

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1-2007 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

RE: 3854181 - DREAMFINDERS HOMES, Embark (D\_1), D, Lot 15, WATSON RIPOSEO

818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Site Information:

Project Customer: DREAMFINDERS HOMES Project Name:

Lot/Block: 15 Subdivision: WATSON RIDGE

Address: 165 ROCKING HORSE LANE

City: Sanford State: NC

Name Address and License # of Structural Engineer of Record, If there is one, for the building.

Name: License #:

Address:

City, County: State:

General Truss Engineering Criteria & Design Loads (Individual Truss Design Drawings Show Special Loading Conditions):

Design Code: IRC2015/TPI2014 Design Program: MiTek 20/20 8.5

Wind Code: ASCE 7-10 Design Method: MWFRS (Envelope)/C-C hybrid Wind ASCE 7-10

Wind Speed: 150 mph

Roof Load: 40.0 psf Floor Load: N/A psf

This package includes 2 individual, dated Truss Design Drawings and 0 Additional Drawings.

No. Seal# Job ID# Truss Name Date 1 165755836 3854181 A06 5/23/24 2 165755837 3854181 A08 5/23/24

The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Builders FirstSource-Sumter,SC.

Truss Design Engineer's Name: Gagan, Iqbal

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2024.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



May 23,2024

Gagan, Iqbal

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Job Truss Truss Type Qty DREAMFINDERS HOMES, Embark (D\_1), D, Lot 15, WATSON RIDGE 3854181 A06 HIP Job Reference (optional)

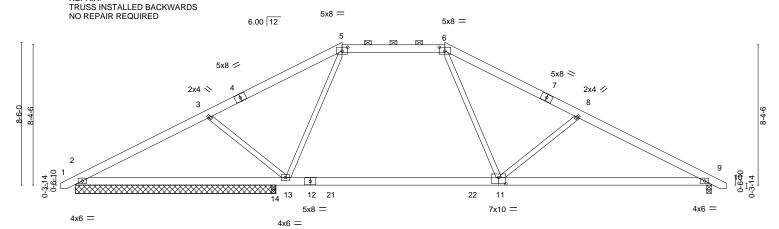
Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (5-4-7 max.): 5-6.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.



Scale = 1:68.6 RFPAIR



	<u> </u>	11-8-0 11-8-0		12-8-3 1-0-3	25-2-13 12-6-10		+		37-9-2 12-6-5	37-11-0 0-1-14
Plate Off	fsets (X,Y)	[5:0-4-0,0-2-12], [6:0-4-0,	0-2-12], [11:0	)-5-0,0-4-8]						
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC 0.47	Vert(LL)	-0.39 11-13	>794	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC 0.88	Vert(CT)	-0.57 11-13	>547	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.44	Horz(CT)	0.07 9	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TF	PI2014	Matrix-AS	Wind(LL)	0.28 11-20	>999	240	Weight: 233 lb	FT = 20%

**BRACING-**

TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

LUMBER-

REACTIONS.

**WEBS** 

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 

2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3

(size) 2=11-11-0, 9=0-3-8, 14=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=-247(LC 13)

Max Uplift 2=-590(LC 13), 9=-750(LC 13), 14=-430(LC 12) Max Grav 2=1356(LC 1), 9=1466(LC 1), 14=585(LC 23)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-2378/1584, 3-5=-2083/1371, 5-6=-1618/1320, 6-8=-2228/1476, 8-9=-2553/1731

**BOT CHORD** 2-14=-1223/2064, 13-14=-1223/2064, 11-13=-693/1618, 9-11=-1365/2249

**WEBS** 3-13=-478/637, 5-13=-280/607, 6-11=-320/753, 8-11=-573/712

#### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=150mph Vasd=119mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Bearings are assumed to be: Joint 2 User Defined crushing capacity of 565 psi, Joint 9 User Defined crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 590 lb uplift at joint 2, 750 lb uplift at joint 9 and 430 lb uplift at joint 14.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

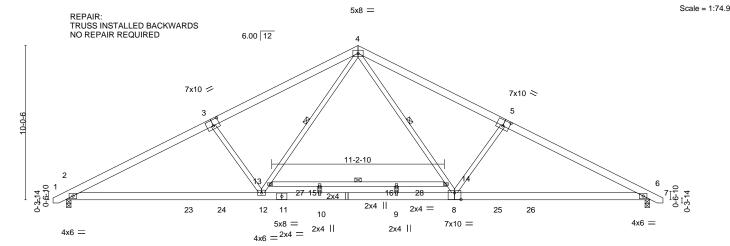
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Edenton, NC 27932



ID:ghlt9E4\_T2Ek4TgdRpkw?ez6kuZ-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f 37-11-0 38-9-8 0-10-8 28-4-8 -0-10-8 0-10-8 9-6-8 9-5-0 9-5-0 9-6-8



12-8-3		18-11-8	25-2-13	37-1	11-0	
12-8-3		6-3-5 6-3-5		12-	8-3	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[3:0-5-0,0-4-8], [5:0-5-0,0-4-8], [8:0-5-0,	0-5-4]				
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc)	) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP	
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.62	Vert(LL) -0.38 9-10	>999 360	MT20 244/19	0
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.90	Vert(CT) -0.70 9-10	) >653 240		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.65	Horz(CT) 0.08 6	6 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-AS	Wind(LL) 0.19 12-19	9 >999 240	Weight: 260 lb FT =	20%

TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

4-8, 4-12, 13-14

THE TOTAL TOTAL

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt

LUMBER-BRACING-

2x6 SP No.2 TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** 2x6 SP No.1 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\*

13-14: 2x4 SP No.2

(size) 2=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=-295(LC 13)

Max Uplift 2=-616(LC 12), 6=-616(LC 13) Max Grav 2=1658(LC 1), 6=1658(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $2\hbox{-}3\hbox{-}2960/1579,\ 3\hbox{-}4\hbox{-}2727/1531,\ 4\hbox{-}5\hbox{-}2727/1531,\ 5\hbox{-}6\hbox{-}2960/1579}$ 

**BOT CHORD** 2-12=-1194/2595, 10-12=-565/1866, 9-10=-565/1866, 8-9=-565/1866, 6-8=-1196/2595 **WEBS** 4-14=-463/1175, 8-14=-451/1062, 5-8=-572/763, 12-13=-451/1061, 4-13=-464/1175,

3-12=-572/763

#### NOTES-

REACTIONS.

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=150mph Vasd=119mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) 200.0lb AC unit load placed on the bottom chord, 18-11-8 from left end, supported at two points, 5-0-0 apart.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 616 lb uplift at joint 2 and 616 lb uplift at
- 7) Load case(s) 2, 3, 19, 20, 21, 22, 25, 26 has/have been modified. Building designer must review loads to verify that they are correct for the intended use of this truss.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

#### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-7=-60, 17-20=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 10=-100 9=-100

Continued on page 2

#### 🗥 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Edenton, NC 27932

minni May 23,2024

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	DREAMFINDERS HOMES, Embark (D_1), D, Lot 15, WATSON RIDG
					165755837
3854181	A08	COMMON	6	1	
					Job Reference (ontional)

Builders FirstSource (Sumter, SC),

Sumter, SC - 29153,

8.630 s Apr 26 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed May 22 09:16:26 2024 Page 2 ID:ghlt9E4\_T2Ek4TgdRpkw?ez6kuZ-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

#### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

2) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (balanced) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-50, 4-7=-50, 17-23=-20, 23-24=-50, 24-25=-20, 25-26=-50, 20-26=-20, 27-28=-30

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 10=-100 9=-100

3) Dead + Uninhabitable Attic Without Storage: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-20, 4-7=-20, 17-20=-40, 27-28=-40

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 10=-100 9=-100

19) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Left): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert 1-2=-42 2-4=-50 4-6=-33 6-7=-26 17-23=-20 23-24=-50 24-25=-20 25-26=-50 20-26=-20 27-28=-30

Horz: 1-2=-8, 2-4=-0, 4-6=17, 6-7=24 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 10=-100 9=-100

20) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Right): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-26, 2-4=-33, 4-6=-50, 6-7=-42, 17-23=-20, 23-24=-50, 24-25=-20, 25-26=-50, 20-26=-20, 27-28=-30

Horz: 1-2=-24, 2-4=-17, 4-6=0, 6-7=8

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 10=-100 9=-100

21) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-5, 2-4=-13, 4-6=-35, 6-7=-28, 17-23=-20, 23-24=-50, 24-25=-20, 25-26=-50, 20-26=-20, 27-28=-30

Horz: 1-2=-45, 2-4=-37, 4-6=15, 6-7=22

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 10=-100 9=-100

22) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 2nd Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-28, 2-4=-35, 4-6=-13, 6-7=-5, 17-23=-20, 23-24=-50, 24-25=-20, 25-26=-50, 20-26=-20, 27-28=-30

Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-4=-15, 4-6=37, 6-7=45

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 10=-100 9=-100

25) 3rd Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (unbalanced) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-50, 4-7=-20, 17-23=-20, 23-24=-50, 24-25=-20, 25-26=-50, 20-26=-20, 27-28=-30

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 10=-100 9=-100

26) 4th Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (unbalanced) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-20, 4-7=-50, 17-23=-20, 23-24=-50, 24-25=-20, 25-26=-50, 20-26=-20, 27-28=-30

Concentrated Loads (lb)

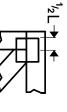
Vert: 10=-100 9=-100



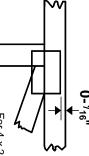
May 23,2024

### Symbols

## PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



offsets are indicated and fully embed teeth Center plate on joint unless x, y Apply plates to both sides of truss Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths



edge of truss. plates 0- 1/16" from outside For 4 x 2 orientation, locate

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connector plates. required direction of slots in This symbol indicates the

\* Plate location details available in MiTek software or upon request

#### PLATE SIZE



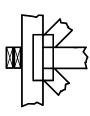
to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots. width measured perpendicular The first dimension is the plate

## LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated. ndicated by symbol shown and/or

#### **BEARING**



Min size shown is for crushing only number/letter where bearings occur reaction section indicates joint (supports) occur. Icons vary but Indicates location where bearings

### Industry Standards:

National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Building Component Safety Information, Design Standard for Bracing. Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

DSB-22: ANSI/TPI1:

## Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

# Product Code Approvals

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1988, ESR-2362, ESR-2685, ESR-3282 ESR-4722, ESL-1388

# Design General Notes

truss unless otherwise shown Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the

established by others section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1

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## MiTek



MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023

# General Safety Notes

### Damage or Personal Injury Failure to Follow Could Cause Property

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Ņ Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other

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- joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1. Place plates on each face of truss at each
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.

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- 9 Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the camber for dead load deflection responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to
- 11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- 15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable project engineer before use. environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with
- 19. Review all portions of this design (front, back, words is not sufficient. and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- 21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.



Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1-2007 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

RE: 3854181 - DREAMFINDERS HOMES, Embark (D\_1), D, Lot 15, WATSON RIPOSEO

818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

**Site Information:** 

Project Customer: DREAMFINDERS HOMES Project Name:

Lot/Block: 15 Subdivision: WATSON RIDGE

Address: 165 ROCKING HORSE LANE

City: Sanford State: NC

Name Address and License # of Structural Engineer of Record, If there is one, for the building.

Name: License #:

Address:

City, County: State:

General Truss Engineering Criteria & Design Loads (Individual Truss Design Drawings Show Special Loading Conditions):

Design Code: IRC2015/TPI2014 Design Program: MiTek 20/20 8.5

Wind Code: ASCE 7-10 Design Method: MWFRS (Envelope)/C-C hybrid Wind ASCE 7-10

Wind Speed: 150 mph

Roof Load: 40.0 psf Floor Load: N/A psf

This package includes 1 individual, dated Truss Design Drawings and 0 Additional Drawings.

No. Seal# Job ID# Truss Name Date 1 I65755632 3854181 G02 5/22/24

The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Builders FirstSource-Sumter,SC.

Truss Design Engineer's Name: Gagan, Igbal

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2024.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

SEAL MATERIAL OF ESSION A SEAL MATERIAL OF SEAL MATERIAL

May 23,2024

Gagan, Iqbal

Job Truss Truss Type Qty DREAMFINDERS HOMES, Embark (D\_1), D, Lot 15, WATSON RIDGE 3854181 G02 COMMON 5 Job Reference (optional) Builders FirstSource (Sumter, SC), Sumter, SC - 29153, 8.630 s Apr 26 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed May 22 09:09:13 2024 Page 1

ID:ghlt9E4\_T2Ek4TgdRpkw?ez6kuZ-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f 20-9-8 0-10-8 -0-10-8 0-10-8 19-11-0 9-11-8 9-11-8

Scale = 1:37.1

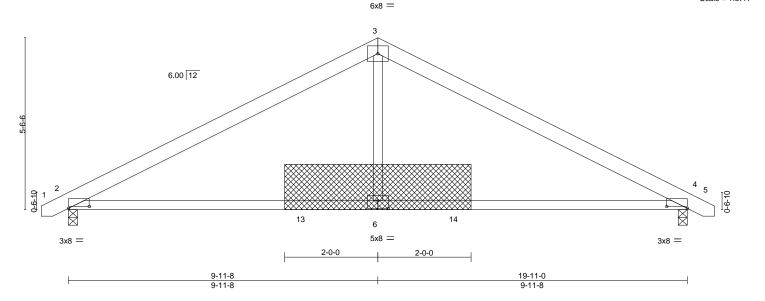


Plate Offsets	(71,1)	2:0-8-0,0-0-12], [4:0-8-0,	0 0 12], [0.0	1 0,0 0 01								
LOADING (p	sf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	I/defI	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20	0.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.56	Vert(LL)	-0.13	6-9	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10	0.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.84	Vert(CT)	-0.28	6-9	>842	240		
BCLL (	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.16	Horz(CT)	0.02	4	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10	0.0	Code IRC2015/TF	PI2014	Matri	x-AS	Wind(LL)	0.18	6-9	>999	240	Weight: 94 lb	FT = 20%

**BRACING-**

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **WEBS** 

REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-8, 4=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=160(LC 12)

Max Uplift 2=-391(LC 12), 4=-391(LC 13) Max Grav 2=838(LC 1), 4=838(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1107/719, 3-4=-1107/719 **BOT CHORD** 2-6=-418/934, 4-6=-418/934

WEBS 3-6=0/409

- 1) Repair Condition: Missing or damaged plate(s) on one side(s) of truss at joint(s) 6.
- 2) Attach two layers 16"H X 48"W X 5/8" Plywood or OSB (19/32" APA Rated Sheathing 40/20 Exposure 1) gusset to both sides of truss at joint 6 with 10d (0.131"x3") nails from each face, driven through both sheets of plywood. Connected together as follows: 2x4 - 2 rows 0-3-0 o.c. Glue double layer plywood gussets together prior to attaching to truss. Minimum 0-2-0 end distance.
- 4) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=150mph Vasd=119mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 391 lb uplift at joint 2 and 391 lb uplift at ioint 4.
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.





WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

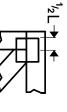
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



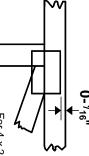
Edenton, NC 27932

### Symbols

## PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



offsets are indicated and fully embed teeth Center plate on joint unless x, y Apply plates to both sides of truss Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths



edge of truss. plates 0- 1/16" from outside For 4 x 2 orientation, locate

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connector plates. required direction of slots in This symbol indicates the

\* Plate location details available in MiTek software or upon request

#### PLATE SIZE



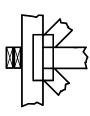
to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots. width measured perpendicular The first dimension is the plate

## LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated. ndicated by symbol shown and/or

#### **BEARING**



Min size shown is for crushing only number/letter where bearings occur reaction section indicates joint (supports) occur. Icons vary but Indicates location where bearings

### Industry Standards:

National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Building Component Safety Information, Design Standard for Bracing. Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

DSB-22: ANSI/TPI1:

## Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

# Product Code Approvals

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1988, ESR-2362, ESR-2685, ESR-3282 ESR-4722, ESL-1388

# Design General Notes

truss unless otherwise shown Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the

established by others section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1

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## MiTek



MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023

# General Safety Notes

### Damage or Personal Injury Failure to Follow Could Cause Property

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Ņ Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other

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- joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1. Place plates on each face of truss at each
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.

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- 9 Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the camber for dead load deflection responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to
- 11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- 15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable project engineer before use. environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with
- 19. Review all portions of this design (front, back, words is not sufficient. and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- 21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.