

Replace damaged section act clean with same size and grade of material. Attach 62"H X 46"W X 7/16" OSB (APA Rated Sheathing 24/16 Exposure 1) gusset to both sides of truss at joint 8 with 10d (0.131"x3") nails from each face, driven through both sheets of

plywood and clinched. Connected together as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows 1-0-0 o.c., 2x4 - 1 rows 0-4-0 o.c. Minimum 0-3-0 end distance.

3) Repairs specified by this program will be subject to review and change.

4) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 31 PROVIDENCE CREEK   FUQUAY-VARINA, NC
24-0140-R01	R02RP2	Piggyback Base	8	1	Job Reference (optional)
Atlantic Building Components, Moncks Corner, South Carolina		ID:20Yu>	(CSZqcK/	8 UakfxRI	430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Mar 12 15:39:14 2024 Page 2 BEyzgFZ-ChLNWDWDSYwCFmumLTdllAs51i8PEI6dzsd?VYzbesR

**NOTES-** (16-19)

- 5) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Hip Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 5-9-14, Interior(1) 5-9-14 to 19-3-10, Exterior(2R) 19-3-10 to 32-8-6, Interior(1) 32-8-6 to 34-3-10, Exterior(2R) 34-3-10 to 47-6-12, Interior(1) 47-6-12 to 60-3-10, Exterior(2E) 60-3-10 to 67-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 6) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 7) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- a) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  b) WARNING: This long span truss requires extreme care and experience for proper and safe handling and erection. For general handling and erection guidance, see Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses ("BCSI"), jointly produced by SBCA and TPI. The building owner or the owner's authorized agent shall contract with a qualified registered design professional for the design and inspection of the temporary installation restraint/bracing and the permanent individual truss member restraint/bracing. MiTek assumes no responsibility for truss manufacture, handling, erection, or bracing.
- 10) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 11) All plates are 5x6 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 12) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 13) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 14) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 15) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 102 lb uplift at joint 2, 229 lb uplift at joint 26, 146 lb uplift at joint 17 and 126 lb uplift at joint 14.
- 16) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 17) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
   SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING
- 19) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard