

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

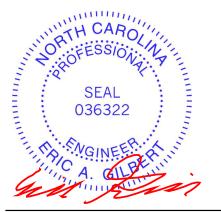
Re: MP4 DRHORTON/WILMINGTON; LOT 4 MCKAY PLACE

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Builders FirstSource-Apex,NC.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I58690911 thru I58690920

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2023.

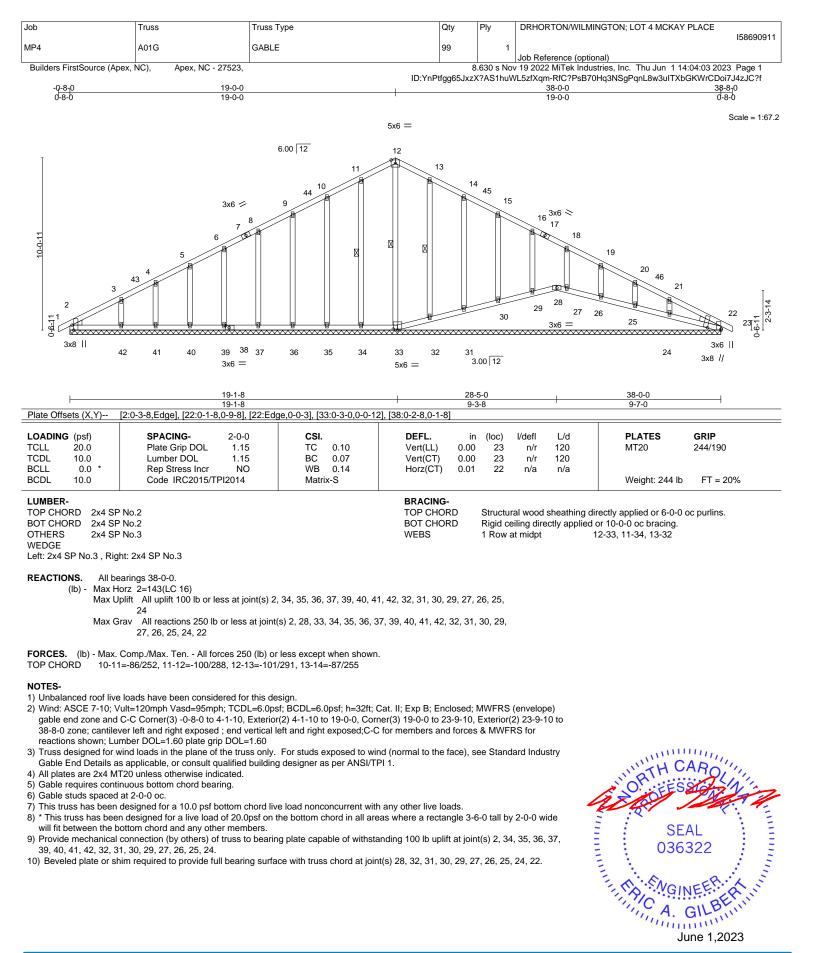
North Carolina COA: C-0844



June 1,2023

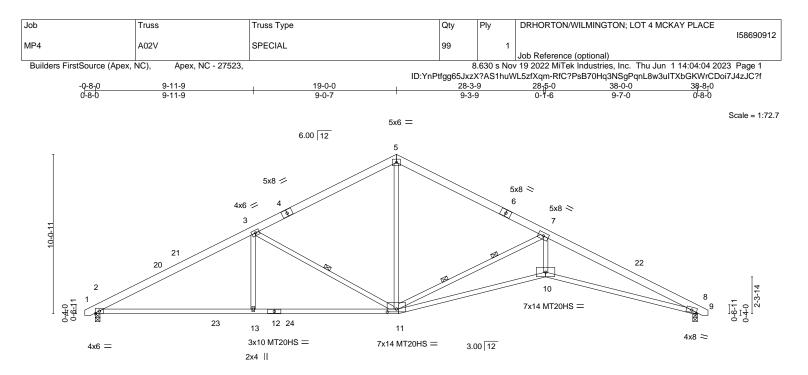
Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss system. See MSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





	9-11-9	19-1-8	28-5-0	38-0-0	
	9-11-9	9-1-15	9-3-8	9-7-0	
Plate Offsets (X,	Y) [11:0-7-0,0-2-3]				

LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.66 BC 0.97 WB 0.95 Matrix-MS	Vert(LL) -0.35 Vert(CT) -0.85 Horz(CT) 0.37	n (loc) I/defl L/d 5 10-11 >999 360 5 10-11 >535 240 7 8 n/a n/a 7 10-11 >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 MT20HS 187/143 Weight: 215 lb FT = 20%
	6 SP No.2 4 SP No.1 *Except*		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD		irectly applied or 2-11-7 oc purlins. or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:
10 WEBS 22	-11: 2x4 SP SS, 11-12: 2x4 SP No.2 4 SP No.3 *Except* 11: 2x4 SP SS		WEBS	2-2-0 oc bracing: 8-10. 1 Row at midpt	3-11 7-11

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 8=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=135(LC 12) Max Uplift 2=-27(LC 12), 8=-27(LC 13) Max Grav 2=1549(LC 1), 8=1549(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-2685/217, 3-5=-1838/249, 5-7=-1845/247, 7-8=-4890/321

BOT CHORD 2-13=-100/2303, 11-13=-100/2303, 10-11=-217/4406, 8-10=-218/4406

WEBS 3-13=0/403, 3-11=-942/155, 5-11=-28/999, 7-11=-3081/264, 7-10=0/2288

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-5-14 to 4-3-12, Interior(1) 4-3-12 to 19-0-0, Exterior(2) 19-0-0 to 25-9-7, Interior(1) 25-9-7 to 38-5-14 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

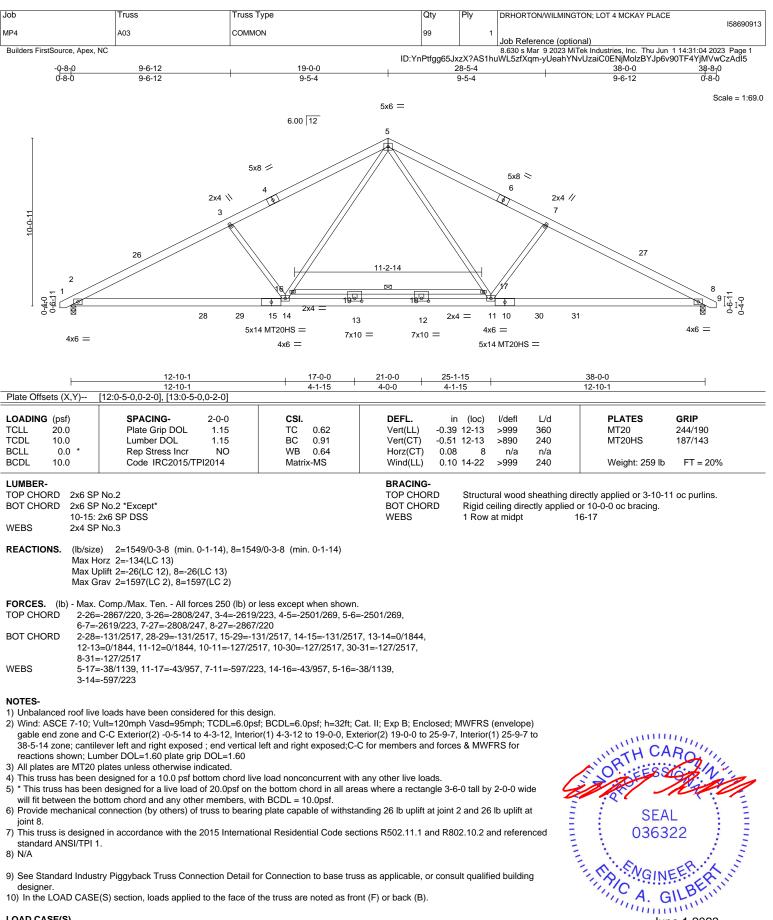
6) Bearing at joint(s) 8 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

 Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8.
 See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



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10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S)

nued on page ;

ᄊ WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORF USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601 818 Soundside Road

Edenton, NC 27932

June 1,2023

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	DRHORTON/WILMINGTON; LOT 4 MCKAY PLACE	15000001
MP4	A03	COMMON	99		1	15869091
Builders FirstSource, A					Job Reference (optional) 8.630 s Mar 9 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Jun 1 14:3	1:04 2022 Bago 2
Builders FirstSource, A	ipex, NC		ID:YnPtfgg65	JxzX?AS1	huWL5zfXqm-yUeahYNvUzaiC0ENjMolzBYJp6v90TF4	YjMVwCzAdl5
LOAD CASE(S)						
• • •	ve (balanced): Lumber Incr	ease=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15				
Uniform Loads (. ,					
	5=-60, 5-9=-60, 20-23=-20	1				
,	(/	Jninhab. Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.15	5, Plate Increase=1.15	5		
Uniform Loads (. ,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		, 28-29=-50, 29-30=-20, 30-31=-50, 23-31=-2				
Uniform Loads (•	e: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.2	.o			
,	5=-20, 5-9=-20, 20-23=-40	16-17=-40(F)				
		1: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.6	50			
Uniform Loads (· · · · · ·	······································				
		5-6=25, 6-8=14, 8-9=9, 20-23=-12				
	-2=-59, 2-26=-37, 5-26=-2					
,	· · · · · ·	2: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.6	50			
Uniform Loads (44 0.07 05 0.0 47 00 00 40				
	-2=9, 2-4=14, 4-5=25, 5-27 -2=-21, 2-4=-26, 4-5=-37,	=14, 8-27=25, 8-9=47, 20-23=-12				
		1: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.	60			
Uniform Loads (00			
	2=-12, 2-5=-33, 5-8=-33, 8	-9=-28, 20-23=-20				
	-2=-8, 2-5=13, 5-8=-13, 8-					
7) Dead + 0.6 C-C	Wind (Neg. Internal) Case	2: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.	60			
Uniform Loads (
	2=-28, 2-5=-33, 5-8=-33, 8	,				
	-2=8, 2-5=13, 5-8=-13, 8-9	=8 .eft: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1	60			
Uniform Loads (. ,		.00			
	2=9, 2-5=-2, 5-8=9, 8-9=4	20-23=-12				
	-2=-21, 2-5=-10, 5-8=21, 8					
9) Dead + 0.6 MW	FRS Wind (Pos. Internal) I	Right: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=	1.60			
Uniform Loads (
	2=4, 2-5=9, 5-8=-2, 8-9=9					
	-2=-16, 2-5=-21, 5-8=10, 8		1.00			
Uniform Loads		Left: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=	1.60			
	ι (ρπ) 1-2=-15, 2-5=-20, 5-8=-9, ξ	8-94 20-2320				
	1-2=-5, 2-5=-0, 5-8=11, 8-					
		Right: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase	=1.60			
Uniform Loads	(plf)					
	1-2=-4, 2-5=-9, 5-8=-20, 8-					
	1-2=-16, 2-5=-11, 5-8=0, 8		4.00			
,	, , ,	1st Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Inc	crease=1.60			
Uniform Loads	, (ρπ) 1-2=17, 2-3=22, 3-5=11, 5·	8-3 8-9-2 20-23-12				
	1-2=-29, 2-3=-34, 3-5=-23					
		2nd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate In	crease=1.60			
Uniform Loads	(plf)					
	1-2=-2, 2-5=3, 5-7=11, 7-8					
	1-2=-10, 2-5=-15, 5-7=23,					
Uniform Loads	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3rd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Inc	crease=1.60			
	ι (ρπ) 1-2=7, 2-5=11, 5-8=3, 8-9=	-2 20-2312				
	1-2=-19, 2-5=-23, 5-8=15,					
		4th Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Inc	crease=1.60			
Uniform Loads	(plf)					
Vert: 1	1-2=-2, 2-5=3, 5-8=11, 8-9	=7, 20-23=-12				
	1-2=-10, 2-5=-15, 5-8=23,					
,	(U	1st Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Inc	crease=1.60			
Uniform Loads		45 8 8 40 20 22 22				
	1-2=9, 2-3=4, 3-5=-6, 5-8=					
	1-2=-29, 2-3=-24, 3-5=-14 VERS Wind (Neg. Internal)	, 5-8=5, 8-9=10 2nd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Ir	ocrease-1.60			
Uniform Loads		2114 T arallel. Lutiber incredse=1.00, Fidle If	1.00			
	(pii) 1-2=-10, 2-5=-15, 5-7=-6, 7	*-8=4. 8-9=9. 20-23=-20				
	$1_{2} = 10, 2_{3} = 10, 0, 0, 1 = 0, 1$					

Horz: 1-2=-10, 2-5=-5, 5-7=14, 7-8=24, 8-9=29

18) Dead + Uninhabitable Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-5=-20, 5-9=-20, 20-28=-20, 28-29=-60, 29-30=-20, 30-31=-60, 23-31=-20, 16-17=-40(F)

19) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Left): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate

Increase=1.60

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-46, 2-5=-50, 5-8=-42, 8-9=-38, 20-28=-20, 28-29=-50, 29-30=-20, 30-31=-50, 23-31=-20, 16-17=-30(F) Horz: 1-2=-4, 2-5=-0, 5-8=8, 8-9=12

20) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Right): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60

tinued on page 3

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	DRHORTON/WILMINGTON; LOT 4 MCKAY PLACE	
MP4	A03	COMMON	99	1		158690913
	703		33	'	Job Reference (optional)	

Builders FirstSource, Apex, NC

8.630 s Mar 9 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Jun 1 14:31:04 2023 Page 3 ID:YnPtfgg65JxzX?AS1huWL5zfXqm-yUeahYNvUzaiC0ENjMolzBYJp6v90TF4YjMVwCzAdI5

LOAD CASE(S)

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-38, 2-5=-42, 5-8=-50, 8-9=-46, 20-28=-20, 28-29=-50, 29-30=-20, 30-31=-50, 23-31=-20, 16-17=-30(F)

Horz: 1-2=-12, 2-5=-8, 5-8=0, 8-9=4

21) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-28, 2-3=-32, 3-5=-40, 5-8=-46, 8-9=-43, 20-28=-20, 28-29=-50, 29-30=-20, 30-31=-50, 23-31=-20, 16-17=-30(F)

Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-3=-18, 3-5=-10, 5-8=4, 8-9=7

22) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 2nd Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2--43, 2-5=-46, 5-7=-40, 7-8=-32, 8-9=-28, 20-28=-20, 28-29=-50, 29-30=-20, 30-31=-50, 23-31=-20, 16-17=-30(F)

- Horz: 1-2=-7, 2-5=-4, 5-7=10, 7-8=18, 8-9=22
- 23) 1st Dead + Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-5=-60, 5-9=-20, 20-23=-20

24) 2nd Dead + Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-5=-20, 5-9=-60, 20-23=-20

25) 3rd Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (unbalanced) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

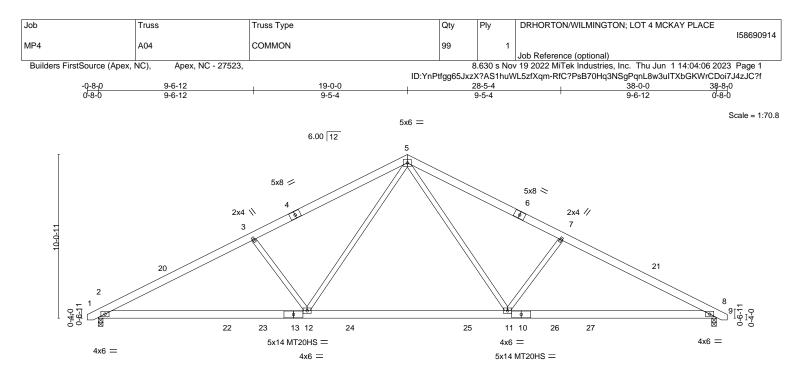
Vert: 1-5=-50, 5-9=-20, 20-28=-20, 28-29=-50, 29-30=-20, 30-31=-50, 23-31=-20, 16-17=-30(F)

26) 4th Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (unbalanced) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-5=-20, 5-9=-50, 20-28=-20, 28-29=-50, 29-30=-20, 30-31=-50, 23-31=-20, 16-17=-30(F)

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		<u>12-10-1</u> 12-10-1				25-1-15 12-3-15				38-0-0 12-10-1	
	u /	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 2	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.54	Vert(LL)	-0.27 11-12	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.88	Vert(CT)	-0.42 11-12	>999	240	MT20HS	187/143
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.42	Horz(CT)	0.08 8	n/a	n/a		
BCDL ·	10.0	Code IRC2015/T	PI2014	Matrix	<-MS	Wind(LL)	0.10 12-16	>999	240	Weight: 241 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

```
LUMBER-
```

TOP CHORD2x6 SP No.2BOT CHORD2x6 SP No.2WEBS2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 8=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=-134(LC 13) Max Uplift 2=-26(LC 12), 8=-26(LC 13) Max Grav 2=1549(LC 1), 8=1549(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-2714/247, 3-5=-2465/269, 5-7=-2465/269, 7-8=-2714/247

BOT CHORD 2-12=-132/2381, 11-12=0/1562, 8-11=-127/2381

WEBS 5-11=-38/1008, 7-11=-598/223, 5-12=-38/1008, 3-12=-598/223

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-5-14 to 4-3-12, Interior(1) 4-3-12 to 19-0-0, Exterior(2) 19-0-0 to 25-9-7, Interior(1) 25-9-7 to 38-5-14 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8.

 See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

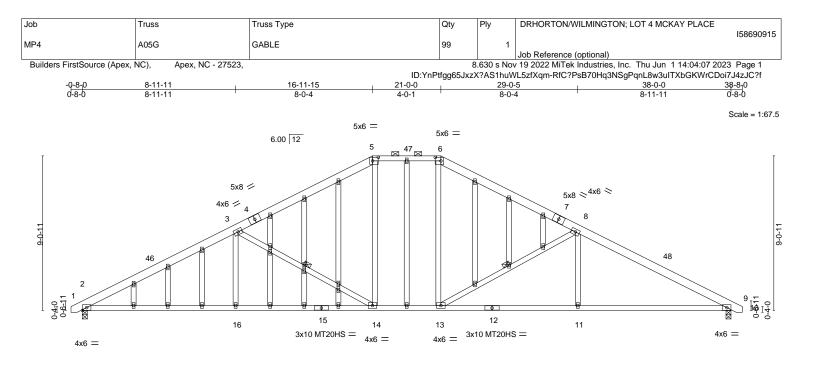


Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-11-2 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

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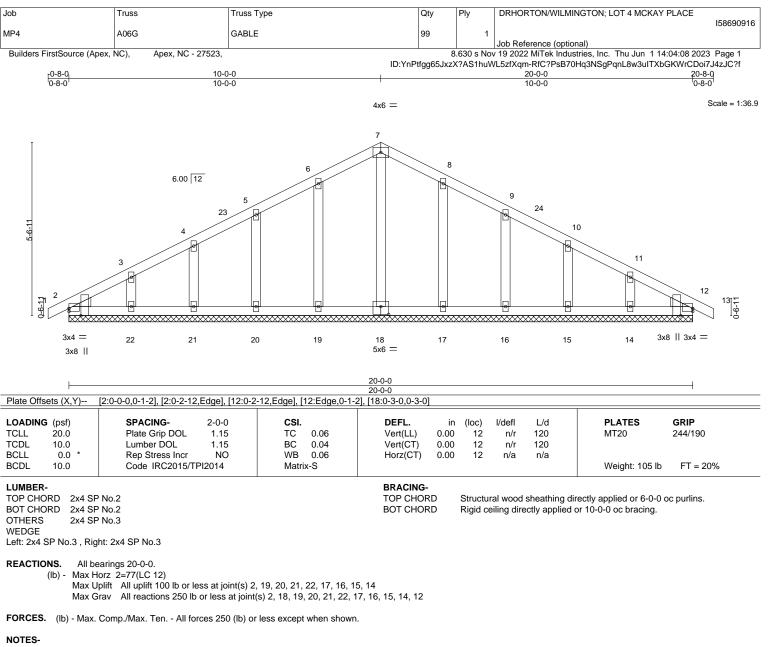


	8-6-11	16-11-15	21-0-0		29-5-5		38-0-0	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	<u>8-6-11</u> [5:0-4-0,0-2-8], [6:0-4-0,0-2-8], [9:0-0-	8-5-4	4-0-1		8-5-4		8-6-11	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.51 BC 0.98 WB 0.42 Matrix-MS	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT) Wind(LL)	in -0.34 1 -0.52 1 0.12 0.21 1	1-13 >880 9 n/a	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES MT20 MT20HS Weight: 289 lb	GRIP 244/190 187/143 FT = 20%
5-6: 2x BOT CHORD 2x4 SP	No.2 *Except* 4 SP No.2 No.1 *Except* 2x4 SP No.2 No.3		BRACING- TOP CHOR BOT CHOR WEBS	D S 2 D R	Structural wood s 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-5-13 max.) ctly applied o	ectly applied or 4-0-9 c	oc purlins, except
Max H Max U Max G FORCES. (lb) - Max. TOP CHORD 2-3=- BOT CHORD 2-16=	 2=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8 2=-128(LC 13) plift 2=-106(LC 12), 9=-106(LC 13) rav 2=1549(LC 1), 9=1549(LC 1) Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) of 2736/256, 3-5=-1967/272, 5-6=-1647/2 r=196/2357, 14-16=-196/2357, 13-14= 	272, 6-8=-1967/272, 8-9=-2 8/1647, 11-13=-146/2357,	2736/256 9-11=-146/2357					
 NOTES- 1) Unbalanced roof live 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; V gable end zone and to 38-5-14 zone; car reactions shown; Lui 3) Truss designed for w Gable End Details a: 4) Provide adequate dr 5) All plates are MT20 6) All plates are 2x4 MT 7) Gable studs spaced 8) This truss has been 9) * This truss has been 	=0/355, 3-14=-891/234, 5-14=-12/527, e loads have been considered for this c fult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0p C-C Exterior(2) -0-5-14 to 4-3-12, Inte ntilever left and right exposed; end ver mber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 vind loads in the plane of the truss only s applicable, or consult qualified buildin ainage to prevent water ponding. plates unless otherwise indicated. T20 unless otherwise indicated. T20 unless otherwise indicated. T20 unless otherwise indicated. at 2-0-0 oc. designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord I in designed for a live load of 20.0psf or otom chord and any other members, v al connection (by others) of truss to bea	esign. bsf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; ior(1) 4-3-12 to 16-11-15, tical left and right exposed r. For studs exposed to wing designer as per ANSI/T ve load nonconcurrent with the bottom chord in all are with BCDL = 10.0psf.	Cat. II; Exp B; Encl Exterior(2) 16-11- ;C-C for members nd (normal to the fa PI 1. h any other live loa	15 to 27-5 and force ace), see ds. gle 3-6-0	9-8, Interior(1) 2 es & MWFRS for e Standard Indus 0 tall by 2-0-0 wi	7-9-8 try	SE/ 0363	• -

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June 1,2023





1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-8-0 to 4-0-0, Exterior(2) 4-0-0 to 10-0-0, Corner(3) 10-0-0 to 14-9-10, Exterior(2) 14-9-10 to 20-8-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

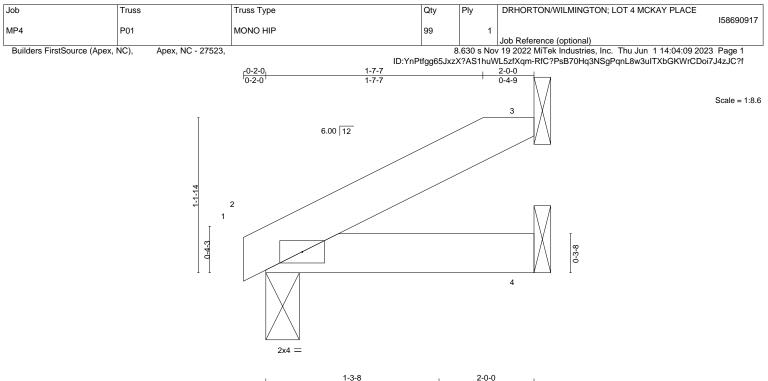
8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 19, 20, 21, 22, 17, 16, 15, 14.



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		1-3-6		0-8-8	-	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.05 BC 0.05	Vert(LL) -0.00 Vert(CT) -0.00	0 7 >999	L/d 360 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2015/TPI2014	WB 0.00 Matrix-MP	Horz(CT) 0.00 Wind(LL) 0.00		n/a 240	Weight: 7 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-0, 4=Mechanical, 3=Mechanical

Max Horz 2=33(LC 8)

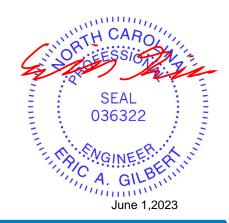
Max Uplift 3=-21(LC 8)

Max Grav 2=83(LC 1), 4=36(LC 3), 3=50(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

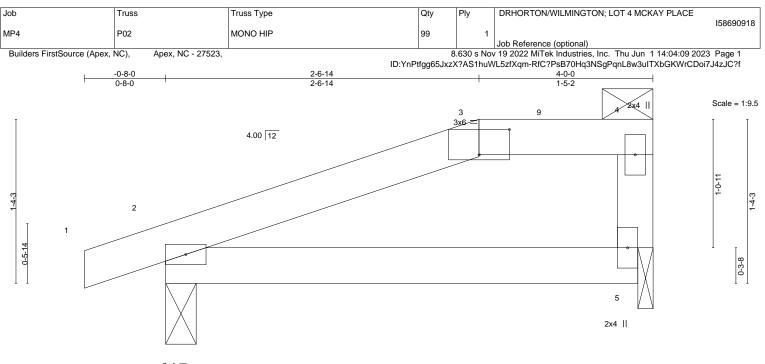
NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope)
- gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3.
- 6) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



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2x4 =

2-6-14	4-0-0	1
2-6-14	1-5-2	1

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-0-0 oc purlins,

except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins: 3-4.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[3:0-3-0,0-2-8]	1		
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.26	Vert(LL) -0.00 5-8 >999 360	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.14	Vert(CT) -0.01 5-8 >999 240	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.00	Horz(CT) 0.00 2 n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MR	Wind(LL) 0.00 5-8 >999 240	Weight: 14 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER-		II	BRACING-	

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-0, 5=0-1-8

Max Horz 2=40(LC 5) Max Uplift 2=-41(LC 4), 5=-20(LC 4)

Max Grav 2=206(LC 1), 5=159(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Bearing at joint(s) 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 5.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 5.

9) Girder carries hip end with 0-0-0 right side setback, 0-0-0 left side setback, and 2-6-0 end setback.

10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

11) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

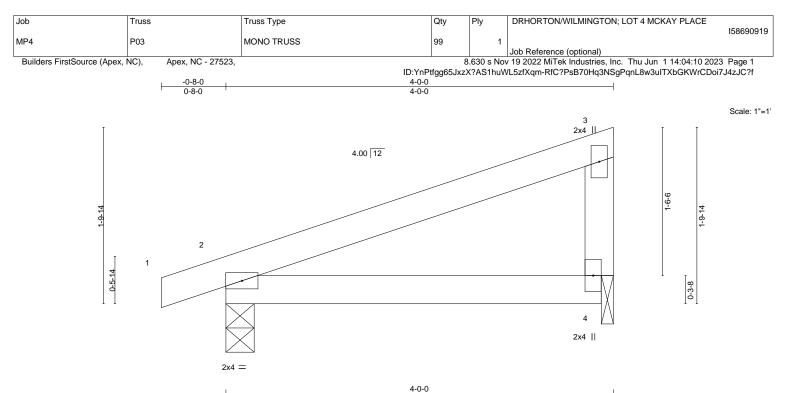
Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-3=-63(F=-3), 3-4=-63(F=-3), 5-6=-21(F=-1)





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						4-0-0						
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.21	Vert(LL)	-0.01	4-7	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.15	Vert(CT)	-0.02	4-7	>999	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	2	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2	014	Matrix	k-MP	Wind(LL)	0.01	4-7	>999	240	Weight: 15 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. 2=0-3-8, 4=0-1-8 (size) Max Horz 2=55(LC 11) Max Uplift 2=-38(LC 8), 4=-22(LC 12) Max Grav 2=198(LC 1), 4=151(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.

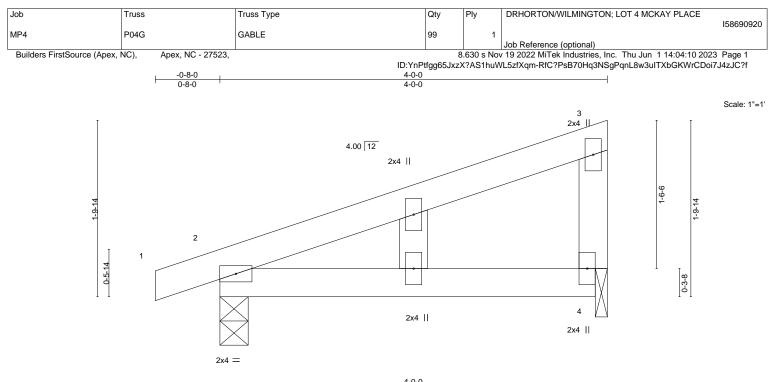


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BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.



			4-0-0			———————————————————————————————————————
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.21 BC 0.15	- ()	in (loc) 0.01 4-9 0.02 4-9	l/defl L/d >999 360 >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	WB 0.00 Matrix-MP	Horz(CT) (0.02 4-9 0.00 2 0.01 4-9	>999 240 n/a n/a >999 240	Weight: 16 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 4=0-1-8

Max Horz 2=55(LC 11) Max Uplift 2=-38(LC 8), 4=-22(LC 12) Max Grav 2=198(LC 1), 4=151(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-0-0 oc purlins,

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

except end verticals.

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