

# Mark Morris, P.E.

#126, 1317-M, Summerville, SC 29483

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The truss drawing(s) listed below have been prepared by **Atlantic Building Components** under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by the truss designers.

AST #: 56402

JOB: 25-0726-R01

JOB NAME: LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE

Wind Code: ASCE7-16

Wind Speed: Vult= 120mph

Exposure Category: B

Mean Roof Height (feet): 23

These truss designs comply with IRC 2018 as well as IRC 2021.

*40 Truss Design(s)*

Trusses:

PB01, PB02, PB03, PB04, PB05, PB06, PB07, R01, R02, R03, R04, R05, R05A, R06, R07, R08, R09, R10, R11, R13, R14, R15, R16, R17, R18, SP01, SP02, SP02A, V01, V02, V03, VT06, VT07, VT08, VT09, VT10, VT11, VT12, VT13, VT14



**2/3/2025**

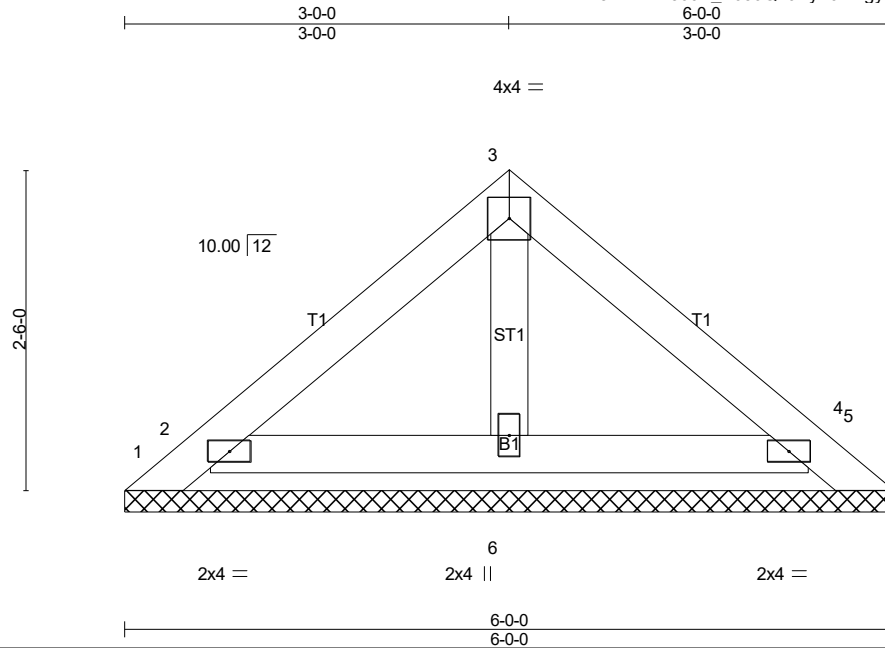
**Mark Morris**

***Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use.***

This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job 25-0726-R01	Truss PB01	Truss Type GABLE	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Scale = 1:18.0

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.09	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.09	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.02	Horz(CT)	0.00	4	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014						Weight: 21 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 6-0-0.  
(lb) - Max Horz 1=-45(LC 8)  
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 2, 4  
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 2, 4, 6

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- NOTES-** (11)
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
  - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
  - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
  - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5, 2, 4.
  - See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



2/3/2025

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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss PB02	Truss Type Piggyback	Qty 10	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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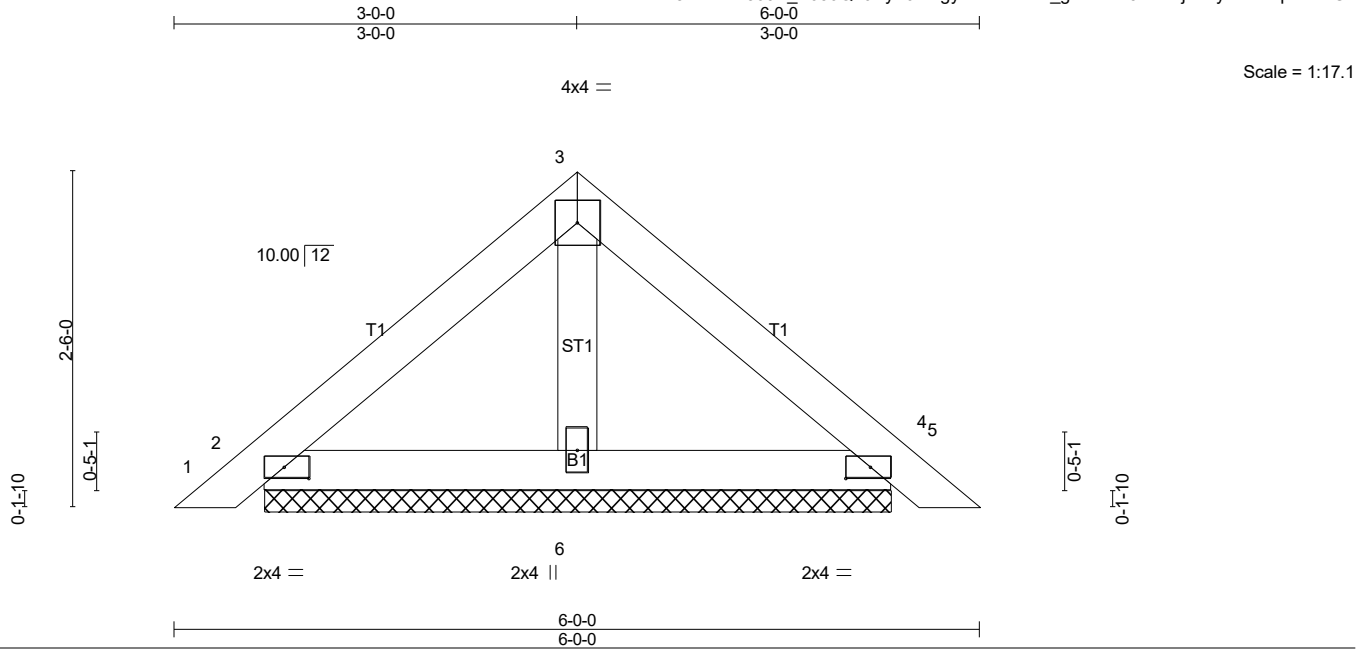


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-2-3,0-1-0], [4:0-2-3,0-1-0]

LOADING (psf)		SPACING-		CSI.		DEFL.				PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.09	Vert(LL)	0.00	5	n/r	180	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.09	Vert(CT)	0.00	5	n/r	80		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.02	Horz(CT)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0 *	Code IRC2021/TPI2014		Matrix-P								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 21 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD  
BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6'-0-0 oc purlins.  
Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10'-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 2=136/4-7-15 (min. 0-1-8), 4=136/4-7-15 (min. 0-1-8), 6=155/4-7-15 (min. 0-1-8)  
Max Horz 2=45(LC 10)  
Max Uplift 2=25(LC 12), 4=31(LC 13)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

**NOTES-** (10)

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



2/3/2025

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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss PB03	Truss Type GABLE	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
					<b># 56402</b>

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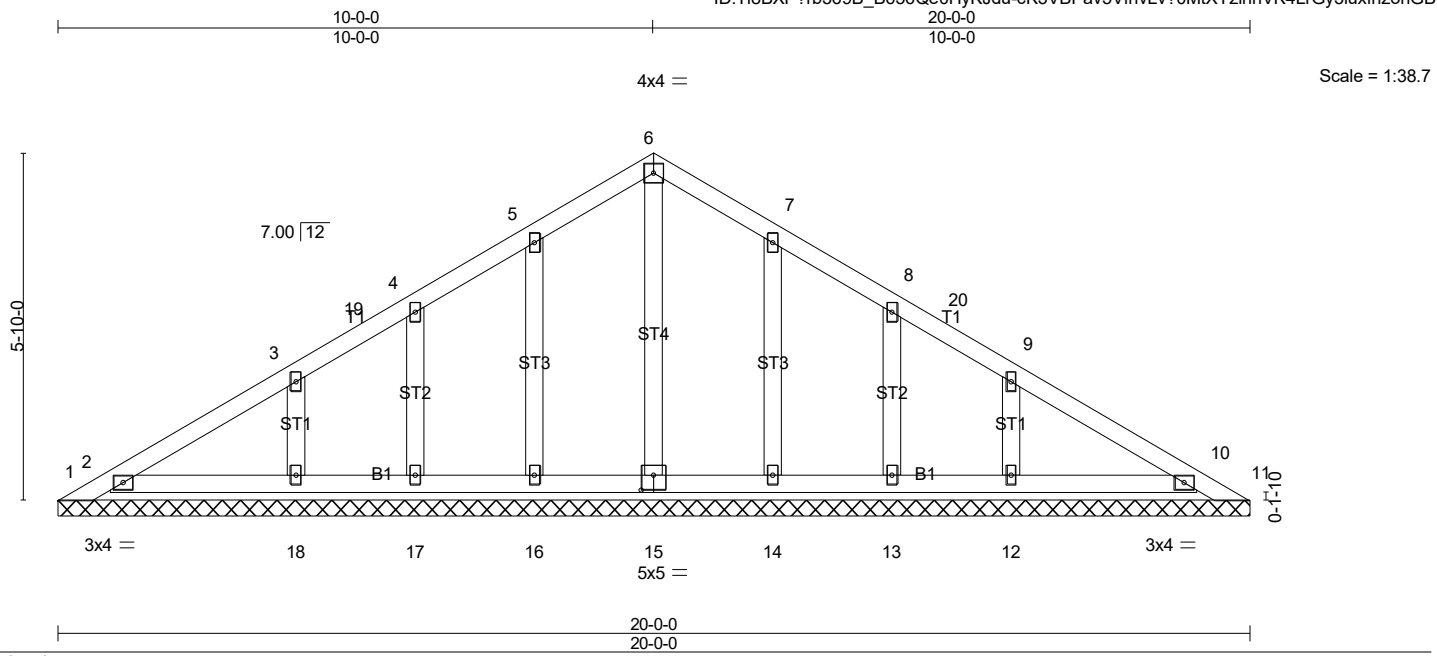


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [15:0-2-8,0-3-0]	
<b>LOADING</b> (psf)	<b>SPACING</b>
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014
<b>CSI</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>
TC 0.12	in (loc) l/defl L/d
BC 0.11	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999
WB 0.08	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999
Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.00 10 n/a n/a
	<b>PLATES</b> MT20
	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190
	Weight: 94 lb FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.  
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 20-0-0.  
 (lb) - Max Horz 1=-111(LC 12)  
 Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 11, 2, 16, 17, 18, 14, 13, 12, 10 except 1=-103(LC 24)  
 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 11, 2, 15, 17, 18, 13, 12, 10 except 16=255(LC 5),  
 14=255(LC 6)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- NOTES-** (13-16)
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-3-8 to 5-1-1, Exterior(2R) 5-1-1 to 14-10-15, Exterior(2E) 14-10-15 to 19-8-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
  - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
  - Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
  - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
  - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 11, 2, 16, 17, 18, 14, 13, 12, 10 except (jt=lb) 1=103.
  - See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



Continued on page 2

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	PB03	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 56402

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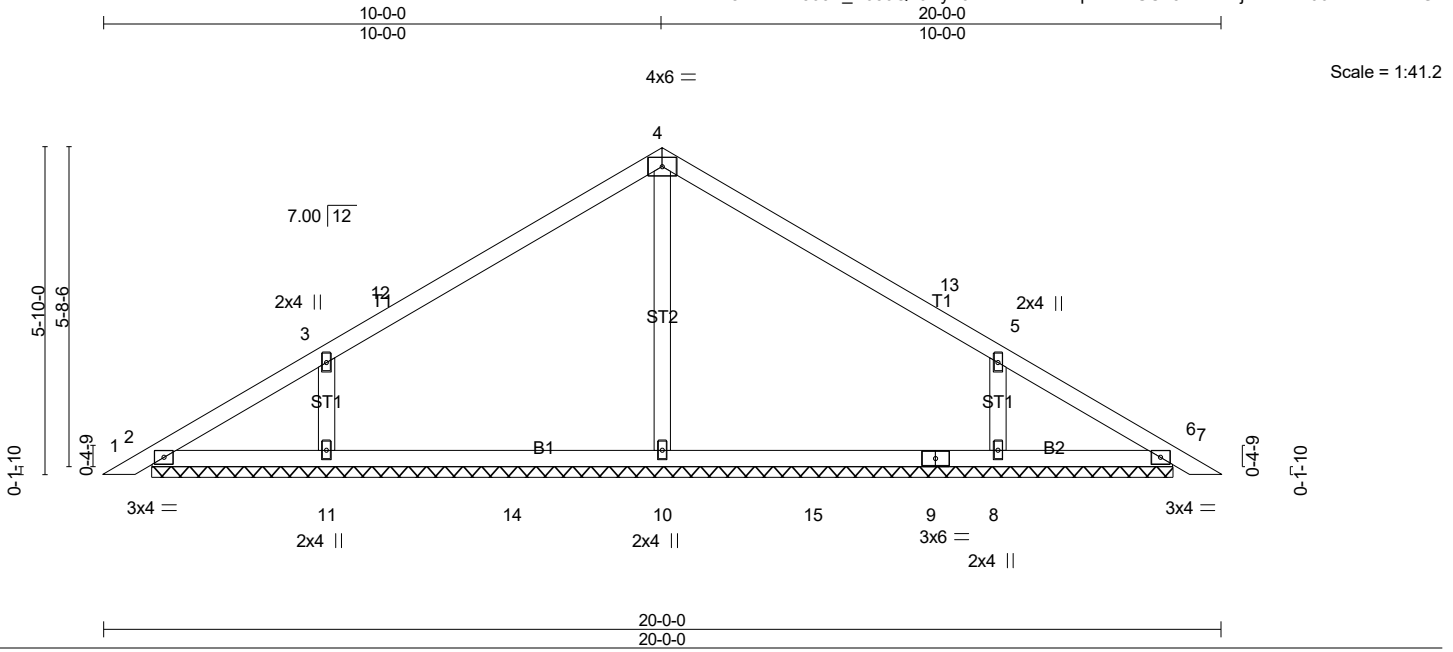
- 13) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 14) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 15) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 16) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



2/3/2025

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Scale = 1:41.2

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.64	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.63	Vert(LL) -0.00 7 n/r 180		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.18	Vert(CT) -0.00 7 n/r 80		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.00 6 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014			Weight: 74 lb	FT = 20%

<p><b>LUMBER-</b></p> <p>TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2          BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3          OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3</p>	<p><b>BRACING-</b></p> <p>TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.          BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.</p> </div>
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**REACTIONS.** All bearings 18-2-13.  
 (lb) - Max Horz 2=-111(LC 12)  
 Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2 except 11=-128(LC 14), 8=-127(LC 15)  
 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 6 except 10=599(LC 24), 11=543(LC 21), 8=543(LC 22)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
**WEBS** 4-10=-307/29, 3-11=-457/181, 5-8=-457/180

- NOTES-** (11-14)
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-3-8 to 5-1-1, Exterior(2R) 5-1-1 to 14-10-15, Exterior(2E) 14-10-15 to 19-8-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
  - 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 11=128, 8=127.
  - 10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.
  - 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
  - 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
  - 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
  - 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAINING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.



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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	PB04	Piggyback	11	1	Job Reference (optional) # 56402

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LOAD CASE(S) Standard

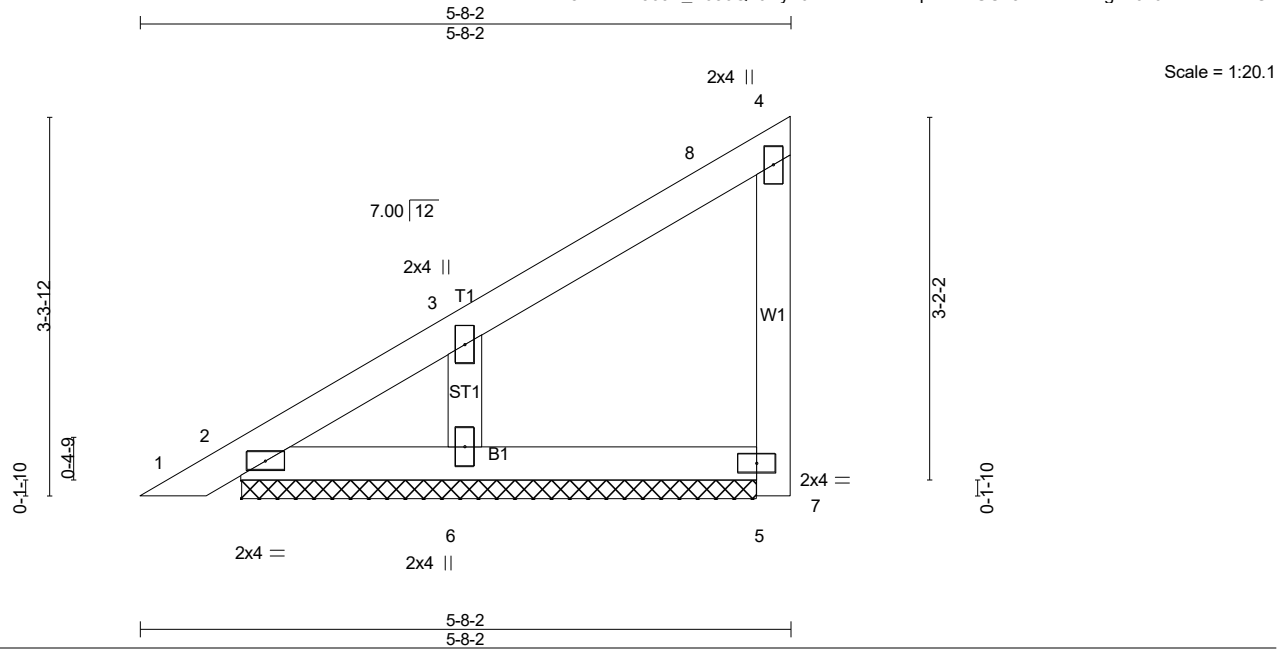


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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss PB05	Truss Type Piggyback	Qty 4	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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LOADING (psf)		SPACING-		CSI.		DEFL.				PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.25	TC	0.15	Vert(LL)	0.00	1	n/r	180	MT20	244/190
Snow (PF)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.25	BC	0.10	Vert(CT)	-0.00	1	n/r	80		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.05	Horz(CT)	0.00	7	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0 *	Code IRC2021/TPI2014		Matrix-P								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 22 lb	FT = 20%

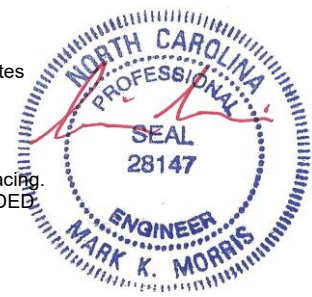
LUMBER-		BRACING-	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-8-2 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.3	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3		
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3		

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 7=0/4-6-1 (min. 0-1-8), 2=91/4-6-1 (min. 0-1-8), 5=87/4-6-1 (min. 0-1-8), 6=229/4-6-1 (min. 0-1-8)  
 Max Horz 2=92(LC 14)  
 Max Uplift 5=-23(LC 14), 6=-62(LC 14)  
 Max Grav 2=113(LC 21), 5=126(LC 21), 6=336(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
 WEBS 3-6=-277/123

- NOTES-** (10-13)
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-3-8 to 5-1-1, Interior(1) 5-1-1 to 5-6-6 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL); Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25; Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
  - 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 6.
  - 9) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.
  - 10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
  - 11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
  - 12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
  - 13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAINING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.



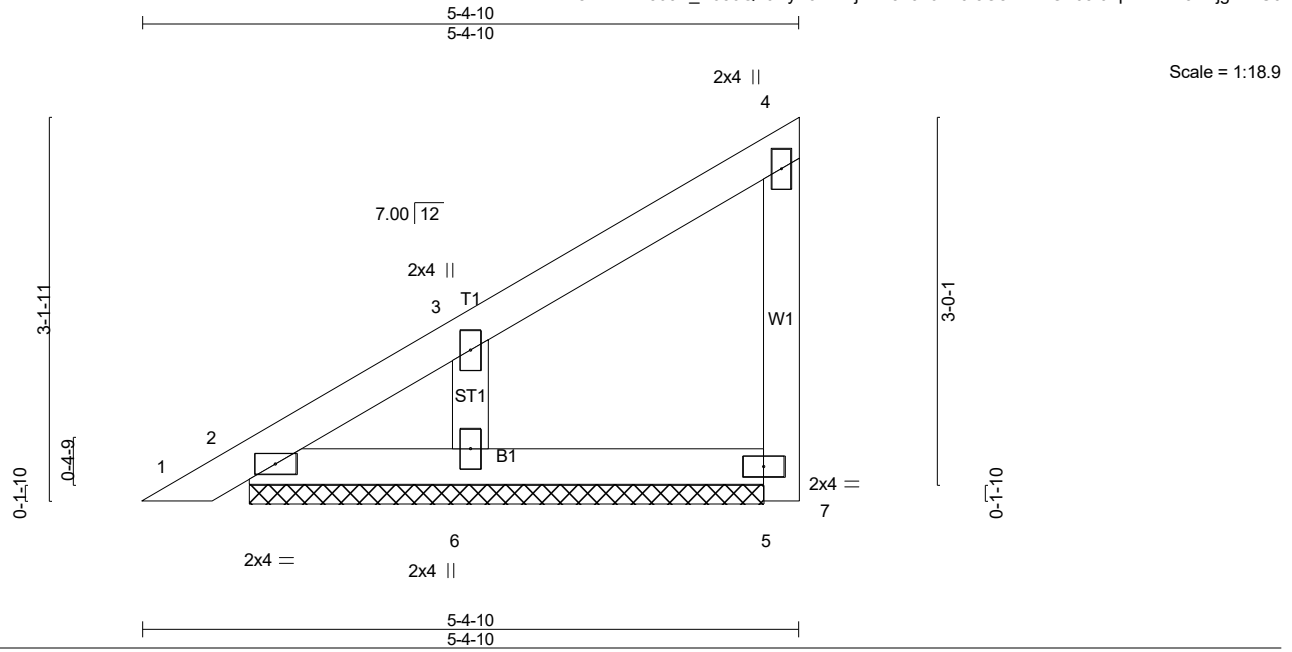
**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard 2/3/2025

**Warning!**—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



Job 25-0726-R01	Truss PB06	Truss Type Piggyback	Qty 5	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.13	Vert(LL)	0.00	1	n/r	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.09	Vert(CT)	-0.00	1	n/r		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.05	Horz(CT)	0.00	7	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014						Weight: 21 lb	FT = 20%

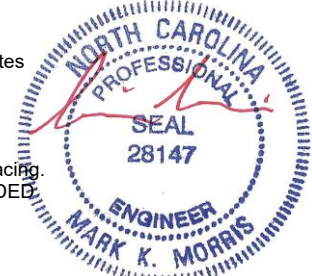
LUMBER-	BRACING-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-4-10 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3	
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3	

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 7=0/4-2-9 (min. 0-1-8), 2=87/4-2-9 (min. 0-1-8), 5=83/4-2-9 (min. 0-1-8), 6=215/4-2-9 (min. 0-1-8)  
 Max Horz 2=87(LC 14)  
 Max Uplift 5=-22(LC 14), 6=-58(LC 14)  
 Max Grav 2=133(LC 21), 5=120(LC 21), 6=310(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
 WEBS 3-6=-254/117

- NOTES-** (10-13)
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
  - 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 6.
  - 9) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.
  - 10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
  - 11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
  - 12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
  - 13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAINING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.



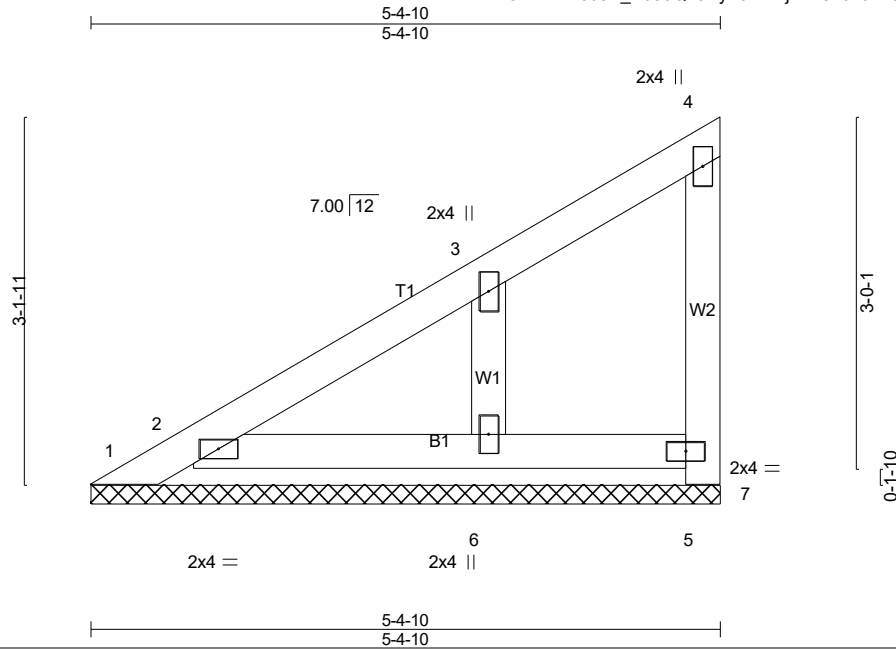
**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

2/3/2025

**Warning!**—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job 25-0726-R01	Truss PB07	Truss Type GABLE	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.11	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.09	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.05	Horz(CT)	-0.00	2	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014						Weight: 22 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-	BRACING-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-4-10 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3	

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 5-4-10.  
(lb) - Max Horz 1=88(LC 14)  
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 2, 5, 6  
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 2=252(LC 21), 6=291(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- NOTES-** (12-15)
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
  - 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
  - 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
  - 9) Bearing at joint(s) 1, 7, 2, 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
  - 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 2, 5, 6.
  - 11) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



Continued on page 2 2/3/2025

**Warning!**—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	PB07	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 56402

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- 12) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 13) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 14) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 15) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



2/3/2025

**Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use.** This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job 25-0726-R01	Truss R01	Truss Type GABLE	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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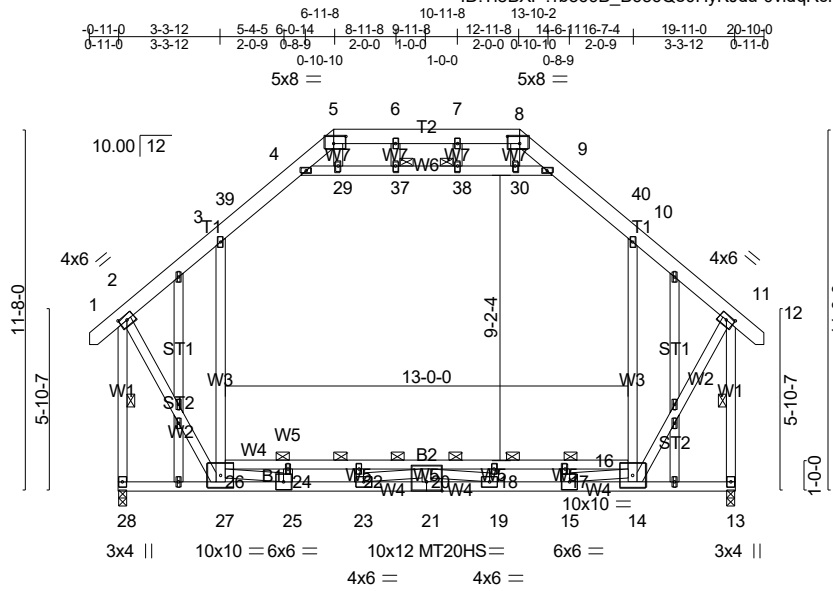


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-2-14,0-2-0], [5:0-4-12,0-2-12], [8:0-4-12,0-2-12], [11:0-2-14,0-2-0]

<b>LOADING</b> (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b>	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>	<b>PLATES</b>	<b>GRIP</b>
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.32	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20 244/190	
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.95	Vert(LL) -0.31 21 >765 240	MT20HS 187/143	
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.76	Vert(CT) -0.54 21 >434 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.04 13 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014		Attic -0.28 16-26 566 360		Weight: 219 lb FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP SS \*Except\*  
B2: 2x4 SP No.2  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\*  
W3,W6,W4: 2x4 SP No.2  
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing. Except: 2-2-0 oc bracing: 16-26  
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 2-28, 11-13  
JOINTS 1 Brace at Jt(s): 37, 38

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 28=1167/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-11), 13=1167/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-11)  
Max Horz 28=-127(LC 10)  
Max Grav 28=1450(LC 3), 13=1450(LC 3)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
TOP CHORD 2-3=-738/0, 3-39=-653/69, 4-39=-589/89, 4-5=-550/178, 5-6=-466/148, 6-7=-463/147, 7-8=-466/148, 8-9=-550/178, 9-40=-589/89, 10-40=-653/69, 10-11=-738/0, 2-28=-1472/0, 11-13=-1472/0  
BOT CHORD 25-27=-103/639, 23-25=0/2981, 21-23=0/4410, 19-21=0/4410, 15-19=0/2981, 14-15=0/547, 24-26=-2518/0, 22-24=-2518/0, 20-22=-2518/0, 18-20=-2518/0, 17-18=-2518/0, 16-17=-2518/0  
WEBS 26-27=-759/0, 14-16=-759/0, 4-29=-529/73, 29-37=-517/79, 37-38=-517/79, 30-38=-517/79, 9-30=-529/73, 2-27=0/1053, 11-14=0/1053, 20-21=0/387, 24-25=-596/0, 15-17=-596/0, 25-26=0/2700, 20-23=-1504/0, 19-20=-1504/0, 15-16=0/2700

- NOTES-** (15)
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-9-7 to 4-0-3, Exterior(2R) 4-0-3 to 15-10-13, Exterior(2E) 15-10-13 to 20-8-7 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
  - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
  - All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
  - All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
  - Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
  - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.



2/3/2025

Continued on page 2

**Warning!**—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	R01	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 56402

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**NOTES-** (15)

- 11) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 3-4, 9-10, 4-29, 29-37, 37-38, 30-38, 9-30
- 13) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 24-26, 22-24, 20-22, 18-20, 17-18, 16-17
- 14) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

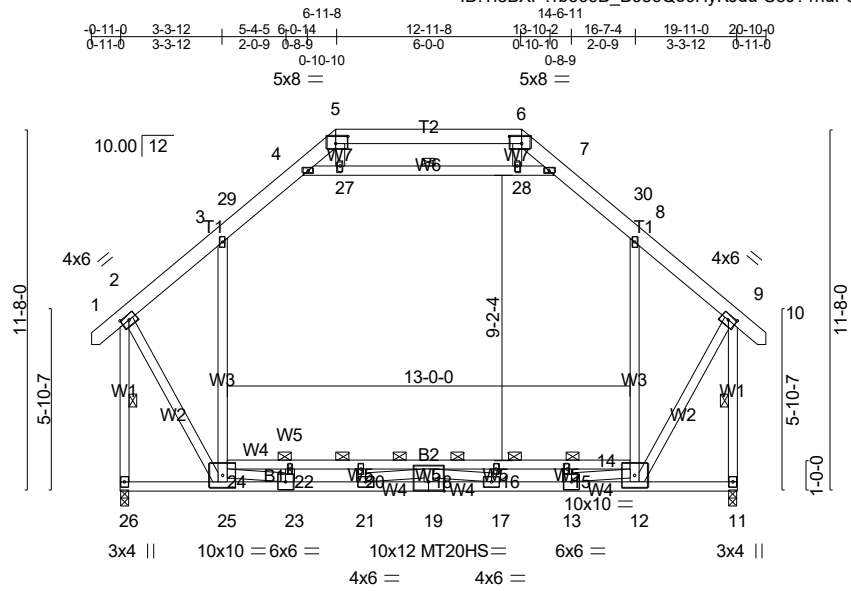


2/3/2025

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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss R02	Truss Type Attic	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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ID: T18BXP?rb369B\_B636Qe0HyKJdu-U5J?1ndP8kA7OzDmFCyTiptJa6UtHVaY\_Ns9oZzonG7



Scale = 1:74.3

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-2-14,0-2-0], [5:0-4-12,0-2-12], [6:0-4-12,0-2-12], [9:0-2-14,0-2-0]

<b>LOADING</b> (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b>	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>	<b>PLATES</b>	<b>GRIP</b>
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.32	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.95	Vert(LL) -0.31 19 >765 240	MT20HS	187/143
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.76	Vert(CT) -0.54 19 >434 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.04 11 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014		Attic -0.28 14-24 566 360		Weight: 197 lb FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP SS \*Except\*  
B2: 2x4 SP No.2  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\*  
W3,W6,W4: 2x4 SP No.2

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing. Except:  
2-2-0 oc bracing: 14-24  
1 Row at midpt 4-7, 2-26, 9-11

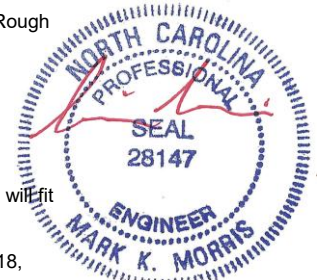
MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 26=1167/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-11), 11=1167/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-11)  
Max Horz 26=-127(LC 10)  
Max Grav 26=1450(LC 3), 11=1450(LC 3)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
TOP CHORD 2-3=-738/0, 3-29=-653/69, 4-29=-589/89, 4-5=-528/166, 5-6=-443/137, 6-7=-528/166,  
7-30=-589/89, 8-30=-653/69, 8-9=-738/0, 2-26=-1472/0, 9-11=-1472/0  
BOT CHORD 23-25=-105/641, 21-23=0/2981, 19-21=0/4410, 17-19=0/4410, 13-17=0/2981, 12-13=0/548,  
22-24=-2518/0, 20-22=-2518/0, 18-20=-2518/0, 16-18=-2518/0, 15-16=-2518/0,  
14-15=-2518/0  
WEBS 24-25=-760/0, 12-14=-760/0, 4-27=-537/57, 27-28=-527/59, 7-28=-537/57, 2-25=0/1053,  
9-12=0/1053, 18-19=0/387, 22-23=-596/0, 13-15=-596/0, 23-24=0/2700, 18-21=-1504/0,  
17-18=-1504/0, 13-14=0/2700

- NOTES-** (13)
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TC DL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-9-7 to 4-0-3, Exterior(2R) 4-0-3 to 15-10-13, Exterior(2E) 15-10-13 to 20-8-7 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
  - All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
  - All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
  - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
  - Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 3-4, 7-8, 4-27, 27-28, 7-28
  - Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 22-24, 20-22, 18-20, 16-18, 15-16, 14-15

Continued on page 2



2/3/2025

**Warning!**—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	R02	Attic	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 56402

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**NOTES-** (13)

12) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

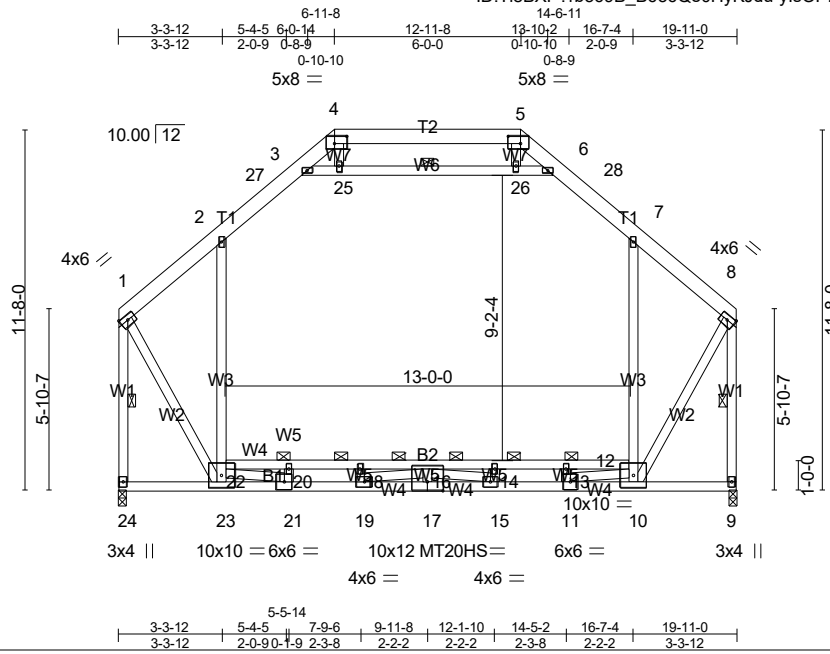


2/3/2025

**Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use.** This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job 25-0726-R01	Truss R03	Truss Type ATTIC	Qty 9	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Scale = 1:74.3

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [4:0-4-12,0-2-12], [5:0-4-12,0-2-12]

<b>LOADING</b> (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b>	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	<b>PLATES</b>	<b>GRIP</b>
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.32	Vert(LL)	-0.31	17	>765	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.95	Vert(CT)	-0.54	17	>434	MT20HS	187/143
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.76	Horz(CT)	0.04	9	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH	Attic	-0.28	12-22	566		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014					360		
							Weight: 192 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP SS \*Except\*  
B2: 2x4 SP No.2  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\*  
W3,W6,W4: 2x4 SP No.2

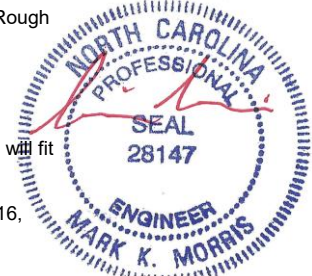
**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing. Except: 2-2-0 oc bracing: 12-22  
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 3-6, 1-24, 8-9

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 24=1112/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-10), 9=1112/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-10)  
Max Horz 24=-112(LC 8)  
Max Grav 24=1403(LC 3), 9=1403(LC 3)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
TOP CHORD 1-2=-728/0, 2-27=-655/53, 3-27=-570/75, 3-4=-524/169, 4-5=-438/141, 5-6=-524/169,  
6-28=-570/75, 7-28=-655/53, 7-8=-728/0, 1-24=-1425/0, 8-9=-1425/0  
BOT CHORD 21-23=-106/634, 19-21=0/2982, 17-19=0/4412, 15-17=0/4412, 11-15=0/2982, 10-11=0/552,  
20-22=-2518/0, 18-20=-2518/0, 16-18=-2518/0, 14-16=-2518/0, 13-14=-2518/0,  
12-13=-2518/0  
WEBS 22-23=-765/0, 10-12=-765/0, 3-25=-540/52, 25-26=-530/53, 6-26=-540/52, 1-23=0/1045,  
8-10=0/1045, 16-17=0/387, 20-21=-596/0, 11-13=-596/0, 21-22=0/2700, 16-19=-1504/0,  
15-16=-1504/0, 11-12=0/2700

- NOTES-** (12)
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 4-11-5, Exterior(2R) 4-11-5 to 14-11-11, Exterior(2E) 14-11-11 to 19-9-4 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
  - All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
  - All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
  - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
  - Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 2-3, 6-7, 3-25, 25-26, 6-26
  - Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 20-22, 18-20, 16-18, 14-16, 13-14, 12-13
  - Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.



**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

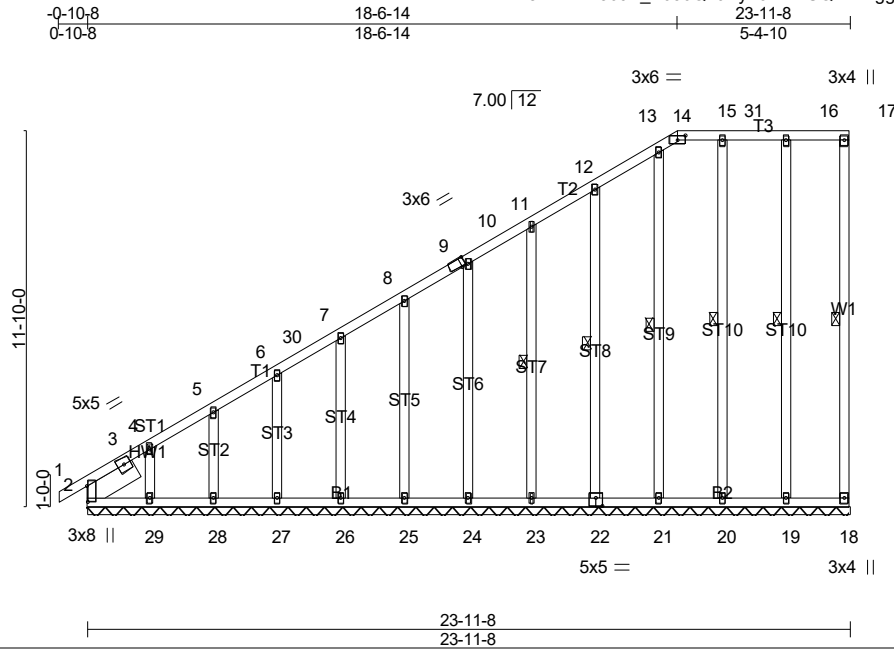
2/3/2025

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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss R04	Truss Type Piggyback Base Supported Gable	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Scale = 1:72.4

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-5-15,0-0-6], [9:0-1-8,Edge], [14:0-3-0,0-1-12], [22:0-2-8,0-3-0]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	TC 0.11	Vert(LL) -0.00	1	n/r	180	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	BC 0.06	Vert(CT) -0.00	1	n/r	80		
TCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.24	Horz(CT) 0.00	18	n/a	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Code IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-SH						
BCDL 10.0							Weight: 217 lb	FT = 20%

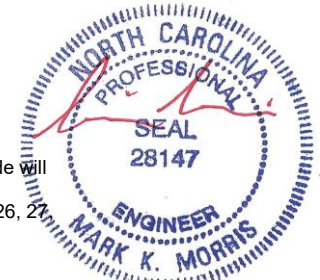
**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3  
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3  
SLIDER Left 2x8 SP No.2 1-9-11

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.  
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 17-18, 11-23, 12-22, 13-21, 15-20, 16-19

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 23-11-8.  
(lb) - Max Horz 2=348(LC 14)  
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 18, 2, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 23, 22, 21, 20, 19 except 29=-182(LC 14)  
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 18, 27, 28, 29 except 2=287(LC 14), 24=319(LC 40), 25=318(LC 40), 26=322(LC 40), 23=319(LC 40), 22=327(LC 40), 21=277(LC 40), 20=295(LC 37), 19=311(LC 37)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
TOP CHORD 2-3=-445/248, 3-4=-421/243, 4-5=-322/182, 5-6=-287/163

- NOTES-** (14-17)
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-12, Exterior(2N) 3-11-12 to 13-9-4, Corner(3R) 13-9-4 to 19-0-2, Corner(3E) 19-0-2 to 23-9-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
  - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
  - All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
  - Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
  - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
  - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 18, 2, 24, 25, 26, 28, 23, 22, 21, 20, 19 except (jt=lb) 29=182.



Continued on page 2

2/3/2025

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	R04	Piggyback Base Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 56402

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- 14) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 15) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 16) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 17) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



2/3/2025

**Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use.** This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	R05	Piggyback Base	4	1	
					<b># 56402</b>

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Scale = 1:75.4

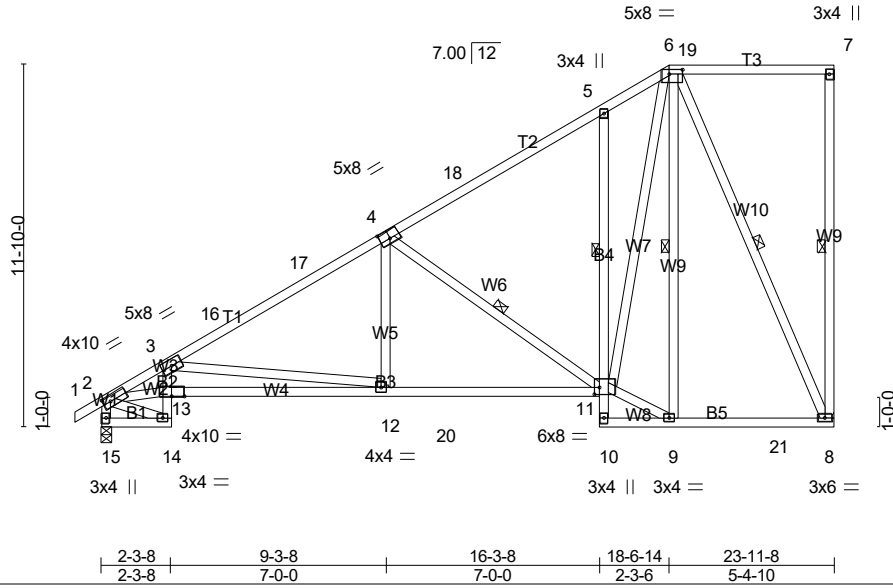


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-2-14,0-2-0], [4:0-4-0,0-3-4], [6:0-5-4,0-1-12], [11:0-2-0,0-2-12]

<b>LOADING</b> (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b>	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>	<b>PLATES</b>	<b>GRIP</b>
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.96	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.86	Vert(LL) -0.11 12-13 >999 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.98	Vert(CT) -0.23 12-13 >999 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.14 8 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014			Weight: 201 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 \*Except\*  
 B2,B4: 2x4 SP No.3  
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.  
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing. Except:  
 1 Row at midpt 5-11  
 1 Row at midpt 7-8, 4-11, 6-9, 6-8

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 8=945/Mechanical, 15=1009/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)  
 Max Horz 15=345(LC 14)  
 Max Uplift 8=-149(LC 14), 15=-48(LC 14)  
 Max Grav 8=1106(LC 40), 15=1239(LC 36)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
 TOP CHORD 2-3=-2454/387, 3-16=-1867/65, 16-17=-1768/73, 4-17=-1629/92, 4-18=-1048/20,  
 5-18=-854/52, 5-6=-956/144, 7-8=-260/51, 2-15=-1237/78  
 BOT CHORD 14-15=-292/132, 3-13=-111/257, 12-13=-756/2528, 12-20=-297/1543, 11-20=-297/1543,  
 5-11=-575/166, 9-21=-69/455, 8-21=-69/455  
 WEBS 3-12=-988/463, 4-12=0/412, 4-11=-997/209, 9-11=-36/501, 6-11=-276/1416, 6-8=-1093/167,  
 2-14=-13/404, 2-13=-557/1923

- NOTES-** (11-14)
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 11-9-6, Exterior(2R) 11-9-6 to 19-0-2, Exterior(2E) 19-0-2 to 23-9-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
  - 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
  - 9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
  - 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 15 except (jt=lb) 8=149.



Continued on page 2

2/3/2025

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	R05	Piggyback Base	4	1	Job Reference (optional) # 56402

Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Feb 3 18:27:52 2025 Page 2  
ID: TI8BXP?rb369B\_B636Qe0HyKJdu-RUQmSTfggLQrdGN9Nd\_xnEyV2wBllLrRhLGSRzonG5

- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

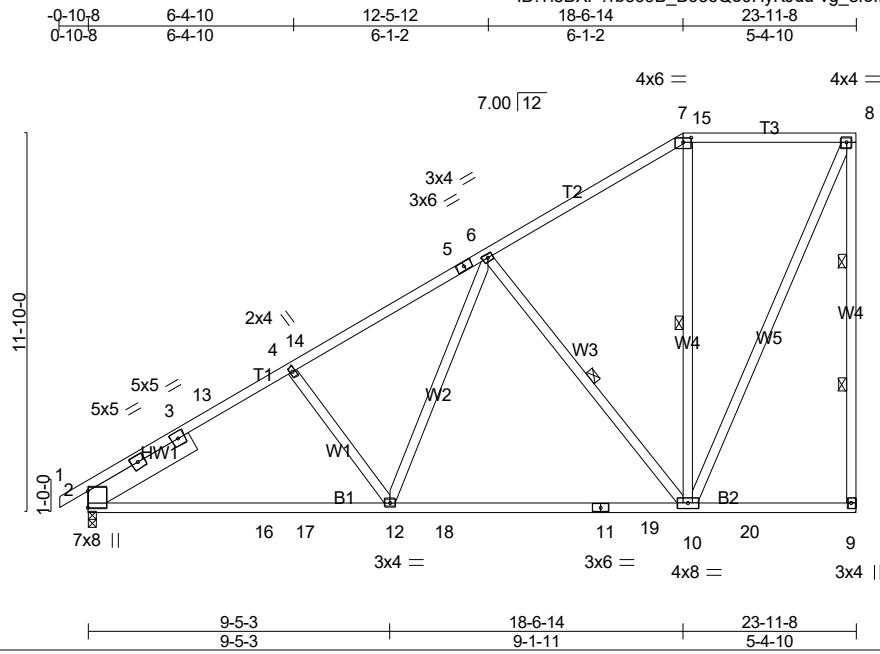


2/3/2025

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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss R05A	Truss Type Piggyback Base	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Scale = 1:71.9

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [7:0-3-0,0-1-12]

<b>LOADING</b> (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b>	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>	<b>PLATES</b>	<b>GRIP</b>
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.89	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.95	Vert(LL) -0.33 10-12 >856 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.51	Vert(CT) -0.48 10-12 >601 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.03 9 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014			Weight: 175 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 \*Except\*  
B1: 2x4 SP No.1  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3  
SLIDER Left 2x8 SP No.2 3-9-11

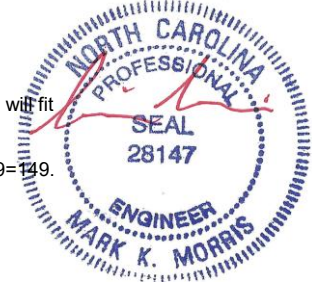
**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing.  
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 6-10, 7-10  
2 Rows at 1/3 pts 8-9

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 9=952/Mechanical, 2=1006/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)  
Max Horz2=348(LC 14)  
Max Uplift9=-149(LC 14), 2=-47(LC 14)  
Max Grav9=1220(LC 40), 2=1260(LC 40)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
TOP CHORD 2-3=-1776/36, 3-13=-1685/38, 4-13=-1663/55, 4-14=-1577/39, 5-14=-1560/66,  
5-6=-1352/70, 6-7=-705/37, 7-15=-489/66, 8-15=-489/66, 8-9=-1119/163  
BOT CHORD 2-16=-310/1481, 16-17=-310/1481, 12-17=-310/1481, 12-18=-196/1095, 18-19=-196/1095,  
11-19=-196/1095, 10-11=-196/1095  
WEBS 4-12=-298/168, 6-12=-46/629, 6-10=-984/208, 8-10=-164/1205

- NOTES-** (10-13)
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 11-9-6, Exterior(2R) 11-9-6 to 19-0-2, Exterior(2E) 19-0-2 to 23-9-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
  - 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
  - 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
  - 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 9=149.



Continued on page 2

2/3/2025

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	R05A	Piggyback Base	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 56402

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ID: T18BXP?rb369B\_B636Qe0HyKJdu-vg\_8foflRFYIFQyLwKVAKRViuJWeUwG\_gL4pPtzonG4

- 10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



2/3/2025

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	R06	Piggyback Base	4	1	Job Reference (optional) # 56402

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- 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 12) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



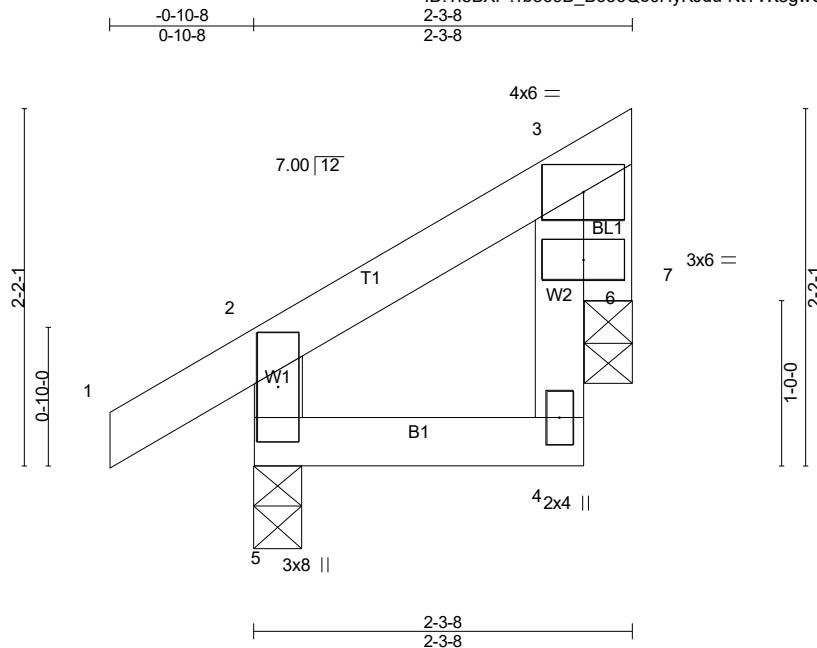
2/3/2025

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	R07	Monopitch	4	1	Job Reference (optional) # 56402

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Scale = 1:14.0

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.12	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.03	Vert(LL) -0.00 5 >999 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.01	Vert(CT) -0.00 5 >999 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-R	Horz(CT) -0.00 7 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014			Weight: 13 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3  
 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.2

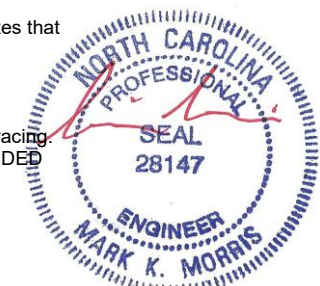
**BRACING-**  
 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-3-8 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=155/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 7=43/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)  
 Max Horz 5=46(LC 14)  
 Max Uplift 5=-12(LC 14), 7=-23(LC 14)  
 Max Grav 5=216(LC 21), 7=55(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

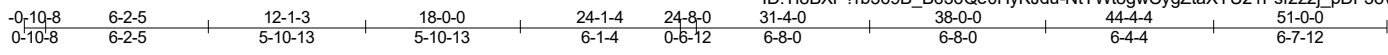
- NOTES-** (9-12)
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TC DL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
  - 7) Bearing at joint(s) 7 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
  - 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 7.
  - 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
  - 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
  - 11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
  - 12) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAINING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.



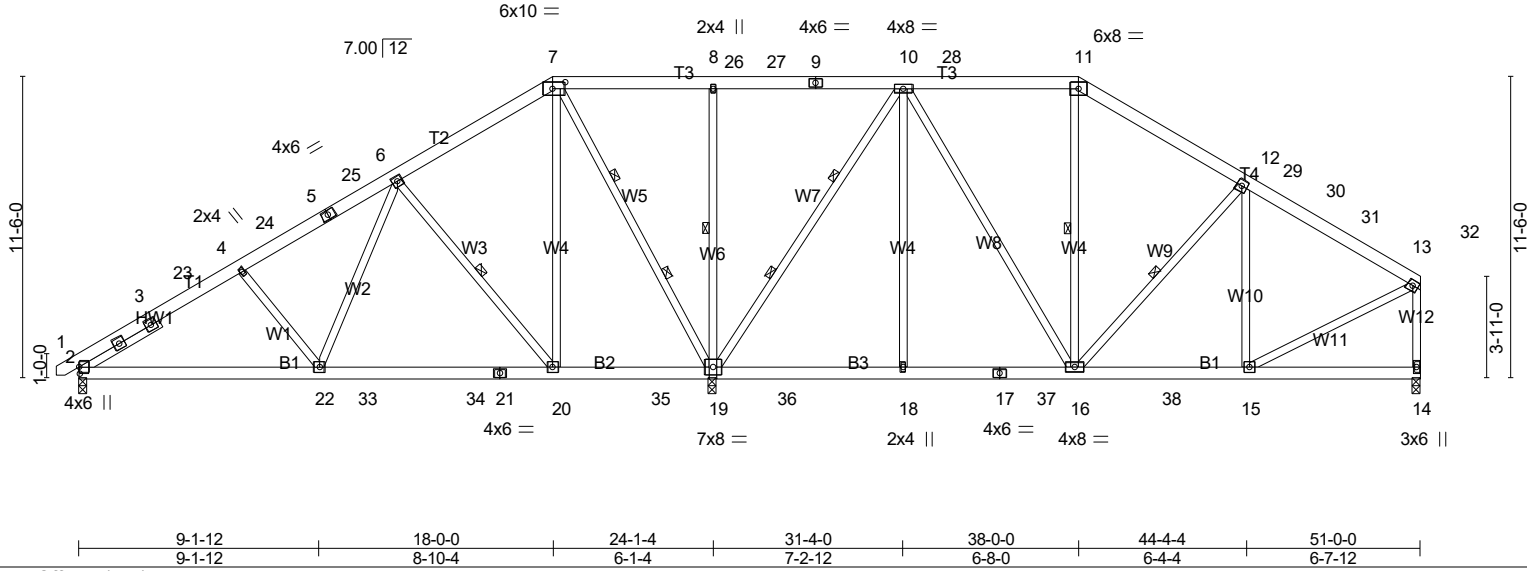
2/3/2025

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

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Scale = 1:87.6



LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.48	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.44	Vert(LL) -0.11 20-22 >999 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.99	Vert(CT) -0.17 20-22 >999 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.03 14 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014				Weight: 447 lb FT = 20%

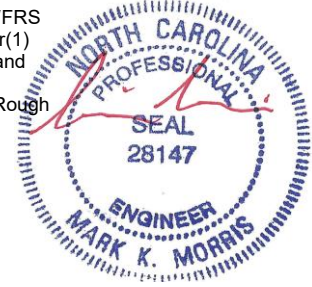
LUMBER-	BRACING-
TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* W6: 2x4 SP No.2	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 6-20, 8-19, 11-16, 12-16 2 Rows at 1/3 pts 7-19, 10-19
SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 3-6-3	

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 2=830/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 14=910/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 19=2371/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)  
 Max Horz2=206(LC 11)  
 Max Uplift2=-72(LC 14), 14=-77(LC 15), 19=-108(LC 11)  
 Max Grav2=1018(LC 39), 14=1161(LC 49), 19=3007(LC 44)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
 TOP CHORD 2-3=-1407/86, 3-23=-1326/88, 4-23=-1255/103, 4-24=-1197/97, 5-24=-1083/98,  
 5-25=-1054/100, 6-25=-968/114, 6-7=-364/110, 7-8=0/525, 8-26=0/525, 26-27=0/525,  
 9-27=0/525, 9-28=0/525, 10-28=0/525, 10-11=-642/169, 11-12=-839/155, 12-29=-834/99,  
 29-30=-843/94, 30-31=-952/80, 31-32=-961/79, 13-32=-1028/72, 13-14=-1107/103  
 BOT CHORD 2-22=-212/1230, 22-33=-102/807, 33-34=-102/807, 21-34=-102/807, 20-21=-102/807,  
 19-36=-27/517, 18-36=-27/517, 17-18=-27/517, 17-37=-27/517, 16-37=-27/517,  
 16-38=-30/822, 15-38=-30/822  
 WEBS 4-22=-359/159, 6-22=-37/614, 6-20=-948/199, 7-20=-76/1103, 7-19=-1456/131,  
 8-19=-756/147, 10-19=-1531/85, 10-18=0/538, 10-16=-59/675, 12-16=-471/135,  
 12-15=-282/89, 13-15=-32/912

- NOTES-** (12-15)
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCCL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-8-8 to 4-4-11, Interior(1) 4-4-11 to 10-9-7, Exterior(2R) 10-9-7 to 25-2-9, Interior(1) 25-2-9 to 30-9-7, Exterior(2R) 30-9-7 to 45-2-9, Interior(1) 45-2-9 to 45-9-1, Exterior(2E) 45-9-1 to 50-10-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
  - All plates are 5x5 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
  - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.



Continued on page 2

2/3/2025

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	R08	Piggyback Base	4	1	Job Reference (optional) # 56402

Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Feb 3 18:27:54 2025 Page 2  
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**NOTES-** (12-15)

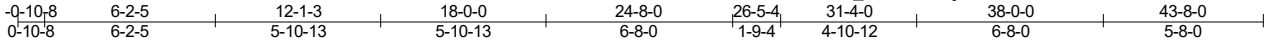
- 9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 19 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 14 except (jt=lb) 19=108.
- 12) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 13) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 14) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 15) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



2/3/2025

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Scale = 1:82.6

Plate Offsets (X,Y)--	[4:0-3-0,0-3-0], [6:0-3-0,0-2-5], [8:0-4-0,0-3-0], [9:0-5-8,0-2-0], [13:0-4-0,Edge], [18:0-2-8,Edge]
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<b>LOADING</b> (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b>	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>	<b>PLATES</b>	<b>GRIP</b>
TCLL (roof) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	TC 0.97	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	BC 0.98	Vert(LL) -0.44 14-18 >470 240		
TCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 1.00	Vert(CT) -0.62 14-18 >330 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Code IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.03 18 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0				Weight: 341 lb	FT = 20%

<b>LUMBER-</b>	<b>BRACING-</b>
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* T3: 2x4 SP SS	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 *Except* B1,B2: 2x4 SP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing. Except: 6-0-0 oc bracing: 15-17
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 5-19, 6-19, 7-19, 7-18, 9-13, 9-12, 10-11 2 Rows at 1/3 pts 8-17
SLIDER Left 2x8 SP No.2 3-8-6	

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 2=993/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 11=544/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-8), 18=2162/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-1)  
 Max Horz2=281(LC 14)  
 Max Uplift2=-79(LC 14), 11=-33(LC 10), 18=-76(LC 11)  
 Max Grav2=1186(LC 39), 11=798(LC 37), 18=3010(LC 44)

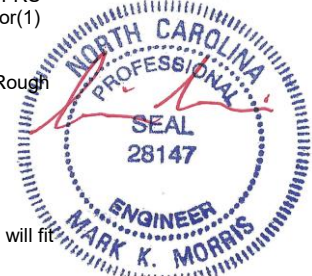
**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1656/92, 3-22=-1561/96, 4-22=-1537/111, 4-23=-1456/111, 23-24=-1242/122,  
 5-24=-1230/127, 5-6=-635/107, 6-25=-413/127, 7-25=-413/127, 7-8=0/433, 8-9=-320/63,  
 9-26=-284/60, 10-26=-371/44, 10-11=-643/60

BOT CHORD 2-27=-292/1394, 27-28=-292/1394, 21-28=-292/1394, 21-29=-185/1017, 29-30=-185/1017,  
 20-30=-185/1017, 19-20=-185/1017, 19-31=-412/19, 18-31=-412/19, 18-34=-69/266,  
 14-34=-69/266, 14-35=-69/266, 13-35=-69/266, 13-36=-14/276, 12-36=-14/276

WEBS 4-21=-307/157, 5-21=-42/600, 5-19=-946/200, 6-19=-292/90, 7-19=-137/1421,  
 7-18=-1527/188, 17-18=-1169/0, 8-17=-990/20, 8-15=0/703, 13-15=0/528, 9-12=-381/35,  
 10-12=-24/472

- NOTES-** (11-14)
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TC DL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 11-2-9, Exterior(2R) 11-2-9 to 24-9-7, Interior(1) 24-9-7 to 31-2-9, Exterior(2R) 31-2-9 to 38-8-10, Exterior(2E) 38-8-10 to 43-6-4 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
  - 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.



Continued on page 2

2/3/2025

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	R09	Piggyback Base	7	1	Job Reference (optional) # 56402

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**NOTES-** (11-14)

- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 18 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 11, 18.
- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

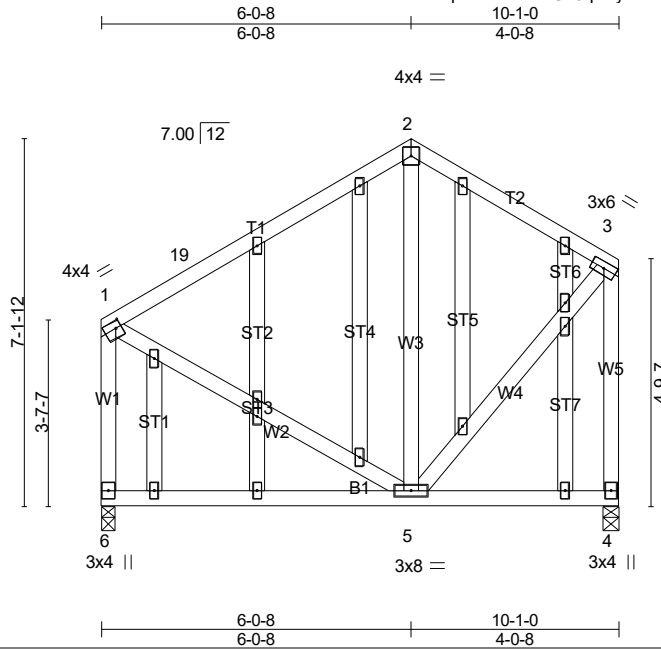


2/3/2025

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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss R10	Truss Type Common Structural Gable	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
					Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>

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Scale = 1:44.9

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [1:0-1-4,0-1-12]

<b>LOADING</b> (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b>	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>	<b>PLATES</b>	<b>GRIP</b>
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.72	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.43	Vert(LL) -0.04 5-6 >999 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.14	Vert(CT) -0.07 5-6 >999 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) -0.00 4 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014			Weight: 105 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3  
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

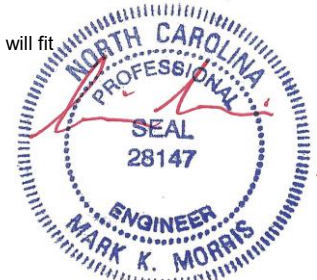
MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 6=392/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=392/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)  
Max Horz 6=66(LC 14)  
Max Uplift 6=-9(LC 14), 4=-42(LC 14)  
Max Grav 6=453(LC 20), 4=455(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
TOP CHORD 1-19=-311/46, 2-3=-263/80, 1-6=-397/83, 3-4=-427/103  
WEBS 3-5=-36/262

**NOTES-** (11-14)

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TC DL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 4-11-6, Exterior(2R) 4-11-6 to 6-0-8, Exterior(2E) 6-0-8 to 9-11-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 4.



Continued on page 2

2/3/2025

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	R10	Common Structural Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 56402

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- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



2/3/2025

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Scale = 1:77.5

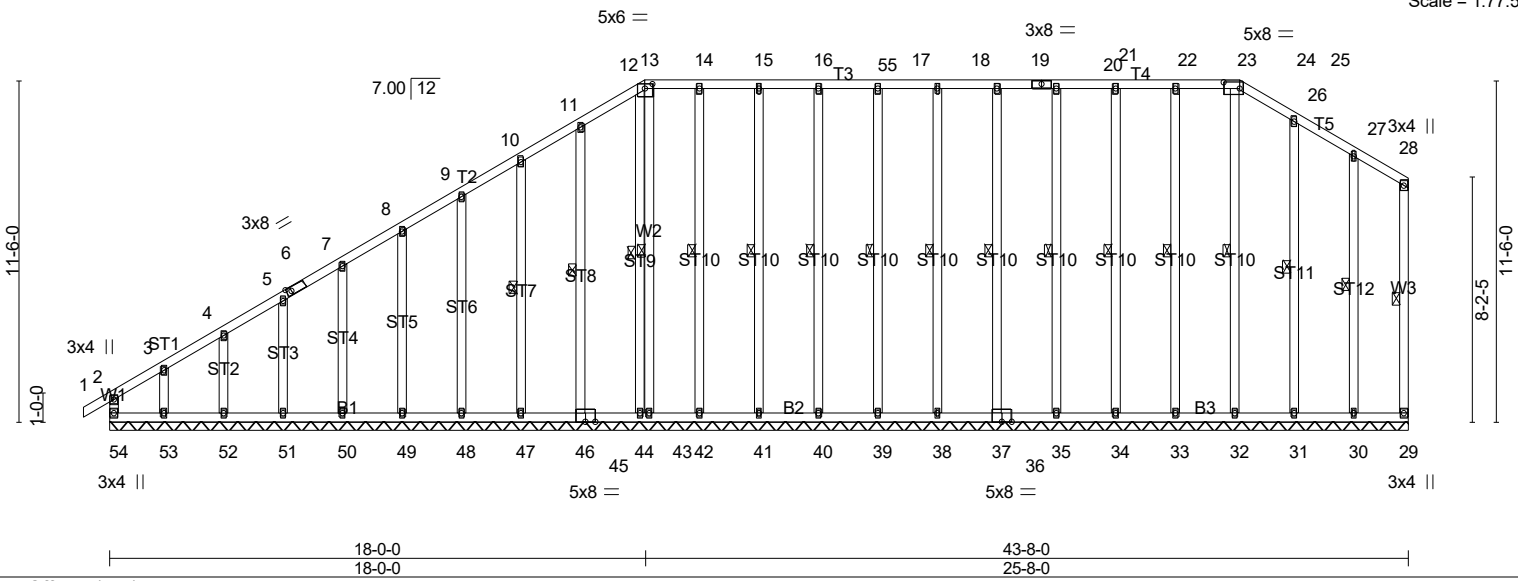


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [6:0-1-15,0-1-8], [13:0-3-0,0-1-12], [25:0-6-8,0-2-8]

<b>LOADING</b> (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b>	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>		<b>PLATES</b>	<b>GRIP</b>
TCLL (roof) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	TC 0.32	in (loc) l/defl L/d		MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	BC 0.25	Vert(LL) 0.00 1 n/r 180			
TCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.23	Vert(CT) -0.00 1 n/r 80			
BCLL 0.0 *	Code IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-R	Horz(CT) 0.00 29 n/a n/a			
BCDL 10.0					Weight: 439 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3  
 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

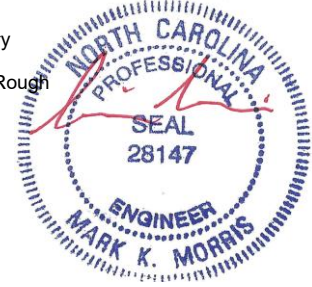
**BRACING-**  
 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.  
 WEBS 1 Row at midpt 28-29, 15-41, 14-42, 12-44, 11-46, 10-47, 16-40, 17-39, 18-38, 19-37, 21-35, 22-34, 23-33, 24-32, 26-31, 27-30, 13-43

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 43-8-0.  
 (lb) - Max Horz 54=278(LC 14)  
 Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 54, 29, 41, 42, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 40, 39, 38, 37, 35, 34, 33, 31, 30, 43 except 53=-219(LC 14)  
 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 29, 44, 51, 52, 53, 32, 43 except 54=269(LC 14), 41=301(LC 44), 42=290(LC 44), 46=325(LC 47), 47=318(LC 47), 48=320(LC 47), 49=317(LC 47), 50=327(LC 47), 40=296(LC 44), 39=297(LC 44), 38=297(LC 44), 37=290(LC 44), 35=297(LC 44), 34=297(LC 44), 33=305(LC 44), 31=326(LC 49), 30=322(LC 49)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
 TOP CHORD 2-3=-332/188

- NOTES-** (15-18)
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 3-10-0, Exterior(2N) 3-10-0 to 13-2-6, Corner(3R) 13-2-6 to 22-9-10, Exterior(2N) 22-9-10 to 33-2-6, Corner(3R) 33-2-6 to 38-8-10, Corner(3E) 38-8-10 to 43-6-4 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
  - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
  - All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
  - Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
  - Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.



2/3/2025

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	R11	Piggyback Base Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 56402

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**NOTES-** (15-18)

- 12) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 13) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 14) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 54, 29, 41, 42, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 40, 39, 38, 37, 35, 34, 33, 31, 30, 43 except (jt=b) 53=219.
- 15) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 16) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 17) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 18) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

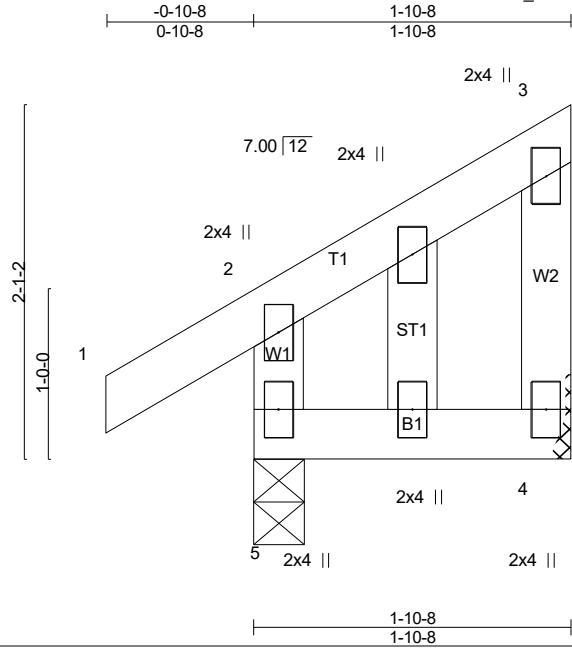


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**Warning!**—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job 25-0726-R01	Truss R13	Truss Type GABLE	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Scale = 1:13.6

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.12	Vert(LL)	-0.00	5	>999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.05	Vert(CT)	-0.00	5	>999		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.00	Horz(CT)	-0.00	4	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-R						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014						Weight: 12 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3  
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-10-8 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.  
MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 4=44/Mechanical, 5=144/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)  
Max Horz 5=44(LC 14)  
Max Uplift 4=30(LC 14), 5=4(LC 14)  
Max Grav 4=56(LC 21), 5=200(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- NOTES-** (11-14)
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCCL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
  - 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
  - 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
  - 9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
  - 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 5.
  - 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
  - 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
  - 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
  - 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAINING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.



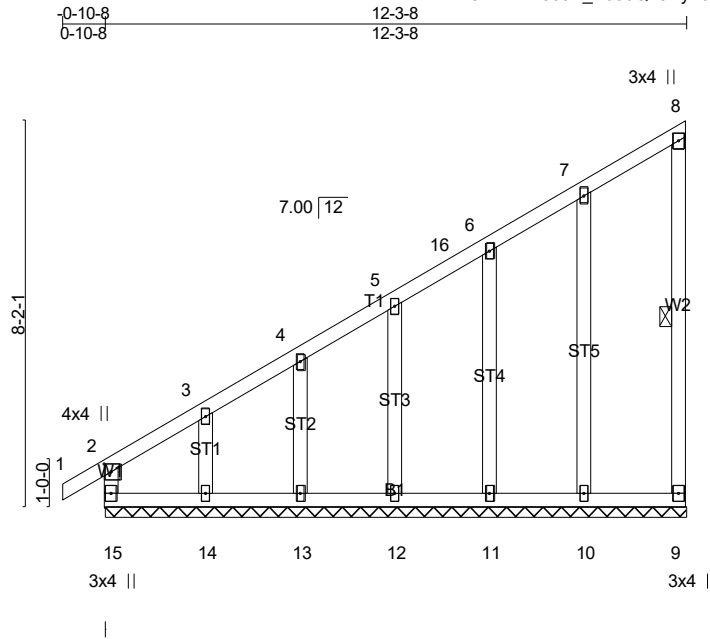
**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

2/3/2025

**Warning!**—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job 25-0726-R01	Truss R14	Truss Type GABLE	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Scale = 1:48.7

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-2-0,0-1-12]

<b>LOADING</b> (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b>	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>		<b>PLATES</b>	<b>GRIP</b>
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.43	in (loc) l/defl L/d		MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.32	Vert(LL) -0.00 2 n/r 180			
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.18	Vert(CT) -0.00 1 n/r 80			
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-R	Horz(CT) -0.00 9 n/a n/a			
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014				Weight: 83 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3  
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.  
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 8-9

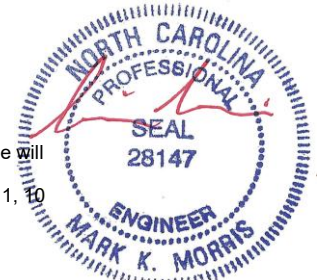
MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 12-3-8.  
(lb) - Max Horz 15=229(LC 14)  
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 15, 9, 12, 13, 11, 10 except 14=-176(LC 14)  
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 15, 9, 12, 13, 14 except 11=274(LC 5), 10=314(LC 5)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
TOP CHORD 2-3=-387/176, 3-4=-266/122

- NOTES-** (13)
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 4-1-12, Exterior(2N) 4-1-12 to 7-4-2, Corner(3E) 7-4-2 to 12-1-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
  - 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - 6) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
  - 7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - 8) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
  - 9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
  - 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 11) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
  - 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 15, 9, 12, 13, 11, 10 except (jt=lb) 14=176.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

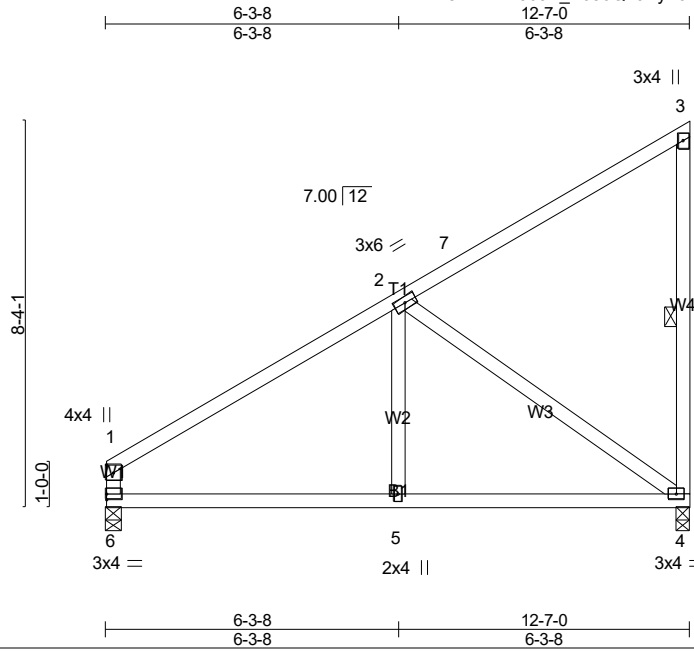


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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss R15	Truss Type Monopitch	Qty 7	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Scale = 1:49.7

<b>LOADING (psf)</b>	<b>SPACING-</b>	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>	<b>PLATES</b>	<b>GRIP</b>
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.75	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.42	Vert(LL) -0.04 4-5 >999 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.58	Vert(CT) -0.09 4-5 >999 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-AS	Horz(CT) 0.01 4 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014			Weight: 70 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.  
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 3-4

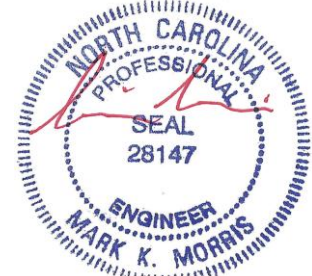
MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 6=492/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=492/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)  
Max Horz 6=219(LC 14)  
Max Uplift 4=-142(LC 14)  
Max Grav 6=525(LC 20), 4=630(LC 20)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
TOP CHORD 1-2=-620/0, 3-4=-253/74, 1-6=-443/25  
BOT CHORD 5-6=-139/459, 4-5=-139/459  
WEBS 2-5=0/260, 2-4=-539/168

- NOTES-** (8)
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TC DL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 4-11-6, Interior(1) 4-11-6 to 7-7-10, Exterior(2E) 7-7-10 to 12-5-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
  - 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 4=142.
  - 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



2/3/2025

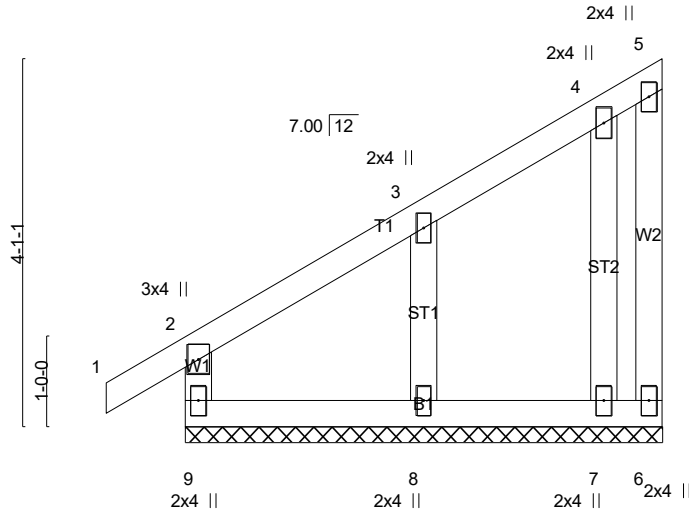
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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss R16	Truss Type GABLE	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Scale = 1:25.6



<b>LOADING (psf)</b>	<b>SPACING-</b>	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>	<b>PLATES</b>	<b>GRIP</b>
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.28	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.21	Vert(LL) -0.00 2 n/r 180		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.07	Vert(CT) -0.00 1 n/r 80		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-R	Horz(CT) -0.00 6 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014			Weight: 32 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3  
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-3-8 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 5-3-8.  
(lb) - Max Horz 9=105(LC 14)  
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 6 except 8=-104(LC 14)  
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 9, 6, 7 except 8=297(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- NOTES-** (12)
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TC DL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
  - 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - 7) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
  - 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
  - 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 10) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
  - 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6 except (jt=lb) 8=104.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

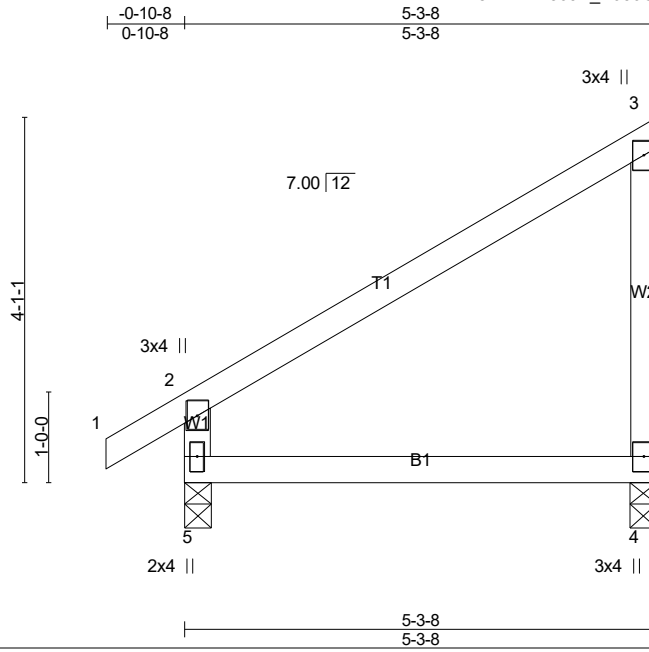


2/3/2025

**Warning!**—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 Guide to *Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job 25-0726-R01	Truss R17	Truss Type Monopitch	Qty 3	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Scale = 1:25.8

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.59	Vert(LL)	0.06	4-5	>999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.26	Vert(CT)	0.05	4-5	>999		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	4	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-AS						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014						Weight: 25 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

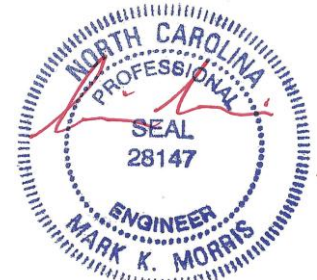
MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 4=194/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 5=268/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)  
Max Horz 5=105(LC 14)  
Max Uplift 4=-66(LC 14), 5=-3(LC 14)  
Max Grav 4=284(LC 21), 5=358(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
TOP CHORD 2-5=-329/115

- NOTES-** (9)
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TC DL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  - 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
  - 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 5.
  - 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



2/3/2025

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	R18	Common	10	1	
					<b># 56402</b>

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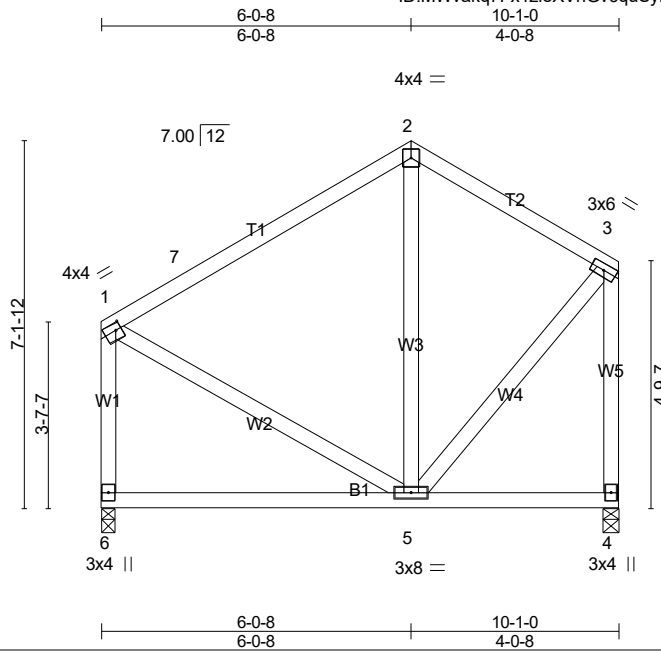


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [1:0-1-4,0-1-12]

<b>LOADING</b> (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b>	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>	<b>PLATES</b>	<b>GRIP</b>
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.72	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.26	Vert(LL) -0.03 5-6 >999 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.14	Vert(CT) -0.07 5-6 >999 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) -0.00 4 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014			Weight: 72 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

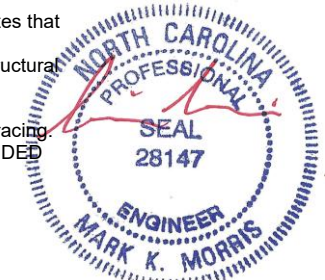
**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 6=392/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=392/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)  
 Max Horz 6=66(LC 14)  
 Max Uplift 6=-9(LC 14), 4=-42(LC 14)  
 Max Grav 6=453(LC 20), 4=455(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
 TOP CHORD 1-7=-311/46, 2-3=-263/80, 1-6=-397/83, 3-4=-427/103  
 WEBS 3-5=-36/262

**NOTES-** (8-11)

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 4-11-6, Exterior(2R) 4-11-6 to 6-0-8, Exterior(2E) 6-0-8 to 9-11-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 4.
- Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAINING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

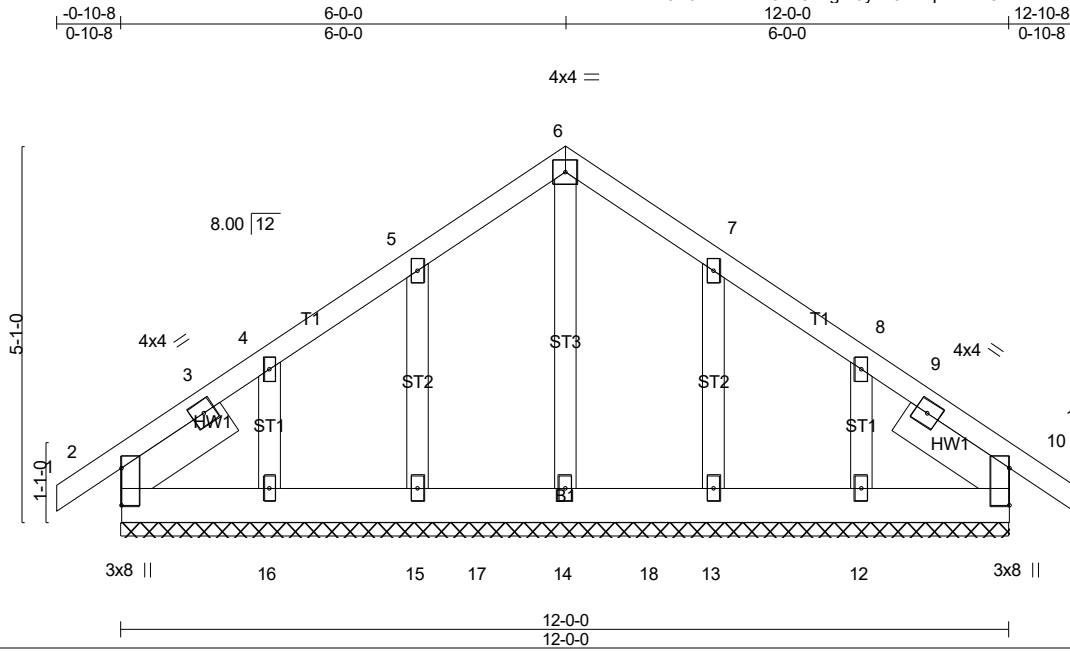


2/3/2025

**Warning!**—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job 25-0726-R01	Truss SP01	Truss Type Common Supported Gable	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Scale = 1:31.1

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.04	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.02	Vert(LL) -0.00 10 n/r 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.04	Vert(CT) -0.00 10 n/r 80		
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.00 10 n/a n/a		
	Code IRC2021/TPI2014			Weight: 82 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2  
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3  
SLIDER Left 2x6 SP No.2 1-9-0, Right 2x6 SP No.2 1-9-0

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 12-0-0.  
(lb) - Max Horz 2=91(LC 7)  
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 15, 16, 13, 12  
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 10, 14, 15, 16, 13, 12

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- NOTES-** (10)
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 4-0-0, Corner(3R) 4-0-0 to 8-0-0, Corner(3E) 8-0-0 to 12-10-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
  - All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
  - Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
  - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
  - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 15, 16, 13, 12.

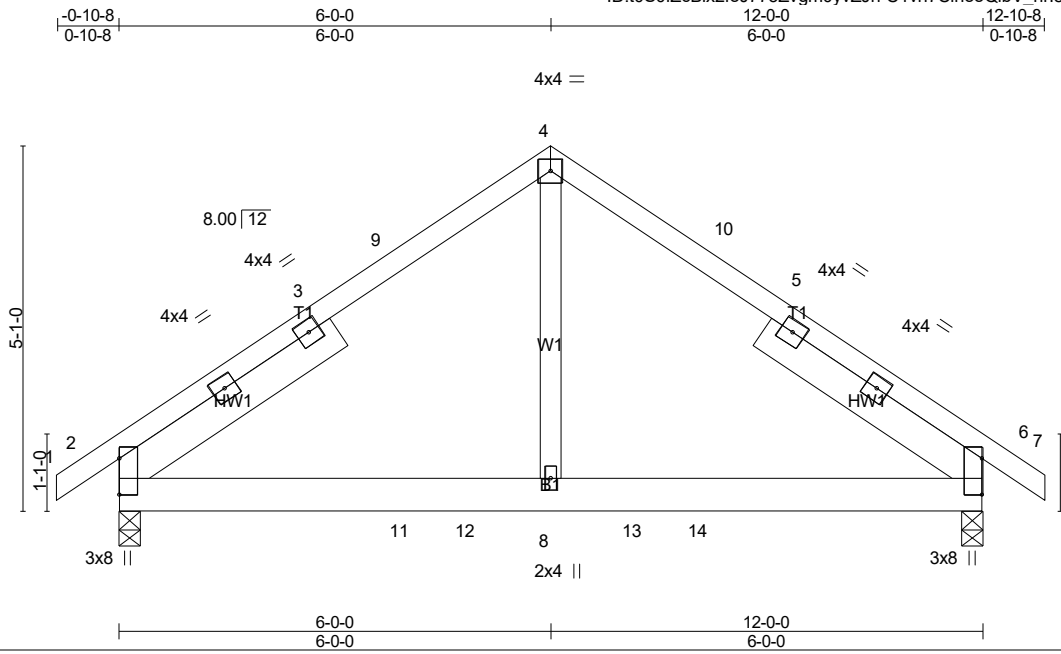
**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



2/3/2025

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<b>LOADING</b> (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b> 2-0-0	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b> in (loc) l/defl L/d	<b>PLATES GRIP</b>
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	TC 0.22	Vert(LL) 0.02 2-8 >999 240	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	BC 0.18	Vert(CT) -0.02 6-8 >999 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.12	Horz(CT) 0.00 6 n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-SH		Weight: 77 lb FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2  
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3  
 SLIDER Left 2x6 SP No.2 3-8-1, Right 2x6 SP No.2 3-8-1

**BRACING-**  
 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.  
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.  
 MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 2=533/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 6=533/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)  
 Max Horz 2=91(LC 7)  
 Max Uplift 2=46(LC 10), 6=46(LC 11)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
 TOP CHORD 2-3=-566/354, 3-9=-440/364, 4-9=-439/377, 4-10=-439/377, 5-10=-440/364, 5-6=-566/354  
 BOT CHORD 2-11=-208/366, 11-12=-208/366, 8-12=-208/366, 8-13=-208/366, 13-14=-208/366,  
 6-14=-208/366  
 WEBS 4-8=-296/280

- NOTES-** (6)
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TC DL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Exterior(2R) 3-11-2 to 8-0-14, Exterior(2E) 8-0-14 to 12-10-8 zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
  - 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

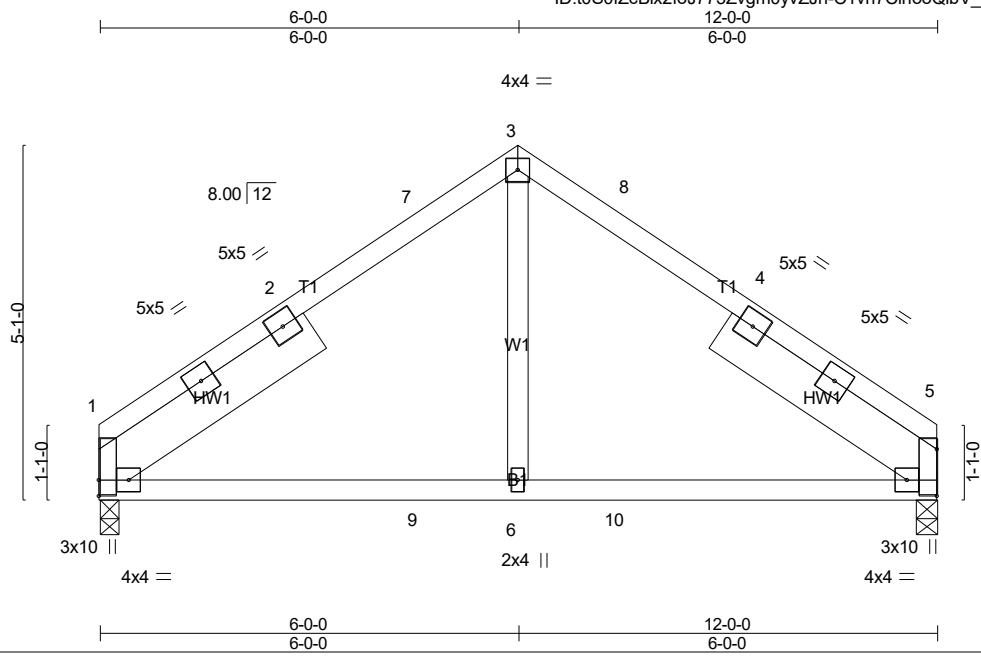


2/3/2025

**Warning!**—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 Guide to *Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job 25-0726-R01	Truss SP02A	Truss Type COMMON	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC	# 56402
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Scale = 1:33.0

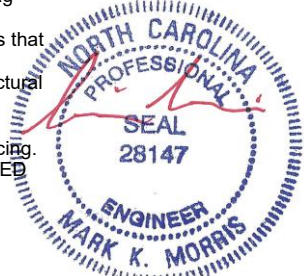
<b>LOADING (psf)</b>	<b>SPACING-</b>	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>	<b>PLATES</b>	<b>GRIP</b>
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.64	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.42	Vert(LL) 0.04 1-6 >999 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.11	Vert(CT) -0.06 1-6 >999 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.01 5 n/a n/a		
BCLL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014			Weight: 70 lb	FT = 20%

<b>LUMBER-</b>	<b>BRACING-</b>
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3	
SLIDER Left 2x8 SP No.2 3-9-2, Right 2x8 SP No.2 3-9-2	MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 1=480/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 5=480/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)  
Max Horz 1=93(LC 33)  
Max Uplift 1=-547(LC 39), 5=-547(LC 42)  
Max Grav 1=884(LC 56), 5=884(LC 57)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
TOP CHORD 1-2=-1155/789, 2-7=-792/451, 3-7=-538/227, 3-8=-538/227, 4-8=-792/451, 4-5=-1155/789  
BOT CHORD 1-9=-597/858, 6-9=-138/453, 6-10=-138/453, 5-10=-597/858  
WEBS 3-6=0/286

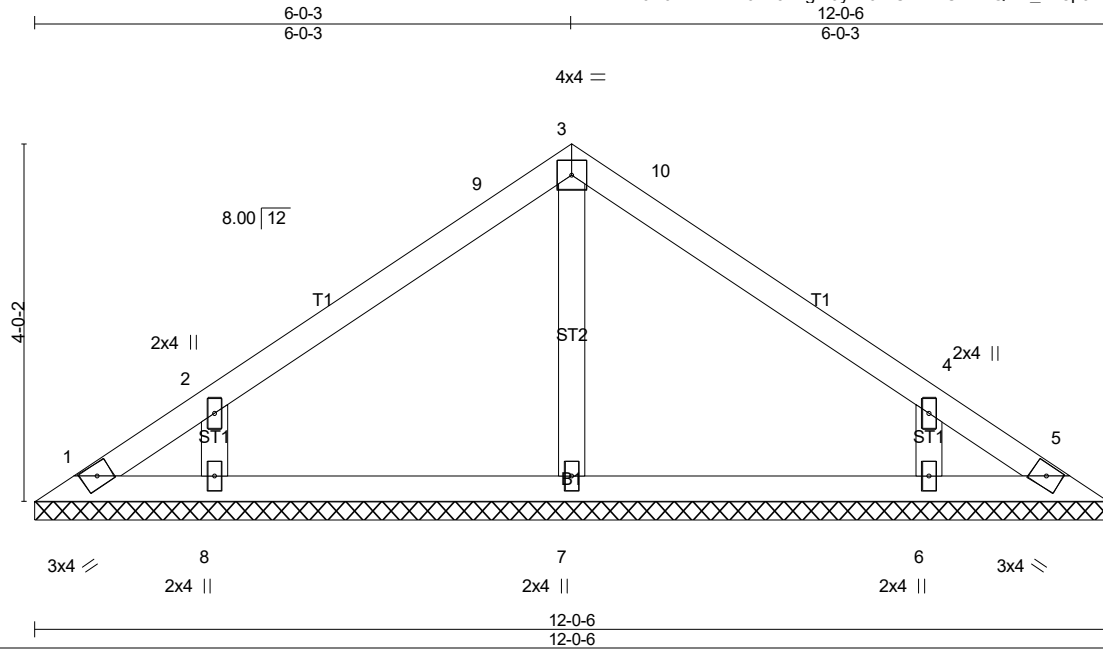
- NOTES-** (8-11)
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 4-9-10, Exterior(2R) 4-9-10 to 7-2-6, Exterior(2E) 7-2-6 to 12-0-0 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
  - 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=547, 5=547.
  - 7) This truss has been designed for a total drag load of 100 plf. Lumber DOL=(1.33) Plate grip DOL=(1.33) Connect truss to resist drag loads along bottom chord from 0-0-0 to 12-0-0 for 100.0 plf.
  - 8) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
  - 9) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
  - 10) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
  - 11) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAINING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.



2/3/2025

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

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Scale = 1:25.8

<b>LOADING</b> (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b> 2-0-0	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>	<b>PLATES</b>	<b>GRIP</b>
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	TC 0.17	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	BC 0.21	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.05	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.00 5 n/a n/a		
				Weight: 45 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6'-0-0 oc purlins.  
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10'-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 12-0-6.  
 (lb) - Max Horz 1=72(LC 7)  
 Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 8, 6  
 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=267(LC 1), 8=298(LC 17), 6=298(LC 18)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- NOTES-** (7)
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-5-12 to 5-3-6, Exterior(2R) 5-3-6 to 6-9-0, Exterior(2E) 6-9-0 to 11-6-10 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3'-6-0 tall by 1'-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
  - 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5, 8, 6.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

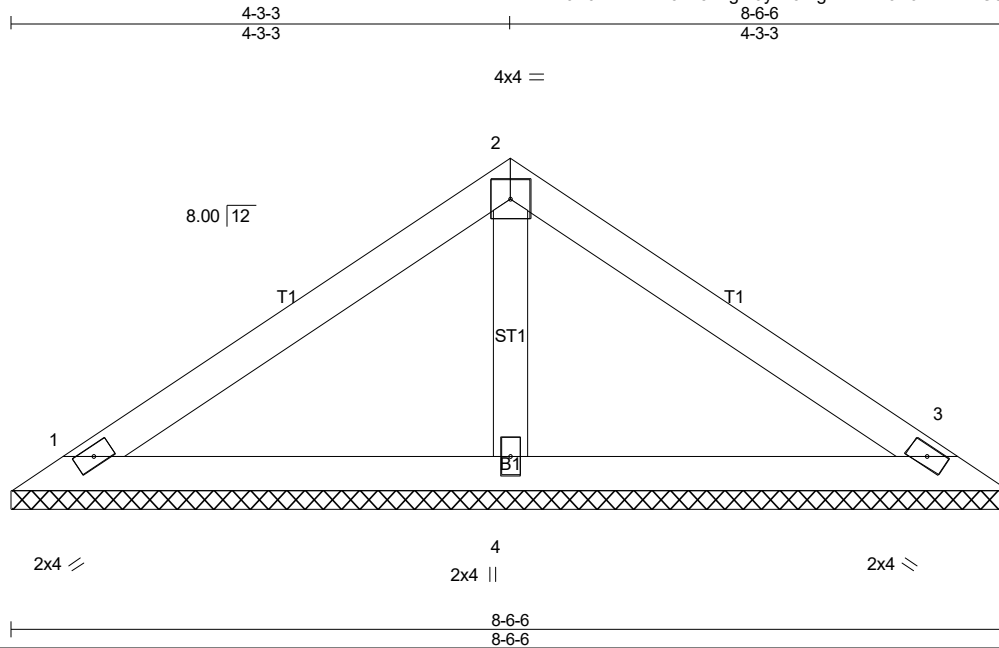


2/3/2025

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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss V02	Truss Type Valley	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Feb 3 18:28:01 2025 Page 1  
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Scale = 1:19.7

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.25	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.25	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.04	Horz(CT)	0.00	3	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P						
	Code IRC2021/TPI2014						Weight: 30 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 1=163/8-6-6 (min. 0-1-8), 3=163/8-6-6 (min. 0-1-8), 4=280/8-6-6 (min. 0-1-8)  
Max Horz 1=-49(LC 8)  
Max Uplift1=-27(LC 10), 3=-34(LC 11)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

**NOTES-** (7)

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

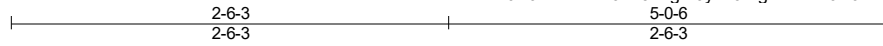


2/3/2025

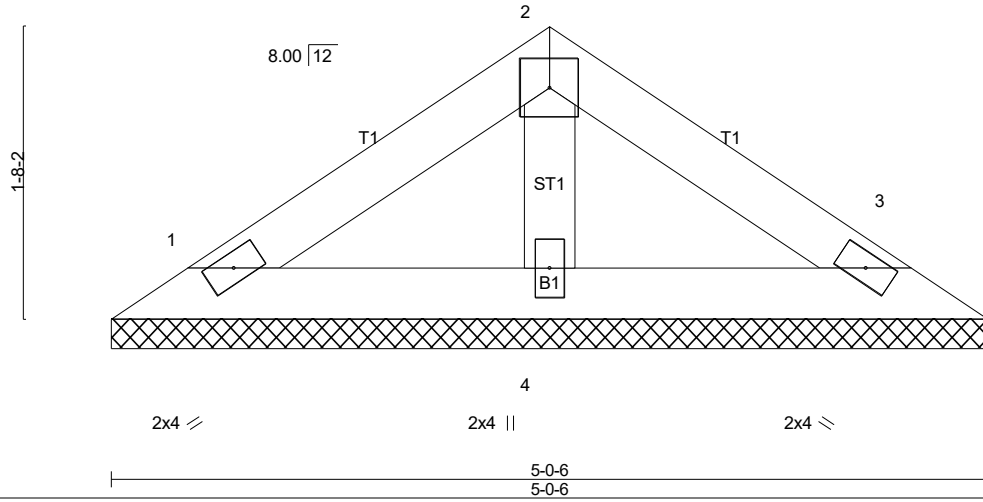
**Warning!**—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job 25-0726-R01	Truss V03	Truss Type Valley	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Scale = 1:13.2



LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.07	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.07	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.02	Horz(CT)	0.00	3	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P						
	Code IRC2021/TPI2014							
							Weight: 16 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-6 oc purlins.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 1=88/5-0-6 (min. 0-1-8), 3=88/5-0-6 (min. 0-1-8), 4=150/5-0-6 (min. 0-1-8)  
Max Horz 1=-26(LC 8)  
Max Uplift1=-14(LC 10), 3=-18(LC 11)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- NOTES-** (7)
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TC DL=5.0psf; BC DL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
  - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

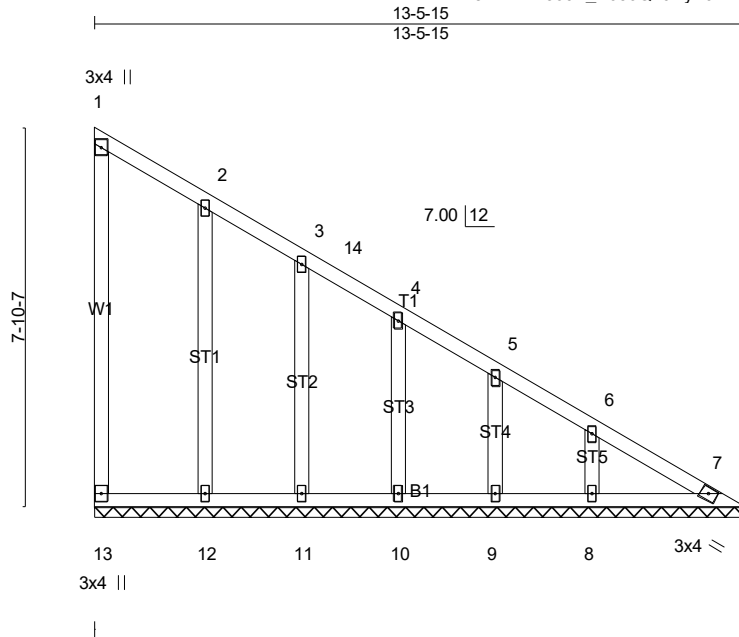


2/3/2025

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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss VT06	Truss Type GABLE	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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ID:T18BXP?rb369B\_B636Qe0HyKJdu-gDTALYIJY6YZDfZuO0f2f7qFKYRPMcbAWa0EgQzonFy



Scale: 1/4"=1'

<b>LOADING</b> (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b>	<b>CSI.</b>	<b>DEFL.</b>	<b>PLATES</b>	<b>GRIP</b>
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.10	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (PF) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.12	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.17	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.01 7 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014			Weight: 80 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3  
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 13-5-15.  
(lb) - Max Horz 13=-228(LC 15)  
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8  
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 13, 7, 10, 9, 8 except 12=328(LC 6), 11=266(LC 6)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- NOTES-** (9)
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 4-11-6, Interior(1) 4-11-6 to 8-1-14, Exterior(2E) 8-1-14 to 12-11-7 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
  - Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
  - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

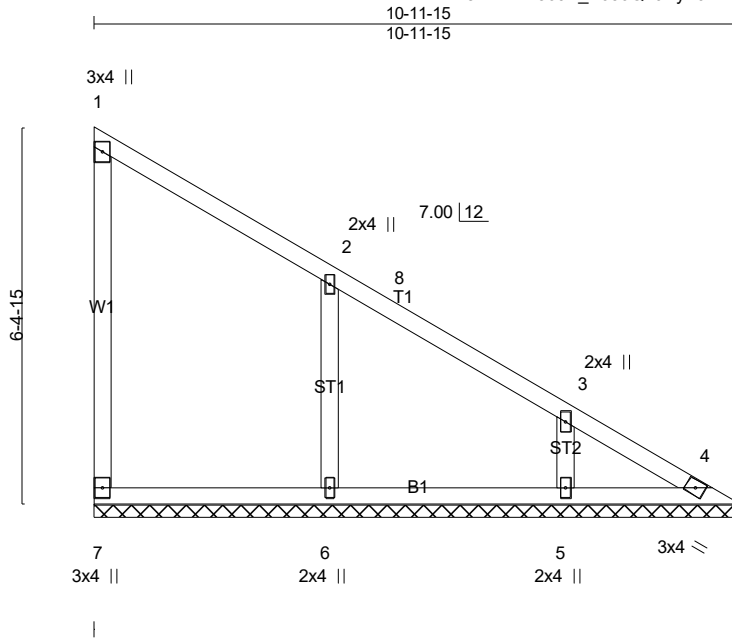


2/3/2025

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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss VT07	Truss Type Valley	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Feb 3 18:28:02 2025 Page 1  
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Scale = 1:39.1

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.29	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.38	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.12	Horz(CT)	0.00	4	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH						
BCLL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014						Weight: 50 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3  
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

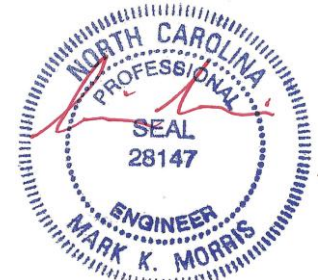
MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 10-11-15.  
(lb) - Max Horz 7=-184(LC 15)  
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 7, 6, 5  
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 7, 4 except 6=500(LC 6), 5=281(LC 1)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
WEBS 2-6=-381/139

- NOTES-** (8)
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
  - 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7, 6, 5.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

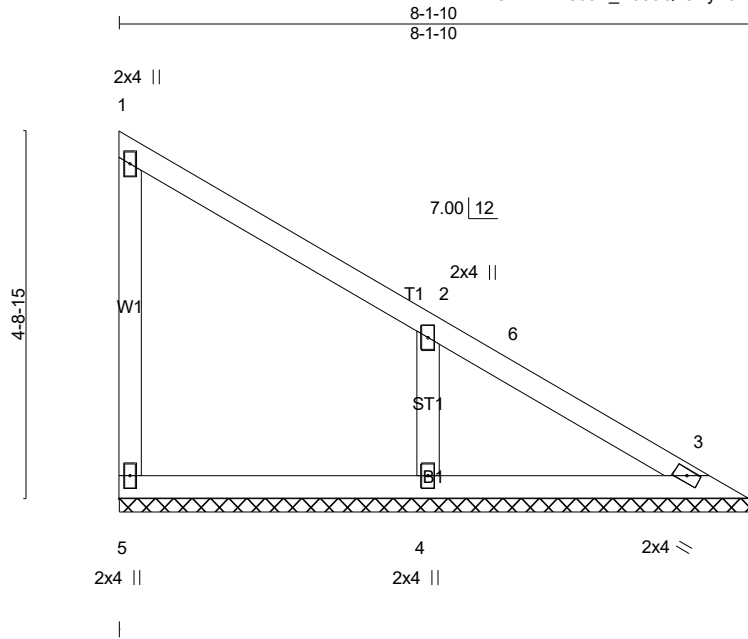


2/3/2025

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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss VT08	Truss Type Valley	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Feb 3 18:28:02 2025 Page 1  
ID:TI8BXP?rb369B\_B636Qe0HyKJdu-8P1YYtmx.JQgQqp84yjAHBLNNdyls548JkEmnCszonFx



Scale = 1:29.8

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.32	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.23	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.08	Horz(CT)	0.00	3	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P						
BCLL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014						Weight: 34 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3  
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=118/8-1-10 (min. 0-1-8), 3=105/8-1-10 (min. 0-1-8), 4=373/8-1-10 (min. 0-1-8)  
Max Horz 5=-133(LC 15)  
Max Uplift 5=-31(LC 15), 4=-97(LC 15)  
Max Grav 5=177(LC 21), 3=105(LC 1), 4=492(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
WEBS 2-4=-398/169

**NOTES-** (8)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCCL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 4.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



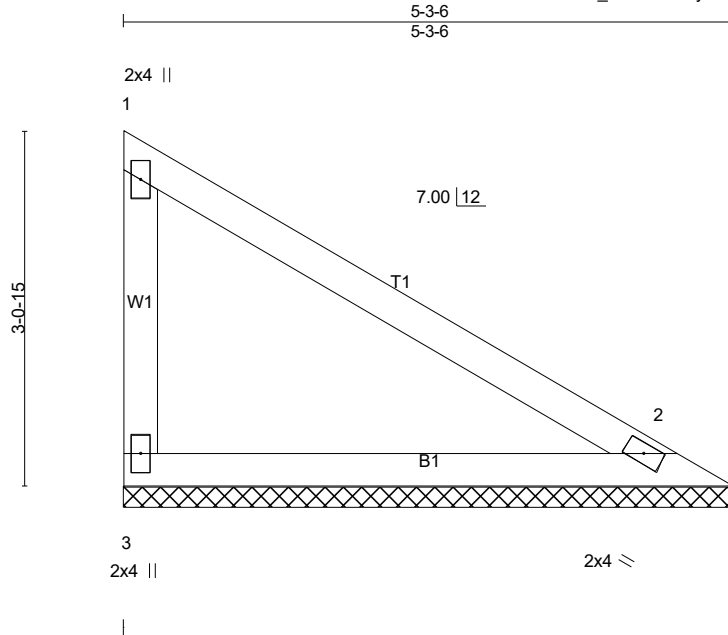
2/3/2025

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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss VT09	Truss Type Valley	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Feb 3 18:28:02 2025 Page 1  
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Scale = 1:19.9

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.65	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.44	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	2	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014						Weight: 20 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-3-6 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 3=184/5-3-6 (min. 0-1-8), 2=184/5-3-6 (min. 0-1-8)  
Max Horz 3=-82(LC 15)  
Max Uplift 3=-48(LC 15)  
Max Grav 3=264(LC 21), 2=264(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

**NOTES-** (8)

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TC DL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

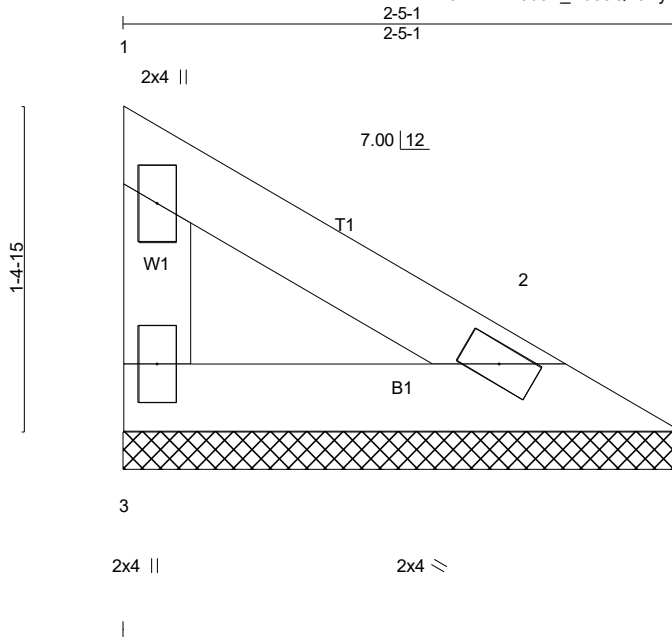


2/3/2025

**Warning!**—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 Guide to *Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC
25-0726-R01	VT10	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 56402

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LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.07	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.05	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	2	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014						Weight: 8 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-5-1 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 3=69/2-5-1 (min. 0-1-8), 2=69/2-5-1 (min. 0-1-8)  
 Max Horz 3=-31(LC 15)  
 Max Uplift 3=-18(LC 15)  
 Max Grav 3=88(LC 21), 2=88(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- NOTES-** (8)
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCCL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
  - 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

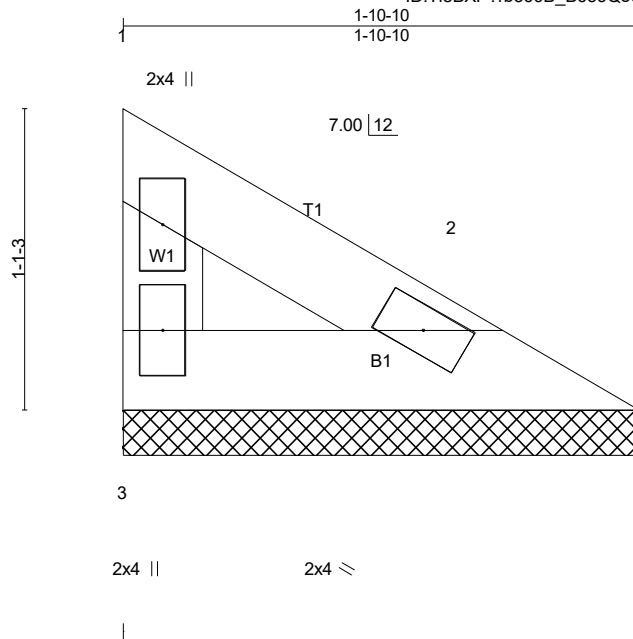


2/3/2025

**Warning!**—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job 25-0726-R01	Truss VT11	Truss Type Valley	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) # 56402
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Scale = 1:8.4

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.03	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.02	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	2	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P					Weight: 6 lb	FT = 20%
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014							

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-10-10 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

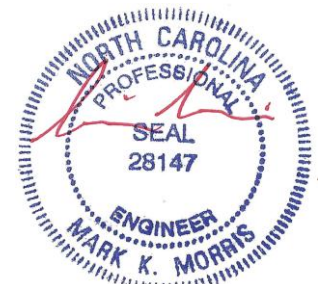
**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 3=48/1-10-10 (min. 0-1-8), 2=48/1-10-10 (min. 0-1-8)  
Max Horz 3=-21(LC 15)  
Max Uplift 3=-13(LC 15)  
Max Grav 3=59(LC 21), 2=59(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

**NOTES-** (8)

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TC DL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

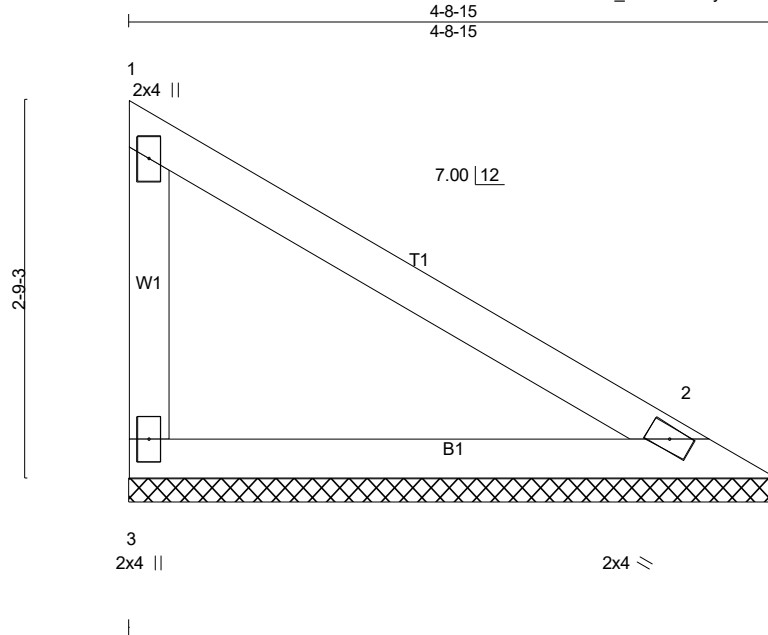


2/3/2025

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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss VT12	Truss Type Valley	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Scale = 1:16.9

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.49	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.34	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	2	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014						Weight: 18 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-8-15 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 3=162/4-8-15 (min. 0-1-8), 2=162/4-8-15 (min. 0-1-8)  
Max Horz 3=-72(LC 15)  
Max Uplift 3=-42(LC 15)  
Max Grav 3=229(LC 21), 2=229(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- NOTES-** (8)
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TC DL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
  - 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard

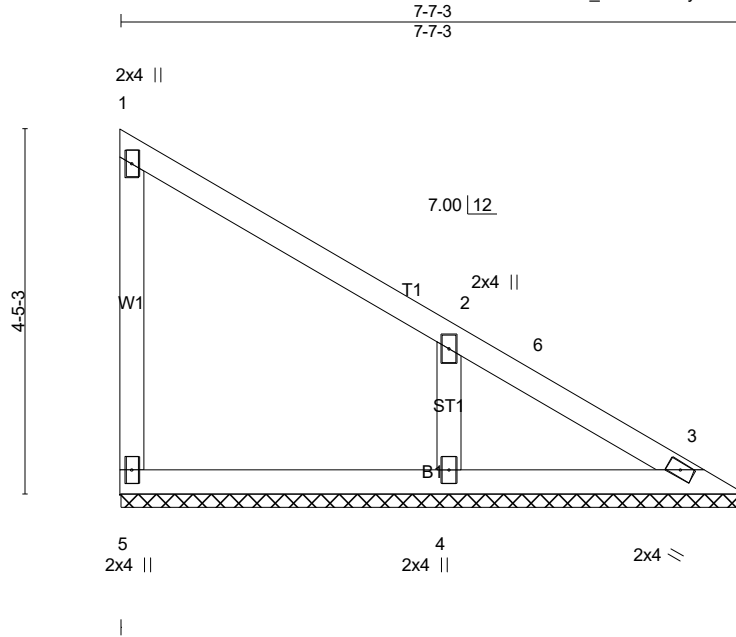


2/3/2025

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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss VT13	Truss Type Valley	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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Scale = 1:28.0

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.30	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.21	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.08	Horz(CT)	0.00	3	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P						
BCLL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014						Weight: 31 lb	FT = 20%

**LUMBER-**  
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2  
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3  
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3  
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING-**  
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.  
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=122/7-7-3 (min. 0-1-8), 3=82/7-7-3 (min. 0-1-8), 4=349/7-7-3 (min. 0-1-8)  
Max Horz 5=-123(LC 15)  
Max Uplift 5=-32(LC 15), 4=-91(LC 15)  
Max Grav 5=181(LC 21), 3=88(LC 26), 4=470(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
WEBS 2-4=-383/163

**NOTES-** (8)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 4.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



2/3/2025

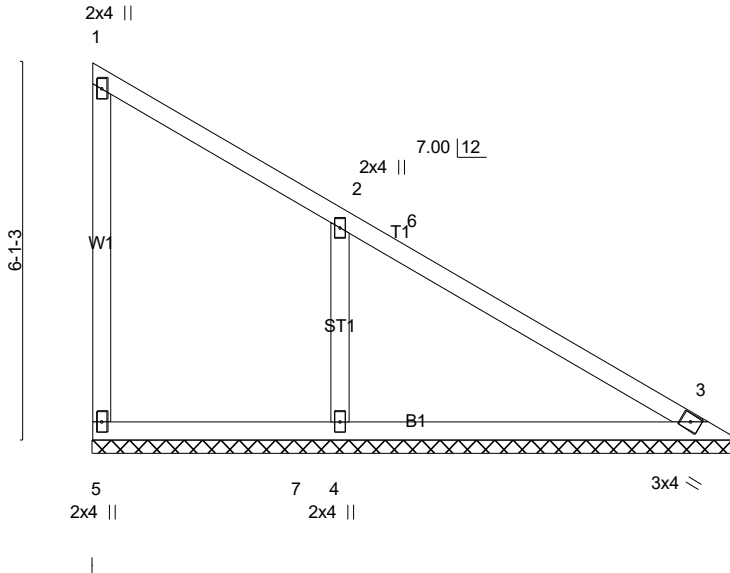
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Job 25-0726-R01	Truss VT14	Truss Type Valley	Qty 1	Ply 1	LOT 0.0008 CAMPBELL RIDGE   214 ALDEN WAY ANGIER, NC Job Reference (optional) <b># 56402</b>
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10-5-8  
10-5-8

Scale = 1:37.3



LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.47	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.25	BC 0.46	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.25	WB 0.13	Horz(CT)	0.00	3	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2021/TPI2014						Weight: 46 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-	BRACING-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3	
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3	

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=85/10-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=192/10-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=505/10-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)  
Max Horz 5=-174(LC 15)  
Max Uplift 5=-23(LC 15), 4=-131(LC 15)  
Max Grav 5=203(LC 6), 3=192(LC 1), 4=613(LC 21)

**FORCES.** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.  
WEBS 2-4=-468/182

- NOTES-** (8)
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  - 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.25 Plate DOL=1.25); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  - 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  - 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
  - 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  - 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
  - 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5 except (jt=lb) 4=131.

**LOAD CASE(S)** Standard



2/3/2025

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