

Trenco

818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: ELV B CP 3CG

Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Builders FirstSource-Apex,NC.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I61390496 thru I61390528

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2023.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



October 16,2023

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	A01	Common	10	1	Job Reference (optional)	61390496

Run: 8.63 S Aug 30 2023 Print: 8.630 S Aug 30 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 12 18:28:10 ID:Be0VNTHUdJV1PMEhy0ydXfzlBVu-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1

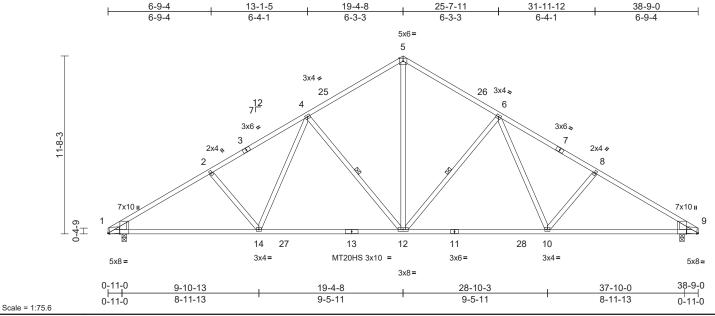


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [1:0-1-1,Edge], [1:0-0-8,Edge], [9:0-1-1,Edge], [9:0-0-8,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.92	Vert(LL)	-0.36	12-14	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	13.2/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.96	Vert(CT)	-0.63	10-12	>735	180	MT20HS	187/143
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.49	Horz(CT)	0.10	9	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 212 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 1-3,7-9:2x4 SP No.1

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE Left: 2x6 SP No.2

Right: 2x6 SP DSS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

2-2-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc

bracing.

WEBS 1 Row at midpt 6-12, 4-12 REACTIONS 1=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8 (size)

Max Horiz 1=219 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 1=-38 (LC 16), 9=-38 (LC 17)

Max Grav 1=1555 (LC 29), 9=1555 (LC 30)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-2250/179, 2-4=-2067/198,

4-5=-1554/225, 5-6=-1554/225, 6-8=-2068/198, 8-9=-2250/179

BOT CHORD 1-14=-181/1983, 12-14=-42/1722,

10-12=0/1611, 9-10=-73/1819

WFBS 5-12=-118/1192, 6-12=-627/177 6-10=-5/378, 8-10=-212/148, 2-14=-212/148,

4-14=-5/378, 4-12=-627/177

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone: cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33

- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=13.2 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for slope.
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- All bearings are assumed to be SP No.1 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 38 lb uplift at joint 1 and 38 lb uplift at joint 9.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



October 16,2023

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Ply Job Truss Truss Type Otv Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof 161390497 ELV B CP 3CG A01G 1 Common Supported Gable Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource (Apex, NC), Apex, NC - 27523,

Run: 8.63 S Aug 30 2023 Print: 8.630 S Aug 30 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 12 18:28:12 ID:s1rkApFfouah?fL3epONnXzlBUe-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

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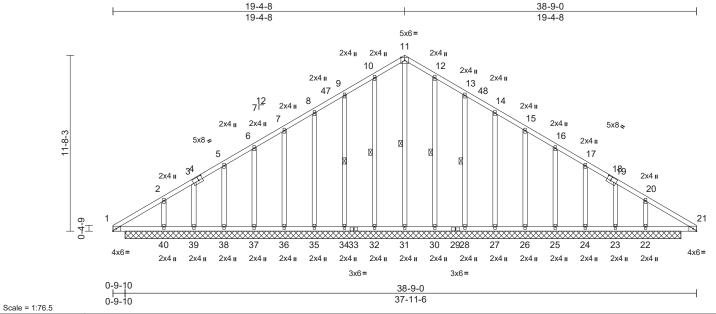


Plate Offsets (X,	Y)·	[3:0-3-4 0-3-0]	[18:0-3-4 0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.27	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	13.2/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.25	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.21	Horiz(TL)	-0.01	22	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 281 lb	FT = 20%

BCDL	10.0				
LUMBER			FORCES	(lb) - Maximum Compression	on/Maximum
TOP CHORD BOT CHORD OTHERS BRACING TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 Structural wood she 10-0-0 oc purlins.	athing directly applied or	TOP CHORD	Tension 1-2=-79/288, 2-3=-81/270, 5-6=-10/251, 6-7=0/259, 7-8-9=-60/276, 9-10=-93/288 11-12=-124/308, 12-13=-9: 13-14=-60/272, 14-15=-28/ 16-17=-3/247, 17-19=-20/2	-8=-28/268, 3, 10-11=-124/308, 3/285, /264, 15-16=0/256,
BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly bracing.	applied or 6-0-0 oc		19-20=-73/263, 20-21=-75/	,
WEBS	1 Row at midpt	11-31, 10-32, 9-34, 12-30, 13-28	BOT CHORD	1-40=-229/101, 39-40=-229 38-39=-225/98, 37-38=-229	5/98,
REACTIONS	24=36-11 26=36-11 28=36-11 31=36-11 34=36-11 36=36-11 40=36-11 Max Horiz 40=-219 Max Uplift 22=-78 (L 24=-16 (L 26=-32 (L 28=-39 (L		WEBS	36-37=-225/98, 35-36=-22: 34-35=-225/98, 32-34=-22: 28-30=-225/98, 20-31=-22: 28-30=-225/98, 27-28=-22: 26-27=-225/98, 25-26=-22: 24-25=-225/98, 23-24=-22: 22-23=-225/98, 21-22=-22: 11-31=-318/26, 10-32=-18: 9-34=-152/63, 8-35=-123/56-37=-122/59, 5-38=-136/52-40=-238/68, 12-30=-189; 3-28=-152/63, 14-27=-12: 15-26=-122/57, 16-25=-12: 17-24=-136/53, 19-23=-12: 20-22=-238/66	/98, /98, /98, /98, /98, /98, /98, /45, 5, 7-36=-122/57, 3, 3-39=-130/95, 14, /56, /59,
	37=-39 (L 39=-142 Max Grav 22=392 (I 24=196 (I 26=162 (I 28=192 (I	C 16), 36=-32 (LC 16), C 16), 38=-17 (LC 17), (LC 13), 40=-86 (LC 17), C 34), 23=186 (LC 15), C 34), 25=163 (LC 30), LC 34), 27=163 (LC 30), LC 33), 30=229 (LC 23),	this design. 2) Wind: ASCE Vasd=91mp II; Exp B; Er and C-C Ex	I roof live loads have been of 5 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-sec 5h; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0 10closed; MWFRS (envelope 10closed; MWFRS (antilever le 10closed; antilever le 10closed; MYFRS (antilever le 10closed; MYFRS (cond gust) Opsf; h=30ft; Cat. e) exterior zone ft and right

at. and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=13.2 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for
- 6) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing



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Continued on page 2

Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

31=358 (LC 32), 32=229 (LC 22),

34=192 (LC 22), 35=163 (LC 29),

36=162 (LC 33), 37=164 (LC 29),

38=196 (LC 33), 39=195 (LC 14),

40=392 (LC 33)

WARNING - Veniry design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITTER REFERENCE PAGE MIT-473 rev. 17/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITE&® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see _ANSI/TP1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	A01G	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	161390497

Run: 8.63 S Aug 30 2023 Print: 8.630 S Aug 30 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 12 18:28:12 ID: s1rkApF fou ah? fL3epONnXzIBUe-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC? full for the following property of the fol

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11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 21 lb uplift at joint 32, 39 lb uplift at joint 34, 32 lb uplift at joint 35, 32 lb uplift at joint 36, 39 lb uplift at joint 37, 17 lb uplift at joint 38, 142 lb uplift at joint 39, 86 lb uplift at joint 40, 20 lb uplift at joint 30, 39 lb uplift at joint 28, 32 lb uplift at joint 27, 32 lb uplift at joint 26, 38 lb uplift at joint 25, 16 lb uplift at joint 24, 132 lb uplift at joint 23 and 78 lb uplift at joint 22.

12) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

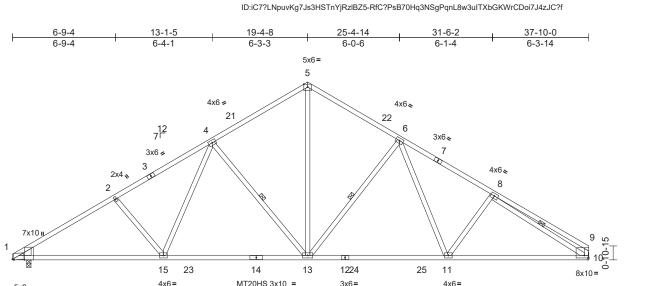
LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	A03	Common	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	161390498

11-8-3

0-4-9

Run: 8.63 S Aug 30 2023 Print: 8.630 S Aug 30 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 12 18:28:13



Scale = 1:75.6

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [1:0-1-1,Edge], [1:0-0-8,Edge], [10:Edge,0-2-0]

9-10-13

8-11-13

5x8=

0-11-0

0-11-0

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.93	Vert(LL)	-0.34	13-15	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	13.2/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.95	Vert(CT)	-0.61	13-15	>742	180	MT20HS	187/143
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.59	Horz(CT)	0.09	10	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 219 lb	FT = 20%

19-4-8

9-5-11

4x8=

28-5-8

9-1-0

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 1-3:2x4 SP No.1

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE Left: 2x6 SP DSS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

2-2-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing, Except:

2-2-0 oc bracing: 1-15 **WEBS** 1 Row at midpt

8-10, 6-13, 4-13 REACTIONS 1=0-3-8. 10= Mechanical (size)

Max Horiz 1=226 (LC 15)

Max Uplift 1=-38 (LC 16), 10=-32 (LC 17)

Max Grav 1=1551 (LC 29), 10=1476 (LC 30)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-2246/178, 2-4=-2063/197,

4-5=-1544/225, 5-6=-1536/226, 6-8=-2091/203, 8-9=-480/80, 9-10=-371/75

1-15=-182/1978, 13-15=-43/1716, **BOT CHORD**

11-13=-16/1589, 10-11=-96/1795 5-13=-119/1178, 8-10=-1807/112,

6-13=-618/170, 6-11=-12/436,

8-11=-207/159, 2-15=-212/148, 4-15=-4/385

4-13=-630/176

NOTES

WFBS

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone: cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33

- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=13.2 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for slope.
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- Bearings are assumed to be: Joint 1 SP No.1 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- 10) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 38 lb uplift at joint 1 and 32 lb uplift at joint 10.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



37-10-0

9-4-8

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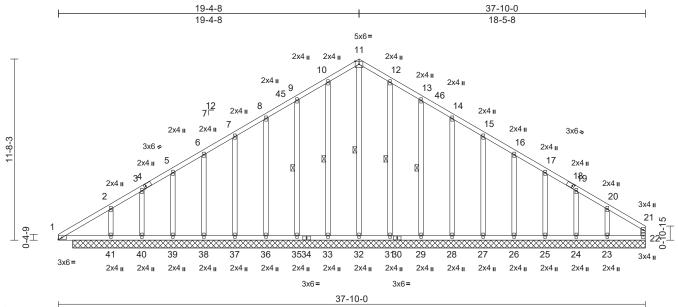


Job Truss Truss Type Otv Ply Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof 161390499 ELV B CP 3CG A03G 1 Common Supported Gable Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource (Apex, NC), Apex, NC - 27523,

Run: 8.63 S Aug 30 2023 Print: 8.630 S Aug 30 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 12 18:28:14 ID:G9akxTit4GFRxLgAJ5Y3mKzlBU3-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

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Scale = 1:74.3

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [4	:0-1-8,0-1-8], [18:0-1-8,0-1-8]
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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.27	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	13.2/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.21	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.21	Horiz(TL)	-0.01	22	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 279 lb	FT = 20%

L	U	M	В	E	R

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

10-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

WEBS 11-32, 10-33, 9-35, 1 Row at midpt 12-31, 13-29 22=36-11-0, 23=36-11-0, REACTIONS (size) 24=36-11-0, 25=36-11-0 26=36-11-0 27=36-11-0

> 28=36-11-0, 29=36-11-0, 31=36-11-0, 32=36-11-0 33=36-11-0, 35=36-11-0, 36=36-11-0, 37=36-11-0, 38=36-11-0, 39=36-11-0,

40=36-11-0, 41=36-11-0 Max Horiz 41=226 (LC 15)

Max Uplift 22=-165 (LC 15), 23=-99 (LC 17), 24=-13 (LC 17), 25=-38 (LC 17),

26=-32 (LC 17), 27=-33 (LC 17), 28=-32 (LC 17), 29=-38 (LC 17), 31=-23 (LC 17), 33=-19 (LC 16), 35=-40 (LC 16), 36=-32 (LC 16), 37=-33 (LC 16), 38=-36 (LC 16),

39=-22 (LC 16), 40=-78 (LC 16), 41=-9 (LC 17)

Max Grav 22=127 (LC 12), 23=321 (LC 30), 24=139 (LC 34), 25=174 (LC 30), 26=159 (LC 30), 27=162 (LC 30), 28=163 (LC 30), 29=193 (LC 23), 31=227 (LC 23), 32=358 (LC 31), 33=226 (LC 22), 35=185 (LC 22), 36=162 (LC 29), 37=163 (LC 29),

38=157 (LC 29), 39=191 (LC 2), 40=91 (LC 14), 41=369 (LC 2) (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension 1-2=-48/231, 2-3=-18/178, 3-5=0/193, 5-6=0/192, 6-7=-16/201, 7-8=-48/222,

8-9=-80/243, 9-10=-113/272, 10-11=-143/303, 11-12=-143/303, 12-13=-113/288, 13-14=-80/276, 14-15=-48/268, 15-16=-51/260,

16-17=-70/254 17-19=-93/268 19-20=-113/267, 20-21=-155/320,

21-22=-87/136 BOT CHORD

1-41=-166/72, 40-41=-244/140, 39-40=-244/140, 38-39=-244/140 37-38=-244/140, 36-37=-244/140, 35-36=-244/140, 33-35=-244/140,

32-33=-244/140, 31-32=-244/140, 29-31=-244/140, 28-29=-244/140, 27-28=-244/140, 26-27=-244/140,

25-26=-244/140, 24-25=-244/140, 23-24=-244/140, 22-23=-244/140 11-32=-318/45, 10-33=-186/42,

9-35=-145/64, 8-36=-122/56, 7-37=-122/57, 6-38=-120/58, 5-39=-134/53, 3-40=-85/74,

2-41=-227/63, 12-31=-187/47, 13-29=-153/62, 14-28=-123/56, 15-27=-122/57, 16-26=-121/57, 17-25=-127/60, 19-24=-108/48,

20-23=-204/95 **NOTES**

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design

Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown: Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33

Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=13.2 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for slope.
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design



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Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

WEBS

FORCES

TOP CHORD

building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	A03G	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	161390499

Run: 8.63 S Aug 30 2023 Print: 8.630 S Aug 30 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 12 18:28:14

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- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom
- chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 165 lb uplift at joint 22, 19 lb uplift at joint 33, 40 lb uplift at joint 35, 32 lb uplift at joint 36, 33 lb uplift at joint 37, 36 lb uplift at joint 38, 22 lb uplift at joint 39, 78 lb uplift at joint 40, 9 lb uplift at joint 41, 23 lb uplift at joint 31, 38 lb uplift at joint 29, 32 lb uplift at joint 28, 33 lb uplift at joint 27, 32 lb uplift at joint 26, 38 lb uplift at joint 25, 13 lb uplift at joint 24 and 99 lb uplift at joint 23.
- 12) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

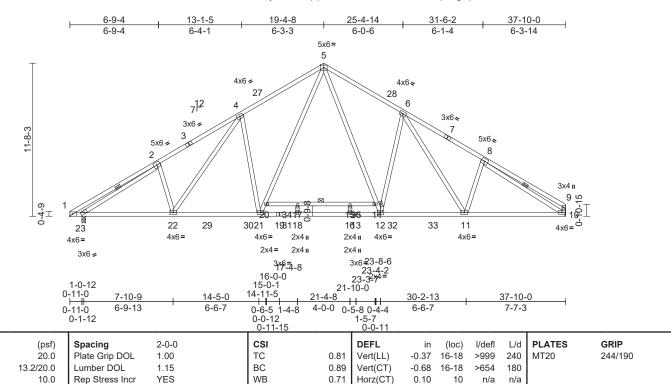


818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	A03H	Common	7	1	Job Reference (optional)	l61390500

Run: 8.63 S Aug 30 2023 Print: 8.630 S Aug 30 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 12 18:28:14 ID:jNLPutSCt6pqdlSQQ1DRE6zlBWz-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



LUMBER

Scale = 1:87.9

Loading

TCDL

BCLL

BCDL

TCLL (roof)

Snow (Ps/Pf)

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 *Except* 14-20:2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 21-5:2x4 SP No.2 WFBS

0.0

10.0

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing. Except: 6-0-0 oc bracing: 14-20

WERS 1 Row at midpt 2-23. 8-10

REACTIONS 10= Mechanical, 23=0-3-8 (size)

Max Horiz 23=226 (LC 15) Max Grav 10=1682 (LC 30), 23=1745 (LC 29)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-812/62, 2-4=-2575/151, 4-5=-2303/186,

5-6=-2225/179, 6-8=-2496/150, 8-9=-508/87,

9-10=-388/78

BOT CHORD 1-23=-15/610, 22-23=-61/2333,

21-22=0/2092, 18-21=0/1557, 16-18=0/1557,

12-16=0/1557, 11-12=0/1939,

10-11=-17/2087, 17-20=-29/6, 15-17=-29/6,

14-15=-29/6

2-23=-1886/25, 8-10=-2116/7

20-21=-116/1037, 5-20=-77/1134, 5-14=-64/1090, 12-14=-94/1004,

2-22=-217/165, 4-22=-106/365,

4-21=-554/230, 6-12=-535/219,

6-11=-98/351, 8-11=-195/171, 15-16=-105/0,

17-18=-68/0

NOTES

WEBS

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33

Matrix-MS

- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=13.2 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for slope.
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- Bearings are assumed to be: Joint 23 SP No.1 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Weight: 254 lb

FT = 20%

October 16,2023

IRC2015/TPI2014

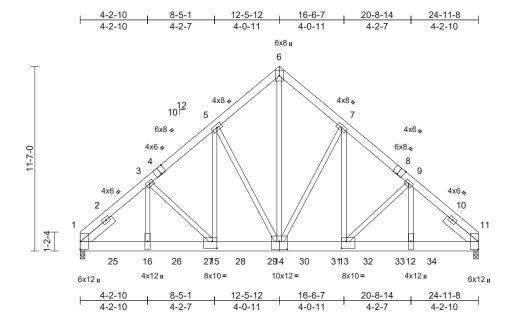


Job Truss Truss Type Otv Ply Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof 161390501 3 ELV B CP 3CG B01GR Common Girder Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource (Apex. NC), Apex. NC - 27523.

Run: 8.63 S Aug 30 2023 Print: 8.630 S Aug 30 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 12 18:28:15 ID:0qSBIjUG6KjQ1vAirZaJCRzlBIj-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:72.2

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [4:0-4-0,Edge], [8:0-4-0,Edge], [13:0-3-8,0-5-4], [14:0-6-0,0-6-0], [15:0-3-8,0-5-4]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.64	Vert(LL)	-0.09	15-16	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	10.1/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.36	Vert(CT)	-0.19	15-16	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.79	Horz(CT)	0.05	11	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 761 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No 2 **BOT CHORD** 2x8 SP DSS

WFBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 14-6:2x4 SP No.2 SLIDER Left 2x6 SP DSS -- 2-6-0, Right 2x6 SP DSS

BRACING

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing

REACTIONS 1=0-3-8, 11=0-3-8, (req. 0-3-9) (size)

1=-199 (LC 6) Max Horiz

Max Grav 1=10051 (LC 21), 11=10637 (LC

22)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension TOP CHORD

1-3=-11818/0. 3-5=-10347/0. 5-6=-8167/0. 6-7=-8166/0, 7-9=-10177/0, 9-11=-11442/0

BOT CHORD 1-16=0/8779, 15-16=0/8779, 13-15=0/8077,

12-13=0/8387, 11-12=0/8387

3-16=0/2044, 3-15=-982/0, 5-15=0/4388

5-14=-3720/0, 6-14=0/10042, 7-14=-3426/0,

7-13=0/4033, 9-13=-871/485,

9-12=-340/1809

NOTES

WFBS

- 3-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:
 - Top chords connected as follows: 2x6 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-4-0 oc.

Web connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc, Except member 3-16 2x4 - 2 rows staggered at 0-6-0

- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=10.1 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for slope.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- WARNING: Required bearing size at joint(s) 11 greater than input bearing size
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP DSS crushing capacity of 660 psi.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

12) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 1456 Ib down and 44 lb up at 2-0-12, 1662 lb down at 4-0-12, 1662 lb down at 6-0-12, 1662 lb down at 8-0-12, 1662 lb down at 10-0-12, 1662 lb down at 12-0-12, 1662 lb down at 14-0-12, 1662 lb down at 16-0-12, 1456 lb down and 44 lb up at 18-0-12, 1456 lb down and 44 lb up at 20-0-12, and 1456 lb down and 44 lb up at 22-0-12, and 1459 lb down and 42 lb up at 24-0-12 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

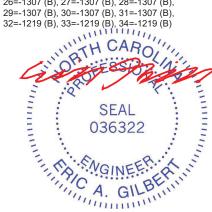
Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.00

Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-6=-40, 6-11=-40, 17-21=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 16=-1307 (B), 23=-1222 (B), 25=-1219 (B), 26=-1307 (B), 27=-1307 (B), 28=-1307 (B),



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WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	B02	Common	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	31390502

Run: 8.63 S Aug 30 2023 Print: 8.630 S Aug 30 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 12 18:28:16 ID:c5Td3hHYNCYRSqJ3fFsTmlzlBPR-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1

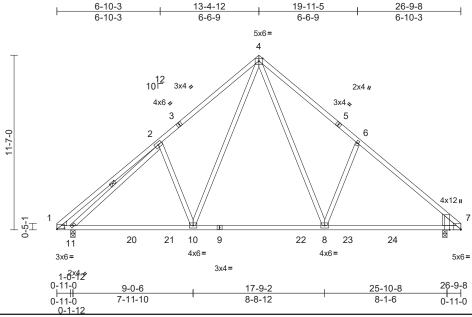


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [1:0-6-0,0-0-12], [7:Edge,0-0-8], [7:0-0-8,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.71	Vert(LL)	-0.24	8-10	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	10.1/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.90	Vert(CT)	-0.40	8-10	>782	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.36	Horz(CT)	0.04	7	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 161 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

Scale = 1:76.4

2x4 SP No 2 TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No 2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3 Right: 2x10 SP DSS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

3-11-2 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing. **WEBS** 1 Row at midpt

7=0-3-8, 11=0-3-8 REACTIONS (size)

Max Horiz 11=-216 (LC 10)

Max Uplift 7=-10 (LC 15), 11=-10 (LC 14)

Max Grav 7=1135 (LC 26), 11=1112 (LC 25)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-451/104, 2-4=-1173/233, 4-6=-1150/236, 6-7=-1246/122

BOT CHORD 1-11=-50/248, 10-11=-81/1013, 8-10=0/675,

7-8=-29/885

WEBS 4-8=-126/598, 6-8=-298/226, 4-10=-118/629,

2-10=-289/233, 2-11=-926/41

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone: cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33

- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=10.1 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for slope.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 10 lb uplift at joint 7 and 10 lb uplift at joint 11.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



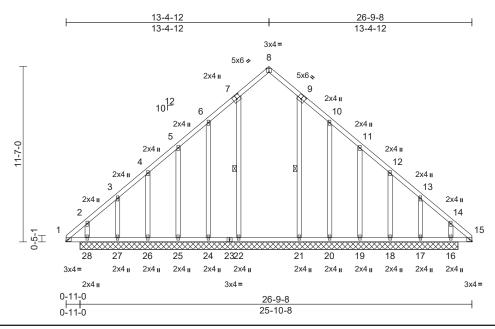
October 16,2023



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	B02G	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I61390503

Run: 8.63 S Aug 30 2023 Print: 8.630 S Aug 30 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 12 18:28:16 ID:j3iheV1NJluQRbC1wL YQKzlBPm-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

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Scale = 1:76.1

Plate Offsets (X, Y):	[7:0-3-0,0-3-0], [8:0-2-0,Edge],	[9:0-3-0,0-3-0], [15:0-1-13,Edge]
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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.18	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	10.1/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.30	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.17	Horiz(TL)	0.01	16	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 185 lb	FT = 20%

L	U	M	В	Е	ı	₹

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING TOP CHORD

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

1 Row at midpt 7-22, 9-21 REACTIONS (size) 16=24-11-8, 17=24-11-8,

18=24-11-8, 19=24-11-8, 20=24-11-8, 21=24-11-8, 22=24-11-8, 24=24-11-8, 25=24-11-8, 26=24-11-8,

27=24-11-8, 28=24-11-8

Max Horiz 28=-216 (LC 10)

Max Uplift 16=-30 (LC 11), 17=-265 (LC 15), 18=-2 (LC 15), 19=-61 (LC 15), 20=-99 (LC 15), 24=-97 (LC 14),

25=-61 (LC 14), 26=-1 (LC 14), 27=-269 (LC 14), 28=-39 (LC 10) Max Grav 16=375 (LC 28), 17=196 (LC 13),

18=179 (LC 2), 19=184 (LC 26), 20=120 (LC 30), 21=322 (LC 26), 22=327 (LC 25), 24=120 (LC 29), 25=184 (LC 25), 26=179 (LC 2), 27=201 (LC 12), 28=380 (LC 27)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-234/151, 2-3=-277/152, 3-4=-153/92, 4-5=-135/74, 5-6=-121/54, 6-8=-123/119,

8-10=-123/113, 10-11=-116/48, 11-12=-130/67, 12-13=-149/85, 13-14=-272/152, 14-15=-231/151 BOT CHORD

1-28=-137/231, 27-28=-137/229, 26-27=-137/229, 25-26=-137/229, 24-25=-137/229, 22-24=-137/229, 21-22=-138/227, 20-21=-137/228, 19-20=-137/228, 18-19=-137/228, 17-18=-137/228, 16-17=-137/228,

15-16=-137/228 WFRS

7-22=-178/5, 6-24=-142/118, 5-25=-134/78, 4-26=-127/58, 3-27=-163/169, 2-28=-169/7, 9-21=-177/0, 10-20=-142/118,

11-19=-133/78, 12-18=-127/58 13-17=-163/168, 14-16=-167/3

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=10.1 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for slope
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 97 lb uplift at joint 24, 61 lb uplift at joint 25, 1 lb uplift at joint 26, 269 lb uplift at joint 27, 39 lb uplift at joint 28, 99 lb uplift at joint 20, 61 lb uplift at joint 19, 2 lb uplift at joint 18, 265 lb uplift at joint 17 and 30 lb uplift at joint 16.
- 11) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



October 16,2023



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof 161390509 ELV B CP 3CG J01 Jack-Open 1 Job Reference (optional)

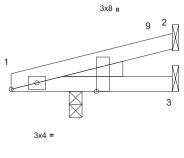
Builders FirstSource (Apex. NC), Apex. NC - 27523.

Run: 8.63 S Aug 30 2023 Print: 8.630 S Aug 30 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 12 18:28:18 ID:KC8IrtP5zqvCkTm7_V9gMIzd28L-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

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Scale = 1:22.3

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [1:0-4-0,Edge], [1:0-0-8,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.06	Vert(LL)	0.00	4	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	18.7/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.05	Vert(CT)	0.00	4	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	1	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0			ļ							Weight: 11 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

3-1-8 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=0-3-0, 2= Mechanical, 3=

Mechanical Max Horiz 1=23 (LC 12)

Max Uplift 1=-10 (LC 12), 2=-10 (LC 12)

Max Grav 1=194 (LC 2), 2=32 (LC 2), 3=23

(LC 7)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension TOP CHORD 1-2=-7/28 **BOT CHORD** 1-3=-19/0

NOTES

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=18.7 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for slope
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Bearings are assumed to be: , Joint 1 SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 10 lb uplift at joint 2 and 10 lb uplift at joint 1.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



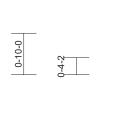


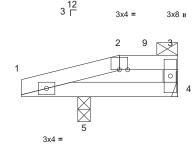
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	J02	Half Hip	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	l61390510

Run: 8.63 S Aug 30 2023 Print: 8.630 S Aug 30 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 12 18:28:18 ID:znOGwolH7kY5iwUiB5AT2Pzd27u-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1









1-1-8	3-1-8
1-1-8	2-0-0

Scale = 1:23.1

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.11	Vert(LL)	0.00	4-5	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	18.7/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.09	Vert(CT)	0.00	4-5	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MR								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 10 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

3-1-8 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins: 2-3.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing

REACTIONS (size) 4= Mechanical, 5=0-3-0

Max Horiz 5=17 (LC 15)

Max Uplift 4=-9 (LC 13), 5=-39 (LC 12)

Max Grav 4=64 (LC 34), 5=261 (LC 35) (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

FORCES Tension

1-2=-28/50, 2-3=-28/42, 3-4=-64/26

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD 1-5=-42/51, 4-5=-42/37

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- ** TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps= varies (min. roof snow=18.7 psf Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00) see load cases; Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for slope
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Bearings are assumed to be: Joint 5 SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- 10) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 9 lb uplift at joint 4 and 39 lb uplift at joint 5.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.00

Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-2=-57, 2-3=-60, 4-6=-20



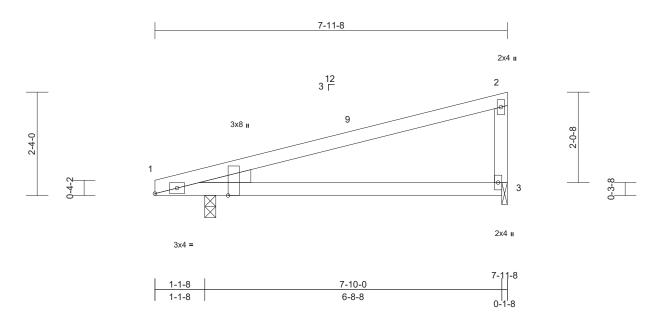
October 16,2023



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	P01	Monopitch	6	1	Job Reference (optional)	l61390514

Run: 8.63 S Aug 30 2023 Print: 8.630 S Aug 30 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 12 18:28:19 ID:3Ap?JDGLaUK7G_D2E4krwQzlBJ0-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:26

Plate Offsets	(X, Y):	[1:0-4-0,Edge],	[1:0-0-8,Edge]
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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.70	Vert(LL)	-0.10	3-8	>966	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	18.7/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.55	Vert(CT)	-0.21	3-8	>451	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	0.01	1	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 28 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

REACTIONS (size) 1=0-3-0, 3=0-1-8

Max Horiz 1=63 (LC 15)

Max Uplift 1=-24 (LC 12), 3=-25 (LC 16)

Max Grav 1=365 (LC 2), 3=279 (LC 23)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-89/45, 2-3=-190/87

BOT CHORD 1-3=-91/109

NOTES

FORCES

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=18.7 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- 3) Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for slope
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Bearings are assumed to be: Joint 1 SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi, Joint 3 SP No.3 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- Bearing at joint(s) 3 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 3.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 24 lb uplift at joint 1 and 25 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



October 16,2023

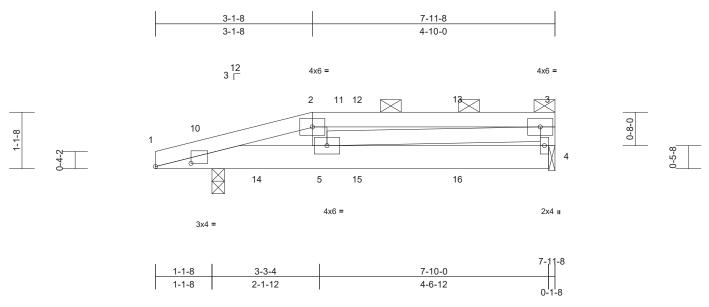


Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof 161390515 ELV B CP 3CG P02 Half Hip Girder 2 1 Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource (Apex. NC), Apex. NC - 27523.

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Page: 1



Scale = 1:22.9

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [1:0-8-8,0-0-12]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.79	Vert(LL)	-0.01	4-5	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	18.7/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.16	Vert(CT)	-0.02	4-5	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.19	Horz(CT)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 38 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 **BOT CHORD** 2x6 SP No 2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (5-10-10 max.): 2-3.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing

REACTIONS (size) 1=0-3-0, 4=0-1-8

Max Horiz 1=25 (LC 9) Max Uplift 1=-45 (LC 8), 4=-23 (LC 8)

Max Grav 1=460 (LC 32), 4=354 (LC 31)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-502/82, 2-3=-458/18, 3-4=-288/45

BOT CHORD 1-5=-62/478, 4-5=-8/6 **WEBS** 2-5=-102/51, 3-5=-12/464

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- ** TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps= varies (min. roof snow=18.7 psf Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00) see load cases; Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Bearings are assumed to be: Joint 1 SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi, Joint 4 SP No.3 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 45 lb uplift at joint 1 and 23 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 15) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 19 lb down and 6 lb up at 4-0-4, and 19 lb down and 6 lb up at 6-0-4 on top chord, and 48 lb down and 18 lb up at 2-0-4, and 6 lb down and 1 lb up at 4-0-4, and 6 lb down and 1 lb up at 6-0-4 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 16) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.00 Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-2=-57, 2-3=-60, 1-4=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 14=-48 (B), 15=-6 (B), 16=-6 (B)



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

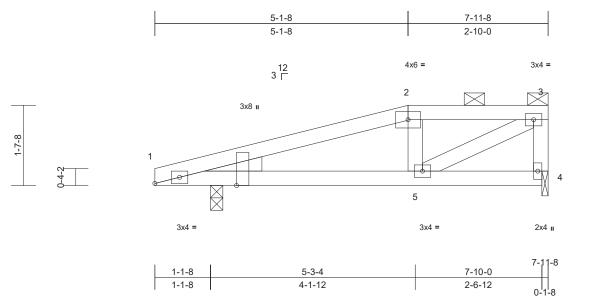
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	P03	Half Hip	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	l61390516

Run: 8.63 S Aug 30 2023 Print: 8.630 S Aug 30 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 12 18:28:20 ID:3Ap?JDGLaUK7G D2E4krwQzlBJ0-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:23.3

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [1:0-4-0,Edge], [1:0-0-8,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.21	Vert(LL)	-0.01	5-10	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	18.7/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.21	Vert(CT)	-0.02	5-10	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.16	Horz(CT)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 32 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 2-3

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=0-3-0, 4=0-1-8

Max Horiz 1=42 (LC 15)

Max Uplift 1=-27 (LC 12), 4=-22 (LC 12)

Max Grav 1=463 (LC 36), 4=294 (LC 35)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-391/82, 2-3=-338/84, 3-4=-274/81

BOT CHORD 1-5=-97/346, 4-5=-18/20 WEBS 2-5=-88/66, 3-5=-87/381

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- ** TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps= varies (min. roof snow=18.7 psf Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00) see load cases; Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery

- 4) Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for slope.
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Bearings are assumed to be: Joint 1 SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi, Joint 4 SP No.3 crushing capacity of
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 27 lb uplift at joint 1 and 22 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.00

Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-2=-57, 2-3=-60, 4-6=-20



October 16,2023

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

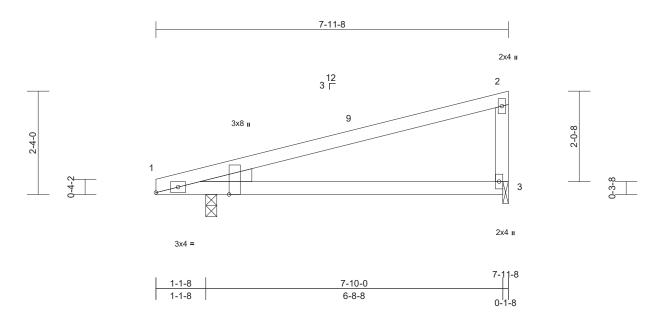
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof		
ELV B CP 3CG	P04	Monopitch	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	l61390517

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Page: 1



Scale = 1:26

Plate Offsets ((X, Y):	[1:0-4-0,Edge],	[1:0-0-8,Edge]
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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.70	Vert(LL)	-0.10	3-8	>966	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	18.7/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.55	Vert(CT)	-0.21	3-8	>451	180	1	
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	0.01	1	n/a	n/a	1	
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 28 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

REACTIONS (size) 1=0-3-0, 3=0-1-8

Max Horiz 1=63 (LC 15)

Max Uplift 1=-24 (LC 12), 3=-25 (LC 16) Max Grav 1=365 (LC 2), 3=279 (LC 23)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-89/45, 2-3=-190/87

BOT CHORD 1-3=-91/109

NOTES

FORCES

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=18.7 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- 3) Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for slope
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Bearings are assumed to be: Joint 1 SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi, Joint 3 SP No.3 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- Bearing at joint(s) 3 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 3.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 24 lb uplift at joint 1 and 25 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



October 16,2023

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

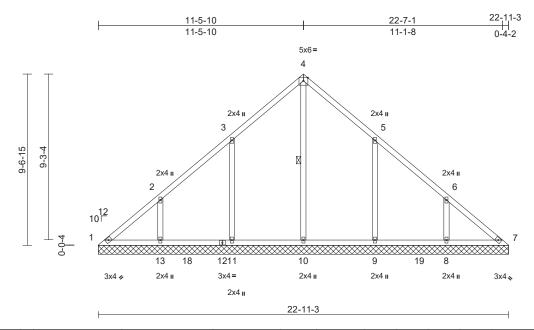
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	V01	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	l61390518

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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.21	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	10.1/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.16	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.18	Horiz(TL)	0.01	7	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 114 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing

WFBS 1 Row at midpt 4-10

REACTIONS (size) 1=22-11-3, 7=22-11-3, 8=22-11-3, 9=22-11-3, 10=22-11-3,

11=22-11-3, 13=22-11-3

Max Horiz 1=-182 (LC 10)

Max Uplift 1=-33 (LC 10), 8=-91 (LC 15),

9=-123 (LC 15), 11=-123 (LC 14),

13=-95 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=145 (LC 26), 7=118 (LC 28),

8=356 (LC 26), 9=472 (LC 26) 10=423 (LC 28), 11=471 (LC 25),

13=360 (LC 25)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

1-2=-182/167, 2-3=-136/133, 3-4=-135/161,

4-5=-135/153, 5-6=-92/89, 6-7=-156/122

BOT CHORD 1-13=-104/148, 11-13=-104/144,

10-11=-104/144, 9-10=-104/144

8-9=-104/144, 7-8=-104/144 WFBS 4-10=-221/0, 3-11=-277/173, 2-13=-239/136,

5-9=-277/173, 6-8=-237/134

NOTES

TOP CHORD

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=10.1 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- 5) Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc. 7)
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 33 lb uplift at joint 1, 123 lb uplift at joint 11, 95 lb uplift at joint 13, 123 lb uplift at joint 9 and 91 lb uplift at joint 8.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

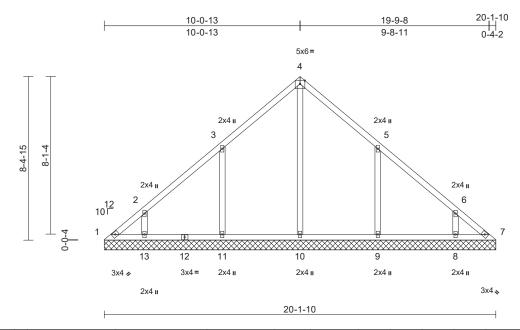
building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	V02	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I61390519

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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.20	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	10.1/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.19	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.22	Horiz(TL)	0.00	7	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 96 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=20-1-10, 7=20-1-10, 8=20-1-10, 9=20-1-10, 10=20-1-10,

11=20-1-10, 13=20-1-10

Max Horiz 1=-159 (LC 10)

Max Uplift 1=-42 (LC 10), 7=-4 (LC 11), 8=-66 (LC 15), 9=-126 (LC 15), 11=-126

(LC 14), 13=-71 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=111 (LC 26), 7=90 (LC 28), 8=277 (LC 2), 9=423 (LC 26)

10=389 (LC 28), 11=423 (LC 25),

13=277 (LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-175/131, 2-3=-164/102, 3-4=-154/142, 4-5=-154/137, 5-6=-127/63, 6-7=-140/90

BOT CHORD 1-13=-63/123 11-13=-63/123

10-11=-63/123, 9-10=-63/123, 8-9=-63/123,

7-8=-63/123

4-10=-174/4, 3-11=-282/174, 2-13=-216/124, WFBS

5-9=-282/174, 6-8=-215/123

NOTES

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable. or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=10.1 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 42 lb uplift at joint 1, 4 lb uplift at joint 7, 126 lb uplift at joint 11, 71 lb uplift at joint 13, 126 lb uplift at joint 9 and 66 lb uplift at joint
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



October 16,2023

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

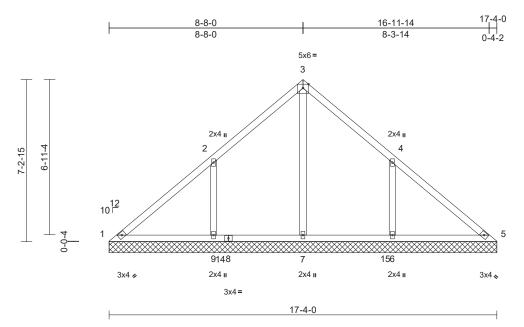
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	V03	Valley	1	1	I6139052 Job Reference (optional)	20

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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.28	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	10.1/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.18	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.30	Horiz(TL)	0.00	5	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 78 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

10-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing

REACTIONS (size) 1=17-4-0, 5=17-4-0, 6=17-4-0, 7=17-4-0, 9=17-4-0

Max Horiz 1=-137 (LC 10)

1=-14 (LC 10), 6=-134 (LC 15), Max Uplift

9=-137 (LC 14)

1=111 (LC 26), 5=102 (LC 30), Max Grav

6=475 (LC 26), 7=488 (LC 25),

9=478 (LC 25)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

1-2=-126/230, 2-3=-24/170, 3-4=-13/164,

TOP CHORD 4-5=-105/194

BOT CHORD 1-9=-151/116, 7-9=-151/114, 6-7=-151/114,

5-6=-151/114

3-7=-329/0, 2-9=-305/175, 4-6=-304/174

WEBS NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=10.1 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for 5) slope.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 14 lb uplift at joint 1, 137 lb uplift at joint 9 and 134 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



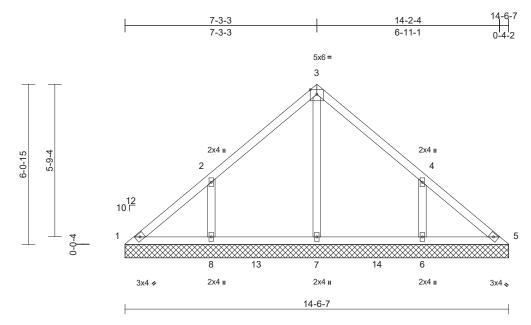
October 16,2023



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	V04	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I61390521

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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.20	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	10.1/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.15	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.14	Horiz(TL)	0.00	5	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 63 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=14-6-7, 5=14-6-7, 6=14-6-7,

7=14-6-7, 8=14-6-7 Max Horiz 1=-114 (LC 10)

1=-15 (LC 10), 6=-111 (LC 15), Max Uplift

8=-113 (LC 14)

1=113 (LC 26), 5=95 (LC 2), 6=369 Max Grav

(LC 26), 7=386 (LC 25), 8=372 (LC

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

1-2=-136/121, 2-3=-101/102, 3-4=-84/90, TOP CHORD

4-5=-111/92

1-8=-65/113, 7-8=-65/83, 6-7=-65/83,

5-6=-65/86 WEBS

3-7=-219/0, 2-8=-263/153, 4-6=-261/152

NOTES

BOT CHORD

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=10.1 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for 5) slope.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 15 lb uplift at joint 1, 113 lb uplift at joint 8 and 111 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



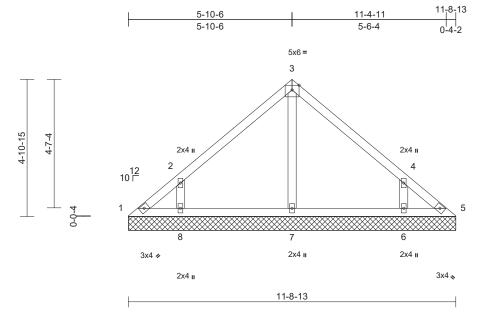
October 16,2023



Job	Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Chesape		Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof			
ELV B CP 3CG	V05	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	161390522

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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.18	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	10.1/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.12	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.06	Horiz(TL)	0.00	5	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS								
BCDL	10.0			1							Weight: 48 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or TOP CHORD

6-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=11-8-13, 5=11-8-13, 6=11-8-13, 7=11-8-13, 8=11-8-13

Max Horiz 1=-91 (LC 10)

1=-27 (LC 10), 5=-4 (LC 11), 6=-96 Max Uplift

(LC 15), 8=-99 (LC 14)

1=78 (LC 26), 5=61 (LC 25), 6=310 Max Grav

(LC 26), 7=238 (LC 2), 8=313 (LC

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD

1-2=-97/83, 2-3=-142/86, 3-4=-139/82,

4-5=-77/53

BOT CHORD 1-8=-24/67, 7-8=-21/67, 6-7=-21/67,

5-6=-21/67 WEBS

3-7=-151/0. 2-8=-261/159. 4-6=-260/158

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=10.1 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for 5) slope.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 27 lb uplift at joint 1, 4 lb uplift at joint 5, 99 lb uplift at joint 8 and 96 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



October 16,2023

Job	Truss Type Qty Ply Chesapeake I		Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof			
ELV B CP 3CG	V06	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	l61390523

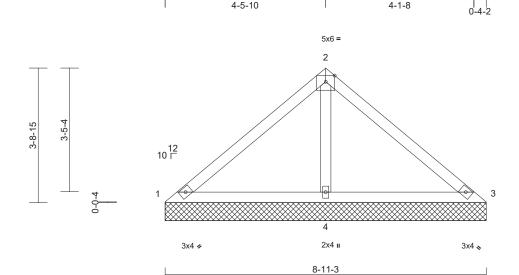
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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.27	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	10.1/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.24	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.14	Horiz(TL)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 34 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or TOP CHORD

8-11-3 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS 1=8-11-3, 3=8-11-3, 4=8-11-3 (size)

Max Horiz 1=-69 (LC 12)

1=-30 (LC 30), 3=-30 (LC 29), Max Unlift

4=-58 (LC 14)

1=60 (LC 29), 3=60 (LC 30), 4=676 Max Grav

(LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-75/286, 2-3=-75/286 **BOT CHORD**

1-4=-221/115, 3-4=-221/115

WFBS 2-4=-503/135

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable. or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=10.1 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for 5) slope.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 30 lb uplift at joint 1, 30 lb uplift at joint 3 and 58 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



October 16,2023

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

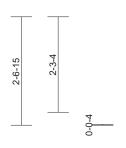


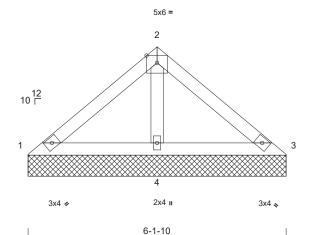
Job	Truss Type Qty		Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	V07	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	l61390524

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Page: 1







Scale = 1:27.4

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.11	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	10.1/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.12	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.06	Horiz(TL)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 22 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-1-10 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

1=6-1-10, 3=6-1-10, 4=6-1-10 REACTIONS (size) Max Horiz 1=-46 (LC 10)

Max Uplift 4=-22 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=66 (LC 29), 3=66 (LC 30), 4=394

(LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-57/138, 2-3=-57/138

BOT CHORD 1-4=-109/64, 3-4=-109/64

WEBS 2-4=-265/63

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=10.1 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface

- 5) Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for slope.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 22 lb uplift at joint
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

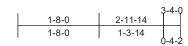


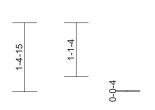
October 16,2023

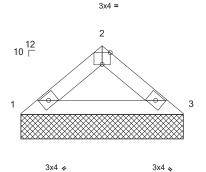
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	V08	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	161390525

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Page: 1







3-4-0

Scale = 1:23.6

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-2-0,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.08	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	10.1/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.07	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horiz(TL)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 10 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

2x4 SP No 2 TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

3-4-0 oc purlins BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=3-4-0, 3=3-4-0 Max Horiz 1=-24 (LC 12)

Max Uplift 1=-2 (LC 14), 3=-2 (LC 15)

Max Grav 1=133 (LC 2), 3=133 (LC 2) **FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-175/21, 2-3=-175/21

BOT CHORD 1-3=-10/131

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable. or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=10.1 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for

- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 2 lb uplift at joint 1 and 2 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	V09	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	l61390526

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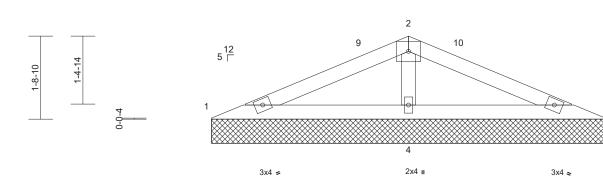
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3



5x6 =

8-1-11



Scale = 1:23.8

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.19	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	15.8/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.20	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.07	Horiz(TL)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0	1									Weight: 25 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

8-1-11 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=8-1-11, 3=8-1-11, 4=8-1-11

Max Horiz 1=20 (LC 16)

1=-8 (LC 16), 3=-12 (LC 17), 4=-4 Max Uplift (LC 16)

Max Grav 1=89 (LC 33), 3=89 (LC 34), 4=523

(LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-110/273, 2-3=-110/273 1-4=-229/96, 3-4=-229/96 BOT CHORD

2-4=-353/111

WFBS NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable. or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=15.8 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for slope.
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 8) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 8 lb uplift at joint 1, 12 lb uplift at joint 3 and 4 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



October 16,2023

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

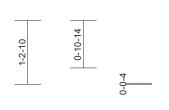
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

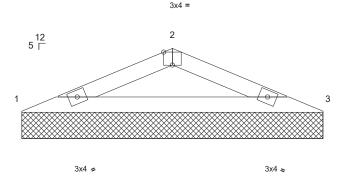


Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	V10	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	l61390527

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2-10-7	5-0-8	5-8-14
0.40.7	0.0.4	0 0 0





5-8-14

Scale = 1:22

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-2-0,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.26	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	15.8/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.21	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horiz(TL)	0.01	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 16 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

2x4 SP No 2 TOP CHORD BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-8-14 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=5-8-14, 3=5-8-14 Max Horiz 1=14 (LC 20)

Max Uplift 1=-7 (LC 16), 3=-7 (LC 17)

Max Grav 1=230 (LC 2), 3=230 (LC 2)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum **FORCES**

Tension TOP CHORD 1-2=-478/124, 2-3=-478/124

BOT CHORD 1-3=-104/433

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable. or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=15.8 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for

- 6) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this desian.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 7 lb uplift at joint 1 and 7 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Page: 1

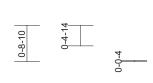


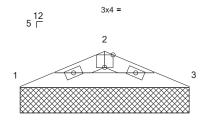
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Chesapeake Homes 628 Roof	
ELV B CP 3CG	V11	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	161390528

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Page: 1

1-8-1	2-7-12	3-4-1
1-8-1	0-11-11	0-8-6





3-4-1

2x4 >

2x4 =

Scale = 1:22.8

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-2-0,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.05	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Ps/Pf)	15.8/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.10	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horiz(TL)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 8 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

2x4 SP No 2 TOP CHORD BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or TOP CHORD 3-4-1 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=3-4-1, 3=3-4-1 Max Horiz 1=7 (LC 16)

Max Uplift 1=-4 (LC 16), 3=-4 (LC 17)

Max Grav 1=134 (LC 2), 3=134 (LC 2)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-241/65, 2-3=-241/65 BOT CHORD 1-3=-50/231

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.33
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable. or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow); Ps=15.8 psf (roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.00); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10; Unobstructed slippery surface
- Roof design snow load has been reduced to account for

- 6) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 4 lb uplift at joint 1 and 4 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



October 16,2023

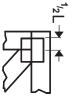
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent bucking of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

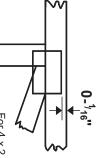


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



offsets are indicated and fully embed teeth Apply plates to both sides of truss Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths Center plate on joint unless x, y



edge of truss. plates 0- 1/16" from outside For 4 x 2 orientation, locate

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connector plates required direction of slots in This symbol indicates the

* Plate location details available in MiTek software or upon request

PLATE SIZE

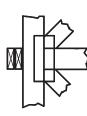
to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots. width measured perpendicular The first dimension is the plate

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



output. Use T or I bracing if indicated. by text in the bracing section of the Indicated by symbol shown and/or

BEARING



Min size shown is for crushing only Indicates location where bearings number/letter where bearings occur reaction section indicates joint (supports) occur. Icons vary but

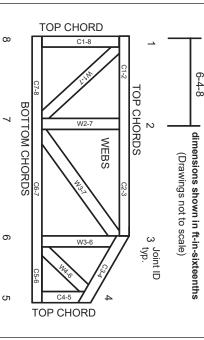
Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Design Standard for Bracing.

Building Component Safety Information, Plate Connected Wood Trusses Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

DSB-22:

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

Product Code Approvals

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1988, ESR-2362, ESR-2685, ESR-3282 ESR-4722, ESL-1388

Design General Notes

truss unless otherwise shown Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the

established by others section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1

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MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023

General Safety Notes

Damage or Personal Injury Failure to Follow Could Cause Property

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.

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Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.

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- Provide copies of this truss design to the building all other interested parties. designer, erection supervisor, property owner and
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other

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- joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1. Place plates on each face of truss at each
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.

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- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the camber for dead load deflection responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to
- Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- 12. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted
- Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- 17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable project engineer before use. environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with
- 19. Review all portions of this design (front, back, words is not sufficient. and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone
- 20. Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- 21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated