

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: 33353-33353B CL2574 SP 3 Car

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by 84 Components - #2383.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I53810769 thru I53810804

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2022.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



August 23,2022

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



	<u>9-6-0</u> 9-6-0			<u>19-0-0</u> 9-6-0	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.30 BC 0.95 WB 0.20 Matrix-S	DEFL. in (loc) I Vert(LL) -0.17 6-9 > Vert(CT) -0.35 6-9 > Horz(CT) 0.04 6 6	l/defl L/d >999 240 >643 180 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 83 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER-		1	BRACING-		

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=-73(LC 13) Max Uplift 2=-115(LC 12), 6=-115(LC 13) Max Grav 2=817(LC 1), 6=817(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

2-3=-1354/375, 3-4=-1031/251, 4-5=-1031/251, 5-6=-1354/375 TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD 2-9=-270/1194 6-9=-275/1194

WEBS 4-9=-49/527, 5-9=-351/218, 3-9=-351/218

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 115 lb uplift at joint 2 and 115 lb uplift at joint 6.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-8-12 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing.

August 23,2022





			<u> 19-0-0 </u>				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCodeIRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.12 BC 0.09 WB 0.04 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) 0.00 11 0.01 11 0.00 10	l/defl L/d n/r 120 n/r 90 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 88 lb FT = 20%	
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP	No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD	Structu	ral wood sheathi	ng directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.	

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.2BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.2OTHERS2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. All bearings 19-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-73(LC 13)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 17, 18, 19, 15, 13, 12, 10

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 16, 17, 18, 15, 13, 10 except 19=268(LC 23), 12=268(LC 24)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide
- will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 17, 18, 19, 15, 13, 12, 10.







- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 17=153, 12=153.







5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 16=153, 11=129.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

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6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 15=128, 10=126.







Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, terection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=151, 10=126.











36, 37, 38, 30, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24 except (jt=lb) 40=145, 39=175, 23=151.

GI mmm August 23,2022





NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 12, 8.







- 4) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 17, 9 except (jt=lb) 14=224, 13=157.



ENGINEERING BY REPRESENCE A MITEK ATMIATE 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	CL2574 SP 3 Car
					153810782
33353-33353B	BGR	COMMON GIRDER	1	2	
				່ ວ	Job Reference (optional)
84 Components, Kings Mountain	, NC 28086			8	.610 s May 25 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Aug 23 11:28:42 2022 Page 2
		ID:	G9QzJCei	bNixLaRQ	HN5IvSzeysi-fWzrd?tELh3v2Gy?UD0qBcBjkz0qC3Dk?jxROvyl_53

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-7=-60, 1-7=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 9=-1197(B) 11=-1205(B) 12=-1195(B) 13=-1195(B) 14=-1197(B) 15=-1197(B) 17=-1197(B) 18=-1197(B) 19=-1197(B) 20=-1197(B)





5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8, 6.







- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 17, 18, 15, 14 except (jt=lb) 20=130, 12=104, 19=159, 13=146.





Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:1-1-6,0-0-15]	1 1			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.46 BC 0.47	DEFL. ir Vert(LL) -0.10 Vert(CT) -0.20	n (loc) I/defl L/d) 2-5 >999 240) 2-5 >588 180	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	WB 0.34 Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.01	5 n/a n/a	Weight: 49 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x6 SF	2 No.2 2 No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing dir except end verticals.	ectly applied or 5-10-6 oc purlins,
WEBS 2x4 SF	P No.3		BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied o	or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

EACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 5=0-1-8 Max Horz 2=91(LC 8) Max Uplift 2=-111(LC 8), 5=-77(LC 12) Max Grav 2=461(LC 1), 5=384(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

2-3=-882/414
2-5=-473/838
3-5=-796/486

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Bearing at joint(s) 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 5.

 Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5 except (jt=lb) 2=111.







LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2015	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.18 BC 0.13 WB 0.05 Matrix-P	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in -0.00 0.00 0.00	(loc) 1 1	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 120 90 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 22 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x BOT CHORD 2x WEBS 2x	SP No.2 SP No.2 SP No.3			BRACING- TOP CHOF BOT CHOF	:D 2D	Structu except Rigid c	ral wood end verti eiling dire	sheathing di cals. ectly applied	rectly applied or 6-0-0 or 10-0-0 oc bracing.	oc purlins,

REACTIONS. (size) 5=6-0-0, 2=6-0-0, 6=6-0-0

Max Horz 2=58(LC 8) Max Uplift 5=-6(LC 8), 2=-63(LC 8), 6=-62(LC 12)

Max Grav 5=15(LC 1), 2=200(LC 1), 6=313(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry
- Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 2, 6.









		<u> </u>		+ 10-0-0 4-0-0		
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:1-1-6,0-0-15]					
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCodeIRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.27 BC 0.30 WB 0.50 Matrix-S	DEFL. ir Vert(LL) -0.03 Vert(CT) -0.07 Horz(CT) 0.01	n (loc) l/defl L/d 2-7 >999 240 2-7 >999 180 6 n/a n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 51 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x6 SF WEBS 2x4 SF	P No.2 P No.2 P No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing direc except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 4	tly applied or 5-6-1 10-0-0 oc bracing.	3 oc purlins,

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 6=0-1-8 Max Horz 2=91(LC 8) Max Uplift 2=-111(LC 8), 6=-77(LC 12) Max Grav 2=461(LC 1), 6=384(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

- TOP CHORD 2-3=-954/283
- BOT CHORD 2-7=-346/906, 6-7=-346/906

WEBS 3-9=-876/351, 8-9=-889/339, 6-8=-908/355

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Bearing at joint(s) 6 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 6.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6 except (jt=lb) 2=111.







		6-0-0	6-0-0	
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.47	Vert(LL) -0.03 7-8 >999 240	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.27	Vert(CT) -0.05 7-8 >999 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.09	Horz(CT) 0.01 6 n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-R		Weight: 52 lb FT = 20%

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
WEBS	2x6 SP No.2 *Except*
	3-7: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 8=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8 Max Horz 8=115(LC 11) Max Uplift 8=-72(LC 12), 6=-72(LC 13) Max Grav 8=535(LC 1), 6=535(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-481/113, 3-4=-481/113, 2-8=-478/184, 4-6=-478/184

BOT CHORD 7-8=-4/320, 6-7=-4/320

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8, 6.







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TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
WEBS	2x6 SP No.2
OTHERS	2x4 SP No 3

BRACING-TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 10-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 12-0-0.

(lb) -Max Horz 16=115(LC 11)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 14, 15, 12, 11 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 13, 14, 15, 12, 11

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 16, 10, 14, 15, 12, 11.









Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	CL2574 SP 3 Car
					153810790
33353-33353B	DGR	Common Girder	1	2	
				Z	Job Reference (optional)
84 Components, Kings Mountain,	NC 28086			8	.610 s May 25 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Aug 23 11:30:31 2022 Page 2
		ID:G	9QzJCeib	NixLaRQF	IN5IvSzeysi-zU33VGBchBoRd0nyNdTO6bCLavEkFI2n3Arii5yI_3M

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Concentrated Loads (Ib)

Vert: 4=-1197(F) 5=-1197(F) 6=-1197(F) 7=-1197(F) 8=-1197(F)





NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5.









			<u>6-3-8</u> 6-3-8					
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. ir) (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.18	Vert(LL) -0.08	4-5	>926	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.47	Vert(CT) -0.16	4-5	>463	180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.05	Horz(CT) 0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P					Weight: 37 lb	FT = 20%
			PRACINC					

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

REACTIONS. (size) 5=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical

Max Horz 5=51(LC 9)

Max Uplift 5=-19(LC 12), 4=-22(LC 12) Max Grav 5=240(LC 1), 4=240(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 4.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-3-8 oc purlins,

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

except end verticals.





 FORCES.
 (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 TOP CHORD
 2-4=-382/64, 4-6=-382/64

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6.







Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-8,Edge]				
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. i	n (loc) l/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.09	Vert(LL) -0.00	0 1 n/r 120	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.06	Vert(CT) 0.00	0 1 n/r 90	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.06	Horz(CT) 0.00	0 8 n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S			Weight: 63 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-		
TOP CHORD 2x4 S	SP No.2		TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing of	directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,
BOT CHORD 2x4 S	SP No.2			except end verticals.	
WEBS 2x4 S	SP No.3		BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied	l or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
OTHERS 2x4 S	SP No.3				5
WEDCE					

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. All bearings 11-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=228(LC 12)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 8, 9, 10, 11, 12

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 8, 2, 9, 10, 11, 12

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-281/114

NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8, 9, 10, 11, 12.





4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 5=135.







			<u> </u>		
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.42 BC 0.28 WB 0.07 Matrix-S	DEFL. i Vert(LL) -0.0 Vert(CT) 0.00 Horz(CT) 0.00	n (loc) l/defl L/d I 1 n/r 12(2 1 n/r 9(0 10 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 72 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x4 SF WEBS 2x4 SF	P No.2 P No.2 P No.3	- -	BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood shear except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly a	hing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

,,
10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 16-0-0.

(lb) -Max Horz 2=166(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 10, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14 except 15=-108(LC 12)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 except 2=260(LC 1), 15=514(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. WEBS 3-15=-363/198

NOTES-

OTI

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide
- will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14 except (jt=lb) 15=108.







L	5-1-12		10-5-2		16-0-0
1	5-1-12	I	5-3-6		5-6-14
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-4,Edge]				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.34 BC 0.29 WB 0.35 Matrix-S	DEFL. ir Vert(LL) -0.03 Vert(CT) -0.05 Horz(CT) 0.00	n (loc) I/defi L/d 7-8 >999 240 7-8 >999 180 7 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 77 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x4 SF WEBS 2x4 SF	P No.2 P No.2 P No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing dir except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied c	ectly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, r 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 7=Mechanical, 2=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=166(LC 8) Max Uplift 7=-93(LC 8), 2=-58(LC 8), 9=-128(LC 12) Max Grav 7=410(LC 1), 2=237(LC 1), 9=678(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 3-5=-526/68

BOT CHORD 7-8=-148/473

WEBS 3-9=-554/228, 3-8=-97/474, 5-7=-505/158

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7, 2 except (jt=lb) 9=128.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

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2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 9=210, 6=210.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses sand truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Edenton, NC 27932



NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide

will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 8=172, 6=172.







NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 8=175, 6=174.







Max Grav 1=157(LC 1), 3=157(LC 1), 4=237(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.







TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

REACTIONS. (size) 1=4-5-5, 3=4-5-5, 4=4-5-5

Max Horz 1=-38(LC 8)

Max Uplift 1=-18(LC 13), 3=-22(LC 13)

Max Grav 1=84(LC 1), 3=84(LC 1), 4=127(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-5-14 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.





REACTIONS. (size) 1=8-2-4, 3=8-2-4, 4=8-2-4

Max Horz 1=60(LC 9)

Max Uplift 1=-35(LC 12), 3=-42(LC 13)

Max Grav 1=157(LC 1), 3=157(LC 1), 4=270(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.







2x4 🥢

2x4 📎

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

0- <u>0-6</u> 0-0-6			I	
late Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-0,Edge]			T.
OADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.08	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999	MT20 244/190
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.22	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999	
CLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(CT) 0.00 3 n/a n/a	
CDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P		Weight: 12 lb FT = 20%

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (size) 1=4-2-4, 3=4-2-4

Max Horz 1=-27(LC 8) Max Uplift 1=-14(LC 12), 3=-14(LC 13)

Max Grav 1=131(LC 1), 3=131(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.





