

RE: J0624-3359 Lot 37 Cottlestone Estates Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Site Information:

Customer: Project Name: J0624-3359 Lot/Block: Address: City:

Model: Subdivision: State:

General Truss Engineering Criteria & Design Loads (Individual Truss Design Drawings Show Special Loading Conditions):

Design Code: IRC2018/TPI2014 Wind Code: ASCE 7-16 Roof Load: 40.0 psf Design Program: MiTek 20/20 8.4 Wind Speed: 130 mph Floor Load: N/A psf

This package includes 30 individual, dated Truss Design Drawings and 0 Additional Drawings.

No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date	No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date
1	166077577	A1	6/6/2024	21	166077597	VB5	6/6/2024
2	166077578	A1GE	6/6/2024	22	166077598	VB6	6/6/2024
3	166077579	A1GRD	6/6/2024	23	166077599	VB7	6/6/2024
4	166077580	A2	6/6/2024	24	166077600	VB8	6/6/2024
5	166077581	A2GRD	6/6/2024	25	166077601	VB9	6/6/2024
6	166077582	A3	6/6/2024	26	166077602	VC1GE	6/6/2024
7	166077583	B1	6/6/2024	27	166077603	VC2	6/6/2024
8	166077584	B1GE	6/6/2024	28	166077604	VC3	6/6/2024
9	166077585	VA1GE	6/6/2024	29	166077605	VC4	6/6/2024
10	166077586	VA2	6/6/2024	30	166077606	VC5	6/6/2024
11	166077587	VA3	6/6/2024				
12	166077588	VA4	6/6/2024				
13	166077589	VA5	6/6/2024				
14	166077590	VA6	6/6/2024				
15	166077591	VA7	6/6/2024				
16	166077592	VA8	6/6/2024				
17	166077593	VB1	6/6/2024				
18	166077594	VB2	6/6/2024				
19	166077595	VB3	6/6/2024				
20	166077596	VB4	6/6/2024				

The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision

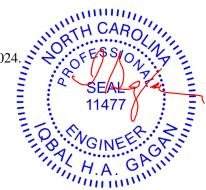
based on the parameters provided by Comtech, Inc - Fayetteville.

Truss Design Engineer's Name: Gagan, Iqbal

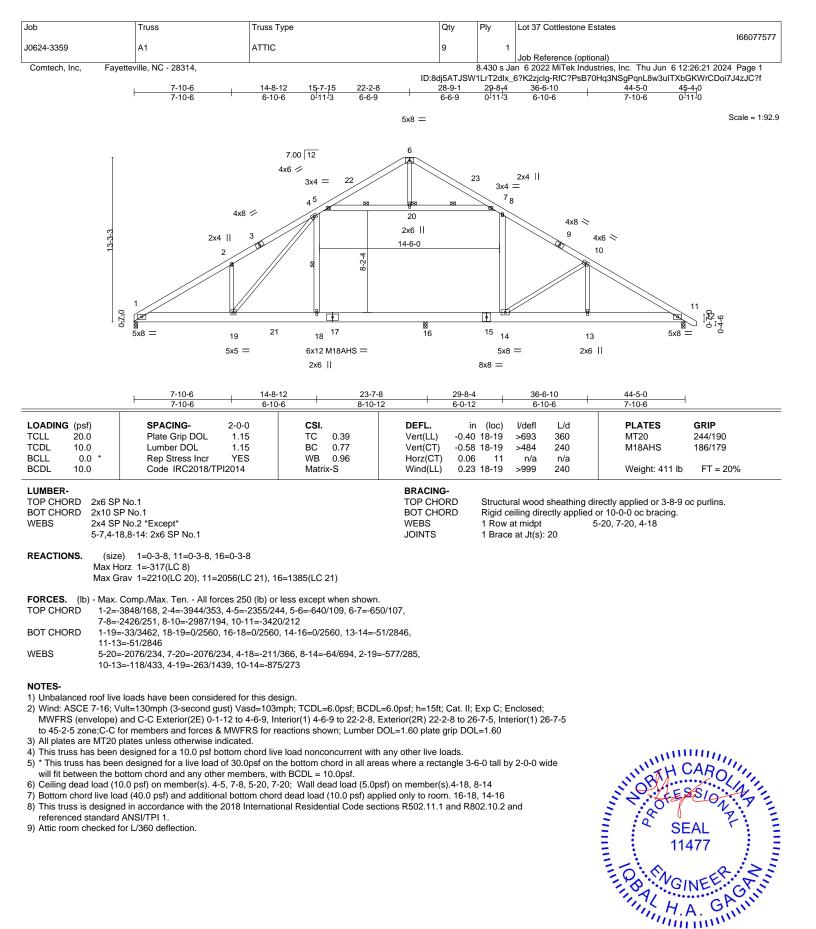
My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2024

North Carolina COA: C-0844

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for TRENCO customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

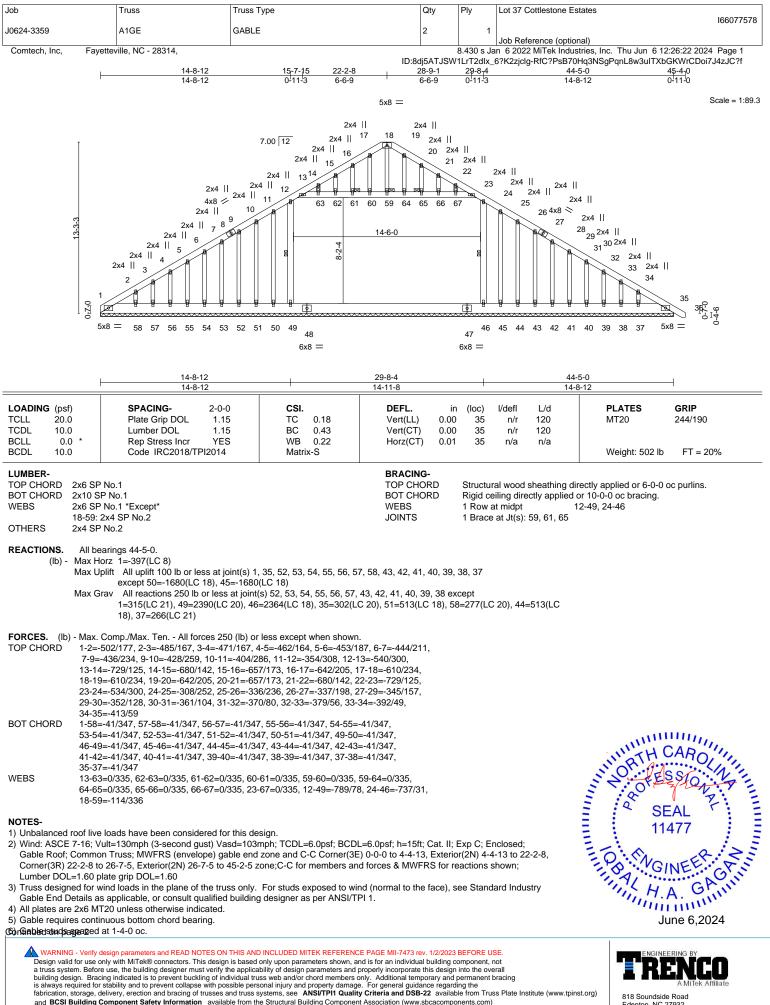


Gagan, Iqbal



818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

June 6,2024



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Lot 37 Cottlestone Estates
					166077578
J0624-3359	A1GE	GABLE	2	1	
					Job Reference (optional)
Comtech, Inc, Fayetteville, NC - 28314,				8.430 s Ja	n 6 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Jun 6 12:26:22 2024 Page 2

ID:8dj5ATJSW1LrT2dlx_6?K2zjclg-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

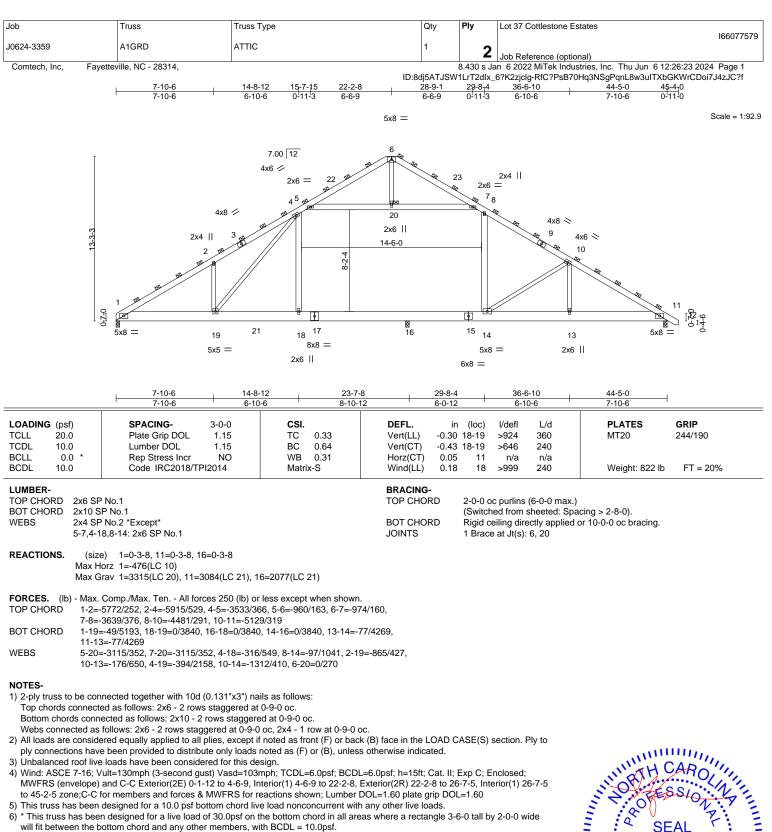
NOTES-

- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Ceiling dead load (10.0 psf) on member(s). 12-13, 23-24, 13-63, 62-63, 61-62, 60-61, 59-60, 59-64, 64-65, 65-66, 66-67, 23-67; Wall dead load (5.0psf) on member(s).12-49, 24-46
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 35, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 43, 42, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37 except (it=lb) 50=1680, 45=1680.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) This truss has large uplift reaction(s) from gravity load case(s). Proper connection is required to secure truss against upward movement at the bearings. Building designer must provide for uplift reactions indicated.
- 13) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)





- 7) Ceiling dead load (10.0 psf) on member(s), 4-5, 7-8, 5-20, 7-20; Wall dead load (5.0psf) on member(s), 4-18, 8-14
- 8) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 16-18, 14-16

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

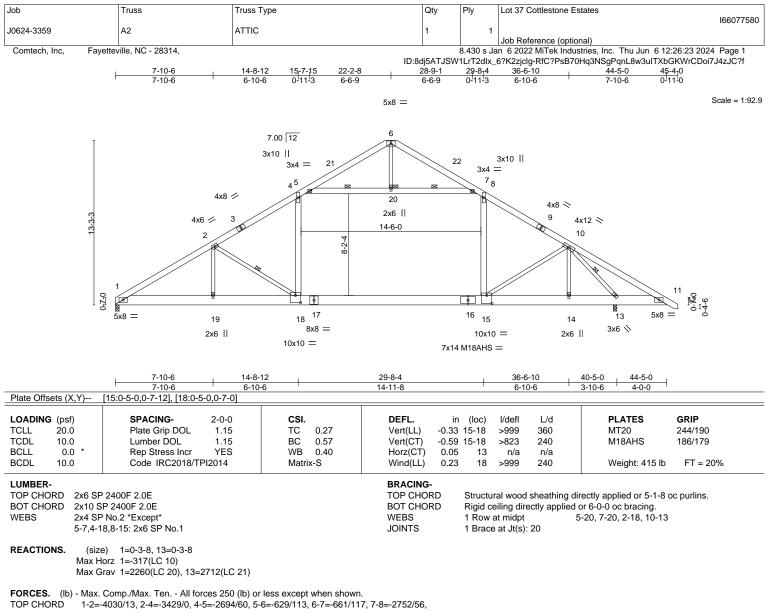
10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord. 11) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.



June 6,2024



👠 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall bilding design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



8-10=-3414/0, 10-11=-314/206

- BOT CHORD 1-19=0/3625, 18-19=0/3625, 15-18=0/2929, 14-15=0/1643, 13-14=0/1643, 11-13=-80/367
- WEBS 5-20=-2448/6, 7-20=-2448/6, 4-18=0/1067, 8-15=0/943, 2-19=-77/403, 10-14=-1113/96,

2-18=-929/287, 10-15=0/1611, 10-13=-2446/157

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 4-6-9, Interior(1) 4-6-9 to 22-2-8, Exterior(2R) 22-2-8 to 26-7-5, Interior(1) 26-7-5 to 45-2-5 zone; cantilever right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Ceiling dead load (10.0 psf) on member(s). 4-5, 7-8, 5-20, 7-20; Wall dead load (5.0psf) on member(s).4-18, 8-15
- 7) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 15-18

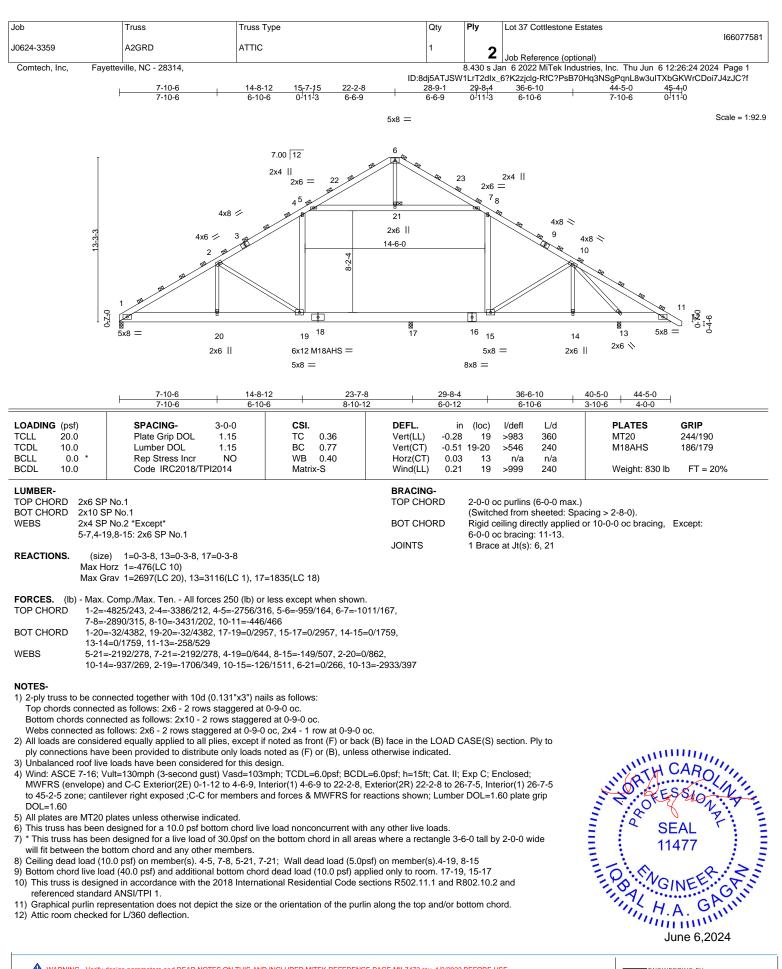
8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

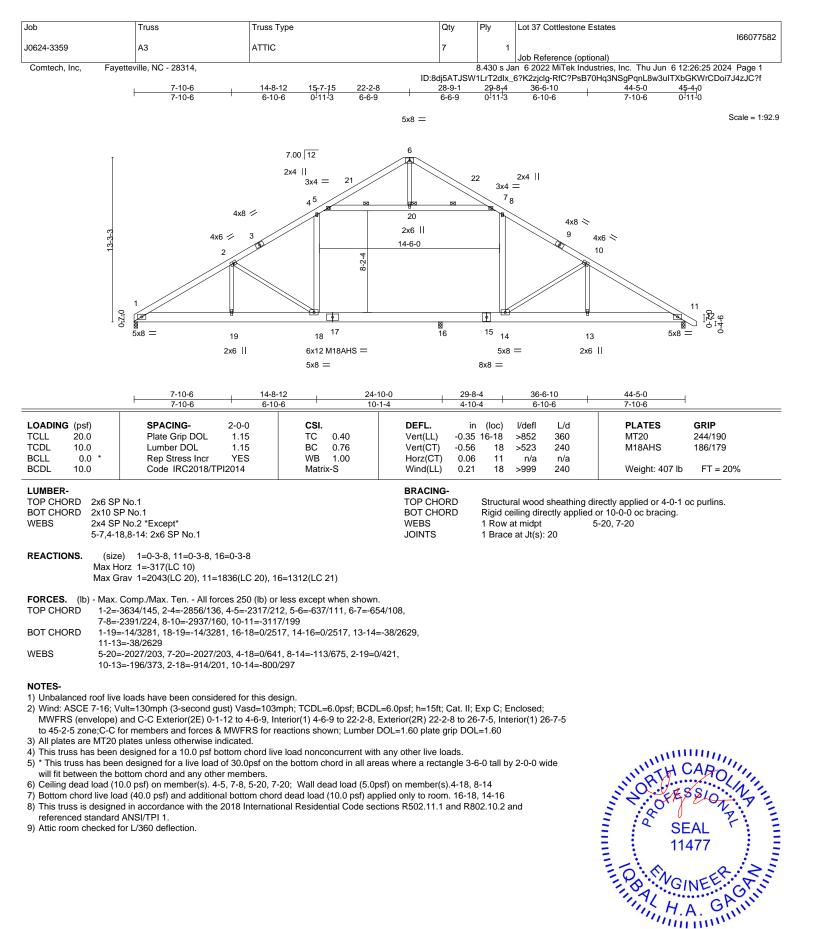
9) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)

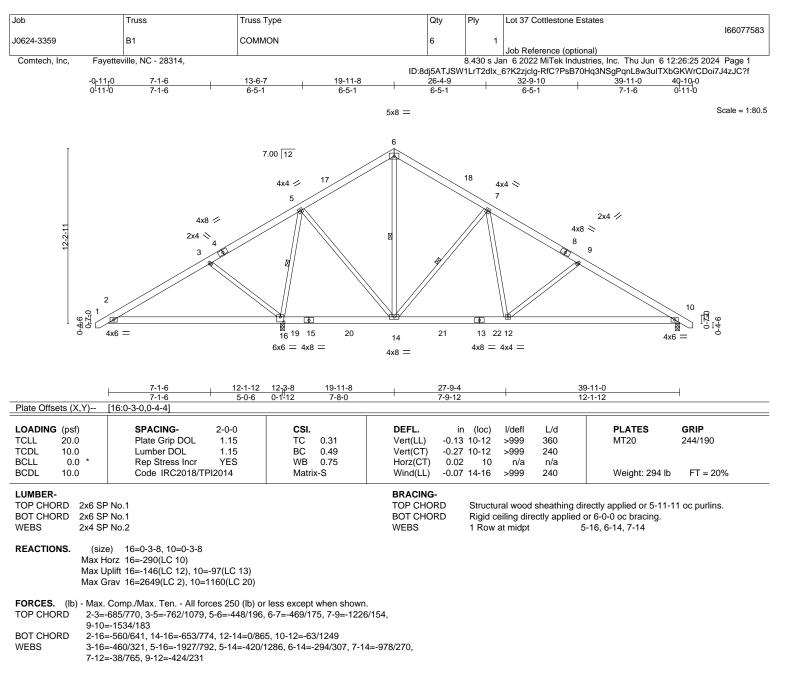
A MiTek Affilia 818 Soundside Road





TRENCO A Milek Atfiliate

June 6,2024



NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-9-5 to 3-7-8, Interior(1) 3-7-8 to 19-11-8, Exterior(2R) 19-11-8 to 24-4-5, Interior(1) 24-4-5 to 40-8-5 zone; cantilever left exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10 except (jt=lb) 16=146.

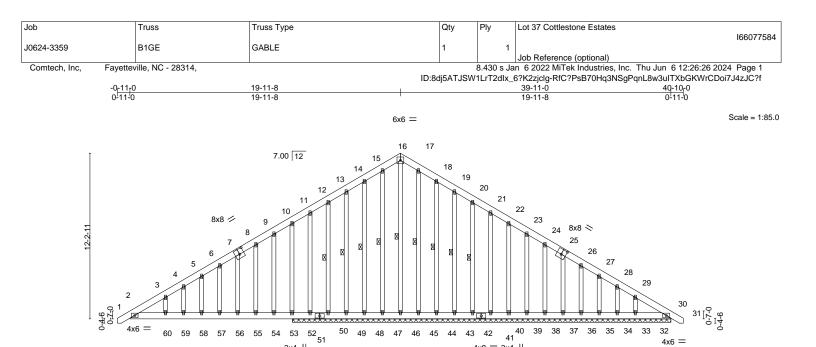
6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)

TRENCO AMITEK Affiliate

818 Soundside Road



4x8 = 3x4 ||

4x6 =

3x4 || 4x8 =

	12-0-0 12-0-0	12-1-12 0-1-12		-11-0 7-9-4		
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[7:0-4-0,0-4-8], [25:0-4-0,0-4-8]					
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYES	CSI. TC 0.47 BC 0.64 WB 0.44	DEFL. in Vert(LL) 0.00 Vert(CT) 0.00 Horz(CT) 0.02	(loc) l/defl 30 n/r 30 n/r 30 n/a	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-S				Weight: 451 lb FT = 20%
BOT CHORD 2x6 S	P No.1 P No.1 P No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS		ectly applied or 6-0-0 16-46, 1	pplied or 7-4-12 oc purlins.) oc bracing. 15-47, 14-48, 13-49, 12-50, 17-45, 19-43, 20-42
(Ib) - Max Max	bearings 27-11-0. Horz 53=-362(LC 10) Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 4 30=-367(LC 25), 50=-150(LC 12), 4 Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint except 46=612(LC 1), 47=285(LC 1)	52=-1234(LC 1), 53=-849((s) 30, 48, 49, 44, 43, 42,	(LC 12), 32=-101(LC 13) 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34	, 33, 32		
TOP CHORD 2-3= 8-9 13- 18- 23-2	. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) o 899/788, 3-4=-880/800, 4-5=-872/823, =-856/939, 9-10=-742/880, 10-11=-417/6 14=-521/839, 14-15=-480/840, 15-16=-3 19=-517/835, 19-20=-552/825, 20-21=-55 24=-711/824, 24-25=-751/825, 25-26=-75 29=-906/842, 29-30=-988/896	5-6=-871/853, 6-7=-839/8 551, 11-12=-556/796, 12-1)3/748, 16-17=-393/748, 1)1/824, 21-22=-631/824, 2	60, 7-8=-869/917, 13=-561/829, 17-18=-480/839, 22-23=-671/824,			
BOT CHORD 2-60 55 49 44 38 33	50-507,052, 59-60-695/895, 58-59-695 56-695/896, 54-55-695/896, 53-54-65 50-746/885, 48-49-746/885, 47-48-74 55-746/885, 43-44-746/885, 42-43-74 39-746/885, 37-38-746/885, 36-37-74 34-747/885, 32-33-747/885, 30-32-74 46-584/318, 15-47-263/157, 11-52-25	95/896, 52-53=-746/885, 5 16/885, 46-47=-746/885, 4 16/885, 40-42=-746/885, 3 16/885, 35-36=-747/885, 3 17/885	50-52=-746/885, 15-46=-746/885, 39-40=-746/885, 34-35=-747/885,			MICH CARO
	+0=-364/316, 15-47=-263/157, 11-52=-28	92/201, 10-55=-527/651, 1	17-45=-202/150			
 Wind: ASCE 7-16; Gable Roof; Comm Corner(3R) 19-11- for reactions shown Truss designed for Gable End Details 	ve loads have been considered for this de Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103 on Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end 8 to 24-4-5, Exterior(2N) 24-4-5 to 40-8-6 h; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.6 wind loads in the plane of the truss only as applicable, or consult qualified buildin AT20 unless otherwise indicated. d at 1.4-0 oc	mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCD I zone and C-C Corner(3E zone; cantilever left expo 0 For studs exposed to wi	E) -0-9-5 to 3-7-8, Exterior osed ;C-C for members ar nd (normal to the face), se	(2N) 3-7-8 to 19 nd forces & MWF	-11-8, RS	SEAL 11477
 6) This truss has been 7) * This truss has been will fit between the 8) Provide mechanica 	n designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord liv en designed for a live load of 30.0psf on bottom chord and any other members. Il connection (by others) of truss to beari	the bottom chord in all are	eas where a rectangle 3-6 anding 100 lb uplift at join		vide	June 6,2024
ConfliAu46ଥା ତିନ୍ନାp389e3Z,	36, 35, 34, 33 except (jt=lb) 30=367, 50=	150, 52=1234, 53=849, 3	2=101.			1
Design valid for use a truss system. Bef building design. Br is always required f fabrication, storage	y design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AN o only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based ore use, the building designer must verify the applic acting indicated is to prevent buckling of individual tr or stability and to prevent collapse with possible per delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss of Component Safety Information available from t	only upon parameters shown, a ability of design parameters and uss web and/or chord members of sonal injury and property damag systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Qualit	nd is for an individual building or properly incorporate this design only. Additional temporary and p e. For general guidance regardi ty Criteria and DSB-22 availabl	omponent, not into the overall permanent bracing ng the le from Truss Plate In	stitute (www.tpinst.org)	ENGINEERING BY REENCO A MiTek Affiliate 818 Soundside Road
	somponent datery information available 10111	to or uctural building componer	www.sucacompo	ionta.com)		Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Lot 37 Cottlestone Estates	
J0624-3359	B1GE	GABLE	1	1	166077584	
00024-0000	DIGE	GABLE	1		Job Reference (optional)	
Comtech, Inc, Fayetteville, NC - 28314, 8.430 s Jan 6 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Jun 6 12:26:26 2024 Page						
		ID:8dj5ATJSW1LrT2dlx_6?K2zjclg-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f				

NOTES-

9) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

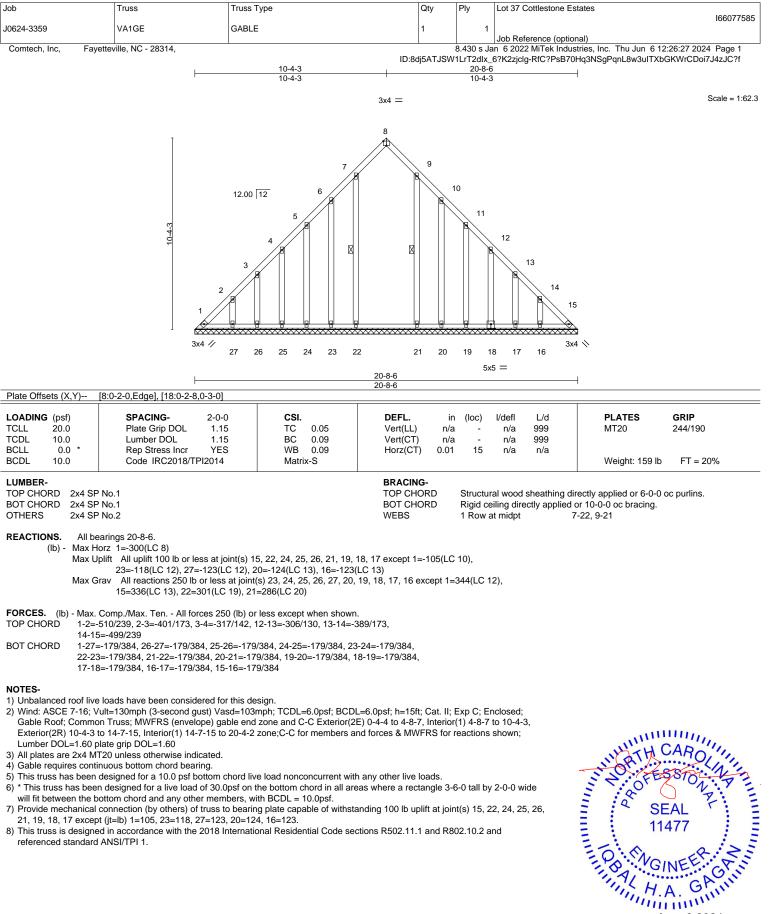
10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

11) This truss has large uplift reaction(s) from gravity load case(s). Proper connection is required to secure truss against upward movement at the bearings. Building designer must provide for uplift reactions indicated.

SEAL 11477 OB MGINEER H.A. GAMMU June 6,2024

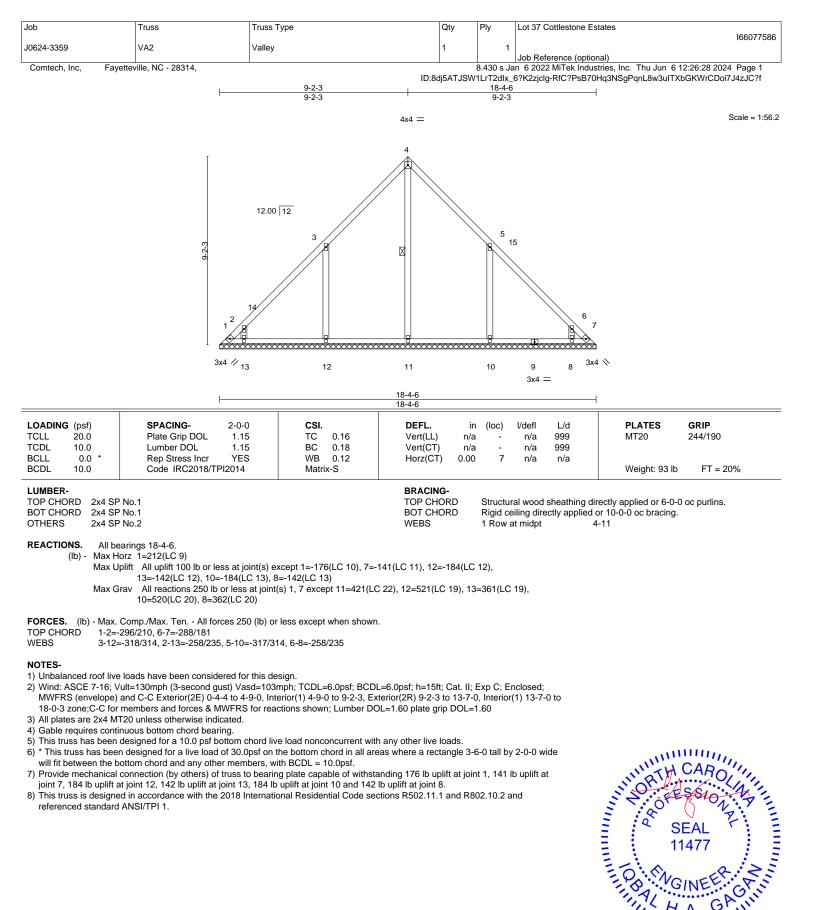
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



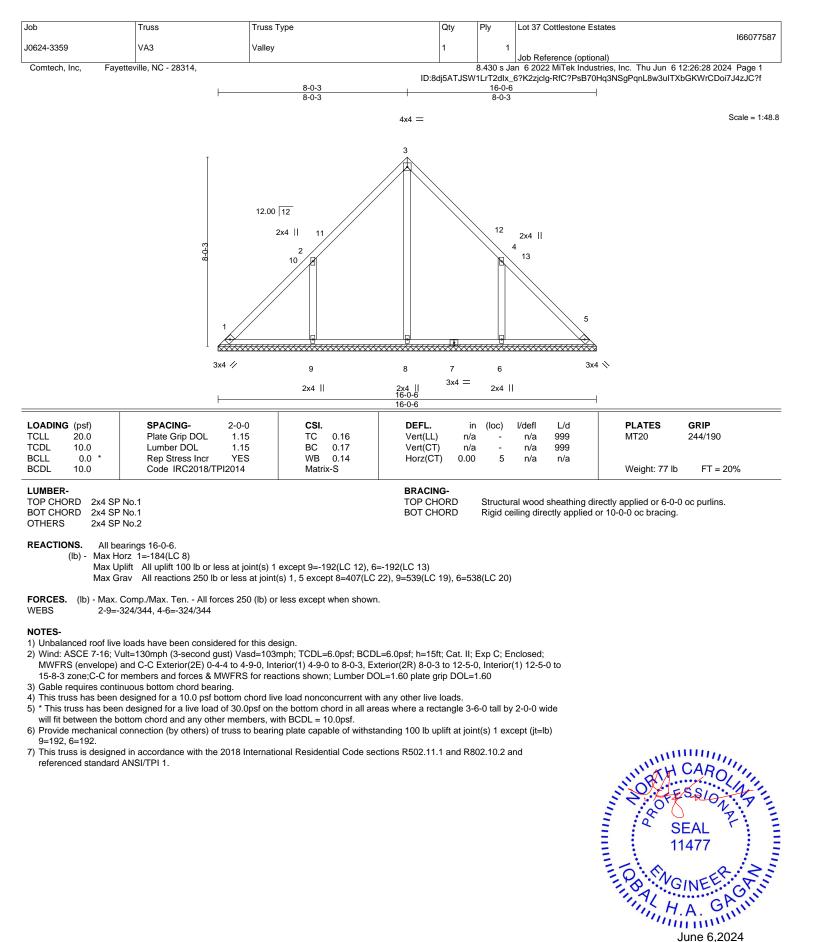


June 6,2024

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponent.com)

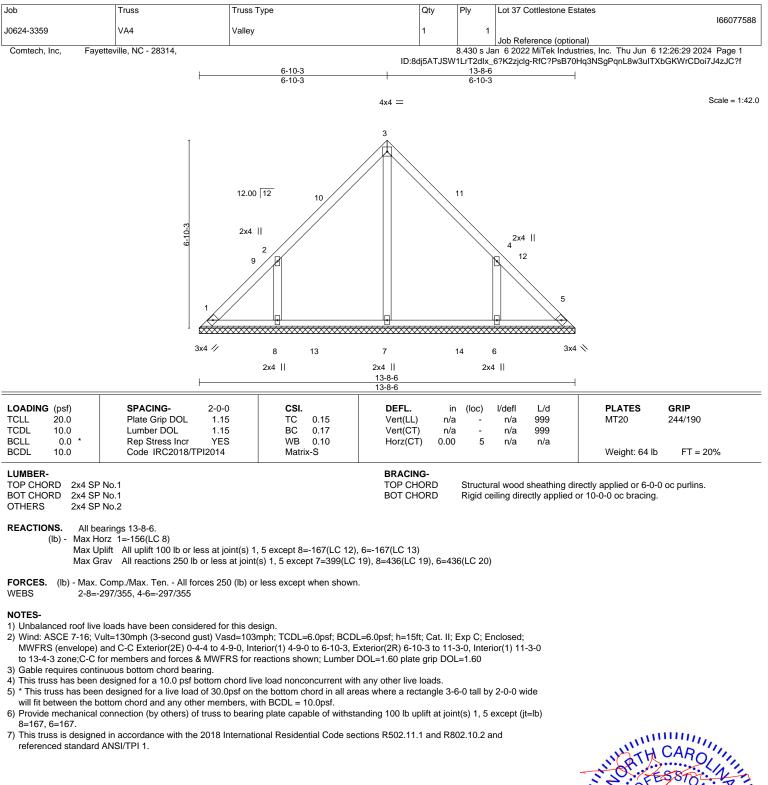


June 6,2024

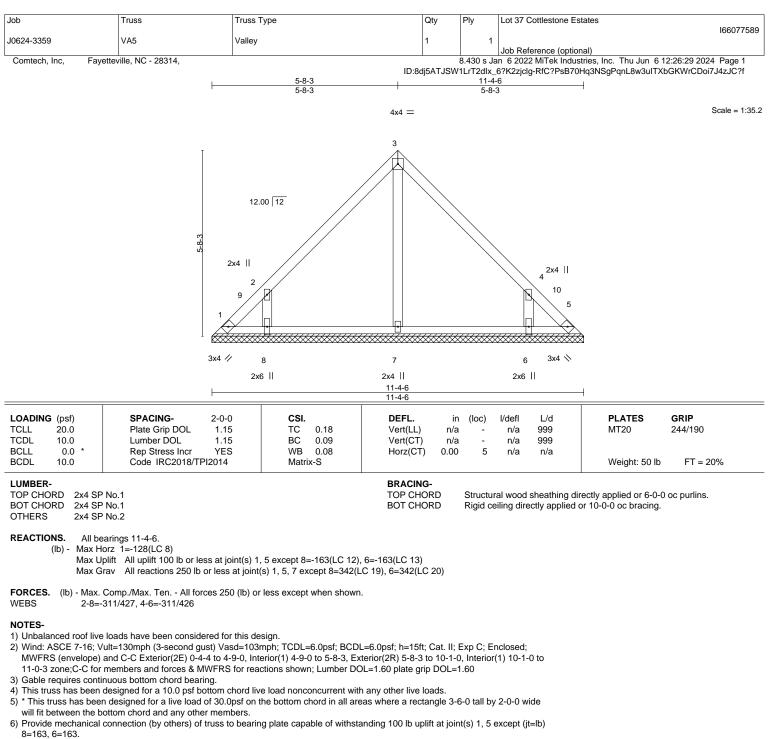


04110 0,202





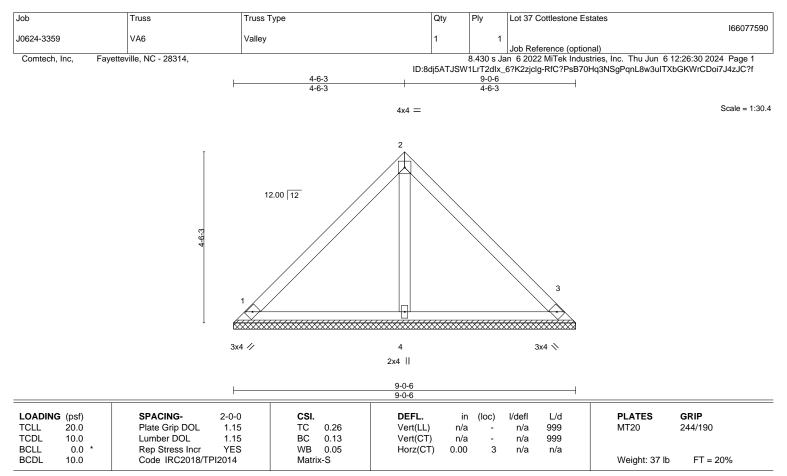




7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



```
LUMBER-
```

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.1BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.1OTHERS2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=9-0-6, 3=9-0-6, 4=9-0-6 Max Horz 1=-100(LC 8) Max Uplift 1=-25(LC 13), 3=-25(LC 13) Max Grav 1=189(LC 1), 3=189(LC 1), 4=289(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

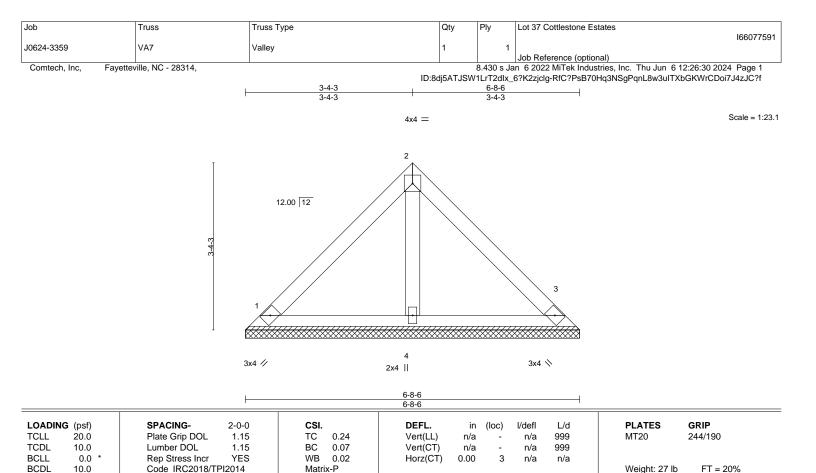
 This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



818 Soundside Road

SEAL 11477 SEAL 11477 June 6,2024



 JMBER-	

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.1BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.1OTHERS2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=6-8-6, 3=6-8-6, 4=6-8-6 Max Horz 1=-72(LC 8) Max Uplift 1=-26(LC 13), 3=-26(LC 13) Max Grav 1=146(LC 1), 3=146(LC 1), 4=188(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

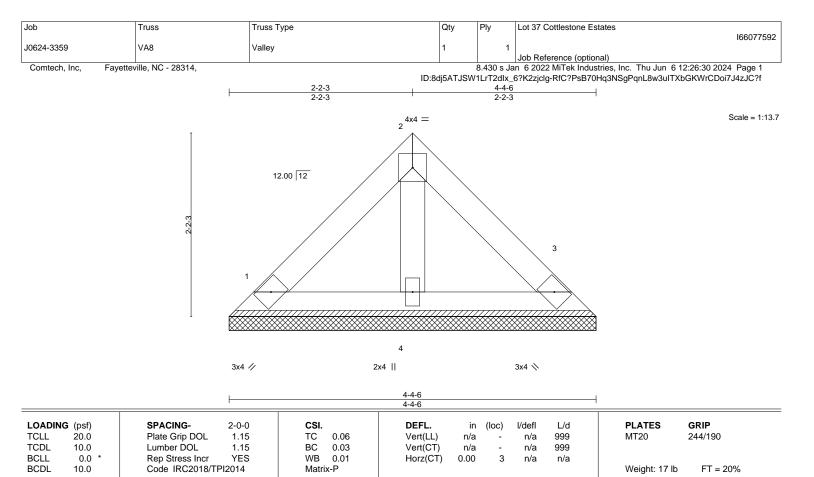
 This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

SEAL 11477 June 6,2024



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.1BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.1OTHERS2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-4-6 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=4-4-6, 3=4-4-6, 4=4-4-6 Max Horz 1=-44(LC 8) Max Uplift 1=-16(LC 13), 3=-16(LC 13) Max Grav 1=89(LC 1), 3=89(LC 1), 4=115(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

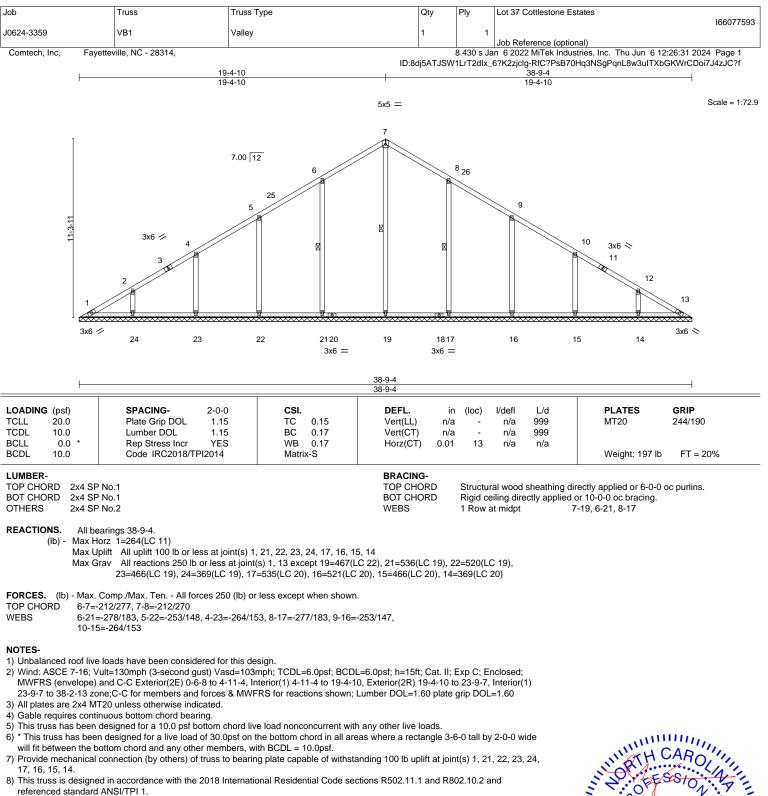
 This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



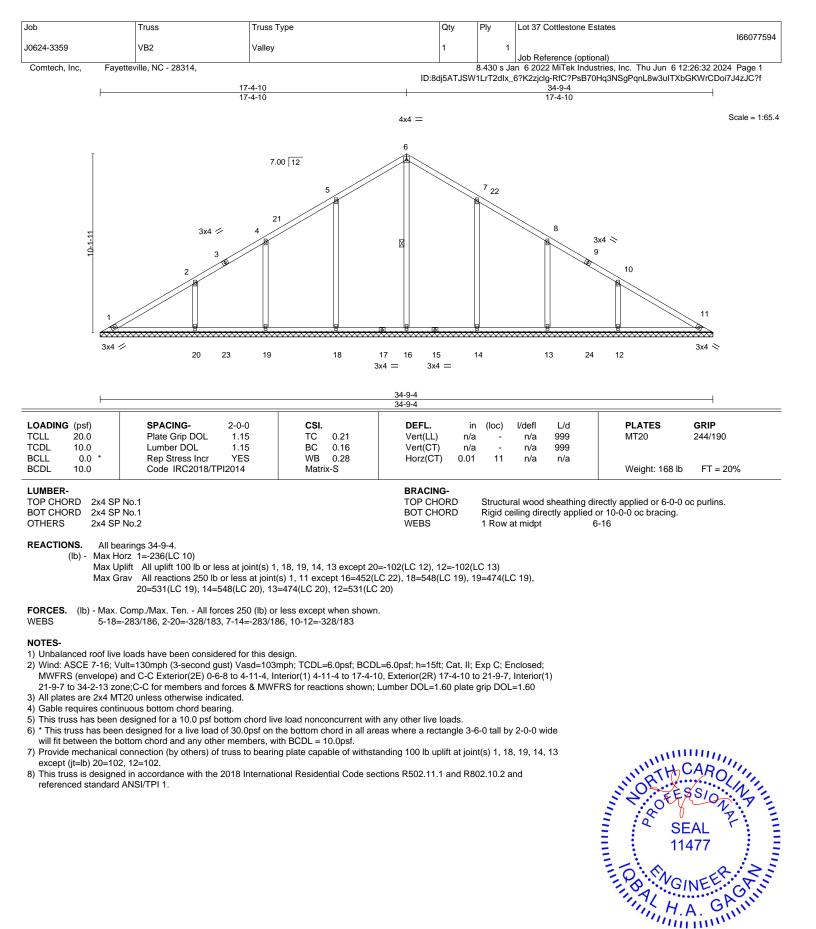
818 Soundside Road

SEAL 11477 June 6,2024



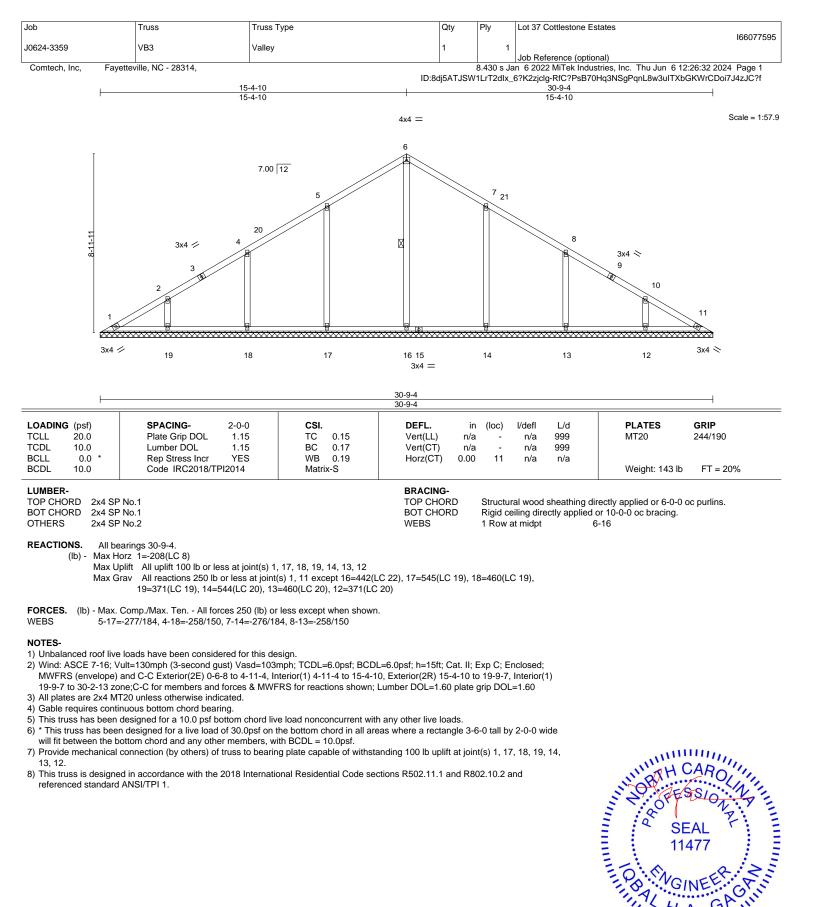


E RENCO



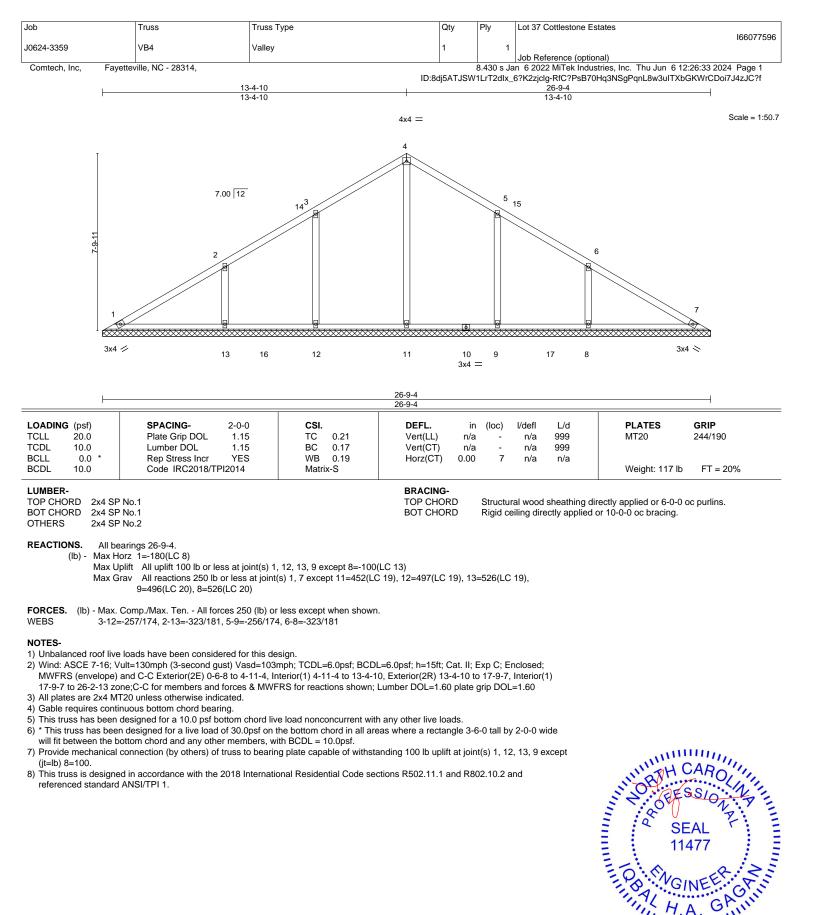
June 6,2024

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

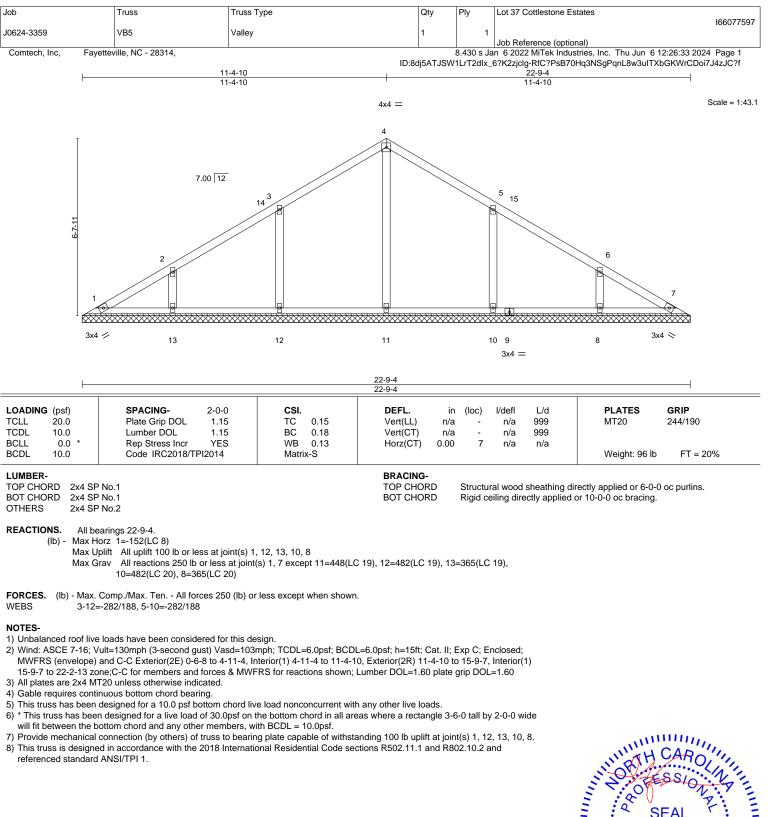


RENCO

June 6,2024

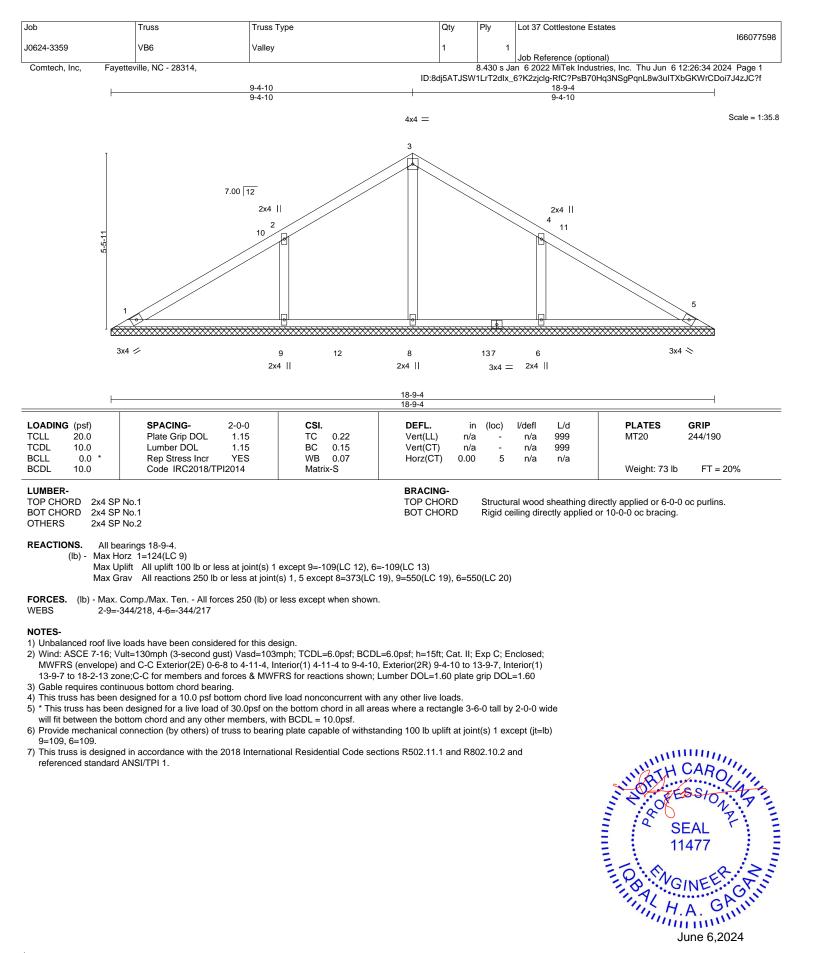


June 6,2024



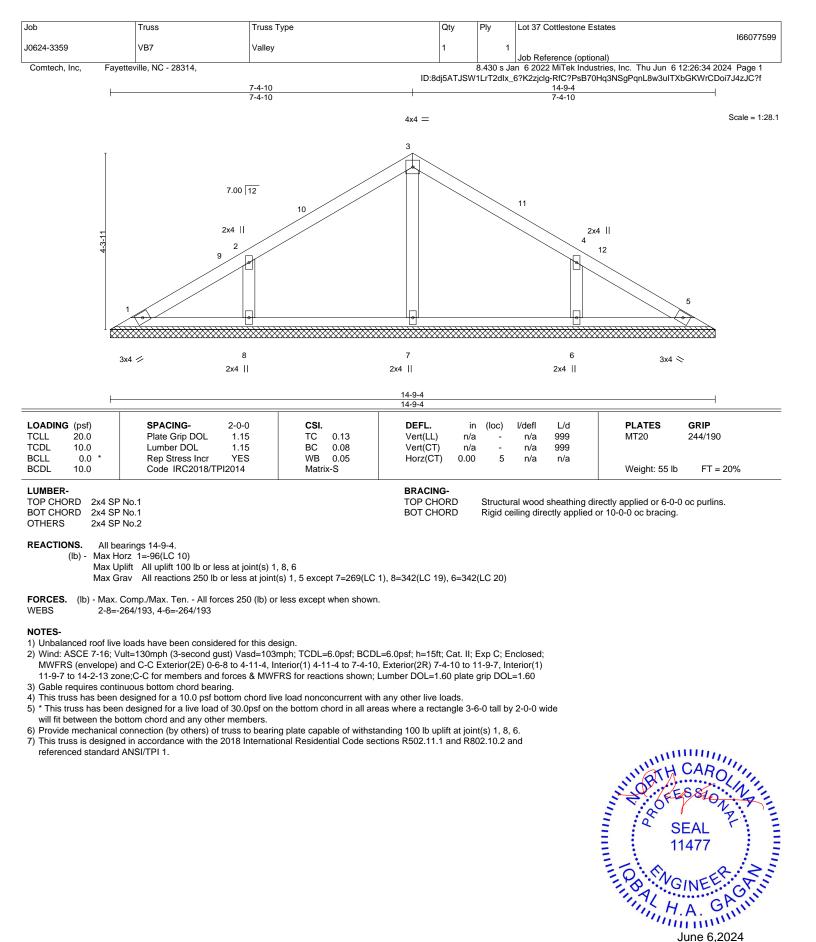


A MiTek Affi

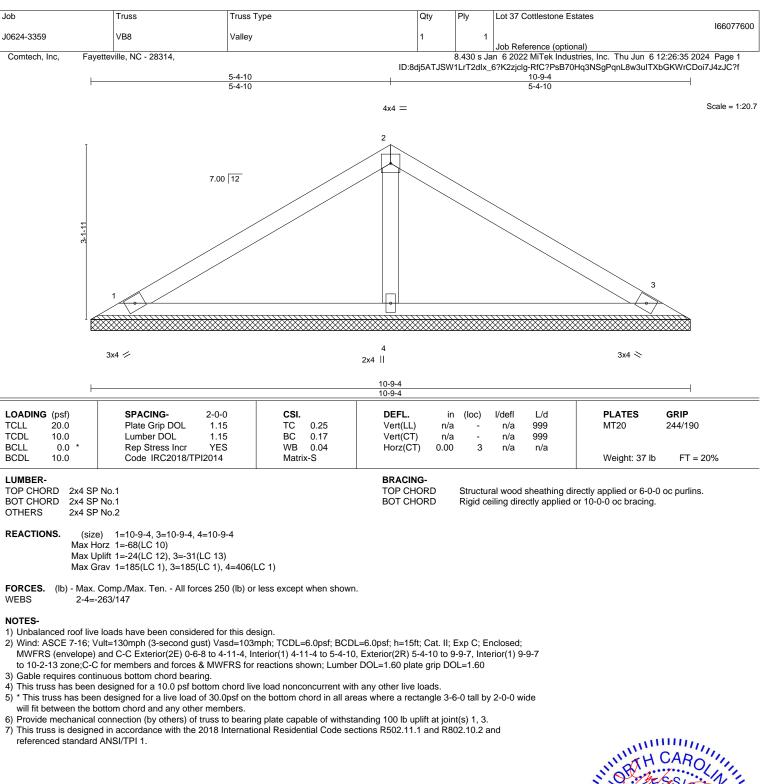


TRENCO



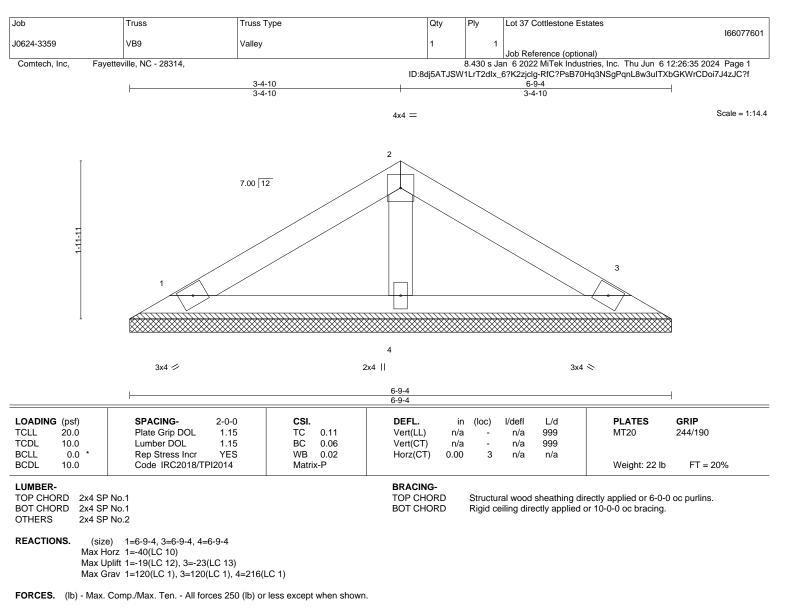


RENCO





TRENGINEERING BY AMITEK Affiliate



NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

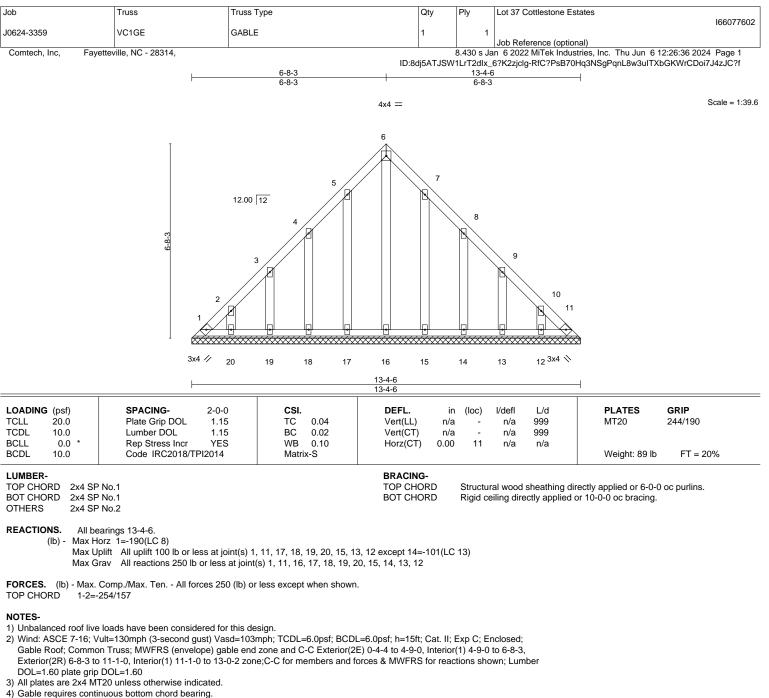
 This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

E RENCO A MiTek Affiliate

818 Soundside Road



4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

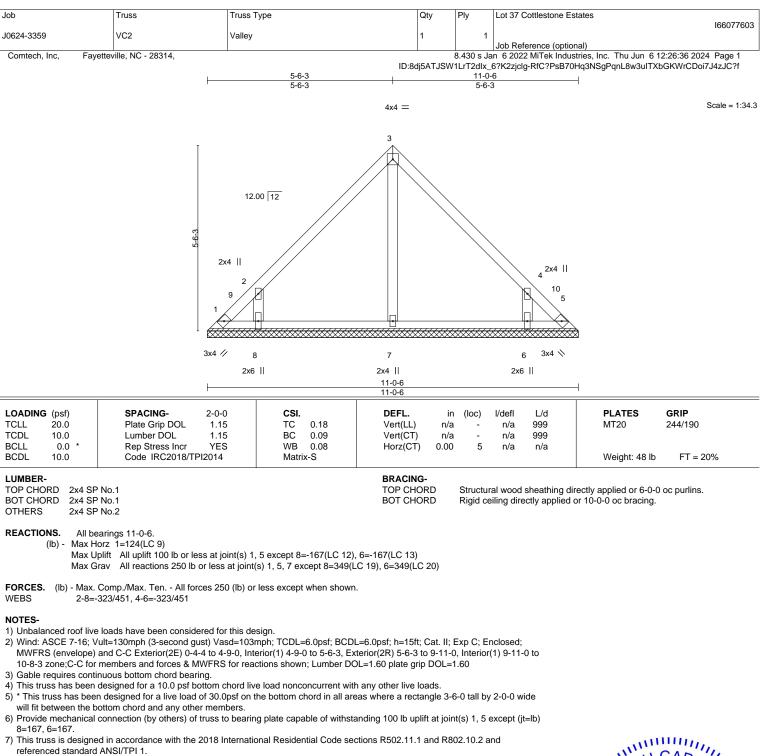
7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 11, 17, 18, 19, 20, 15, 13, 12 except (jt=lb) 14=101.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



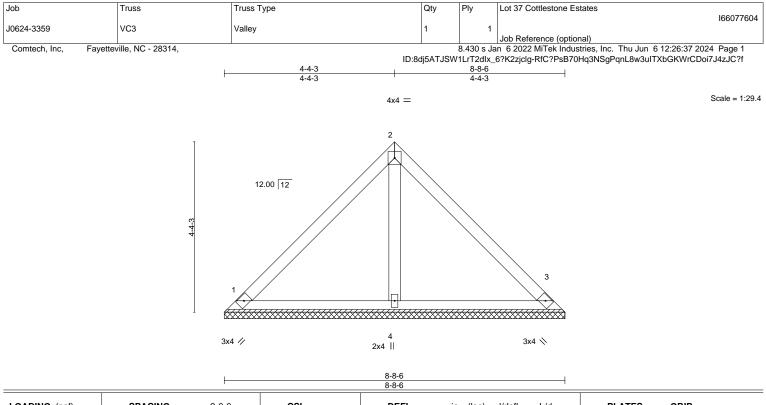
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

TRENCO





ENGINEERING BY RENCO A Milek Affiliate



LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (lo	oc) l/defl	L/d	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.38	Vert(LL)	n/a	- n/a	999	
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.12	Vert(CT)	n/a	- n/a	999	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.04	Horz(CT)	0.00	3 n/a	n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-P					Weight: 35 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. 1=8-8-6, 3=8-8-6, 4=8-8-6 (size) Max Horz 1=96(LC 9) Max Uplift 1=-35(LC 13), 3=-35(LC 13) Max Grav 1=195(LC 1), 3=195(LC 1), 4=250(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

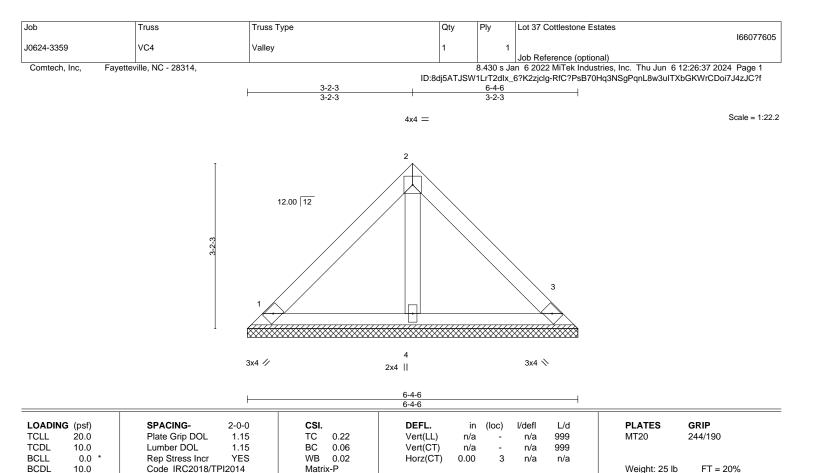
Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design that the operating of the second se and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



The Assessment of the second s JOR . 80 mann June 6,2024



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.1BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.1OTHERS2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=6-4-6, 3=6-4-6, 4=6-4-6 Max Horz 1=-68(LC 8) Max Uplift 1=-25(LC 13), 3=-25(LC 13) Max Grav 1=138(LC 1), 3=138(LC 1), 4=177(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

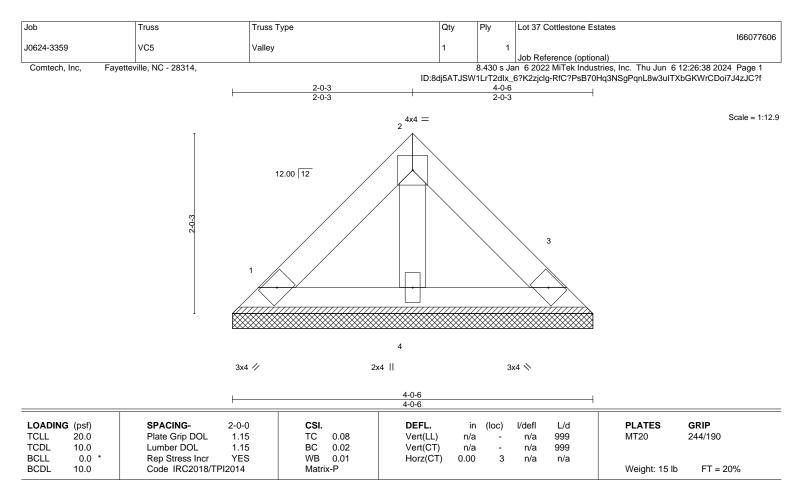
 This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

> SEAL 11477 SEAL 11477 H.A. GAMMIN

June 6,2024

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

A MiTek Affilia 818 Soundside Road



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.1BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.1OTHERS2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-0-6 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=4-0-6, 3=4-0-6, 4=4-0-6 Max Horz 1=-40(LC 8) Max Uplift 1=-14(LC 13), 3=-14(LC 13) Max Grav 1=81(LC 1), 3=81(LC 1), 4=104(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

 This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

