

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

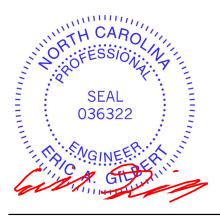
Re: J1024-5798 Lot 10 Heritage @ Neills Creek

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Comtech, Inc - Fayetteville.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I69199699 thru I69199725

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2024.

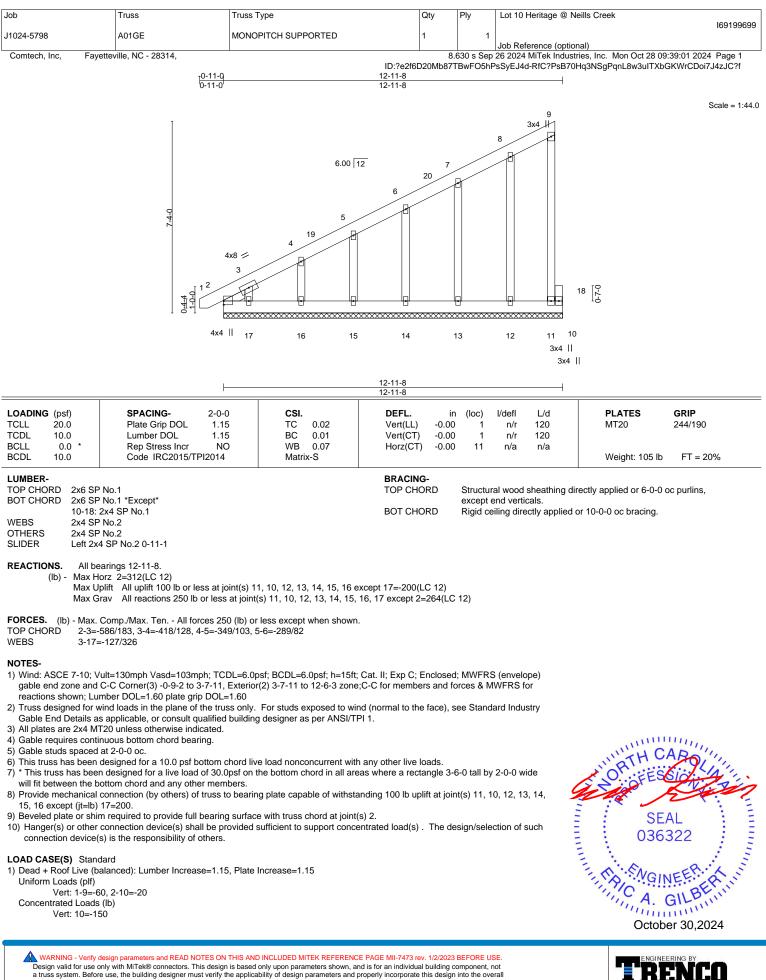
North Carolina COA: C-0844



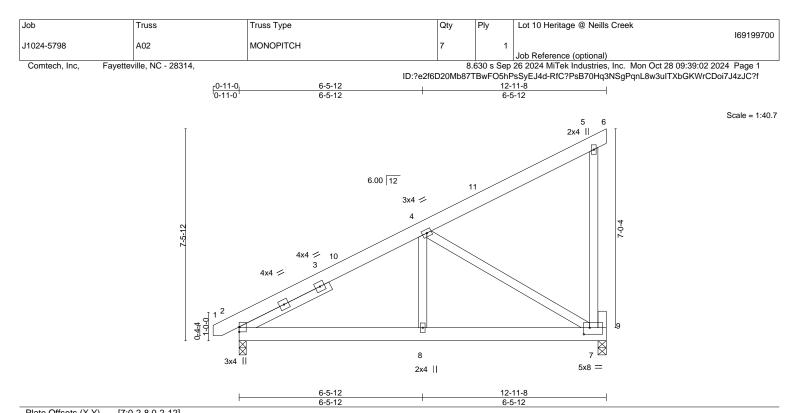
October 30,2024

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



Design valid for use only with MITEk® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent ouckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



.OADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. ir	n (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES 0	BRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.17	Vert(LL) -0.01	2-8	>999	360	MT20 2	44/190
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.16	Vert(CT) -0.02	2-8	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.48	Horz(CT) -0.01	7	n/a	n/a		
3CDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S	Wind(LL) 0.03	2-8	>999	240	Weight: 97 lb	FT = 20%

TOP CHORD	2x6 SP No.1
BOT CHORD	2x6 SP No.1 *Except*
	7-9: 2x4 SP No.1
WEBS	2x4 SP No.2
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.2
SLIDER	Left 2x4 SP No.2 3-6-10

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 7=0-3-8, 2=0-3-0 Max Horz 2=223(LC 12) Max Uplift 7=-155(LC 12), 2=-46(LC 8) Max Grav 7=826(LC 1), 2=547(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-4=-635/424

BOT CHORD 2-8=-576/490, 7-8=-576/490 WEBS 4-8=-363/290, 4-7=-571/670

NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-9-2 to 3-7-11, Interior(1) 3-7-11 to 12-11-8 zone; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 7=155.

5) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s). The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

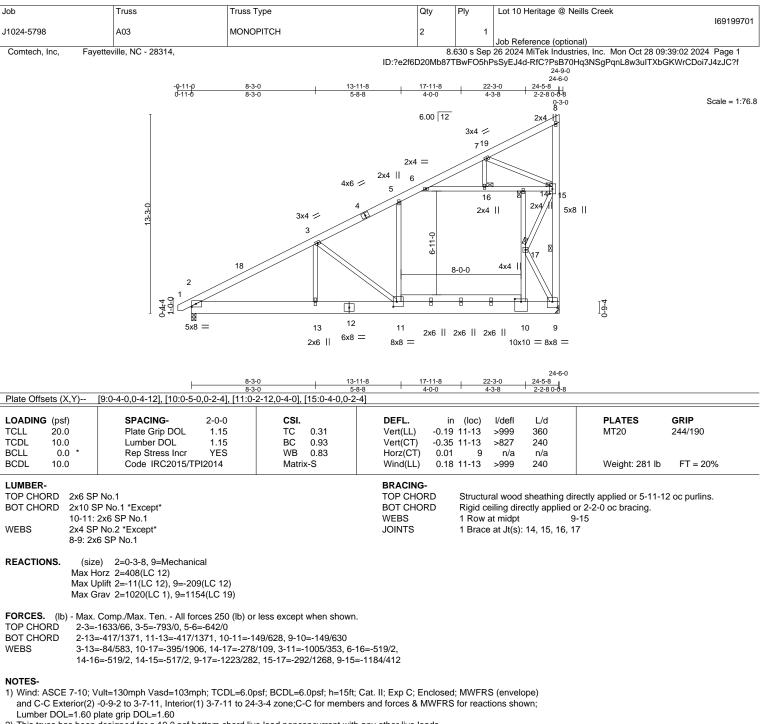
1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-6=-60, 2-7=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300





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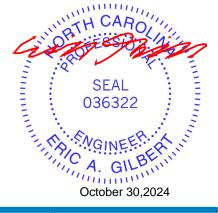


2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

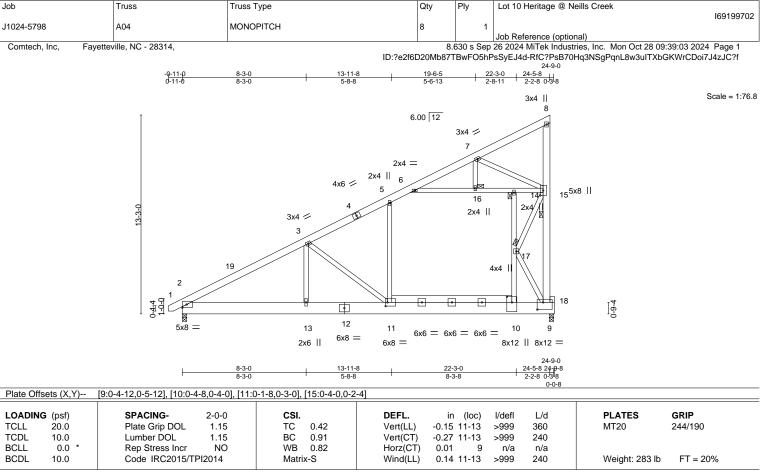
5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 9=209.



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818 Soundside Road



LUMBER-		BRACING-	
TOP CHORD	2x6 SP No.1	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-11-4 oc purlins,
BOT CHORD	2x10 SP No.1 *Except*		except end verticals.
	10-11: 2x6 SP No.1	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-1 oc bracing.
WEBS	2x4 SP No.2 *Except*	WEBS	1 Row at midpt 8-9
	8-9: 2x6 SP No.1, 9-18: 2x4 SP No.1	JOINTS	1 Brace at Jt(s): 14, 16, 17

REACTIONS. (size) 9=0-3-8, 2=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=408(LC 12) Max Uplift 9=-236(LC 12), 2=-13(LC 12) Max Grav 9=1429(LC 19), 2=1029(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1655/70, 3-5=-814/0, 5-6=-674/2, 9-15=-1240/366

BOT CHORD 2-13=-420/1389, 11-13=-420/1389, 10-11=-153/653, 9-10=-153/655

- WEBS 3-13=-79/584, 3-11=-986/344, 10-17=-391/1865, 6-16=-502/2, 14-16=-503/2,
 - 14-15=-501/2, 7-15=-278/184, 9-17=-1121/254, 15-17=-286/1266

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-9-2 to 3-7-11, Interior(1) 3-7-11 to 24-3-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 9=236.

5) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s). The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

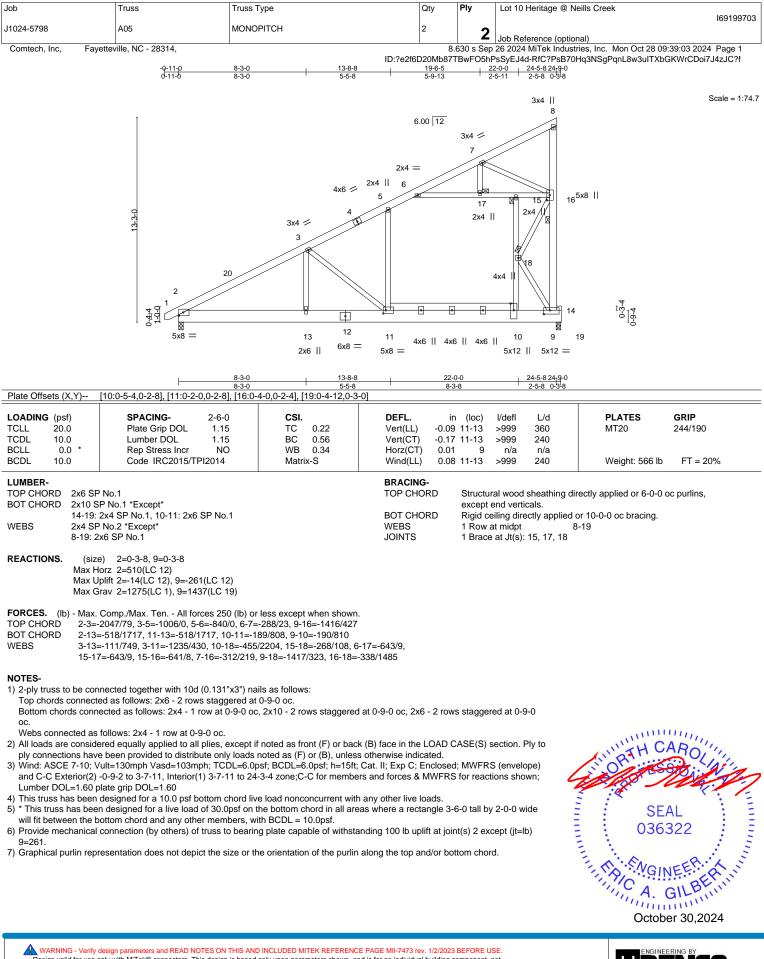
LOAD CASE(S) Standard

 Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (olf)

Vert: 1-8=-60, 2-9=-20 Concentrated Loads (Ib) Vert: 9=-300

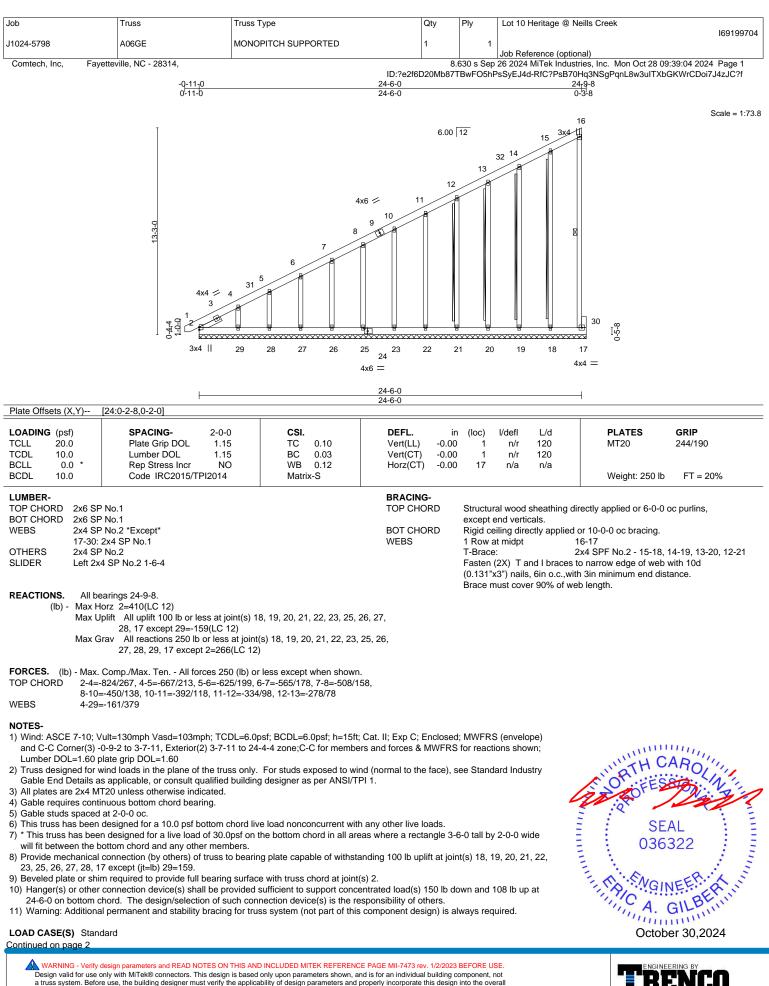


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⁸¹⁸ Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

[Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Lot 10 Heritage @ Neills Creek	
						169199704	
	J1024-5798	A06GE	MONOPITCH SUPPORTED	1	1		
						Job Reference (optional)	
	Comtech, Inc, Fayettev	ille, NC - 28314,		8.	630 s Sep	26 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Oct 28 09:39:04 2024 Page 2	

ID:?e2f6D20Mb87TBwFO5hPsSyEJ4d-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

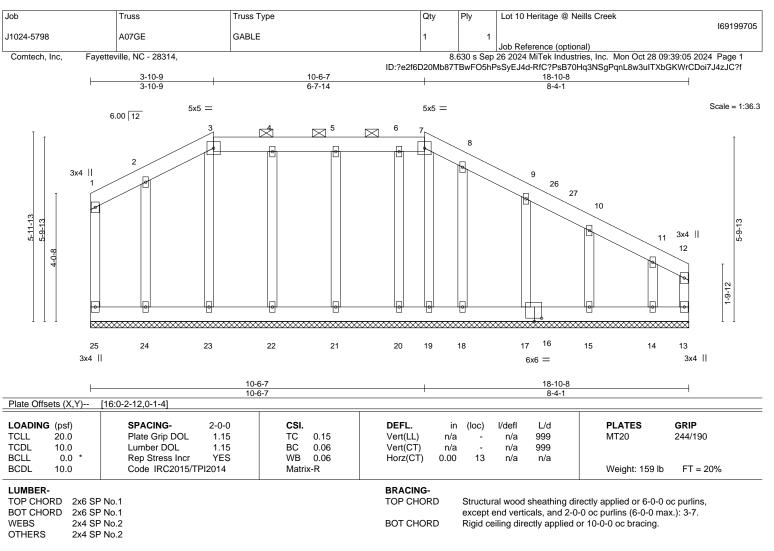
1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-16=-60, 2-17=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 17=-150

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REACTIONS. All bearings 18-10-8.

(lb) - Max Horz 25=-141(LC 13)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 25, 13, 23, 24, 22, 21, 20, 18, 17, 15 except 14=-268(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 25, 23, 24, 22, 21, 20, 18, 17, 15, 14, 19 except 13=257(LC 13)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

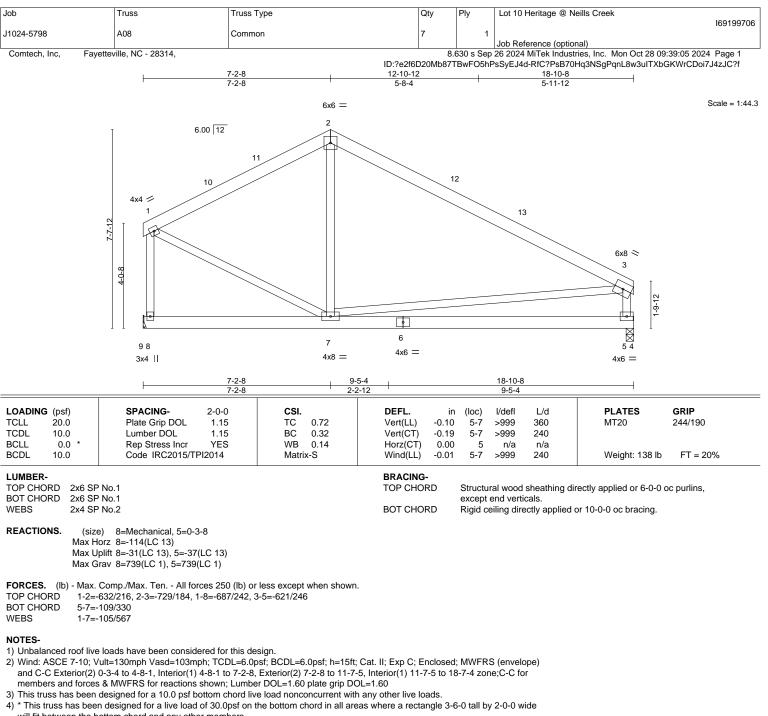
NOTES-

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) 0-1-12 to 8-3-6, Exterior(2) 8-3-6 to 10-6-7, Corner(3) 10-6-7 to 14-11-4, Exterior(2) 14-11-4 to 18-8-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 25, 13, 23, 24, 22, 21, 20, 18, 17, 15 except (jt=lb) 14=268.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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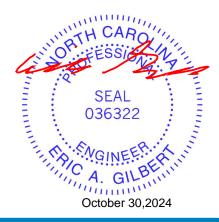
¹⁾ Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



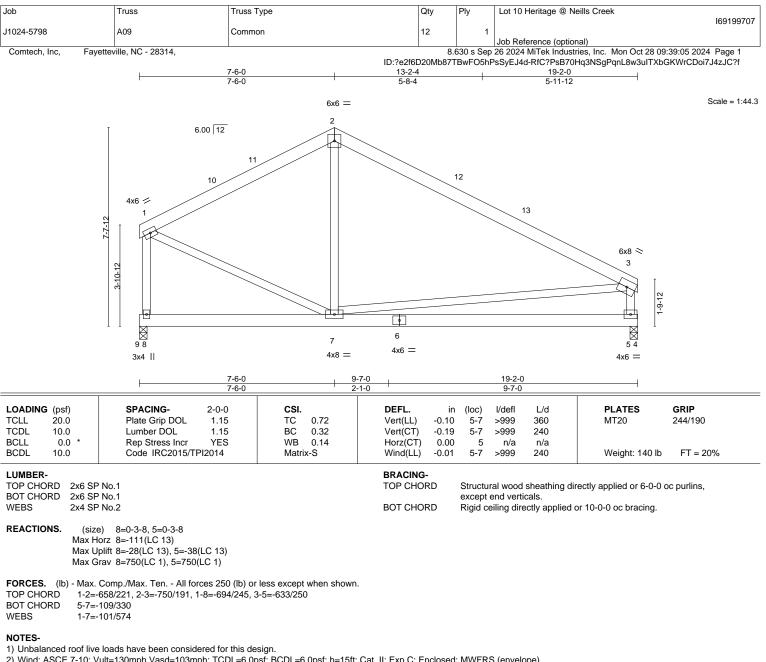
will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8, 5.



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2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-3-4 to 4-8-1, Interior(1) 4-8-1 to 7-6-0, Exterior(2) 7-6-0 to 11-10-13, Interior(1) 11-10-13 to 18-10-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

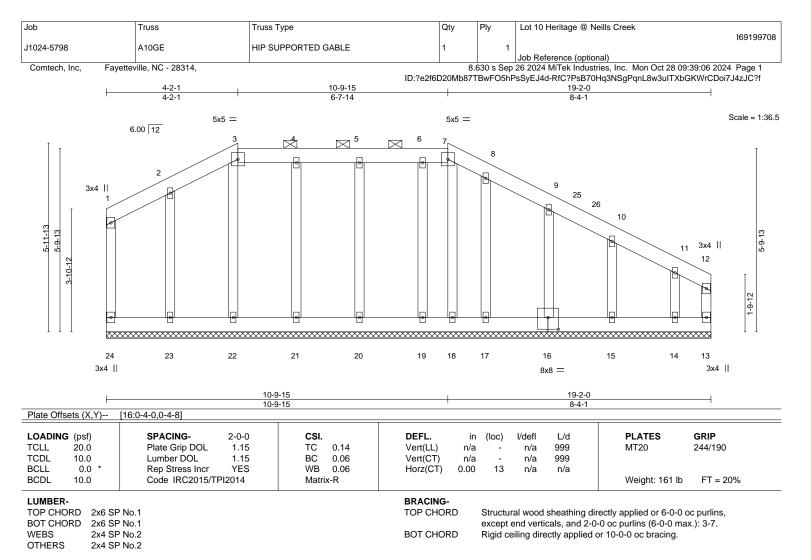
4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8, 5.



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REACTIONS. All bearings 19-2-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 24=-137(LC 13)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 24, 13, 22, 23, 21, 20, 19, 17, 16, 15 except 14=-261(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 24, 13, 22, 23, 21, 20, 19, 17, 16, 15, 14, 18

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) 0-1-12 to 8-6-14, Exterior(2) 8-6-14 to 10-9-15, Corner(3) 10-9-15 to 15-2-12, Exterior(2) 15-2-12 to 19-0-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

7) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).

8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

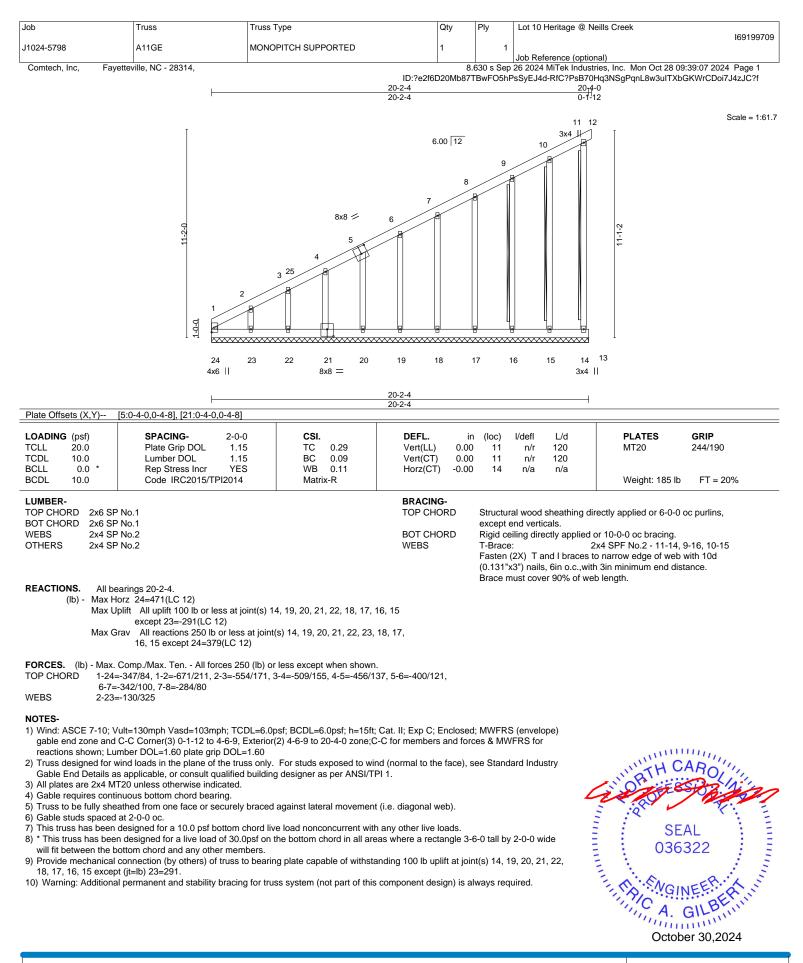
10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 24, 13, 22, 23, 21, 20, 19, 17, 16, 15 except (it=lb) 14=261.

12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

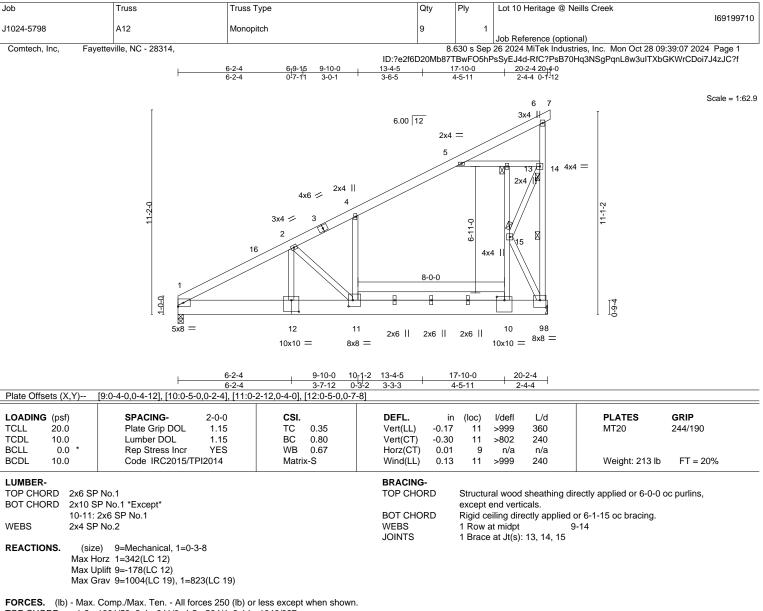


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E RENCO A MiTek Affiliat



- TOP CHORD 1-2=-1391/58, 2-4=-641/0, 4-5=-584/4, 9-14=-1046/327
- BOT CHORD 1-12=-382/1168, 11-12=-382/1168, 10-11=-130/511, 9-10=-131/514
- WEBS 10-15=-377/1819, 5-13=-539/140, 13-14=-534/138, 9-15=-1114/276, 14-15=-281/1136, 2-11=-923/354, 2-12=-172/692

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-1-12 to 4-6-9, Interior(1) 4-6-9 to 20-4-0 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

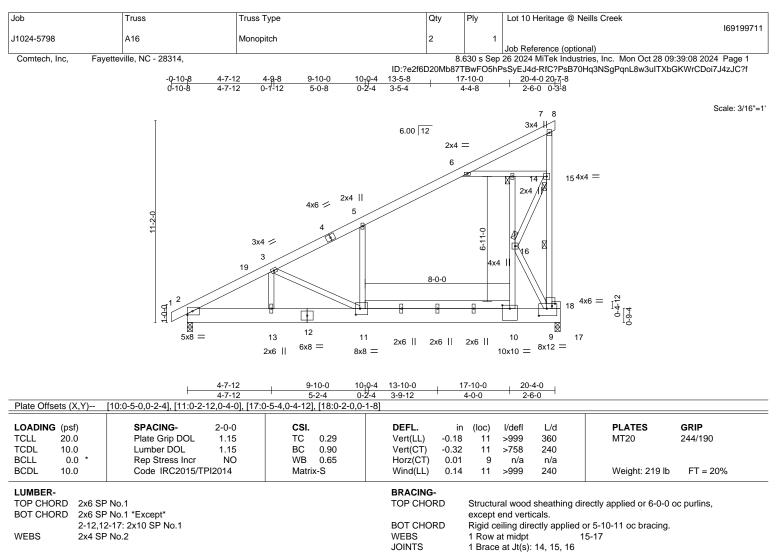
3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 9=178.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)



REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=344(LC 12) Max Uplift 2=-11(LC 12), 9=-202(LC 12) Max Grav 2=885(LC 19), 9=1953(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- TOP CHORD 2-3=-1521/80, 3-5=-678/0, 5-6=-620/13, 9-15=-1052/313
- BOT CHORD 2-13=-408/1286, 11-13=-408/1286, 10-11=-135/545, 9-10=-136/548
- WEBS 3-13=-117/551, 3-11=-839/309, 10-16=-349/1771, 5-11=-274/228, 6-14=-579/148,
 - 14-15=-575/146, 9-16=-1069/254, 15-16=-273/1150

NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Interior(1) 3-6-5 to 20-4-0 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 9=202.
- 5) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 6) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 1100 lb down and 288 lb up at 20-2-0 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-7=-60, 7-8=-60, 2-9=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-1100





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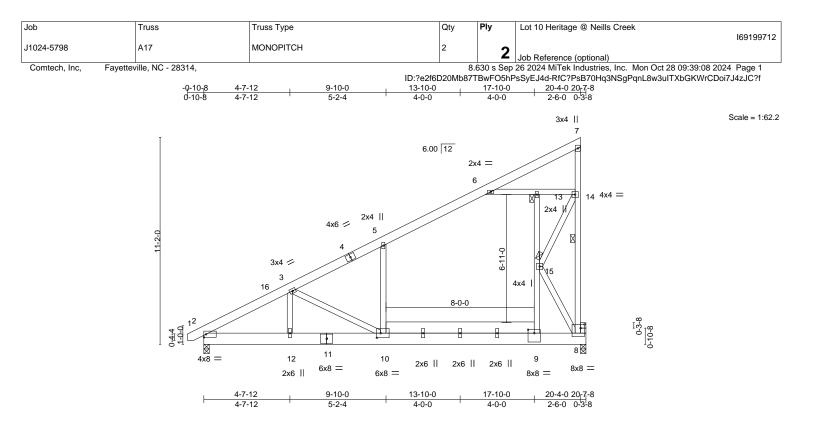


Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[8:0-2-8,0-2-8], [9:0-4-0,0-2-4], [10:0-2-8	3,0-3-0]					
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-6-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrNOCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.24 BC 0.74 WB 0.61 Matrix-S	DEFL. ir Vert(LL) -0.18 Vert(CT) -0.33 Horz(CT) 0.01 Wind(LL) 0.16	8 10 >999 8 10 >742 8 n/a	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 418 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
WEBS 2x4 SF REACTIONS. (size Max H Max U	P No.1 *Except* 4 SP No.1		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS JOINTS	Structural wood s except end vertic Rigid ceiling direc 1 Row at midpt 1 Brace at Jt(s):	als. ctly applied or 1 7-8	y applied or 6-0-0 c	oc purlins,
TOP CHORD2-3=-BOT CHORD2-12=WEBS3-12=	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or 1939/135, 3-5=-897/0, 5-6=-767/17, 8-1 =-535/1634, 10-12=-535/1634, 9-10=-17 =-147/660, 3-10=-1066/415, 9-15=-327/ 4=-752/189, 8-15=-1211/284, 14-15=-31	4=-1137/310 1/699, 8-9=-144/587 1846, 13-15=-381/189, 6-					
 Top chords connect Bottom chords conn Webs connected as 2) All loads are conside ply connections hav 3) Wind: ASCE 7-10; V and C-C Exterior(2) Lumber DOL=1.60 p 4) This truss has been 5) * This truss has been will fit between the b 6) Provide mechanical 8=334. 7) Magnitude of user a 8) Hanger(s) or other co 20-4-0 on bottom ch Continued on page 2 	designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord liv n designed for a live load of 30.0psf on t bottom chord and any other members, w connection (by others) of truss to bearin dded load(s) on this truss have been ap connection device(s) shall be provided su bord. The design/selection of such conne	0-9-0 oc, 2x4 - 1 row at 0 d at 0-9-0 oc. f noted as front (F) or bac noted as (F) or (B), unless psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; 2-4 zone;C-C for members e load nonconcurrent with the bottom chord in all are ith BCDL = 10.0psf. Ig plate capable of withsta plied uniformly across all ufficient to support concer	k (B) face in the LOAD (s otherwise indicated. Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed s and forces & MWFRS n any other live loads. eas where a rectangle 3- anding 100 lb uplift at join gravity load cases with r ntrated load(s) 1100 lb d	t; MWFRS (envelop for reactions shown 6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wint (s) 2 except (jt=lb no adjustments.	ly to pe) h; de		AL 322
LOAD CASE(S) Stand WARNING - Verify Design valid for use c a trus system. Befor building design. Brac is always required for fabrication, storage, c	dard design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based re use, the building designer must verify the applica- cing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual tru- stability and to prevent collapse with possible perside lelivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss s Component Safety Information available from the	only upon parameters shown, au bility of design parameters and p iss web and/or chord members of sonal injury and property damage systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Qualit	nd is for an individual building of properly incorporate this design only. Additional temporary and e. For general guidance regard y Criteria and DSB-22 availal	component, not n into the overall permanent bracing ding the ble from Truss Plate Inst	itute (www.tpinst.org	and the second state of th	

[Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Lot 10 Heritage @ Neills Creek
						I69199712
	J1024-5798	A17	MONOPITCH	2	ົ	
					_	Job Reference (optional)
	Comtech, Inc, Fayettev	ille, NC - 28314,		8.	630 s Sep	26 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Oct 28 09:39:08 2024 Page 2

8.630 s Sep 26 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Oct 28 09:39:08 2024 Page 2 ID:?e2f6D20Mb87TBwFO5hPsSyEJ4d-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

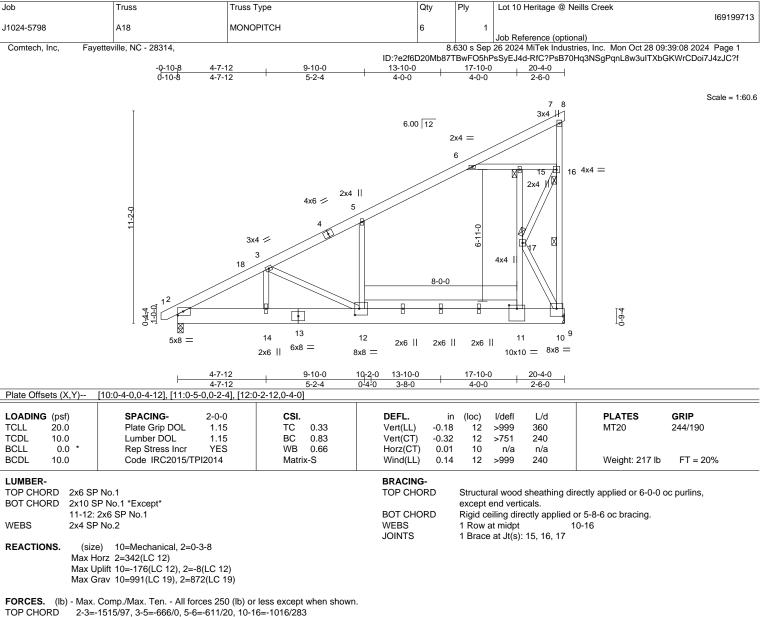
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-7=-75, 2-8=-25

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 8=-1100

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- BOT CHORD 2-14=-412/1280, 12-14=-412/1280, 11-12=-134/535, 10-11=-135/538
- WEBS 3-12=-844/315, 5-12=-280/231, 11-17=-361/1785, 6-15=-561/142, 15-16=-557/140,
 - 10-17=-1104/268, 16-17=-273/1127, 3-14=-122/558

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-10 to 3-8-3, Interior(1) 3-8-3 to 20-4-0 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 10=176.



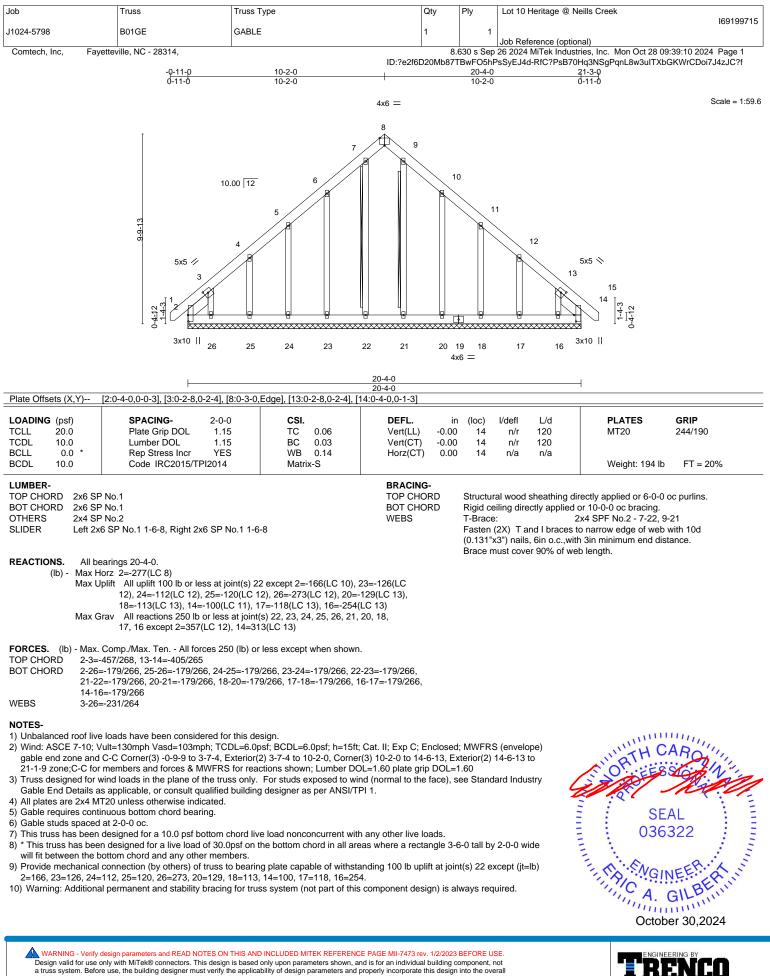
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A MiTek Affil 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

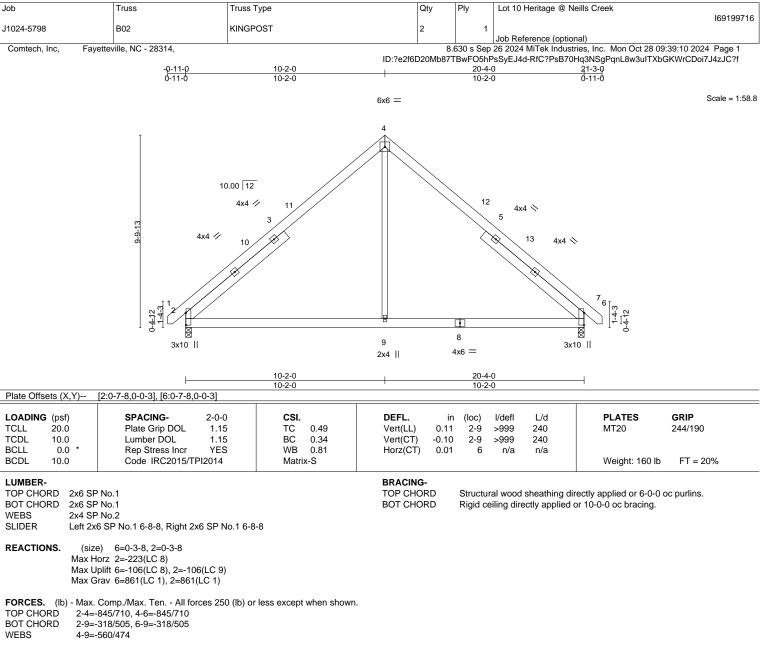


ENGINEERING BY





a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TFI1** Quality Criteria and **DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-9-9 to 3-7-4, Interior(1) 3-7-4 to 10-2-0, Exterior(2) 10-2-0 to 14-6-13, Interior(1) 14-6-13 to 21-1-9 zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

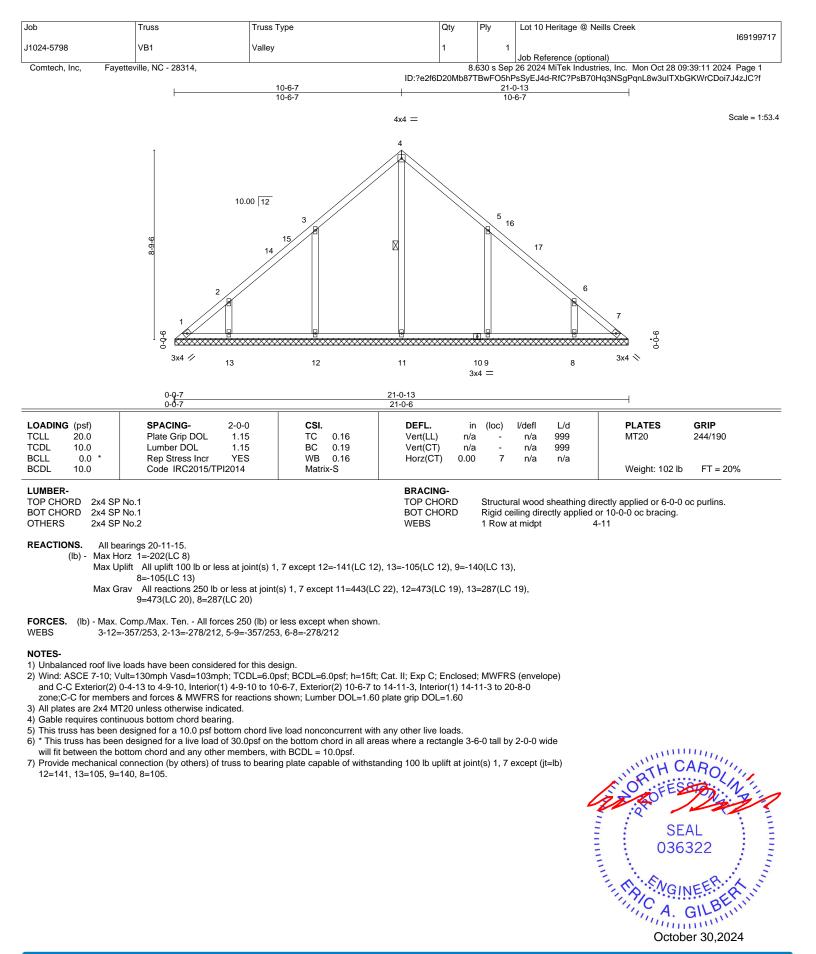
4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 6=106, 2=106.



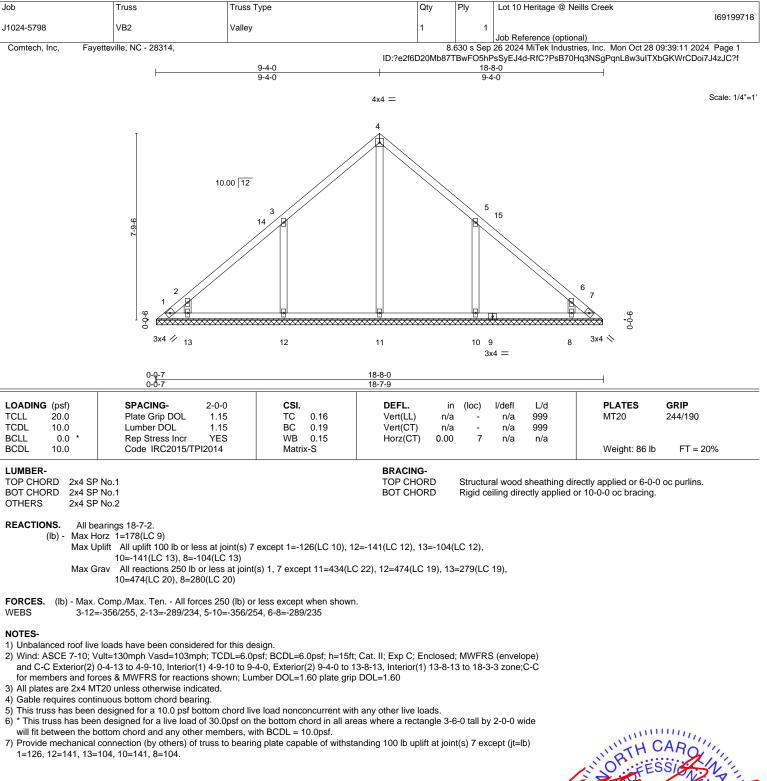
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A MiTek Affilia 818 Soundside Road



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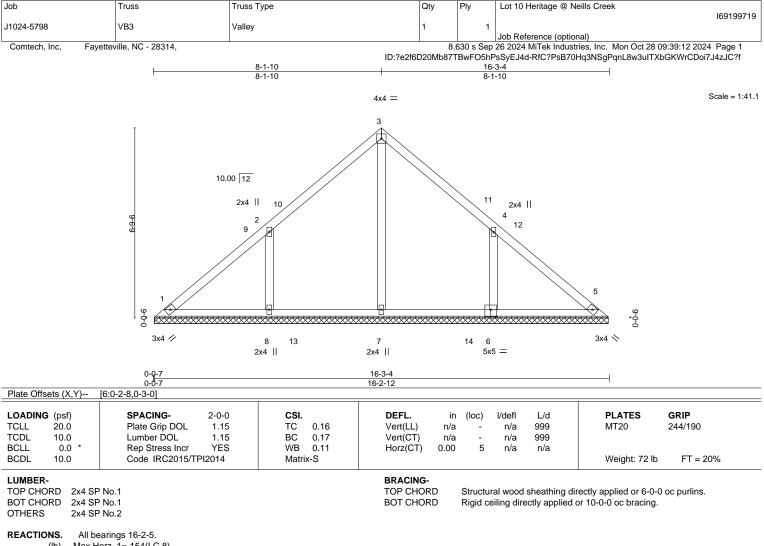






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A Mi Tek Affili 818 Soundside Road

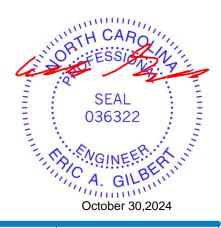


⁽lb) - Max Horz 1=-154(LC 8)

- Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1 except 8=-147(LC 12), 6=-143(LC 13)
- Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=412(LC 19), 8=455(LC 19), 6=447(LC 20)
- FORCES. (lb) Max. Comp./Max. Ten. All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
- WEBS 2-8=-368/260, 4-6=-359/254

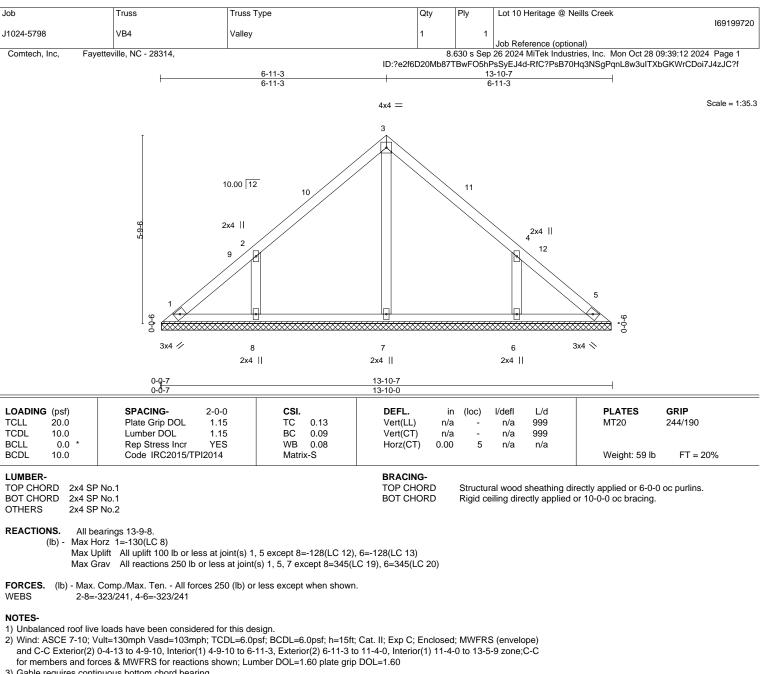
NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-13 to 4-9-10, Interior(1) 4-9-10 to 8-1-10, Exterior(2) 8-1-10 to 12-6-7, Interior(1) 12-6-7 to 15-10-6 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 8=147, 6=143.



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3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

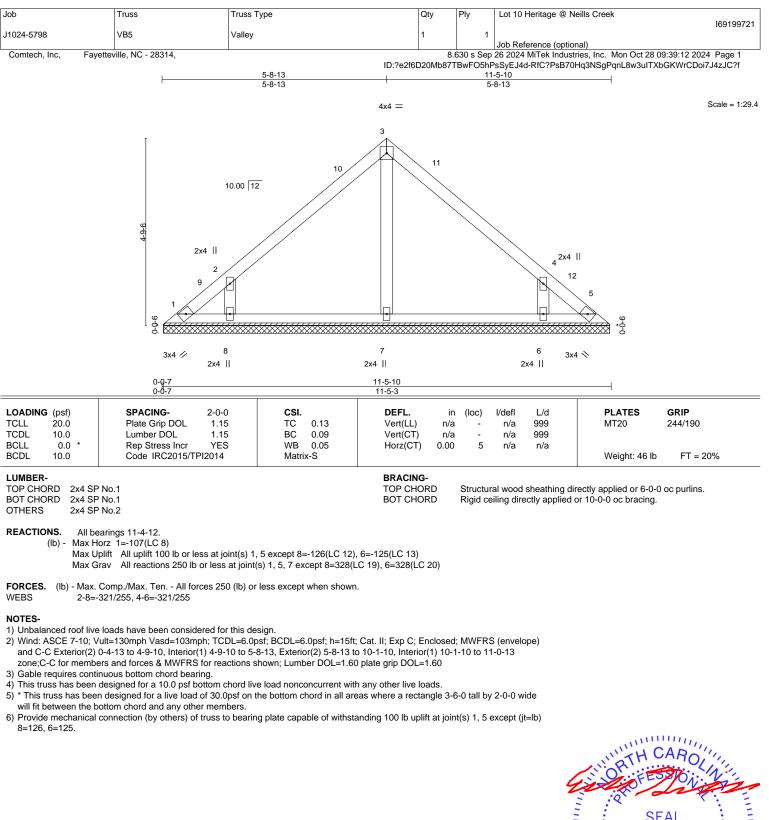
5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 8=128. 6=128.



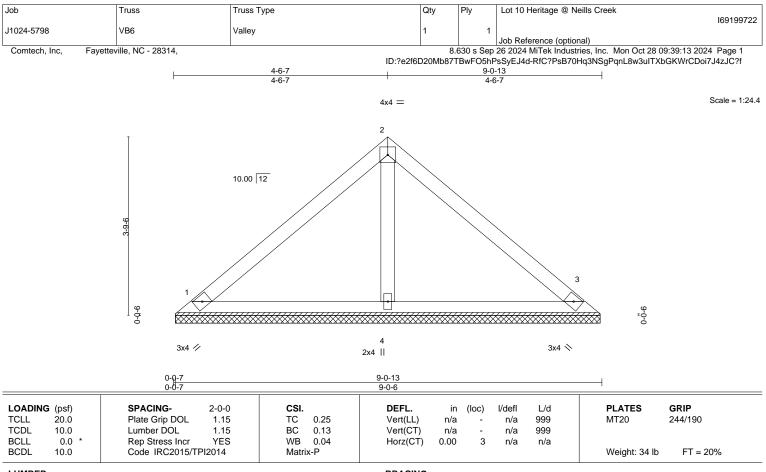
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LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.1BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.1OTHERS2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=8-11-15, 3=8-11-15, 4=8-11-15 Max Horz 1=83(LC 9) Max Uplift 1=-29(LC 13), 3=-36(LC 13) Max Grav 1=191(LC 1), 3=191(LC 1), 4=279(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope)

and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

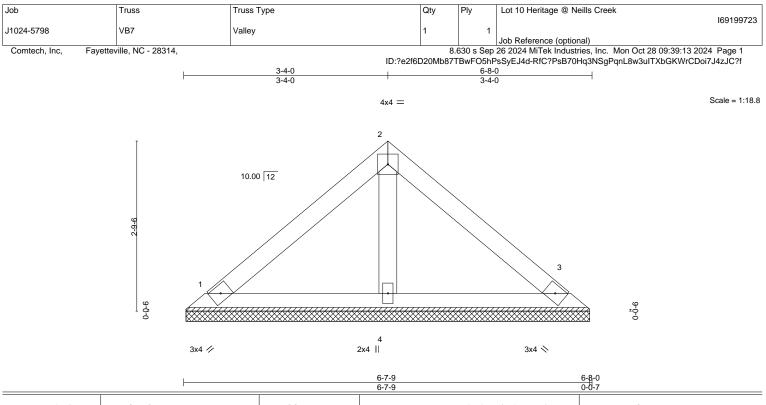
3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)



				0-7-9			0-0-7
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in	(loc)	l/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.12	Vert(LL) n/a	-	n/a 999	MT20 244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.06	Vert(CT) n/a	-	n/a 999	
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.02	Horz(CT) 0.00	3	n/a n/a	
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P				Weight: 24 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 2x4 SP No.2

OTHERS

REACTIONS. 1=6-7-2, 3=6-7-2, 4=6-7-2 (size) Max Horz 1=-59(LC 8) Max Uplift 1=-20(LC 13), 3=-26(LC 13) Max Grav 1=136(LC 1), 3=136(LC 1), 4=198(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope)

and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

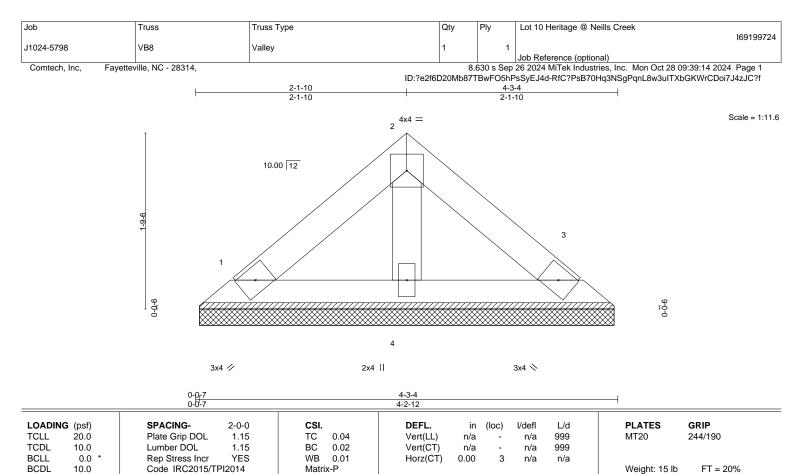
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and PCB Building Component Science Michael Component Advancing Component Advancing Component Advancing and PCB and Component Advancing Component Compone and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.1BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.1OTHERS2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-3-4 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=4-2-5, 3=4-2-5, 4=4-2-5 Max Horz 1=-35(LC 10) Max Uplift 1=-12(LC 13), 3=-15(LC 13) Max Grav 1=80(LC 1), 3=80(LC 1), 4=117(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope)

and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

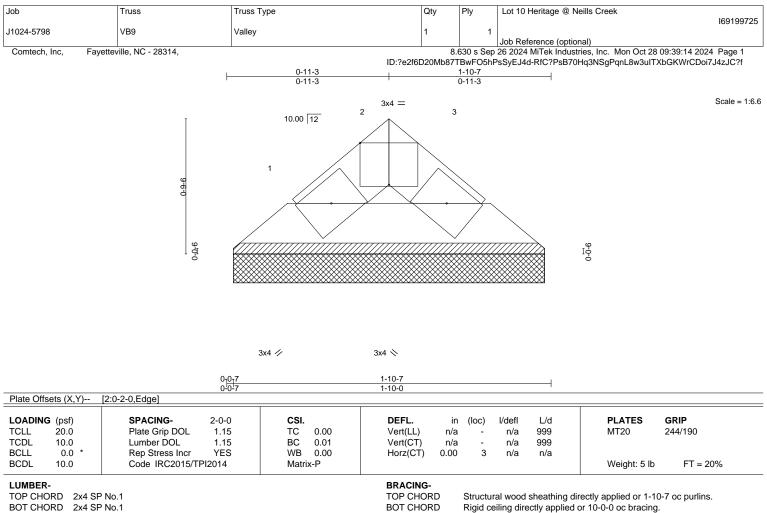
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



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BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1

REACTIONS. 1=1-9-8, 3=1-9-8 (size) Max Horz 1=-11(LC 8) Max Uplift 1=-2(LC 12), 3=-2(LC 13) Max Grav 1=43(LC 1), 3=43(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope)

and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design that the operating of the second se and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

