

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: J0124-0012 Lot 146 Duncans Creek

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Comtech, Inc - Fayetteville.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I62804852 thru I62804873

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2024.

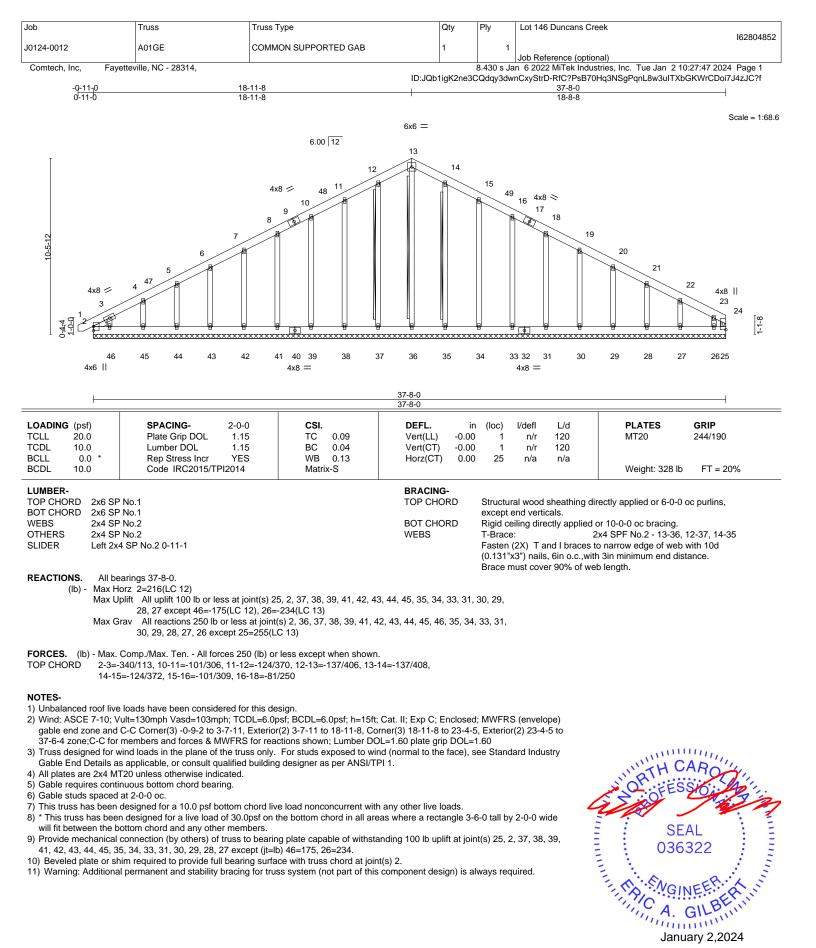
North Carolina COA: C-0844



January 2,2024

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)

818 Soundside Road

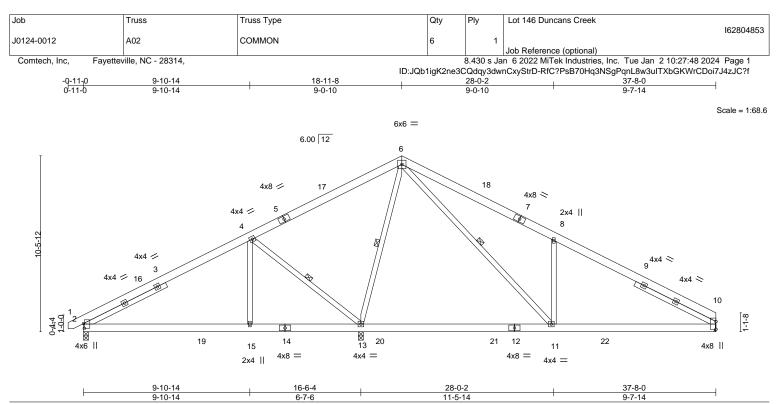


Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-6,0-0-8]						
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.		n (loc) l/defl L/d	PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.38	Vert(LL) -0.2	3 11-13 >999 360	MT20	244/190	
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.48	Vert(CT) -0.3	2 11-13 >796 240			
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.46	Horz(CT) 0.0	2 10 n/a n/a			
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S	Wind(LL) 0.0	3 10-11 >999 240	Weight: 267 lb	FT = 20%	
LUMBER-			BRACING-				
TOP CHORD 2x6 S	SP No.1		TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathin	ng directly applied or 6-0-0	oc purlins.	
BOT CHORD 2x6 S	BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1			Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:			
WEBS 2x4 S	P No.2		6-0-0 oc bracing: 11-13.				
	A OD NE O F F 40 DESEA OU 4 OD NE O F	4.40	WEDO	4 Davis at reliated	4 40 0 40 0 44		

SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.2 5-5-10, Right 2x4 SP No.2 5-4-10 WEBS 1 Row at midpt

4-13, 6-13, 6-11

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 13=0-3-8, 10=Mechanical Max Horz 2=-134(LC 8) Max Uplift 2=-107(LC 12), 10=-122(LC 13) Max Grav 2=680(LC 1), 13=1832(LC 2), 10=834(LC 20)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-4=-728/326, 4-6=-79/311, 6-8=-1210/586, 8-10=-1202/374

BOT CHORD 2-15=-163/552 13-15=-163/552 10-11=-167/966

```
WEBS
                4-15=0/334, 4-13=-796/277, 6-13=-966/121, 6-11=-314/1323, 8-11=-583/369
```

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

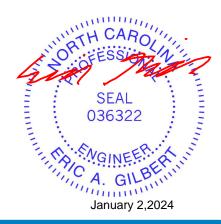
2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-9-2 to 3-7-11, Interior(1) 3-7-11 to 18-11-8, Exterior(2) 18-11-8 to 23-4-5, Interior(1) 23-4-5 to 37-8-0 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

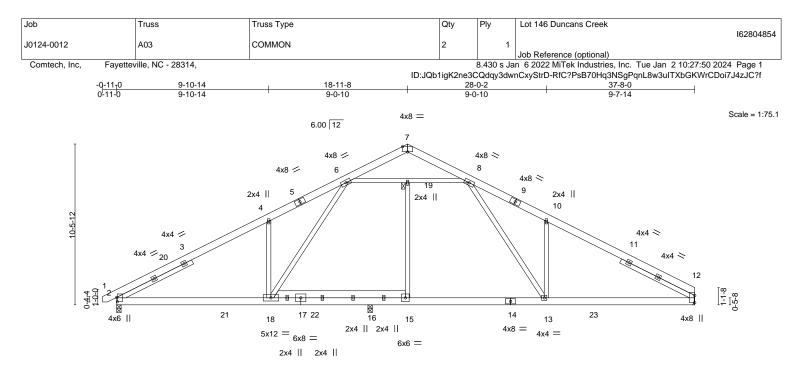
5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=107, 10=122.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design that the operating of the second se and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)





	9-10-14	+ <u>16-4-8</u> 6-5-10	<u>28-0-2</u> 11-7-10	<u>37-8-0</u> 9-7-14	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-6,0-0-8], [7:0-4-0,Edge]				
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl	L/d PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.52	Vert(LL) -0.38 13-15 >663	360 MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.66	Vert(CT) -0.50 13-15 >505	240	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.42	Horz(CT) 0.06 12 n/a	n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S	Wind(LL) 0.12 2-18 >999	240 Weight: 291 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x6 SP No.1BOT CHORD2x6 SP No.1

 WEBS
 2x4 SP No.2

 SLIDER
 Left 2x4 SP No.2 5-5-10, Right 2x4 SP No.2 5-4-10

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

JOINTS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-5-15 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Brace at Jt(s): 19

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 12=Mechanical, 16=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=-134(LC 8) Max Uplift 2=-139(LC 12), 12=-139(LC 13)

Max Grav 2=1400(LC 2), 12=1457(LC 2), 16=755(LC 18)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-4=-2206/599, 4-6=-2108/752, 6-7=-338/177, 7-8=-312/184, 8-10=-2347/724,

10-12=-2426/573

 BOT CHORD
 2-18=-370/1878, 16-18=-255/1532, 15-16=-255/1532, 13-15=-255/1532, 12-13=-338/2030

 WEBS
 8-13=-181/1077, 10-13=-542/291, 4-18=-573/315, 6-19=-1325/466, 8-19=-1325/466, 6-18=-226/766

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-9-2 to 3-7-11, Interior(1) 3-7-11 to 18-11-8, Exterior(2) 18-11-8 to 23-0-15, Interior(1) 23-0-15 to 37-8-0 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

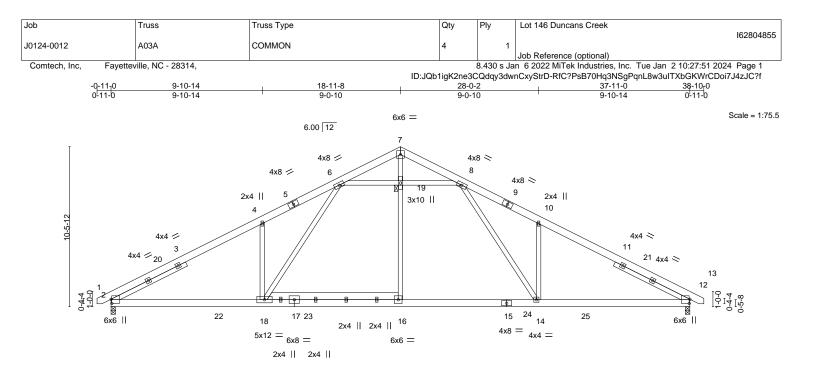
4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=139, 12=139.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)



	F	<u>9-10-14</u> 9-10-14			<u>11-8</u>)-10		28-0-2 9-0-10			<u>37-11-0</u> 9-10-14	4
Plate Offse	ets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-6,0-0-9], [12:0-3-6	,0-0-9]								
LOADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in (loc) l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.47	Vert(LL)	-0.25 14-16	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.55	Vert(CT)	-0.33 14-16	>999	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.33	Horz(CT)	0.08 1	2 n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/T	PI2014	Matrix	-S	Wind(LL)	0.12 1	3 >999	240	Weight: 297 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD	2x6 SP No.1
BOT CHORD	2x6 SP No.1
WEBS	2x4 SP No.2
SLIDER	Left 2x4 SP No.2 5-5-10, Right 2x4 SP No.2 5-5-10

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

JOINTS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-5-2 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Brace at Jt(s): 19

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=-131(LC 8) Max Uplift 2=-101(LC 12), 12=-101(LC 13) Max Grav 2=1780(LC 2), 12=1784(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-4=-3010/511, 4-6=-2904/663, 6-7=-967/88, 7-8=-965/88, 8-10=-2917/663, 10-12=-3020/511

- 2-18=-304/2595, 16-18=-196/2153, 14-16=-196/2153, 12-14=-303/2561
- BOT CHORD 16-19=0/715, 8-14=-222/906, 10-14=-561/315, 4-18=-561/315, 6-19=-1342/478, WEBS 8-19=-1342/478, 6-18=-221/889, 7-19=0/742

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-9-2 to 3-7-11, Interior(1) 3-7-11 to 18-11-8, Exterior(2) 18-11-8 to 23-0-15, Interior(1) 23-0-15 to 38-8-2 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

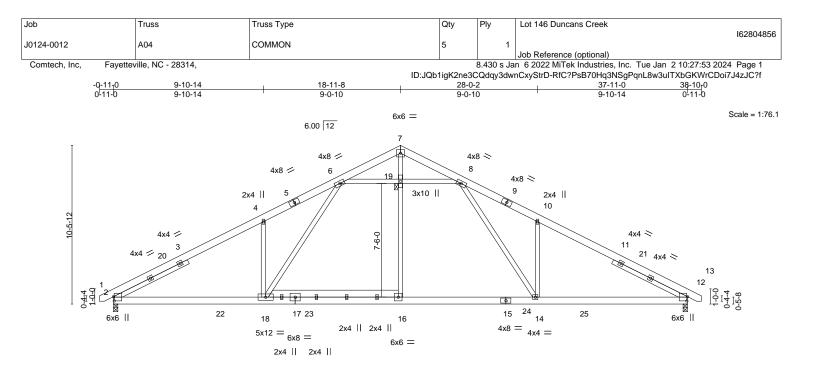
This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=101, 12=101.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent bucking of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



	9-10-14	18-11-8	28-0-2	37-11-0	1
	9-10-14	9-0-10	9-0-10	9-10-14	1
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-6,0-0-9], [12:0-3-6,0-0-9]				
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/d	lefi L/d PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.47	Vert(LL) -0.25 14-16 >9	99 360 MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.55	Vert(CT) -0.33 14-16 >9	99 240	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.33	Horz(CT) 0.08 12 r	n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S	Wind(LL) 0.12 18 >9	99 240 Weight: 297	7 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD	2x6 SP No.1
BOT CHORD	2x6 SP No.1
WEBS	2x4 SP No.2
SLIDER	Left 2x4 SP No.2 5-5-10, Right 2x4 SP No.2 5-5-10

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

JOINTS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-5-2 oc purlins.
 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
 1 Brace at Jt(s): 19

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=131(LC 9) Max Uplift 2=-101(LC 12), 12=-101(LC 13) Max Grav 2=1780(LC 2), 12=1784(LC 2)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

- TOP CHORD 2-4=-3010/512, 4-6=-2904/666, 6-7=-967/88, 7-8=-965/88, 8-10=-2917/665, 10-12=-3020/512
- BOT CHORD 2-18=-303/2595, 16-18=-195/2153, 14-16=-195/2153, 12-14=-304/2561
- WEBS 8-14=-222/906, 10-14=-561/315, 4-18=-561/315, 6-18=-221/889, 16-19=0/715, 7-19=0/742, 6-19=-1342/479, 8-19=-1342/479

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-9-2 to 3-7-11, Interior(1) 3-7-11 to 18-11-8, Exterior(2) 18-11-8 to 23-0-15, Interior(1) 23-0-15 to 38-8-2 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

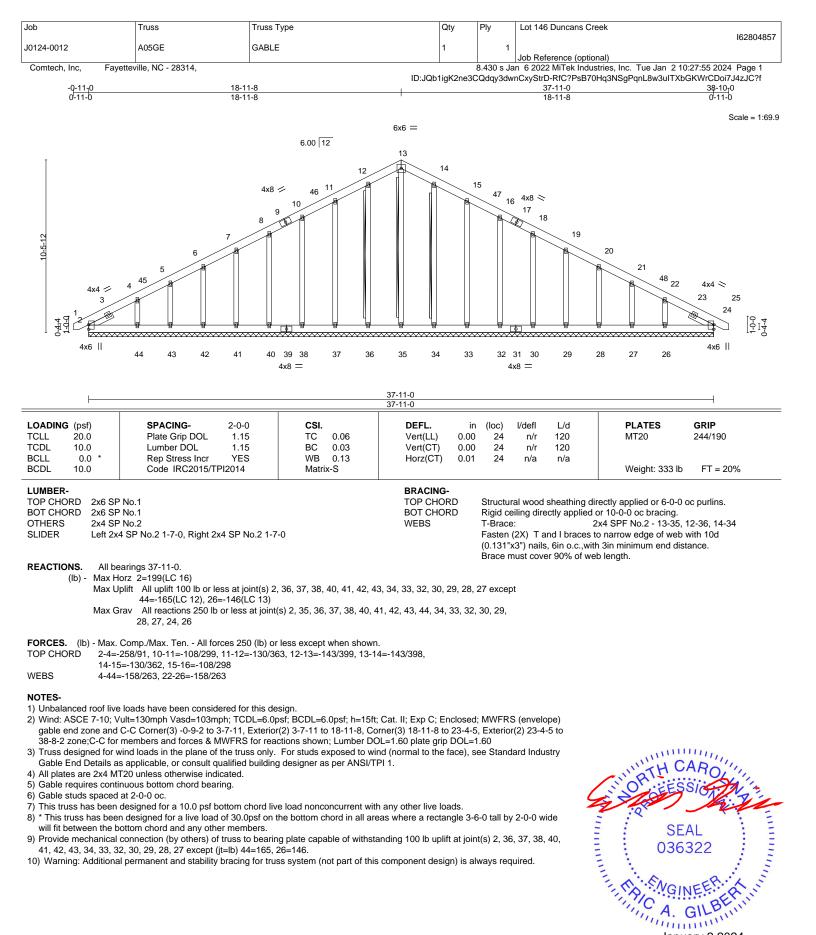
5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=101, 12=101.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)



818 Soundside Road

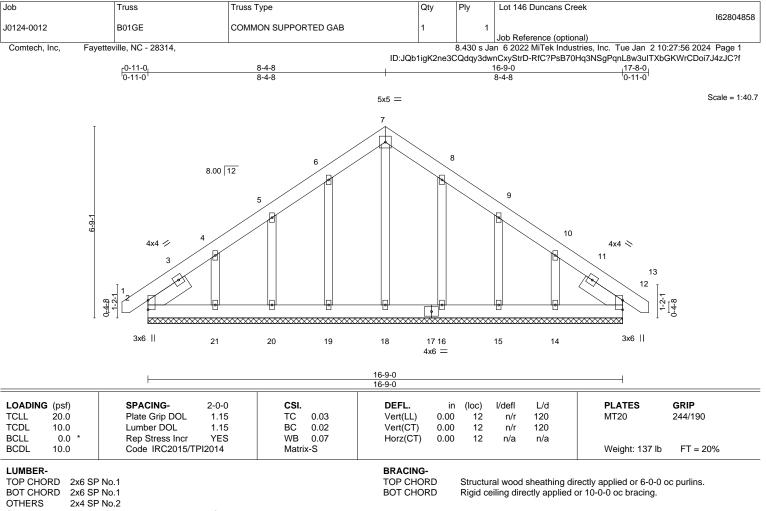


WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Asociation (www.sbcacomponents.com)

A MiTek A 818 Soundside Road

Edenton, NC 27932

January 2,2024



SLIDER Left 2x6 SP No.1 1-7-11, Right 2x6 SP No.1 1-7-11

REACTIONS. All bearings 16-9-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-186(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 19, 20, 16, 15, 12 except 21=-159(LC 12), 14=-147(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 18, 19, 20, 21, 16, 15, 14, 12

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-9-7 to 3-7-6, Exterior(2) 3-7-6 to 8-4-8, Corner(3) 8-4-8 to 12-9-5, Exterior(2) 12-9-5 to 17-6-7 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

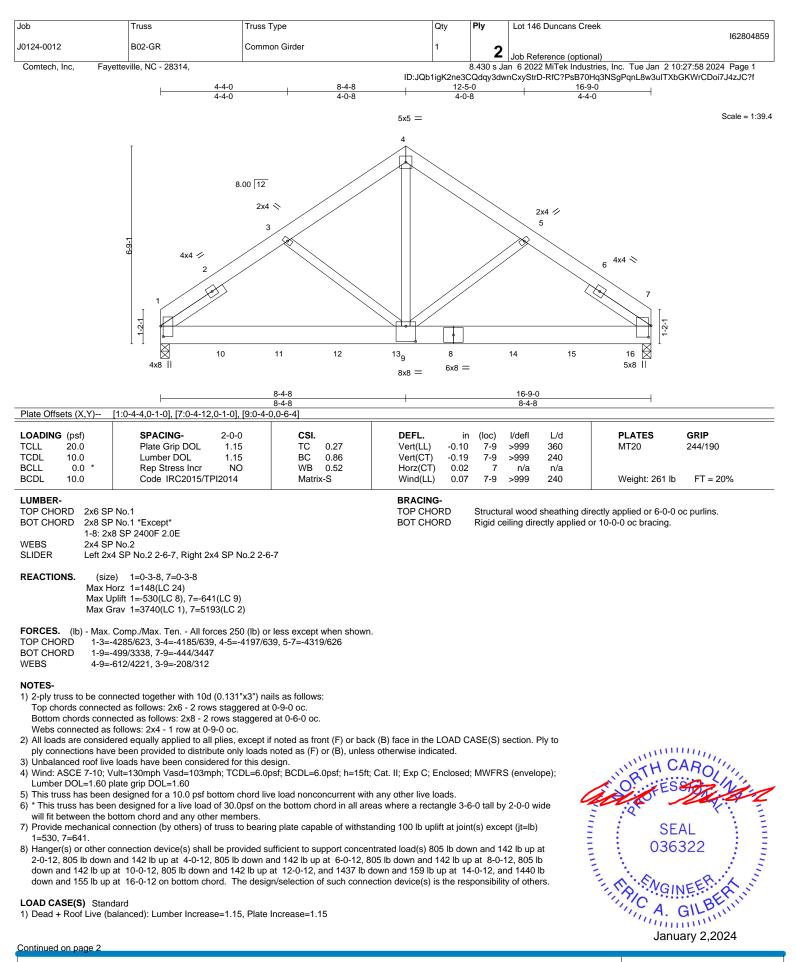
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 19, 20, 16, 15, 12 except (jt=lb) 21=159, 14=147.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)





WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Lot 146 Duncans Creek
					162804859
J0124-0012	B02-GR	Common Girder	1	2	
				_	Job Reference (optional)
Comtech, Inc, Fayettev	rille, NC - 28314,			8.430 s Ja	n 6 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jan 2 10:27:58 2024 Page 2
		ID:JQb	1igK2ne30	Qdqy3dw	nCxyStrD-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

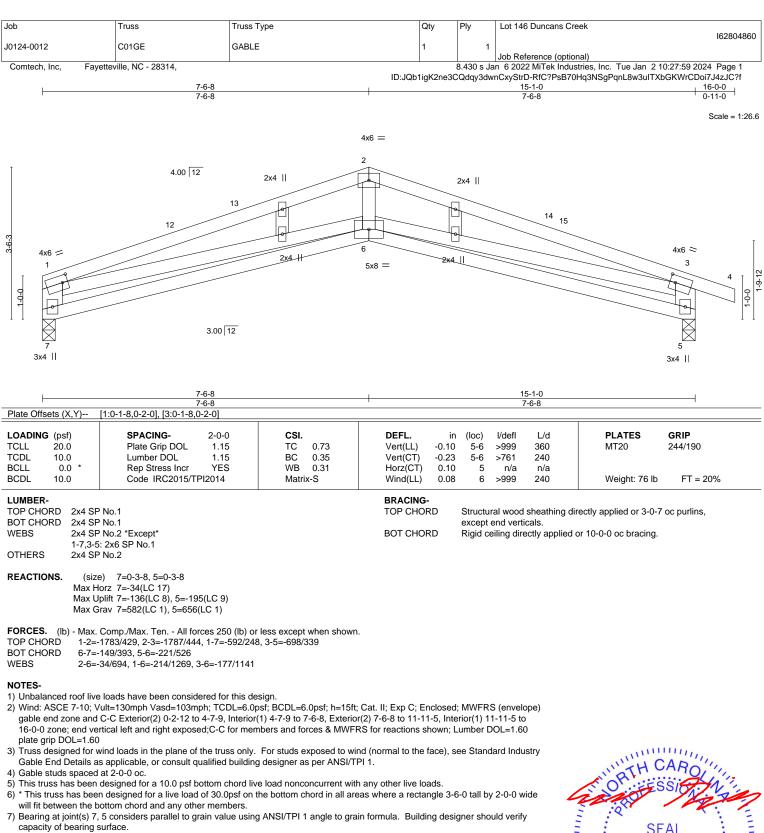
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-7=-60, 1-7=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 8=-805(B) 10=-805(B) 11=-805(B) 12=-805(B) 13=-805(B) 14=-805(B) 15=-1367(B) 16=-1370(B)

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent outlapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)





 Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 7=136, 5=195.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)

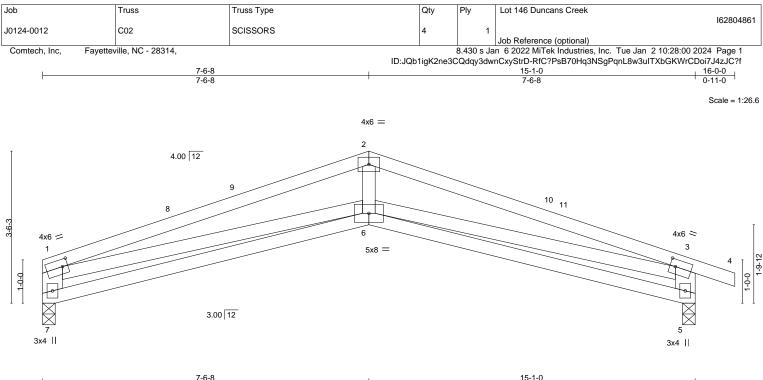


Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[1:0-1-8,0-2-0], [3:0-1-8,0	-2-0]							7-6-8		
OADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.73	Vert(LL)	-0.10	5-6	>999	360	MT20	244/190
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.35	Vert(CT)	-0.23	5-6	>761	240		
CLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.31	Horz(CT)	0.10	5	n/a	n/a		
SCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TF	912014	Matri	k-S	Wind(LL)	0.07	6	>999	240	Weight: 75 lb	FT = 20%

 LUMBER BRACING

 TOP CHORD
 2x4 SP No.1
 TOP CHORD
 Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-0-7 oc purlins, except end verticals.

 BOT CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*
 BOT CHORD
 BOT CHORD

 1-7,3-5: 2x6 SP No.1
 BOT CHORD
 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 7=0-3-8, 5=0-3-8 Max Horz 7=-19(LC 17) Max Uplift 7=-46(LC 8), 5=-88(LC 9) Max Grav 7=582(LC 1), 5=656(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-1783/429, 2-3=-1787/444, 1-7=-592/248, 3-5=-698/339

BOT CHORD 6-7=-144/393, 5-6=-200/526

WEBS 2-6=-34/694, 1-6=-214/1269, 3-6=-177/1141

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-2-12 to 4-7-9, Interior(1) 4-7-9 to 7-6-8, Exterior(2) 7-6-8 to 11-11-5, Interior(1) 11-11-5 to 16-0-0 zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

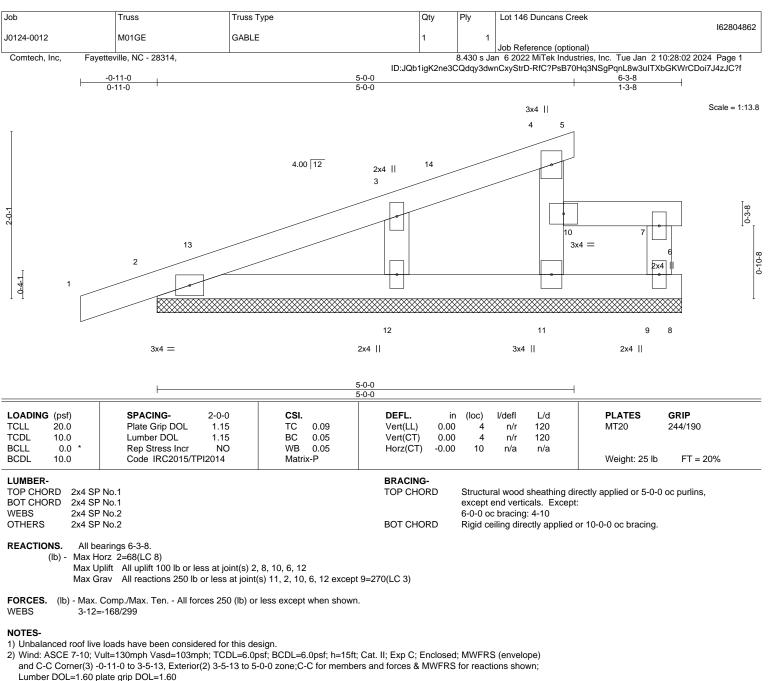
4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Bearing at joint(s) 7, 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7, 5.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)



- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

8) Bearing at joint(s) 10 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8, 10, 6, 12.

10) Magnitude of user added load(s) on this truss have been applied uniformly across all gravity load cases with no adjustments.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

 Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

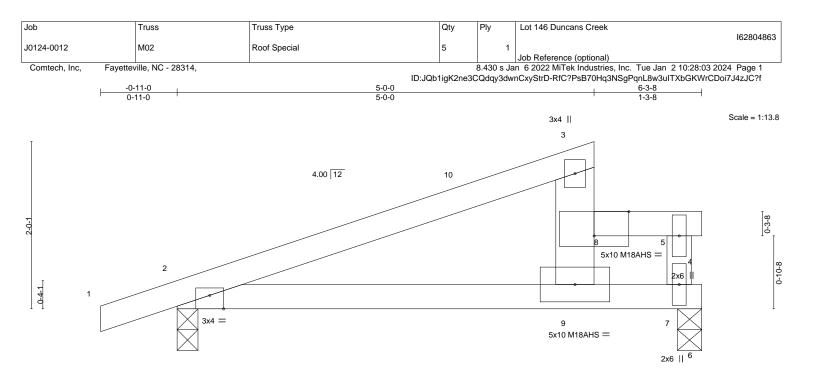
Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-5=-20, 2-8=-20, 7-10=-170, 6-7=-20



ute (www.tpinst.org) and soundside Road

Edenton, NC 27932

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)



			0-0				6-3-8	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-2-0,Edge], [8:0-5-0,Edge]	5-	0-0				1-3-8	
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	n (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.41	Vert(LL) -0.0	3 2-9	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.79	Vert(CT) -0.0	6 2-9	>999	240	M18AHS	186/179
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.10	Horz(CT) -0.0	17	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S	Wind(LL) 0.1	0 2-9	>711	240	Weight: 25 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-					

LUMBER-		BRACING-	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.1	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-0 oc purlins,
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.1		except end verticals. Except:
WEBS	2x6 SP No.1 *Except*		10-0-0 oc bracing: 3-8
	5-7: 2x4 SP No.2	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-9-14 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-0, 7=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=66(LC 8) Max Uplift 2=-173(LC 8), 7=-314(LC 8) Max Grav 2=410(LC 1), 7=705(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

- TOP CHORD 2-3=-566/766, 8-9=-264/303 BOT CHORD 2-9=-776/492
- BOT CHORD 2-9=-776/492 WEBS 5-7=-354/559

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-11-0 to 3-5-13, Interior(1) 3-5-13 to 4-9-4 zone; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=173, 7=314.
- 7) Magnitude of user added load(s) on this truss have been applied uniformly across all gravity load cases with no adjustments.
- 8) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s). The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

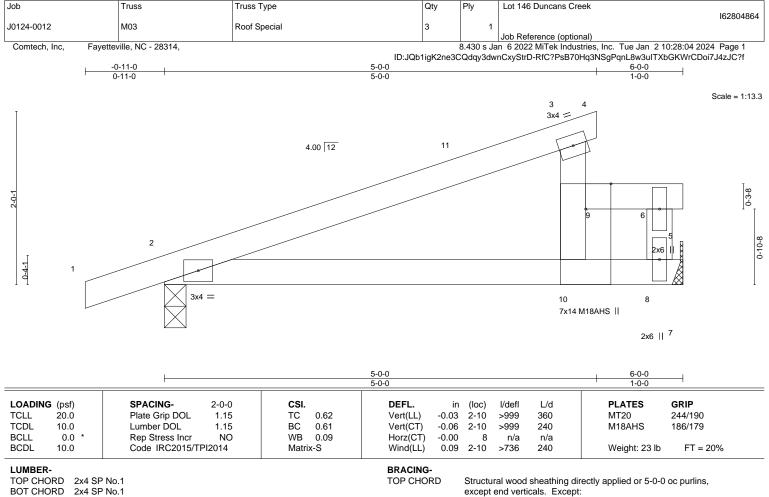
LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- 1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 2-6=-20, 5-8=-130, 4-5=-20
 - Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 8=-460



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)



 TOP CHORD
 Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-0 oc purlins except end verticals. Except:

 6-0-0 oc bracing: 3-9

 BOT CHORD
 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:

 7-7-3 oc bracing: 2-10.

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-0, 8=Mechanical

2x4 SP No.2

Max Horz 2=68(LC 8) Max Uplift 2=-155(LC 8), 8=-259(LC 8)

Max Grav 2=372(LC 1), 8=603(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-455/576

BOT CHORD 2-10=-608/392 WEBS 6-8=-348/534

NOTES-

WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-11-0 to 3-5-13, Interior(1) 3-5-13 to 5-0-0 zone; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for

reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=155, 8=259.

8) Magnitude of user added load(s) on this truss have been applied uniformly across all gravity load cases with no adjustments.

9) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s). The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-4=-20, 2-7=-20, 6-9=-30(F=-10), 5-6=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

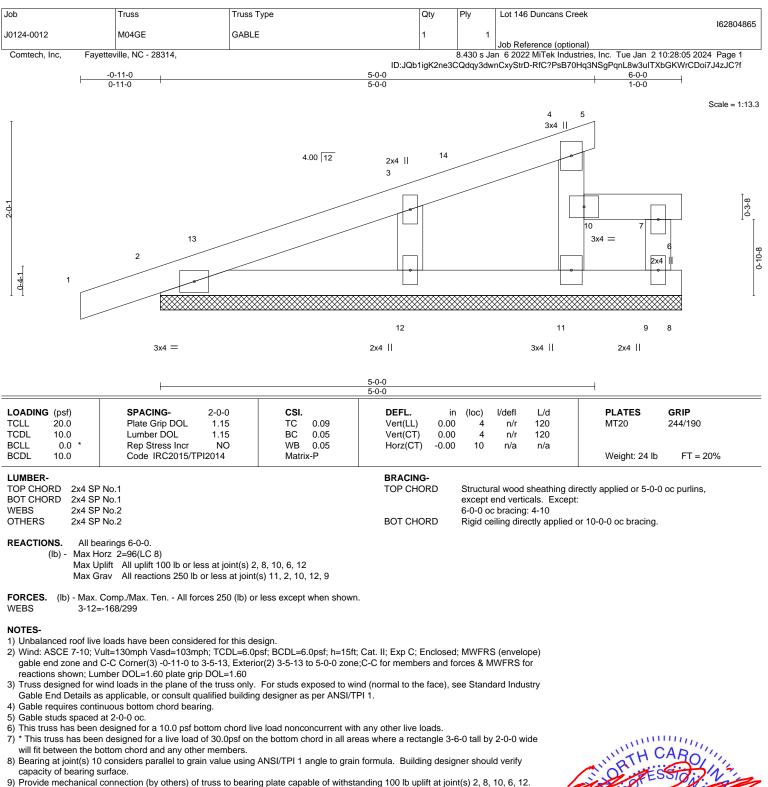
Vert: 9=-460



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)



818 Soundside Road



LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-5=-20, 2-8=-20, 7-10=-30, 6-7=-20



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)

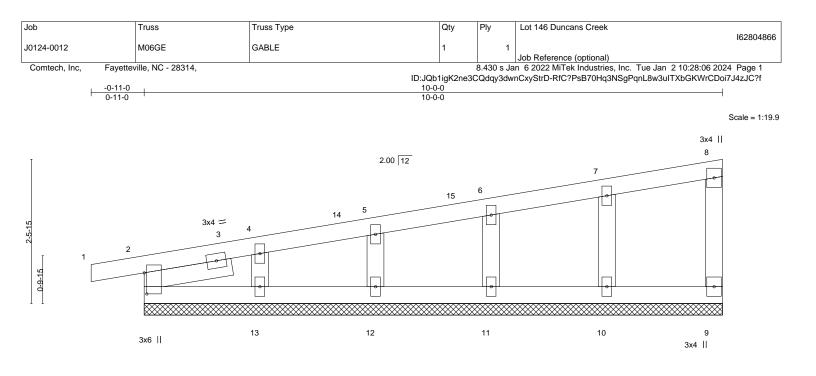


Plate Offsets (X Y)-- [2:0-4-6 0-0-9]

LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL	2-0-0 1.15	CSI. TC	0.06	DEFL. Vert(LL)	in 0.00	(loc) 1	l/defl n/r	L/d 120	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.02	Vert(CT)	0.00	1	n/r	120		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.03	Horz(CT)	-0.00	9	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TP	12014	Matrix	k-S						Weight: 43 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-					BRACING-						
TOP CHORD 2x4 SF	P No.1				TOP CHOP	RD	Structu	ral wood	sheathing di	rectly applied or 6-0-0	oc purlins,
BOT CHORD 2x4 SF	P No.1						except	end verti	cals.		
WEBS 2x4 SF	P No.2				BOT CHOP	RD	Rigid c	eiling dire	ectly applied	or 10-0-0 oc bracing.	
	No 2										

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.2 SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.2 1-6-11

REACTIONS. All bearings 10-0-0.

 (Ib) - Max Horz 2=87(LC 12) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 9, 2, 10, 11, 12, 13 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 9, 2, 10, 11, 12, 13

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-11-0 to 3-5-13, Exterior(2) 3-5-13 to 9-10-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

3) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

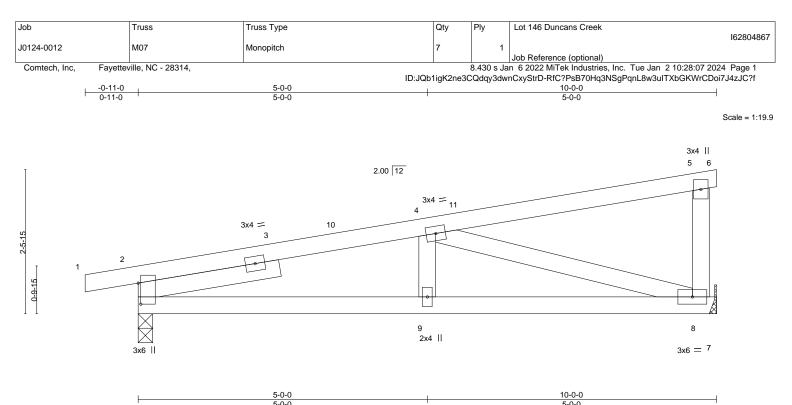
6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide

will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 9, 2, 10, 11, 12, 13.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



ate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-4-6,0-0-9]		1		Γ
OADING (psf) CLL 20.0 CDL 10.0 CLL 0.0 CDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0- Plate Grip DOL 1.1 Lumber DOL 1.1 Rep Stress Incr YE Code IRC2015/TPI2014	5 TC 0.21 5 BC 0.19 5 WB 0.30	DEFL. in Vert(LL) 0.00 Vert(CT) -0.04 Horz(CT) 0.07	4 2-9 >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 46 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 WEBS 2x4 SP No.2 SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.2 2-6-0			BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing dir except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied o	ectly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, or 6-9-9 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 8=Mechanical, 2=0-3-0 Max Horz 2=62(LC 12) Max Uplift 8=-157(LC 8), 2=-177(LC 8) Max Grav 8=398(LC 1), 2=447(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-4=-800/779

BOT CHORD 2-9=-819/738, 8-9=-819/738

WEBS 4-8=-709/778, 4-9=-255/203

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-11-0 to 3-5-13, Interior(1) 3-5-13 to 10-0-0 zone; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

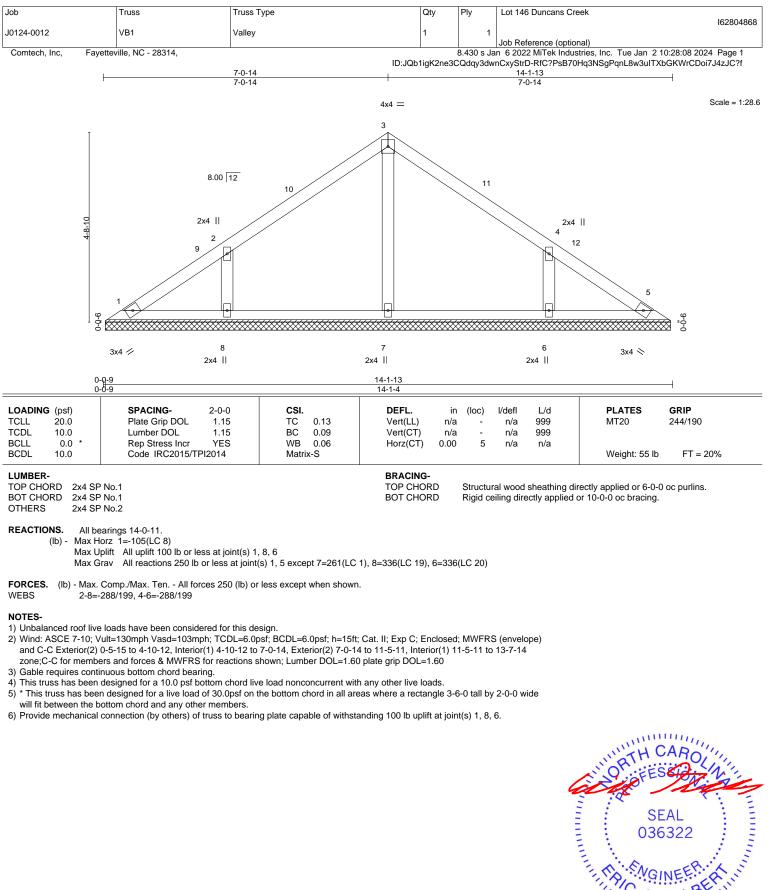
5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 8=157, 2=177.

SEAL 036322 January 2,2024

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



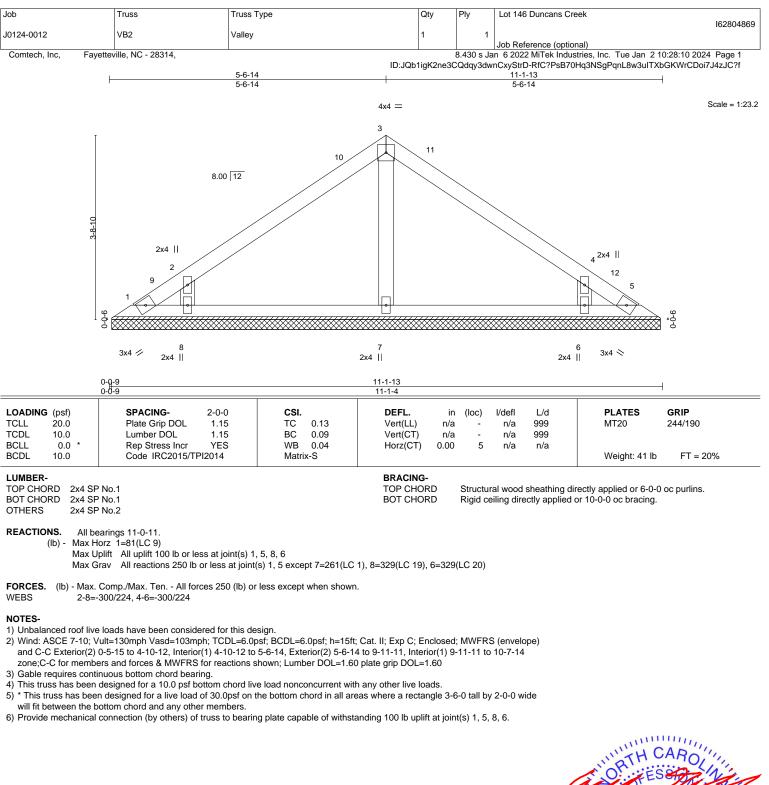
818 Soundside Road



G mmm January 2,2024

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent bucking of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



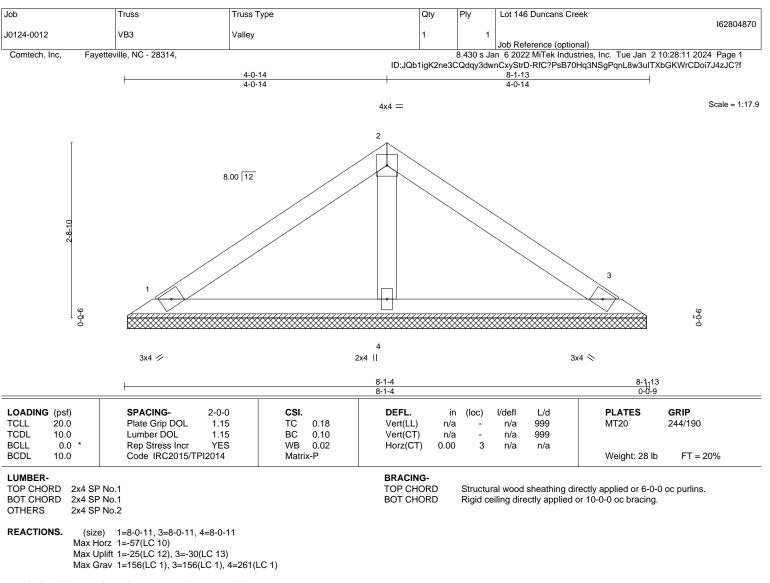




WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)



818 Soundside Road



FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope)

and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

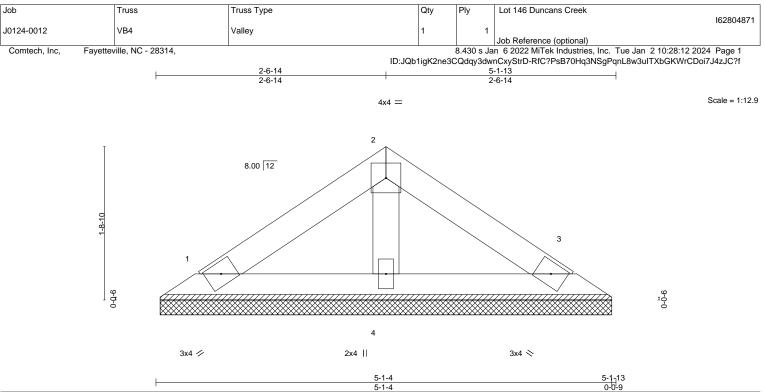
3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



		I				5-1-4					0-0-9	
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.05	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.03	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.01	Horz(CT)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TI	PI2014	Matri	x-P						Weight: 17 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 2x4 SP No.2

TOP CHORD

OTHERS

REACTIONS. 1=5-0-11, 3=5-0-11, 4=5-0-11 (size) Max Horz 1=-33(LC 8) Max Uplift 1=-14(LC 12), 3=-18(LC 13) Max Grav 1=91(LC 1), 3=91(LC 1), 4=152(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope)

and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

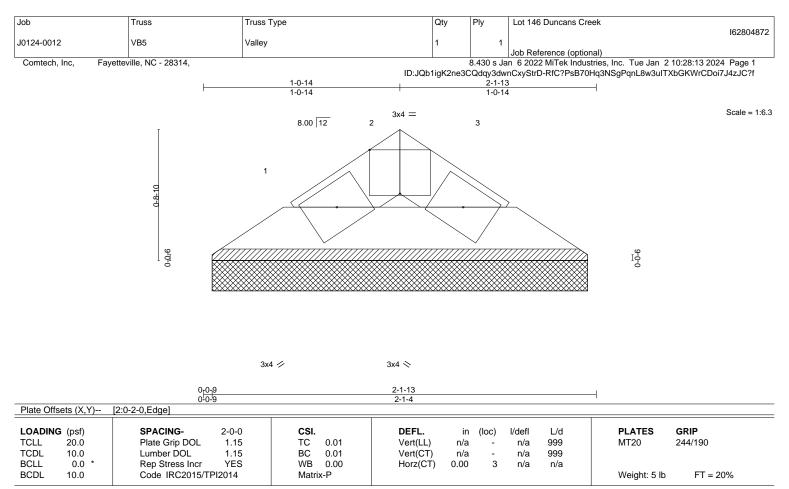


Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-1-13 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and PCB Building Component Science Michael Component Advancing Component Advancing Component Advancing and PCB and Component Advancing Component Compone and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)





BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.1BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.1

REACTIONS. (size) 1=2-0-11, 3=2-0-11 Max Horz 1=9(LC 9) Max Uplift 1=-2(LC 12), 3=-2(LC 13) Max Grav 1=46(LC 1), 3=46(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope)

and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

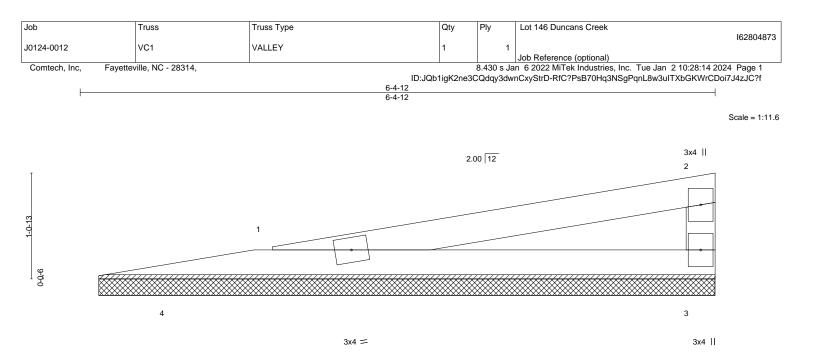


Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-1-13 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcaccomponents.com)





0-2-4 0-2-4			6-4-12 6-2-8				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.26 BC 0.11 WB 0.00 Matrix-P	DEFL. in Vert(LL) n/a Vert(CT) n/a Horz(CT) -0.00	a - n/a 999	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 17 lb FT = 20%		
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x4 SF			BRACING- TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing d	lirectly applied or 6-4-12 oc purlins,		
WEBS 2x4 SF	P No.2		BOT CHORD				
	e) 1=6-2-8, 3=6-2-8, 4=6-2-8 lorz 4=24(LC 8) lplift 3=-26(LC 8), 4=-59(LC 3)						

Max Grav 1=245(LC 3), 3=164(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3, 4.

5) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and PCB Building Component Science Michael Component Advancing Component Advancing Component Advancing and PCB and Component Advancing Component Compone and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



