Mark Morris, P.E.

#126, 1317-M, Summerville, SC 29483 843 209-5784, Fax (866)-213-4614

The truss drawing(s) listed below have been prepared by **Atlantic Building Components** under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by the truss designers.

AST #: 58494 JOB: 25-3337-R01

JOB NAME: LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS

Wind Code: ASCE7-16
Wind Speed: Vult= 120mph

Exposure Category: B

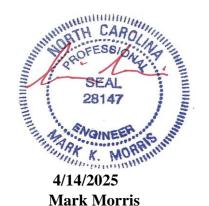
Mean Roof Height (feet): 23

These truss designs comply with IRC 2015 as well as IRC 2018.

22 Truss Design(s)

Trusses:

GR01, GR02, PB01, PB02, PB03, PB03A, PB04, R01, R02, R03, R05, R06, R07, R08, R09, R10, R11, R12, R12A, R14, SP01, SP02



My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is 12/31/2025

Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use.

Job Truss Type Truss LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS | 380 SHELBY MEADOW LANE ANGIER, NO 25-3337-R01 GR01 Common Supported Gable # 58494 Job Reference (optional) Run: 87.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Apr 15 09:44:56 2025 Page 1 ID:gUCksxzC6J7HT2yGkHFINYyiOvf-7JHzEenHnn1A6UCqHGwpcUwLNtdM49bfn5VhqyzQWsb Run: 87.430 s Feb 12 -0-10-8 0-10-8 22-10-8 0-10-8 11-0-0 22-0-0 11-0-0 11-0-0 Scale = 1:45.6 4x4 = 7 8 6 7.00 12 5 26 25 10 11 12 3x4 = 3x4 = 23 22 21 20 19 18 16 15 14 3x6 =22-0-0 LOADING (psf) GRIP SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d **PLATES** 20.0 TCLL (roof) Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.09 Vert(LL) 0.00 12 n/r 180 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf) 20.0 Lumber DOL ВС 0.10 Vert(CT) 0.00 1.15 13 n/r 80 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.12 Horz(CT) 0.00 12 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IRC2021/TPI2014 Matrix-SH Weight: 125 lb FT = 20%BCDI 10.0 LUMBER-**BRACING-**TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 22-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-135(LC 12)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 20, 21, 22, 23, 17, 16, 15, 14

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 19, 21, 22, 23, 16, 15, 14, 12 except 20=302(LC 5), 17=302(LC

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(13-16)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Exterior(2N) 3-11-2 to 6-2-6, Corner(3R) 6-2-6 to 15-9-10, Exterior(2N) 15-9-10 to 18-0-14, Corner(3E) 18-0-14 to 22-10-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B: Partially Exp.: Ce=1.0: Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

 Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of the state of the state
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 20, 21, 22, 23, 3 16, 15, 14.

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Continued on page 2

4/14/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY MI	EADOW LANE ANGIER, N
25-3337-R01	GR01	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 58494

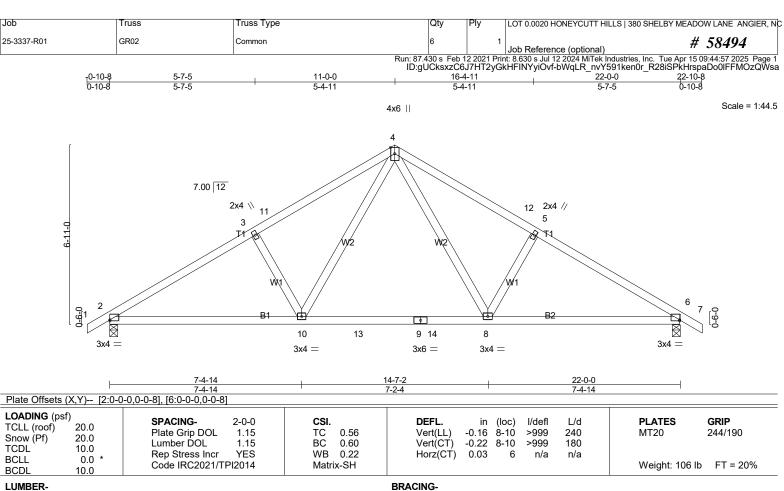
Run: 87.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MITek Industries, Inc. Tue Apr 15 09:44:56 2025 Page 2 ID:gUCksxzC6J7HT2yGkHFINYyiOvf-7JHzEenHnn1A6UCqHGwpcUwLNtdM49bfn5VhqyzQWsb

- 13) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 14) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the
- 15) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 16) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-5-5 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=930/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 6=930/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=-135(LC 12)

Max Uplift2=-82(LC 14), 6=-82(LC 15) Max Grav 2=958(LC 21), 6=958(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1384/112. 3-11=-1244/121. 4-11=-1121/146. 4-12=-1121/146. 5-12=-1244/122.

5-6=-1384/112

BOT CHORD 2-10=-115/1159, 10-13=-2/764, 9-13=-2/764, 9-14=-2/764, 8-14=-2/764, 6-8=-24/1130

WEBS 4-8=-78/547, 5-8=-357/158, 4-10=-78/547, 3-10=-357/158

(9-12)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 6-2-6, Exterior(2R) 6-2-6 to 15-9-10, Interior(1) 15-9-10 to 18-0-14, Exterior(2E) 18-0-14 to 22-10-8 zone; C-C for members and forces &
- MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

 Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truse to begins a late.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6.

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4/14/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY M	EADOW LANE ANGIER, N
25-3337-R01	GR02	Common	6	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 58494

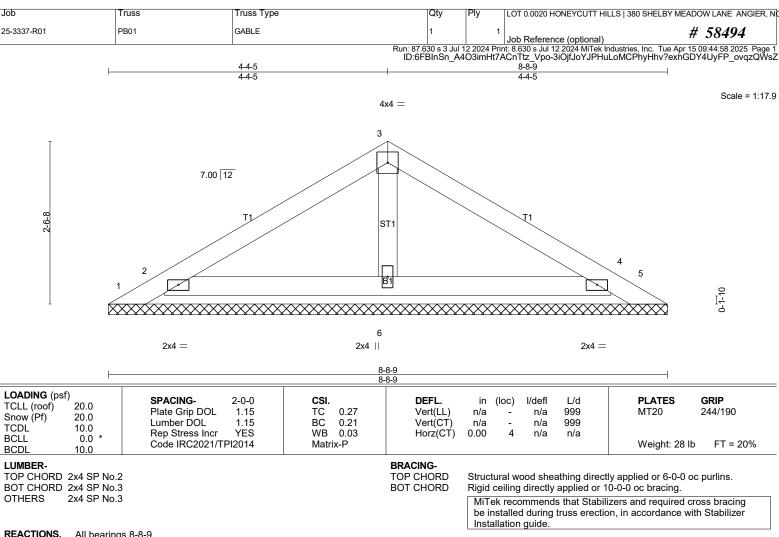
Run: 87.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MITek Industries, Inc. Tue Apr 15 09:44:57 2025 Page 2 ID:gUCksxzC6J7HT2yGkHFINYyiOvf-bWqLR_nvY591ken0r_R28iSPkHrspaDo0IFFMOzQWsa

- 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the
- 11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 12) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





All bearings 8-8-9.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-46(LC 12)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) except 1=-170(LC 21), 5=-170(LC 22), 2=-120(LC 14), 4=-111(LC 15)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 6 except 2=470(LC 21), 4=470(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(12-15)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough
- Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 170 lb uplift at joint 1, 170 lb uplift at joint 5,
- designer.

 12) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

 13) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered.

 14) Web bracing shown is for leteral.

- 14) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Never to Bos.

 Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal pracing.

 15) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED.

 16) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED.

 17) THE WAY BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE CONSIDERATIONS.

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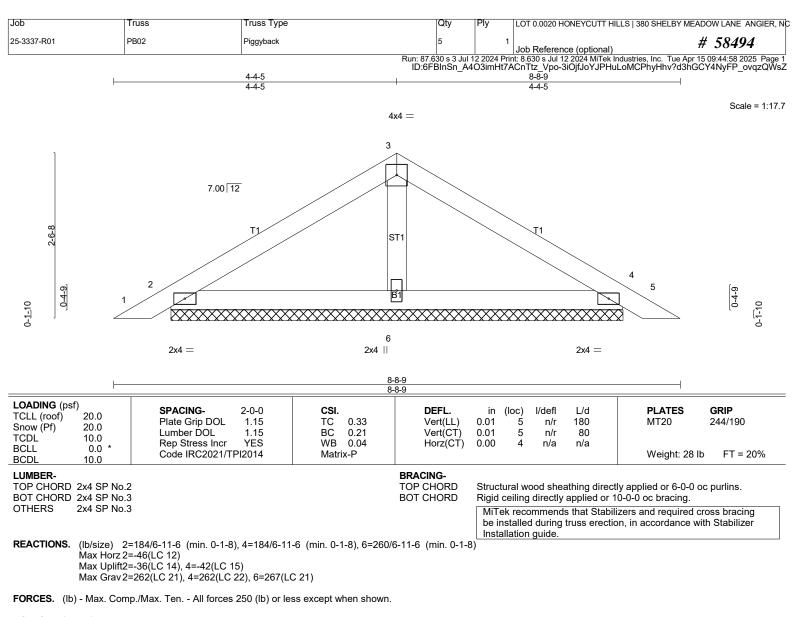
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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY I	MEADOW LANE ANGIER, NO
25-3337-R01	PB01	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 58494

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LOAD CASE(S) Standard





NOTES-(11-14)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit ates TH CARO between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 36 lb uplift at joint 2 and 42 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.
- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced. 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the
- structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated. 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling,
- Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

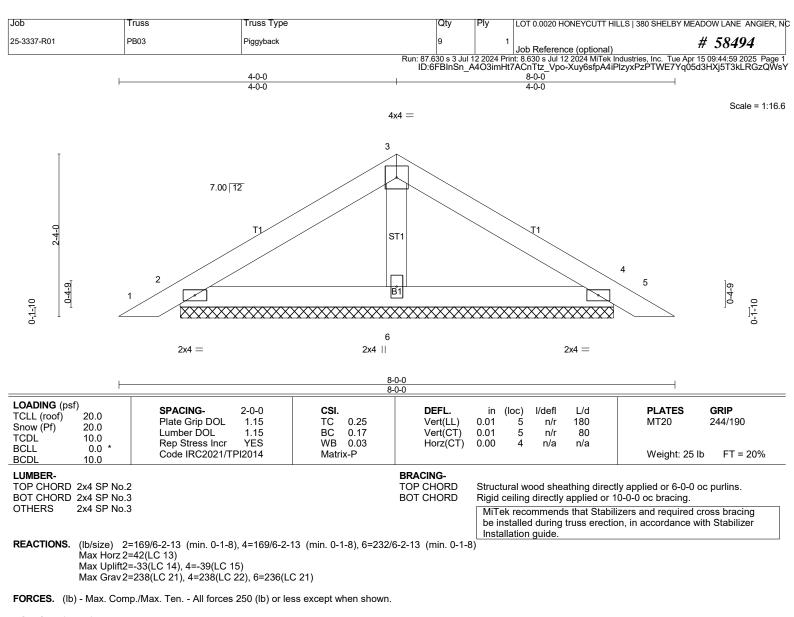
 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED. MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

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NOTES-(11-14)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit ates TH CARO between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 33 lb uplift at joint 2 and 39 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer. 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates
- that the member must be braced. 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling,
- Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

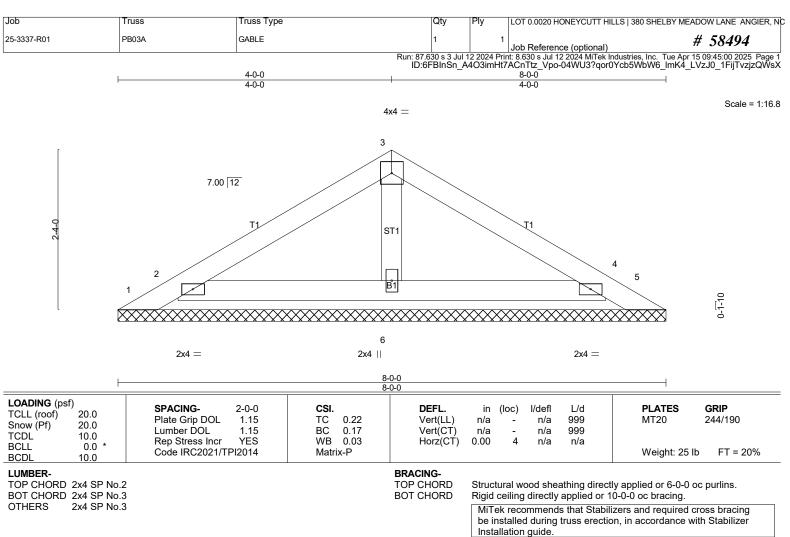
 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED. MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

4/14/2025

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ARK K. MORRI



REACTIONS. All bearings 8-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=42(LC 13)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 4 except 1=-126(LC 21), 5=-126(LC 22), 2=-101(LC 14)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 6 except 2=398(LC 21), 4=398(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

(12-15)NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough
- Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4 except (jt=lb)
- designer.

 12) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

 13) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

- 14) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Never to Bos.

 Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal pracing.

 15) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED.

 16) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED.

 17) THE WAY BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE CONSIDERATIONS.

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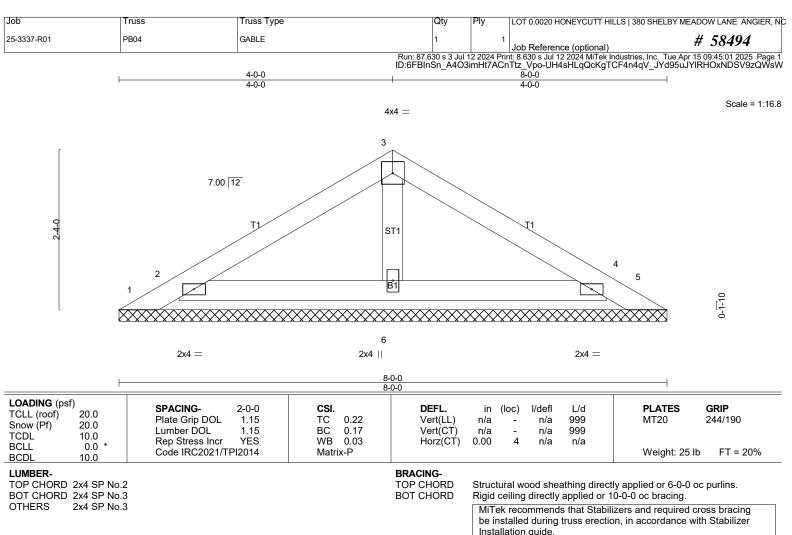


4/14/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY MEADOW LANE ANGI	IER, NC
25-3337-R01	PB03A	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 58494	
					nt: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Apr 15 09:45:00 2025 F ACnTtz_Vpo-04WU3?qor0Ycb5WbW6_lmK4_LVzJ0_1FijTvzjz0	

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





REACTIONS. All bearings 8-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=42(LC 13)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 4 except 1=-126(LC 21), 5=-126(LC 22), 2=-101(LC 14) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 6 except 2=398(LC 21), 4=398(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

(12-15)NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough
- Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4 except (jt=lb)
- designer.

 12) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

 13) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

- 14) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Never to Bos.

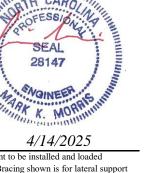
 Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal pracing.

 15) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED.

 16) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED.

 17) THE WAY BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE CONSIDERATIONS.

Continued on page 2

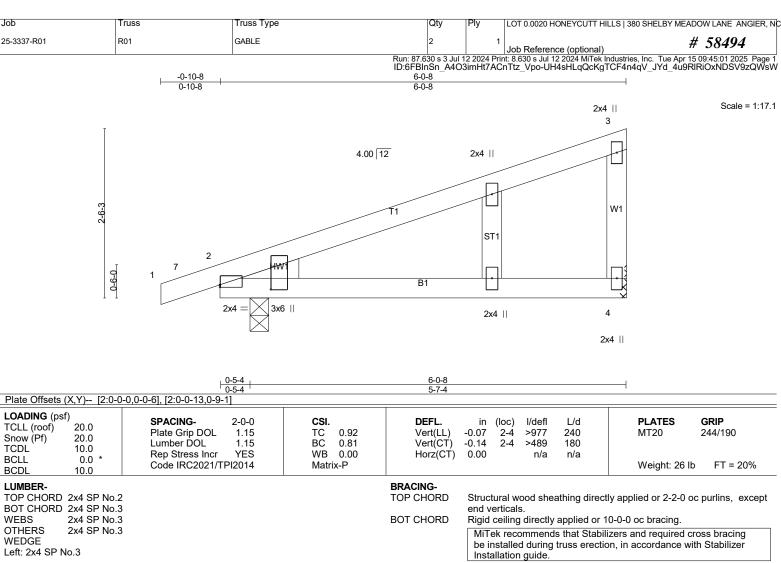


Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY N	MEADOW LANE ANGIER, NO
25-3337-R01	PB04	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 58494

Run: 87.630 s 3 Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MITek Industries, Inc. Tue Apr 15 09:45:01 2025 Page 2 ID:6FBInSn_A4O3imHt7ACnTtz_Vpo-UH4sHLqQcKgTCF4n4qV_JYd95uJYIRHOxNDSV9zQWsW

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





REACTIONS. (lb/size) 4=225/Mechanical, 2=297/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=70(LC 10)

Max Uplift4=-41(LC 14), 2=-52(LC 10)

Max Grav 4=302(LC 21), 2=390(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.

 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition.

- Bearing symbols are only graphical representations structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

 Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing structural process. IN ADDITION TO THESE POTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING Confinal Fractions.

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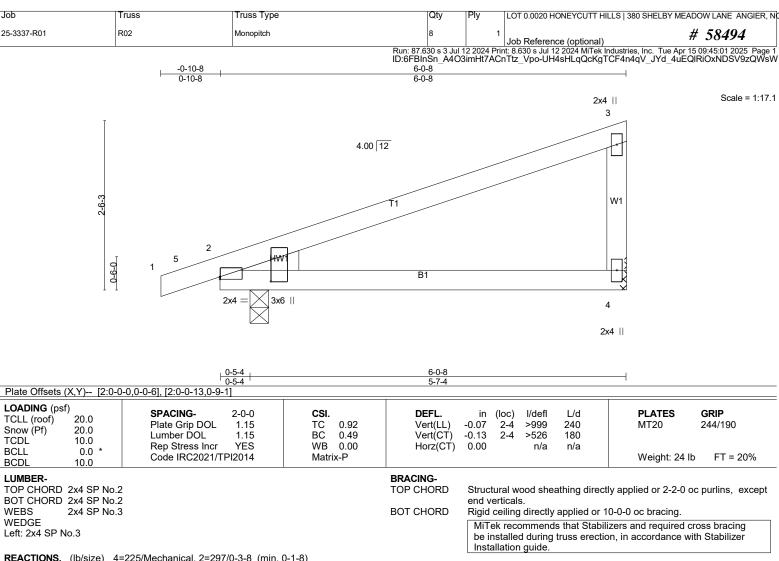
MORRES INTERIOR OF THE PARTY OF Warning !--Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY N	MEADOW LANE ANGIER, NO
25-3337-R01	R01	GABLE	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 58494

Run: 87.630 s 3 Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Apr 15 09:45:01 2025 Page 2 ID:6FBInSn_A4O3imHt7ACnTtz_Vpo-UH4sHLqQcKgTCF4n4qV_JYd_4u9RIRiOxNDSV9zQWsW

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





REACTIONS. (lb/size) 4=225/Mechanical, 2=297/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=70(LC 10)

Max Uplift4=-41(LC 14), 2=-52(LC 10) Max Grav 4=302(LC 21), 2=390(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.
- et CARO 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing
- 12) SEE BČŠI-B3 SUMMĀRY SHĒĒT- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WĒB MEMBERS FOR ŘECŎMMENDE MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

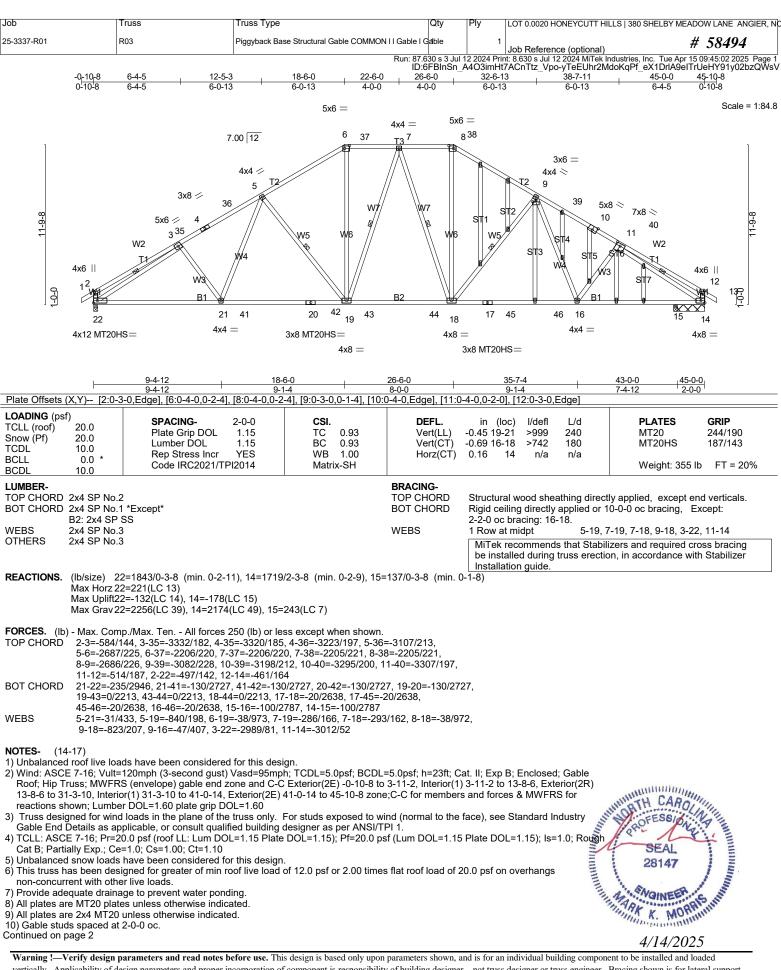
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3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 8) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 9) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc. Continued on page 2

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY M	EADOW LANE ANGIER, N
25-3337-R01	R03	Piggyback Base Structural Gable COMMON I I Gable I G	able	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 58494

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NOTES- (14-17)

11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 22=132, 14=178.

 14) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the immember must be braced.
- 15) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 16) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 17) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



.lob Truss Truss Type LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS | 380 SHELBY MEADOW LANE ANGIER, NO 25-3337-R01 R05 Monopitch # 58494 Job Reference (optional) Run: 87.630 s 3 Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Apr 15 09:45:02 2025 Page 1 ID:6FBInSn_A4O3imHt7ACnTtz_Vpo-yTeEUhr2MdoKqPf_eX1DrIAMJIhaUtyY91y02bzQWsV -0-10-8 0-10-8 2x4 || 3 Scale = 1:12.7 7.00 12 W1 4 2x4 ||

LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf) 20.0 TCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.12 BC 0.05 WB 0.00	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d Vert(LL) -0.00 2-4 >999 240 Vert(CT) -0.00 2-4 >999 180 Horz(CT) 0.00 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-P	11012(01) 0.00	Weight: 12 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No 3 WFBS

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-5-8 oc purlins, except end verticals

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

> MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 4=72/Mechanical, 2=162/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=55(LC 14)

Max Uplift4=-23(LC 14), 2=-16(LC 14) Max Grav 4=97(LC 21), 2=230(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.

9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the
- 11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, 12) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED
- Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing. SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED.

 MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION CHORD, MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR TOP CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

MORRELITATION TO 2025 NOINEE K. MORR

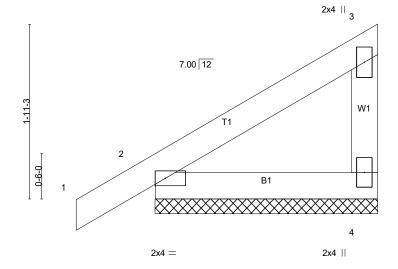
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Truss Type .lob Truss LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS | 380 SHELBY MEADOW LANE ANGIER, NO 25-3337-R01 R06 Monopitch Supported Gable # 58494 Job Reference (optional)

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-0-10-8 2-5-8 2-5-8 0-10-8

Scale = 1:12.7



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 2x4 SP No 3 WFBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-5-8 oc purlins, except end verticals

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

> MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

> > 28147

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REACTIONS. (lb/size) 4=83/2-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 2=155/2-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=55(LC 14)

Max Uplift4=-24(LC 14), 2=-14(LC 14) Max Grav 4=111(LC 21), 2=219(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(11-14)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

ites Sporeso 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

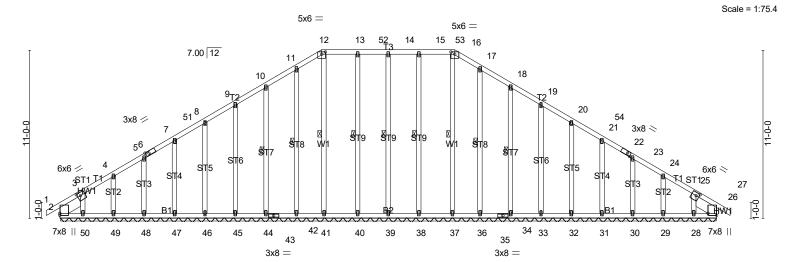
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.
- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the
- structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to COSI Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMI IM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE

LOAD CASE(S) Standard 4/14/2025

Job Truss Truss Type LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS | 380 SHELBY MEADOW LANE ANGIER, NO 25-3337-R01 R07 GABLE # 58494 Job Reference (optional) Run: 87.630 s 3 Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Apr 15 09:45:04 2025 Page 1 ID:6FBInSn_A4O3imHt7ACnTtz_Vpo-usm?vNtluF223jpMly3hxAFiB6L8yk0qdLR66UzQWsT -0-10₇8 0-10-8 17-1-12 25-10-5 43-0-0 43-10-8 0-10-8 17-1-11 17-1-12 8-8-9



	17-1-12	25-10-		43-0-0	
Plate Offsets (X.Y) [3:	<u>17-1-12</u> 0-2-8,0-2-4], [6:0-2-10,0-1-8], [12:0-3-0,0-	8-8-9 1-121. [16:0-3-0.0-1-12]. [17-1-11 1. [25:0-2-8.0-2-4]. [26:Edge.0-6-1	21
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf) 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2021/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.10 BC 0.11 WB 0.22 Matrix-SH	DEFL . Vert(LL)	in (loc) l/defl L/d -0.00 26 n/r 180 -0.00 26 n/r 80 0.01 26 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 356 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

SLIDER Left 2x8 SP No.2 1-9-1, Right 2x8 SP No.2 1-9-1 **BRACING-**

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD**

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. WFBS 1 Row at midpt

14-39, 13-40, 11-42, 10-44, 15-38, 17-36,

18-34, 12-41, 16-37

REACTIONS. All bearings 43-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-208(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 39, 40, 42, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 38,

36, 34, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 26, 41 except 2=-106(LC 10), 50=-121(LC 14)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 48, 49, 50, 30, 29, 28, 26

except 39=279(LC 44), 40=339(LC 44), 42=300(LC 47), 44=325(LC 47), 45=318(LC 47), 46=317(LC 47), 47=329(LC 47), 38=339(LC 44), 36=298(LC 49), 34=326(LC 49), 33=318(LC 49), 32=317(LC 49), 31=329(LC 49), 41=276(LC 52), 37=267(LC 52)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-251/213

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Exterior(2N) 3-11-2 to 12-4-2, Corner(3R) 12-4-2 to 30-7-14, Exterior(2N) 30-7-14 to 39-0-14, Corner(3E) 39-0-14 to 43-10-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 8) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 9) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) I his truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0ps on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide with
- 12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide with fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 39, 40, 42, 44, 45, 46 , 47, 48, 49, 38, 36, 34, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 26, 41 except (jt=lb) 2=106, 50=121.

Continued on page 2

OROFESSIO --MORRES INTERIOR IN 14/2025 and WOINER K. MORR

4/14/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY ME	EADOW LANE ANGIER, N
25-3337-R01	R07	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 58494

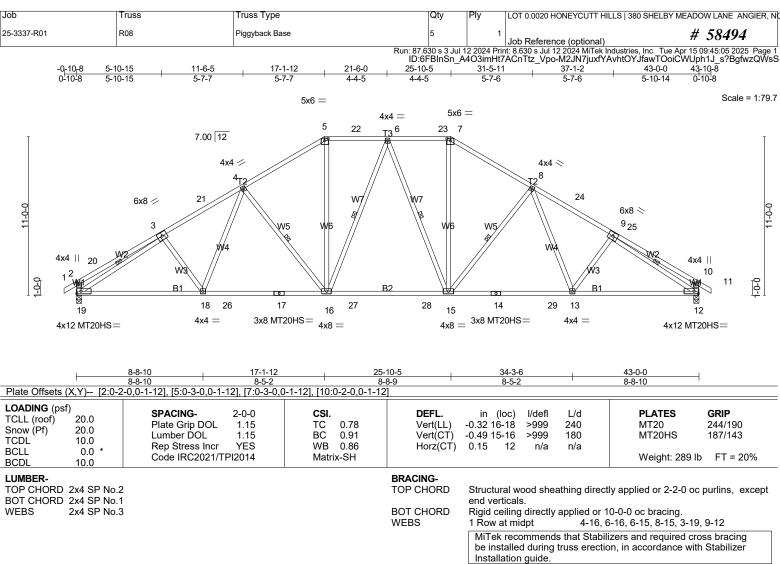
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- 14) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 15) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the
- 16) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 17) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 WFBS

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 19=1770/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-9), 12=1770/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-9)

Max Horz 19=-206(LC 12) Max Uplift19=-122(LC 14), 12=-122(LC 15) Max Grav 19=2172(LC 39), 12=2172(LC 39)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-20=-533/126, 3-20=-368/128, 3-21=-3135/168, 4-21=-2920/194, 4-5=-2557/208,

5-22=-2103/204, 6-22=-2103/204, 6-23=-2103/204, 7-23=-2103/204, 7-8=-2557/208, 8-24=-2920/194, 9-24=-3135/168, 9-25=-367/128, 10-25=-533/126, 2-19=-464/130,

10-12=-464/130

18-19=-213/2753, 18-26=-116/2561, 17-26=-116/2561, 16-17=-116/2561, 16-27=0/2119,

27-28=0/2119, 15-28=0/2119, 14-15=-10/2501, 14-29=-10/2501, 13-29=-10/2501,

4-18=-31/377, 4-16=-766/184, 5-16=-33/935, 6-16=-296/160, 6-15=-296/160, 7-15=-33/935,

8-15=-766/184, 8-13=-31/377, 3-19=-2827/78, 9-12=-2827/78

NOTES-

BOT CHORD

WFBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable reactions snown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough (A) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design 5) This trues have been design. Roof; Hip Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 12-4-2, Exterior(2R)

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs

6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

7) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

reactions shown; Lumber DUL=1.00 plate grip DUL=1.05

TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DUL=1.15); Is=1.0, Rougus Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

Continued on page 2 4/14/2025

MORRIGIUM 114/2025 d and Warning !--Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

NOINEE

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY I	VIEADOW LANE ANGIER, NC
25-3337-R01	R08	Piggyback Base	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 58494

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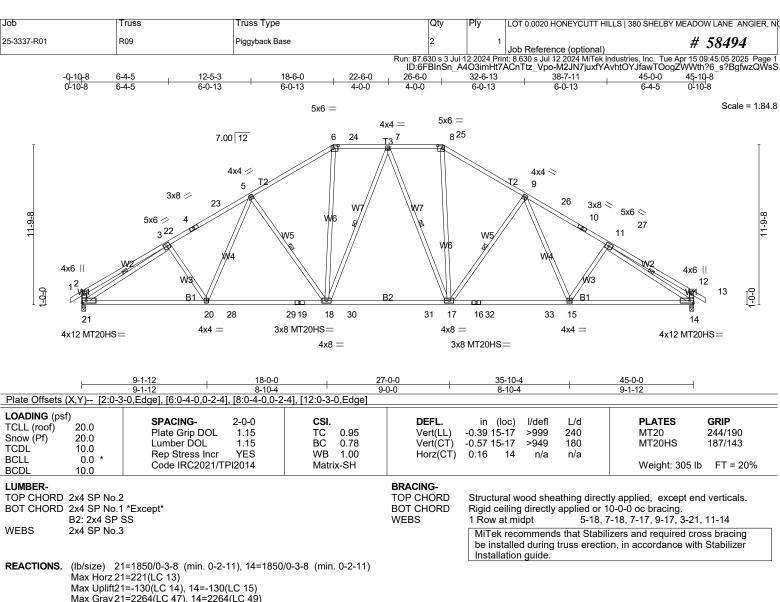
NOTES- (11-14)

10) Provide mechánical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 19=122, 12=122.

- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate
- 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
 OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





Max Grav 21=2264(LC 47), 14=2264(LC 49)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown

2-3=-587/145, 3-22=-3355/184, 4-22=-3343/187, 4-23=-3246/199, 5-23=-3130/215, TOP CHORD

5-6=-2770/223, 6-24=-2221/217, 7-24=-2221/217, 7-25=-2221/217, 8-25=-2221/217

8-9=-2770/223, 9-26=-3130/215, 10-26=-3246/199, 10-27=-3343/187, 11-27=-3355/184,

11-12=-587/145, 2-21=-498/143, 12-14=-498/142

BOT CHORD 20-21=-231/2964, 20-28=-127/2749, 28-29=-127/2749, 19-29=-127/2749, 18-19=-127/2749,

18-30=0/2230, 30-31=0/2230, 17-31=0/2230, 16-17=-10/2672, 16-32=-10/2672,

32-33=-10/2672, 15-33=-10/2672, 14-15=-82/2828

5-20=-42/405, 5-18=-811/202, 6-18=-37/1015, 7-18=-295/167, 7-17=-295/167,

8-17=-37/1015, 9-17=-811/202, 9-15=-42/405, 3-21=-2998/76, 11-14=-2998/76

NOTES-(11-14)

WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Hip Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 13-8-6, Exterior(2R) 13-8-6 to 31-3-10, Interior(1) 31-3-10 to 41-0-14, Exterior(2E) 41-0-14 to 45-10-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
7) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will be between the bottom chord and any other members.

between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 21=130 14=130.

Continued on page 2

4/14/2025

MORRIS INTERIOR OF THE PARTY OF Warning !--Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY MI	EADOW LANE ANGIER, N
25-3337-R01	R09	Piggyback Base	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 58494

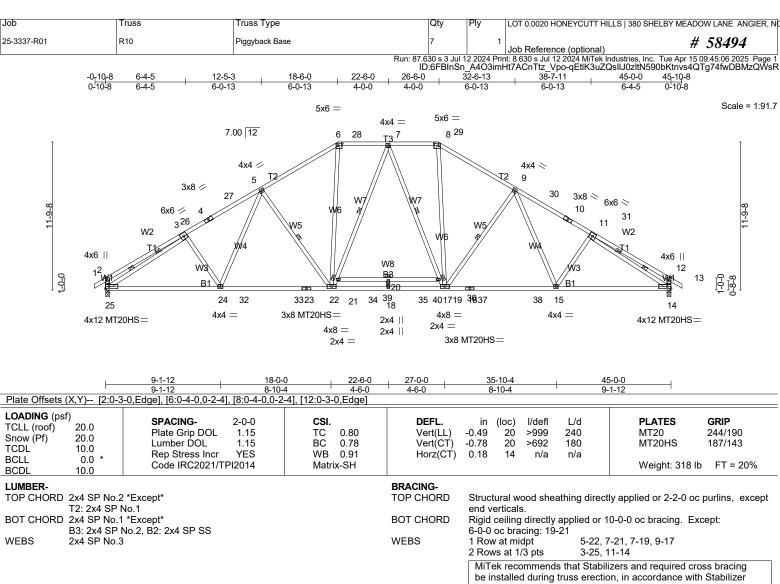
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- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 25=1932/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-14), 14=1932/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-14)

Max Horz 25=221(LC 13)

Max Uplift25=-89(LC 14), 14=-89(LC 15) Max Grav 25=2450(LC 47), 14=2450(LC 49)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-613/139, 3-26=-3669/113, 4-26=-3657/116, 4-27=-3561/128, 5-27=-3444/144,

5-6=-3123/145, 6-28=-2518/151, 7-28=-2517/151, 7-29=-2517/151, 8-29=-2518/151,

8-9=-3123/145, 9-30=-3444/144, 10-30=-3561/128, 10-31=-3657/116, 11-31=-3669/113,

11-12=-613/139, 2-25=-514/139, 12-14=-514/139

24-25=-173/3220, 24-32=-62/3039, 32-33=-62/3039, 23-33=-62/3039, 22-23=-62/3039, 22-34=0/2563, 18-34=0/2563, 18-35=0/2563, 35-36=0/2563, 17-36=0/2563, 16-17=0/2961,

16-37=0/2961, 37-38=0/2961, 15-38=0/2961, 14-15=-24/3084

5-24=-51/358, 5-22=-800/208, 6-22=0/1192, 21-22=-371/139, 7-21=-293/167,

7-19=-293/167, 17-19=-370/138, 8-17=0/1192, 9-17=-800/208, 9-15=-51/359,

3-25=-3275/12, 11-14=-3275/12

BOT CHORD

WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph, TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Hip Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 13-8-6, Exterior(2R) 13-8-6 to 31-3-10, Interior(1) 31-3-10 to 41-0-14, Exterior(2E) 41-0-14 to 45-10-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

Continued on page 2

?) WHITH CARO MORRES TANANTAL TO AND THE PARTY OF THE PART SEAL 28147 NOINEE K. MORR

4/14/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY ME	EADOW LANE ANGIER, N
25-3337-R01	R10	Piggyback Base	7	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 58494

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NOTES- (11-14)

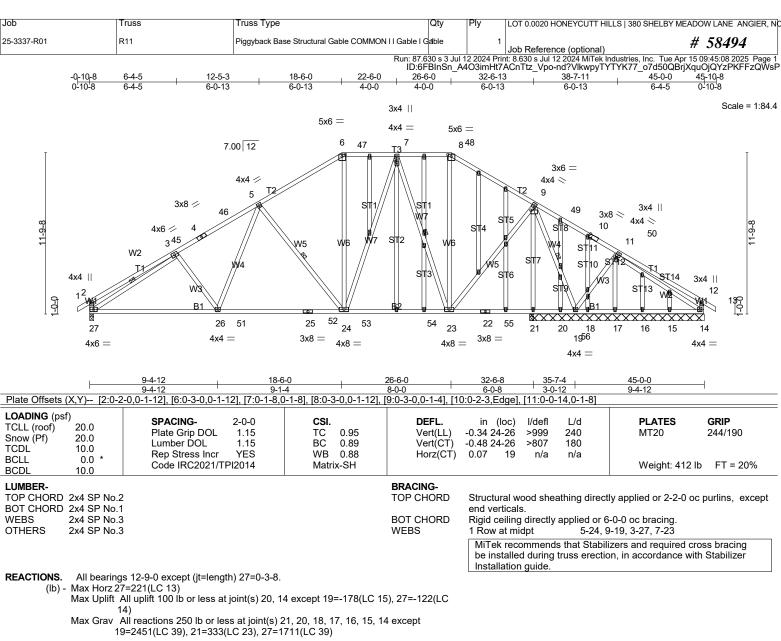
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 25, 14.
- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-519/143, 3-45=-2347/165, 4-45=-2335/168, 4-46=-2236/180, 5-46=-2122/196,

5-6=-1627/187, 6-47=-1284/187, 7-47=-1283/187, 7-48=-880/177, 8-48=-880/177,

8-9=-1162/175, 9-49=0/656, 10-49=0/515, 10-50=-8/474, 11-50=-11/401, 11-12=-251/171,

2-27=-467/141, 12-14=-319/154 **BOT CHORD**

26-27=-221/2166, 26-51=-115/1870, 51-52=-115/1870, 25-52=-115/1870, 24-25=-115/1870, 24-53=-53/1115, 53-54=-53/1115, 23-54=-53/1115, 22-23=0/364, 22-55=0/364, 21-55=0/364,

21-56=0/364, 20-56=0/364, 19-20=0/364, 18-19=-250/40, 17-18=-250/40, 16-17=-250/40,

15-16=-250/40, 14-15=-250/40

WEBS 5-26=-33/508, 5-24=-885/199, 6-24=-20/446, 7-24=-72/706, 8-23=-24/266, 9-23=-42/893,

9-19=-2177/113, 11-19=-453/175, 3-27=-2077/49, 11-14=-86/343, 7-23=-729/110

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph, TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Hip Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 13-8-6, Exterior(2R) 13-8-6 to 31-3-10, Interior(1) 31-3-10 to 41-0-14, Exterior(2E) 41-0-14 to 45-10-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry

Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding

Continued on page 2

?) INTERIOR CARO MORRES TANANTAL TO AND THE PARTY OF THE PART SEAL 28147 NOINEE K. MORR

4/14/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY N	MEADOW LANE ANGIER, N
25-3337-R01	R11	Piggyback Base Structural Gable COMMON I I Gable I G	able	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 58494

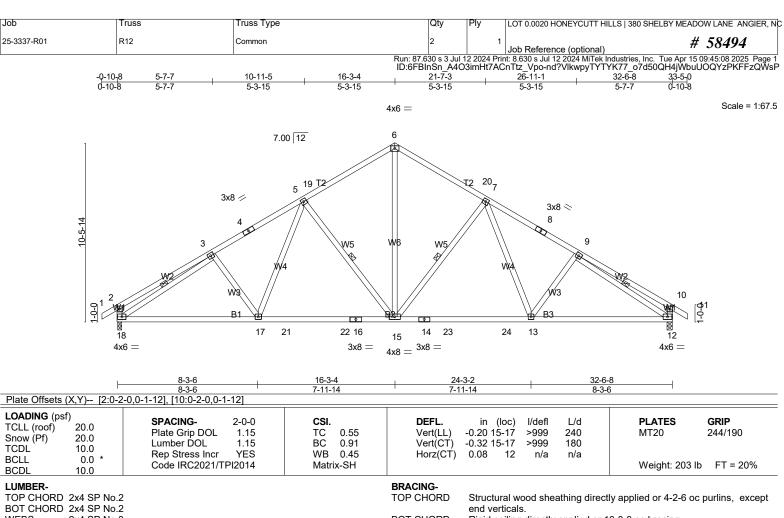
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NOTES- (13-16)

- 8) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 20, 14 except (jt=lb) 19=178, 27=122.
- 13) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 14) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 15) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 16) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANEŇŤ RESTRÁING/BRĂCINĞ OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

BOT CHORD WFBS

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Row at midpt 7-15, 5-15, 3-18, 9-12

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 18=1351/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-10), 12=1351/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-10)

Max Horz 18=-217(LC 12)

Max Uplift18=-112(LC 14), 12=-112(LC 15) Max Grav 18=1390(LC 24), 12=1390(LC 25)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-3=-428/113, 3-4=-1839/152, 4-5=-1774/177, 5-19=-1372/155, 6-19=-1301/179, TOP CHORD

6-20=-1301/179, 7-20=-1372/155, 7-8=-1775/177, 8-9=-1840/152, 9-10=-428/112,

2-18=-408/120, 10-12=-408/119

BOT CHORD 17-18=-183/1706, 17-21=-92/1511, 21-22=-92/1511, 16-22=-92/1511, 15-16=-92/1511,

14-15=-9/1418, 14-23=-9/1418, 23-24=-9/1418, 13-24=-9/1418, 12-13=-71/1543

WEBS 6-15=-91/1051, 7-15=-557/174, 7-13=-30/371, 5-15=-557/174, 5-17=-30/371,

3-18=-1596/59, 9-12=-1595/49

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 11-5-10, THE CAROLING OF ESSION Exterior(2R) 11-5-10 to 21-0-14, Interior(1) 21-0-14 to 28-7-6, Exterior(2E) 28-7-6 to 33-5-0 zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) All plates are 4x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom criorum an areas

8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom criorum an areas

between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 18=112.

10-412

Continued on page 2 4/14/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY ME	EADOW LANE ANGIER, N
25-3337-R01	R12	Common	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 58494

Run: 87.630 s 3 Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Apr 15 09:45:08 2025 Page 2 ID:6FBInSn_A4O3imHt7ACnTtz_Vpo-nd?VlkwpyTYTYK77_o7d50QH4jWbuUOQYzPKFFzQWsP

- 10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the
- 12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job Truss Truss Type LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS | 380 SHELBY MEADOW LANE ANGIER, NO 25-3337-R01 R12A Roof Special # 58494 Job Reference (optional) Run: 87.630 s 3 Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Apr 15 09:45:09 2025 Page 1 ID:6FBInSn_A403imHt7ACnTtz_Vpo-FpZuy4xRjngKAUiKYVfseEySp7tkdqPamd9tohzQWsC 24-9-0 -0-10-8 0-10-8 10-11-5 16-3-4 30-3-0 32-6-8 33-5-0 2-3-8 0-10-8 5-3-15 5-3-15 8-5-12 5-6-0 Scale = 1:71.6 6x8 = 7.00 12 6 3x4 || 4x4 // **T**2 23 22 T2 5 3x8 / 5x8 < 8 10-5-14 4x4 🖊 W5 4x8 < N9 W10 4x4 || 5x5 < 0-0-W8 15 6x8 = 6x8 = 20 24 25 19 4x4 = 18 17 13 21 4x4 = 3x8 =4x8 = 3x4 || 4x4 = 4x6 =3x4 II 16-3-4 32-6-8 7-11-14 5-6-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-2-0,0-1-12], [8:0-4-0,0-3-0], [10:0-2-8,0-1-12], [14:0-6-4,0-2-12], [16:0-2-0,0-3-0] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. **DEFL** I/defl L/d **PLATES GRIP** in (loc) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.55 -0.23 18-2Ó MT20 244/190 Vert(LL) >999 240 Snow (Pf) 20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.85 Vert(CT) -0.38 18-20 >999 180 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr WB 0.91 Horz(CT) 0.16 12 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IRC2021/TPI2014 Matrix-SH Weight: 226 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-4-14 oc purlins, except BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* end verticals. B3,B5: 2x4 SP No.3 **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except: WFBS 2x4 SP No.3 6-0-0 oc bracing: 17-18,16-17. 1 Row at midpt 7-16 **WEBS** 1 Row at midpt 5-18, 3-21 MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing

be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

NOINEE

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 21=1351/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-10), 12=1351/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-10)

Max Horz 21=217(LC 13)

Max Uplift21=-112(LC 14), 12=-112(LC 15)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-426/114, 3-4=-1750/151, 4-5=-1634/176, 5-22=-1287/156, 6-22=-1196/180,

6-7=-1601/233, 7-23=-1542/157, 8-23=-1658/144, 8-9=-2198/158, 9-10=-2724/195,

2-21=-407/120, 10-12=-1278/109

BOT CHORD 20-21=-183/1633, 20-24=-92/1427, 24-25=-92/1427, 19-25=-92/1427, 18-19=-92/1427,

7-16=-377/140, 15-16=-34/1843, 14-15=-184/2568, 9-14=0/293

WEBS 5-20=-28/391, 5-18=-559/173, 6-18=-83/346, 16-18=0/1158, 6-16=-153/1165, 8-16=-615/139, 8-15=0/355, 9-15=-740/151, 3-21=-1517/57, 10-14=-146/2209

NOTES-(9-12)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 11-5-10, ior members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough (Lum DOL=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10)

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. Exterior(2R) 11-5-10 to 21-0-14, Interior(1) Ž1-0-14 to 28-7-6, Exterior(2E) 28-7-6 to 33-5-0 zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C

6) This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom criorum an areas

7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom criorum an areas

between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 21=112, 10.112

Continued on page 2 4/14/2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY ME	EADOW LANE ANGIER, N
25-3337-R01	R12A	Roof Special	7	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 58494

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- 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the
- 11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 12) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job Truss Truss Type LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS | 380 SHELBY MEADOW LANE ANGIER, NO 25-3337-R01 R14 Common Supported Gable # 58494 Job Reference (optional) Run: 87.630 s 3 Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Apr 15 09:45:10 2025 Page 1 ID:6FBInSn_A4O3imHt7ACnTtz_Vpo-j07GAQx3U5oBneGW6DA5ARVkkXOfMSej?HuRK8zQWsN 32-6-8 16-3-4 16-3-4 Scale = 1:67.0

4x6 =

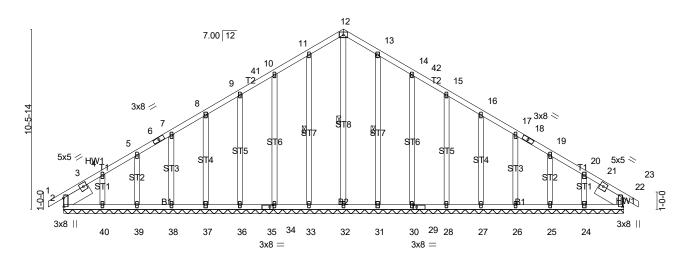


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-5-15,0-0-6], [22:0-5-15,0-0-6], [29:0-2-4,0-1-8], [35:0-2-4,0-1-8] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL. I/defl L/d **PLATES GRIP** TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.09 Vert(LL) -0.00 2Ź MT20 244/190 n/r 180 Snow (Pf) 20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.10 Vert(CT) -0.00 22 n/r 80 TCDI 10.0 Rep Stress Incr WB 0.21 Horz(CT) 0.01 22 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IRC2021/TPI2014 Matrix-SH Weight: 244 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 3 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

SLIDER Left 2x8 SP No.2 1-9-8, Right 2x8 SP No.2 1-9-8 BRACING-

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. WFBS 1 Row at midpt 12-32, 11-33, 13-31

REACTIONS. All bearings 32-6-8

10.0

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-198(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 33, 34, 36, 37, 38, 39, 31, 30, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24, 22 except

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 36, 38, 39, 40, 28, 26, 25, 24, 22 except 32=274(LC 27), 33=296(LC 5), 34=262(LC 5), 37=258(LC 24), 31=296(LC 6), 30=262(LC 6), 27=258(LC 29)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(13-16)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph, TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Exterior(2N) 3-11-2 to 11-5-10, Corner(3R) 11-5-10 to 21-0-14, Exterior(2N) 21-0-14 to 28-7-6, Corner(3E) 28-7-6 to 33-5-0 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough
- Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

Continued on page 2

- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uslife at 39, 31, 30, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24, 22 except (jt=lb) 40=112.

MORRES and 14/202.5 K. MORR 4/14/2025

NOINEE

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY MEADOW LANE ANGIER, NC
25-3337-R01	R14	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 58494

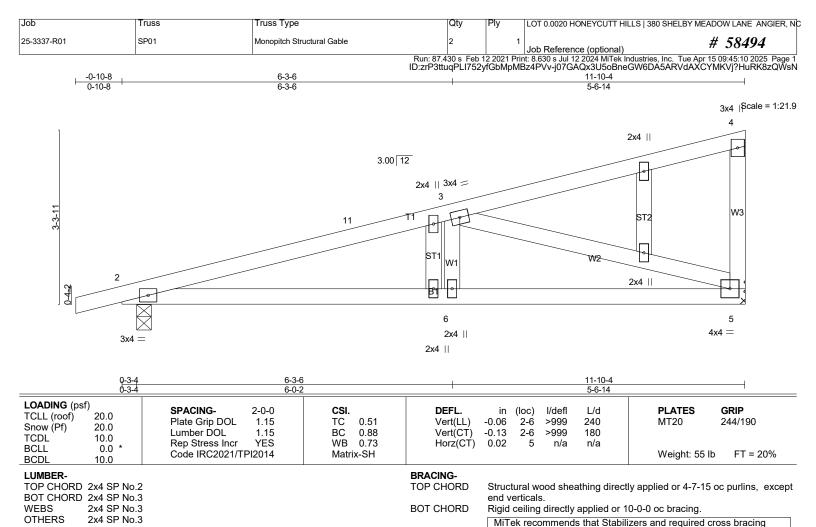
Run: 87.630 s 3 Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Apr 15 09:45:10 2025 Page 2 ID:6FBInSn_A4O3imHt7ACnTtz_Vpo-j07GAQx3U5oBneGW6DA5ARVkkXOfMSej?HuRK8zQWsN

- 13) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 14) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the
- 15) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 16) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





REACTIONS. (lb/size) 5=460/Mechanical, 2=526/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=98(LC 10)

Max Uplift5=-72(LC 14), 2=-82(LC 10) Max Grav 5=577(LC 21), 2=580(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-11=-1259/121, 3-11=-1168/129 BOT CHORD 2-6=-192/1178. 5-6=-192/1178 WEBS 3-6=0/264, 3-5=-1193/195

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 6-10-14, Exterior(2E) 6-10-14 to 11-8-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
 9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 2.

 SEAL 28147

 Continued on page 2

MORRES INTERIOR IN 14/2025 and 4/14/2025

be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

Installation guide.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0020 HONEYCUTT HILLS 380 SHELBY	MEADOW LANE ANGIER, NO
25-3337-R01	SP01	Monopitch Structural Gable	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 58494

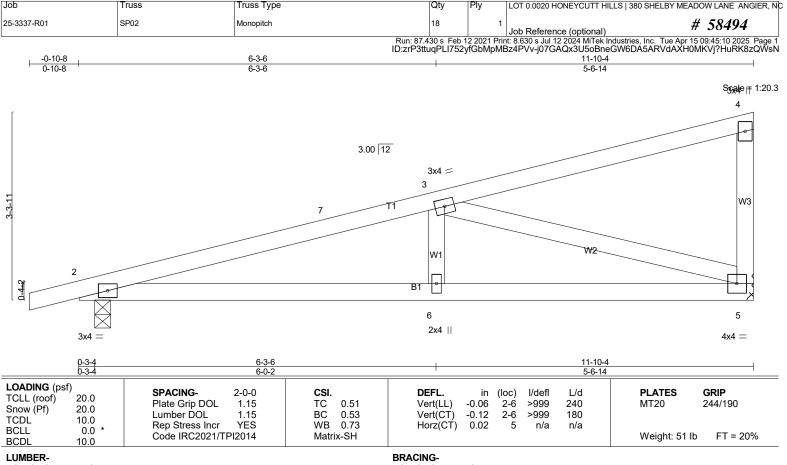
Run: 87.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Apr 15 09:45:10 2025 Page 2 ID:zrP3ttuqPLI752yfGbMpMBz4PVv-j07GAQx3U5oBneGW6DA5ARVdAXCYMKVj?HuRK8zQWsN

- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the
- 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





Qtv

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

Joh

Truss

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No 3 WFBS

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-8-1 oc purlins, except

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

> MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 5=460/Mechanical, 2=526/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=98(LC 10)

Max Uplift5=-72(LC 14), 2=-82(LC 10) Max Grav 5=577(LC 21), 2=580(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-7=-1260/121, 3-7=-1168/129 BOT CHORD 2-6=-192/1178 5-6=-192/1178 WEBS 3-6=0/265, 3-5=-1193/195

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 6-10-14, Exterior(2E) 6-10-14 to 11-8-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit

- between the bottom chord and any other members.

 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 2.

 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

 11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 12) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard 4/14/2025