Mark Morris, P.E.

#126, 1317-M, Summerville, SC 29483 843 209-5784, Fax (866)-213-4614

The truss drawing(s) listed below have been prepared by **Atlantic Building Components** under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by the truss designers.

AST #: 40747

JOB: 23-5847-R01

JOB NAME: LOT 14 PROVIDENCE CREEK

Wind Code: 37

Wind Speed: Vult= 120mph

Exposure Category: B

Mean Roof Height (feet): 35

These truss designs comply with IRC 2015 as well as IRC 2018.

22 Truss Design(s)

Trusses:

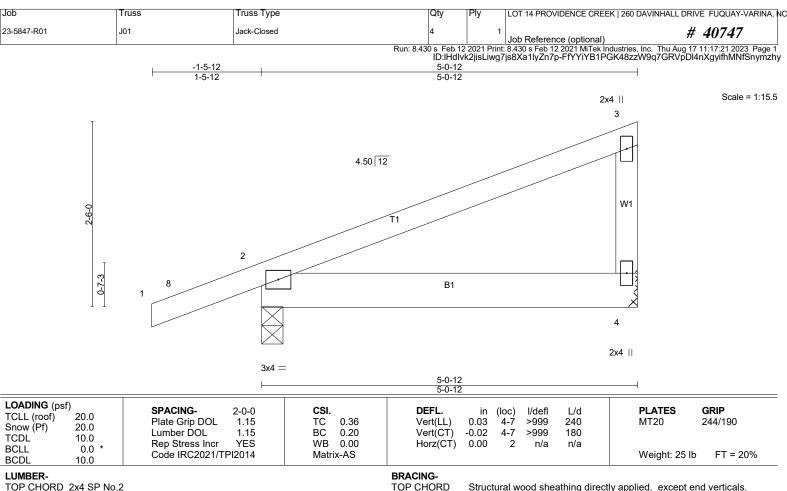
J01, J03, J04, J05, J06, R01, R02, R02A, R02B, R03, R03A, R04, R05, R06, R07, R08, R09, SP01, SP02, V01, V02, V03



Mark Morris

Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use.

This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for



TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 4=183/Mechanical, 2=299/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=85(LC 13)

Max Uplift4=-69(LC 10), 2=-123(LC 10) Max Grav 4=251(LC 21), 2=402(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (10)

- 1) Wind: ASCÉ 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4 except (jt=lb) 2=123.
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

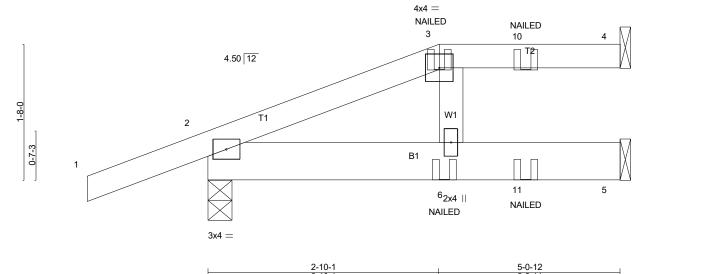
LOAD CASE(S) Standard



8/16/2023

Joh Truss Truss Type LOT 14 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 260 DAVINHALL DRIVE FUQUAY-VARINA, NC 23-5847-R01 J03 Jack-Open Girder # 40747 Job Reference (optional) Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Aug 17 11:17:21 2023 Page 1 ID:IHdlvk2jisLiwg7js8Xa1lyZn7p-FfYYiYB1PGK48zzW9q7GRVpEw4mNgyCfhMNfSnymzhy -1-5-12 2-10-1 5-0-12 1-5-12 2-10-1 2-2-11

Scale = 1:14.1



		2-10-1	2-2-11	<u> </u>
TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf) 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2021/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.28 BC 0.27 WB 0.03 Matrix-MP	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d Vert(LL) -0.02 6 >999 240 Vert(CT) -0.03 6 >999 180 Horz(CT) 0.01 4 n/a n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 24 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling dir

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-12 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 4=71/Mechanical, 2=309/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 5=132/Mechanical

Max Horz 2=59(LC 8)

Max Uplift4=-26(LC 8), 2=-128(LC 8), 5=-53(LC 8) Max Grav 4=103(LC 33), 2=435(LC 34), 5=143(LC 34)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (13)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 5 except (jt=lb) 2=128.
- 11) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.
- 12) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

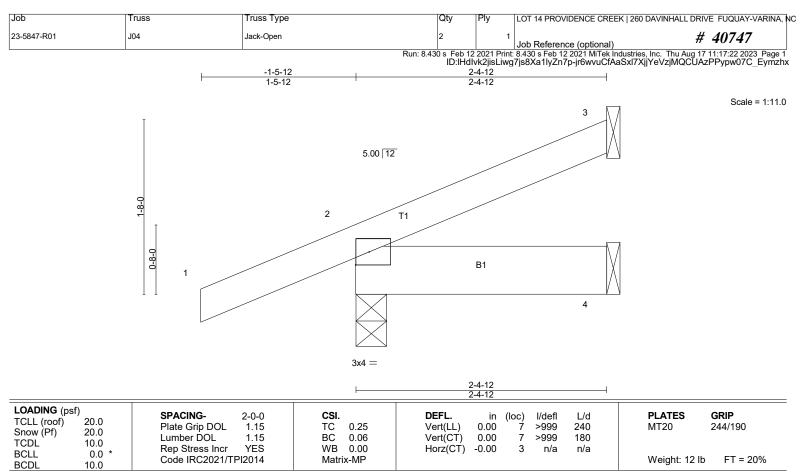
Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-4=-60, 5-7=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 3=-12(B) 6=0(B) 10=-12(B) 11=0(B)



8/16/2023



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-4-12 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 3=48/Mechanical, 2=210/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=17/Mechanical

Max Horz 2=52(LC 14)

Max Uplift3=-25(LC 14), 2=-68(LC 10), 4=-11(LC 11) Max Grav 3=68(LC 21), 2=294(LC 21), 4=42(LC 7)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

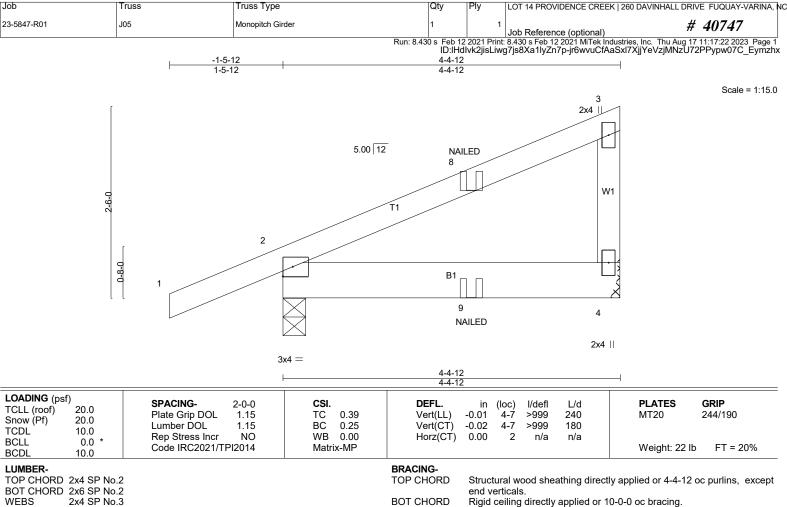
NOTES- (9)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3, 2, 4.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



8/16/2023



2x4 SP No.3

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 4=251/Mechanical, 2=344/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=83(LC 11)

Max Uplift4=-77(LC 8), 2=-114(LC 8)

Max Grav 4=290(LC 19), 2=449(LC 19)

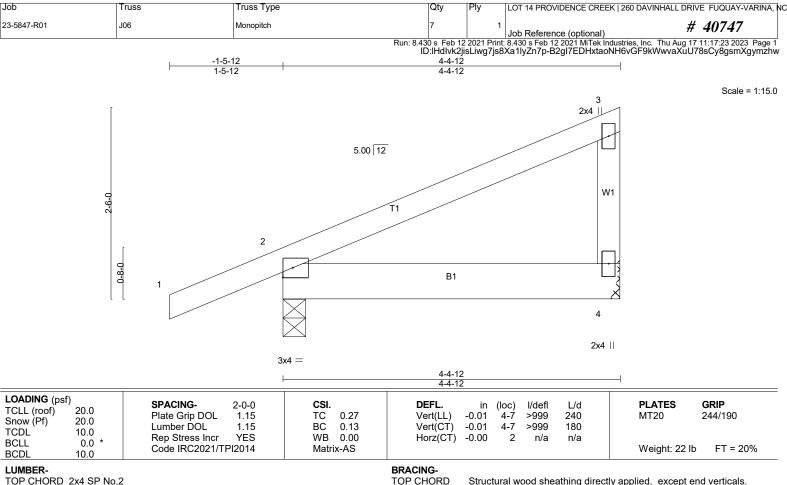
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 1) Wind: ASCÉ 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4 except (jt=lb) 2=114.
- 9) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.
- 10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 4-5=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 8=-43(F) 9=-123(F)





TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 4=155/Mechanical, 2=274/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=83(LC 13)

Max Uplift4=-41(LC 10), 2=-88(LC 10) Max Grav 4=211(LC 21), 2=392(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (10)

- 1) Wind: ASCÉ 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

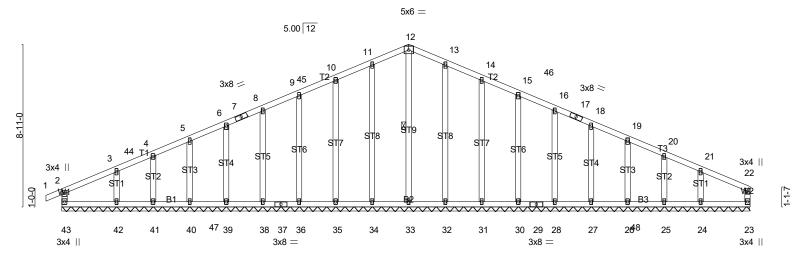
LOAD CASE(S) Standard



8/16/2023

Job Truss Truss Type LOT 14 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 260 DAVINHALL DRIVE FUQUAY-VARINA, NC 23-5847-R01 R01 GABLE # 40747 Job Reference (optional) 430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Aug 17 11:17:24 2023 Page 1 ID:zSnI_VDJTy_hu?pmOjJgrKyZRJJ-gEEgKaEviBie?Qh5qyhz28RokIsStFv6NKcJ36ymzhv -0-10₋₈ 19-0-0 37-8-8 19-0-0 18-8-8

Scale = 1:63.1



					3	37-8-8						
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) Snow (Pf) TCDL BCLL	20.0 20.0 10.0 0.0 *	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES	CSI. TC BC WB	0.12 0.06 0.23	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in -0.00 -0.00 0.00	(loc) 1 1 23	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 180 80 n/a	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
BCDI	10.0	Code IRC2021/TF	PI2014	Matr	ix-R						Weight: 243 lb	FT = 20%

37-8-8

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WFBS 2x4 SP No.3 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING-

WFBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except TOP CHORD end verticals.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Row at midpt 12-33

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 37-8-8.

- Max Horz 43=108(LC 14)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 43, 23, 34, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40, 41, 32, 31, 30, 28, 27, 26, 25,

24 except 42=-101(LC 14)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 43, 23, 36, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 30, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24 except 33=260(LC 27), 34=285(LC 5), 35=276(LC 5), 32=285(LC 6), 31=276(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

10-45=-101/253, 10-11=-123/289, 11-12=-137/320, 12-13=-137/320, 13-14=-123/289, TOP CHORD 14-46=-101/253

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph, TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Exterior(2N) 3-11-2 to 14-2-6, Corner(3R) 14-2-6 to 23-9-10, Exterior(2N) 23-9-10 to 32-9-2, Corner(3E) 32-9-2 to 37-6-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For stude exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).

10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

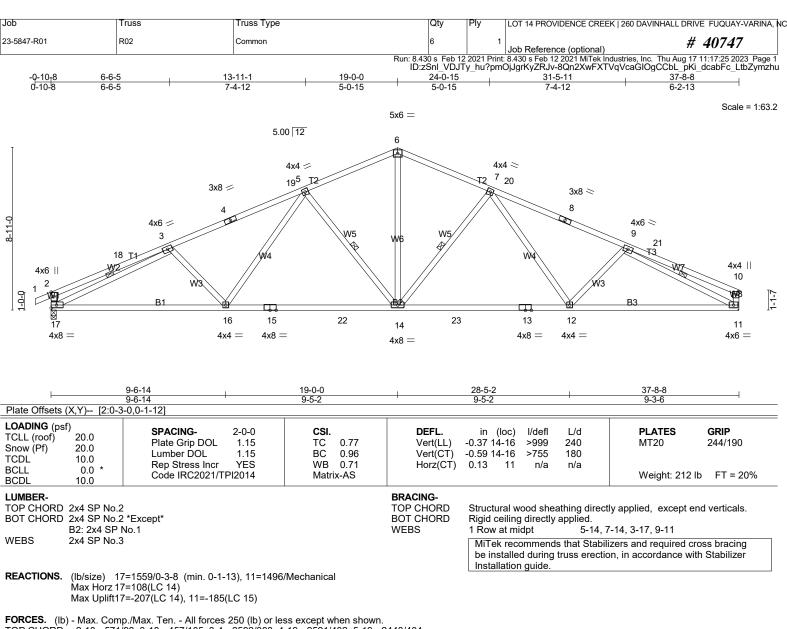
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 43, 23, 34, 35, 36, 38

SEAL 28147

THE WALL SEAL 28147

THE WALL SEAL 28147 , 39, 40, 41, 32, 31, 30, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24 except (jt=lb) 42=101. LOAD CASE(S) Standard



TOP CHORD 2-18=-571/93, 3-18=-457/105, 3-4=-2592/388, 4-19=-2521/402, 5-19=-2448/404,

5-6=-1954/390, 6-7=-1954/390, 7-20=-2402/404, 8-20=-2474/402, 8-9=-2546/388,

9-21=-334/82, 10-21=-415/70, 2-17=-446/148, 10-11=-305/88

BOT CHORD 16-17=-377/2390, 15-16=-225/2098, 15-22=-225/2098, 14-22=-225/2098, 14-23=-222/2080,

13-23=-222/2080, 12-13=-222/2080, 11-12=-298/2312

WEBS 5-16=-45/441, 5-14=-712/225, 6-14=-165/1257, 7-14=-684/222, 7-12=-39/399,

3-17=-2256/314, 9-11=-2339/337

NOTES-(11)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 13-11-1, Exterior(2R) 13-11-1 to 24-0-15, Interior(1) 24-0-15 to 32-9-2, Exterior(2E) 32-9-2 to 37-6-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

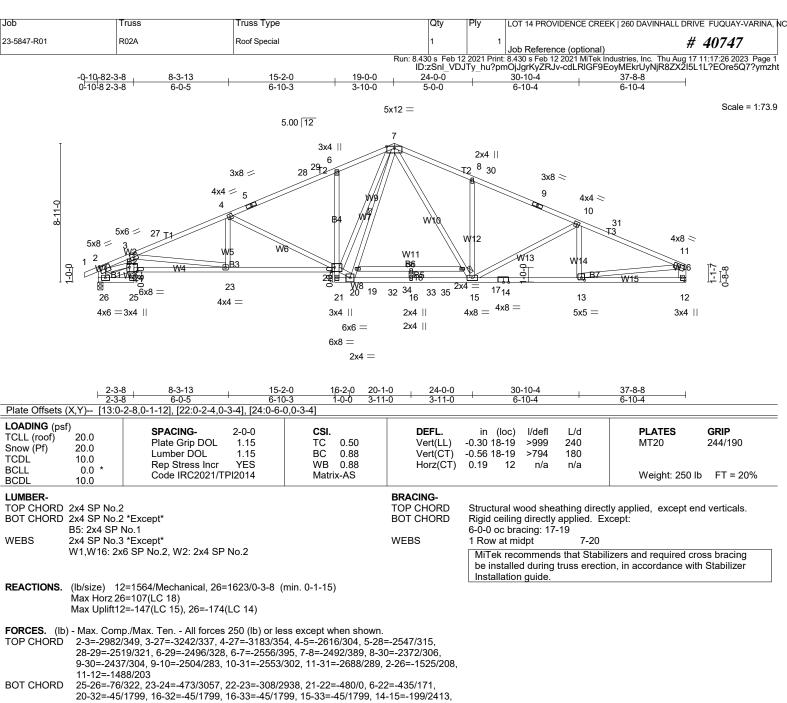
6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 17=207, 11=185
- 10) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



13-14=-199/2413, 12-13=-59/321

WEBS 4-23=0/311, 4-22=-752/208, 20-22=0/1971, 7-22=-257/1661, 19-20=-617/82, 7-19=-590/112, 7-17=-181/951, 15-17=-212/945, 8-15=-477/190, 10-15=-346/160, 11-13=-159/2119,

2-24=-300/2511

NOTES-(11-14)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 14-2-6, Exterior(2R) 14-2-6 to 24-0-0, Interior(1) 24-0-0 to 32-8-2, Exterior(2E) 32-8-2 to 37-5-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 12=147, 26=174.

26=174.

10) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 14 PROVIDENCE CREEK 260 DAVINHALL D	RIVE FUQUAY-VARINA, N
23-5847-R01	R02A	Roof Special	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 40747

Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Aug 17 11:17:26 2023 Page 2 ID:zSnI_VDJTy_hu?pmOjJgrKyZRJv-cdLRIGF9EoyMEkrUyNjR8ZX2I5L1L?EOre5Q7?ymzht

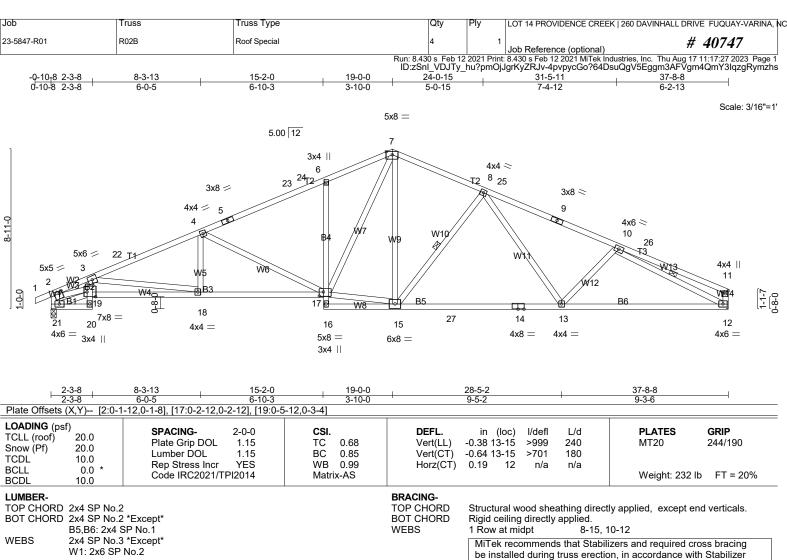
- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS

14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

W1: 2x6 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 21=1561/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13), 12=1492/Mechanical

Max Hórz 21=107(LC 14)

Max Uplift21=-208(LC 14), 12=-185(LC 15)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-3=-2848/414, 3-22=-3084/421, 4-22=-3024/437, 4-5=-2386/391, 5-23=-2303/402, TOP CHORD

23-24=-2269/407. 6-24=-2242/415. 6-7=-2326/484. 7-8=-1860/391. 8-25=-2282/399. 9-25=-2369/397, 9-10=-2455/383, 10-26=-328/85, 11-26=-414/73, 2-21=-1465/240,

11-12=-304/89

BOT CHORD 20-21=-84/315, 18-19=-539/2935, 17-18=-384/2792, 6-17=-445/172, 15-27=-219/2000,

14-27=-219/2000, 13-14=-219/2000, 12-13=-294/2273

WEBS 4-18=0/314, 4-17=-751/205, 15-17=-55/1578, 7-17=-252/1210, 7-15=-109/539,

8-15=-683/220, 8-13=-37/431, 2-19=-352/2385, 10-12=-2238/329

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph, TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed: MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 14-2-6, Exterior(2R) 14-2-6 to 24-0-15, Interior(1) 24-0-15 to 32-9-2, Exterior(2E) 32-9-2 to 37-6-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 21=208,

10-105

sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 14 PROVIDENCE CREEK 260 DAVINHALL D	RIVE FUQUAY-VARINA, N
23-5847-R01	R02B	Roof Special	4	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 40747

Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Aug 17 11:17:27 2023 Page 2 ID:zSnI_VDJTy_hu?pmOjJgrKyZRJv-4pvpycGo?64DsuQgV5Eggm3AFVgm4QmY3lqzgRymzhs

- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS

14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job Truss Truss Type Qtv LOT 14 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 260 DAVINHALL DRIVE FUQUAY-VARINA, NC 23-5847-R01 R03 Common # 40747 Job Reference (optional) Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MTek Industries, Inc. Thu Aug 17 11:17:28 2023 Page 1 ID:zSnI_VDJTy_hu?pmOjJgrKyZRJv-Y?TBAyHQmQD4U2?t3olvD_cNZv?GpvehlxaXCtymzhr -0-10₋₈ 14-0-0 19-0-0 24-0-0 30-10-4 7-1-12 38-0-0 7-1-12 6-10-4 5-0-0 5-0-0 6-10-4 7-1-12 0-10-8 Scale = 1:65.1 5x8 = 5.00 12 6 2x4 || 2x4 | 25⁵ 26 3x8 = 3x8 < 8 4x4 = 4x4 < 8-11-0 9 3 6x8 = 6x8 < ¹⁰ 11 2 9-0-9 \<u>\a</u>23 **3**0 ₁₄ 19 21 29 32 28 31 20 16 15 13 22 3x4 || 4x8 =4x8 =3x4 || 5x5 = 4x8 = 4x8 =5x5 = 2x4 || 2x4 =2x4 || 19-0-0 30-10-4 24-0-0 38-0-0 7-1-12 6-10-4 5-0-0 5-0-0 6-10-4 7-1-12 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [13:0-2-8,0-1-12], [22:0-2-8,0-1-12] LOADING (psf) SPACING-DEFL. **PLATES** GRIP 2-0-0 CSI. in (loc) I/defl I/d TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.58 Vert(LL) -0.61 18 >733 240 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf) 20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 вс 0.90 Vert(CT) -1.0118 >445 180 **TCDL** 10.0 WB 0.88 Rep Stress Incr YES Horz(CT) 0.09 12 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2021/TPI2014 Matrix-AS Weight: 236 lb FT = 20%**BCDL** 10.0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing

be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

Rigid ceiling directly applied. Except:

6-0-0 oc bracing: 17-19

Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

B3: 2x4 SP No.1, B2: 2x4 SP SS

2x4 SP No.3 *Except* WFBS

W1: 2x6 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 23=1658/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-15), 12=1658/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-15)

Max Horz 23=100(LC 14)

Max Uplift23=-163(LC 14), 12=-163(LC 15) Max Grav 23=1660(LC 3), 12=1660(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-24=-2882/276. 3-24=-2809/289. 3-4=-2716/260. 4-25=-2649/282. 5-25=-2584/284.

5-6=-2703/367, 6-7=-2703/367, 7-26=-2584/284, 8-26=-2649/282, 8-9=-2716/260,

9-27=-2809/289, 10-27=-2882/276, 2-23=-1575/245, 10-12=-1575/245

BOT CHORD 22-23=-183/495, 21-22=-253/2593, 20-21=-253/2593, 20-28=-7/1904, 16-28=-7/1904,

16-29=-7/1904, 29-30=-7/1904, 15-30=-7/1904, 14-15=-162/2593, 13-14=-162/2593,

WEBS 6-17=-156/1140, 15-17=-199/1025, 7-15=-482/190, 9-15=-371/175, 19-20=-200/1025,

6-19=-156/1140, 5-20=-482/190, 3-20=-371/175, 2-22=-117/2133, 10-13=-117/2133

NOTES-(10)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 14-0-0, Exterior(2R) 14-0-0 to 24-0-0, Interior(1) 24-0-0 to 34-0-14, Exterior(2E) 34-0-14 to 38-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for

24-0-0 to 34-0-14, Exterior(2E) 34-0-14 to 38-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

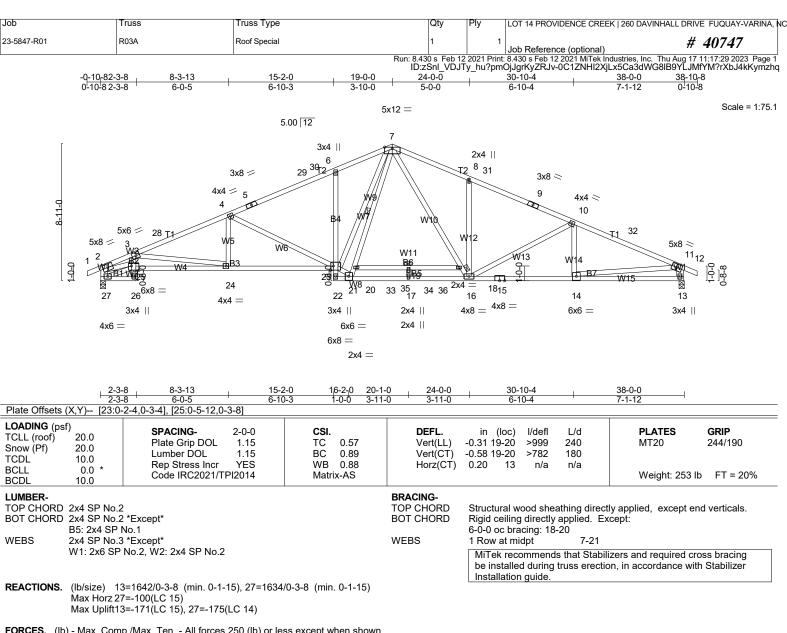
5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

7) * This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 23=163, 12=163.

9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-3004/345, 3-28=-3271/332, 4-28=-3211/349, 4-5=-2645/301, 5-29=-2576/312,

29-30=-2547/318, 6-30=-2525/325, 6-7=-2584/393, 7-8=-2536/390, 8-31=-2416/306,

9-31=-2481/304, 9-10=-2547/282, 10-32=-2711/301, 11-32=-2797/288, 2-27=-1536/201,

11-13=-1563/251

BOT CHORD 26-27=-75/325, 24-25=-462/3080, 23-24=-300/2964, 22-23=-481/0, 6-23=-435/171

21-33=-22/1821, 17-33=-22/1821, 17-34=-22/1821, 16-34=-22/1821, 15-16=-173/2503, 14-15=-173/2503, 13-14=-93/473

4-24=0/311, 4-23=-752/207, 21-23=0/1993, 7-23=-254/1671, 20-21=-628/71, 7-20=-602/101,

7-18=-185/984, 16-18=-216/979, 8-16=-481/191, 10-16=-394/165, 11-14=-124/2061,

2-25=-297/2530

NOTES-(10-13)

WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 14-2-6, Exterior(2R) 14-2-6 to 24-0-0, Interior(1) 24-0-0 to 34-0-14, Exterior(2E) 34-0-14 to 38-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 13=171, 27=175.

9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum

9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 14 PROVIDENCE CREEK 260 DAVINHALL D	RIVE FUQUAY-VARINA, N
23-5847-R01	R03A	Roof Special	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 40747

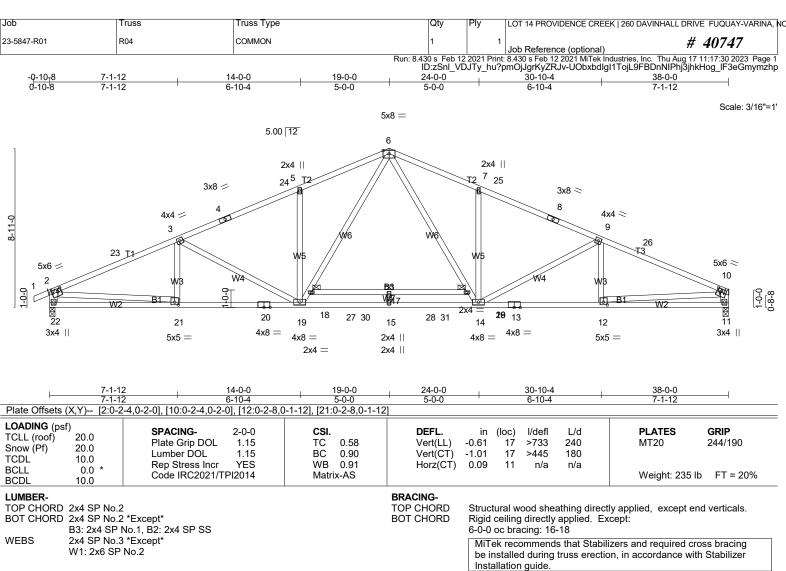
Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Aug 17 11:17:29 2023 Page 2 ID:zSnl_VDJTy_hu?pmOjJgrKyZRJv-0C1ZNHI2XjLx5Ca3dWG8IB9YLJMfYM?rXbJ4kKymzhq

- 10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

 13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





REACTIONS. (lb/size) 22=1659/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-15), 11=1591/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-14)

Max Hórz 22=107(LC 14)

Max Uplift22=-163(LC 14), 11=-141(LC 15) Max Grav 22=1661(LC 3), 11=1604(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-23=-2883/278, 3-23=-2811/292, 3-4=-2717/263, 4-24=-2651/284, 5-24=-2586/287,

5-6=-2705/369, 6-7=-2705/370, 7-25=-2588/289, 8-25=-2651/287, 8-9=-2719/265,

9-26=-2769/300, 10-26=-2889/286, 2-22=-1576/246, 10-11=-1510/200

BOT CHORD 21-22=-189/485, 20-21=-260/2595, 19-20=-260/2595, 19-27=-32/1906, 15-27=-32/1906,

15-28=-32/1906, 28-29=-32/1906, 14-29=-32/1906, 13-14=-198/2605, 12-13=-198/2605,

6-16=-155/1141, 14-16=-198/1026, 7-14=-476/188, 9-14=-384/179, 18-19=-200/1025, 6-18=-156/1140, 5-19=-481/190, 3-19=-371/176, 2-21=-121/2135, 10-12=-146/2203

NOTES-(10)

WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Interior(1) 3-11-2 to 14-0-0, Exterior(2R) 14-0-0 to 24-0-0, Interior(1) 24-0-0 to 32-11-10, Exterior(2E) 32-11-10 to 37-9-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

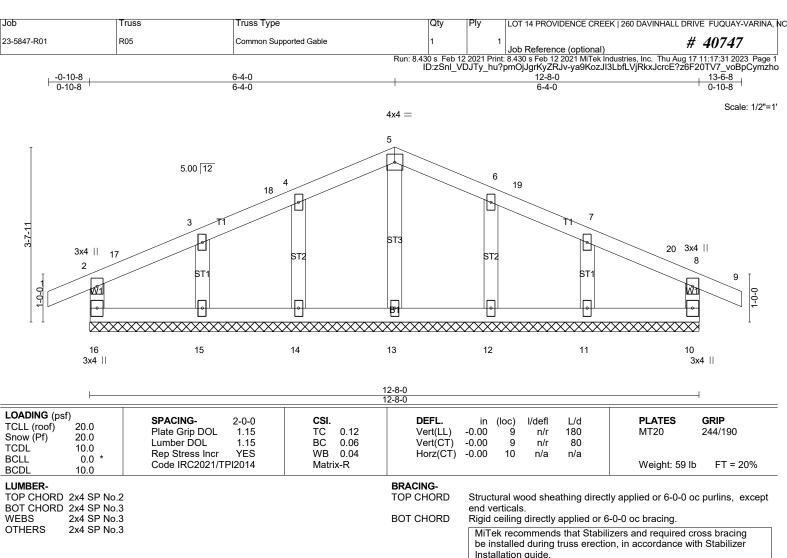
5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

7) * This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 22=163, 11=141.

9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord. 24-0-0 to 32-11-10, Exterior(2E) 32-11-10 to 37-9-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



REACTIONS. All bearings 12-8-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 16=-23(LC 15)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 14, 15, 12, 11

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 13, 14, 15, 12, 11

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph, TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Corner(3R) 3-11-2 to 8-8-14, Corner(3E) 8-8-14 to 13-6-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).

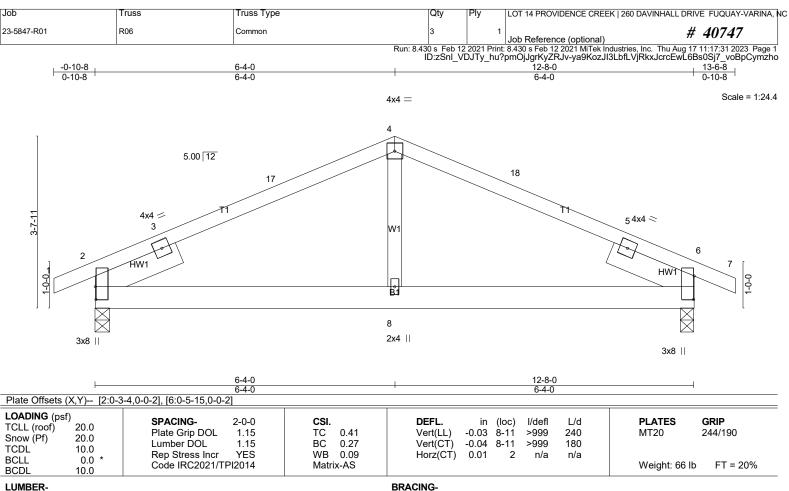
10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide 🔊 🛚 fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 16, 10, 14, 15, 11.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

SEAL 28147

MONEET SOLUTION SEAL 28147



TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing

be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

Installation guide

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

Left 2x6 SP No.2 -° 1-11-0, Right 2x6 SP No.2 -° 1-11-0 SLIDER

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=559/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 6=559/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=-45(LC 15) Max Uplift2=-79(LC 14), 6=-79(LC 15) Max Grav 2=641(LC 21), 6=641(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 3-17=-625/249, 4-17=-597/258, 4-18=-597/258, 5-18=-625/249

BOT CHORD 2-8=-136/552, 6-8=-136/552

NOTES-(10)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Exterior(2R) 3-11-2 to 8-8-14, Exterior(2E) 8-8-14 to 13-6-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6.
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

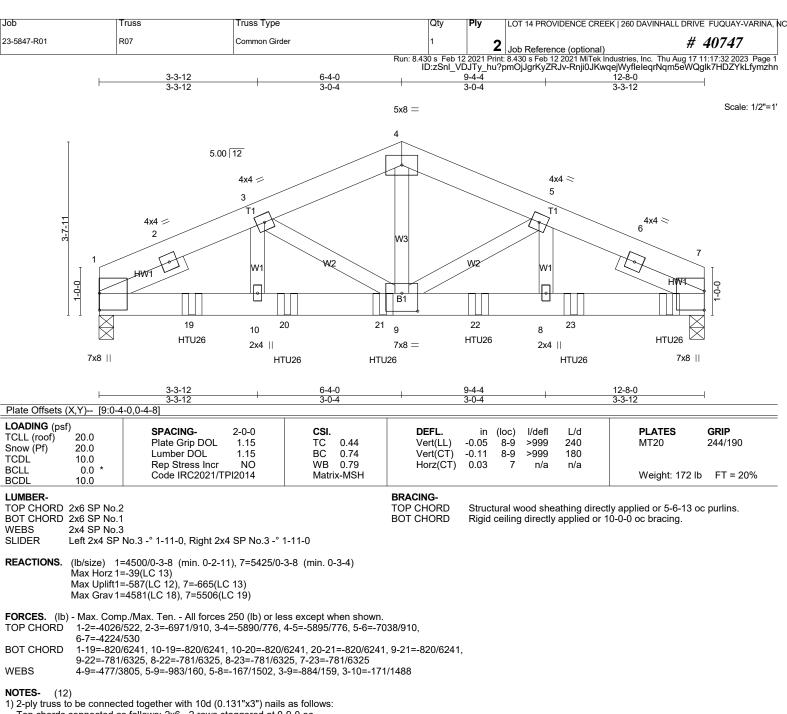
LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Will fit

SEAL

28147

WOINEER K. MORRIMAN



Top chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc. Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-6-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated. 3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

4) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

5) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

6) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=537, 7=665

Provide mechanical confidence, 72, 72-665.

Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26 (20-10d Girder, 11-10dx1 1/2 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 1-11-4 from the left end to 11-11-4 to connect truss(es) R02 (1 ply 2x4 SP), R02B (1 ply 2x4 SP), R02A (1 ply 2x4 SP) to back face of the connect truss(es) R02 (1 ply 2x4 SP), R02B (1 ply 2x4 SP), R02A (1 ply 2x4 SP) to back face of the connect truss(es) R02 (1 ply 2x4 SP), R02B (1 ply 2x4 SP), R02A (1 ply 2x4 SP) to back face of the connect truss(es) R02 (1 ply 2x4 SP). 10) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26 (20-10d Girder, 11-10dx1 1/2 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting

11) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

J	ob	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 14 PROVIDENCE CREEK 260 DAVINHALL DRIVE FUQUAY-VARINA	ι, NC
2	3-5847-R01	R07	Common Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional) # 40747	

Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Aug 17 11:17:32 2023 Page 2 ID:zSnI_VDJTy_hu?pmOjJgrKyZRJv-Rnji0JKwqejWyfleleqrNqm5eWQglk7HDZYkLfymzhn

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

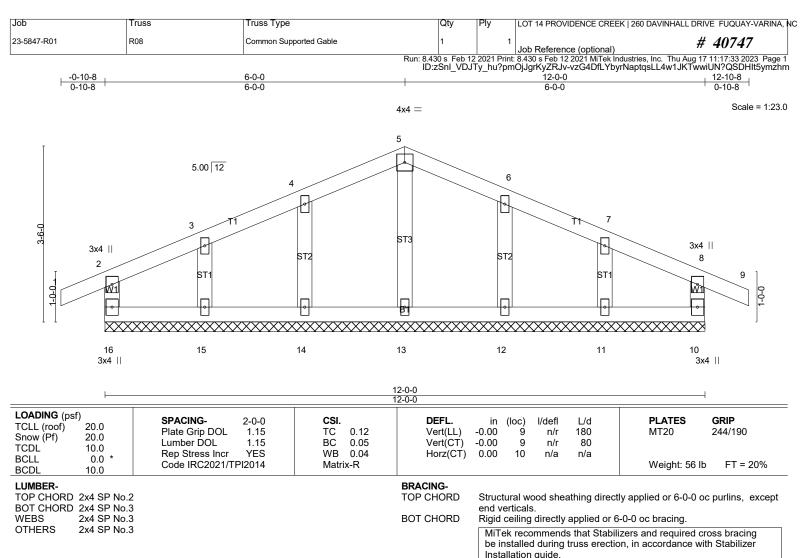
Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-7=-60, 11-15=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 17=-1546(B) 19=-1476(B) 20=-1472(B) 21=-1472(B) 22=-1472(B) 23=-1472(B)



8/16/2023



REACTIONS. All bearings 12-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 16=-21(LC 15)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 14, 15, 12, 11 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 13, 14, 15, 12, 11

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 4-0-0, Corner(3R) 4-0-0 to 8-0-0, Corner(3E) 8-0-0 to 12-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).

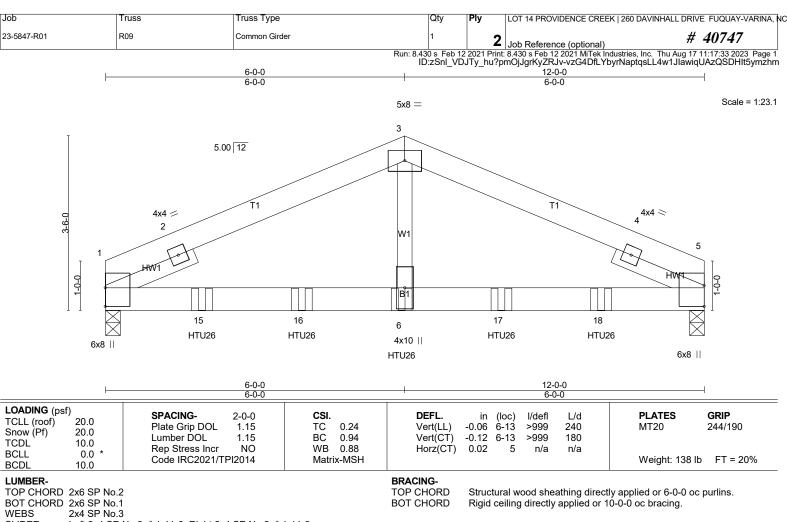
10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide 🔊 🛚 fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 16, 10, 14, 15,

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

SEAL 28147

MONEET SOLUTION SEAL 28147



Left 2x4 SP No.3 -° 1-11-0, Right 2x4 SP No.3 -° 1-11-0 SLIDER

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=4200/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-8), 5=4139/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-8)

Max Horz 1=37(LC 12)

Max Uplift1=-550(LC 12), 5=-542(LC 13) Max Grav 1=4276(LC 18), 5=4215(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1-2=-4228/525, 2-3=-5873/780, 3-4=-5874/780, 4-5=-4210/523 TOP CHORD

1-15=-682/5389, 15-16=-682/5389, 6-16=-682/5389, 6-17=-682/5389, 17-18=-682/5389, **BOT CHORD**

5-18=-682/5389 WFBS 3-6=-502/4236

NOTES-

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows: Top chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc. Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-6-0 oc. Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph, TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 5) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); is=1.0; Rough

- 5) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

 6) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will be tween the bottom chord and any other members.

 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=550, 5=542.

 10) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26 (20-10d Girder, 11-10dx1 1/2 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 1-11-4 from the left end to 9-11-4 to connect truss(es) R02 (1 ply 2x4 SP) to back face of bottom chord.

 11) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

 LOAD CASE(S) Standard

 1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 14 PROVIDENCE CREEK 260 DAVINHALL DRIVE FUQUAY-VARINA	A, NC
23-5847-R01	R09	Common Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional) # 40747	

Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Aug 17 11:17:34 2023 Page 2 ID:zSnl_VDJTy_hu?pmOjJgrKyZRJv-N9qSQ?MBMGzECzS0Q3sJSFsTKK23DdDagt1rPXymzhl

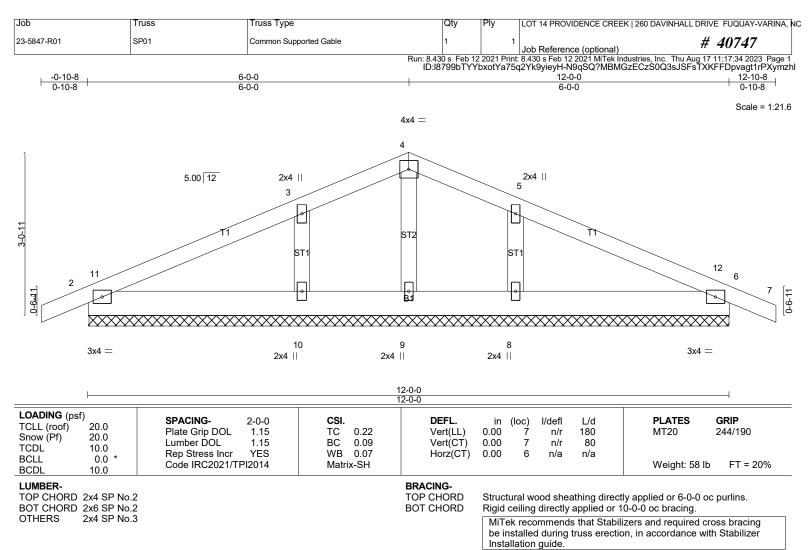
LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-5=-60, 7-11=-20
Concentrated Loads (lb)

Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 6=-1476(B) 15=-1476(B) 16=-1476(B) 17=-1476(B) 18=-1476(B)



8/16/2023



REACTIONS. All bearings 12-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-38(LC 15)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 6, 10, 8

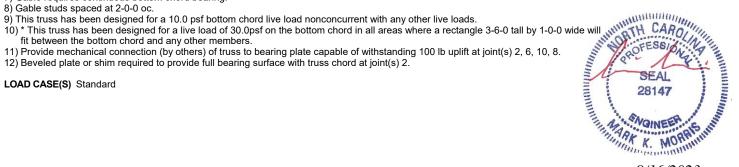
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 6, 9 except 10=452(LC 21), 8=452(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. WEBS 3-10=-317/163, 5-8=-317/163

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 4-0-0, Corner(3R) 4-0-0 to 8-0-0, Corner(3E) 8-0-0 to 12-10-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- 7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.



Joh Truss Truss Type LOT 14 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 260 DAVINHALL DRIVE FUQUAY-VARINA, NC 23-5847-R01 SP02 Common # 40747 Job Reference (optional) Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Aug 17 11:17:34 2023 Page 1 ID:18799bTYYbxotYa75q2Yk9yieyH-N9qSQ?MBMGzECzS0Q3sJSFsNXKBsDp9agt1rPXymzhl 12-10-8 6-0-0 12-0-0 -0-10-8 0-10-8 6-0-0 6-0-0 0-10-8 Scale = 1:21.6 4x4 =3 5.00 12 W1 9 10 6 2x4 || 3x6 = 3x6 < 6-0-0 6-0-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-0-10,0-1-8], [4:0-0-10,0-1-8] LOADING (psf) DEFL. **PLATES** GRIP SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. in (loc) I/defl I/d TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.61 Vert(LL) -0.034-6 >999 240 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf) 20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 вс 0.37 Vert(CT) -0.05 4-6 >999 180 **TCDL** 10.0 WB 0.11

LUMBER-

BCLL

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

0.0

10.0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Horz(CT)

0.01

n/a

n/a

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-4-12 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-6-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

Weight: 54 lb

FT = 20%

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=530/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=530/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2021/TPI2014

YES

Max Horz 2=-38(LC 15)

Max Uplift2=-117(LC 10), 4=-117(LC 11) Max Grav 2=624(LC 21), 4=624(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-7=-775/690, 3-7=-633/701, 3-8=-633/701, 4-8=-775/690 **BOT CHORD** 2-9=-559/594, 6-9=-559/594, 6-10=-559/594, 4-10=-559/594

WFBS 3-6=-379/297

(9)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-11-2, Exterior(2R) 3-11-2 to 8-0-14, Exterior(2E) 8-0-14 to 12-10-8 zone; porch left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

Matrix-SH

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=117.
4=117.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

SEAL
28147

Job Truss Truss Type LOT 14 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 260 DAVINHALL DRIVE FUQUAY-VARINA, NC 23-5847-R01 V01 Valley # 40747 Job Reference (optional) Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Aug 17 11:17:35 2023 Page 1 ID:IHdIvk2jisLiwg7js8Xa1lyZn7p-rLOqeLMp6Z55p71DzmNY?SOdKka1yHbjvXmOyzymzhk 4-0-8 8-1-0 4-0-8 4-0-8 Scale = 1:14.4 4x4 =2 5.00 12 ST1 B1 2x4 / 2x4 || 2x4 < 8-1-0 8-1-0 LOADING (psf) GRIP SPACING-CSI. DEFL. **PLATES** 2-0-0 in (loc) I/defl L/d TCLL (roof) 20.0 244/190 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.29Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 Snow (Pf) 20.0 вс Lumber DOL 1.15 0.19 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.04 Horz(CT) 0.00 3 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2021/TPI2014 Weight: 24 lb FT = 20% Matrix-P BCDL 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=130/8-1-0 (min. 0-1-8), 3=130/8-1-0 (min. 0-1-8), 4=269/8-1-0 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 1=-21(LC 19)

Max Uplift1=-29(LC 14), 3=-33(LC 15), 4=-8(LC 14)

Max Grav 1=172(LC 20), 3=172(LC 21), 4=269(LC 1)

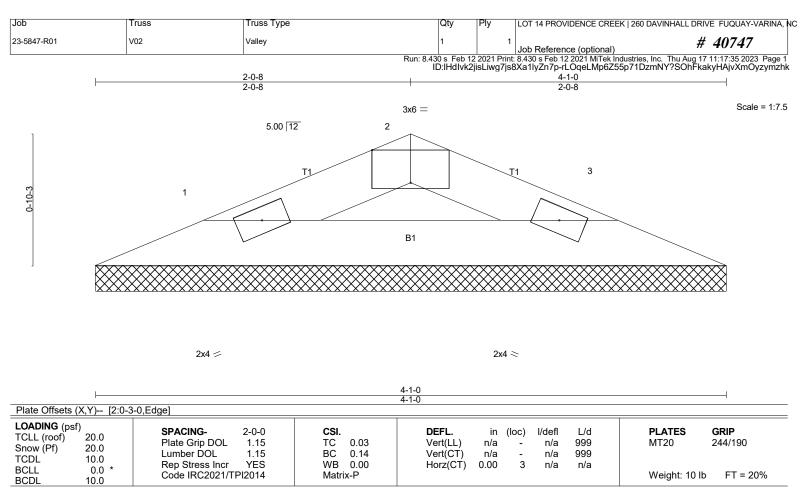
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-1-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=105/4-1-0 (min. 0-1-8), 3=105/4-1-0 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 1=-8(LC 15)

Max Uplift1=-13(LC 14), 3=-13(LC 15) Max Grav 1=111(LC 20), 3=111(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (9)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



8/16/2023

Job LOT 14 PROVIDENCE CREEK | 260 DAVINHALL DRIVE FUQUAY-VARINA, NC Truss Truss Type 23-5847-R01 V03 GABLE # 40747 Job Reference (optional) Run: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 Print: 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Aug 17 11:17:35 2023 Page 1 ID:IHdIvk2jisLiwg7js8Xa1lyZn7p-rLOqeLMp6Z55p71DzmNY?SOelkaayHfjvXmOyzymzhk 3-8-8 7-5-0 3-8-8 3-8-8 Scale = 1:13.3 4x4 = 2 5.00 12 ST1 3 B1 2x4 = 2x4 || 2x4 < 7-5-0 7-5-0 LOADING (psf) GRIP SPACING-CSI. DEFL. **PLATES** 2-0-0 in (loc) I/defl L/d TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.22 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf) 20.0 вс Lumber DOL 1.15 0.15 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.03 Horz(CT) 0.00 3 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2021/TPI2014 Weight: 22 lb FT = 20% Matrix-P BCDL 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 BOT CHORD OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=117/7-5-0 (min. 0-1-8), 3=117/7-5-0 (min. 0-1-8), 4=242/7-5-0 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 1=-18(LC 15)

Max Uplift1=-26(LC 14), 3=-29(LC 15), 4=-8(LC 14)

Max Grav 1=152(LC 20), 3=152(LC 21), 4=242(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (9)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



8/16/2023