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The truss drawing(s) listed below have been prepared by **Atlantic Building Components** under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by the truss designers.

AST #: 60328 JOB: 25-5335-R01 JOB NAME: LOT 119 PROVIDENCE CREEK Wind Code: ASCE7-16 Wind Speed: Vult= 120mph Exposure Category: B Mean Roof Height (feet): 35 These truss designs comply with IRC 2015 as well as IRC 2018. 20 Truss Design(s)

Trusses: J01, J03, J04, J05, J06, R01, R02, R02A, R03, R04, R05, R06, R07, R08, R09, SP01, SP02,



My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is 12/31/2025

Warning !--- Verify design parameters and read notes before use.



sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard







NOTES- (9

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs

- non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3, 2, 4.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 4-5=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 8=-43(F) 9=-123(F)





8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.

9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard









Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 119 PROVIDENCE CREEK 305 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE FUQUAY-V
25-5335-R01	R02A	Common	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 60328
		Run: 8.4 II	30 s Feb 1 D:zSnl_V[2 2021 Prir)JTy_hu?	nt: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jun 17 21:46:56 2025 Page 2 pmOjJgrKyZRJv-ybqezLIMHfElurhTi2oCNfPdco0aeDbjmTJTm2z5GHj

NOTES- (11)

10) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job	Truss	Truss Type		Qty	Ply LOT	119 PROVIDE	ENCE CREEK 3	05 PROVIDENCE CF	REEK DRIVE FUQUAY-VA
25-5335-R01	R03	Common		6	1 1	Reference (optional)	#	60328
	I	1	Ru	n: 8.430 s Feb ′ ID:zSnl_VDJ1	12 2021 Print: 8.6 Ty_hu?pmOjJgi	30 s Jul 12 202 KyZRJv-Ro	24 MiTek Industri D1AhJ?2yMcW	ies, Inc. Tue Jun 172 /_GfGlJRvtxoKBM	21:46:57 2025 Page 1 pNhCt?730IUz5GHi
-0 <u>-10₇877</u> 0-10-877	7-1-12 7-1-12	14-0-0 1 6-10-4	19-0-0 5-0-0	24-0-0 5-0-0		80-10-4 6-10-4		38-0-0 7-1-12	<u>38-10-</u> 8 0-10-8
			5 -0 -						Scale = 1:67.2
		5.00 12	5x8 =						
т		0.001.12	6						
		2x4			2x4				
	3x8 =	25 ⁵ T2	$\leq // \langle \rangle$		T2 ⁷ 26	3x8 S	2		
	4					8			
11-0	4x4 =					Tel	4x4 < 9		
¢	24 74		///6	we					
6x8 =	24	W5			W5				5x8 <>
a 1 2	W3	W4	B3			W4	wз		¹⁰ 11
0-	W2 B1 C		W18	21			Б Д _В1	W2	
23	22	²¹ 20 ¹⁹	28 31 16	29 32	15 30 14		13		[™] 12
3x4	5x5 =	4x8 = 4x8 = -2x4 = -2x4	2x4		4x8 = 4x8 =	=	5x5 =		3x4
		2x4 —	2X4						
7	7 1 10	14.0.0	0.0.0	24.0.0		80 10 /		38.0.0	
Plate Offects (X X) [12:	7-1-12 0 2 8 0 1 121 [22:0 2 8 0 1	6-10-4 121	5-0-0	5-0-0		6-10-4		7-1-12	
LOADING (psf)					· // \		<i>,</i> ,	BI 4750	
TCLL (roof) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	2-0-0 CSI. 1.15 TC	0.58	DEFL. Vert(LL)	in (loc) -0.61 18	1/defi L >733 24	./d 40	MT20	GRIP 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr	1.15 BC YES WB	0.90	Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	-1.01 18 0.09 12	>445 18 n/a n	80 n/a		
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TP	I2014 Matrix	(-AS	()				Weight: 236 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-	0		BRA	CING-	Chryson			uliad avecation	d
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No	.2 .2 *Except*		BOT	CHORD	Rigid ceiling	directly app	blied. Except	plied, except en :	u verticals.
B3: 2x4 SF WEBS 2x4 SP No	PNo.1, B2: 2x4 SP SS .3 *Except*				6-0-0 oc bra	cing: 17-19	at Stabilizers	and required cro	ss bracing
W1: 2x6 SI	P No.2				be installed	during trus	at otabilizers	accordance with	Stabilizer
REACTIONS. (lb/size)	23=1658/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-1	5), 12=1658/0-3-8 (min.	0-1-15)		Installation	guide.			
Max Horz Max Uplift	23=100(LC 14) 23=-163(LC 14), 12=-163(L	.C 15)							
Max Grav2	23=1660(LC 3), 12=1660(L	C 3)							
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Cor	mp./Max. Ten All forces 2	250 (lb) or less except wh	nen shown.	04/202					
5-6=-270	82/272, 3-24=-2809/285, 3 3/365, 6-7=-2703/366, 7-26	6=-2584/283, 8-26=-2649	9/280, 5-25=-256 9/281, 8-9=-2716/	84/283, /260,					
9-27=-28 BOT CHORD 22-23=-1	09/289, 10-27=-2882/275, 83/495, 21-22=-253/2593,	2-23=-1575/245, 10-12= 20-21=-253/2593, 20-28	-1575/245 =-0/1904, 16-28=	-0/1904,					
16-29=-0. 12-13=-8	/1904, 29-30=-0/1904, 15-3	80=-0/1904, 14-15=-155/	2593, 13-14=-15	5/2593,					
WEBS 6-17=-15	6/1140, 15-17=-199/1025,	7-15=-482/190, 9-15=-37	71/175, 19-20=-20	00/1025,					
0-19=-15	6/1140, 5-20=-482/190, 3-2	20=-371/175, 2-22=-131/	2133, 10-13=-114	4/2133					
NOTES- (10) 1) Unbalanced roof live lo	ads have been considered	for this design.							
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult	=120mph (3-second gust)	Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0 0-10-8 to 3-11-2 Interior	psf; BCDL=5.0ps (1) 3-11-2 to 14-(sf; h=35ft; Ca)-0 Exterior(at. II; Exp B; E (2R) 14-0-0 to	nclosed; M 24-0-0 Inte	WFRS erior(1)		
24-0-0 to 34-0-14, Exte	erior(2E) 34-0-14 to 38-10-8	zone; cantilever left and	right exposed ; e	end vertical I	eft and right e	xposed;C-C	C for		
3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=	20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL	_=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15);	Pf=20.0 psf (Lur	n DOL=1.15	Plate DOL=1	.15); ls=1.0;	; Rough	MULLIUMINIA	
Cat B; Partially Exp.; C 4) Unbalanced snow load	e=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 s have been considered fo	r this design.					Inthe Contract	FESSIA	
5) This truss has been de	signed for greater of min ro	oof live load of 12.0 psf o	r 2.00 times flat r	oof load of 2	0.0 psf on ove	erhangs	Inn	PL ME	
6) This truss has been de	signed for a 10.0 psf bottor	n chord live load noncon	current with any	other live loa	ads.	h		SEAL	1111
between the bottom ch	ord and any other member	s, with BCDL = 10.0 psf.	nu in all areas Wr	iere a reciar	iyie อ-อ-บ เลll	by 1-0-0 WIC		28147	1 Ē
8) Provide mechanical con 12=163.	nnection (by others) of trus	s to bearing plate capabl	e ot withstanding	100 lb uplifi	t at joint(s) exc	cept (jt=lb) 2	23=163,	WOINEER	- Martin
9) This truss design requi	res that a minimum of 7/16 irectly to the bottom chord	" structural wood sheathi	ng be applied dir	ectly to the t	op chord and	1/2" gypsur	n tint	PK K MORA	Inner
								White Contraction of the second	
LUAD CASE(S) Standard	OAD CASE(S) Standard 6/17/2025								







of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 119 PROVIDENCE CREEK 305 PROVIDENCE CREEK DRIVE FUQUA	Y-VA
25-5335-R01	R07	Common Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional) # 60328	
	Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jun 17 21:47:00 2025 Page 2 ID:zSnI_VDJTy_hu?pmOjJgrKyZRJv-rN39ojMtLtkBNS?Exus8XVZLePQya3QJh5Hgvpz5GH					

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-7=-60, 11-15=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 17=-1563(B) 19=-1476(B) 20=-1476(B) 21=-1476(B) 22=-1476(B) 23=-1476(B)





left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B: Partially Exp.: Ce=1.0: Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

12) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide with the bottom chord and any other members.
13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 the member 11.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 119 PROVIDENCE CREEK 305 PROVIDE	NCE CREEK DRIVE FUQUAY
25-5335-R01	R09	Common Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional)	# 60328
Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jun 17 21:47:01 2025 F ID:zSnl VDJTy hu?pmOjJgrKyZRJv-JZdX03MV6Bs2 caQVbON4j6Zbpj8JVISwl1ERFz						

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-5=-60, 7-11=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 6=-1476(B) 15=-1476(B) 16=-1476(B) 17=-1476(B) 18=-1476(B)







of individual web meetrs only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 Guide to *Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

