

RE: 25-0542-A FFF-LOT #51 ROOF Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Site Information:

Customer: Project Name: 25-0542-A Lot/Block: Address: City:

Model: Subdivision: State:

# General Truss Engineering Criteria & Design Loads (Individual Truss Design Drawings Show Special Loading Conditions):

Design Code: IRC2018/TPI2014 Wind Code: ASCE 7-16 Roof Load: 40.0 psf Design Program: MiTek 20/20 8.7 Wind Speed: 130 mph Floor Load: N/A psf

This package includes 25 individual, dated Truss Design Drawings and 0 Additional Drawings.

No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date	No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date
1	168226652	M01	9/17/2024	21	168226672	V01	9/17/2024
2	168226653	M01A	9/17/2024	22	168226673	V02	9/17/2024
3	168226654	M01GE	9/17/2024	23	168226674	V03	9/17/2024
4	168226655	T01GE	9/17/2024	24	168226675	V04	9/17/2024
5	168226656	T02	9/17/2024	25	168226676	V05	9/17/2024
6	168226657	T02A	9/17/2024				
7	168226658	T02B	9/17/2024				
8	168226659	T02SGE	9/17/2024				
9	168226660	T03	9/17/2024				
10	168226661	T03G	9/17/2024				
11	168226662	T03GE	9/17/2024				
12	168226663	T04	9/17/2024				
13	168226664	T04A	9/17/2024				
14	168226665	T04AGE	9/17/2024				
15	168226666	T04AS	9/17/2024				
16	168226667	T04GE	9/17/2024				
17	168226668	T05	9/17/2024				
18	168226669	T05GE	9/17/2024				
19	168226670	T06	9/17/2024				
20	168226671	T06GE	9/17/2024				

The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision

based on the parameters provided by Riverside Roof Truss.

Truss Design Engineer's Name: Gilbert, Eric

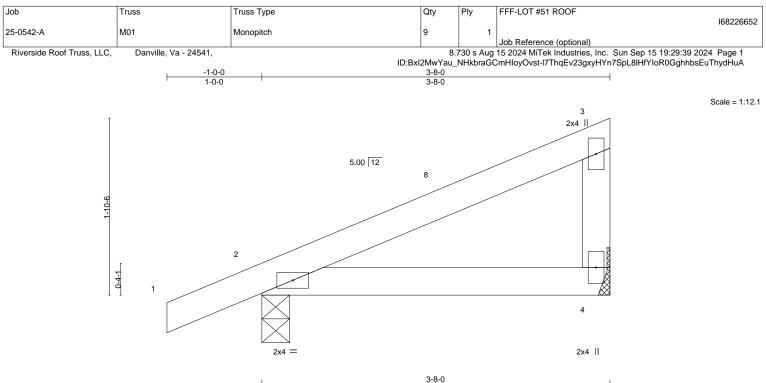
My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2025

North Carolina COA: C-0844

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for TRENCO customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



Gilbert, Eric



			3-8-0					1	
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0- Plate Grip DOL 1.1 Lumber DOL 1.1 Rep Stress Incr YEE	5 TC 0.16 5 BC 0.13 S WB 0.00	( )	,	(loc) 4-7 4-7 2	l/defl >999 >999 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014							Weight: 15 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-		BI	RACING-						

BOT CHORD

## LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

REACTIONS. (size) 4=Mechanical, 2=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=58(LC 15) Max Uplift 4=-5(LC 16), 2=-43(LC 16)

Max Grav 4=139(LC 21), 2=222(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 3-6-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 5 lb uplift at joint 4 and 43 lb uplift at joint 2.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

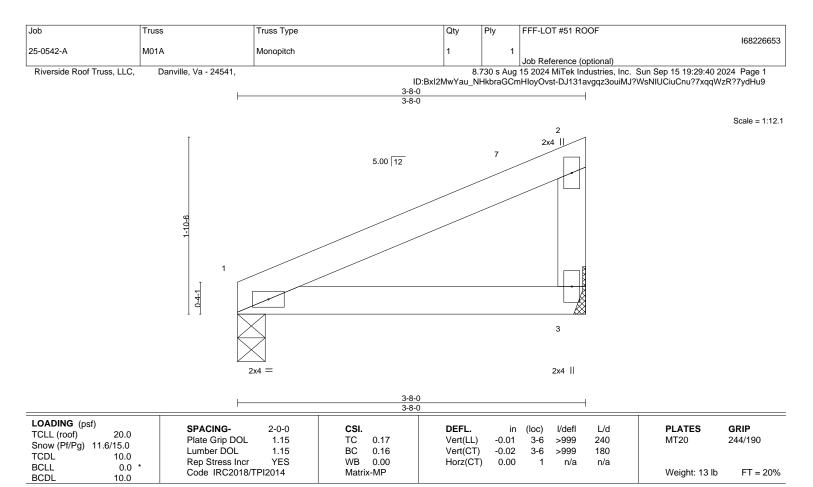


Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-8-0 oc purlins,

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

except end verticals.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent bucking of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

# LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.2BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.2WEBS2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (size) 1=0-3-8, 3=Mechanical

Max Horz 1=52(LC 15)

Max Uplift 1=-7(LC 16), 3=-10(LC 16) Max Grav 1=144(LC 20), 3=144(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Interior(1) 3-0-0 to 3-6-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 7 lb uplift at joint 1 and 10 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



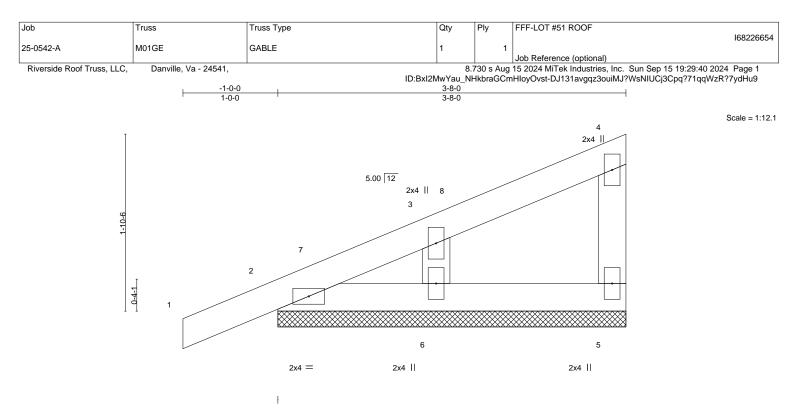
Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-8-0 oc purlins,

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

except end verticals

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LOADING (psf)           TCLL (roof)         20.0           Snow (Pf/Pg)         11.6/15.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0 *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2018/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.10 BC 0.03 WB 0.06 Matrix-P	<b>DEFL.</b> Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in 0.00 -0.00 0.00	(loc) 1 1 5	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 16 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2				Structura except e			g directly ap	oplied or 3-8-0 oc purlir	ns,

BOT CHORD

WEBS 2x4 SP No 3 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 5=3-8-0, 2=3-8-0, 6=3-8-0

Max Horz 2=58(LC 13)

Max Uplift 5=-5(LC 13), 2=-41(LC 16), 6=-6(LC 16) Max Grav 5=65(LC 21), 2=139(LC 21), 6=158(LC 21)

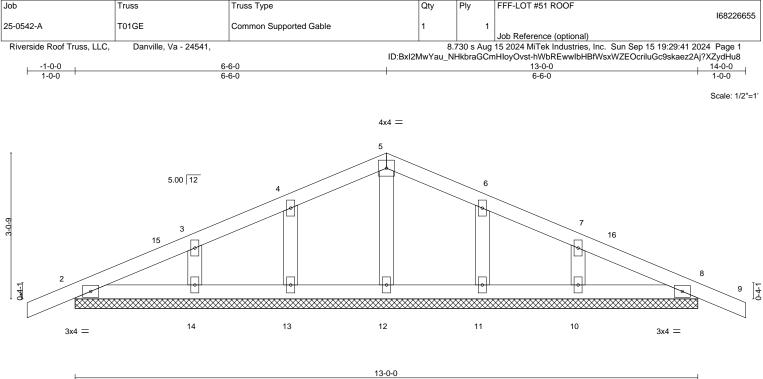
FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3E) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2N) 2-0-0 to 3-6-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60
- plate grip DOL=1.60 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry
- Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1. 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 5 lb uplift at joint 5, 41 lb uplift at joint 2 and 6 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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		13-0-0							4
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0 TCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.07 BC 0.04 WB 0.04	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in -0.00 -0.00 0.00	(loc) 8 8 8	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES MT20	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-S	- (- )					Weight: 55 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-		BR	ACING-						

BOT CHORD

# LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

REACTIONS. All bearings 13-0-0.

Max Horz 2=-40(LC 14) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 12, 13, 14, 11, 10

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

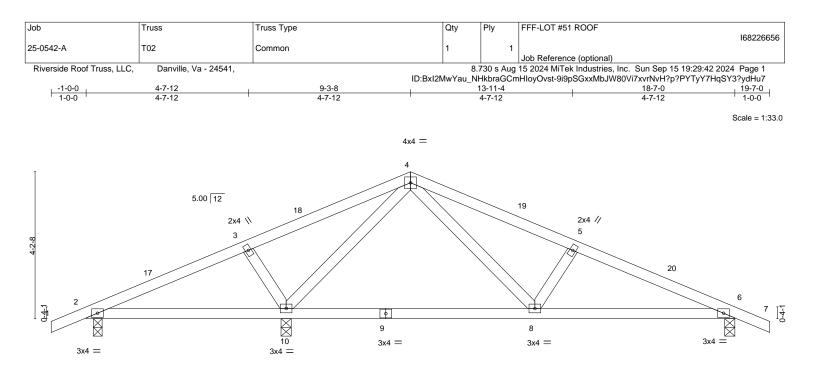
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3E) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2N) 2-0-0 to 6-6-0, Corner(3R) 6-6-0 to 9-6-0, Exterior(2N) 9-6-0 to 14-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

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0 <sub>1</sub> 2 <u>18</u> 012-8	<u>5-8-12</u> 5-6-4	<u> </u>	1				<u>18-3-0</u> 5-4-12	1	8-7 <sub>1</sub> 0 0-4-0
LOADING (psf)           TCLL (roof)         20.0           Snow (Pf/Pg)         11.6/15.0           TCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.33 BC 0.40 WB 0.38	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	-0.05	(loc) 8-10 8-10 6	l/defl >999 >999 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190
BCLL         0.0 *           BCDL         10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MS	- (- )		-			Weight: 82 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3		TO					g directly applie ied or 6-0-0 oc t	d or 6-0-0 oc purlir bracing.	IS.
Max Horz 2=-5 Max Uplift 10=-	0-3-8, 6=0-3-8, 2=0-3-0 5(LC 14) 43(LC 16), 6=-63(LC 16), 2=-47(LC 16) 993(LC 2), 6=528(LC 2), 2=219(LC 34)								
TOP CHORD 3-4=0/286, 4-5 BOT CHORD 6-8=-97/721	lax. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or less exc 5=-681/166, 5-6=-804/166 5-8=-292/148, 4-10=-660/142, 3-10=-30:								
<ol> <li>Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130rr II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS , Interior(1) 12-3-8 to 19-7-0 z &amp; MWFRS for reactions show</li> <li>TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 p DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Ca</li> </ol>	ave been considered for this design. hph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCI (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0- cone; cantilever left and right exposed; /n; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1 sf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL= at B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ci	0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 end vertical left and right e: .60 1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6	to 9-3-8, Exterio xposed;C-C for r	or(2R) 9-3 members	3-8 to 1 and fo	2-3-8			
<ol> <li>Unbalanced snow loads have</li> </ol>	been considered for this design.							annum.	

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

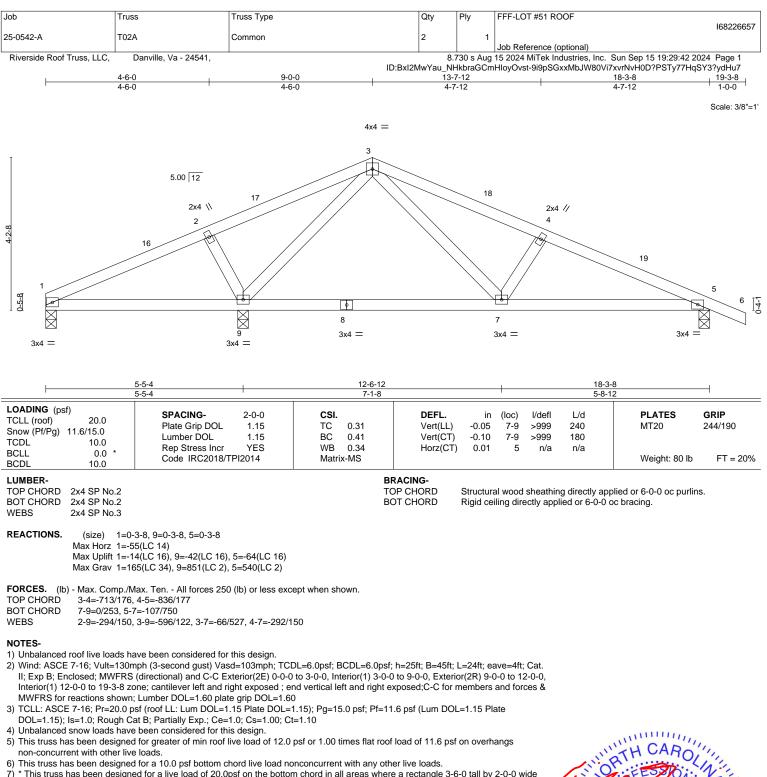
7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10, 6, 2.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



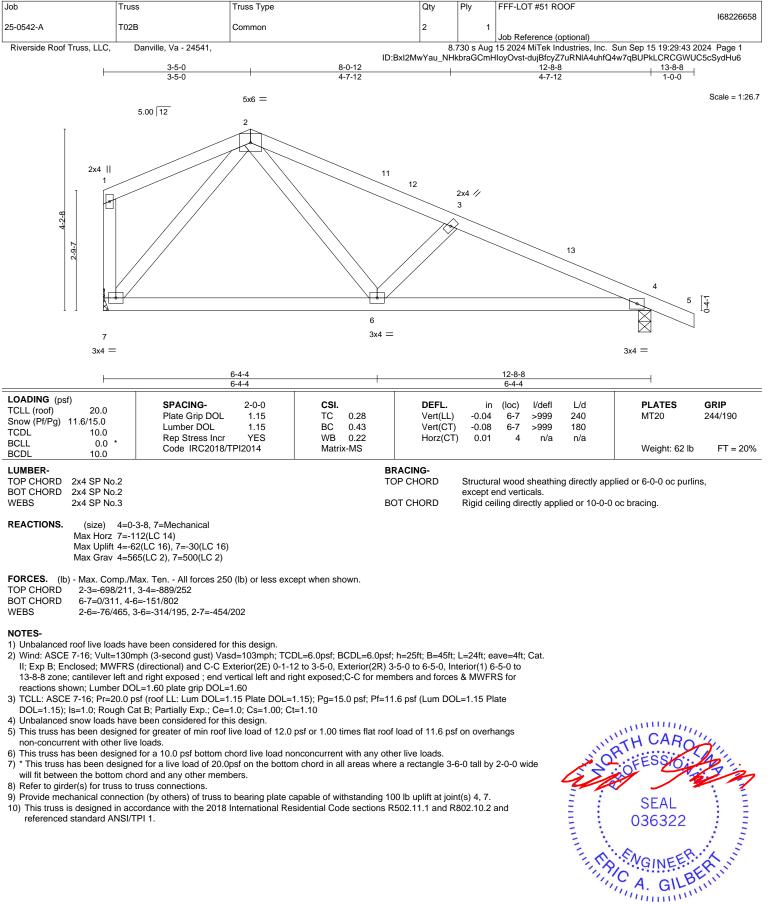
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 9, 5.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



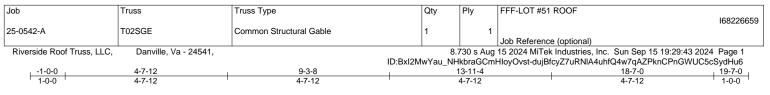
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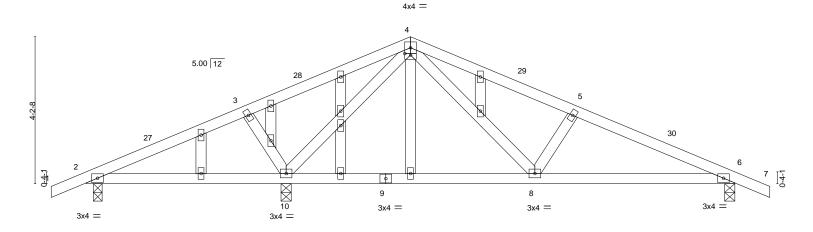
September 17,2024



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Scale = 1:33.0

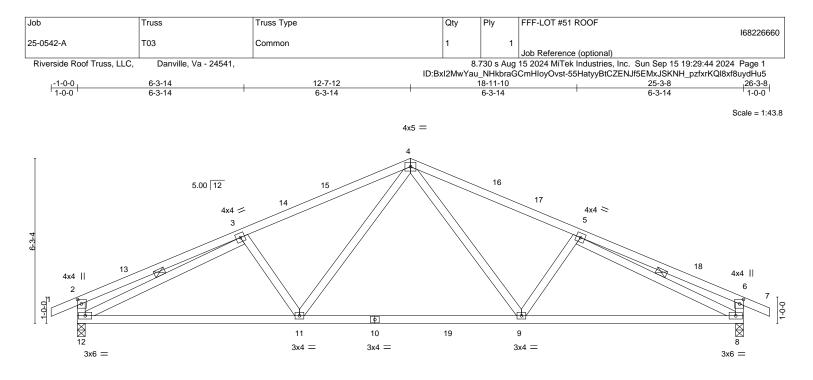


0 <u>1218</u> 0-2-8 Plate Offsets (X,Y) [4:0-2-0,	5-8-12 5-6-4	<u>12-10-4</u> 7-1-8		18-3-0 5-4-12	1	8-7 <sub>1</sub> 0 0-4-0
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL (roof)         20.0           Snow (Pf/Pg)         11.6/15.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0 *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.33 BC 0.40 WB 0.38 Matrix-MS	DEFL.         in         (loc)           Vert(LL)         -0.05         8-10           Vert(CT)         -0.09         8-10           Horz(CT)         0.01         6	l/defi L/d >999 240 >999 180 n/a n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 97 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER-           TOP CHORD         2x4 SP No.2           BOT CHORD         2x4 SP No.2           WEBS         2x4 SP No.3           OTHERS         2x4 SP No.3			CHORD Structural wood	sheathing directly applie ctly applied or 6-0-0 oc l		15.
Max Horz 2=-5 Max Uplift 10=- Max Grav 10=8 FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./N TOP CHORD 3-4=0/286, 4-5 BOT CHORD 6-8=-97/721	43(LC 16), 6=-63(LC 16), 2=-47(LC 16) 393(LC 2), 6=528(LC 2), 2=219(LC 34) 1ax. Ten All forces 250 (Ib) or less ex 5=-681/166, 5-6=-804/166	, cept when shown.				
NOTES- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads ha 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130n II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS , Interior(1) 12-3-8 to 19-7-0 a & MWFRS for reactions show 3) Truss designed for wind load Gable End Details as applica 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 p DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough C 5) Unbalanced snow loads have 6) This truss has been designed non-concurrent with other live 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unlet 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0	ss otherwise indicated.	CDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=2 -0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to end vertical left and right expo 1.60 ds exposed to wind (normal to er as per ANSI/TPI 1. -1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 p Ct=1.10 0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load	9-3-8, Exterior(2R) 9-3-8 to 1. osed;C-C for members and fo the face), see Standard Indu: sf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate d of 11.6 psf on overhangs	2-3-8 rces	SEAL 036322	

- 10) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10, 6, 2. 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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	8-5-3 8-5-3	<u> </u>		+	<u>25-3</u> 8-5		———————————————————————————————————————
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-2-0,0	)-1-12], [6:0-2-0,0-1-12]						
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCodeIRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.61 BC 0.87 WB 0.42 Matrix-MS	DEFL.         in           Vert(LL)         -0.18           Vert(CT)         -0.29           Horz(CT)         0.06	9-11 >9 9-11 >9	defl L/d 299 240 299 180 n/a n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 135 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER-TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.2BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.2WEBS2x4 SP No.3		TOF	except e CHORD Rigid ce	end verticals			ns,

REACTIONS. (size) 12=0-3-8, 8=0-3-8 Max Horz 12=-98(LC 14) Max Uplift 12=-97(LC 16), 8=-97(LC 16) Max Grav 12=1144(LC 30), 8=1144(LC 30)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-425/97, 3-4=-1665/231, 4-5=-1665/231, 5-6=-425/97, 2-12=-370/139, 6-8=-370/139

- BOT CHORD 11-12=-158/1591. 9-11=-56/1156. 8-9=-142/1573
- WEBS 4-9=-27/591, 5-9=-269/154, 4-11=-27/590, 3-11=-269/154, 3-12=-1409/151, 5-8=-1409/151

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=25ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 12-7-12, Exterior(2R) 12-7-12 to 15-7-12, Interior(1) 15-7-12 to 26-3-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

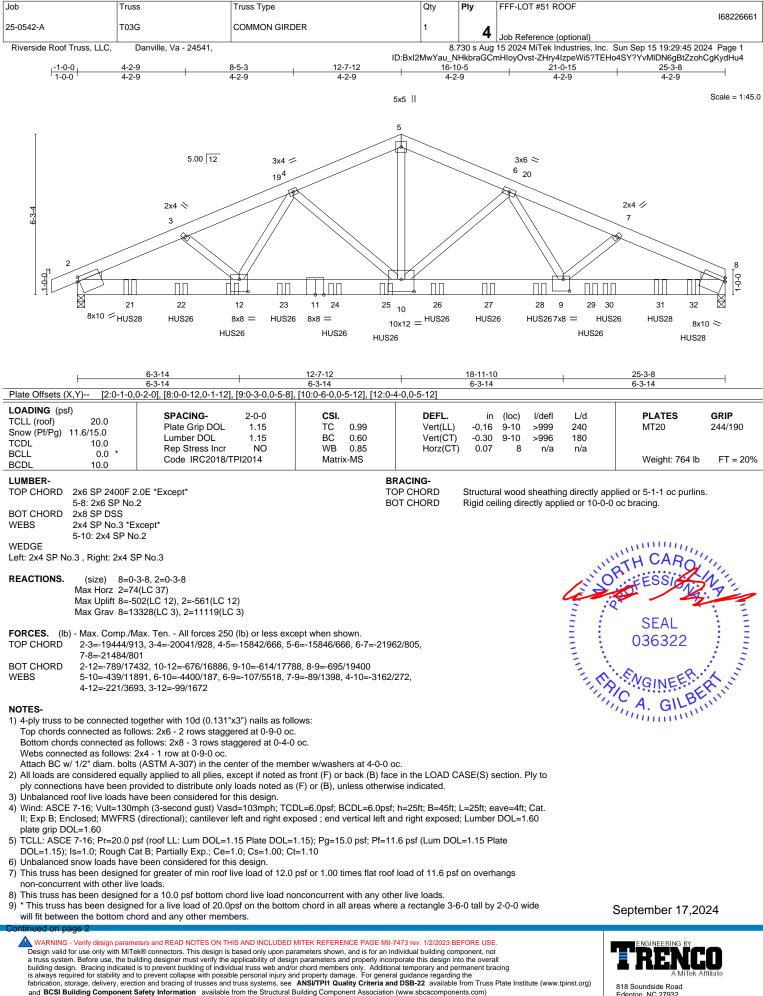
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 12, 8.
  9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and
- referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	FFF-LOT #51 ROOF
25-0542-A	T03G	COMMON GIRDER	1	4	I68226661
					Job Reference (optional)
Riverside Roof Truss, LLC,	Danville, Va - 24541,		8.	730 s Aug	15 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sun Sep 15 19:29:45 2024 Page 2
		ID:Bxl2	MwYau N	HkbraGCr	nHloyOvst-ZHry4IzpeWi5?TEHo4SY?YvMIDN6gBtZzohCgKydHu4

## NOTES-

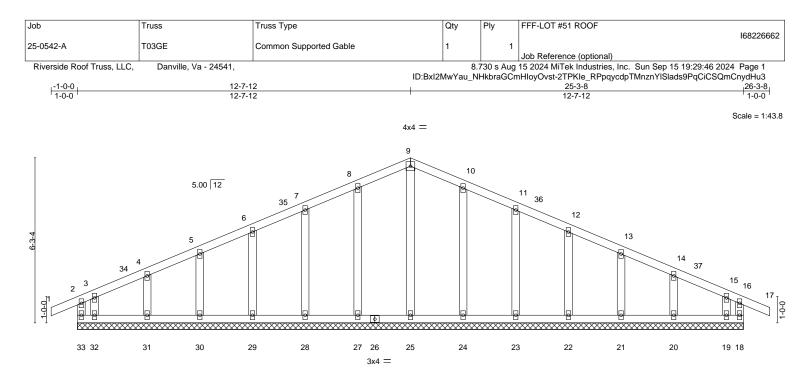
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 8=502, 2=561.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HUS28 (22-10d Girder, 4-10d Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 20-8-8 oc max. starting at 2-0-12 from the left end to 24-0-12 to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.
- 13) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HUS26 (14-16d Girder, 4-16d Truss) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 4-0-12 from the left end to 20-9-4 to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.
- 14) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

## LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- 1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
  - Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-5=-43, 5-8=-43, 13-16=-20
  - Concentrated Loads (lb)
    - Vert: 12=-1174(B) 21=-1174(B) 22=-1174(B) 23=-1174(B) 24=-1259(B) 25=-1259(B) 26=-1259(B) 27=-1259(B) 28=-1259(B) 29=-1259(B) 30=-1259(B) 31=-1259(B) 32=-1174(B) 32=-1174(B)

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		25-3- 25-3-						
LOADING (psf)           TCLL (roof)         20.0           Snow (Pf/Pg)         11.6/15.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0 *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCodeIRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.09 BC 0.04 WB 0.08 Matrix-R	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) -0.00 17 -0.00 17 0.00 18	/ n/r / n/r	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 142 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2			RACING- DP CHORD	Structural woo	od sheathir	ig directly ap	plied or 6-0-0 oc purlins	5,

BOT CHORD

except end verticals

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.2WEBS2x4 SP No.3OTHERS2x4 SP No.3

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 25-3-8.

(lb) - Max Horz 33=-98(LC 14)

 Max Uplift
 All uplift
 Ol bor less at joint(s)
 33, 18, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20, 19

 Max Grav
 All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s)
 33, 18, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20, 19

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

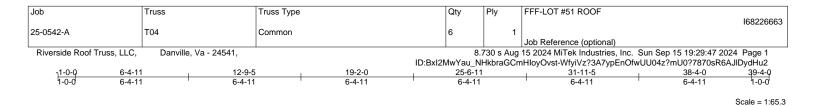
## NOTES-

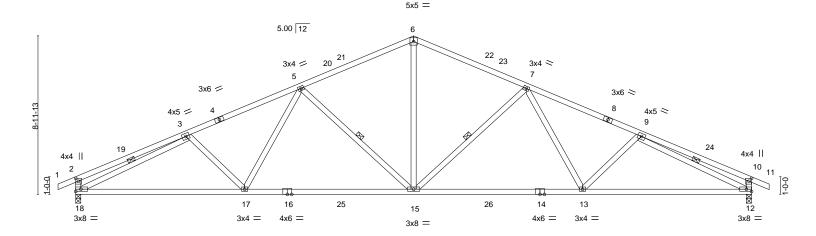
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=25ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3E) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2N) 2-0-0 to 12-7-12, Corner(3R) 12-7-12 to 15-7-12, Exterior(2N) 15-7-12 to 26-3-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 33, 18, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20, 19.
- 14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.





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9-7		<u>19-2-0</u> 9-7-0	<u>28-9</u> - 9-7-			<u>38-4-0</u> 9-7-0	
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-2-0,	0-1-12], [10:0-2-0,0-1-12]						
LOADING (psf)           TCLL (roof)         20.0           Snow (Pf/Pg)         11.6/15.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0 *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.72 BC 0.89 WB 0.75 Matrix-MS	Vert(CT) -0	in (loc) l/defl 0.30 13-15 >999 0.53 13-15 >860 0.13 12 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	<b>PLATES</b> MT20 Weight: 214 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3		Т	exc OT CHORD Rigi	uctural wood sheathin ept end verticals. id ceiling directly app ow at midpt	blied or 10-0-0	lied or 3-0-14 oc purlin oc bracing. , 3-18, 9-12	S,

REACTIONS. (size) 18=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8 Max Horz 18=-160(LC 14) Max Uplift 18=-128(LC 16), 12=-128(LC 16) Max Grav 18=1742(LC 28), 12=1742(LC 29)

 FORCES.
 (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 TOP CHORD
 2-3=-583/96, 3-5=-2862/255, 5-6=-2123/271, 6-7=-2123/271, 7-9=-2862/255, 9-10=-583/96, 2-18=-441/142, 10-12=-441/142

- BOT CHORD 17-18=-187/2710, 15-17=-129/2446, 13-15=-113/2387, 12-13=-176/2614 WERS 6.15=-64/1290 7.15=-722/138 7.13=-0/471 5.15=-722/138 5-17=-0/471
- WEBS 6-15=-64/1290, 7-15=-722/138, 7-13=0/471, 5-15=-722/138, 5-17=0/471, 3-18=-2451/192, 9-12=-2451/192

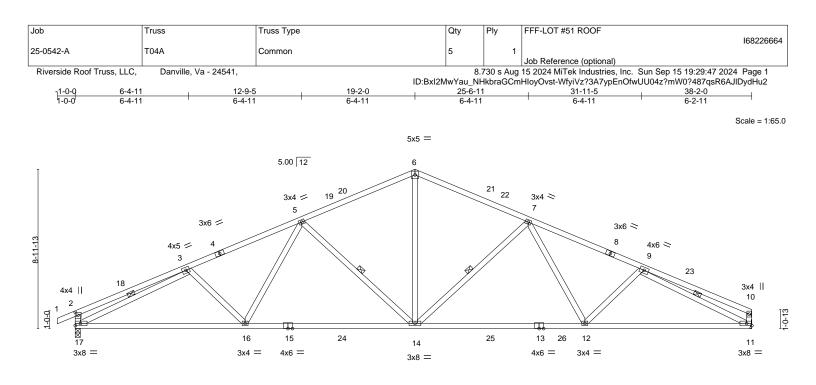
## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=38ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-10-0, Interior(1) 2-10-0 to 19-2-0, Exterior(2R) 19-2-0 to 23-0-0, Interior(1) 23-0-0 to 39-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 18=128, 12=128.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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9-7-		<u>19-2-0</u> 9-7-0	<u>28-9-0</u> 9-7-0	<u>38-2-0</u> 9-5-0	
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-2-0,0	-1-12]				
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2018/TPl2	2-0-0 <b>CSI.</b> 1.15 TC 0.72 1.15 BC 0.89 YES WB 0.76 2014 Matrix-MS	DEFL.         in         (loc)         l/d           Vert(LL)         -0.30         12-14         >9           Vert(CT)         -0.53         12-14         >8           Horz(CT)         0.13         11         r	99 240 MT20	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 12 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER-TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.2BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.1WEBS2x4 SP No.3			except end verticals.	athing directly applied or 3-0-15 oc applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 5-14, 7-14, 3-17, 9-11	purlins,

REACTIONS. (size) 17=0-3-8, 11=Mechanical Max Horz 17=161(LC 15) Max Uplift 17=-128(LC 16), 11=-91(LC 16) Max Grav 17=1737(LC 28), 11=1678(LC 29)

 FORCES.
 (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 TOP CHORD
 2-3=-582/96, 3-5=-2851/254, 5-6=-2111/269, 6-7=-2111/272, 7-9=-2828/260, 9-10=-428/61, 2-17=-440/142, 10-11=-302/74

 BOT CHORD
 16-17=-217/2695, 14-16=-159/2429, 12-14=-144/2362, 11-12=-214/2563

 WEBS
 5-16=0/471, 5-14=-722/138, 6-14=-64/1280, 7-14=-705/137, 7-12=0/452, 3-17=-2441/192, 9-11=-2557/226

## NOTES-

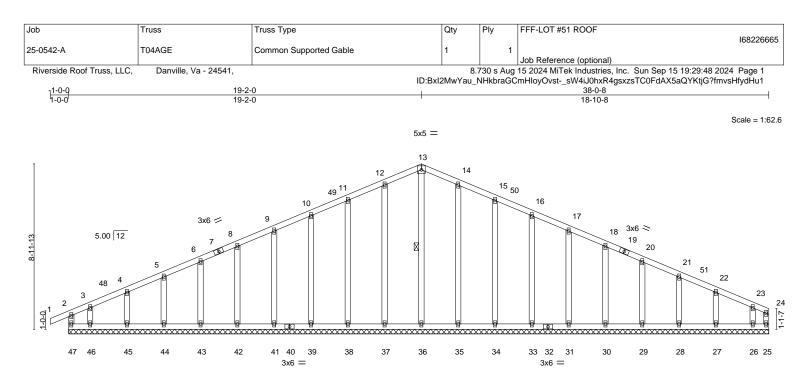
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=38ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-9-13, Interior(1) 2-9-13 to 19-2-0, Exterior(2R) 19-2-0 to 22-11-13, Interior(1) 22-11-13 to 38-0-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 11 except (jt=lb) 17=128.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TRENCO AMITEK ATTILIATE

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)



L		38-	0-8					
		38-	0-8					
LOADING (psf)           TCLL (roof)         20.0           Snow (Pf/Pg)         11.6/15.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0 *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2018/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.12 BC 0.06 WB 0.17 Matrix-R	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) -0.00 1 -0.00 1 -0.00 25	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 248 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2			ACING- OP CHORD	Structural wood	l sheathin	ig directly app	olied or 6-0-0 oc purlins	5,

WFBS

LOWIE	
TOP (	CHORD

	EXTOT NO.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Row at midpt 13-36

### REACTIONS. All bearings 38-0-8.

(lb) -Max Horz 47=161(LC 15)

- Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 47, 25, 37, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 35, 34, 33, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26
- All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 47, 25, 36, 37, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 35, 34, 33, Max Grav 31. 30. 29. 28. 27. 26

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 11-12=-98/257, 12-13=-111/290, 13-14=-111/290, 14-15=-98/257

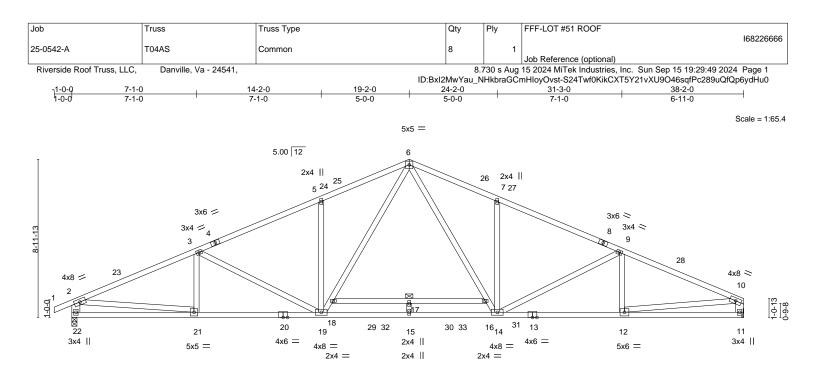
## NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=38ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3E) -1-0-0 to 2-9-10, Exterior(2N) 2-9-10 to 19-2-0, Corner(3R) 19-2-0 to 23-2-0, Exterior(2N) 23-2-0 to 37-10-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 47, 25, 37, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 35, 34, 33, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26.
- 14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall bilding design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)







7-1-0	14-2-0	19-2-0	24-2-0	31-3-0	38-2-0
7-1-0	7-1-0	5-0-0	5-0-0	7-1-0	6-11-0
LOADING (psf)           TCLL (roof)         20.0           Snow (Pf/Pg)         11.6/15.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0 *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCodeIRC2018/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.73 BC 0.90 WB 0.64 Matrix-MS		in (loc) l/defl L/d -0.53 17 >860 240 -0.92 17 >492 180 0.10 11 n/a n/a	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 236 lb         FT = 20%

LUMBER-		BRACING-	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins,
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 *Except*		except end verticals.
	13-20: 2x4 SP DSS	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. Except:
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3 *Except*		6-0-0 oc bracing: 16-18
	2-22,10-11: 2x6 SP No.2, 2-21,10-12: 2x4 SP No.2		-

REACTIONS. (size) 22=0-3-8, 11=Mechanical Max Horz 22=162(LC 15) Max Uplift 22=-77(LC 16), 11=-37(LC 16) Max Grav 22=1910(LC 28), 11=1847(LC 29)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 TOP CHORD
 2-3=-3273/131, 3-5=-2993/130, 5-6=-2983/213, 6-7=-2970/209, 7-9=-2981/134, 9-10=-3217/140, 2-22=-1780/172, 10-11=-1718/119

 BOT CHORD
 21-22=-104/555, 19-21=-94/3049, 15-19=0/2111, 14-15=0/2111, 12-14=-92/2919, 11-12=-40/303

 WEBS
 3-19=-384/104, 5-19=-395/164, 18-19=-96/1143, 6-18=-48/1247, 6-16=-47/1224,

# 14-16=-94/1119, 7-14=-389/162, 9-14=-363/109, 2-21=-12/2538, 10-12=-52/2637

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=38ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-9-13, Interior(1) 2-9-13 to 19-2-0, Exterior(2R) 19-2-0 to 22-11-13, Interior(1) 22-11-13 to 37-11-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

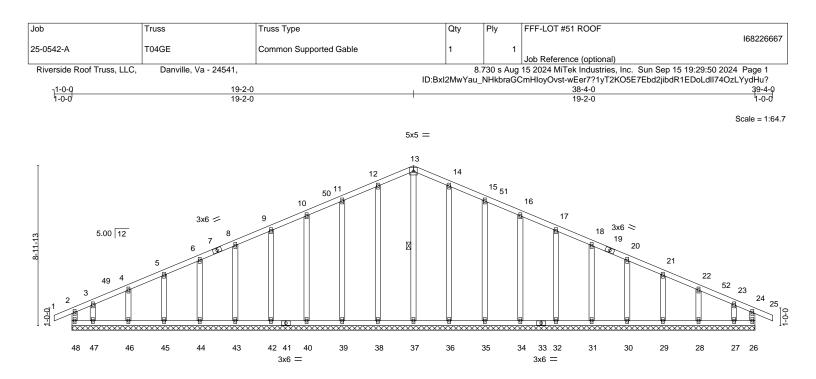
5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 22, 11.
   This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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A MITEK Affilia 818 Soundside Road



H		38-4-( 38-4-(						
LOADING (psf)           TCLL (roof)         20.0           Snow (Pf/Pg)         11.6/15.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0 *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2018/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.13 BC 0.06 WB 0.17 Matrix-R	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) -0.00 25 -0.01 25 0.00 26	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 251 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2			RACING- OP CHORD	Structural wood	sheathin	a directly apr	olied or 6-0-0 oc purlins	s.

WFBS

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2	
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2	
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3	
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3	

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Row at midpt 13-37

### REACTIONS. All bearings 38-4-0.

(lb) -Max Horz 48=-160(LC 14)

- Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 48, 26, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 36, 35, 34, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27
- All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 48, 26, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 36, 35, 34, Max Grav 32. 31. 30. 29. 28. 27

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 11-12=-96/257. 12-13=-110/291. 13-14=-110/291. 14-15=-96/257

## NOTES-

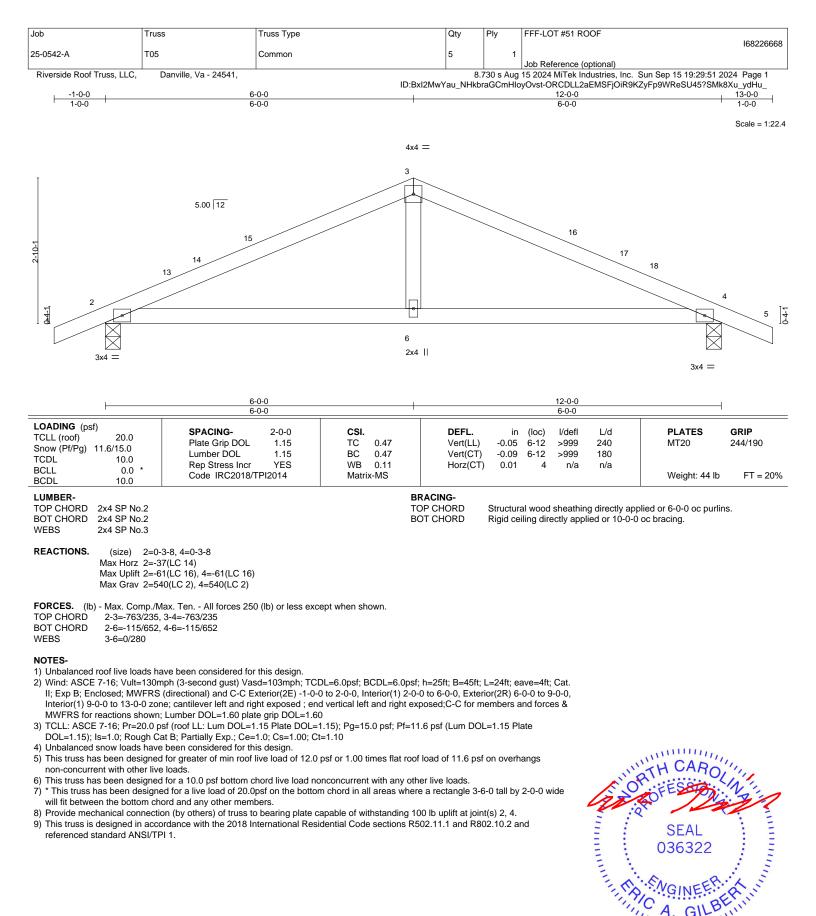
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=38ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3E) -1-0-0 to 2-10-0, Exterior(2N) 2-10-0 to 19-2-0, Corner(3R) 19-2-0 to 23-2-0, Exterior(2N) 23-2-0 to 39-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 48, 26, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 36, 35, 34, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27.
- 14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

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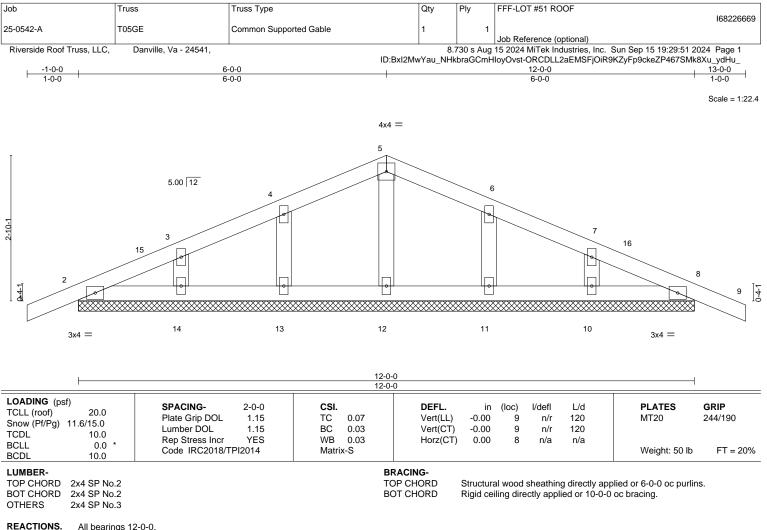
818 Soundside Road



## WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)

**TRENCO** 

September 17,2024



All bearings 12-0-0.

Max Horz 2=-37(LC 14) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 12, 13, 14, 11, 10

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

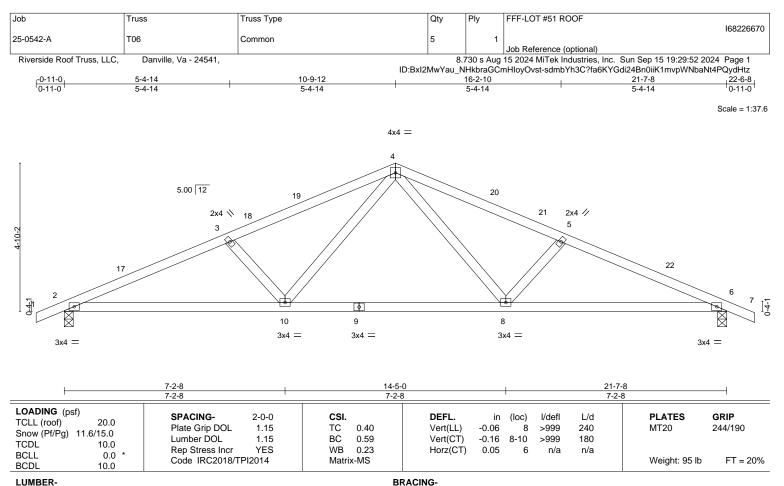
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3E) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2N) 2-0-0 to 6-0-0, Corner(3R) 6-0-0 to 9-0-0, Exterior(2N) 9-0-0 to 13-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



818 Soundside Road

Edenton, NC 27932

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BOT CHORD

## LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=63(LC 15) Max Uplift 2=-81(LC 16), 6=-81(LC 16)

Max Grav 2=920(LC 2), 6=920(LC 2)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1751/276, 3-4=-1549/254, 4-5=-1549/254, 5-6=-1751/276

BOT CHORD 2-10=-189/1591 8-10=-68/1034 6-8=-195/1591

WFBS 4-8=-43/546, 5-8=-358/155, 4-10=-43/546, 3-10=-358/155

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; B=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-11-0 to 2-1-0, Interior(1) 2-1-0 to 10-9-12, Exterior(2R) 10-9-12 to 13-9-12, Interior(1) 13-9-12 to 22-6-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6.

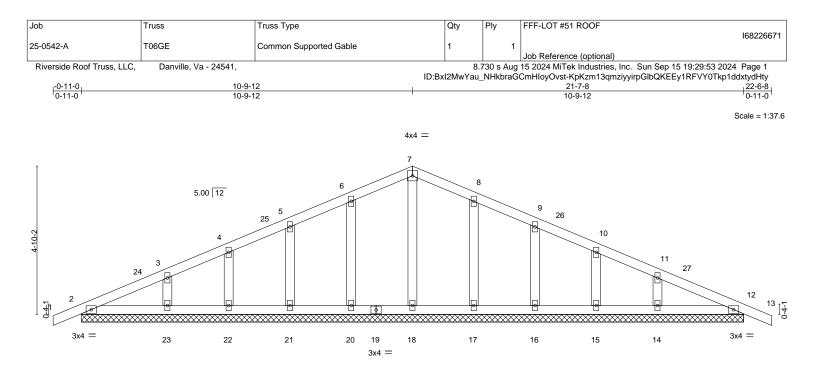
9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-1-11 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

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<u>21-7-8</u> 21-7-8								
LOADING (psf)           TCLL (roof)         20.0           Snow (Pf/Pg)         11.6/15.0           TCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.08 BC 0.05 WB 0.04	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) 0.00 12 0.00 13 0.00 12	n/r	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES MT20	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-S	()				Weight: 103 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-		BF	RACING-					

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

REACTIONS. All bearings 21-7-8.

Max Horz 2=-63(LC 14) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 20, 21, 22, 23, 17, 16, 15, 14, 12 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 17, 16, 15, 14, 12

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3E) -0-11-0 to 2-1-0, Exterior(2N) 2-1-0 to 10-9-12, Corner(3R) 10-9-12 to 13-9-12, Exterior(2N) 13-9-12 to 22-6-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

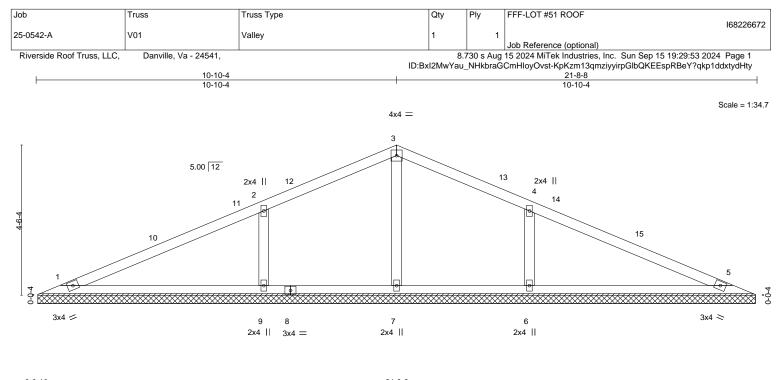
- 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 20, 21, 22, 23, 17, 16, 15, 14, 12.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

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0-0 <sub>I</sub> 10		21-8-8	3					
0-0 <sup>1</sup> 10		21-7-1	4					I
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL (roof)         20.0           Snow (Pf/Pg)         11.6/15.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.48 BC 0.30 WB 0.09 Matrix-S	<b>DEFL.</b> Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (lo n/a n/a 0.00	rc) l/defl - n/a - n/a 5 n/a	L/d 999 999 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 77 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
BCDL 10.0								
LUMBER-		BR	ACING-					

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

REACTIONS. All bearings 21-7-5.

Max Horz 1=-54(LC 14) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 9, 6

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 7 except 9=520(LC 33), 6=520(LC 34)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS 2-9=-379/178, 4-6=-379/178

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; B=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-9-1 to 3-9-1, Interior(1) 3-9-1 to 10-10-4, Exterior(2R) 10-10-4 to 13-10-4, Interior(1) 13-10-4 to 20-11-7 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

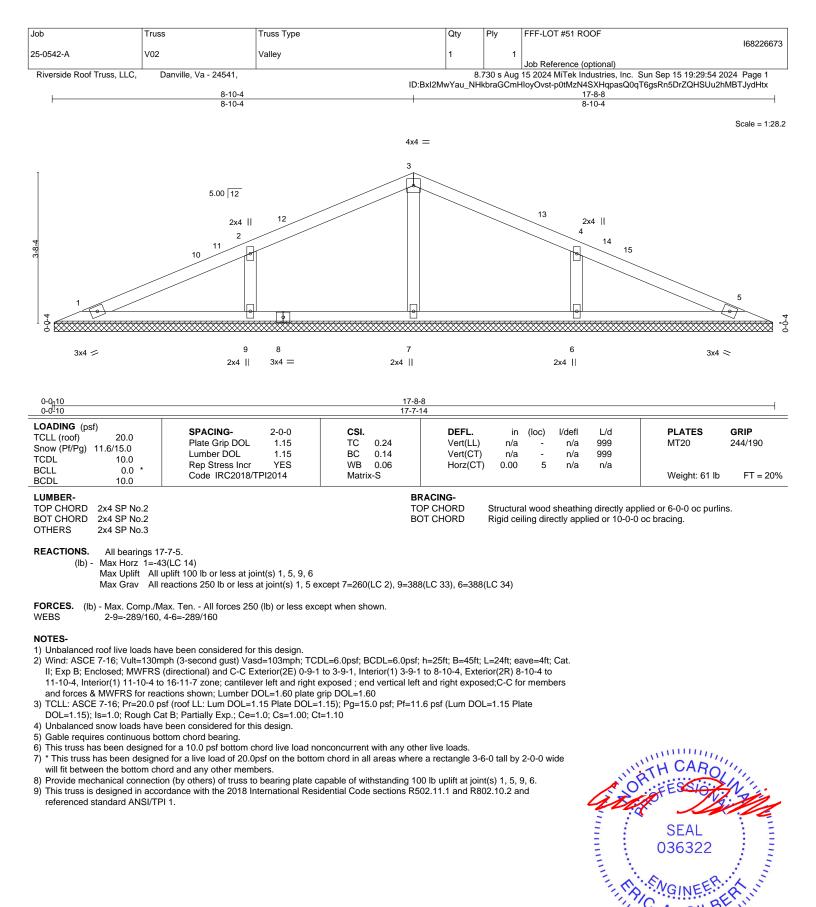
8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5, 9, 6. 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

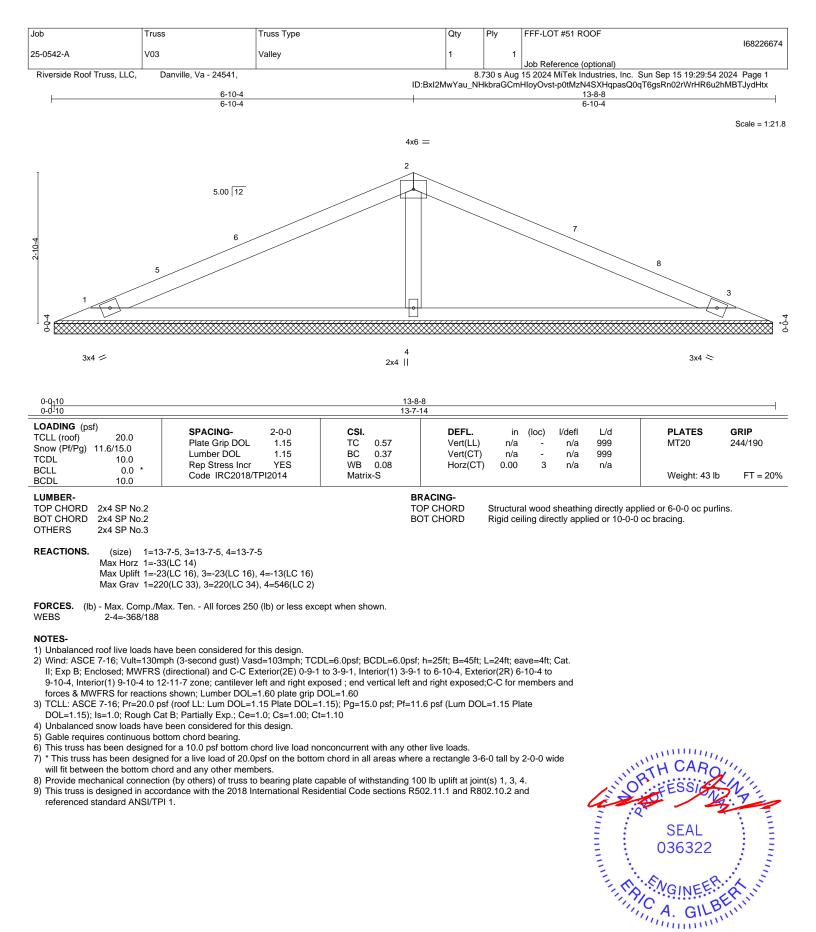
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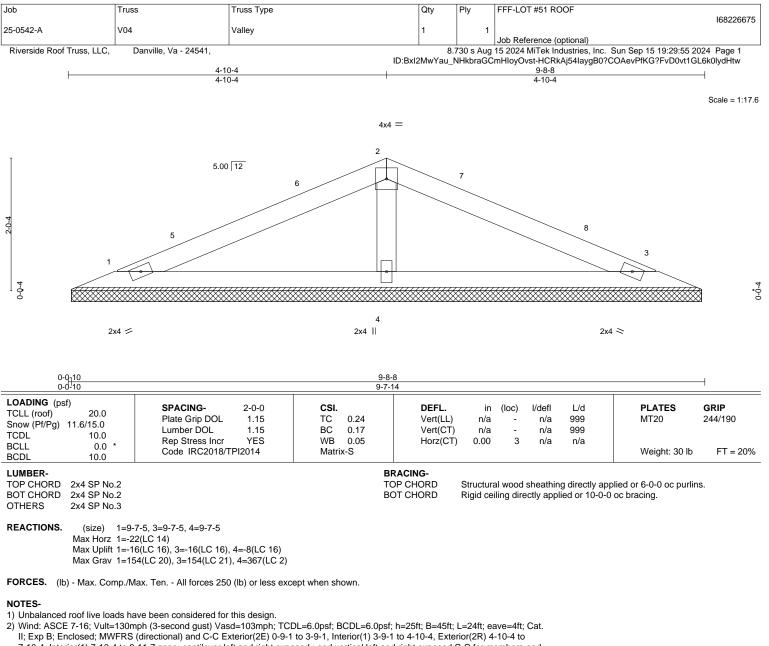
September 17,2024





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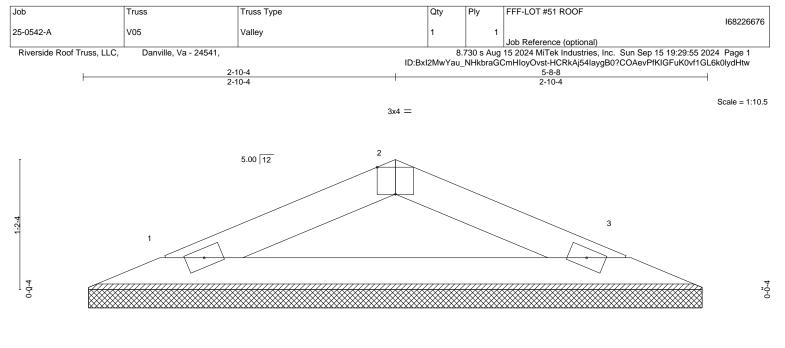
- 7-10-4, Interior(1) 7-10-4 to 8-11-7 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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2x4 ⋍

2x4 📚

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-8-8 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

		<u>5-7-14</u> 5-7-14					5-8 0-0	3 <sub>7</sub> 8 -10
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-2-0,Ec	dge]							
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.10 BC 0.22 WB 0.00 Matrix-P	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (la n/a n/a 0.00	oc) l/defl - n/a - n/a 3 n/a	L/d 999 999 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 15 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (size) 1=5-7-5, 3=5-7-5 Max Horz 1=-11(LC 14) Max Uplift 1=-10(LC 16), 3=-10(LC 16)

Max Uplift 1=-10(LC 16), 3=-10(LC 16 Max Grav 1=168(LC 2), 3=168(LC 2)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
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818 Soundside Road

<sup>1)</sup> Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

