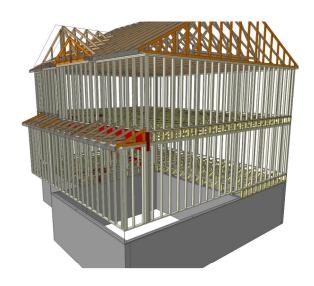


Kempsville Sanford Component Plant 298 Harvey Faulk Rd Sanford, NC 27332

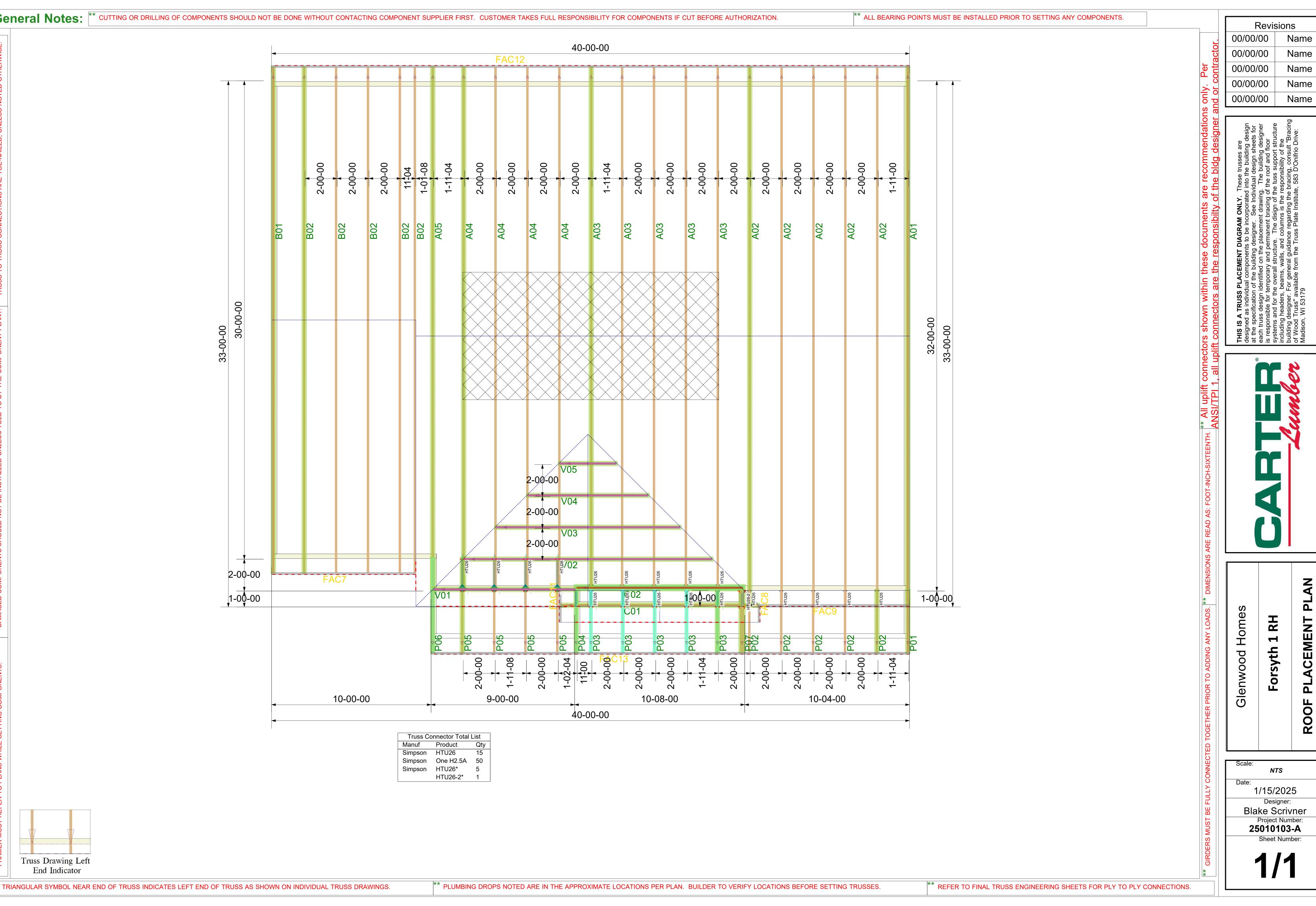
Phone #:919-775-1450

Builder: Glenwood Homes Model:Forsyth Elev 1 Lot 4 Carolina Seasons



THE PLACEMENT PLAN NOTES:

- 1. The Placement Plan is a diagram for truss installation. It is not an engineered drawing and has not been reviewed by an engineer. The Owner/Building Designer is responsible for obtaining an engineer's review if one is required by the local jurisdiction.
- 2. The responsibilities of the Owner, Contractor, Building Designer, Component Designer and Component Manufacturer shall be as set forth in ANSI/TPI 1. Capitalized terms shall be as defined in ANSI/TP 1 unless otherwise indicated.
- 3. Each Component is designed as an individual component utilizing information provided by others. The Owner/Building Designer is responsible for reviewing all Component Submittal Packages and individual Component Design Drawings for compliance with the Construction Documents and compatibility with the overall Building design.
- 4. Contractor will not proceed with component installation until the Owner/Building Designer has reviewed the Component Submittal Package. Questions on the suitability of any Component will be resolved by the Building Designer.
- 5. The Building Designer and Contractor are responsible for all temporary and permanent bracing.
- 6. The Placement Plan assumes the building is dimensionally correct, structurally sound, and in a suitable condition to support each Component during installation and thereafter, including but not limited to installation of all bearing points. Proper design and construction of all structural components, including foundations, headers, beams, walls and columns are the responsibility of the Owner, Building Designer and Contractor.
- 7. Do not cut, drill, or modify any Component without first consulting the Component Manufacturer or Building Designer. Damaged Components shall not be installed unless directed by the Building Designer or approved by the Component Manufacturer.
- 8. Components must be handled and installed following all applicable safety standards and best practices, including but not limited to BCSI, OSHA, TPI and local codes. Failure to properly handle, brace or otherwise install Component can result in serious injury or death.



Truss Drawing Left End Indicator

PLAN

PLACEMENT

ROOF



RE: 25010103

Install Carolina Seasons-Roof-Forsyth 1 GRH

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Site Information:

Customer: Glenwood Homes Project Name: 25010103

Lot/Block: 4 Model: Forsyth 1 GRH

Address: 21 Green Links Dr Subdivision: Carolina Seasons

City: Cameron State: NC

General Truss Engineering Criteria & Design Loads (Individual Truss Design Drawings Show Special Loading Conditions):

Design Code: IRC2018/TPI2014 Design Program: MiTek 20/20 8.6

Wind Code: ASCE 7-16 Wind Speed: 130 mph Roof Load: 40.0 psf Floor Load: N/A psf

This package includes 21 individual, dated Truss Design Drawings and 0 Additional Drawings.

No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date	No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date
1	164429574	B01	3/25/2024	21	164429594	P07	3/25/2024
2	164429575	B02	3/25/2024				
3	164429576	C01	3/25/2024				
4	164429577	A05	3/25/2024				
5	164429578	A04	3/25/2024				
6	164429579	A03	3/25/2024				
7	164429580	A02	3/25/2024				
8	164429581	A01	3/25/2024				
9	164429582	P01	3/25/2024				
10	164429583	P02	3/25/2024				
11	164429584	P03	3/25/2024				
12	164429585	P04	3/25/2024				
13	164429586	V02	3/25/2024				
14	164429587	V03	3/25/2024				
15	164429588	V04	3/25/2024				
16	164429589	V05	3/25/2024				
17	164429590	P06	3/25/2024				
18	164429591	P05	3/25/2024				
19	164429592	V01	3/25/2024				
20	164429593	C02	3/25/2024				

The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by

Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision

based on the parameters provided by Carter Components (Sanford, NC)).

Truss Design Engineer's Name: Gilbert, Eric

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2025

North Carolina COA: C-0844

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for TRENCO customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



March 25, 2024

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Forsyth 1 GRH 164429574 25010103 B01 Common Supported Gable Job Reference (optional) Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332 Run: 8.63 S Nov 1 2023 Print: 8.630 S Nov 1 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Mar 22 12:49:39 Page: 1 ID:7dfCqDKg9GXUvmqF5qfXSizIAhB-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f 30-9-8 14-11-8 29-11-0 14-11-8 14-11-8 0-10-8 4x5= 11 3x5 ڃ 3x5 ≤ 10 12 9 13 8 42 15 1<u>2</u> 6Г 41 6 16 8-3-12 5 17 18 40 43 19 20 32 38 35 33 30 23 3x8 ı 3x5= 3x8 II 29-11-0 Scale = 1:55.1 CSI **DEFL** L/d **PLATES** GRIP Loading (psf) Spacing 1-11-4 in (loc) I/defl TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.11 Vert(LL) n/a 999 MT20 244/190 n/a Snow (Pf) BC Vert(CT) 20.0 Lumber DOL 1 15 0.06 n/a n/a 999 **TCDL** 10.0 Rep Stress Incr WB 0.20 Horz(CT) 0.00 22 YES n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Matrix-MR BCDL 10.0 Weight: 188 lb FT = 20%TOP CHORD 2-39=-114/45, 1-2=0/27, 2-3=-145/63 LUMBER Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss 3-4=-98/65, 4-5=-67/77, 5-6=-49/100, only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 6-7=-39/129, 7-8=-57/173, 8-10=-75/218, 2x4 SP No.2 see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 10-11=-93/259, 11-12=-93/259, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1. WFBS 12-14=-75/218, 14-15=-57/173, TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 15-16=-39/129, 16-17=-28/85, 17-18=-42/49, Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate **BRACING** 18-19=-67/42, 19-20=-109/43, 20-21=0/27, DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 20-22=-101/29 Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD 38-39=-29/119, 37-38=-29/119, Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc 36-37=-29/119, 35-36=-29/119, desian. bracing 34-35=-29/119, 33-34=-29/119, This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live REACTIONS (size) 22=29-11-0, 23=29-11-0, 32-33=-29/119, 31-32=-29/119, load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on 24=29-11-0, 25=29-11-0, 29-31=-29/119, 28-29=-29/119 overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

26=29-11-0, 27=29-11-0, 28=29-11-0, 29=29-11-0, 31=29-11-0, 32=29-11-0, 33=29-11-0. 34=29-11-0. 35=29-11-0, 36=29-11-0, 37=29-11-0, 38=29-11-0, 39=29-11-0

Max Horiz 39=-109 (LC 12)

22=-20 (LC 11), 23=-103 (LC 15), 24=-39 (LC 15), 25=-43 (LC 15), 26=-42 (LC 15), 27=-42 (LC 15), 28=-45 (LC 15), 29=-39 (LC 15), 32=-40 (LC 14), 33=-44 (LC 14),

34=-42 (LC 14), 35=-42 (LC 14), 36=-44 (LC 14), 37=-37 (LC 14), 38=-127 (LC 14), 39=-55 (LC 10) 22=123 (LC 31), 23=94 (LC 29), Max Grav 24=163 (LC 22), 25=154 (LC 22), 26=155 (LC 35), 27=170 (LC 22), 28=221 (LC 22), 29=237 (LC 22), 31=178 (LC 27), 32=237 (LC 21), 33=221 (LC 21), 34=170 (LC 21),

35=155 (LC 34), 36=154 (LC 21).

37=163 (LC 21), 38=113 (LC 28),

39=150 (LC 26) (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

27-28=-29/119, 26-27=-29/119 25-26=-29/119, 24-25=-29/119, 23-24=-29/119. 22-23=-29/119 WFBS 11-31=-166/24, 10-32=-198/68,

8-33=-182/79, 7-34=-131/74, 6-35=-117/75, 5-36=-115/73, 4-37=-122/85, 3-38=-71/97, 12-29=-198/68, 14-28=-182/79, 15-27=-131/74, 16-26=-117/75, 17-25=-115/73, 18-24=-122/84,

NOTES

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for

19-23=-65/101

Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2N) 2-1-8 to 11-11-8, Corner(3R) 11-11-8 to 17-11-8, Exterior (2N) 17-11-8 to 27-9-8, Corner(3E) 27-9-8 to 30-9-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed: C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown: Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.



Continued on page 2

FORCES

Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job		Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	3	B01	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	164429574

ID: 7df CqDKg 9GXUvmqF5qfXSizIAhB-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?ff

Run: 8.63 S Nov 1 2023 Print: 8.630 S Nov 1 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Mar 22 12:49:39

Page: 2

- 12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 55 lb uplift at joint 39, 20 lb uplift at joint 22, 40 lb uplift at joint 32, 44 lb uplift at joint 33, 42 lb uplift at joint 34, 42 lb uplift at joint 35, 44 lb uplift at joint 36, 37 lb uplift at joint 37, 127 lb uplift at joint 38, 39 lb uplift at joint 29, 45 lb uplift at joint 28, 42 lb uplift at joint 27, 42 lb uplift at joint 26, 43 lb uplift at joint 25, 39 lb uplift at joint 24 and 103 lb uplift at joint 23.
- 14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

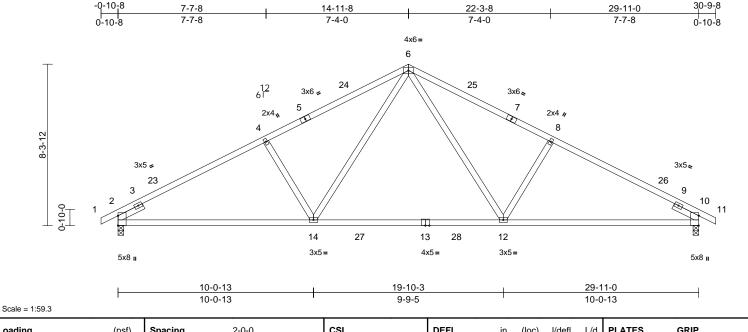


818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



Run: 8.63 E Dec 13 2023 Print: 8.630 E Dec 13 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Mar 25 10:17:09 ID:bqCa1ZKIwafLXwPReXAm_vzIAhA-JTLoPlcElugWnNigkIVbwI4TjCMpGjK6DytewhzXQU9

Page: 1



Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.88	Vert(LL)	-0.39	12-14	>926	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.92	Vert(CT)	-0.60	12-14	>594	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.32	Horz(CT)	0.10	10	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 143 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E *Except* 1-5,7-11:2x4 SP TOP CHORD No 1

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 -- 1-6-0, Right 2x4 SP No.3

-- 1-6-0

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

2-2-0 oc purlins

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=1249/0-3-8, 10=1249/0-3-8

Max Horiz 2=125 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 2=-131 (LC 14), 10=-131 (LC 15) Max Grav 2=1358 (LC 5), 10=1358 (LC 6)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250

(lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-4=-2076/241, 4-6=-1908/269, 6-8=-1908/269, 8-10=-2076/241

BOT CHORD 2-14=-268/1786, 12-14=-32/1237,

10-12=-157/1786

WEBS 6-12=-107/784, 8-12=-441/240, 6-14=-107/784, 4-14=-441/240

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior (1) 2-1-8 to 11-11-8, Exterior(2R) 11-11-8 to 17-11-8, Interior (1) 17-11-8 to 27-9-8, Exterior(2E) 27-9-8 to 30-9-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- One RT4 MiTek connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 10. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



March 25,2024

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



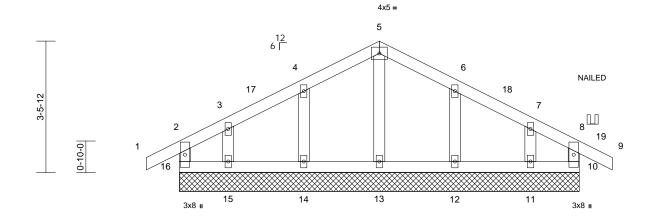
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	C01	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	164429576

Run: 8 63 S. Nov. 1 2023 Print: 8 630 S.Nov. 1 2023 MiTek Industries. Inc. Fri Mar 22 12:49:39 ID:30myFvLxhunC84_eCFh?X6zIAh9-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1

-0-10-8	5-3-8	10-7-0	11-5-8
0-10-8	5-3-8	5-3-8	0-10-8

10-7-0



Scale = 1:30.5

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	1-11-4	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.12	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.04	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.05	Horz(CT)	0.00	10	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MR								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 51 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No 3 WFBS OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing

REACTIONS (size)

10=10-7-0, 11=10-7-0, 12=10-7-0, 13=10-7-0, 14=10-7-0, 15=10-7-0, 16=10-7-0

Max Horiz 16=54 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 10=-41 (LC 47), 11=-103 (LC 55),

12=-47 (LC 15), 14=-47 (LC 54), 15=-48 (LC 14), 16=-49 (LC 52)

Max Grav 10=219 (LC 24), 11=163 (LC 45), 12=249 (LC 22), 13=159 (LC 21),

14=249 (LC 44), 15=167 (LC 21), 16=123 (LC 44)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

2-16=-113/123, 1-2=0/27, 2-3=-26/58, TOP CHORD

3-4=-31/94, 4-5=-41/164, 5-6=-41/164, 6-7=-31/97, 7-8=-21/31, 8-9=-18/75,

8-10=-200/109

BOT CHORD 15-16=-38/74, 14-15=-38/74, 13-14=-38/74, 12-13=-38/74, 11-12=-38/74, 10-11=-38/74

WEBS 5-13=-121/0, 4-14=-208/134, 3-15=-135/91,

6-12=-209/133, 7-11=-133/158

NOTES

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Corner(3R) 2-1-8 to 8-5-8, Corner(3E) 8-5-8 to 11-5-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 49 lb uplift at joint 16, 41 lb uplift at joint 10, 47 lb uplift at joint 14, 48 lb uplift at joint 15, 47 lb uplift at joint 12 and 103 lb uplift at ioint 11.

- 14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 15) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.
- 16) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-2=-58, 2-5=-58, 5-8=-58, 8-9=-58, 10-16=-19

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 19=-24 (B)



March 25,2024

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

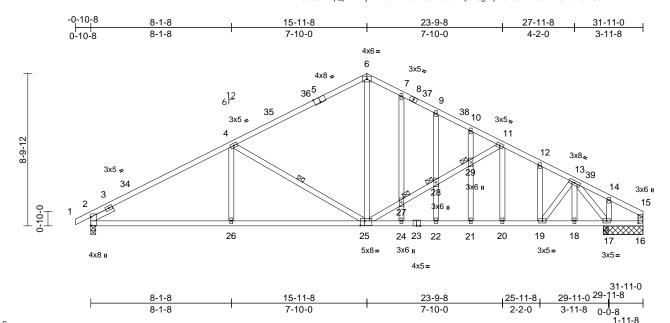
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Forsyth 1 GRH 164429577 25010103 A05 Common Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332,

Run: 8.63 S Nov 1 2023 Print: 8.630 S Nov 1 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Mar 22 12:49:39 ID:UbS5twNp_pAn?XjDtNEi9lzIAh6-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f



Scale = 1:66.6

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [5:0-4-0,Edge], [15:0-3-12,0-1-8], [25:0-3-0,0-3-4]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	1-11-4	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.95	Vert(LL)	-0.25	22-24	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.92	Vert(CT)	-0.41	22-24	>869	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.90	Horz(CT)	0.07	16	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 202 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 5-6:2x4 SP No.1, TOP CHORD

1-5:2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 -- 1-6-0

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing, Except: 2-2-0 oc bracing: 2-26. 4-25

WEBS 1 Row at midpt 1 Brace at Jt(s): 27,

JOINTS 28, 29

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 16=2-3-8, 17=2-3-8

Max Horiz 2=137 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 2=-132 (LC 14), 16=-13 (LC 15), 17=-110 (LC 15)

2=1223 (LC 21), 16=38 (LC 22), Max Grav

17=1278 (LC 1)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/23, 2-4=-1872/218, 4-6=-1292/239,

6-7=-1142/251, 7-9=-1190/233, 9-10=-1201/197, 10-11=-1233/176, 11-12=-1466/214, 12-13=-1377/180,

13-14=-46/62, 14-15=-10/36 BOT CHORD 2-26=-259/1593, 24-26=-210/1593,

22-24=-83/1262, 21-22=-83/1262, 20-21=-83/1262, 19-20=-83/1262,

18-19=-60/797, 17-18=-60/797, 16-17=0/0

WEBS 6-25=-58/646, 25-27=-322/176,

27-28=-338/175, 28-29=-288/164, 11-29=-284/170, 11-20=-34/79, 4-25=-656/214, 4-26=0/275, 7-27=-67/64, 24-27=-99/22, 9-28=-137/64, 22-28=-31/50, 10-29=-46/34, 21-29=-39/45, 12-19=-315/50,

13-18=-157/34, 14-17=-180/72, 13-19=-37/744, 13-17=-1277/97.

15-16=-33/22

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-3-13, Interior (1) 2-3-13 to 12-9-3, Exterior(2R) 12-9-3 to 19-1-13, Interior (1) 19-1-13 to 28-6-15, Exterior(2E) 28-6-15 to 31-9-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

Page: 1

- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2, 16, and 17. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



March 25,2024

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)





Run: 8.63 S Nov 1 2023 Print: 8.630 S Nov 1 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Mar 22 12:49:38 ID:?PujgaNBDV2wON80KfjTcXzIAh7-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1

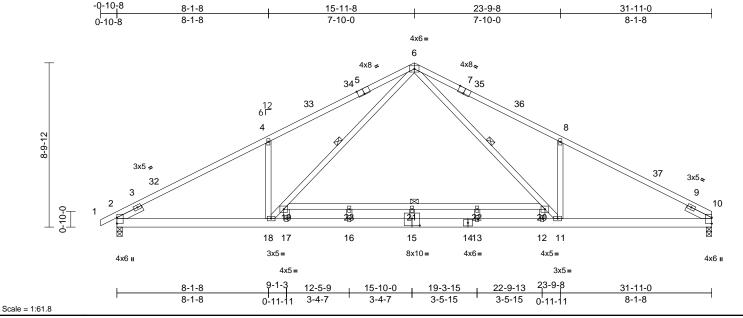


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [5:0-4-0,Edge], [7:0-4-0,Edge], [15:0-5-0,0-4-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	1-11-4	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.73	Vert(LL)	-0.19	15	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.68	Vert(CT)	-0.43	13-15	>893	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.54	Horz(CT)	0.05	10	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 204 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 11-6,18-6,19-20:2x4 SP No.2

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 -- 1-6-0, Right 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-10-5 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

WEBS 1 Row at midpt 6-11, 6-18, 19-20

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 10=0-3-8 Max Horiz 2=136 (LC 18)

Max Uplift 2=-134 (LC 14), 10=-118 (LC 15)

Max Grav 2=1288 (LC 1), 10=1236 (LC 1)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/23, 2-4=-2016/233, 4-6=-2078/364,

6-8=-2082/369, 8-10=-2020/237 **BOT CHORD** 2-18=-218/1732, 17-18=0/1413,

16-17=0/1413, 13-16=0/1413, 12-13=0/1413,

11-12=0/1413, 10-11=-129/1737 6-20=-208/985, 11-20=-456/469,

8-11=-545/280, 18-19=-465/461,

6-19=-208/980, 4-18=-544/279,

19-23=-576/0, 21-23=-576/0, 21-22=-576/0,

20-22=-576/0, 15-21=0/50, 17-19=0/645,

12-20=0/644, 13-22=-17/0, 16-23=-20/0

NOTES

WEBS

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-3-13, Interior (1) 2-3-13 to 12-9-3. Exterior(2R) 12-9-3 to 19-1-13. Interior (1) 19-1-13 to 28-8-11, Exterior(2E) 28-8-11 to 31-11-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed: C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 10. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



March 25,2024

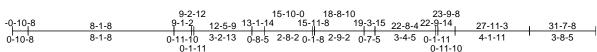
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	A03	Common	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	164429579

Run: 8,63 S Nov 1 2023 Print: 8,630 S Nov 1 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Mar 22 12:49:38 ID:?PujgaNBDV2wON80KfjTcXzIAh7-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f



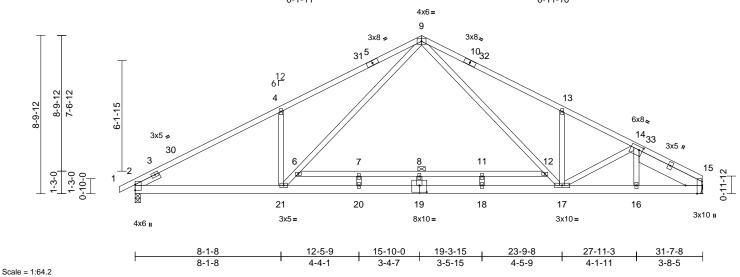


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [14:0-2-5,0-2-4], [15:0-5-8,Edge], [19:0-5-0,0-4-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	1-11-4	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.70	Vert(LL)	-0.31	19	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.83	Vert(CT)	-0.67	19	>570	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.34	Horz(CT)	0.04	15	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 221 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E *Except* 6-12:2x4 SP TOP CHORD

No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 21-9,17-9:2x4 SP No.2

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 -- 1-6-0, Right 2x8 SP

2400F 2.0E -- 4-0-10

BRACING TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

3-8-6 oc purlins. Except:

1 Row at midpt 6-12

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 15= Mechanical

Max Horiz 2=139 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 2=-134 (LC 14), 15=-115 (LC 15)

Max Grav 2=1290 (LC 21), 15=1236 (LC 22)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/23, 2-4=-2076/207, 4-9=-2148/342,

9-13=-2143/323, 13-14=-1987/201, 14-15=-764/105, 6-7=-46/0, 7-8=-46/0,

8-11=-46/0, 11-12=-46/0

BOT CHORD 2-21=-208/1783, 20-21=-53/1166,

18-20=-53/1166, 17-18=-53/1166,

16-17=-154/1604, 15-16=-155/1601

WEBS 4-21=-568/283, 6-21=-207/1017,

6-9=-198/1053, 13-17=-569/247, 8-19=0/24, 7-20=0/19, 11-18=0/5, 9-12=-165/1049,

12-17=-171/1018, 14-17=0/225,

14-16=-150/0

NOTES

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-3-13, Interior (1) 2-3-13 to 12-9-3, Exterior(2R) 12-9-3 to 19-1-13, Interior (1) 19-1-13 to 28-5-3, Exterior(2E) 28-5-3 to 31-7-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed: C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated. 7)
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 115 lb uplift at joint
- 12) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

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LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	A02	Common	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	164429580

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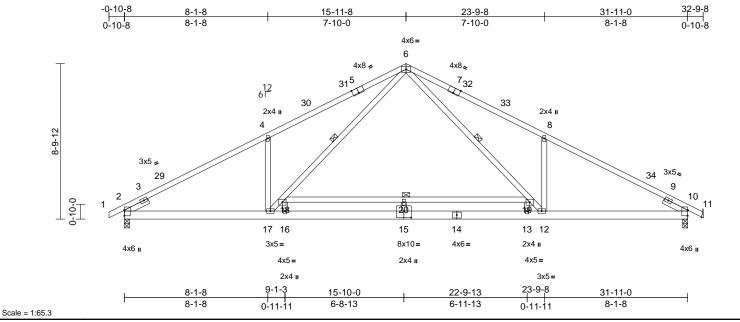


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [5:0-4-0,Edge], [7:0-4-0,Edge], [15:0-5-0,0-4-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.76	Vert(LL)	-0.20	15	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.65	Vert(CT)	-0.45	13-15	>856	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.54	Horz(CT)	0.05	11	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 204 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 12-6,17-6,18-19:2x4 SP No.2

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.2 -- 1-6-0, Right 2x4 SP No.2

-- 1-6-0

BRACING

WEBS

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-6-8 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

1 Row at midpt 6-12, 6-17, 18-19

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 10=0-3-8, 11= Mechanical Max Horiz 2=136 (LC 18)

Max Uplift 2=-139 (LC 14), 10=-240 (LC 15), 11=-50 (LC 35)

Max Grav 2=1330 (LC 21), 10=1340 (LC 1),

11=106 (LC 15)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/23

1-2=0/23, 2-4=-2083/236, 4-6=-2147/375,

6-8=-2153/366, 8-10=-2089/231,

10-11=-46/52

BOT CHORD 2-17=-218/1790, 16-17=0/1458,

13-16=0/1458, 12-13=0/1458,

10-12=-107/1796

WEBS 6-19=-195/1020, 12-19=-431/492,

8-12=-563/285, 17-18=-476/485,

6-18=-214/1011, 4-17=-562/288, 18-20=-591/0, 19-20=-591/0, 15-20=0/25,

16-18=0/656, 13-19=0/656

NOTES

 Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-3-13, Interior (1) 2-3-13 to 12-9-3, Exterior(2R) 12-9-3 to 19-1-13, Interior (1) 19-1-13 to 29-6-7, Exterior(2E) 29-6-7 to 32-8-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 50 lb uplift at joint
- 10) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 10. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

Design valid for use only with Mil 1ek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANS/ITPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Forsyth 1 GRH 164429581 25010103 A01 Common Supported Gable Job Reference (optional) Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332, Run: 8.63 S Nov 1 2023 Print: 8.630 S Nov 1 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Mar 22 12:49:36 Page: 1

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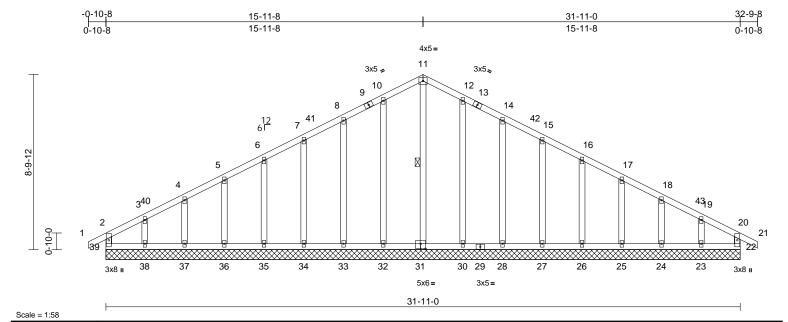


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [31:0-3-0,0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	1-11-4	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.12	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.06	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.22	Horz(CT)	0.01	22	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MR								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 206 lb	FT = 20%

	FORCES
2x4 SP No.2	
2x4 SP No.2	TOP CHORD
2x4 SP No.3	
2x4 SP No.3	
	2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

BRACING

	bracing.	
WEBS	1 Row at	midpt 11-31
REACTIONS	(size)	22=31-11-0, 23=31-11-0,
		24=31-11-0, 25=31-11-0,
		26=31-11-0, 27=31-11-0,
		28=31-11-0, 30=31-11-0,
		31=31-11-0, 32=31-11-0,
		33=31-11-0, 34=31-11-0,
		35=31-11-0, 36=31-11-0,
		37=31-11-0, 38=31-11-0,
		39=31-11-0
	Max Horiz	39=114 (LC 13)
	Max Uplift	22=-14 (LC 11), 23=-85 (LC 15),
		24=-33 (LC 15), 25=-45 (LC 15),
		26=-42 (LC 15), 27=-42 (LC 15),
		28=-46 (LC 15), 30=-36 (LC 15),
		32=-40 (LC 14), 33=-45 (LC 14),
		34=-42 (LC 14), 35=-42 (LC 14),
		36=-45 (LC 14), 37=-30 (LC 14),
		38=-96 (LC 14), 39=-37 (LC 10)
	Max Grav	22=139 (LC 22), 23=139 (LC 35),
		24=159 (LC 22), 25=155 (LC 22),
		26=155 (LC 35), 27=170 (LC 22),
		28=220 (LC 22), 30=239 (LC 22),

31=183 (LC 27), 32=235 (LC 21),

33=222 (LC 21), 34=170 (LC 21),

35=155 (LC 34), 36=155 (LC 21),

37=159 (LC 21), 38=144 (LC 24),

39=139 (LC 25)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

2-39=-120/76, 1-2=0/27, 2-3=-125/68, 3-4=-80/74, 4-5=-57/97, 5-6=-46/120, 6-7=-56/161, 7-8=-73/205, 8-10=-91/251, 10-11=-108/291, 11-12=-108/287, 12-14=-91/248, 14-15=-73/202, 15-16=-55/158, 16-17=-37/114,

17-18=-37/70, 18-19=-54/49, 19-20=-96/38, 20-21=0/27, 20-22=-121/69 38-39=-32/112, 37-38=-32/112

BOT CHORD 36-37=-32/112, 35-36=-32/112, 34-35=-32/112, 33-34=-32/112, 32-33=-32/112, 30-32=-32/115, 28-30=-31/115, 27-28=-31/115, 26-27=-31/115, 25-26=-31/115, 24-25=-31/115, 23-24=-31/115,

22-23=-31/115 **WEBS** 11-31=-191/37, 10-32=-198/66, 8-33=-182/80, 7-34=-131/74, 6-35=-116/75, 5-36=-116/75, 4-37=-119/72, 3-38=-102/106, 12-30=-198/66, 14-28=-182/80,

15-27=-131/74, 16-26=-116/75, 17-25=-116/76, 18-24=-120/71, 19-23=-102/113

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-3-13, Exterior (2N) 2-3-13 to 12-9-3, Corner(3R) 12-9-3 to 19-1-13, Exterior(2N) 19-1-13 to 29-7-3, Corner(3E) 29-7-3 to 32-9-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1 00: Ct=1 10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.



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Continued on page 2

Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	A01	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	64429581

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Page: 2

12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 37 lb uplift at joint 39, 14 lb uplift at joint 22, 40 lb uplift at joint 32, 45 lb uplift at joint 33, 42 lb uplift at joint 34, 42 lb uplift at joint 35, 45 lb uplift at joint 36, 30 lb uplift at joint 37, 96 lb uplift at joint 38, 36 lb uplift at joint 30, 46 lb uplift at joint 28, 42 lb uplift at joint 27, 42 lb uplift at joint 26, 45 lb uplift at joint 25, 33 lb uplift at joint 24 and 85 lb uplift at joint 23.
- 14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

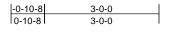
LOAD CASE(S) Standard

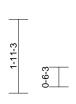


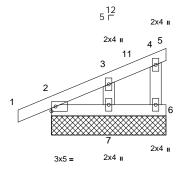
818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	P01	Monopitch Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	164429582

Run: 8 63 S. Nov. 1 2023 Print: 8 630 S.Nov. 1 2023 MiTek Industries. Inc. Fri Mar 22 12:49:40 ID:30myFvLxhunC84_eCFh?X6zIAh9-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1









2-8-12	3	-0- 	C
2-8-12	0	-3-	4

Scale = 1:30.2

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	1-11-4	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.08	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.02	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.04	Horz(CT)	0.00	5	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 13 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

3-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

BOT CHORD REACTIONS (size)

7=3-0-0, 8=3-0-0 Max Horiz 2=57 (LC 13), 8=57 (LC 13) Max Uplift 2=-23 (LC 10), 5=-2 (LC 25), 6=-14

2=3-0-0, 5=3-0-0, 6=3-0-0,

(LC 14), 7=-30 (LC 14), 8=-23 (LC 10)

Max Grav 2=166 (LC 21), 5=2 (LC 10), 6=80 (LC 21), 7=142 (LC 21), 8=166 (LC

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/29, 2-3=-101/60, 3-4=-30/36, 4-5=-9/2, 4-6=-70/59

BOT CHORD 2-7=-32/52, 6-7=-17/30

WEBS 3-7=-115/138

NOTES

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2N) 2-1-8 to 3-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 23 lb uplift at joint 2, 2 lb uplift at joint 5, 14 lb uplift at joint 6, 30 lb uplift at joint 7 and 23 lb uplift at joint 2.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



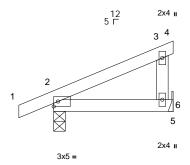
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	P02	Monopitch	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	164429583

Run: 8 63 S. Nov. 1 2023 Print: 8 630 S.Nov. 1 2023 MiTek Industries. Inc. Fri Mar 22 12:49:40 ID:30myFvLxhunC84_eCFh?X6zIAh9-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1









2-8-12	-0-	0
2-8-12	 -3-	4

Scale = 1:28.9

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.13	Vert(LL)	0.00	6-9	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.08	Vert(CT)	-0.01	6-9	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	2	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 13 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

3-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 6= Mechanical

Max Horiz 2=59 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 2=-29 (LC 14), 6=-25 (LC 14)

Max Grav 2=237 (LC 21), 6=167 (LC 21) (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

FORCES Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/30, 2-3=-78/75, 3-4=-9/0, 3-6=-126/54

BOT CHORD 2-6=-41/65, 5-6=0/0

NOTES

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to 8) bearing plate capable of withstanding 25 lb uplift at joint
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



March 25,2024

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

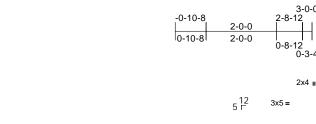
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPII Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSB Building Component Safety Information, available from the Structural Building Component Safety Information and Safety Information, available from the Structural Building Component Safety Information and Safety In and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

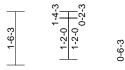


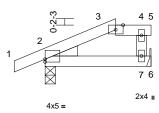
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	P03	Half Hip	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	164429584

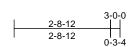
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Scale = 1:32.6

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:Edge,0-0-15], [3:0-2-8,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	1-11-4	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.81	Vert(LL)	0.03	7-10	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.85	Vert(CT)	-0.04	7-10	>819	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.05	Horz(CT)	0.01	2	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 13 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

3-0-0 oc purlins, except 2-0-0 oc purlins: 3-5.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 7= Mechanical

Max Horiz 2=36 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 2=-33 (LC 14), 7=-55 (LC 11) Max Grav 2=244 (LC 36), 7=401 (LC 35)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/28, 2-3=-305/446, 3-4=-17/10, 4-5=0/0

BOT CHORD 2-7=-229/310, 6-7=0/0

WEBS 4-7=-263/118

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 55 lb uplift at joint
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 14) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-3=-58, 3-5=-358 (F=-300), 6-8=-19



March 25,2024

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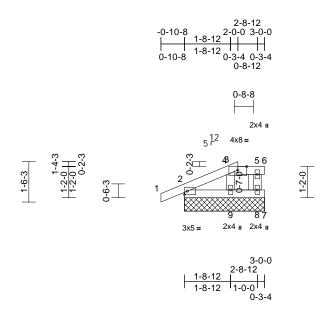
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see "ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information" available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



818 Soundside Roa Edenton, NC 27932

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Page: 1



Scale = 1:43.1

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	1-11-4	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.09	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.03	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.08	Horz(CT)	0.00	6	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0	l									Weight: 13 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

3-0-0 oc purlins, except 2-0-0 oc purlins: 4-6.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size)

2=3-0-0, 6=3-0-0, 7=3-0-0, 8=3-0-0, 9=3-0-0, 10=3-0-0

Max Horiz 2=36 (LC 14), 10=36 (LC 14) Max Uplift 2=-23 (LC 10), 6=-9 (LC 43), 7=-4

(LC 20), 8=-45 (LC 10), 9=-37 (LC 14), 10=-23 (LC 10)

Max Grav 2=160 (LC 36), 6=1 (LC 36), 7=1 (LC 10), 8=289 (LC 35), 9=228 (LC

36), 10=160 (LC 36)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/28, 2-3=-94/56, 3-4=-10/17,

4-5=-18/17, 5-6=0/0 2-9=-26/12, 8-9=0/0, 7-8=0/0

BOT CHORD WEBS 5-8=-272/259, 3-9=-204/238

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 23 lb uplift at joint 2, 4 lb uplift at joint 7, 9 lb uplift at joint 6, 45 lb uplift at
- joint 8, 37 lb uplift at joint 9 and 23 lb uplift at joint 2. 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 15) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-4=-58, 4-6=-358 (F=-300), 7-10=-19



March 25,2024

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

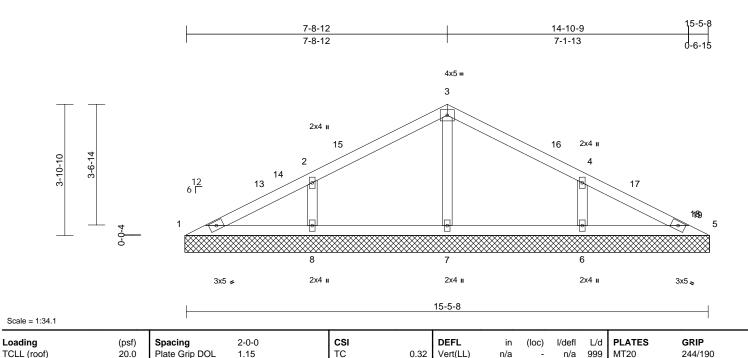
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	V02	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	164429586

Run: 8.63 S Nov 1 2023 Print: 8.630 S Nov 1 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Mar 22 12:49:41 ID:30myFvLxhunC84_eCFh?X6zIAh9-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1



LU	M	В	Е	R
		_	_	٠.

Snow (Pf)

TCDL

BCLL

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

20.0

10.0

10.0

0.0

Lumber DOL

Code

Rep Stress Incr

1 15

YES

IRC2018/TPI2014

6-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=15-6-8, 5=15-6-8, 6=15-6-8,

7=15-6-8, 8=15-6-8 Max Horiz 1=64 (LC 14)

1=-6 (LC 15), 6=-97 (LC 15), Max Uplift

8=-100 (LC 14)

1=97 (LC 33), 5=65 (LC 34), 6=486 Max Grav (LC 21), 7=345 (LC 20), 8=491 (LC

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-134/123, 2-3=-53/123, 3-4=-55/116, 4-5=-108/121

BOT CHORD 1-8=-58/114, 7-8=-58/52, 6-7=-58/52,

5-6=-58/97

3-7=-271/77, 2-8=-394/169, 4-6=-392/172

WEBS NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Interior (1) 3-0-0 to 4-9-4, Exterior(2R) 4-9-4 to 10-9-4, Interior (1) 10-9-4 to 11-9-4, Exterior(2E) 11-9-4 to 14-11-1 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

0.11

0.08

Vert(TL)

Horiz(TL)

n/a

0.00

n/a 999

n/a n/a

Weight: 56 lb

FT = 20%

5

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this 5) design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.

BC

WB

Matrix-MSH

- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 6 lb uplift at joint
- 11) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 8 and 6. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 12) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1.5.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	V03	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	164429587

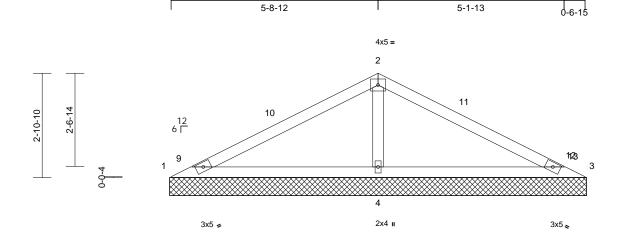
5-8-12

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332,

Run: 8.63 S Nov 1 2023 Print: 8.630 S Nov 1 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Mar 22 12:49:41 ID:XCKLSFMZSBv3mDZqmyCE3KzIAh8-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

10-10-9

Page: 1



Scale = 1:31.9

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.58	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.53	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.16	Horiz(TL)	0.01	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 38 lb	FT = 20%

11-5-8

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or TOP CHORD

10-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=11-6-8, 3=11-6-8, 4=11-6-8

Max Horiz 1=48 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 1=-58 (LC 21), 3=-79 (LC 20),

4=-78 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=108 (LC 20), 3=70 (LC 21),

4=901 (LC 20)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension TOP CHORD 1-2=-180/532, 2-3=-179/526

1-4=-382/217, 3-4=-382/217 BOT CHORD

WFBS 2-4=-705/355

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Exterior(2R) 3-0-0 to 7-11-1, Exterior(2E) 7-11-1 to 10-11-1 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this desian.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom
- chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 58 lb uplift at joint 1 and 79 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 11) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 4. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 12) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

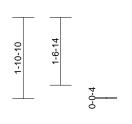
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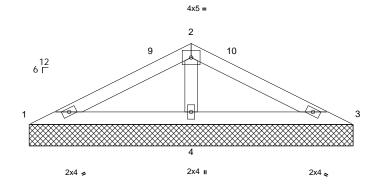


Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	V04	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	164429588

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7-5-8

Scale = 1:26.8

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.23	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190	
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.25	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999			
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.07	Horiz(TL)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a			
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP									
PCDI	10.0			1		l					Mojaht: 22 lb	ET - 200/	

LUMBER

2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or TOP CHORD

7-5-8 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=7-6-8, 3=7-6-8, 4=7-6-8

Max Horiz 1=27 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 1=-10 (LC 14), 3=-16 (LC 15),

4=-40 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=111 (LC 20), 3=111 (LC 21),

4=504 (LC 21)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-125/257, 2-3=-125/257 1-4=-192/148, 3-4=-192/148 BOT CHORD

WEBS 2-4=-347/203

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Exterior(2R) 3-0-0 to 4-6-8, Exterior(2E) 4-6-8 to 7-6-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this desian.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom
- chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 10 lb uplift at joint 1 and 16 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 11) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 4. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 12) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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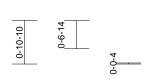
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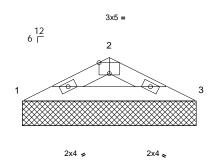


Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	V05	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	164429589

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1-8-12	2-10-9	3-5-8
1-8-12	1-1-13	
	·	0-6-15





3-5-8

Scale = 1:23.4

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-2-8,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.09	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.11	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horiz(TL)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 9 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or TOP CHORD

3-5-8 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=3-6-8, 3=3-6-8 Max Horiz 1=-11 (LC 15)

Max Uplift 1=-14 (LC 14), 3=-14 (LC 15) Max Grav 1=158 (LC 20), 3=158 (LC 21)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-258/119, 2-3=-258/119

BOT CHORD 1-3=-94/224

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1)
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this desian.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 7) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 14 lb uplift at joint 1 and 14 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



March 25,2024

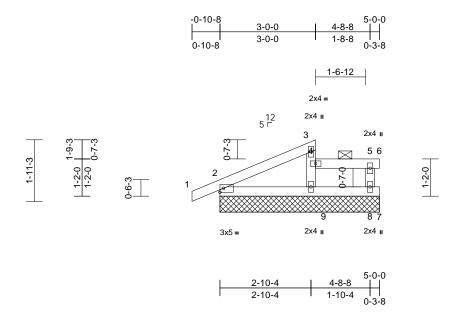
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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	P06	Half Hip Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	164429590

Run: 8.63 S Nov 1 2023 Print: 8.630 S Nov 1 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Mar 22 12;49:40 ID:VMqP4UXM8I65YUqP?ivwb9zHdXo-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1



Scale = 1:36.1

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	1-11-4	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.13	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.09	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.05	Horz(CT)	0.00	2	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0	l									Weight: 19 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

BRACING TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins: 4-9, 4-6.

2=5-0-0, 6=5-0-0, 7=5-0-0,

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size)

8=5-0-0, 9=5-0-0, 10=5-0-0 Max Horiz 2=72 (LC 14), 10=72 (LC 14) Max Uplift 2=-25 (LC 10), 6=-72 (LC 35),

7=-14 (LC 14), 8=-33 (LC 15), 9=-33 (LC 14), 10=-25 (LC 10)

Max Grav 2=221 (LC 36), 6=21 (LC 11), 7=16 (LC 36), 8=197 (LC 35), 9=202 (LC

36), 10=221 (LC 36)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

1-2=0/28, 2-3=-134/82, 4-9=-120/164,

3-4=-96/104, 4-5=0/0, 5-6=0/0

BOT CHORD 2-9=-92/56, 8-9=0/0, 7-8=0/0

WEBS 5-8=-187/176

NOTES

TOP CHORD

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 5-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 25 lb uplift at joint 2, 14 lb uplift at joint 7, 33 lb uplift at joint 9, 72 lb uplift
- at joint 6, 33 lb uplift at joint 8 and 25 lb uplift at joint 2. 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

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building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



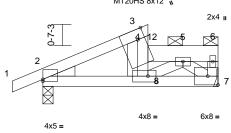
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	P05	Half Hip	4	1	Job Reference (optional)	164429591

Run: 8 63 S. Nov. 1 2023 Print: 8 630 S.Nov. 1 2023 MiTek Industries. Inc. Fri Mar 22 12:49:40 ID:VMqP4UXM8I65YUqP?ivwb9zHdXo-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1











2-10-12	5-0-0
2-10-12	2-1-4

Scale = 1:32.9

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:Edge,0-0-11], [3:0-3-8,Edge], [8:0-2-12,0-2-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.61	Vert(LL)	0.02	8	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.28	Vert(CT)	-0.03	7-8	>999	180	MT20HS	187/143
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.39	Horz(CT)	0.01	7	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 26 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 4-6:2x6 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 3-8,3-8:2x4 SP No.2

WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

4-8-2 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-3-10 max.): 4-8, 4-6.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-8-14 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8. 7= Mechanical

Max Horiz 2=59 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 2=-128 (LC 14), 7=-241 (LC 11) Max Grav 2=919 (LC 36), 7=1656 (LC 39)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/29, 2-3=-1538/694, 4-8=-644/336,

3-4=-222/577, 4-5=-2337/1109, 5-6=-10/15,

6-7=-129/67

BOT CHORD 2-8=-623/1386, 7-8=-718/1552 WEBS 5-7=-2112/999, 5-8=-424/952

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 4-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 241 lb uplift at
- 12) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at it(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 15) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 1449 lb down and 650 lb up at 3-1-8 on top chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 16) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 4-6=-360 (F=-300), 7-9=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 12=-1300 (F)



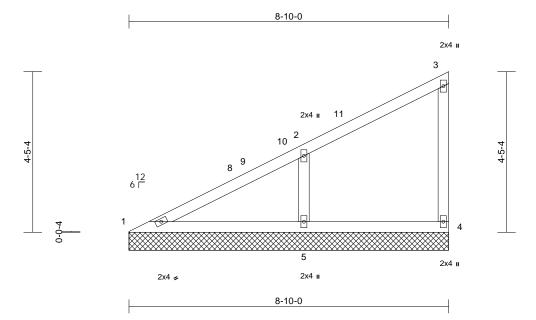
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	V01	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	164429592

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Scale	=	1:31	١R

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	1-11-4	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.36	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.21	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.09	Horiz(TL)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 35 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size)

1=8-10-0, 4=8-10-0, 5=8-10-0

Max Horiz 1=150 (LC 11)

Max Uplift 4=-21 (LC 11), 5=-93 (LC 14) Max Grav 1=149 (LC 1), 4=156 (LC 20),

5=553 (LC 20)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-252/155, 2-3=-103/84, 3-4=-135/45

BOT CHORD 1-5=-50/236, 4-5=-50/74 WEBS 2-5=-424/232

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-8 to 3-0-8, Interior (1) 3-0-8 to 4-5-13, Exterior(2R) 4-5-13 to 8-8-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 21 lb uplift at joint 4 and 93 lb uplift at joint 5.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



March 25,2024

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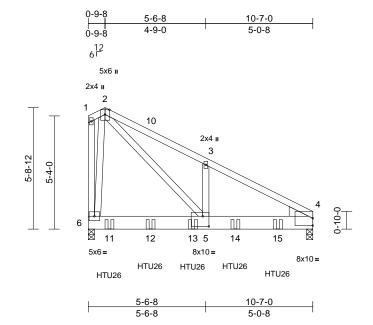


Job Truss Truss Type Qtv Ply Forsyth 1 GRH 164429593 25010103 C02 Common Girder 2 Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332,

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Page: 1



Scale = 1:54.3

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [4:Edge,0-4-1], [5:0-3-8,0-5-12]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	1-11-4	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.32	Vert(LL)	-0.05	5-6	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.30	Vert(CT)	-0.10	5-6	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.60	Horz(CT)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 161 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x8 SP 2400F 2.0E

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 2-5:2x4 SP No.2

WEDGE Right: 2x6 SP No.2 BRACING

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD**

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

5-11-5 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

REACTIONS (size) 4=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8

Max Horiz 6=-178 (LC 10)

Max Uplift 4=-332 (LC 13), 6=-419 (LC 13)

Max Grav 4=3208 (LC 19), 6=3693 (LC 19)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-117/74, 2-3=-4059/521, 3-4=-4071/422,

1-6=-109/62

BOT CHORD 5-6=-13/308, 4-5=-320/3576

WEBS 3-5=-255/194, 2-6=-2022/278, 2-5=-612/4911

NOTES

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

- Web connected as follows: 2x4 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
- All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 4) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this desian.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 4 and 6. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26 (20-10d Girder, 11-10dx1 1/2 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 1-0-0 from the left end to 8-11-4 to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord
- 12) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber. LOAD CASE(S) Standard
- Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-2=-58, 2-4=-58, 6-7=-19 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 11=-1218 (B), 12=-1217 (B), 13=-1217 (B), 14=-1217 (B), 15=-1217 (B)



March 25,2024

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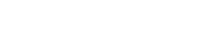
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty Ply Forsyth 1 GRH		Forsyth 1 GRH	
25010103	P07	Half Hip	1	2	Job Reference (optional)	164429594

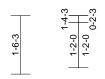
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2x4 II

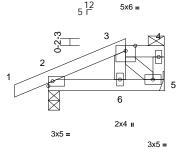
-0-10-8	2-0-0	3-0-0	
0-10-8	2-0-0	1-0-0	

10-10-81









1	1-10-4	3-0-0	Ì
	1-10-4	1-1-12	

Scale = 1:29.8

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	1-11-4	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.04	Vert(LL)	0.00	6	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.03	Vert(CT)	0.00	6	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.02	Horz(CT)	0.00	5	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 28 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

3-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and

2-0-0 oc purlins: 3-4.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 5= Mechanical

Max Horiz 2=36 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 2=-38 (LC 14), 5=-47 (LC 11)

Max Grav 2=262 (LC 36), 5=324 (LC 35) (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

FORCES Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/28, 2-3=-182/73, 3-4=-18/23,

4-5=-164/87

2-6=-46/153. 5-6=-49/150

BOT CHORD 3-5=-211/97, 3-6=0/42

WEBS NOTES

- 1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:
 - Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 1 row at 0-8-0
 - Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x4 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
 - Web connected as follows: 2x4 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
- All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 47 lb uplift at joint
- 13) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 15) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Page: 1

Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-3=-58, 3-4=-358 (F=-300), 5-7=-19



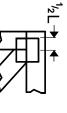
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

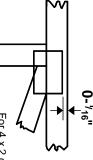


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated.
Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths.
Apply plates to both sides of truss and fully embed teeth.



For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- ¹/16" from outside edge of truss.

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This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

*Plate location details available in MiTek software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 × 4

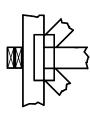
The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated.

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number/letter where bearings occur Min size shown is for crushing only.

Industry Standards:

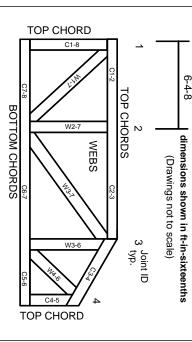
National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction Design Standard for Bracing.

Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

ANSI/TPI1: DSB-22:

n indicates joint where bearings occur.
n is for crushing only.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

Product Code Approvals

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1988, ESR-2362, ESR-2685, ESR-3282 ESR-4722, ESL-1388

Design General Notes

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

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MITEK



MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023

▲ General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.

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- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.

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- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
- Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- 15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.