

RE: Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof **Trenco**

818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Site Information:

Project Customer: DRB Raleigh Project Name: DRB Raleigh Model Track

Lot/Block: Subdivision:

Model:

Address:

State: NC City:

General Truss Engineering Criteria & Design Loads (Individual Truss Design **Drawings Show Special Loading Conditions):**

Design Code: IRC2021/TPI2014 Design Program: MiTek 20/20 8.8

Wind Code: ASCE 7-16 Design Method: MWFRS (Envelope)/C-C hybrid Wind ASCE 7-16

Wind Speed: 120 mph Floor Load: N/A psf Roof Load: 40.0 psf

Exposure Category: B Mean Roof Height (feet): 25

No. 1 2 3 4	Seal# 171681505 171681506 171681507 171681508 171681509	Truss Name A2 A2G A1 B1 A1G	2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25	No. 35 36 37 38 39	Seal# 71681539 71681540 71681541 71681542 71681543	Truss Name A4A A4G G2G G2 G2A	Date 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25
23456789111234	171681511 171681512 171681513 171681514 171681515 171681515 171681517 171681518	A1G A1A P1 PB2 PB2G PB1 PB1G PB1G PB1A	2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25	43 44 45 46 47 48	171681544 171681545 171681546 171681547 171681548 171681559 171681551 171681551	VB4 VB4 VB3 VB2 VB1 VG4 PB5 A5	2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	171681519 171681520 171681521 171681522 171681523 171681525 171681525 171681526 171681527	V1G V2 V3 V4 V5 V1 M1 G1G G1	2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25	49 50 52 53 54 55 56 57	171681553 171681554 171681555 171681556 171681557 171681559 171681559 171681560 171681561	A5G H1 H1G H2G H2 A4T A1C A1B A2B	2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	171681528 171681529 171681530 171681531 171681533 171681534 171681535 171681536	A3 A1T A3G A2T A2A C1G C1 C1A VA2	2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25	58 59	I71681562 I71681563 I71681564	A2C F1G F1	2/28/25 2/28/25 2/28/25

The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2025.

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identification designs comply with ANSI/TP11. shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

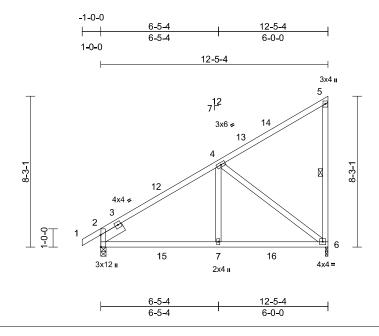


February 28,2025

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	B1	Monopitch	30	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681508

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:52:55 ID:PG 85eDjrFYDCiYm7kID4syAUC2-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:63.1

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-7-15,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.68	Vert(LL)	-0.12	6-7	>999	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.36	Vert(CT)	-0.15	6-7	>999	240		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.58	Horz(CT)	0.02	2	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	0.02	7-10	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 73 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP DSS **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3

Left 2x6 SP No.2 -- 1-6-0 **SLIDER**

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied. **WEBS** 1 Row at midpt REACTIONS 2=0-3-8, 6=0-1-12

(size) Max Horiz 2=196 (LC 15) Max Uplift 6=-11 (LC 16)

Max Grav 2=554 (LC 2), 6=544 (LC 23)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum **FORCES**

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/41, 2-4=-529/231, 4-5=-161/132, 5-6=-300/99

BOT CHORD 2-7=-362/533, 6-7=-203/533 4-7=0/369, 4-6=-576/159 WEBS

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior (1) 2-0-0 to 12-3-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- All bearings are assumed to be SP DSS
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 6.
- 10) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 6. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



👠 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

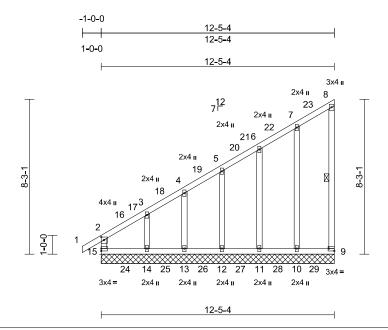
a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	B1G	Monopitch Supported Gable	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681510

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:52:56 ID:TcLy68?pJP9wQnb6WFvmpsyAUCL-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:61.6

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-2-0,0-1-12], [9:Edge,0-1-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.59	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.25	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.25	Horz(CT)	0.00	9	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 85 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

WEBS 1 Row at midpt

REACTIONS (size) 9=12-5-4, 10=12-5-4, 11=12-5-4 12=12-5-4, 13=12-5-4, 14=12-5-4,

15=12-5-4

Max Horiz 15=201 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 9=-24 (LC 13), 10=-11 (LC 16), 11=-7 (LC 16), 12=-16 (LC 16),

14=-78 (LC 13), 15=-33 (LC 12)

Max Grav 9=284 (LC 65), 10=337 (LC 64),

11=332 (LC 63), 12=334 (LC 62), 13=330 (LC 61), 14=343 (LC 60),

15=320 (LC 59)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

TOP CHORD 2-15=-300/150, 1-2=0/47, 2-3=-456/315, 3-4=-336/242, 4-5=-299/228, 5-6=-239/197,

6-7=-188/178, 7-8=-96/110, 8-9=-264/43

BOT CHORD 14-15=-110/144, 13-14=-110/144, 12-13=-110/144, 11-12=-110/144,

10-11=-110/144, 9-10=-110/144

7-10=-278/159, 6-11=-278/105,

5-12=-281/94, 4-13=-283/71, 3-14=-291/209

WEBS NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II: Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner (3E) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2N) 2-0-0 to 12-3-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live 5) load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2.

- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 33 lb uplift at joint 15, 24 lb uplift at joint 9, 11 lb uplift at joint 10, 7 lb uplift at joint 11, 16 lb uplift at joint 12 and 78 lb uplift at joint 14.
- 14) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 15) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025



 Job
 Truss
 Truss Type
 Qty
 Ply
 Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof

 A1A
 Piggyback Base
 11
 1
 Job Reference (optional)

Structural, LLC, Thurmont, MD - 21788

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:52:41 ID:bFWe8TNxnA2q4vi43k0QCqyAQoy-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

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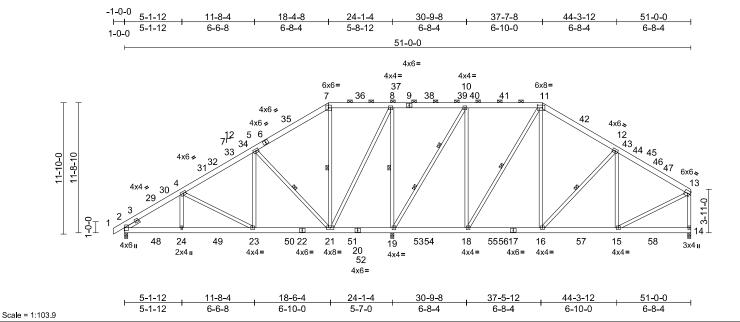


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [11:0-5-4,0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.40	Vert(LL)	-0.06	15-16	>999	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	20.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.46	Vert(CT)	-0.10	23-24	>999	240		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.87	Horz(CT)	0.03	14	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	0.02	23-24	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 454 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 18-11,21-8,19-10:2x4

SP No.2

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 -- 1-6-0

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

(6-0-0 max.): 7-11.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

WEBS 1 Row at midpt 7-21, 12-16, 5-21, 8-19,

11-18

WEBS 2 Rows at 1/3 pts 10-19

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 14=0-3-8, 19=0-3-8

Max Horiz 2=214 (LC 15)

Max Grav 2=1055 (LC 57), 14=1204 (LC 59),

19=2630 (LC 50)

FORCES (Ib) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

l ension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/41, 2-4=-1512/0, 4-5=-1159/52,

5-7=-485/131, 7-8=-311/129, 8-10=0/308, 10-11=-592/133, 11-12=-956/116,

12-13=-1162/63, 13-14=-1176/7 BOT CHORD 2-24=-112/1293, 23-24=-42/1293,

21-23=-41/952, 19-21=-381/137,

18-19=-2/540, 16-18=0/743, 15-16=-5/943,

14-15=-39/66

WEBS 7-21=-236/61, 11-16=0/597, 12-15=-250/131,

13-15=0/995, 12-16=-415/82, 4-24=0/319, 5-23=0/507, 4-23=-418/45, 5-21=-1002/58.

8-19=-1393/44, 10-18=0/835, 11-18=-646/10, 8-21=-33/1253, 10-19=-1403/3

NOTES

 Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 4-1-0, Interior (1) 4-1-0 to 18-4-8, Exterior(2R) 18-4-8 to 25-6-13, Interior (1) 25-6-13 to 37-7-8, Exterior(2R) 37-7-8 to 44-9-13, Interior (1) 44-9-13 to 50-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; chock and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=20.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10, Lu=50-0-0
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhands non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 7) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE
Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

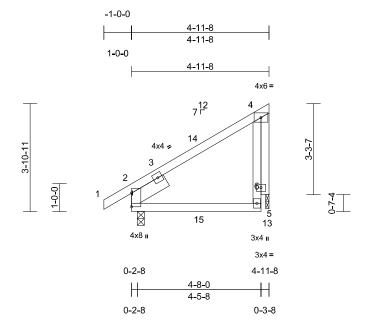
a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSITPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	P1	Monopitch	20	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681512

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:53:03 ID:OSB5YkJzx4txW1iFxUKym3zzB t-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uJTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:41.6

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csi		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.48	Vert(LL)	-0.03	5-9	>999	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.45	Vert(CT)	-0.04	5-9	>999	240		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	0.01	2	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	0.01	5-9	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 30 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

Left 2x6 SP No.2 -- 1-6-0 SLIDER

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied. REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-0, 13=0-1-8 Max Horiz 2=62 (LC 16)

Max Uplift 13=-30 (LC 13)

Max Grav 2=400 (LC 40), 13=305 (LC 42)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/41, 2-4=-161/120, 5-6=-51/292,

4-6=-81/193 **BOT CHORD** 2-5=-72/86 **WEBS** 4-13=-223/73

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior (1) 2-0-0 to 4-6-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20,0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Bearings are assumed to be: Joint 2 SP No.2, Joint 13 SP No.3.
- Bearing at joint(s) 13 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 13.
- 11) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 13. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 12) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 13) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

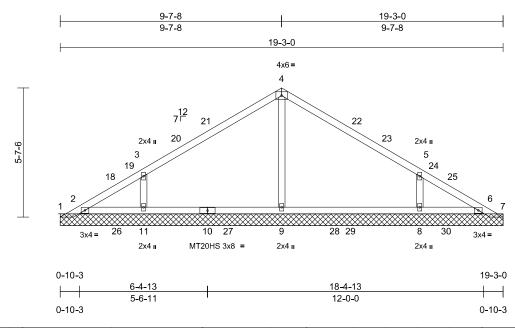


Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof I71681515 PB1 Piggyback 48 Job Reference (optional)

Structural, LLC, Thurmont, MD - 21788

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:53:03 ID:1g_pehrTMPlq7LuwuRQV2cyATvA-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:50.1

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.63	Vert(LL)	n/a	_	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.70	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20HS	187/143
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.17	Horiz(TL)	0.00	7	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 71 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS (size)

1=19-3-0, 2=19-3-0, 6=19-3-0, 7=19-3-0, 8=19-3-0, 9=19-3-0, 11=19-3-0

Max Horiz 1=-87 (LC 12)

1=-122 (LC 62), 2=-171 (LC 63), 6=-176 (LC 64), 7=-120 (LC 65), Max Uplift

8=-37 (LC 17), 11=-37 (LC 16)

Max Grav 1=276 (LC 44), 2=371 (LC 68), 6=358 (LC 66), 7=279 (LC 60),

8=514 (LC 35), 9=553 (LC 34), 11=514 (LC 34)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension TOP CHORD

1-2=-104/96, 2-3=-96/73, 3-4=-157/84, 4-5=-157/81, 5-6=-92/62, 6-7=-71/72

BOT CHORD 2-11=-57/87, 9-11=-16/59, 8-9=-16/59,

6-8=-57/84

WFRS 4-9=-315/26. 3-11=-378/124. 5-8=-378/124

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-3-8 to 3-3-8, Interior (1) 3-3-8 to 9-7-8, Exterior(2R) 9-7-8 to 12-7-8, Interior (1) 12-7-8 to 18-11-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.: Ce=1.0: Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 12) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 122 lb uplift at joint 1 and 120 lb uplift at joint 7.
- 14) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2, 11, 8, and 6. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 15) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 16) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16 structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

17) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025



👠 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

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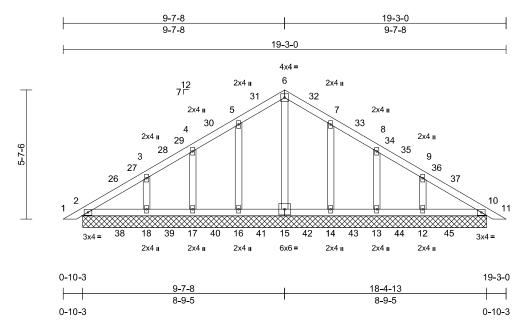


Qty Job Truss Truss Type Ply Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof I71681516 PB1G Piggyback 5 1 Job Reference (optional)

Structural, LLC, Thurmont, MD - 21788,

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:53:04 ID:TS?fUnlpBF1wyFUnXlr0o7yAU_T-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.25	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.43	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.10	Horz(CT)	0.00	10	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 90 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 3 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS (size) 2=17-6-11, 6=17-6-11, 10=17-6-11,

12=17-6-11, 13=17-6-11, 14=17-6-11, 15=17-6-11,

> 16=17-6-11, 17=17-6-11, 18=17-6-11

Max Horiz 2=87 (LC 15)

Max Uplift 12=-15 (LC 17), 13=-9 (LC 17) 14=-12 (LC 17), 16=-12 (LC 16),

17=-9 (LC 16), 18=-15 (LC 16) 2=312 (LC 65), 6=289 (LC 59),

Max Grav 10=312 (LC 85), 12=366 (LC 83), 13=322 (LC 82), 14=336 (LC 81),

15=292 (LC 80), 16=336 (LC 79), 17=322 (LC 78), 18=366 (LC 77)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/23, 2-3=-106/79, 3-4=-77/70,

4-5=-77/71, 5-6=-80/100, 6-7=-80/100, 7-8=-77/71, 8-9=-77/70, 9-10=-106/79,

10-11=0/23

BOT CHORD 2-18=-26/74, 17-18=-26/45, 16-17=-26/45,

14-16=-26/45, 13-14=-26/45, 12-13=-26/45,

10-12=-26/74

WFBS 6-15=0/0, 5-16=-284/55, 4-17=-280/41,

3-18=-305/48, 7-14=-284/55, 8-13=-280/41,

9-12=-305/48

NOTES

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-3-8 to 3-3-8, Interior (1) 3-3-8 to 9-7-8, Exterior(2R) 9-7-8 to 12-7-8. Interior (1) 12-7-8 to 18-11-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown: Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) All bearings are assumed to be SP No 3
- 13) Bearing at joint(s) 6 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

- 14) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at it(s) 16, 17, 18, 14, 13, and 12. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 15) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0|b live and 3.0|b dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 16) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

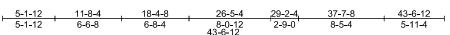
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

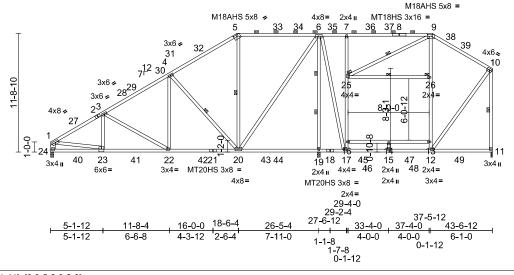


818 Soundside Road

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	A3	Attic	6	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681528

Run: 8.83 S. Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S. Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:52:49 ID:eW?e6daPLXKyNUOUDcC2wYyATYH-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f





Scale = 1:113.8

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [5:0-4-0,0-1-11], [9:0-5-8,0-2-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.81	Vert(LL)	-0.20	19-20	>999	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	20.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.60	Vert(CT)	-0.46	12-15	>447	240	M18AHS	186/179
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	1.00	Horz(CT)	0.04	11	n/a	n/a	MT18HS	244/190
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	0.02	11-12	>999	240	MT20HS	187/143
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 352 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 5-8,8-9:2x4 SP SS

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP SS

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

20-5,6-20,6-19,7-17,9-12,25-26:2x4 SP No.2,

24-1:2x6 SP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

(6-0-0 max): 5-9 **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied.

4-20, 5-20, 25-26, 10-11, **WEBS** 1 Row at midpt

9-25 6-19

WEBS 2 Rows at 1/3 pts JOINTS 1 Brace at Jt(s): 25,

26

REACTIONS (size) 11=0-1-12, 19=0-3-8, 24=0-3-8

Max Horiz 24=252 (LC 13)

11=1336 (LC 59), 19=2229 (LC 50), Max Grav

24=1388 (LC 57)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-3=-2089/0, 3-4=-1881/3, 4-5=-1286/74,

5-6=-1012/80, 6-7=-707/17, 7-9=-705/17 9-10=-872/0, 1-24=-1400/0, 10-11=-1364/0

BOT CHORD 23-24=-295/418, 22-23=-128/1889,

20-22=-116/1641, 19-20=-37/462,

17-19=-37/462, 15-17=0/692, 12-15=0/692,

11-12=-111/119

WEBS 4-20=-898/64, 5-20=-104/229,

6-20=-69/1011, 6-19=-2266/0, 6-17=0/1141, 16-17=-589/38, 16-25=-528/79, 7-25=-530/83 12-13=-262/163

13-26=-200/204, 9-26=-200/205 10-12=0/1070, 14-16=0/12, 13-14=0/12, 25-26=-8/7. 1-23=0/1559. 9-25=-16/5.

14-15=0/196, 3-23=-115/220, 3-22=-331/53, 4-22=0/432

NOTES

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-2-12 to 4-7-0, Interior (1) 4-7-0 to 18-4-8, Exterior(2R) 18-4-8 to 24-6-7, Interior (1) 24-6-7 to 37-7-8, Exterior(2E) 37-7-8 to 43-5-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=20.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10, Lu=50-0-0
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 250.0lb AC unit load placed on the bottom chord, 33-4-0 from left end, supported at two points, 5-0-0 apart.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- The Fabrication Tolerance at joint 9 = 4% Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation
- about its center. 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

Page: 1

- 12) Bottom chord live load (20.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (20.0 psf) applied only to room. 15-17, 12-15
- 13) All bearings are assumed to be SP SS.
- 14) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 11.
- 15) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 16) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 17) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



February 28,2025

Continued on page 2

Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	A3	Attic	6	1	Job Reference (optional)	

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:52:49 ID:eW?e6daPLXKyNUOUDcC2wYyATYH-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uJTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?ff Page: 2

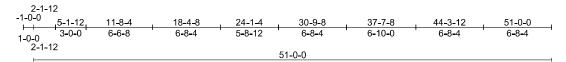
LOAD CASE(S) Standard

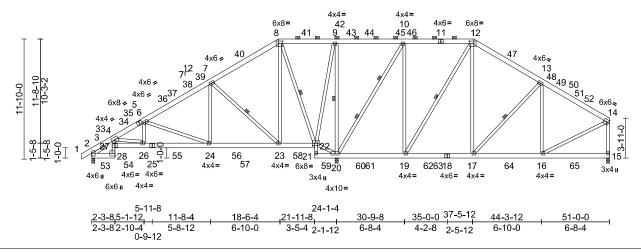
Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof I71681529 A1T Piggyback Base 5 1 Job Reference (optional)

Structural, LLC, Thurmont, MD - 21788.

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:52:45 ID:bFWe8TNxnA2q4vi43k0QCqyAQoy-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1





Scale = 1:113.6

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [8:0-5-4,0-3-0], [12:0-5-4,0-3-0], [22:0-2-8,0-3-0], [28:Edge,0-3-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.46	Vert(LL)	-0.07	23-24	>999	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	20.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.96	Vert(CT)	-0.13	23-24	>999	240		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.91	Horz(CT)	0.09	15	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	0.03	24-26	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 471 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except* 28-4:2x4 SP No.2,

22-21:2x4 SP No.3

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 19-12,20-10:2x4 SP

Left 2x4 SP No.3 -- 1-6-0 SLIDER

BRACING

TOP CHORD

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

(6-0-0 max.): 8-12.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied. WEBS 1 Row at midpt 8-22, 12-19, 13-17, 9-20,

7-23 WEBS

2 Rows at 1/3 pts 10-20

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 15=0-3-8, 20=0-3-8

Max Horiz 2=214 (LC 15)

2=775 (LC 57), 15=1022 (LC 59), Max Grav

20=2970 (LC 3)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

1-2=0/41, 2-4=-1050/28, 4-6=-1408/0, 6-7=-748/66, 7-8=-65/401, 8-9=-2/714,

9-10=0/884, 10-12=-264/227 12-13=-672/163, 13-14=-922/84,

14-15=-944/34

2-28=-109/746, 27-28=-21/384, 4-27=-6/348, **BOT CHORD**

26-27=-65/1417, 24-26=-19/1290, 23-24=-18/580, 22-23=-278/147,

21-22=-170/62, 20-21=-76/6 19-20=-208/245, 17-19=0/496, 16-17=0/718,

15-16=-39/64

WEBS

8-23=0/915, 8-22=-1475/52, 10-19=0/1071, 12-19=-944/10, 12-17=0/664, 13-17=-501/74, 13-16=-189/177, 14-16=0/758, 9-20=-1203/44, 10-20=-1637/20, 7-24=0/571,

7-23=-1066/62, 6-26=0/400, 6-24=-771/42 4-26=-297/61, 20-22=-937/99, 9-22=-17/895

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 4-1-0, Interior (1) 4-1-0 to 18-4-8, Exterior(2R) 18-4-8 to 25-6-13, Interior (1) 25-6-13 to 37-7-8, Exterior(2R) 37-7-8 to 44-9-13, Interior (1) 44-9-13 to 50-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=20.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10, Lu=50-0-0
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2.

- 11) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof I71681530 A3G Piggyback Base Supported Gable 1 1 Job Reference (optional)

Structural, LLC, Thurmont, MD - 21788.

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:52:50 ID: Jj4xyVLkTXkyNltxh nWisyAQ0e-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3u|TXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

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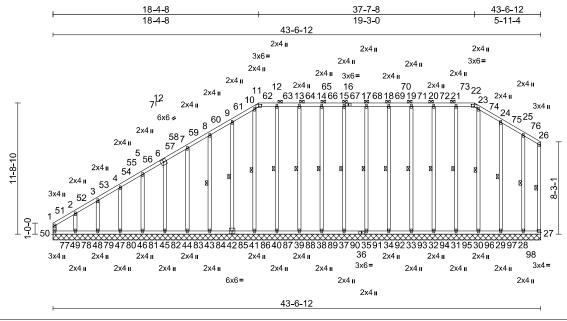


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [11:0-3-0,0-1-12], [22:0-3-0,0-1-12], [27:Edge,0-1-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.65	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	20.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.25	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.32	Horiz(TL)	0.01	27	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 425 lb	FT = 20%

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING TOP CHORD

LUMBER

Scale = 1:103

Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

(6-0-0 max.): 11-22.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

26-27, 17-35, 15-37, **WEBS** 1 Row at midpt

14-38, 13-39, 12-40, 10-41, 9-42, 8-43, 18-34,

19-33, 20-32, 21-31, 23-30, 24-29, 25-28

REACTIONS (size) 27=43-6-12, 28=43-6-12,

29=43-6-12, 30=43-6-12, 31=43-6-12, 32=43-6-12,

33=43-6-12, 34=43-6-12, 35=43-6-12, 37=43-6-12, 38=43-6-12, 39=43-6-12, 40=43-6-12, 41=43-6-12,

42=43-6-12, 43=43-6-12, 44=43-6-12, 45=43-6-12, 46=43-6-12, 47=43-6-12,

48=43-6-12, 49=43-6-12, 50=43-6-12

Max Horiz 50=252 (LC 13)

Max Uplift

27=-21 (LC 16), 28=-11 (LC 12), 29=-17 (LC 17), 31=-2 (LC 13), 40=-1 (LC 13), 41=-13 (LC 13),

42=-15 (LC 16), 43=-10 (LC 16), 44=-11 (LC 16), 45=-12 (LC 16), 46=-5 (LC 16), 47=-17 (LC 16), 49=-125 (LC 13), 50=-121 (LC 14) Max Grav 27=275 (LC 160), 28=326 (LC 159), 29=335 (LC 158), 30=332 (LC 157), 31=333 (LC 156), 32=333 (LC 155), 33=333 (LC

154), 34=333 (LC 153), 35=333 (LC 152), 37=333 (LC 151), 38=333 (LC 150), 39=333 (LC 149), 40=333 (LC 148), 41=333

(LC 147), 42=333 (LC 146), 43=332 (LC 145), 44=336 (LC 144), 45=333 (LC 143), 46=330 (LC 142), 47=334 (LC 141),

48=332 (LC 140), 49=339 (LC 139), 50=283 (LC 138)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

1-50=-268/160, 1-2=-358/297, 2-3=-273/235,

3-4=-243/221, 4-5=-200/195, 5-7=-173/175, 7-8=-156/183, 8-9=-167/222, 9-10=-193/265, 10-11=-169/228, 11-12=-169/246,

12-13=-169/246, 13-14=-169/246, 14-15=-169/246, 15-17=-169/246,

17-18=-169/246, 18-19=-169/246, 19-20=-169/246, 20-21=-169/246, 21-22=-169/246, 22-23=-169/228,

23-24=-193/265, 24-25=-161/218, 25-26=-182/238, 26-27=-256/207 49-50=-111/146, 48-49=-111/146,

47-48=-111/146, 46-47=-111/146, 45-46=-111/146, 44-45=-113/148, 43-44=-113/148, 41-43=-113/148, 40-41=-113/148, 39-40=-113/148,

38-39=-113/148, 37-38=-113/148. 35-37=-113/148, 34-35=-113/148, 33-34=-113/148, 32-33=-113/148, 31-32=-113/148, 30-31=-113/148.

29-30=-113/148, 28-29=-113/148,

27-28=-113/148

WEBS 17-35=-264/35, 15-37=-264/35, 14-38=-264/35, 13-39=-264/43,

12-40=-264/31 10-41=-267/37

9-42=-269/64, 8-43=-270/55, 7-44=-278/58, 6-45=-272/59, 5-46=-274/50, 4-47=-282/62, 3-48=-284/50, 2-49=-290/147,

18-34=-264/35, 19-33=-264/35 20-32=-264/43, 21-31=-264/31,

23-30=-266/35, 24-29=-270/73, 25-28=-262/107

NOTES

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



Continued on page 2

WARNING - Ver

Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

FORCES

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	A3G	Piggyback Base Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:52:50 ID:Jj4xyVLkTXkyNjtxh nWisyAQ0e-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

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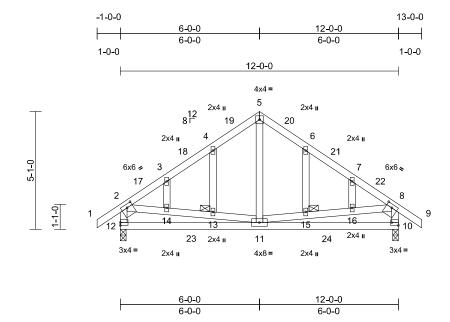
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner (3E) 0-1-12 to 4-6-0, Exterior(2N) 4-6-0 to 18-4-8, Corner(3R) 18-4-8 to 22-8-12, Exterior(2N) 22-8-12 to 37-7-8, Corner(3R) 37-7-8 to 42-0-0, Exterior(2N) 42-0-0 to 43-5-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=20.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10, Lu=50-0-0
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
-) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- B) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 13) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2.
- 14) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 50, 27, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 49, 31, 29, and 28. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 15) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 16) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 17) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	C1G	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I71681533

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:52:56 ID:DcVRCJUL0AWPKUJInhLAbRzjYJP-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uJTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:49.8

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-3-0,0-1-12], [8:0-3-0,0-1-12], [10:Edge,0-1-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.64	Vert(LL)	-0.12	11-12	>999	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.76	Vert(CT)	-0.14	11-12	>971	240		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.55	Horz(CT)	0.00	10	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	0.02	11-12	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 81 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

JOINTS 1 Brace at Jt(s): 13,

REACTIONS (size) 10=0-3-0. 12=0-3-0

Max Horiz 12=95 (LC 15)

Max Grav 10=537 (LC 2), 12=537 (LC 2)

FORCES

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

TOP CHORD 2-12=-479/197, 1-2=0/52, 2-3=-471/162,

3-4=-412/179, 4-5=-400/205, 5-6=-400/205,

6-7=-412/180, 7-8=-471/162, 8-9=0/52,

8-10=-479/197

BOT CHORD 11-12=-116/285, 10-11=-87/285

5-11=-108/305, 2-14=-48/225, WEBS

13-14=-56/223, 11-13=-61/228, 11-15=-61/228, 15-16=-56/223,

8-16=-48/225, 4-13=-118/35, 3-14=-75/39,

6-15=-118/35, 7-16=-75/39

NOTES

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II: Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0. Interior (1) 2-0-0 to 6-0-0. Exterior(2R) 6-0-0 to 9-0-0, Interior (1) 9-0-0 to 13-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2.
- 13) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

14) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025



👠 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

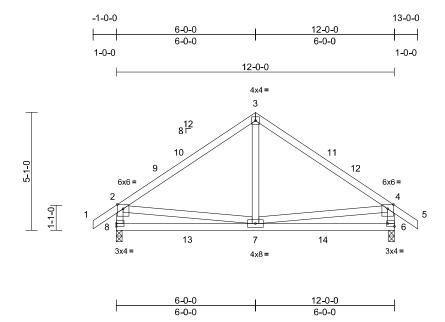
a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	C1	Common	4	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681534

Run: 8.83 S. Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S. Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:52:56 ID:HVv5MQfmTnPHdoydAL6hibzjYIA-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:49.8

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [6:Edge,0-1-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.80	Vert(LL)	-0.12	6-7	>999	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.76	Vert(CT)	-0.14	6-7	>977	240		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.12	Horz(CT)	0.00	6	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	0.02	7-8	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 69 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied.

6=0-3-0, 8=0-3-0 REACTIONS (size)

Max Horiz 8=95 (LC 15)

Max Grav 6=537 (LC 2), 8=537 (LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/52, 2-3=-484/199, 3-4=-484/199,

4-5=0/52, 2-8=-482/198, 4-6=-482/198

BOT CHORD 7-8=-130/323, 6-7=-98/323

WEBS 3-7=-79/314, 2-7=-71/216, 4-7=-71/216

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior (1) 2-0-0 to 6-0-0, Exterior(2R) 6-0-0 to 9-0-0, Interior (1) 9-0-0 to 13-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown: Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this

- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

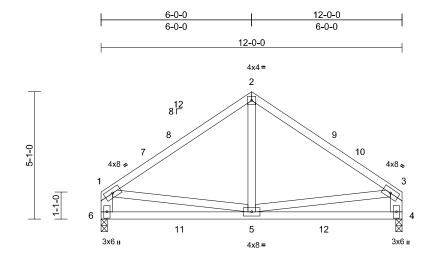




Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	C1A	Common	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681535

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:52:56 ID:IIUN3sHJTRq1EdLQfYXfGMzjYkN-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uJTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



- 1	6-0-0	12-0-0
- 1	6-0-0	6-0-0

Scale = 1:46

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.72	Vert(LL)	-0.11	5-6	>999	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.80	Vert(CT)	-0.13	5-6	>999	240		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.36	Horz(CT)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	0.01	5-6	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 66 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 6-1,4-3:2x6 SP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS (size) 4=0-3-0, 6=0-3-0

Max Horiz 6=83 (LC 52)

Max Uplift 4=-445 (LC 60), 6=-445 (LC 57)

Max Grav 4=766 (LC 43), 6=766 (LC 42)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

1-2=-1031/738, 2-3=-1031/741,

1-6=-769/555, 3-4=-765/560

BOT CHORD 5-6=-633/742, 4-5=-604/683

WEBS 2-5=0/304, 1-5=-568/690, 3-5=-571/693

NOTES

TOP CHORD

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-2-12 to 3-2-12, Interior (1) 3-2-12 to 6-0-0, Exterior(2R) 6-0-0 to 9-0-0. Interior (1) 9-0-0 to 11-9-4 zone: cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 6 and 4. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a total drag load of 100 plf. Lumber DOL=(1.33) Plate grip DOL=(1.33) Connect truss to resist drag loads along bottom chord from 0-0-0 to 12-0-0 for 100.0 plf.
- 12) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025

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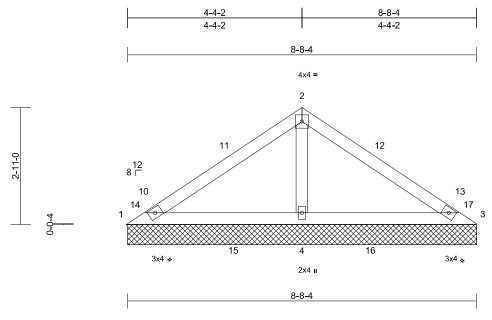
a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	VA2	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681536

Run: 8.83 S. Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S. Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:53:07 ID:oyibI0dpkLZUIaN57HZWDTzjYmW-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Sca	_	_	4	.20	-
Sca	е	_	- 1	.20	. 1

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.54	Vert(LL)	n/a	_	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.73	Vert(TL)	n/a	_	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.17	Horiz(TL)	-0.01	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 30 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 2x4 SP No.3 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS 1=8-8-4, 3=8-8-4, 4=8-8-4 (size)

Max Horiz 1=44 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 1=-2 (LC 47), 3=-251 (LC 47) 1=5 (LC 53), 3=252 (LC 51), 4=854

(LC 47)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-127/674, 2-3=-296/673 **BOT CHORD** 1-4=-556/121, 3-4=-554/242

2-4=-781/140

WEBS **NOTES**

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-6 to 3-0-6, Interior (1) 3-0-6 to 4-4-8, Exterior(2R) 4-4-8 to 7-4-8, Interior (1) 7-4-8 to 8-8-10 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.3.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 2 lb uplift at joint 1, 251 lb uplift at joint 3 and 2 lb uplift at joint 1.
- 13) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 14) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025

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a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

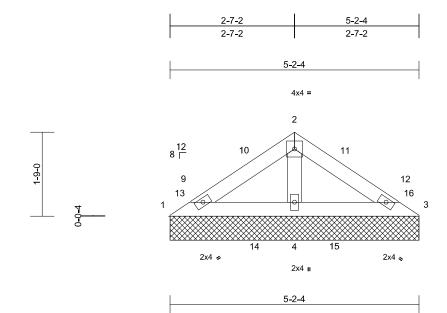


Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof I71681537 VA₁ Valley 1 Job Reference (optional)

Structural, LLC, Thurmont, MD - 21788.

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:53:07 ID:S viFJZgvpxBCpV8LkzLWPzjYmb-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:24

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csi		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.24	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.31	Vert(TL)	n/a	_	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.06	Horiz(TL)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 17 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 2x4 SP No.3 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS 1=5-2-4, 3=5-2-4, 4=5-2-4 (size)

Max Horiz 1=-25 (LC 12)

Max Uplift 1=-27 (LC 50), 3=-27 (LC 48)

1=278 (LC 47), 3=278 (LC 51),

4=410 (LC 57)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

1-2=-215/178, 2-3=-215/178 TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** 1-4=-112/162, 3-4=-112/162

2-4=-305/79

WEBS **NOTES**

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.3.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 27 lb uplift at joint 1 and 27 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 13) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 14) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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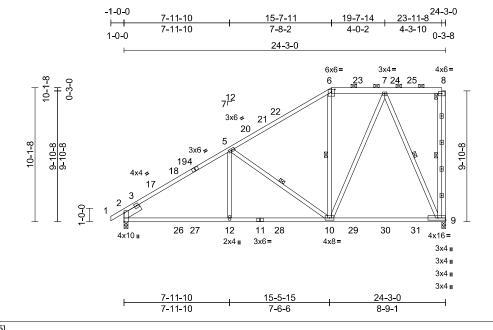
a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	A4A	Piggyback Base	13	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681539

Run: 8.83 S Feb 1 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 1 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Feb 27 14:25:57 ID:X6fz5k6uCWTc9dlojlyCKbyAQcN-ak 8cl3YUaMe0xOtJxOx62di?mhQqJ017GS?1bzgvge

Page: 1



Scale = 1:87

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [6:0-3-0,0-2-5]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.90	Vert(LL)	-0.28	9-10	>999	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	20.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.57	Vert(CT)	-0.38	9-10	>747	240		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.52	Horz(CT)	-0.03	2	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	0.03	9-10	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 181 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 6-8:2x6 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP SS 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

Left 2x6 SP No.2 -- 1-6-0 **SLIDER**

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

(6-0-0 max.): 6-8.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied. WEBS 1 Row at midpt 8-9, 5-10, 6-10, 7-9

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=914/0-3-8, 9=925/0-3-8

Max Horiz 2=243 (LC 15) Max Grav 2=1250 (LC 42), 9=1149 (LC 39)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250

(lb) or less except when shown

TOP CHORD 2-3=-634/263, 3-17=-1630/0, 17-18=-1599/0, 18-19=-1548/0, 4-19=-1546/0, 4-5=-1458/12,

5-20=-964/56, 20-21=-859/68,

21-22=-823/74, 6-22=-822/97

6-23=-710/100, 7-23=-711/100, 8-9=-300/50

BOT CHORD 2-26=-336/1417, 26-27=-186/1417,

12-27=-186/1417, 11-12=-186/1417, 11-28=-186/1417, 10-28=-186/1417,

10-29=-124/408, 29-30=-124/408,

30-31=-124/408, 9-31=-124/408 WFBS 5-12=0/370, 5-10=-822/69, 7-10=-54/891,

7-9=-910/113

NOTES

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II: Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-4-14, Interior (1) 2-4-14 to 15-7-11, Exterior(2R) 15-7-11 to 20-5-8, Interior (1) 20-5-8 to 24-1-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=20.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10, Lu=50-0-0; Min. flat roof snow load governs. Rain surcharge applied to all exposed surfaces with slopes less than 0.500/12 in accordance with IBC 1608.3.4.
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this 4) design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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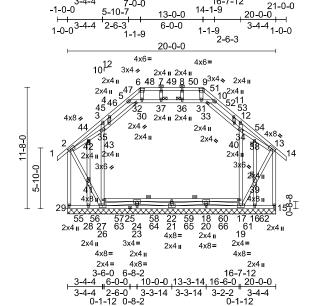


Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	G2G	Attic Supported Gable	3	1	Job Reference (optional)	I71681541

Run; 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print; 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:53:00 ID:mxq81MBDPzMru0edlruQkezjYAL-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

16-7-12

Page: 1





Scale = 1:110.9

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-2-14,0-2-0], [6:0-4-4,0-2-0], [9:0-4-4,0-2-0], [13:0-2-14,0-2-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.64	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	20.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.37	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.42	Horz(CT)	0.00	15	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 230 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 3-27,12-17,5-10:2x4 WEBS

SP No.2

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

(6-0-0 max.): 6-9. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied.

JOINTS 1 Brace at Jt(s): 36,

37, 38, 39, 41, 42

REACTIONS (size)

18=20-0-0, 22=20-0-0, 24=20-0-0, 27=20-0-0, 28=20-0-0, 29=20-0-0

Max Horiz 29=-238 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 15=-2 (LC 13), 16=-24 (LC 98),

17=-555 (LC 45), 27=-555 (LC 45), 28=-26 (LC 94), 29=-7 (LC 12)

15=20-0-0, 16=20-0-0, 17=20-0-0,

Max Grav 15=1156 (LC 46), 16=333 (LC 110), 17=143 (LC 13), 18=467 (LC 23),

22=363 (LC 23), 24=467 (LC 23),

27=124 (LC 12), 28=333 (LC 103),

29=1156 (LC 46)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 2-29=-1139/19, 1-2=0/72, 2-3=-327/38,

3-4=-354/103, 4-5=-357/120, 5-6=-666/60, 6-7=-592/56, 7-8=-592/56, 8-9=-592/56,

9-10=-666/60, 10-11=-357/121,

11-12=-355/103, 12-13=-327/38, 13-14=0/72,

13-15=-1134/13

BOT CHORD 28-29=-222/242, 27-28=-222/242,

24-27=-19/242, 22-24=-19/242, 18-22=-13/242. 17-18=-13/242.

16-17=-80/111, 15-16=-80/111, 23-26=-27/18,

21-23=-10/153, 20-21=-10/153, 19-20=-27/22 2-41=-23/890, 27-41=-24/952

26-27=-490/105, 26-35=-425/119,

3-35=-375/132, 17-19=-491/107,

19-34=-427/122, 12-34=-375/132,

17-39=-20/947, 13-39=-19/886, 5-32=0/400,

30-32=-113/142, 30-37=-104/155,

36-37=-104/155, 31-36=-104/155

31-33=-113/142, 10-33=0/400, 21-22=-185/0, 18-20=-273/0, 23-24=-273/0, 23-27=-28/283,

22-23=-8/123, 20-22=-14/124,

17-20=-18/280, 6-30=-169/163

9-31=-169/163, 35-43=-376/0, 32-43=-349/5,

33-40=-349/4, 34-40=-376/0, 34-38=-306/4,

13-38=-274/3, 2-42=-274/5, 35-42=-306/8,

8-36=-125/44, 7-37=-125/44, 38-39=-70/5,

16-39=-139/0, 11-40=-104/38, 41-42=-70/5,

28-41=-139/2, 4-43=-104/38

NOTES

WFRS

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16: Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner (3E) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2N) 2-0-0 to 7-0-0, Corner (3R) 7-0-0 to 10-0-0, Exterior(2N) 10-0-0 to 13-0-0, Corner(3R) 13-0-0 to 16-0-0, Exterior(2N) 16-0-0 to 21-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For study exposed to wind (normal to the face). see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=20.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10, Lu=50-0-0
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads. Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing. 10) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely
- braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web). Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 12) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

February 28,2025

a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



818 Soundside Road

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	G2G	Attic Supported Gable	3	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681541

Run; 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print; 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:53:00 ID:mxq81MBDPzMru0edlruQkezjYAL-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 2

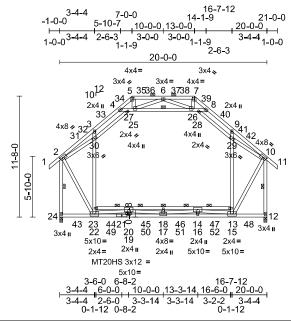
- 13) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 14) Ceiling dead load (10.0 psf) on member(s). 5-32, 30-32, 30-37, 36-37, 31-36, 31-33, 10-33
- 15) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2.
- 16) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 7 lb uplift at joint 29, 2 lb uplift at joint 15, 555 lb uplift at joint 27, 555 lb uplift at joint 17, 24 lb uplift at joint 16 and 26 lb uplift at
- 17) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 18) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 19) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 20) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	G2	Attic	6	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681542

Run: 8.83 S. Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S. Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries. Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:52:59 ID:xPIKG2y7xqRWZPhGNyFo7xzjYOr-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uJTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1





Scale = 1:111.3

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-2-14,0-2-0], [5:0-2-0,0-1-13], [7:0-2-0,0-1-13], [10:0-2-14,0-2-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.50	Vert(LL)	-0.31	17	>772	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	20.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.94	Vert(CT)	-0.48	17	>488	240	MT20HS	187/143
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.82	Horz(CT)	0.05	12	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	-0.05	20-23	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 215 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP SS *Except* 22-15:2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 3-23,9-13,4-8:2x4 SP WEBS

BRACING

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

(6-0-0 max.): 5-7. Rigid ceiling directly applied.

BOT CHORD 4-8, 2-24, 10-12 **WEBS** 1 Row at midpt

REACTIONS (size) 12=0-3-8, 24=0-3-8

Max Horiz 24=-238 (LC 14)

Max Grav 12=1638 (LC 52), 24=1638 (LC 52)

FORCES

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

1-2=0/72, 2-3=-1200/209, 3-4=-1069/319,

4-5=-597/156, 5-6=-496/133, 6-7=-496/132,

7-8=-597/154, 8-9=-1065/313,

9-10=-1193/198, 10-11=0/72, 2-24=-1789/0,

10-12=-1792/0

23-24=-224/237, 20-23=0/2972,

18-20=0/2972, 14-18=0/2972, 13-14=0/2972,

12-13=-77/86, 19-22=-31/222,

17-19=-3499/0, 16-17=-3499/0,

15-16=-39/228

WEBS

22-23=-441/141, 22-30=-400/186, 3-30=-324/198, 13-15=-441/137,

15-29=-400/186, 9-29=-324/198, 4-27=-614/292 25-27=-551/179

25-26=-324/348, 26-28=-551/179 8-28=-612/292, 5-25=-82/286, 7-26=-80/284,

27-30=-484/454, 28-29=-484/451, 6-25=-452/208, 6-26=-452/209

10-29=-335/351, 2-30=-335/358 2-23=0/1225, 10-13=0/1226, 19-20=-58/230,

14-16=-64/230, 17-18=-324/0,

13-16=-2741/0, 16-18=0/1013, 18-19=0/1013,

19-23=-2741/0

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior (1) 2-0-0 to 7-0-0, Exterior(2R) 7-0-0 to 11-2-15, Interior (1) 11-2-15 to 13-0-0, Exterior(2R) 13-0-0 to 17-2-15, Interior (1) 17-2-15 to 21-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown: Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=20.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10, Lu=50-0-0
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

- 8) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Ceiling dead load (10.0 psf) on member(s). 3-4, 8-9, 4-27, 25-27, 25-26, 26-28, 8-28
- 12) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (5.0 psf) applied only to room. 19-22, 17-19, 16-17, 15-16
- 13) All bearings are assumed to be SP SS.
- 14) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 15) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

February 28,2025

Continued on page 2

Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	G2	Attic	6	1	Job Reference (optional)	

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:52:59 ID:xPIKG2y7xqRWZPhGNyFo7xzjYOr-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?ff

Page: 2

16) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

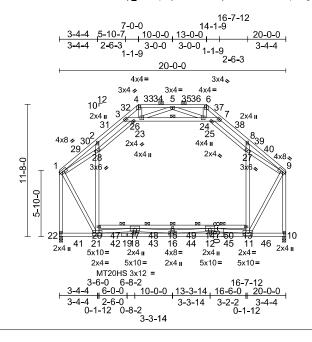
17) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	G2A	Attic	24	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681543

Run; 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print; 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:52:59 ID:Cjr_uS4aEpexjwDTO9JwV9zjYFe-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1





Scale = 1:101.9

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [4:0-2-0,0-1-13], [6:0-2-0,0-1-13]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csi		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.60	Vert(LL)	-0.30	15	>777	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	20.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.94	Vert(CT)	-0.48	15	>492	240	MT20HS	187/143
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.82	Horz(CT)	0.05	10	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	-0.05	18-21	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 211 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP SS *Except* 20-13:2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 2-21,8-11,3-7:2x4 SP WEBS

No. 2, 22-1,10-9:2x4 SP SS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

(6-0-0 max.): 4-6.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied. **WEBS** 1 Row at midpt

REACTIONS (size) 10=0-3-8, 22=0-3-8

Max Horiz 22=-223 (LC 12) Max Grav 10=1548 (LC 51), 22=1548 (LC 51)

FORCES

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension TOP CHORD

1-2=-1199/203, 2-3=-1076/324, 3-4=-598/156, 4-5=-496/135, 5-6=-496/134,

6-7=-598/154, 7-8=-1072/318,

8-9=-1193/191, 1-22=-1697/0, 9-10=-1700/0

BOT CHORD 21-22=-225/253, 18-21=0/2969,

16-18=0/2969, 12-16=0/2969, 11-12=0/2969,

10-11=-78/86, 17-20=-32/218, 15-17=-3495/0, 14-15=-3495/0,

13-14=-40/223

WEBS

20-21=-445/171, 20-28=-404/201, 2-28=-333/197. 11-13=-445/168.

13-27=-404/198 8-27=-333/197 3-26=-626/285, 23-26=-553/165,

23-24=-328/347, 24-25=-553/165 7-25=-624/285, 4-23=-80/285, 6-24=-78/284,

5-23=-457/206, 5-24=-457/207, 25-27=-480/452, 26-28=-480/456, 9-27=-332/352, 1-28=-332/358,

15-16=-324/0, 12-14=-64/229,

17-18=-59/229, 17-21=-2735/0, 16-17=0/1014, 14-16=0/1014, 11-14=-2735/0,

1-21=0/1237, 9-11=0/1238

NOTES

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-4-4, Interior (1) 3-4-4 to 7-0-0, Exterior(2R) 7-0-0 to 11-2-15, Interior (1) 11-2-15 to 13-0-0, Exterior(2R) 13-0-0 to 17-2-15, Interior (1) 17-2-15 to 19-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=20.4 psf (Lum DOL = $\frac{1}{2}$ 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10, Lu=50-0-0
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Ceiling dead load (10.0 psf) on member(s). 2-3, 7-8, 3-26, 23-26, 23-24, 24-25, 7-25
- Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (5.0 psf) applied only to room. 17-20, 15-17, 14-15, 13-14
- 12) All bearings are assumed to be SP SS
- 13) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 14) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 15) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord
- 16) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.

February 28,2025

Continued on page 2

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	G2A	Attic	24	1	Job Reference (optional)	

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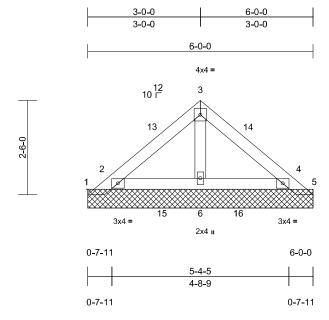
Page: 2

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	PB4	Piggyback	33	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681544

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:53:05 ID:3eWpRgvcucx44nOV86Asy5zjYOv-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uJTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:30.7

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.22	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.20	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.04	Horiz(TL)	0.00	10	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 21 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS (size) 1=6-0-0, 2=6-0-0, 4=6-0-0, 5=6-0-0,

6=6-0-0

Max Horiz 1=-37 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 1=-210 (LC 46), 2=-24 (LC 16),

4=-20 (LC 17), 5=-208 (LC 47)

Max Grav 1=222 (LC 44), 2=456 (LC 62), 4=446 (LC 60), 5=224 (LC 56),

6=328 (LC 63)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-54/147, 2-3=-157/86, 3-4=-157/85,

4-5=-37/146

BOT CHORD 2-6=-79/55, 4-6=-80/55

3-6=-196/3

WEBS NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For stude exposed to wind (normal to the face). see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 210 lb uplift at joint 1 and 208 lb uplift at joint 5
- 13) One H2 5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 4. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 14) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 15) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord
- 16) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025

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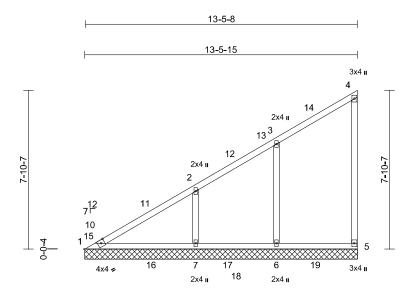
a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Т	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	١	VB4	Valley	3	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681545

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Page: 1



Scale = 1:57.1

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.52	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.58	Vert(TL)	n/a	_	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.17	Horiz(TL)	0.01	5	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 64 lb	FT = 20%

13-5-8

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **WEBS OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied. 1=13-5-15, 5=13-5-15, 6=13-5-15,

REACTIONS (size)

7=13-5-15

1=187 (LC 13) Max Horiz

Max Uplift 5=-15 (LC 13), 6=-22 (LC 16),

7=-20 (LC 16)

Max Grav 1=344 (LC 44), 5=321 (LC 55),

6=418 (LC 5), 7=537 (LC 33)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

1-2=-497/257, 2-3=-214/183, 3-4=-126/115, TOP CHORD

4-5=-286/69 1-7=-134/428, 6-7=-102/114, 5-6=-102/114

BOT CHORD WEBS 3-6=-325/141, 2-7=-369/133

NOTES

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Interior (1) 3-0-0 to 13-4-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For stude exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable. or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 15 lb uplift at joint 5, 22 lb uplift at joint 6 and 20 lb uplift at joint 7.
- 12) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1.
- 13) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 14) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025

🗥 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

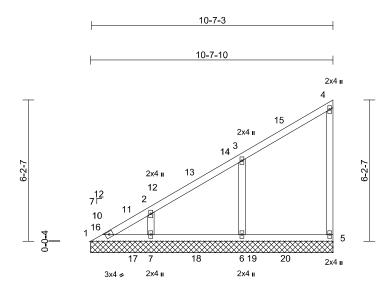
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



J	lob	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
		VB3	Valley	6	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681546

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:53:08 ID:1r5yTxxAFWdGnIDUko?Q6DzjY84-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csi		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.42	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.79	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.10	Horiz(TL)	0.00	5	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 48 lb	FT = 20%

10-7-3

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 2x4 SP No.3 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.3 **WEBS OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS (size) 1=10-7-10, 5=10-7-10, 6=10-7-10, 7=10-7-10

1=146 (LC 13) Max Horiz

1=-2 (LC 12), 5=-10 (LC 13), 6=-24 Max Uplift

(LC 16), 7=-8 (LC 16)

Max Grav 1=291 (LC 44), 5=317 (LC 55), 6=440 (LC 33), 7=397 (LC 53)

FORCES

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-300/185, 2-3=-209/159, 3-4=-121/95,

4-5=-284/76

BOT CHORD 1-7=-90/253, 6-7=-80/91, 5-6=-80/91 **WEBS** 3-6=-338/146, 2-7=-323/95

NOTES

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Interior (1) 3-0-0 to 10-5-14 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For stude exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable. or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.3.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 10 lb uplift at joint 5, 2 lb uplift at joint 1, 24 lb uplift at joint 6 and 8 lb uplift at joint 7
- 12) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1.
- 13) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 14) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025

Edenton, NC 27932

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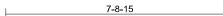
a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

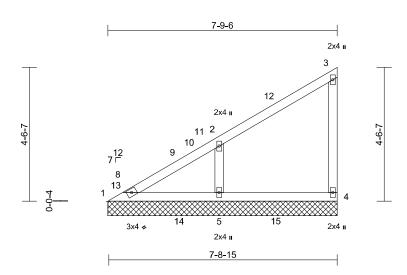


Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	VB2	Valley	6	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681547

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:53:07 ID:kU9J?YsnvMlGSDB8qqNnKlzjY8B-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1





Scale = 1:39.1

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.46	Vert(LL)	n/a	_	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.85	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.07	Horiz(TL)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 32 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.3 2x4 SP No.3 **WEBS OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS (size) 1=7-9-6, 4=7-9-6, 5=7-9-6 Max Horiz 1=105 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 4=-7 (LC 13), 5=-18 (LC 16) 1=310 (LC 43), 4=311 (LC 51), Max Grav

5=443 (LC 50)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-390/150, 2-3=-101/85, 3-4=-282/82

BOT CHORD 1-5=-78/335, 4-5=-61/66 2-5=-347/142

NOTES

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Interior (1) 3-0-0 to 7-7-10 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.3.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 7 lb uplift at joint 4 and 18 lb uplift at joint 5.
- 12) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1.
- 13) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 14) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025

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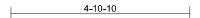


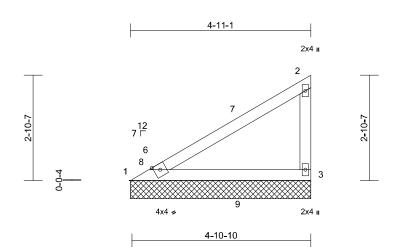
Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof I71681548 VB1 Valley 6 Job Reference (optional)

Structural, LLC, Thurmont, MD - 21788.

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:53:07 ID:R8EgX9mOYDsF689owsl8YGzjY8I-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uJTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

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Scale = 1:31.5

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.59	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.65	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horiz(TL)	0.01	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 18 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.3 **WEBS**

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS 1=4-11-1, 3=4-11-1 (size) Max Horiz 1=63 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 3=-2 (LC 16)

Max Grav 1=349 (LC 42), 3=349 (LC 41) (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

1-2=-518/88, 2-3=-300/83 TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** 1-3=-116/446

NOTES

FORCES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Interior (1) 3-0-0 to 4-9-5 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For stude exposed to wind (normal to the face). see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 7) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 .
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 2 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 12) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1.
- 13) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 14) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

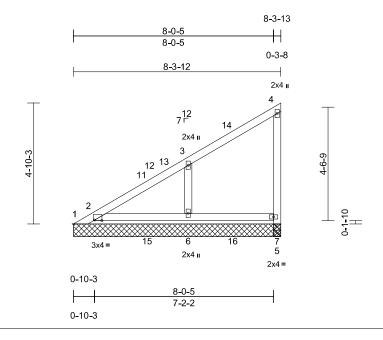




Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	PB5	Piggyback	23	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681550

Run: 8.83 S Feb 1 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 1 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Feb 27 14:31:07 ID:_SUzh1LF2rFSm2?pLkn5FzzjXmJ-VNjKglp?UqQfCa5ST2yegQTpHkRoTcYfPVYPvdzgvbo

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Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-3-9,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.42	Vert(LL)	-0.04	5-6	>999	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.77	Vert(CT)	-0.05	5-6	>947	240		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.15	Horz(CT)	0.00	7	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	0.00	6-10	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 35 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.3 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied. Rigid ceiling directly applied. BOT CHORD

REACTIONS All bearings 8-3-12, except 7=0-3-8

(lb) - Max Horiz 1=100 (LC 16)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 (lb) or less at joint(s) 2, 6, 7 except 1=-261 (LC 46)

All reactions 250 (lb) or less at joint

(s) 1 except 2=518 (LC 49), 6=423

(LC 50), 7=308 (LC 51)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. WEBS 3-6=-336/139, 5-7=-308/34, 4-5=-280/51

NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-3-8 to 3-3-8, Interior (1) 3-3-8 to 8-2-1 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For stude exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable. or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 1, 2, 7, 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint (s) 7 except (jt=lb) 1=261.
- 11) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at it(s) 2 and 6. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 12) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 13) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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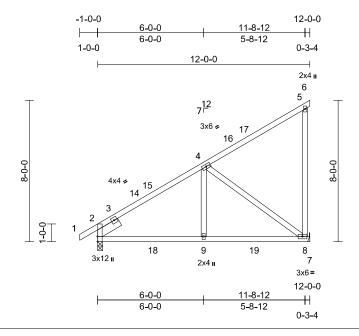
a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	A5	Monopitch	7	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681552

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Page: 1



Scale = 1:65.2

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-3-8,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.71	Vert(LL)	-0.17	8-9	>815	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.94	Vert(CT)	-0.21	8-9	>664	240		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.49	Horz(CT)	0.02	2	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	0.01	9-12	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 71 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3

Left 2x6 SP No.2 -- 1-6-0 **SLIDER**

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS (size)

2=0-3-8, 8= Mechanical Max Horiz 2=162 (LC 16)

Max Uplift 8=-39 (LC 16)

Max Grav 2=532 (LC 2), 8=545 (LC 23)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/41, 2-4=-513/173, 4-5=-115/73,

5-6=-11/0

BOT CHORD 2-9=-188/421, 8-9=-80/421, 7-8=0/0 WEBS 4-9=0/368, 4-8=-522/99, 5-8=-305/67

NOTES

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-4-14, Interior (1) 2-4-14 to 12-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Bearings are assumed to be: Joint 2 SP No.2.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 39 lb uplift at joint
- 11) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

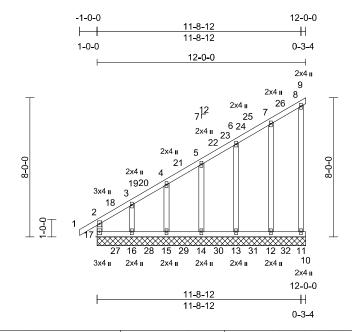
a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	A5G	Monopitch Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681553

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:52:55 ID:edDe3RcDvYg7BT2hCWrvI5yATeh-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:66.4

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.38	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.19	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.23	Horz(CT)	-0.02	9	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 82 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING TOP CHORD

CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals.
Rigid ceiling directly applied.

BOT CHORD Rigid REACTIONS (size)

9=12-0-0, 10=12-0-0, 11=12-0-0, 12=12-0-0, 13=12-0-0, 14=12-0-0, 15=12-0-0, 16=12-0-0, 17=12-0-0

Max Horiz 17=158 (LC 16)

Max Uplift 9=-39 (LC 46), 10=-232 (LC 60), 11=-60 (LC 59), 12=-12 (LC 16), 13=-9 (LC 16), 14=-16 (LC 16), 14=-16 (LC 16), 15=-20 (LC 16), 15=-

16=-107 (LC 16), 17=-1 (LC 14)

Max Grav 9=132 (LC 47), 10=60 (LC 59),
11=415 (LC 60), 12=332 (LC 67),
13=334 (LC 66), 14=333 (LC 65),
15=334 (LC 64), 16=329 (LC 63),

17=314 (LC 62)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 2-17=-296/79, 1-2=0/47, 2-3=-373/181, 3-4=-268/130, 4-5=-223/107, 5-6=-165/78,

6-7=-106/73, 7-8=-81/64, 8-9=-22/66 16-17=0/0 15-16=0/0 14-15=0/0 13-14

BOT CHORD 16-17=0/0, 15-16=0/0, 14-15=0/0, 13-14=0/0, 12-13=0/0, 11-12=0/0, 10-11=0/0 WEBS 7-12=-276/111, 6-13=-279/92, 5-14=-281/91,

BS 7-12=-276/111, 6-13=-279/92, 5-14=-281/91, 4-15=-285/68, 3-16=-283/188, 8-11=-171/44

NOTES

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner (3E) -1-0-0 to 2-4-14, Exterior(2N) 2-4-14 to 12-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 3) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 1 lb uplift at joint 17, 232 lb uplift at joint 10, 39 lb uplift at joint 9, 12 lb uplift at joint 12, 9 lb uplift at joint 13, 16 lb uplift at joint 14, 107 lb uplift at joint 16 and 60 lb uplift at joint 11.

- 14) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 15) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

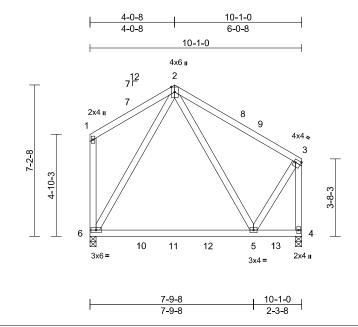
a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSITPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	H1	Common	23	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681554

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:53:01 ID:OCYxcFg_g7uhGlMK3K0D69zjXSW-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:54.9

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [3:Edge,0-1-12]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.70	Vert(LL)	-0.20	5-6	>601	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.49	Vert(CT)	-0.27	5-6	>440	240		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.43	Horz(CT)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	0.01	5-6	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0				_						Weight: 72 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP SS WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS (size) 4=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8

Max Horiz 6=-146 (LC 12)

Max Grav 4=457 (LC 33), 6=475 (LC 34)

FORCES (Ib) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

1-2=-155/137, 2-3=-336/87, 1-6=-293/103, 3-4=-593/62

BOT CHORD 5-6=-84/230, 4-5=-59/67

WEBS 2-5=-45/161, 2-6=-362/158, 3-5=0/335

NOTES

TOP CHORD

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 6-8-15 to 9-8-15, Interior (1) 9-8-15 to 10-7-11, Exterior(2R) 10-7-11 to 13-7-11, Interior (1) 13-7-11 to 16-6-7 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) All bearings are assumed to be SP SS
- 9) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev, 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

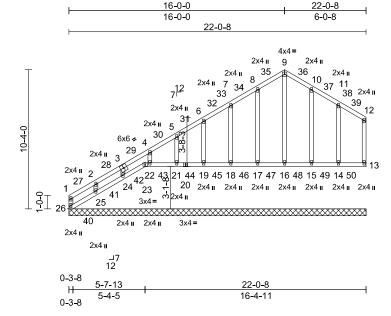
a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	H2G	Roof Special Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I71681556

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:53:02 ID:zpHXHo17OX4LnSExu?2YwmzjXTM-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3u|TXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:85.6

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.25	Vert(LL)	n/a	_	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.21	Vert(TL)	n/a	_	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.25	Horiz(TL)	0.00	13	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 128 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied.

BOT CHORD

REACTIONS (size) 13=22-0-8, 14=22-0-8, 15=22-0-8, 16=22-0-8, 17=22-0-8, 18=22-0-8, 19=22-0-8, 21=22-0-8, 22=22-0-8, 23=22-0-8, 24=22-0-8, 25=22-0-8, 26=22-0-8

Max Horiz 26=188 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 13=-19 (LC 16), 14=-7 (LC 12), 15=-10 (LC 17), 17=-8 (LC 16), 18=-12 (LC 16), 19=-10 (LC 16), 21=-10 (LC 16), 22=-57 (LC 68), 23=-197 (LC 70), 25=-102 (LC 13), 26=-103 (LC 14)

Max Grav 13=287 (LC 90), 14=336 (LC 89), 15=334 (LC 88), 16=329 (LC 87), 17=334 (LC 86), 18=333 (LC 85), 19=333 (LC 84), 21=334 (LC 83), 22=419 (LC 70), 23=271 (LC 68),

24=331 (LC 80), 25=338 (LC 79), 26=283 (LC 78)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension TOP CHORD 1-26=-269/92, 1-2=-248/187, 2-4=-170/136,

4-5=-119/96, 5-6=-111/92, 6-7=-102/107, 7-8=-106/151, 8-9=-127/189, 9-10=-127/190,

10-11=-105/149, 11-12=-85/114, 12-13=-267/82

BOT CHORD 25-26=-88/107, 24-25=-70/84, 23-24=-66/80, 22-23=49/65, 21-22=49/65, 19-21=49/65, 18-19=-49/65, 17-18=-49/65, 16-17=-49/65,

15-16=-49/65, 14-15=-49/65, 13-14=-49/65

WFBS

9-16=-273/42, 8-17=-280/57, 7-18=-280/63, 6-19=-283/60, 5-21=-286/60, 4-22=-290/62, 3-24=-287/53, 2-25=-293/133, 10-15=-280/58, 11-14=-283/77

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16: Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner (3E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Exterior(2N) 3-1-12 to 16-0-0, Corner(3R) 16-0-0 to 19-0-0, Exterior(2N) 19-0-0 to 21-10-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown: Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc. 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom
- chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2.

- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 103 lb uplift at joint 26, 197 lb uplift at joint 23, 19 lb uplift at joint 13, 8 lb uplift at joint 17, 12 lb uplift at joint 18, 10 lb uplift at joint 19. 10 lb uplift at joint 21. 57 lb uplift at joint 22. 102 lb uplift at joint 25, 10 lb uplift at joint 15 and 7 lb uplift at ioint 14
- 14) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 23, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 24, 25, 15, 14,
- 15) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 16) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025

🗥 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

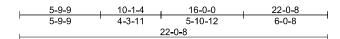
a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

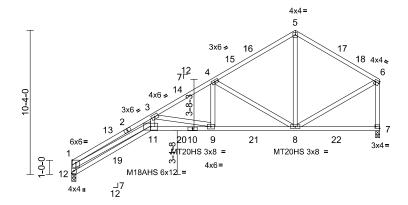


Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof	
	H2	Roof Special	7	1	Job Reference (optional)	l71681557

Run: 8.83 S Feb 18 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 18 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Feb 26 19:53:02 ID:OCYxcFg_g7uhGIMK3K0D69zjXSW-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1







Scale = 1:82.6

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [6:Edge,0-1-12], [7:Edge,0-1-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.97	Vert(LL)	-0.30	9-11	>868	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.91	Vert(CT)	-0.60	9-11	>434	240	M18AHS	186/179
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.98	Horz(CT)	0.39	7	n/a	n/a	MT20HS	187/143
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	0.19	9-11	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 129 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP SS *Except* 5-6:2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 11-10:2x4 SP SS 2x4 SP No 3 *Except* 11-1:2x4 SP No 2 WEBS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

7=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8 REACTIONS (size)

Max Horiz 12=188 (LC 13)

Max Grav 7=870 (LC 2), 12=870 (LC 2) **FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-12=-1154/152, 1-3=-4989/547,

3-4=-1775/129, 4-5=-794/93, 5-6=-786/85,

6-7=-868/88

BOT CHORD 11-12=-331/785, 9-11=-602/4025,

8-9=-216/1609, 7-8=-40/72

WEBS 1-11=-398/3965, 3-11=-248/1967,

3-9=-2473/395, 4-9=-31/690, 4-8=-1114/153, 6-8=-51/668, 5-8=0/404

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior (1) 3-1-12 to 16-0-0, Exterior(2R) 16-0-0 to 19-0-0, Interior (1) 19-0-0 to 21-10-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=15.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- All bearings are assumed to be SP No 2
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 12 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



February 28,2025

Edenton, NC 27932



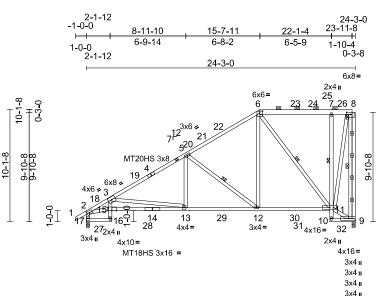
🗥 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Cooper III Rev.4-Elev - 1 / 6-Roof			
	A4T	Piggyback Base	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	I71681558		

Run: 8.83 S Feb 1 2025 Print: 8.830 S Feb 1 2025 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Feb 27 14:34:12 ID:X6fz5k6uCWTc9dlojlyCKbyAQcN-azPGV021vgkPv?k?oOn1gRdLdJY9J4FuynshuOzgvYv



Scale = 1:104

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-2-14,0-2-0], [6:0-3-0,0-2-5], [8:0-4-0,0-2-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.74	Vert(LL)	-0.17	13-15	>999	360	MT20HS	187/143
Snow (Pf/Pg)	20.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.90	Vert(CT)	-0.27	13-15	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.99	Horz(CT)	0.11	9	n/a	n/a	MT18HS	244/190
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-AS		Wind(LL)	0.05	13-15	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 204 lb	FT = 20%

15-5-15

6 - 6 - 6

8-11-10

6-8-2

2-3-8 2-3-8

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 6-8:2x6 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 16-3,7-10:2x4 SP

No 3, 15-14,14-11:2x4 SP SS

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied,

except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

(6-0-0 max.): 6-8.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied. Except:

1 Row at midpt 7-11 **WEBS**

1 Row at midpt 8-9, 5-12, 6-11 9=919/0-3-8, 17=917/0-3-8

REACTIONS (lb/size) Max Horiz 17=247 (LC 13)

Max Grav 9=1101 (LC 39), 17=1204 (LC 42)

FORCES (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250

(lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

2-18=-2530/1, 3-18=-2491/12, 3-19=-1760/0,

4-19=-1684/0, 4-5=-1664/0, 5-20=-986/34,

20-21=-964/38, 21-22=-863/54, 6-22=-850/74, 6-23=-275/119,

23-24=-275/118, 24-25=-277/118,

7-25=-277/118, 7-26=-267/118,

8-26=-267/118, 8-9=-1066/66, 2-17=-1165/0

BOT CHORD 15-16=-63/259, 3-15=-43/461,

15-28=-441/2620, 14-28=-441/2619, 13-14=-441/2619, 13-29=-216/1534,

12-29=-216/1534, 12-30=-165/768, 30-31=-165/768, 11-31=-165/768,

7-11=-502/89

WEBS 3-13=-1096/227, 5-13=0/457, 5-12=-940/66,

6-12=0/845, 6-11=-916/94, 2-15=-194/2053,

8-11=-113/1081

NOTES

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph: TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II: Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-1-12. Interior (1) 2-1-12 to 15-7-11, Exterior(2R) 15-7-11 to 20-5-8, Interior (1) 20-5-8 to 24-1-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=20.4 psf (Lum DOL = 1.15 Plate DOL = 1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10, Lu=50-0-0; Min. flat roof snow load governs. Rain surcharge applied to all exposed surfaces with slopes less than 0.500/12 in accordance with IBC 1608.3.4.
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 3.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

12) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord

Page: 1

13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

24-3-0

2-3-8

21-11-8

6-5-9



February 28,2025

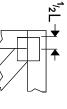
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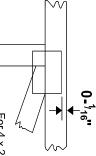


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated.
Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths.
Apply plates to both sides of truss and fully embed teeth.



For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- $\frac{1}{16}$ " from outside edge of truss.

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This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in MiTek software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 × 4

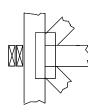
The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated.

BEARING



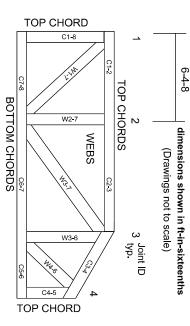
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number/letter where bearings occur Min size shown is for crushing only.

Industry Standards:

National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction. Design Standard for Bracing. Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

ANSI/TPI1: DSB-22:

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

Product Code Approvals

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1988, ESR-2362, ESR-2685, ESR-3282 ESR-4722, ESL-1388

Design General Notes

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

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MiTek



MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023

▲ General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.

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Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.

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- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
- Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- 15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- 17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- 21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.