

BCLL BCDL 1	0.0 * 0.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	WB 0.54 Matrix-AS	Horz(CT) 0.03 Wind(LL) 0.20	3 13 n/a ) 15 >999	n/a 240	Weight: 476 lb	FT = 25%
LUMBER-				BRACING-				
TOP CHOP	RD 2x6 SP	No.1 *Except*		TOP CHORD	Structural woo	od sheathing	directly applied, except	
	T1: 2x4	SP No.1, T4: 2x10 SP No.1, T5: 2x8 S	P No.1		2-0-0 oc purlir	ns (6-0-0 max	c.): 6-8.	
BOT CHOF	RD 2x10 SF	P 2400F 2.0E		BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling d	irectly applied	d.	
WEBS	2x4 SP	No.2 *Except*		WEBS	1 Row at midp	ot 4	-19, 20-21	
	W4,W8	: 2x6 SP No.1, W5: 2x8 SP No.1		JOINTS	1 Brace at Jt(s	s): 20, 21		
					MiTek recom	mends that s	Stabilizers and required of	cross bracing be Stabilizer

Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (size) 19=0-3-8 (min. 0-2-5), 13=Mechanical Max Horz 19=305(LC 9) Max Grav19=2829(LC 2), 13=2362(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 
 TOP CHORD
 2-28=-713/739, 3-28=-704/784, 3-4=-655/761, 4-29=-3171/0, 5-29=-2951/0, 5-6=-911/111, 6-7=-636/56, 7-8=-744/251, 8-9=-935/170, 9-10=-2397/106, 10-11=-3184/0, 11-12=-3345/0, 12-30=-3173/33, 13-30=-3305/14

 BOT CHORD
 2-19=-701/754, 18-19=0/2270, 17-18=0/2270, 16-17=0/2574, 15-16=0/2574, 14-15=0/2581,

WEBS 13-14=0/2581 WEBS 3-19=-276/139, 4-19=-3666/415, 4-17=-121/605, 5-17=0/1165, 10-15=0/1406, 12-15=-480/373, 12-14=-538/82, 5-21=-2032/91, 20-21=-1928/0, 9-20=-2261/0, 8-20=0/384, 6-21=-49/482, 7-21=-367/259, 7-20=-431/154

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-11-0 to 3-9-5, Interior(1) 3-9-5 to 21-11-8, Exterior(2) 21-11-8 to 26-5-8, Interior(1) 26-5-8 to 30-11-8, Exterior(2) 30-11-8 to 35-6-4, Interior(1) 35-6-4 to 46-11-0 zone; cantilever left exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Ceiling dead load (10.0 psf) on member(s). 9-10, 5-21, 20-21, 9-20; Wall dead load (5.0psf) on member(s). 5-17, 10-15

8) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 15-17

9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

11) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
 Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.



- 6) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. Continued on page 2

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Goins Residence
J0724-4226	A1SG	GABLE	1	1	
					Job Reference (optional)
Comtech, Inc., Fayetteville, NC 28309, Jonathan Landry Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MITek Industries, Inc. Tue Oct 8 16:56:06 20					30 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Oct 8 16:56:06 2024 Page 2

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# Comtech, Inc., Fayetteville, NC 28309, Jonathan Landry

NOTES-

9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

- 10) Ceiling dead load (10.0 psf) on member(s), 9-10, 5-27, 26-27, 9-26; Wall dead load (5.0psf) on member(s), 5-19, 10-17
- 11) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 17-19
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 23 except (jt=lb) 25=871, 16=960, 13=417, 22=1946, 24=211, 15=379, 14=312, 21=813.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 15) This truss has large uplift reaction(s) from gravity load case(s). Proper connection is required to secure truss against upward movement at the bearings. Building designer must provide for uplift reactions indicated.
- 16) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 123 lb down and 104 lb up at 15-6-12, 123 lb down and 104 lb up at 17-6-12, 123 Ib down and 104 lb up at 19-6-12, 123 lb down and 104 lb up at 21-6-12, 123 lb down and 104 lb up at 23-6-12, 123 lb down and 104 lb up at 25-6-12, 123 lb down and 104 lb up at 10-12 lb down and 10 27-6-12, 123 lb down and 104 lb up at 29-6-12, 123 lb down and 104 lb up at 31-6-12, 123 lb down and 104 lb up at 33-6-12, 123 lb down and 104 lb up at 35-6-12, and 123 lb down and 104 lb up at 37-6-12, and 123 lb down and 104 lb up at 39-6-12 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others. 17) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.

18) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

## LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4-60, 4-6=-60, 6-8=-60, 8-9=-60, 9-10=-80, 10-13=-60, 19-58=-20, 17-19=-40, 17-61=-20, 5-9=-20

Drag: 5-19=-10, 10-17=-10

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 17=-123(F) 64=-123(F) 65=-123(F) 66=-123(F) 67=-123(F) 68=-123(F) 69=-123(F) 70=-123(F) 71=-123(F) 72=-123(F) 73=-123(F) 75=-123(F) 75=-1



12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

13) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.



- 8) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 15-17
- 9) This trues is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANS/JTP11.
- 10) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord. 12) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.



11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

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	6-0-0 6-1 <sub>1</sub> 12 13-6-0	19-0-12	35-6-4	<u> </u>	46-11-0	4			
Plate Offects (X V)	<u>6-0-0 0-1-12 7-4-4</u>	5-6-12	16-5-8	<u>1-4-12 4-6-8</u>	5-5-8	•			
Flate Offsets (A, T)	[2.0-4-0,0-3-10], [4.0-3-12,0-2-12], [8.0	<u>-5-0,0-5-4], [17.0-4-0,0-5-1</u>	[2], [19.0-3-0,0-7-4], [27.0-2-0,0-0-8]	[, [30.0-1-13,0-1-0], [40.0	0-1-10,0-1-0]				
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0 *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- 4-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.62 BC 0.56 WB 0.58 Matrix-MS	DEFL         in (loc)         //de           Vert(LL)         -0.3117-19         >88           Vert(CT)         -0.5117-19         >54           Horz(CT)         0.03         13         n           Wind(LL)         0.0617-19         >99	efl L/d 90 360 44 240 1/a n/a 99 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 1060 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 25%			
					- 3				
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 SI T1: 2x BOT CHORD 2x10 S WEBS 2x4 SI W4,W OTHERS 2x4 SI	P No.1 *Except* 4 SP No.1, T4: 2x10 SP No.1, T5: 2x8 3P 2400F 2.0E P No.2 *Except* 8: 2x6 SP No.1, W5: 2x8 SP No.1 P No.2	SP No.1	BRACING- TOP CHORD 2-0-0 oc pi (Switched BOT CHORD Rigid ceilin 6-0-0 oc bi JOINTS 1 Brace at	urlins (6-0-0 max.) from sheeted: Spacing 1g directly applied or 10- racing: 2-25. t Jt(s): 4, 6, 8, 26, 27	> 2-0-0). -0-0 oc bracing,	Except:			
REACTIONS. All bea (lb) - Max H Max U Max G	<ul> <li>REACTIONS. All bearings 0-3-8 except (jt=length) 22=7-9-8, 23=7-9-8, 24=7-9-8.</li> <li>(lb) - Max Horz 25=792(LC 7)</li> <li>Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 23, 13 except 25=-519(LC 8), 22=-2912(LC 16), 24=-504(LC 1), 21=-642(LC 8), 16=-632(LC 4)</li> <li>Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) except 25=5216(LC 2), 25=4734(LC 1), 22=545(LC 8), 23=597(LC 20), 24=397(LC 4), 21=2904(LC 16), 16=1850(LC 17), 13=3444(LC 2)</li> </ul>								
FORCES.         (lb)         Max           TOP CHORD         2-3=         8-9=           BOT CHORD         2-25         20-2           13-1         3-25         12-1           WEBS         12-1         7-27	<ul> <li>*ORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.</li> <li>*OP CHORD 2-3=-441/1457, 3-4=-311/1426, 4-5=-5141/0, 5-6=-1673/217, 6-7=-1215/193, 7-8=-1092/467, 8-9=-1617/386, 9-10=-4046/103, 10-11=-5080/0, 11-12=-5399/0, 12-13=-4422/123</li> <li>*OT CHORD 2-25=-1291/544, 24-25=-199/3775, 23-24=-199/3775, 22-23=-199/3775, 21-22=-199/3775, 20-21=-199/3775, 19-20=-199/3775, 18-19=0/4269, 17-18=0/4269, 16-17=-13/3476, 13-15=-13/3476</li> <li>NEBS 3-25=-534/398, 4-25=-6096/170, 4-19=-9/898, 5-19=0/1943, 10-17=-248/1870, 12-17=0/1067, 12-15=-1744/0, 5-27=-3307/430, 26-27=-3242/217, 9-26=-3841/301, 8-26=0/787, 6-27=0/768, 7-27=-541/480, 7-26=-877/316</li> </ul>								
<ul> <li>1/2-1/3-1/1440, 3-2/1-324/2/17, 3-20=3041/301, 6-20=0/787, 6-2/1=0/788, 7-27=-541/480, 7-26=-877/316</li> <li>NOTES- <ol> <li>2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131*x3") nails as follows: Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc, 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc, 2x10 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc. </li> <li>Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x10 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.</li> <li>Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc, 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc, 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc. </li> <li>2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.</li> <li>3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.</li> <li>4) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; bcDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; porch right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60</li> <li>5) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.</li> <li>6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.</li> <li>7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.</li> <li>8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.</li> <li>9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.</li> <li>10) This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members. </li> <li>11) Ceiling dead load (10.0 psf) and additional bottom chord ineal load (5.0psf) on member(s).5-19, 10-17</li> <li>12) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10</li></ol></li></ul>									

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Goins Residence
J0724-4226	A6-GR	GABLE	1	2	Job Reference (optional)

Comtech, Inc., Fayetteville, NC 28309, Jonathan Landry

Run: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 Print: 8.630 s Jul 12 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Oct 8 16:56:13 2024 Page 2 ID:yloiT?3fmrMkY0e33k549ysxyT-ljPjaf5SCRmem0AU2X6dX4WTNNN2m9YXSjnNsxyVQmG

NOTES-

- NOTES13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 23, 13 except (jt=lb) 25=519, 22=2912, 24=504, 21=642, 16=632.
  14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
  15) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
  16) This truss has large uplift reaction(s) from gravity load case(s). Proper connection is required to secure truss against upward movement at the bearings. Building designer must provide for uplift reactions indicated.
  17) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.



10) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

11) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.



- forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 10.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



DEFL.

Vert(LL)

Vert(CT)

Horz(CT)

BRACING-

WEBS

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

l/defl

n/r

n/r

n/a

1 Row at midpt

in (loc)

18

18

18

-0.00

0.00

0.01

L/d

120

120

n/a

GRIP

244/190

FT = 25%

PLATES

Weight: 220 lb

MT20

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

10-25

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.	All bearings 23-11-0.
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2x4 SP No.2

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 26, 28, 29, 24, 22, 21, 18 except 2=-104(LC 8), 27=-109(LC 12), 30=-196(LC 12), 23=-113(LC 13), 20=-181(LC 13)

CSI.

тС

BC

WB 0.15

Matrix-S

0.04

0.03

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20, 18

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-344/229, 3-4=-322/231, 16-17=-259/166, 17-18=-281/163

TOP CHORD 2-3=-344/229, 3-4=-322/231, 10-17=-239/100, 17-10=-261/103

#### NOTES-

LOADING (psf)

TCLL

TCDL

BCLL

BCDL

LUMBER-

OTHERS

SLIDER

20.0

10.0

0.0

10.0

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

SPACING-

Plate Grip DOL

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2015/TPI2014

Left 2x4 SP No.2 1-11-0, Right 2x4 SP No.2 1-11-0

Lumber DOL

2-0-0

1.15

1.15

YES

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End
- Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 26, 28, 29, 24, 22, 21, 18 except (jt=lb) 2=104, 27=109, 30=196, 23=113, 20=181.

10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

<sup>(</sup>lb) - Max Horz 2=-286(LC 8)





This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a flow load of 30.0 psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0 psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 9, 2.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 9=155, 2=192.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard

ANSI/TPI 1.



7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-364/157, 4-7=-345/258

#### NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C

Exterior(2) -0-9-4 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 9-7-0 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate

grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 7=145.

5) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

6) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-9-4 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 10-5-0, Exterior(2) 10-5-0 to 14-9-13, Interior(1) 14-9-13 to 21-7-4 zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 11=111, 8=111. 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard
- () This muss is designed in accordance with the 2015 international Residential Code Sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TP11.
  8) This trues design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing he applied directly to the ten chord and 1/2" arraym sheatrack he

8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



- 2-25=-366/289, 5-6=-205/257, 6-7=-244/305, 7-8=-244/305, 8-9=-205/257, 12-14=-327/247 TOP CHORD
- WEBS 2-24=-306/357, 12-15=-272/334

## NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; porch left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 21, 19 except (jt=lb) 25=277, 14=234, 22=114, 23=103, 24=424, 17=115, 16=103, 15=402
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 12) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.



MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

![](_page_21_Figure_0.jpeg)

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.2

Left 2x4 SP No.2 1-11-0, Right 2x4 SP No.2 1-11-0 SLIDER

REACTIONS. All bearings 12-7-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-159(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 10, 15, 13 except 16=-161(LC 12), 12=-155(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 10, 14, 15, 16, 13, 12

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End

Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1. 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit

between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 10, 15, 13 except (jt=lb)

16=161, 12=155.

10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 2. 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard

ANSI/TPI 1.

![](_page_22_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Figure_0.jpeg)

# **REACTIONS.** All bearings 11-11-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-151(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 10, 15, 13 except 16=-151(LC 12), 12=-144(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 10, 14, 15, 16, 13, 12

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

## NOTES

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For study exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit

- between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 10, 15, 13 except (jt=lb) 16=151, 12=144.
- 10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 2.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

![](_page_24_Figure_0.jpeg)

LUMBER-				BRACING-				
BCDL 2	10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP	Wind(LL) 0.03	5-8	>999	240	Weight: 25 lb
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(CT) -0.02	2	n/a	n/a	
TCDL 2	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.40	Vert(CT) -0.02	5-8	>999	240	
TCLL 2	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.20	Vert(LL) -0.01	5-8	>999	360	MT20
	. ,				· ·			

## LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.2 1-11-0

(size) 2=0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 5=Mechanical Max Horz 2=110(LC 9) REACTIONS.

Max Uplift5=-84(LC 9) Max Grav2=195(LC 1), 5=145(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-941/618

## NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

FT = 25%

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-8-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit

between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

![](_page_25_Figure_0.jpeg)

#### REACTIONS. (size) 8=3-8-0 (min. 0-1-8), 2=3-8-0 (min. 0-1-8), 9=3-8-0 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 2=155(LC 12) Max Uplift8=-38(LC 12), 9=-140(LC 12)

Max Grav8=67(LC 19), 2=121(LC 1), 9=181(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End

Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8 except (jt=lb) 9=140.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

![](_page_26_Figure_0.jpeg)

Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-5=-20, 6-9=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 7=-859(B) 12=-855(B) 13=-855(B)

![](_page_27_Figure_0.jpeg)

LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.20 BC 0.11 WB 0.03 Matrix-P	DEFL ir Vert(LL) 0.0' Vert(CT) 0.0' Horz(CT) 0.00	n (loc) l/defl L/d 1 5 n/r 120 1 5 n/r 120 0 4 n/a n/a	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 32 lb         FT = 25%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP BOT CHORD 2x4 SP OTHERS 2x4 SP	9 No.1 9 No.1 9 No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing of Rigid ceiling directly applied	directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. I or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

(size) 2=7-7-0 (min. 0-1-8), 4=7-7-0 (min. 0-1-8), 6=7-7-0 (min. 0-1-8) REACTIONS. Max Horz 2=76(LC 11) Max Uplift2=-34(LC 12), 4=-41(LC 13) Max Grav2=199(LC 1), 4=199(LC 1), 6=262(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C

Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

![](_page_28_Figure_0.jpeg)

			9-0-0	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.04 BC 0.02 WB 0.03 Matrix-P	DEFL         in (loc)         l/defl         L/d         PLATES         Q           Vert(LL)         0.00         6         n/r         120         MT20         2           Vert(CT)         0.00         6         n/r         120         MT20         2           Horz(CT)         0.00         6         n/a         n/a         Weight: 35 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 25%
LUMBER-			BRACING-	

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.2

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

# REACTIONS. All bearings 7-7-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-95(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 6 except 10=-118(LC 12), 8=-117(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 6, 9, 10, 8

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End

Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1. 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6 except (jt=lb) 10=118, 8=117.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

![](_page_29_Figure_0.jpeg)

11=-215(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 10 except 17=259(LC 20), 14=420(LC 22), 15=568(LC 19), 16=442(LC 19), 12=567(LC 20), 11=422(LC 20)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-17=-262/115

WEBS 4-15=-330/222, 3-16=-267/169, 6-12=-330/223, 7-11=-267/169

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-9-4 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 10-5-0, Exterior(2) 10-5-0 to 14-9-13, Interior(1) 14-9-13 to 21-7-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10 except (jt=lb) 17=107, 15=117, 16=227, 12=117, 11=215.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

![](_page_30_Figure_0.jpeg)

- 3) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 10 except (jt=lb) 16=114, 17=136, 13=114, 12=131.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

![](_page_31_Figure_0.jpeg)

Max Uplift1=-22(LC 12), 3=-30(LC 13) Max Grav1=191(LC 1), 3=191(LC 1), 4=358(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C

Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

![](_page_32_Figure_0.jpeg)

Max Horz 1=-47(LC 10)

Max Uplift1=-18(LC 12), 3=-23(LC 13) Max Grav1=118(LC 1), 3=118(LC 1), 4=184(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C

Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.