



















# STRUCTURAL NOTES

1) ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO THE LATEST REQUIREMENTS OF THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE RESIDENTIAL CODE - 2018 EDITION, PLUS ALL LOCAL CODES AND REGULATIONS. THE STRUCTURAL ENGINEER OR DESIGNER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR, AND WILL NOT HAVE CONTROL OF, CONSTRUCTION MEANS, METHODS, TECHNIQUES, SEQUENCES OR PROCEDURES, OR FOR SAFETY PRECAUTIONS AND PROGRAMS IN CONNECTION WITH THE CONSTRUCTION WORK. NOR WILL THE ENGINEER OR DESIGNER BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO CARRY OUT THE CONSTRUCTION WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. "CONSTRUCTION REVIEW" SERVICES ARE NOT PART OF OUR CONTRACT ALL MEMBERS SHALL BE FRAMED, ANCHORED, TIED AND BRACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOOD CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE AND THE BUILDING CODE.

2)	DESIGN LOADS (R301.4)	LIVE LOAD (PSF)	DEAD LOAD (PSE)	
	ROOMS OTHER THAN SLEEPING RO	OMS 40	10	L/360
	SLEEPING ROOMS	30	10	L/360
	ATTIC WITH PERMANENT STAIR	40	10	L/360
	ATTIC WITH OUT PERMANENT STAIR	R 20	10	L/360
	ATTIC WITH OUT STORAGE	10	10	L/240
	STAIRS	40		L/360
	EXTERIOR BALCONIES	60	10	L/360
	DECKS	40	10	L/360
	GUARDRAILS AND HANDRAILS	200		
	PASSENGER VEHICLE GARAGES	50	10	L/360
	FIRE ESCAPES	40	10	L/360
	SNOW	20		

WIND LOAD (BASED ON 1115/120 MPH WIND VELOCITY & EXPOSURE B)

3) WALL BRACING: BRACED WALL PANELS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED ACCORDING TO SECTION R602.10.3.

THE AMOUNT AND LOCATION OF BRACING SHALL COMPLY WITH TABLE R602.10.1. THE LENGTH OF BRACED PANELS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY SECTION R602.10.4. LATERAL BRACING SHALL BE SATISFIED PER METHOD 3 BY CONTINUOUSLY SHEATHING WALLS WITH STRUCTURAL SHEATHING PER SECTION R602.10.3. NOTE THAT ANY SPECIFIC BRACED WALL DETAIL SHALL BE INSTALLED AS SPECIFIED.

4) CONCRETE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM 28 DAY STRENGTH OF 3000 PSI AND A MAXIMUM SLUMP OF 5 INCHES UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE (UNO). AIR ENTRAINED PER TABLE 402.2. ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE PROPORTIONED, MIXED, HANDLED, SAMPLED, TESTED, AND PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACI STANDARDS. ALL SAMPLES FOR PUMPING SHALL BE TAKEN FROM THE EXIT END OF THE PUMP.

5) ALLOWABLE SOIL BEARING PRESSURE ASSUMED TO BE 2000 PSF. THE CONTRACTOR MUST CONTACT A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND THE STRUCTUAL ENGINEER IF UNSATISFACTORY SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS ARE ENCOUNTERED. THE SURFACE AREA ADJACENT TO THE FOUNDATION WALL SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH ADEQUATE DRAINAGE AND SHALL BE GRADED SO AS TO DRAINSURFACE WATER AWAY FROM FOUNDATION WALLS.

- 6) ALL FRAMING LUMBER SHALL BE SPF #2 (Fb = 875 PSI) UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE (UNO). ALL TREATED LUMBER SHALL BE SYP # 2 (Fb=975 PSI). PLATE MATERIAL MAY BE SPF # 3 OR SYP #3 (Fc(perp) = 425 PSI - MIN).
- 1) ALL WOODEN BEAMS AND HEADERS SHALL HAVE THE FOLLOWING END SUPPORTS: (I) 2x4 STUD COLUMN FOR 6'-O" MAX. BEAM SPAN (UNO), (2) 2X4 STUDS FOR BEAM SPAN GREATER THAN 6'-O" (UNO).

8) L.V.L. SHALL BE LAMINATED VENEER LUMBER: Fb=2600 PSI, Fv=285 PSI, E=1.9x10<sup>6</sup> PSI. P.S.L. SHALL BE PARALLEL STRAND LUMBER: Fb=2900 PSI, Fv=290 PSI, E=2.0x104, PSI. L.S.L. SHALL BE LAMINATED STRAND LUMBER: Fb=2250 PSI, Fv=400 PSI, E=1.55x10<sup>4</sup> PSI. INSTALL ALL CONNECTIONS PER MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS.

9) ALL ROOF TRUSS AND I-JOIST LAYOUTS SHALL BE PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANY SEALED STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS. TRUSSES AND I-JOISTS SHALL BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURE'S SPECIFICATIONS. ANY CHANGE IN TRUSS OR I-JOIST LAYOUT SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH DESIGNER OR ENGINEER.

10) ALL STRUCTURAL STEEL SHALL BE ASTM A-36. STEEL BEAMS SHALL BE SUPPORTED AT EACH END WITH A MINIMUM BEARING LENGTH OF 3 1/2" INCHES AND FULL FLANGE WIDTH. PROVIDE SOLID BEARING FROM BEAM SUPPORT TO FOUNDATION. BEAMS SHALL BE ATTACHED TO EACH SUPPORT WITH TWO LAG SCREWS (1/2" DIAMETER x 4" LONG). LATERAL SUPPORT IS CONSIDERED ADEQUATE PROVIDED THE JOIST ARE TOE NAILED TO THE SOLE PLATE, AND SOLE PLATE IS NAILED OR BOLTED TO THE BEAM FLANGE @ 48" O.C. ALL STEEL TUBING SHALL BE ASTM A500.

II) REBAR SHALL BE DEFORMED STEEL, ASTM615, GRADE 60.

12) FLITCH BEAMS SHALL BE BOLTED TOGETHER USING (2) ROWS OF 1/2" DIAMETER BOLTS (ASTM A301) WITH WASHERS PLACED UNDER THE THREADED END OF BOLT. BOLTS. SHALL BE SPACED AT 24" O.C. (MAX), AND STAGGERED AT THE TOP AND BOTTOM OF BEAM (2" EDGE DISTANCE), WITH 2 BOLTS LOCATED AT 6" FROM EACH END.

3) BRICK LINTELS SHALL BE 3 1/2"x3 1/2"x1/4" STEEL ANGLE FOR UP TO 6'-0" SPAN AND 6"x4"x5/16" STEEL ANGLE WITH 6" LEG VERTICAL FOR SPANS UP TO 9'-O". SEE PLANS FOR SPANS OVER 9'-O".

14) THE POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE DESIGN PRESSURE FOR DOORS AND WINDOWS FOR A MEAN ROOF HEIGHT OF 35 FEET OR LESS SHALL BE 25 PSF.

15) THE POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE DESIGN PRESSURES REQUIRED FOR ANY ROOF OR WALL CLADDING APPLICATION NOT SPECIFICALLY ADDRESSED IN THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE RESIDENTIAL CODE - 2018 EDITION SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS: ROOF:

45.4 PSF - 2.25:12 PITCH OR LESS 34.8 PSF - 2.25:12 TO 7:12 PITCH

21 PSF - 7:12 TO 12:12 PITCH

WALLS:

24.1 PSF - WALLS SEE ALSO SECTION RT03.1.3 LINTELS

COLUMN. THE NUMBER OF KING STUDS AT

UP TO 4' SPAN: (1) KING STUD

NC (2018 NCRC):

TRUSS SYSTEM LAYOUTS (PLACEMENT PLANS) SHALL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SEALED STRUCTURAL PLANS. ANY NEED TO CHANGE TRUSSES SHALL BE COORDINATED

REQUIREMENTS AS SPECIFIED ON THE TRUSS SCHEMATICS.







F	latch L	_egen	d					
= LOAD	8							
Estimation								
Name	Selec	tion	Form	ula	Cal	culatior	ן	
Roof Area	1st Fl	oor	Roof	Area	328	38.44		
Roof Decking	1st Fl	oor	Roof	Decking	113	3		
BEAM LEGEND								
PlotID	Length	Product			Plies	Net Qty	Fa	ab Type
GDH 10' SL (dropped)	19' 0"	1-3/4"x	11-7/8"	LVL Kerto-S	2	2	F	F



Scale = 1:76.3



<b>—</b>	12-0-2		28-3-13	34-10-4	45-0-0
Plate Offsets (X,Y)-	- [9:0-3-4,0-0-3]				
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.39 BC 0.54 WB 0.55 Matrix-S	DEFL.         in           Vert(LL)         -0.16           Vert(CT)         -0.33           Horz(CT)         0.04           Wind(LL)         0.11	(loc) I/defl L/d 15-16 >999 360 1-16 >999 240 11 n/a n/a 9-11 >999 240	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 285 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 *Except* T5: 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 WEBS 2x4 SP No.2			BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing Rigid ceiling directly applied MiTek recommends that be installed during truss lastallation guido	directly applied or 4-3-6 oc purlins. ed or 6-0-0 oc bracing. Stabilizers and required cross bracing erection, in accordance with Stabilizer
REACTIONS. (Ib/s Max Max Max	ize) 1=1325/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-9), 11=2 Horz 1=-95(LC 13) Uplift1=-86(LC 12), 11=-287(LC 9), 9= Grav 1=1325(LC 1), 11=2068(LC 1), 9	068/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-7), 9 -159(LC 9) =277(LC 24)	9=245/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)	installation guide.	
FORCES. (Ib) - Ma TOP CHORD 1-1 4-5	x. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb 8=-2624/537, 2-18=-2539/561, 2-3=-22 =-1972/502 5-6=-1887/414 6-7=-1526	) or less except when sh 299/490, 3-19=-2209/491 5/260, 7-8=-185/788, 8-20	own. , 4-19=-2187/524, D=0/303_9-20=0/286		

BOT CHORD 1-17=-409/2351, 16-17=-409/2351, 16-21=-142/1502, 21-22=-142/1502, 15-22=-142/1502,

- 14-15=-110/1443, 13-14=-110/1443, 12-13=-643/258, 11-12=-643/258, 9-11=-278/5
- WEBS 2-16=-561/312, 4-16=-137/878, 4-15=-126/712, 5-15=-580/237, 6-15=-94/471,
- 6-13=-734/280, 7-13=-376/2238, 7-11=-1636/344, 8-11=-580/322

# NOTES-

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-1-12 to 4-7-12, Interior(1) 4-7-12 to 17-6-0, Exterior(2) 17-6-0 to 21-2-2, Interior(1) 21-2-2 to 45-10-8 zone; porch right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 11=287, 9=159.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



	12-0-2 12-0-2	+ <u>22-11-14</u> 10-11-13		<u>35-0-0</u> 12-0-2		
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI.         DEF           TC         0.41         Vert           BC         0.56         Vert           WB         0.23         Horz           Matrix-S         Win         Win	L. in (loc) (LL) -0.26 10-11 (CT) -0.37 10-11 (CT) 0.07 7 d(LL) 0.07 11	l/defl L/d >999 360 >999 240 n/a n/a >999 240	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 213 lb         FT = 20%	

#### LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-1-8 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Installation guide.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

#### REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 1=1388/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-10), 7=1438/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-11) Max Horz 1=-94(LC 17) Max Uplift1=-88(LC 12), 7=-99(LC 13)

- FORCES. (Ib) Max. Comp./Max. Ten. All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.
- TOP CHORD
- 1-15=-2780/599, 2-15=-2697/624, 2-3=-2473/555, 3-16=-2396/556, 4-16=-2382/590, 4-17=-2381/575, 5-17=-2395/555, 5-6=-2471/541, 6-18=-2710/606, 7-18=-2777/581
- BOT CHORD  $1-12 = -462/2494, \ 11-12 = -462/2494, \ 11-13 = -203/1654, \ 13-14 = -203/1654, \ 10-14 =$ 9-10=-462/2490, 7-9=-462/2490
- WEBS 2-11=-561/307, 4-11=-129/929, 4-10=-128/926, 6-10=-558/303

#### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and

4)\* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 7.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



	<u>12-0-2</u> 12-0-2	<u> </u>	<u>11-14</u> 11-13	+	35-0-0 12-0-2	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI.         E           TC         0.36         W           BC         0.56         W           WB         0.23         H           Matrix-S         V	DEFL.         in         (loc)           'ert(LL)         -0.26         11-12         -           'ert(CT)         -0.37         11-12         -           dorz(CT)         0.07         8         -           Vind(LL)         0.07         2-12         -	l/defl L/d >999 360 >999 240 n/a n/a >999 240	PLATES GRIF MT20 244/ <sup>-</sup> Weight: 215 lb FT	190 = 20%

#### LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-2-7 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

#### REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 2=1438/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-11), 8=1438/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-11) Max Horz 2=-91(LC 17) Max Uplift2=-99(LC 12), 8=-99(LC 13)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

2-16=-2775/580, 3-16=-2708/605, 3-4=-2470/540, 4-17=-2393/554, 5-17=-2380/575, 5-18=-2380/575, 6-18=-2393/554, 6-7=-2470/540, 7-19=-2708/605, 8-19=-2775/580

- BOT CHORD 2-13=-448/2489, 12-13=-448/2489, 12-14=-198/1653, 14-15=-198/1653, 11-15=-198/1653, 10-11=-456/2489, 8-10=-456/2489
- WEBS 3-12=-558/303, 5-12=-127/926, 5-11=-127/926, 7-11=-558/303

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-2 to 3-8-10, Interior(1) 3-8-10 to 17-6-0, Exterior(2) 17-6-0 to 21-10-13, Interior(1) 21-10-13 to 35-8-2 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4)\* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=316, 8=316.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[7:0-3-0,Edge], [14:0-4-0,0-3-12]				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.71 BC 1.00 WB 0.97 Matrix-S	<b>DEFL.</b> in Vert(LL) -0.47 Vert(CT) -0.79 Horz(CT) 0.04 Wind(LL) 0.33	(loc) I/defl L/d 13-15 >742 360 13-15 >445 240 12 n/a n/a 15-16 >999 240	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 229 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 S BOT CHORD 2x6 S WEBS 2x4 S W4: 2	P No.1 P No.1 P No.2 *Except* x6 SP No.1		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applie MiTek recommends that be installed during truss of Installation guide.	directly applied or 3-11-6 oc purlins, except ed. Stabilizers and required cross bracing erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 2=1220/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 12=1175/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-9) Max Horz 2=143(LC 12) Max Uplift2=-95(LC 12), 12=-53(LC 13) Max Grav 2=1254(LC 2), 12=1303(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-17=-2735/510, 3-17=-2648/525, 3-4=-1927/367, 4-5=-1810/375, 5-18=-1589/398, 6-18=-1574/403, 8-19=-1657/439, 9-19=-1675/437, 9-20=-1724/370, 10-20=-1827/352,

BOT CHORD 2-16=-507/2490, 15-16=-507/2490, 14-15=-267/1662, 13-14=-267/1662

WEBS 3-16=0/306, 3-15=-1115/267, 5-15=0/570, 9-13=-107/250, 10-13=-271/1791, 6-8=-1687/338

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-2 to 3-8-10, Interior(1) 3-8-10 to 17-6-0, Exterior(2) 17-6-0 to 21-10-13, Interior(1) 21-10-13 to 29-4-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 12.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced

standard ANSI/TPI 1.





- 5-15=-983/314, 15-16=-1001/294, 6-16=-1057/289
- BOT CHORD 2-12=-408/1661, 12-17=-183/926, 11-17=-183/926, 11-18=-183/926, 10-18=-183/926, 9-10=-195/704
- WEBS 3-12=-485/269, 5-12=-108/790, 6-10=0/382, 6-9=-1199/334

# NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-2 to 3-8-10, Interior(1) 3-8-10 to 15-4-0, Exterior(2) 15-4-0 to 19-8-13, Interior(1) 19-8-13 to 25-0-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 9.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-13=-1868/409, 3-13=-1802/430, 3-4=-1588/369, 4-14=-1521/379, 5-14=-1495/400,



			20-4-0			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.04 BC 0.03 WB 0.08 Matrix-S	<b>DEFL.</b> in Vert(LL) -0.00 Vert(CT) 0.00 Horz(CT) 0.00	i (loc) l/defl L/d 1 n/r 120 1 n/r 120 1 n/r 120 16 n/a n/a	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 189 lb         FT = 20%	
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 SF BOT CHORD 2x6 SF WEBS 2x4 SF OTHERS 2x4 SF	P No.1 P No.1 P No.2 P No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applie MiTek recommends that be installed during truss Installation guide.	directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, exc ed or 10-0-0 oc bracing. Stabilizers and required cross bracing erection, in accordance with Stabilizer	ept

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 25-4-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=203(LC 12)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 16, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 20, 19, 18, 17 except 28=-102(LC 12) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 16, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 20, 19, 18, 17 except 28=261(LC 23)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 9-10=-78/259, 10-11=-78/260

#### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-8-2 to 3-8-10, Exterior(2) 3-8-10 to 15-4-0, Corner(3) 15-4-0 to 19-8-13, Exterior(2) 19-8-13 to 25-0-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 16, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 20, 19, 18, 17 except (jt=lb) 28=102.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Interior(1) 3-6-5 to 11-6-0, Exterior(2) 11-6-0 to 15-10-13, Interior(1) 15-10-13 to 23-10-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 2.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



I			23-0-0	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.09 BC 0.04 WB 0.04 Matrix-S	DEFL.         in         (loc)         l/defl         L/d           Vert(LL)         0.00         12         n/r         120           Vert(CT)         0.00         13         n/r         120           Horz(CT)         0.00         12         n/a         n/a	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 131 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-	

IOP CHORD2x4 SP No.1BOT CHORD2x6 SP No.1OTHERS2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

#### REACTIONS. All bearings 23-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=104(LC 12)

- Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 12, 2, 20, 21, 22, 18, 16, 15 except 23=-110(LC 12), 14=-109(LC 13)
- Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 12, 2, 19, 20, 21, 22, 18, 16, 15 except 23=272(LC 23), 14=272(LC 24)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 3-6-0, Exterior(2) 3-6-0 to 11-6-0, Corner(3) 11-6-0 to 15-10-13, Exterior(2) 15-10-13 to 23-10-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 12, 2, 20, 21, 22, 18, 16, 15 except (jt=lb) 23=110, 14=109.

10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 10.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Cable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPL1.
- Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 23, 24, 25, 26, 21, 19, 18, 17 except (it=lb) 27=115, 16=100.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 9.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPL1.



3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 9.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:Edge,0-2-3], [12:0-0-0,0-2-3]			
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.36	Vert(LL) -0.21 15-16 >999 360	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.72	Vert(CT) -0.32 15-16 >810 240	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.55	Horz(CT) 0.02 12 n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S	Wind(LL) 0.26 15 >999 240	Weight: 134 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-	
TOP CHORD 2x4 S	P No.1		TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing d	irectly applied or 5-6-2 oc purlins.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.2

 TOP CHORD
 Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-6-2 oc purlins

 BOT CHORD
 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-2-15 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 12=930/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 2=930/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 2=-120(LC 13) Max Uplift12=-251(LC 8), 2=-207(LC 12)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

- TOP CHORD 2-3=-1217/1174, 3-28=-1139/1220, 4-28=-1109/1227, 4-29=-1121/1253, 5-29=-1084/1261, 5-6=-1109/1305, 6-7=-1115/1364, 7-8=-1115/1364, 8-9=-1109/1305, 9-30=-1084/1261, 10-30=-1121/1253, 10-31=-1109/1227, 11-31=-1139/1220, 11-12=-1217/1174 BOT CHORD 2-23=-893/992, 23-24=-893/992, 22-24=-893/992, 22-25=-893/992, 21-25=-893/992,
- 20-21=-893/992, 19-20=-893/992, 18-19=-893/992, 17-18=-893/992, 16-17=-893/992, 16-26=-893/992, 15-26=-893/992, 15-27=-893/992, 14-27=-893/992, 12-14=-893/992 WEBS 7-19=-1006/780

# NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Exterior(2) 3-6-5 to 11-0-0, Corner(3) 11-0-0 to 15-4-13, Exterior(2) 15-4-13 to 22-10-8 zone; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
   Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry
- Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 12=251, 2=207.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



	5-8-0	10-3-8	16-10-15		1	23-9-14	
I	5-8-0	4-7-8	6-7-7		1	6-10-15	1
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[8:0-5-12,0-2-8]						
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0 Plate Grip DOL 1. Lumber DOL 1. Rep Stress Incr YF Code IRC2015/TPI20	CSI.           15         TC 0.34           15         BC 0.36           ES         WB 0.57           14         Matrix-S	DEFL. in Vert(LL) -0.06 Vert(CT) -0.14 Horz(CT) -0.00 Wind(LL) 0.06	(loc) l/defl 6-7 >999 6-7 >999 8 n/a 6-7 >999	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	<b>PLATES</b> MT20 Weight: 122 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 *Except* T1: 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1			BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood Rigid ceiling dir 8-9-6 oc bracin	I sheathing c ectly applied g: 6-7.	directly applied or 6-0- d or 6-0-0 oc bracing,	0 oc purlins. Except:
WEBS 2x4 SF OTHERS 2x4 SF	P No.2 P No.2			MiTek recomme be installed du Installation gu	nends that S uring truss e ide.	Stabilizers and require rection, in accordance	d cross bracing with Stabilizer

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 10-3-8 except (jt=length) 6=Mechanical.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=276(LC 8)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-24=-289/201, 3-24=-278/233, 3-4=-493/735, 4-5=-870/319, 5-25=-867/406,

6-25=-817/415

BOT CHORD 7-8=-766/297, 6-7=-506/883

WEBS 3-8=-528/283, 4-8=-633/361, 4-7=-709/1486, 5-7=-413/361

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Exterior(2) 3-6-5 to 23-9-14 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

3) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

4) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 6=136, 8=366, 10=239.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

Installation guide

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. All bearings 12-11-4. (lb) - Max Horz 1=39(LC 9)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 8, 6

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=286(LC 1), 8=297(LC 23), 6=297(LC 24)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-7-13 to 5-0-10, Interior(1) 5-0-10 to 6-6-6, Exterior(2) 6-6-6 to 10-11-3, Interior(1) 10-11-3 to 12-4-15 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 8, 6.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=104/6-3-4 (min. 0-1-8), 3=104/6-3-4 (min. 0-1-8), 4=200/6-3-4 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=-17(LC 8) Max Uplift1=-17(LC 12), 3=-19(LC 13)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and

C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



3x4 🛷

3x4 ≈

Installation guide.

Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-2-0,Edge]		3-0-0 3-0-0		<u> </u>
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.01 BC 0.03 WB 0.00 Matrix-P	<b>DEFL.</b> in Vert(LL) n/a Vert(CT) n/a Horz(CT) 0.00	(loc) l/defl L/d - n/a 999 - n/a 999 3 n/a n/a	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 7 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing of Rigid ceiling directly applied MiTek recommends that S be installed during truss e	lirectly applied or 3-0-12 oc purlins. I or 10-0-0 oc bracing. itabilizers and required cross bracing	

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=70/2-11-4 (min. 0-1-8), 3=70/2-11-4 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=-6(LC 8) Max Uplift1=-4(LC 12), 3=-4(LC 13)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
   Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



WEBS 2-9=-320/227, 4-6=-320/226

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-7-13 to 5-0-10, Interior(1) 5-0-10 to 9-6-5, Exterior(2) 9-6-5 to 13-11-2, Interior(1) 13-11-2 to 18-4-13 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5, 9, 6.

6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

WEBS 2-8=-258/201, 4-6=-258/201

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-7-13 to 5-0-10, Interior(1) 5-0-10 to 7-10-5, Exterior(2) 7-10-5 to 12-3-2, Interior(1) 12-3-2 to 15-0-13 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 8, 6.

6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

Installation guide

2x4 SP No.2 OTHERS

REACTIONS. All bearings 12-3-2.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-36(LC 8) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 8, 6

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=285(LC 1), 8=295(LC 23), 6=295(LC 24)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-7-13 to 5-0-10, Interior(1) 5-0-10 to 6-2-5, Exterior(2) 6-2-5 to 10-7-2, Interior(1) 10-7-2 to 11-8-13 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 8, 6.

6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Max Uplift1=-25(LC 12), 3=-30(LC 13)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and

C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=90/5-7-2 (min. 0-1-8), 3=90/5-7-2 (min. 0-1-8), 4=173/5-7-2 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=15(LC 9) Max Uplift1=-14(LC 12), 3=-17(LC 13)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

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