=-220/106, 4-18=-187/122,

3-19=-111/86, 7-15=-220/106, 8-14=-187/121,

9-13=-103/95

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.

0.12

0.05

0.07

Vert(LL)

Vert(CT)

Horz(CT)

TC

BC

WB

Matrix-MR

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2N) 2-1-8 to 3-10-0, Corner(3R) 3-10-0 to 9-10-0, Exterior(2N) 9-10-0 to 11-6-8. Corner(3E) 11-6-8 to 14-6-8 zone: cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed:C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOI = 1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 92 lb uplift at joint 20, 57 lb uplift at joint 12, 60 lb uplift at joint 17, 57 lb uplift at joint 18, 102 lb uplift at joint 19, 60 lb uplift at joint 15, 58 lb uplift at joint 14 and 91 lb uplift at joint 13.

Weight: 76 lb

MT20

244/190

FT = 20%

14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

n/a 999

n/a 999

n/a n/a



NOTES

WEBS

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

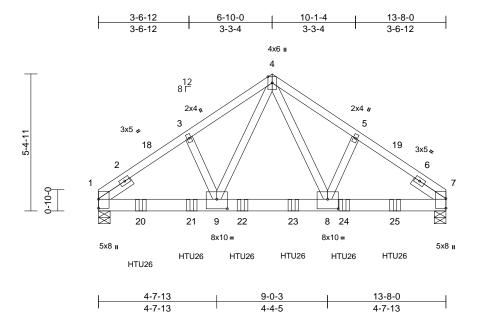
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job Truss Truss Type Qtv Ply 1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH 174932060 2 25060190-01 **DGR** Common Girder Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332

Run: 8.73 S Feb 19 2025 Print: 8.730 S Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:46 ID:qvIXtQKgSNSj4jaf4vEm9dz6RVb-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f



Scale = 1:45.3

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [8:0-5-0,0-4-8], [9:0-5-0,0-4-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.40	Vert(LL)	-0.06	8-9	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.86	Vert(CT)	-0.12	8-9	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.63	Horz(CT)	0.02	7	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 169 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

BRACING

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No 2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 -- 1-6-0, Right 2x4 SP No.3

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

5-0-3 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS 1=0-5-8, 7=0-5-8 (size)

1=-107 (LC 8) Max Horiz

Max Uplift 1=-434 (LC 12), 7=-415 (LC 13) 1=4325 (LC 18), 7=4149 (LC 19)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-3=-5302/549. 3-4=-5195/592.

4-5=-5160/588, 5-7=-5270/546 1-9=-470/4328, 8-9=-285/3071,

BOT CHORD 7-8=-404/4295

WEBS 4-8=-350/2952, 5-8=-106/190,

4-9=-357/3021, 3-9=-122/183

NOTES

2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Web connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

- 3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph: TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 1 and 7. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802 10 2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 11) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26 (10-16d Girder, 14-10dx1 1/2 Truss) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 1-8-0 from the left end to 11-8-0 to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.
- 12) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-7=-60, 10-14=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 20=-1204 (B), 21=-1204 (B), 22=-1204 (B), 23=-1204 (B), 24=-1204 (B), 25=-1204 (B)

Page: 1



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

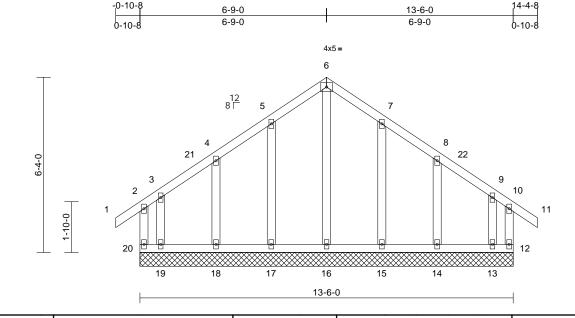
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	EGE	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932061

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:46 ID:1SfXIVJYql6Slw6AgLBDoDz6RT1-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



1	IM	R	E	D

Scale = 1:41.7

Loading

TCLL (roof)

Snow (Pf)

TCDL

BCLL

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

(psf)

20.0

20.0

10.0

0.0

10.0

6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size)

12=13-6-0, 13=13-6-0, 14=13-6-0, 15=13-6-0, 16=13-6-0, 17=13-6-0, 18=13-6-0, 19=13-6-0, 20=13-6-0

Spacing

Plate Grip DOL

Rep Stress Incr

Lumber DOL

2-0-0

1.15

1 15

YES

IRC2018/TPI2014

Max Horiz 20=-175 (LC 12) Max Uplift 12=-216 (LC 11), 13=-200 (LC 10),

14=-59 (LC 15), 15=-58 (LC 15),

17=-58 (LC 14), 18=-59 (LC 14), 19=-214 (LC 11), 20=-233 (LC 10)

Max Grav 12=233 (LC 12), 13=281 (LC 13), 14=227 (LC 22), 15=259 (LC 22),

16=178 (LC 28), 17=259 (LC 21), 18=227 (LC 21), 19=297 (LC 12),

20=251 (LC 13)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum **FORCES**

Tension TOP CHORD

2-20=-160/161, 1-2=0/34, 2-3=-123/127,

3-4=-66/121, 4-5=-61/202, 5-6=-95/273, 6-7=-95/273, 7-8=-61/202, 8-9=-61/121, 9-10=-112/117, 10-11=0/34, 10-12=-152/118

BOT CHORD 19-20=-93/87, 18-19=-93/87, 17-18=-93/87,

16-17=-93/87, 15-16=-93/87, 14-15=-93/87,

13-14=-93/87, 12-13=-93/87 **WEBS** 6-16=-223/12, 5-17=-220/103, 4-18=-185/124, 3-19=-139/116,

7-15=-220/103, 8-14=-185/123,

9-13=-132/110

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.

DEFL

Vert(LL)

Vert(CT)

Horz(CT)

0.20

0.11

0.15

in

n/a

n/a

0.00

(loc)

12

CSI

TC

BC

WB

Matrix-MR

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2N) 2-1-8 to 3-9-0, Corner(3R) 3-9-0 to 9-9-0, Exterior(2N) 9-9-0 to 11-4-8. Corner(3E) 11-4-8 to 14-4-8 zone: cantilever left and right exposed: end vertical left and right exposed: C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 233 lb uplift at joint 20, 216 lb uplift at joint 12, 58 lb uplift at joint 17, 59 lb uplift at joint 18, 214 lb uplift at joint 19, 58 lb uplift at joint 15, 59 lb uplift at joint 14 and 200 lb uplift at joint

Weight: 88 lb

PLATES

MT20

GRIP

244/190

FT = 20%

14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

L/d

I/defl

n/a 999

n/a 999

n/a n/a



NOTES

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

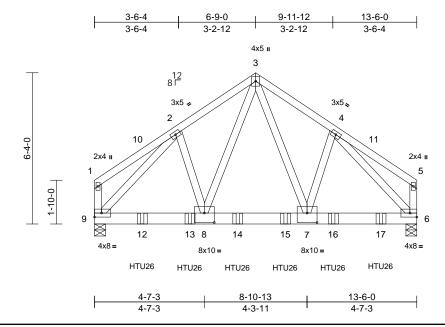


Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply 1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH 174932062 2 25060190-01 **EGR** Common Girder Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332

Run: 8.73 S Feb 19 2025 Print: 8.730 S Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:47 ID:QCiWCkeHS2khFeTgPxQLfPz6R9E-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:48.3

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [7:0-5-0,0-4-12], [8:0-5-0,0-4-12]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.77	Vert(LL)	-0.04	6-7	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.41	Vert(CT)	-0.07	6-7	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.62	Horz(CT)	0.02	6	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 203 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP 2400F 2.0E **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-9-9 oc purlins, except end verticals. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 6=0-5-8, 9=0-5-8

Max Horiz 9=-156 (LC 8)

Max Uplift 6=-439 (LC 13), 9=-410 (LC 12)

Max Grav 6=4993 (LC 6), 9=4667 (LC 5)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

1-2=-437/85, 2-3=-4461/475, 3-4=-4494/478, TOP CHORD 4-5=-466/87, 1-9=-343/76, 5-6=-359/78

BOT CHORD 8-9=-316/3369. 7-8=-234/2823.

6-7=-292/3396

3-7=-285/2573, 4-7=-142/1195,

3-8=-277/2493, 2-8=-142/1192,

2-9=-4630/381, 4-6=-4634/381

NOTES

WEBS

2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 OC.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-7-0 oc.

Web connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc. All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD

CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B). unless otherwise indicated.

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 9 and 6. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26 (10-16d Girder, 14-10dx1 1/2 Truss) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 2-0-0 from the left end to 12-0-0 to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.
- 12) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1 15

Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-5=-60, 6-9=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 12=-1284 (B), 13=-1284 (B), 14=-1284 (B), 15=-1284 (B), 16=-1284 (B), 17=-1284 (B)



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

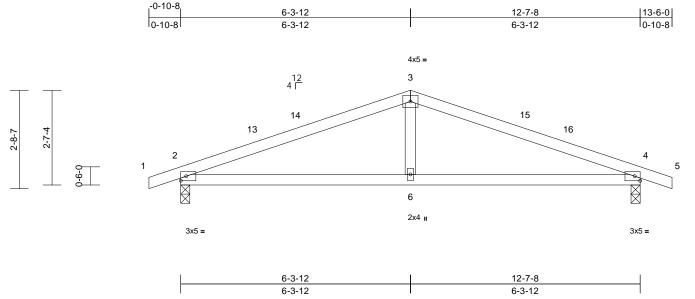
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	F	Common	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932063

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:47 ID:VNhUx16Vbr5kqTu5l_uT9rz6RTH-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:31.7

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.75	Vert(LL)	-0.07	6-12	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.53	Vert(CT)	-0.11	6-12	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.10	Horz(CT)	0.01	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 45 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

3-9-3 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 8-0-7 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-0, 4=0-3-0

Max Horiz 2=38 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 2=-203 (LC 10), 4=-203 (LC 11)

Max Grav 2=651 (LC 21), 4=651 (LC 22)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD

1-2=0/17. 2-3=-913/650. 3-4=-913/650.

4-5=0/17

BOT CHORD 2-6=-517/782, 4-6=-517/782

WEBS 3-6=-122/271

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior (1) 2-1-8 to 3-3-12, Exterior(2R) 3-3-12 to 9-3-12, Interior (1) 9-3-12 to 10-6-0, Exterior(2E) 10-6-0 to 13-6-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this desian.

- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 4. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

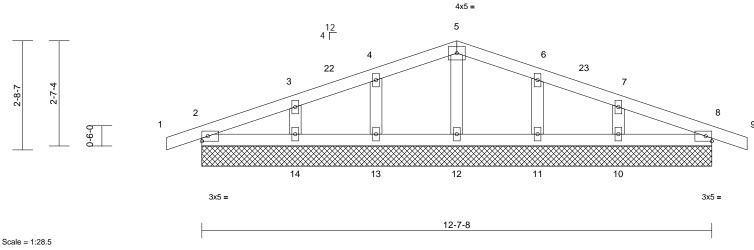


Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	FGE	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932064

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:47 ID:NtPZCayMfrSanTObUl9Q75z6RTU-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1

Ŀ	-0-10-8	6-3-12	12-7-8	13-6-0
	0-10-8	6-3-12	6-3-12	0-10-8



Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csi		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.07	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.04	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.04	Horz(CT)	0.00	8	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 51 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 2=12-7-8, 8=12-7-8, 10=12-7-8,

11=12-7-8, 12=12-7-8, 13=12-7-8, 14=12-7-8

Max Horiz 2=38 (LC 18)

Max Uplift 2=-41 (LC 10), 8=-47 (LC 11), 10=-39 (LC 15), 11=-37 (LC 11),

13=-36 (LC 10), 14=-41 (LC 14)

Max Grav 2=176 (LC 21), 8=176 (LC 22),

10=250 (LC 22), 11=222 (LC 22), 12=139 (LC 1), 13=222 (LC 21),

14=250 (LC 21)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/17, 2-3=-52/35, 3-4=-51/56,

4-5=-57/108, 5-6=-57/108, 6-7=-51/56,

7-8=-52/35, 8-9=0/17

BOT CHORD 2-14=-20/44, 13-14=0/44, 12-13=0/44,

11-12=0/44, 10-11=0/44, 8-10=-20/44 5-12=-97/46. 4-13=-187/141. 3-14=-192/120.

6-11=-187/141, 7-10=-192/120

WFBS NOTES

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-3-12, Exterior(2N) 2-3-12 to 3-3-12, Corner(3R) 3-3-12 to 9-3-12, Exterior (2N) 9-3-12 to 10-3-12, Corner(3E) 10-3-12 to 13-6-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate arip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 41 lb uplift at joint 2, 47 lb uplift at joint 8, 36 lb uplift at joint 13, 41 lb uplift at joint 14, 37 lb uplift at joint 11, 39 lb uplift at joint 10, 41 lb uplift at joint 2 and 47 lb uplift at joint 8.

13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

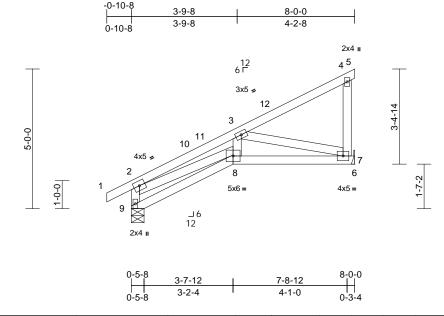
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	G	Monopitch	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932065

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:47 ID:2wnvx1AnUG3TGubNowWlwRz6gRC-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1



Scale = 1:41.3

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.34	Vert(LL)	-0.03	8	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.30	Vert(CT)	-0.05	7-8	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.38	Horz(CT)	0.03	7	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 45 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-7-12 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 7= Mechanical, 9=0-5-8

Max Horiz 9=158 (LC 11)

Max Uplift 7=-81 (LC 14), 9=-37 (LC 14) Max Grav 7=451 (LC 21), 9=428 (LC 21)

FORCES

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD

2-9=-393/223, 1-2=0/27, 2-3=-1048/339, 3-4=-96/77, 4-5=-12/0, 4-7=-188/63

BOT CHORD

8-9=-174/203, 7-8=-331/857, 6-7=0/0

WEBS

2-8=-230/924, 3-8=-66/320, 3-7=-883/398

NOTES

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior (1) 2-1-8 to 5-0-0, Exterior(2E) 5-0-0 to 8-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- Bearing at joint(s) 9 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 81 lb uplift at joint
- 10) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 9. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

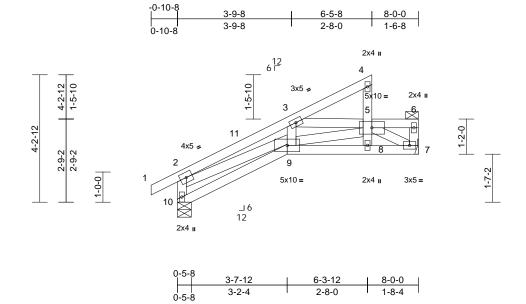
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	G1	Half Hip	7	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932066

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:47 ID:einn9QFMsQjQrPrP4TucSQz6gkT-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:38.3

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.26	Vert(LL)	-0.03	9	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.24	Vert(CT)	-0.05	9	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.43	Horz(CT)	0.03	7	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 48 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

4-10-11 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins: 5-8, 5-6.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing

REACTIONS (size) 7= Mechanical, 10=0-5-8

Max Horiz 10=153 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 7=-114 (LC 14), 10=-21 (LC 14) Max Grav 7=554 (LC 38), 10=550 (LC 38)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 2-10=-515/260, 1-2=0/40, 2-3=-1307/455,

3-4=-93/15, 5-8=0/90, 4-5=-302/119,

5-6=-11/16, 6-7=-120/52

BOT CHORD 9-10=-184/162, 8-9=-317/919, 7-8=-329/963 WEBS

2-9=-332/1132, 3-9=-73/305, 3-5=-1099/495, 5-9=-173/251, 5-7=-1097/397

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 7-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15): Is=1.0: Rough Cat B: Fully Exp.: Ce=0.9: Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom 7) chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 10 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 114 lb uplift at joint
- 12) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 10. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord
- 15) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 221 lb down and 73 lb up at 6-3-12 on top chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-4=-60, 5-6=-115, 9-10=-20, 7-9=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 4=-180



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

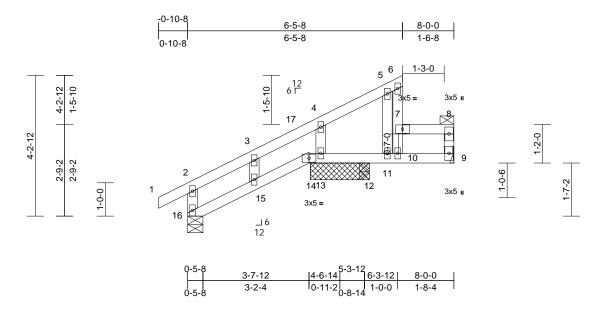
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	G1GE	Half Hip Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932067

Run: 8.73 E May 9 2024 Print: 8.730 E May 9 2024 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 09:08:56 ID:einn9QFMsQjQrPrP4TucSQz6gkT-YTrS5pquWO5XUIFiUfktyY0gw4TtqFu1v4PumRyxYaM

Page: 1



Scale = 1:34.6

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.29	Vert(LL)	0.02	15-16	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.23	Vert(CT)	-0.02	15	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.07	Horz(CT)	0.00	9	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MR								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 37 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 7-10, 7-8. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

BOT CHORD bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size)

9=208/ Mechanical, 12=282/0-3-8. 13=246/1-9-4, 16=208/0-5-8

16=153 (LC 14) Max Horiz

Max Uplift 9=-77 (LC 14), 13=-168 (LC 14) Max Grav 9=225 (LC 37), 12=343 (LC 47), 13=355 (LC 38), 16=288 (LC 38)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

FORCES

Tension

2-16=-246/113, 1-2=0/40, 2-3=-119/16.

3-4=-58/40, 4-5=-91/99, 5-6=-71/83, 7-10=-249/188, 6-7=-200/182, 7-8=-109/124,

8-9=-182/147

15-16=-81/122, 14-15=-98/146

13-14=-68/109, 12-13=-68/109,

11-12=-68/109, 10-11=-68/109, 9-10=-84/133 4-13=-293/242, 3-15=-57/86, 5-11=-142/8

WERS NOTES

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2N) 2-0-0 to 3-3-12, Corner(3E) 3-3-12 to 7-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 13) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 14) Bearing at joint(s) 16 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

- 15) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 77 lb uplift at joint 9 and 168 lb uplift at joint 13.
- 16) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 17) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 18) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 236 Ib down and 117 lb up at 6-3-12 on top chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-6=-60, 7-8=-115, 14-16=-20,

9-14=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 6=-180



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

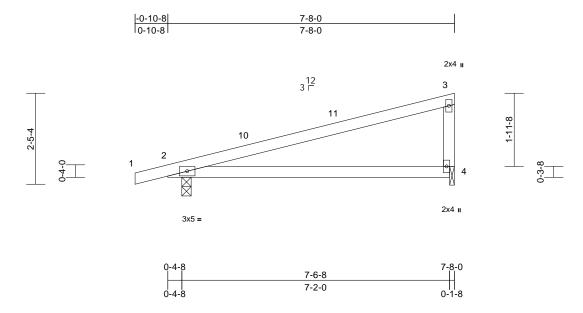
building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	н	Monopitch	6	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932068

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:47 ID:X_hcbChxDcqlloSveVUtaUz6RjJ-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:30.8

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.83	Vert(LL)	0.22	4-9	>412	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.73	Vert(CT)	-0.31	4-9	>290	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	0.01	2	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 27 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-0, 4=0-1-8

Max Horiz 2=78 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 2=-151 (LC 10), 4=-108 (LC 10)

Max Grav 2=474 (LC 21), 4=369 (LC 21) (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/13, 2-3=-117/86, 3-4=-267/191

BOT CHORD 2-4=-84/142

NOTES

FORCES

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior (1) 2-1-8 to 4-6-4, Exterior(2E) 4-6-4 to 7-6-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Bearings are assumed to be: , Joint 4 SP No.3 . Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 10) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 4. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

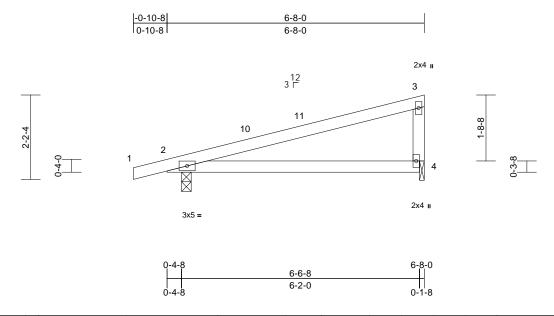
building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	H1	Monopitch	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932069

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:47 ID:nv1ri_avzKYzZiWeAl69NZz6RTz-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:29.9

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.77	Vert(LL)	0.13	4-9	>600	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.55	Vert(CT)	-0.17	4-9	>447	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	2	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 23 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-0, 4=0-1-8 Max Horiz 2=68 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 2=-137 (LC 10), 4=-92 (LC 10)

Max Grav 2=448 (LC 21), 4=312 (LC 21)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/18, 2-3=-103/123, 3-4=-223/170

BOT CHORD 2-4=-122/128

NOTES

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior (1) 2-1-8 to 3-6-4, Exterior(2E) 3-6-4 to 6-6-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Bearings are assumed to be: , Joint 4 SP No.3 .
- Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 10) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 4. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



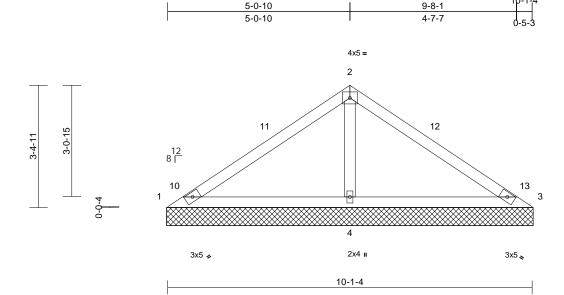
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	V1	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932070

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:48 ID:GrzoG?sLG?tXDXYehm59Qqz6RYm-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1



Scale = 1:31.9

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.50	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.48	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.22	Horiz(TL)	-0.01	9	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0	ļ									Weight: 36 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

10-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=10-2-0, 3=10-2-0, 4=10-2-0

Max Horiz 1=-75 (LC 10)

Max Uplift 1=-161 (LC 21), 3=-1 (LC 15),

4=-73 (LC 15)

Max Grav 1=156 (LC 20), 3=4 (LC 21), 4=1018 (LC 21)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-191/562, 2-3=-165/638 **BOT CHORD** 1-4=-433/162, 3-4=-470/147

WEBS 2-4=-865/201

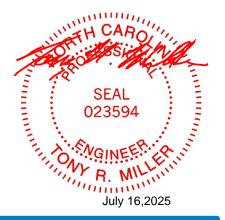
NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Exterior(2R) 3-0-0 to 7-2-0, Exterior(2E) 7-2-0 to 10-2-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf
- on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 161 lb uplift at joint 1, 1 lb uplift at joint 3, 73 lb uplift at joint 4 and 1 lb uplift
- 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1, 3, 9.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

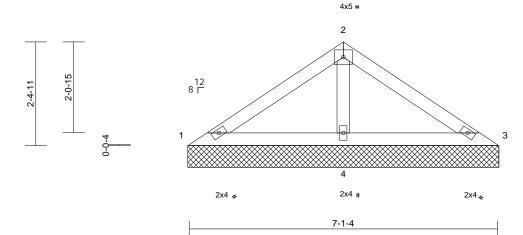


Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	V2	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I74932071

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:48 ID:?Usr2Y2FtlY_pBJEDaKNjnz6RVy-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1





Scale = 1:26.5

Loading TCLL (roof)	(psf) 20.0	Spacing Plate Grip DOL	2-0-0 1.15	CSI TC	0.23	DEFL Vert(LL)	in n/a	(loc)	l/defl n/a		PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.24	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	WITZU	244/190
TCDL BCLL	10.0 0.0*	Rep Stress Incr Code	YES IRC2018/TPI2014	WB Matrix-MP	0.08	Horiz(TL)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 24 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or TOP CHORD

7-1-4 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=7-2-0, 3=7-2-0, 4=7-2-0

Max Horiz 1=-52 (LC 12)

1=-11 (LC 21), 3=-11 (LC 20), Max Unlift

4=-52 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=102 (LC 20), 3=102 (LC 21),

4=508 (LC 20)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-96/234, 2-3=-96/234 BOT CHORD

1-4=-198/131, 3-4=-198/131

WFBS 2-4=-401/168

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Exterior(2R) 3-0-0 to 4-2-0, Exterior(2E) 4-2-0 to 7-2-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf
- on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 11 lb uplift at joint 1, 11 lb uplift at joint 3 and 52 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

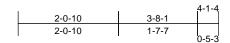
building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

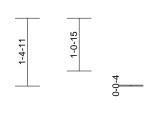


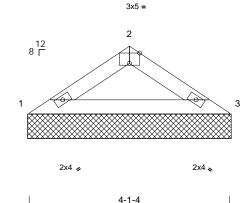
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	V3	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932072

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:48 ID:qeD6Ic60S8J8Y6mOaqRnz2z6RVs-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1







Scale = 1:23.6

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-2-8,Edge]

Loading TCLL (roof)	(psf) 20.0	Spacing Plate Grip DOL	2-0-0 1.15	CSI TC	0.14	DEFL Vert(LL)	in n/a	(loc)	l/defl n/a		PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.12	- (/	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horiz(TL)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 12 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-1-4 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=4-2-0, 3=4-2-0 Max Horiz 1=-28 (LC 12)

Max Uplift 1=-15 (LC 14), 3=-15 (LC 15)

Max Grav 1=194 (LC 20), 3=194 (LC 21)

FORCES

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-296/106, 2-3=-296/106

BOT CHORD 1-3=-76/238

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1)
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 15 lb uplift at joint 1 and 15 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

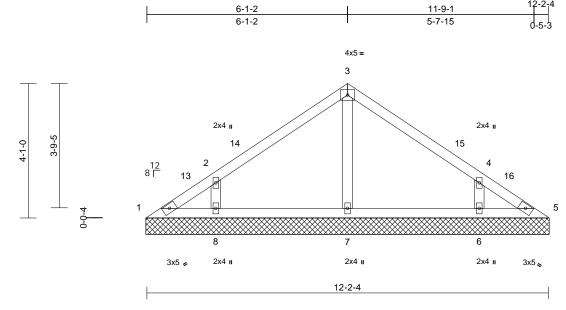
building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	V11	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932073

Run: 8.73 S Feb 19 2025 Print: 8.730 S Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02;34:48 ID:AfCji4WKk_AUC2bLvHz8jpz6RQA-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale	e =	1:35

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.30	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.12	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.08	Horiz(TL)	0.00	5	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0			1							Weight: 46 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=12-3-0, 5=12-3-0, 6=12-3-0,

7=12-3-0, 8=12-3-0 Max Horiz 1=-92 (LC 10)

1=-18 (LC 10), 6=-107 (LC 15), Max Uplift

8=-109 (LC 14)

1=74 (LC 25), 5=58 (LC 29), 6=443 Max Grav

(LC 21), 7=279 (LC 20), 8=443 (LC

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-98/81, 2-3=-176/93, 3-4=-176/93,

4-5=-72/50

BOT CHORD 1-8=-21/65, 7-8=-21/55, 6-7=-21/55,

5-6=-21/58 WEBS

3-7=-192/16, 2-8=-407/173, 4-6=-407/173

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Exterior(2R) 3-0-0 to 9-3-0, Exterior(2E) 9-3-0 to 12-3-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this 5) design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 18 lb uplift at joint 1, 109 lb uplift at joint 8 and 107 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1, 5.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

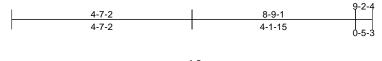
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

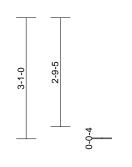
building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

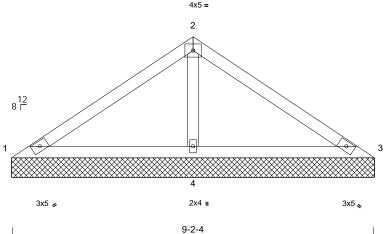


Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	V12	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932074

Run: 8.73 S Feb 19 2025 Print: 8.730 S Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:48 ID:esm5vPXyVIILqCAXS_UNG0z6RQ9-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1







Scale = 1:29.4

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.38	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.37	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.13	Horiz(TL)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 32 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or TOP CHORD

9-2-4 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=9-3-0, 3=9-3-0, 4=9-3-0

Max Horiz 1=-68 (LC 10)

Max Unlift 1=-40 (LC 21), 3=-40 (LC 20),

4=-74 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=117 (LC 20), 3=117 (LC 21),

4=718 (LC 21)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-105/364, 2-3=-105/364 BOT CHORD

1-4=-262/142, 3-4=-262/142

WFBS 2-4=-588/213

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Exterior(2R) 3-0-0 to 6-3-0, Exterior(2E) 6-3-0 to 9-3-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf
- on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 40 lb uplift at joint 1, 40 lb uplift at joint 3 and 74 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



July 16,2025

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

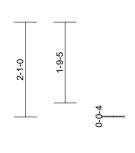
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

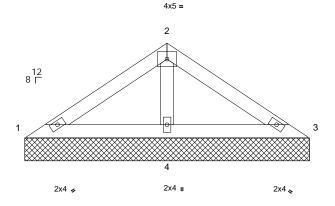


Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	V13	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932075

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:48 ID:IKj2z0KoemxLayU_7484GEz6RNr-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f







6-2-4

Scale = 1:25.3

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.16	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.18	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.06	Horiz(TL)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 21 lb	FT = 20%

L	UI	VI	В	E	R
_	٠.	•••	_	_	• •

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or TOP CHORD

6-2-4 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=6-3-0, 3=6-3-0, 4=6-3-0

Max Horiz 1=45 (LC 11)

Max Uplift 1=-3 (LC 14), 3=-10 (LC 15), 4=-40

(IC 14)

Max Grav 1=98 (LC 20), 3=98 (LC 21), 4=414

(LC 21)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-96/178, 2-3=-96/178

1-4=-153/111, 3-4=-153/111 **BOT CHORD**

WEBS 2-4=-319/140

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable. or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this 5) design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 3 lb uplift at joint 1, 10 lb uplift at joint 3 and 40 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Page: 1

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

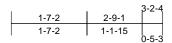
building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

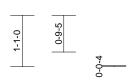


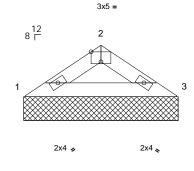
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	1012 Serenity-Roof-B327 B CP GLH	
25060190-01	V14	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	174932076

Run: 8 73 S. Feb 19 2025 Print: 8 730 S. Feb 19 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Jul 16 02:34:48 ID:7U4JE3OZEciVlty7UKFUVUz6RNI-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1







3-2-4

Scale = 1:24.2

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-2-8,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.08	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.08	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horiz(TL)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 9 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

3-2-4 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=3-3-0, 3=3-3-0 Max Horiz 1=-21 (LC 12)

Max Uplift 1=-12 (LC 14), 3=-12 (LC 15)

Max Grav 1=147 (LC 20), 3=147 (LC 21)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-220/79, 2-3=-220/79

BOT CHORD 1-3=-54/175

NOTES

FORCES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1)
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 12 lb uplift at joint 1 and 12 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



offsets are indicated and fully embed teeth Center plate on joint unless x, y Apply plates to both sides of truss Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths



edge of truss. plates 0- 1/16" from outside For 4 x 2 orientation, locate

₹

connector plates. required direction of slots in This symbol indicates the

* Plate location details available in MiTek software or upon request

PLATE SIZE

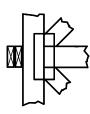
to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots. width measured perpendicular The first dimension is the plate

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated. ndicated by symbol shown and/or

BEARING



Min size shown is for crushing only number/letter where bearings occur reaction section indicates joint (supports) occur. Icons vary but Indicates location where bearings

Industry Standards:

National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Building Component Safety Information, Design Standard for Bracing. Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

DSB-22: ANSI/TPI1:

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

Product Code Approvals

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1988, ESR-2362, ESR-2685, ESR-3282 ESR-4722, ESL-1388

Design General Notes

truss unless otherwise shown Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the

established by others section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1

© 2023 MiTek® All Rights Reserved

MiTek



MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023

General Safety Notes

Damage or Personal Injury Failure to Follow Could Cause Property

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Ņ Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other

'n

- joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1. Place plates on each face of truss at each
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.

œ

- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the camber for dead load deflection responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to
- 11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- 15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable project engineer before use. environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with
- 19. Review all portions of this design (front, back, words is not sufficient. and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- 21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.