



- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 9.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



- between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 9.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



|  | 9-5-1<br>9-5-1  | 17-0-0<br>7-6-15                                   | 24-   | 6-15<br>5-15  | <u>34-0-0</u><br>9-5-1   |
|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| LOADING (psf)<br>TCLL 20.0<br>TCDL 10.0<br>BCLL 0.0 *<br>BCDL 10.0 | SPACING- 2-0-0<br>Plate Grip DOL 1.15<br>Lumber DOL 1.15<br>Rep Stress Incr YES<br>Code IRC2015/TPI2014 | CSI.<br>TC 0.32<br>BC 0.39<br>WB 0.31<br>Matrix-AS | <b>DEFL.</b> in<br>Vert(LL) -0.07<br>Vert(CT) -0.14<br>Horz(CT) 0.05<br>Wind(LL) 0.06 | (loc) I/defl L/d<br>12-15 >999 360<br>12-15 >999 240<br>6 n/a n/a<br>12-15 >999 240     | PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 230 lb         FT = 25% |
| LUMBER-<br>TOP CHORD 2x6 SI<br>BOT CHORD 2x6 SI<br>WEBS 2x4 SI     | P No.1<br>P No.1<br>P No.2  |  | BRACING-<br>TOP CHORD<br>BOT CHORD  | Structural wood sheathing<br>2-0-0 oc purlins (5-4-9 ma<br>Rigid ceiling directly appli | g directly applied, except<br>ax.): 3-5.<br>ed.  |
|  |   |  |   | MiTek recommends that<br>be installed during truss<br>Installation guide.               | t Stabilizers and required cross bracing erection, in accordance with Stabilizer             |

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1425/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13), 6=1425/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13) Max Horz 2=166(LC 11) Max Uplift2=-48(LC 12), 6=-48(LC 13) Max Grav 2=1519(LC 2), 6=1519(LC 2)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-19=-2179/436, 3-19=-2094/476, 3-20=-2050/556, 4-20=-2051/555, 4-21=-2051/555,

5-21=-2050/555. 5-22=-2094/476. 6-22=-2179/435

- BOT CHORD 2-23=-203/1750, 12-23=-203/1750, 11-12=-204/1739, 10-11=-204/1739, 9-10=-217/1739,
  - 8-9=-217/1739, 8-24=-215/1750, 6-24=-215/1750
- WEBS 3-12=0/523, 3-10=-162/573, 4-10=-483/220, 5-10=-163/573, 5-8=0/523

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-15 to 3-3-14, Interior(1) 3-3-14 to 9-5-1, Exterior(2) 9-5-1 to 15-7-12, Interior(1) 15-7-12 to 24-6-15, Exterior(2) 24-6-15 to 30-9-10, Interior(1) 30-9-10 to 35-0-15 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

a) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



|  | 0111  | 10.0.15  |  | 10 0 15   |   | <u> </u>   |                                    |
|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|------------------------------------|
| Diata Offacta (X X)  |   | 10-0-15  |  | 10-0-15   |   | 0-11-1   |                                    |
| Plate Offsets (A, f)   | [2.0-2-14,0-2-0], [8.0-2-14,0-2-0]  | т  |  |   |   |  |                                    |
| LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0 *           BCDL         10.0   | SPACING- 2-0-0<br>Plate Grip DOL 1.15<br>Lumber DOL 1.15<br>Rep Stress Incr NO<br>Code IRC2015/TPI2014                                      | <b>CSI.</b><br>TC 0.17<br>BC 0.33<br>WB 0.38<br>Matrix-MS  | DEFL.         ir           Vert(LL)         -0.07           Vert(CT)         -0.15           Horz(CT)         0.04           Wind(LL)         0.07 | n (loc) l/defl<br>7 12 >999<br>5 12-14 >999<br>4 8 n/a<br>7 12 >999 | L/d<br>360<br>240<br>n/a<br>240                   | PLATES<br>MT20<br>Weight: 499 lb                           | <b>GRIP</b><br>244/190<br>FT = 25% |
| LUMBER-<br>TOP CHORD 2x6 SF<br>BOT CHORD 2x8 SF<br>WEBS 2x4 SF   | P No.1<br>P No.1<br>P No.2  |  | BRACING-<br>TOP CHORD<br>BOT CHORD   | Structural wood<br>2-0-0 oc purlins<br>Rigid ceiling di             | d sheathing d<br>s (6-0-0 max.)<br>rectly applied | irectly applied or 6-0-<br>): 3-7.<br>or 10-0-0 oc bracing | 0 oc purlins, except               |
| REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 2=2592/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 8=2581/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)<br>Max Horz 2=129(LC 7)<br>Max Uplift2=-522(LC 8), 8=-520(LC 9)  |   |  |  |   |   |  |                                    |
| FORCES. (lb) - Max<br>TOP CHORD 2-3=<br>4-5=<br>6-27   | . Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250<br>-3810/804, 3-21=-3160/715, 21-22=<br>-4535/965, 5-24=-4535/965, 24-25=<br>-3156/715-27-28=-3156/715-28-2 | lb) or less except when sho<br>-3160/715, 22-23=-3160/7<br>-4535/965, 25-26=-4535/9<br>- 3166/715, 7, 29-, 3156/ | own.<br>15, 4-23=-3160/715,<br>65, 6-26=-4535/965,<br>715, 7-8-, 3805/804  |   |   |  |                                    |
| 6-27=-3156/715, 27-28=-3156/715, 28-29=-3156/715, 7-29=-3156/715, 7-8=-3805/804<br>BOT CHORD 2-30=-699/3111, 30-31=-699/3111, 31-32=-699/3111, 14-32=-699/3111, 14-33=-1070/4402,<br>33-34=-1070/4402, 13-34=-1070/4402, 13-35=-1070/4402, 35-36=-1070/4402,<br>12-36=-1070/4402, 12-37=-1033/4398, 17-38=-1033/4398, 11-38=-1033/4398,<br>11-39=-1033/4398, 39-40=-1033/4398, 10-40=-1033/4398, 10-41=-586/3107,<br>41-42=-586/3107, 42-43=-586/3107, 8-43=-586/3107                    |   |  |  |   |   |  |                                    |
| 7-10=-254/1576   |   |  |  |   |   |  |                                    |
| <ul> <li>NOTES-</li> <li>1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:<br/>Top chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.<br/>Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.<br/>Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.</li> <li>2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply</li> </ul> |   |  |  |   |   |  |                                    |

27-0-15

34-0-0

- 3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope); Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

17-0-0

6-11-1

- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=522, 8=520.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

| Job                               | Truss              | Truss Type   | Qty                          | Ply                     | MEZA 14124001  |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| J0324-1578                        | A6GR               | Hip Girder   | 1                            | 2                       | Job Reference (optional)   |
| Comtech, Inc., Fayetteville, NC 2 | 8309, Robert Lewis | Run<br>ID:Bl | 8.430 s May 1<br>/bYYZZ3Blc5 | 2 2021 Prin<br>bCzRxFal | t: 8.430 s May 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Mar 29 10:26:21 2024 Page 2<br>KUzZg0M-MoXeoW7k47AlVubsVGVEfo5WwOMPVjywAxjZQHzW6rm |

#### NOTES-

11) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 7-11-4, 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 9-11-4, 128 lb down and 109 lb up at 11-11-4, 128 lb down and 109 lb up at 13-11-4, 128 lb down and 109 lb up at 15-11-4, 128 lb down and 109 lb up at 13-11-4, 128 lb down and 109 lb up at 15-11-4, 128 lb down and 109 lb up at 19-11-4, 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 21-11-4, and 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 23-11-4, and 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 25-11-4 on top chord, and 180 lb down and 44 lb up at 1-11-4, 178 lb down and 50 lb up at 3-11-4, 178 lb down and 84 lb up at 5-11-4, 58 lb down at 9-11-4, 59 lb down at 11-11-4, 59 lb down at 13-11-4, 58 lb down at 23-11-4, 58 lb down and 50 lb up at 29-11-4, and 181 lb down and 46 lb up at 31-11-4 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

# LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-7=-60, 7-9=-60, 15-18=-20

Concentrated Loads (Ib)

Vert: 13=-48(B) 4=-80(B) 11=-45(B) 21=-77(B) 22=-77(B) 23=-80(B) 24=-80(B) 25=-80(B) 26=-80(B) 27=-77(B) 28=-77(B) 29=-77(B) 30=-180(B) 31=-178(B) 32=-178(B) 33=-45(B) 33=-45(B) 35=-48(B) 35=-48(B) 37=-48(B) 38=-48(B) 39=-45(B) 40=-45(B) 41=-178(B) 42=-178(B) 43=-181(B)



- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 11=165.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-15 to 3-3-14, Interior(1) 3-3-14 to 11-11-1, Exterior(2) 11-11-1 to 18-1-12, Interior(1) 18-1-12 to 33-9-4 zone; end vertical right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 9=159.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



|                     | 551                  | 17 5 10       | 23713                              | 54 0 0   |
|---------------------|----------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|--|
| I                   | 9-5-1                | 8-0-9         | 8-2-5                              | 8-4-1  |
| Plate Offsets (X,Y) | [2:0-1-1,Edge]       |               |                                    |  |
|                     |                      |               |                                    |  |
| LOADING (psf)       | SPACING- 2-0-0       | CSI. DE       | FL. in (loc) I/defl L/d            | PLATES GRIP                                    |
| TCLL 20.0           | Plate Grip DOL 1.15  | IC 0.38 Vei   | $\pi(LL) -0.09 9-11 > 999 360$     | MT20 244/190                                   |
| ICDL 10.0           | Lumber DOL 1.15      | BC 0.38 Vel   | π(CT) -0.16 9-11 >999 240          |  |
| BCLL 0.0 *          | Rep Stress Incr YES  | WB 0.75 Ho    | rz(CT) 0.04 8 n/a n/a              |  |
| BCDL 10.0           | Code IRC2015/TPI2014 | Matrix-AS Wir | nd(LL) 0.06 13-16 >999 240         | Weight: 250 lb FT = 25%                        |
| LUMBER-             | -                    | BR            | ACING-                             |  |
| TOP CHORD 2x6 S     | P No.1               | ТО            | P CHORD Structural wood sheathi    | ng directly applied, except end verticals, and |
| BOT CHORD 2x6 S     | P No.1               |               | 2-0-0 oc purlins (5-4-9 r          | nax.): 3-7.                                    |
| WEBS 2x4 S          | P No.2 *Except*      | BO            | T CHORD Rigid ceiling directly apr | blied.   |
| W5: 2               | 2x6 SP No.1          | WE            | BS 1 Row at midpt                  | 4-9  |
|                     |                      |               |                                    |  |

25-7-15

17-5-10

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

34-0-0

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 8=1350/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-12), 2=1416/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-12) Max Horz 2=242(LC 11) Max Uplift8=-153(LC 9), 2=-49(LC 9) Max Grav 8=1461(LC 2), 2=1504(LC 2)

9-5-1

- FORCES. (Ib) Max. Comp./Max. Ten. All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.
- TOP CHORD 2-17=-2152/419, 3-17=-2067/459, 3-18=-2029/539, 4-18=-2030/539, 4-5=-1457/421,
- 5-6=-1457/421, 6-19=-1457/421, 7-19=-1457/421, 7-8=-1272/383
- 2-20=-550/1727, 13-20=-550/1727, 12-13=-551/1717, 11-12=-551/1717, 11-21=-557/2029, BOT CHORD 10-21=-557/2029, 9-10=-557/2029
- WEBS 3-13=0/515, 3-11=-183/569, 4-9=-719/178, 6-9=-517/268, 7-9=-429/1779

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-15 to 3-3-14, Interior(1) 3-3-14 to 9-5-1, Exterior(2) 9-5-1 to 15-7-12, Interior(1) 15-7-12 to 33-9-4 zone; end vertical right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- a) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
  b) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 8=153.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 9=609, 2=518

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

| Job                               | Truss              | Truss Type      | Qty                         | Ply                     | MEZA 14124001   |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| J0324-1578                        | B4GR               | Half Hip Girder | 1                           | 2                       | Job Reference (optional)  |
| Comtech, Inc., Fayetteville, NC 2 | 8309, Robert Lewis | Run<br>ID:Bf    | 8.430 s May 1<br>bYYZZ3Blc5 | 2 2021 Prin<br>bCzRxFał | t: 8.430 s May 12 2021 MTek Industries, Inc. Fri Mar 29 10:26:25 2024 Page 2<br>KUzZq0M-EZm9euAF7MqB Wvdk6aAgeFCx0kdRQ1W5Zhma3zW6ri |

#### NOTES-

11) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 7-11-4, 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 9-11-4, 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 11-11-4, 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 13-11-4, 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 15-11-4, 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 15-11-4, 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 17-11-4, 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 19-11-4, 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 19-11-4, 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 23-11-4, 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 23-11-4, 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 25-11-4, 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 23-11-4, 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 29-11-4, and 128 lb down and 108 lb up at 31-11-4, and 56 lb down and 29 lb up at 33-9-4 on top chord, and 180 lb down and 44 lb up at 1-11-4, 178 lb down and 50 lb up at 3-11-4, 178 lb down and 108 lb up at 5-11-4, 58 lb down at 9-11-4, 58 lb down at 15-11-4, 58 lb down at 13-11-4, 58 lb down at 13-11-4, 58 lb down at 29-11-4, 58 lb down at 27-11-4, 58 lb

# LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-8=-60, 9-15=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 5=-77(F) 8=-34 13=-45(F) 12=-45(F) 11=-45(F) 18=-77(F) 19=-77(F) 20=-77(F) 21=-77(F) 22=-77(F) 23=-77(F) 24=-77(F) 25=-77(F) 26=-77(F) 27=-77(F) 28=-77(F) 29=-77(F) 30=-180(F) 31=-178(F) 32=-178(F) 33=-45(F) 35=-45(F) 35=-45(F) 35=-45(F) 35=-45(F) 38=-45(F) 38=-45(F) 39=-45(F) 40=-45(F) 41=-45(F) 41=-45(F) 42=-45(F) 40=-45(F) 40





14) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.



6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced

standard ANSI/TPI 1.

7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.





5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 11, 2.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced

standard ANSI/TPI 1.7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.







1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-6=-60, 10-13=-20

Continued on page 2

| Job                               | Truss              | Truss Type | Qty                                 | Ply                     | MEZA 14124001  |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| J0324-1578                        | D4GR               | COMMON     | 1                                   | 2                       | Job Reference (optional)   |
| Comtech, Inc., Fayetteville, NC 2 | 8309, Robert Lewis |            | Run: 8.430 s May 1<br>ID:BfvbYYZZ3E | 2 2021 Prin<br>Ic5bCzRx | t: 8.430 s May 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Mar 29 10:26:30 2024 Page 2<br>FaKUzZg0M-bXZ2hbENyuJU4HnbWfALXizzg1No6gzFErPXFGzW6rd |

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 8=-1235(F) 7=-1235(F) 9=-1235(F) 13=-1244(F) 17=-1235(F) 18=-1235(F) 19=-1235(F) 20=-1235(F) 21=-1235(F) 22=-1235(F) 23=-1235(F) 23=-1



Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 12, 13, 14, 11, 10

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# NOTES-

 Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner(3) -1-0-14 to 3-6-0, Exterior(2) 3-6-0 to 5-6-0, Corner(3) 5-6-0 to 9-10-13, Exterior(2) 9-10-13 to 12-0-14 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

\* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit 7) between the bottom chord and any other members.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
   Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-0-0 to 4-4-13, Interior(1) 4-4-13 to 5-0-0, Exterior(2) 5-0-0 to 9-6-6, Interior(1) 9-6-6 to 10-0-0 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner(3) -1-0-14 to 3-3-15, Exterior(2) 3-3-15 to 5-0-0, Corner(3) 5-0-0 to 9-4-13, Exterior(2) 9-4-13 to 11-0-14 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry

Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6, 10, 8.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



REACTIONS. All bearings 10-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-121(LC 10)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner(3) -1-0-14 to 3-3-14, Exterior(2) 3-3-14 to 5-0-0, Corner(3) 5-0-0 to 9-4-13, Exterior(2) 9-4-13 to 11-0-14 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry

Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10.
 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 12, 13, 14, 11, 10



Continued on page 2

| Job   | Truss | Truss Type    | Qty                         | Ply                    | MEZA 14124001   |
|---|-------|---------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|---|
| J0324-1578  | H1GR  | Common Girder | 1                           | 2                      | Job Reference (optional)  |
| Comtech, Inc., Fayetteville, NC 28309, Robert Lewis |       |               | 8.430 s May 1<br>D:BfvbYYZZ | 2 2021 Pri<br>3Blc5bCz | it: 8.430 s May 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Mar 29 10:26:32 2024 Page 2<br>RxFaKUzZg0M-Xvho6HFeUVZBKaxze4Cpc72LdqzVafiXi9ueJ9zW6rb |

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 11=-1339(B) 12=-1339(B) 13=-1339(B) 14=-1339(B) 15=-1339(B)



REACTIONS. All bearings 12-1-13.

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-498/456, 2-3=-420/378, 3-14=-334/272, 4-14=-326/295

#### NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-13 to 4-9-10, Interior(1) 4-9-10 to 11-10-9 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 8, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9.
 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced

() This muss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and refere standard ANSI/TPI 1.

<sup>(</sup>lb) - Max Horz 1=312(LC 12) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 8, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 8, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9



TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

| LL | JMB | ER- |
|----|-----|-----|
|----|-----|-----|

| TOP CHORD | 2x4 SP No.1 |
|-----------|-------------|
| BOT CHORD | 2x4 SP No.1 |
| WEBS      | 2x4 SP No.2 |
|           |             |

| WEBS   | 2x4 SP No.2 |
|--------|-------------|
| OTHERS | 2x4 SP No.2 |

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 4-6

1 Row at midpt

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

#### REACTIONS. All bearings 10-6-3.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=270(LC 12) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 6 except 7=-140(LC 12), 8=-102(LC 12) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 6 except 7=515(LC 19), 8=263(LC 19)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

1-2=-445/409, 2-9=-315/256, 3-9=-287/284 TOP CHORD

WEBS 3-7=-385/285, 2-8=-275/223

#### NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-13 to 4-9-10, Interior(1) 4-9-10 to 10-4-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 6 except (jt=lb) 7=140, 8=102.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=130/8-11-0 (min. 0-1-8), 5=121/8-11-0 (min. 0-1-8), 6=414/8-11-0 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 1=226(LC 12) Max Uplift5=-48(LC 12), 6=-161(LC 12)

Max Grav 1=147(LC 21), 5=210(LC 19), 6=554(LC 19)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-340/318

WEBS 2-6=-444/331

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-13 to 4-7-15, Interior(1) 4-7-15 to 8-9-9 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5 except (jt=lb) 6=161.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.1BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.1WEBS2x4 SP No.2OTHERS2x4 SP No.2

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.2 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.2 BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing

be installed during trust erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=57/7-3-12 (min. 0-1-8), 4=134/7-3-12 (min. 0-1-8), 5=353/7-3-12 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=185(LC 12) Max Uplift1=-23(LC 10), 4=-52(LC 12), 5=-138(LC 12)

Max Grav  $1=132(LC \ 12), 4=214(LC \ 12), 5=435(LC \ 12)$ Max Grav  $1=132(LC \ 12), 4=214(LC \ 19), 5=435(LC \ 19)$ 

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-321/286

WEBS 2-5=-384/305

NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-13 to 4-9-10, Interior(1) 4-9-10 to 7-2-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 4 except (jt=lb) 5=138.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 1=-89/5-8-9 (min. 0-1-8), 4=132/5-8-9 (min. 0-1-8), 5=372/5-8-9 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=141(LC 12) Max Uplift1=-138(LC 12), 4=-52(LC 12), 5=-145(LC 12)

Max Grav 1=152(LC 12), 4=147(LC 19), 5=412(LC 19)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-337/303

WEBS 2-5=-410/345

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-13 to 4-9-10, Interior(1) 4-9-10 to 5-7-4 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4 except (jt=lb) 1=138, 5=145.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=144/4-1-6 (min. 0-1-8), 3=144/4-1-6 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=98(LC 12) Max Uplift3=-56(LC 12)

Max Grav 1=144(LC 1), 3=160(LC 19)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and

C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=80/2-6-3 (min. 0-1-8), 3=80/2-6-3 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=54(LC 12) Max Uplift3=-31(LC 12) Max Grav 1=80(LC 1), 3=89(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and

C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-13 to 4-9-10, Interior(1) 4-9-10 to 6-4-3, Exterior(2) 6-4-3 to 10-9-0, Interior(1) 10-9-0 to 12-3-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 8=123, 6=123.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and

C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Max Uplift1=-19(LC 13), 3=-24(LC 13)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and

C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 1=92/3-0-4 (min. 0-1-8), 3=92/3-0-4 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=23(LC 11) Max Uplift1=-4(LC 12), 3=-4(LC 13)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and

C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=293/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 5=218/Mechanical Max Horz 2=70(LC 8) Max Uplift2=-58(LC 8), 5=-28(LC 8)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-9 to 3-4-4, Interior(1) 3-4-4 to 4-10-8, Exterior(2) 4-10-8 to 5-7-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 5.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



Vert: 10=-6(F) 11=-77(F) 12=-18(F)



|   |   |  | 1-9-0  |   |  | <u>2-10-8</u><br>1-1-8   |   |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|---|
| LOADING (psf)<br>TCLL 20.0<br>TCDL 10.0<br>BCLL 0.0 *<br>BCDL 10.0        | SPACING- 2-0-0<br>Plate Grip DOL 1.15<br>Lumber DOL 1.15<br>Rep Stress Incr YES<br>Code IRC2015/TPI2014 | CSI.<br>TC 0.03<br>BC 0.08<br>WB 0.01<br>Matrix-MP | DEFL.         in           Vert(LL)         -0.00           Vert(CT)         -0.00           Horz(CT)         0.00           Wind(LL)         0.00 | (loc) l/defl<br>9 >999<br>6 >999<br>2 n/a<br>6 >999                             | L/d<br>360<br>240<br>n/a<br>240  | PLATES<br>MT20<br>Weight: 15 lb  | <b>GRIP</b><br>244/190<br>FT = 25%  |
| LUMBER-<br>TOP CHORD 2x6 SF<br>T2: 2x/<br>BOT CHORD 2x4 SF<br>WEBS 2x4 SF | P No.1 *Except*<br>4 SP No.1<br>P No.1<br>P No.2  |  | BRACING-<br>TOP CHORD<br>BOT CHORD   | Structural wo<br>end verticals,<br>Rigid ceiling<br>MiTek recor<br>be installed | od sheathing<br>and 2-0-0 oc<br>directly applie<br>nmends that s<br>during truss e | directly applied or 2-<br>purlins: 3-4.<br>d or 10-0-0 oc bracir<br>Stabilizers and requi<br>erection, in accordan | 10-8 oc purlins, except<br>ng.<br>red cross bracing<br>ce with Stabilizer |

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 5=97/Mechanical, 2=184/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 2=39(LC 8) Max Uplift5=-9(LC 9), 2=-53(LC 8)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and

C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 2.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



REACTIONS. (lb/size) 5=198/Mechanical, 2=276/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 2=146(LC 12) Max Uplift5=-64(LC 12)

Max Grav 5=202(LC 19), 2=276(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-14 to 3-3-14, Interior(1) 3-3-14 to 4-5-3, Exterior(2) 4-5-3 to 5-1-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



| LUMBER-           TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1           BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1           WEBS 2x4 SP No.2 | BRACING-<br>TOP CHORD<br>BOT CHORD | Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins: 3-4.<br>Rigid ceiling directly applied. |
|--|------------------------------------|---|
|  |                                    | MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer  |

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=276/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 5=198/Mechanical Max Horz 2=102(LC 12) Max Uplift2=-10(LC 12), 5=-30(LC 9)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and
- C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 5.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=278/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 5=200/Mechanical Max Horz 2=59(LC 8) Max Uplift2=-21(LC 8), 5=-24(LC 5)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope);

- Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit
- between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 5.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
   9) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 49 lb down and 26 lb up at 1-2-13, and 53 lb down and 22 lb up at 3-3-9 on top chord, and 13 lb down at 1-3-9, and 13 lb down at 3-3-9 on bottom chord. The
- design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

- 1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-4=-60, 5-7=-20
- Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 6=-2(F) 11=-2(F)



REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 5=198/Mechanical, 2=276/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 2=149(LC 12) Max Uplift5=-67(LC 12)

Max Grav 5=205(LC 19), 2=276(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-14 to 3-3-14, Interior(1) 3-3-14 to 4-6-6, Exterior(2) 4-6-6 to 5-1-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 WEBS 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins: 3-4. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.

> MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=276/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 5=198/Mechanical Max Horz 2=105(LC 12) Max Uplift2=-9(LC 12), 5=-30(LC 9)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and

- C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit

between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 5.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



Max Uplift2=-24(LC 8), 5=-26(LC 5)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope);

- Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit
- between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 5.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
   9) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 51 lb down and 29 lb up at 1-4-0, and 56 lb down and 25 lb up at 3-4-12 on top chord, and 14 lb down at 1-4-12, and 14 lb down at 3-4-12 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

- 1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)
- Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-4=-60, 5-7=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 6=-3(B) 11=-3(B)



| LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0 *           BCDL         10.0 | SPACING- 2-0-0<br>Plate Grip DOL 1.15<br>Lumber DOL 1.15<br>Rep Stress Incr YES<br>Code IRC2015/TPI2014 | CSI.<br>TC 0.11<br>BC 0.09<br>WB 0.00<br>Matrix-AS | DEFL.         in           Vert(LL)         -0.00           Vert(CT)         -0.01           Horz(CT)         0.00           Wind(LL)         0.01 | (loc)<br>7<br>4-7<br>4<br>4-7 | l/defl<br>>999<br>>999<br>n/a<br>>999 | L/d<br>360<br>240<br>n/a<br>240 | PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 34 lb         FT = 25% |
|--|---|--|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
|  |   |  | BRACING.   |                               |                                       |                                 |   |

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 2x6 SP No.1 OTHERS

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=290/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=215/0-1-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 2=77(LC 8) Max Uplift2=-55(LC 8), 4=-33(LC 12)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-9 to 3-4-4, Interior(1) 3-4-4 to 5-6-4 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



# LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x6 SP No.1BOT CHORD2x6 SP No.1OTHERS2x6 SP No.1

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=221/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=221/0-1-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=60(LC 8) Max Uplift1=-13(LC 8), 3=-34(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-0-0 to 4-4-13, Interior(1) 4-4-13 to 5-6-4 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Bearing at joint(s) 3 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 3.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



|                                    | 0040000 |  | 001 | DEEL | ··· (1 | 1.7.1 |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|---------|--|-----|------|--------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-2-7,Edge] |         |  |     |      |        |       |  |  |  |  |
|                                    |         |  | Γ   |      | 2-10-8 |       |  |  |  |  |
|                                    |         |  |     |      | 2-10-0 |       |  |  |  |  |

| LOADING | (psf) | SPACING-        | 2-0-0 | CSI.  |      | DEFL.    | in    | (loc) | l/defl | L/d | PLATES        | GRIP     |
|---------|-------|-----------------|-------|-------|------|----------|-------|-------|--------|-----|---------------|----------|
| TCLL    | 20.0  | Plate Grip DOL  | 1.15  | IC    | 0.02 | Vert(LL) | -0.00 | 7     | >999   | 360 | M120          | 244/190  |
| TCDL    | 10.0  | Lumber DOL      | 1.15  | BC    | 0.02 | Vert(CT) | -0.00 | 7     | >999   | 240 |               |          |
| BCLL    | 0.0 * | Rep Stress Incr | YES   | WB    | 0.00 | Horz(CT) | 0.00  | 4     | n/a    | n/a |               |          |
| BCDL    | 10.0  | Code IRC2015/TF | 12014 | Matri | x-MP | Wind(LL) | 0.00  | 7     | >999   | 240 | Weight: 17 lb | FT = 25% |

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-10-8 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 3=63/Mechanical, 2=187/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=38/Mechanical Max Horz 2=47(LC 8) Max Uplift3=-18(LC 12), 2=-52(LC 8) Max Grav 3=63(LC 1), 2=187(LC 1), 4=47(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3, 2.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Wind(LL)

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

4-11

>999

Installation guide.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

0.01

240

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Weight: 36 lb

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing

be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

FT = 25%

| ES- |
|-----|

BCDL

LUMBER-

OTHERS

10.0

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1

2x4 SP No.2 \*Except\*

Max Horz 2=77(LC 8)

BL1: 2x6 SP No.1

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner(3) -1-0-9 to 3-4-4, Exterior(2) 3-4-4 to 5-6-4 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

Matrix-AS

2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry

Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

- 3) Gable studs spaced at 1-4-0 oc.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.

Code IRC2015/TPI2014

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=290/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=215/0-1-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Uplift2=-55(LC 8), 4=-33(LC 12)

- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 10) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



 Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.

- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 240 lb down and 46 lb up at 2-11-4, and 202 lb down and 44 lb up at 4-11-4 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

9) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

#### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

 Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 4-5=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 8=-240(B) 9=-202(B)



LUMBER-TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied. Rigid ceiling directly applied.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 3=137/Mechanical, 2=280/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=65/Mechanical Max Horz 2=165(LC 12) Max Uplift3=-95(LC 12) Max Grav 3=157(LC 19), 2=280(LC 1), 4=98(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-14 to 3-3-14, Interior(1) 3-3-14 to 5-2-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied. Rigid ceiling directly applied.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=208/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 2=140/Mechanical, 3=68/Mechanical Max Horz 1=141(LC 12) Max Uplift2=-96(LC 12) Max Grav 1=208(LC 1), 2=161(LC 19), 3=99(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-0-0 to 4-4-13, Interior(1) 4-4-13 to 5-2-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



| LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0           BCDL         10.0 | SPACING- 2-0-0<br>Plate Grip DOL 1.15<br>Lumber DOL 1.15<br>Rep Stress Incr YES<br>Code IRC2015/TPI2014 | <b>CSI.</b><br>TC 0.03<br>BC 0.01<br>WB 0.03<br>Matrix-P | <b>DEFL.</b> ir<br>Vert(LL) 0.00<br>Vert(CT) -0.00<br>Horz(CT) 0.00 | n (loc) l/defl L/d<br>0 1 n/r 120<br>0 1 n/r 120<br>0 6 n/a n/a  | <b>PLATES</b><br>MT20<br>Weight: 44 Ib  | <b>GRIP</b><br>244/190<br>FT = 25%  |
|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| LUMBER-<br>TOP CHORD 2x6 SF<br>BOT CHORD 2x6 SF<br>WEBS 2x4 SF<br>OTHERS 2x4 SF  | P No.1<br>P No.1<br>P No.2<br>P No.2  |  | BRACING-<br>TOP CHORD<br>BOT CHORD                                  | Structural wood sheathing<br>end verticals.<br>Rigid ceiling directly applie<br>MiTek recommends that S<br>be installed during truss e<br>Installation guide | directly applied or 5<br>d or 10-0-0 oc braci<br>Stabilizers and requ<br>rection, in accordar | -3-4 oc purlins, except<br>ng.<br>ired cross bracing<br>ice with Stabilizer |

REACTIONS. All bearings 5-3-4.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=164(LC 12)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 6, 2, 7, 8 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 6, 2, 7, 8

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-288/259

#### NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner(3) -1-0-14 to 3-3-4, Exterior(2) 3-3-4 to 5-1-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry

Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 2, 7, 8.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



REACTIONS. (lb/size) 3=38/Mechanical, 2=158/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=18/Mechanical Max Horz 2=59(LC 12) Max Uplift3=-20(LC 12), 2=-15(LC 12)

Max Grav 3=43(LC 19), 2=158(LC 1), 4=31(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and

C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit

between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3, 2.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 3=42/Mechanical, 2=162/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=20/Mechanical Max Horz 2=62(LC 12) Max Uplift3=-22(LC 12), 2=-14(LC 12) Max Grav 3=47(LC 19), 2=162(LC 1), 4=33(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and

C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3, 2.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.