

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: 23080035-01

4668 McNeill Hobbs-Roof-H-2020-S

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Carter Components (Sanford, NC)).

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I60119785 thru I60119794

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2023.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



August 14,2023

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply 4668 McNeill Hobbs-Roof-H-2020-S 160119785 23080035-01 A1G Common Supported Gable Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford), Sanford, NC - 27332,

Run: 8.63 S Jul 28 2023 Print: 8.630 S Jul 28 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Aug 11 15:24:18 ID:1_7mbEmJi288QQCInZM1Sqz?4Vp-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?i

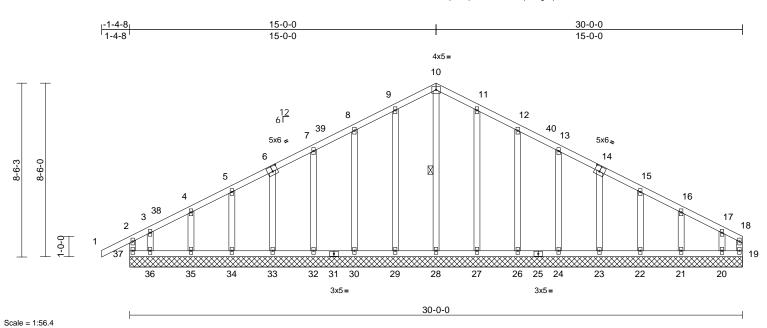


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [6:0-3-0,0-3-0], [14:0-3-0,0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.16	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.06	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.21	Horz(CT)	0.00	19	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MR								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 193 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing. WEBS 1 Row at midpt

10-28

REACTIONS (size) 19=30-0-0, 20=30-0-0, 21=30-0-0, 22=30-0-0. 23=30-0-0. 24=30-0-0. 26=30-0-0, 27=30-0-0, 28=30-0-0, 29=30-0-0, 30=30-0-0, 32=30-0-0, 33=30-0-0, 34=30-0-0, 35=30-0-0, 36=30-0-0, 37=30-0-0

> Max Horiz 37=125 (LC 11) Max Uplift 19=-34 (LC 13), 20=-122 (LC 15),

21=-39 (LC 15), 22=-43 (LC 15), 23=-44 (LC 15), 24=-44 (LC 15), 26=-46 (LC 15), 27=-40 (LC 15), 29=-41 (LC 14), 30=-46 (LC 14), 32=-44 (LC 14), 33=-44 (LC 14), 34=-43 (LC 14), 35=-38 (LC 14),

36=-129 (LC 14), 37=-81 (LC 10) Max Grav 19=120 (LC 15), 20=141 (LC 25), 21=166 (LC 35), 22=156 (LC 22),

23=160 (LC 1), 24=178 (LC 22), 26=227 (LC 22), 27=245 (LC 22) 28=187 (LC 27), 29=245 (LC 21), 30=227 (LC 21), 32=178 (LC 21), 33=160 (LC 34), 34=155 (LC 21), 35=172 (LC 1), 36=101 (LC 12), 37=202 (LC 25)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 2-37=-174/120, 18-19=-75/20, 1-2=0/41,

2-3=-133/63, 3-4=-89/70, 4-5=-61/87, 5-7=-49/146, 7-8=-67/192, 8-9=-86/239, 9-10=-104/281, 10-11=-104/281,

11-12=-86/239, 12-13=-67/192, 13-15=-49/147, 15-16=-40/61, 16-17=-63/50,

17-18=-109/38

36-37=-39/92, 35-36=-39/92, 34-35=-39/92, 33-34=-39/92, 32-33=-39/93, 30-32=-39/93

29-30=-39/93, 28-29=-39/93, 27-28=-39/93, 26-27=-39/93, 24-26=-39/93, 23-24=-39/93, 22-23=-39/92. 21-22=-39/92. 20-21=-39/92.

19-20=-39/92

10-28=-182/32, 9-29=-205/69, 8-30=-187/81, 7-32=-138/78, 6-33=-120/78, 5-34=-116/73, 4-35=-130/85, 3-36=-74/91, 11-27=-205/69,

12-26=-187/81, 13-24=-138/78, 14-23=-120/78, 15-22=-117/72 16-21=-125/101, 17-20=-100/140

NOTES

WEBS

BOT CHORD

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -1-4-8 to 1-7-8, Exterior(2N) 1-7-8 to 12-0-0, Corner(3R) 12-0-0 to 18-0-0, Exterior (2N) 18-0-0 to 26-10-4, Corner(3E) 26-10-4 to 29-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10

Page: 1

- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.



August 14,2023

Continued on page 2

FORCES

Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	4668 McNeill Hobbs-Roof-H-2020-S	
23080035-01	A1G	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I60119785

Run: 8.63 S Jul 28 2023 Print: 8.630 S Jul 28 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Aug 11 15:24:18 $ID: 1_7mbEmJi288QQCInZM1Sqz? 4 Vp-RfC? PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC? for the property of the proper$ Page: 2

13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 34 lb uplift at joint 19, 81 lb uplift at joint 37, 41 lb uplift at joint 29, 46 lb uplift at joint 30, 44 lb uplift at joint 32, 44 lb uplift at joint 33, 43 lb uplift at joint 34, 38 lb uplift at joint 35, 129 lb uplift at joint 36, 40 lb uplift at joint 27, 46 lb uplift at joint 36, 44 lb uplift at joint 36, 41 lb uplift at joint 37, 42 lb uplift at joint 37, 48 lb uplift at joint 38, 48 lb uplift at joint 39, 26, 44 lb uplift at joint 24, 44 lb uplift at joint 23, 43 lb uplift at joint 22, 39 lb uplift at joint 21 and 122 lb uplift at joint 20.

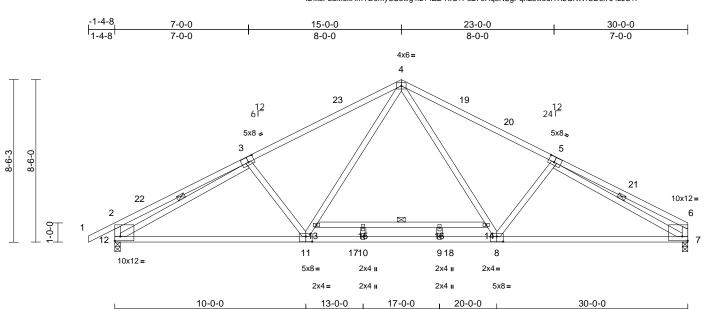
14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	4668 McNeill Hobbs-Roof-H-2020-S	
23080035-01	A2	Common	11	1	Job Reference (optional)	160119786

Run: 8.63 S Jul 28 2023 Print: 8.630 S Jul 28 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Aug 11 15:24:20 ID:xsPzdM6xHmYDemyCS3wg4fz?4ZE-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f



10-0-0 Plate Offsets (X, Y): [3:0-3-12,0-3-4], [5:0-3-12,0-3-4], [6:Edge,0-2-12], [8:0-4-0,0-3-4], [11:0-4-0,0-3-4], [12:Edge,0-2-12]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.84	Vert(LL)	-0.20	11-12	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.80	Vert(CT)	-0.40	9-10	>884	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.72	Horz(CT)	0.07	7	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 179 lb	FT = 20%

4-0-0

3-0-0

3-0-0

LUMBER

Scale = 1:60.3

2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 4-3,5-4:2x4 SP 2400F TOP CHORD

2.0E

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

3-5-6 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing. WFBS 1 Row at midpt

3-12, 5-7, 13-14 7=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8

REACTIONS (size) Max Horiz 12=125 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 7=-12 (LC 15), 12=-42 (LC 14)

Max Grav 7=1295 (LC 22), 12=1382 (LC 1)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension TOP CHORD

2-12=-445/149, 6-7=-317/99, 4-6=-1873/101,

1-2=0/41, 2-4=-1841/126

BOT CHORD 10-12=-43/1712, 9-10=0/1268, 7-9=0/1764

WEBS 4-14=0/717, 8-14=-20/657, 5-8=-371/271, 11-13=-18/609, 4-13=0/668, 3-11=-317/267,

3-12=-1633/0, 5-7=-1768/0, 13-15=-64/0,

15-16=-64/0, 14-16=-64/0, 10-15=0/44,

9-16=0/44

NOTES

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-4-8 to 1-7-8, Interior (1) 1-7-8 to 12-0-0, Exterior(2R) 12-0-0 to 18-0-0, Interior (1) 18-0-0 to 26-10-4, Exterior(2E) 26-10-4 to 29-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed: C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 200.0lb AC unit load placed on the bottom chord, 15-0-0 from left end, supported at two points, 5-0-0 apart.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 12 and 7. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



10-0-0

August 14,2023

Page: 1

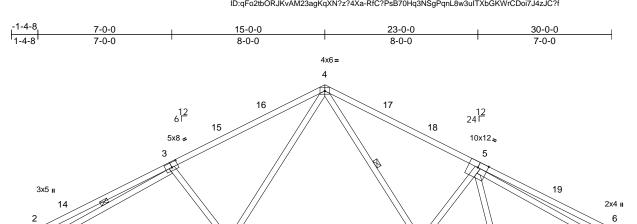
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)





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10-0-0 20-0-0 23-10-4 30-0-0 10-0-0 10-0-0 3-10-4 6-1-12

13

9

5x8=

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [3:0-4-0,0-3-0], [9:0-4-0,0-3-0], [10:0-5-0,0-3-0]

3x6=

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.91	Vert(LL)	-0.32	9-10	>893	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.82	Vert(CT)	-0.48	9-10	>593	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.47	Horz(CT)	0.03	8	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 169 lb	FT = 20%

12

10

5x10=

LUMBER

Scale = 1:60.2

8-6-3

2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E *Except* 5-6,3-1:2x4 SP TOP CHORD

No.2

0-0

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

2-2-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing, Except:

6-0-0 oc bracing: 7-8.

WEBS 1 Row at midpt 3-11, 4-9 REACTIONS 7=0-3-8, 8=0-3-8, 11=0-3-8 (size)

Max Horiz 11=125 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 7=-40 (LC 15), 8=-90 (LC 15),

11=-132 (LC 14)

7=191 (LC 35), 8=1436 (LC 6),

11=1124 (LC 5)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension TOP CHORD

2-11=-425/147, 6-7=-233/104, 1-2=0/41,

2-4=-1348/208, 4-6=-724/184

BOT CHORD 8-11=-198/1288, 7-8=-148/42

WEBS 3-11=-1158/136, 5-7=-55/311, 3-10=-416/249,

4-10=-80/795, 4-9=-388/82, 5-9=0/734,

5-8=-1344/159

NOTES

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-4-8 to 1-7-8, Interior (1) 1-7-8 to 12-0-0, Exterior(2R) 12-0-0 to 18-0-0, Interior (1) 18-0-0 to 26-10-4, Exterior(2E) 26-10-4 to 29-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed: C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect $\bar{\text{truss}}$ to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 11, 7, and 8. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Page: 1

7

W

3x5=

×

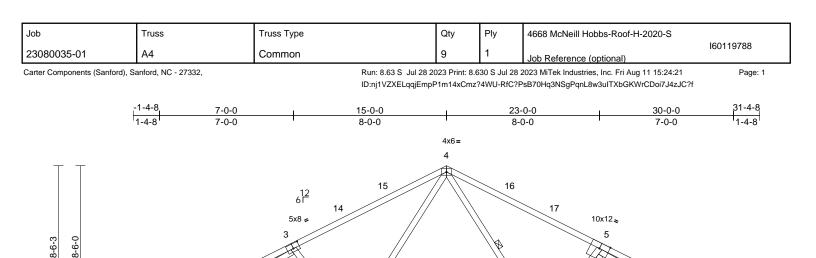
8

2x4 N

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Scale = 1:60.2 Plate Offsets (X, Y): [3:0-4-0,0-3-0], [10:0-4-0,0-3-0], [11:0-5-0,0-3-0]

3x5 ıı 13

3x6=

10-0-0

10-0-0

12

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.88	Vert(LL)	-0.32	10-11	>893	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.82	Vert(CT)	-0.48	10-11	>593	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.46	Horz(CT)	0.03	9	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 172 lb	FT = 20%

20-0-0

10-0-0

19

20

10

5x8=

23-10-4

3-10-4

11

5x10=

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E *Except* 1-3,5-7:2x4 SP

No.2

0-0

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

WEBS

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

2-2-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing, Except:

6-0-0 oc bracing: 8-9. 1 Row at midpt 3-12, 4-10

REACTIONS 8=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8 (size)

Max Horiz 12=121 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 8=-86 (LC 15), 9=-71 (LC 15),

12=-134 (LC 14)

8=295 (LC 35), 9=1430 (LC 6),

12=1124 (LC 5)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD

1-2=0/41, 2-4=-1349/212, 4-6=-719/189, 6-7=0/41, 2-12=-424/147, 6-8=-338/165

BOT CHORD 9-12=-190/1288, 8-9=-148/71

WEBS 3-12=-1159/140, 5-8=-63/312,

3-11=-416/248, 4-11=-79/795, 4-10=-389/76,

5-10=0/734, 5-9=-1337/137

NOTES

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-4-8 to 1-7-8, Interior (1) 1-7-8 to 12-0-0, Exterior(2R) 12-0-0 to 18-0-0, Interior (1) 18-0-0 to 28-4-8, Exterior(2E) 28-4-8 to 31-4-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed:C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect $\bar{\text{truss}}$ to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 12, 8, and 9. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



18 3x5 ı 6

30-0-0

6-1-12

×

3x5=

 \aleph

9

2x4 w

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	4668 McNeill Hobbs-Roof-H-2020-S	
23080035-01	A4G	Common	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I60119789

Run: 8.63 S Jul 28 2023 Print: 8.630 S Jul 28 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Aug 11 15:24:21 ID:5PbHt?M296JBoyRj9LkWxAz?4V2-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1

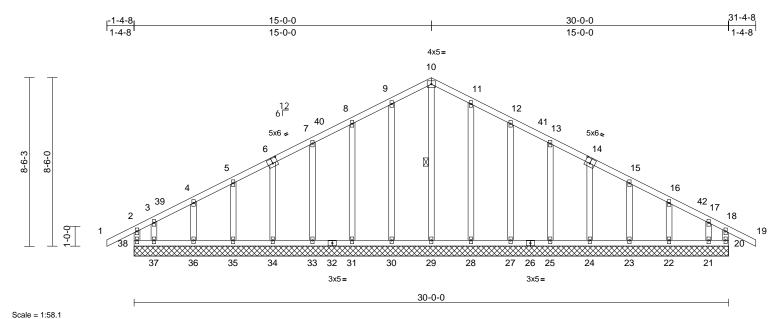


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [6:0-3-0,0-3-0], [14:0-3-0,0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.18	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.06	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.21	Horz(CT)	0.00	20	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MR								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 195 lb	FT = 20%

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

LUMBER

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

WEBS 1 Row at midpt 10-29 REACTIONS (size)

20=30-0-0, 21=30-0-0, 22=30-0-0, 23=30-0-0. 24=30-0-0. 25=30-0-0. 27=30-0-0, 28=30-0-0, 29=30-0-0, 30=30-0-0, 31=30-0-0, 33=30-0-0, 34=30-0-0, 35=30-0-0, 36=30-0-0, 37=30-0-0, 38=30-0-0

Max Horiz 38=121 (LC 13)

20=-50 (LC 11), 21=-101 (LC 15), 22=-40 (LC 15), 23=-43 (LC 15), 24=-44 (LC 15), 25=-44 (LC 15), 27=-46 (LC 15), 28=-40 (LC 15), 30=-41 (LC 14), 31=-46 (LC 14), 33=-44 (LC 14), 34=-44 (LC 14), 35=-43 (LC 14), 36=-39 (LC 14),

37=-125 (LC 14), 38=-84 (LC 10) 20=182 (LC 22), 21=77 (LC 13), Max Grav 22=172 (LC 35), 23=155 (LC 22), 24=160 (LC 1), 25=178 (LC 22),

27=227 (LC 22), 28=245 (LC 22), 29=196 (LC 27), 30=245 (LC 21), 31=227 (LC 21), 33=178 (LC 21), 34=160 (LC 1), 35=155 (LC 21), 36=172 (LC 34), 37=105 (LC 12), 38=187 (LC 25)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/41, 2-3=-127/69, 3-4=-83/81,

4-5=-54/91, 5-7=-44/149, 7-8=-62/194, 8-9=-81/241, 9-10=-99/283, 10-11=-99/283, 11-12=-81/241, 12-13=-62/194,

13-15=-44/149. 15-16=-30/69. 16-17=-59/62. 17-18=-97/41, 18-19=0/41, 2-38=-168/122,

18-20=-168/109

BOT CHORD 37-38=-40/129, 36-37=-40/129, 35-36=-40/129, 34-35=-40/129 33-34=-40/130, 31-33=-40/130, 30-31=-40/130, 29-30=-40/130,

28-29=-40/130, 27-28=-40/130, 25-27=-40/130, 24-25=-40/130, 23-24=-39/129, 22-23=-39/129,

21-22=-39/129, 20-21=-39/129 10-29=-184/27, 9-30=-205/69, 8-31=-187/81, 7-33=-138/78, 6-34=-120/78, 5-35=-116/73,

4-36=-130/85, 3-37=-77/89, 11-28=-205/69, 12-27=-187/81, 13-25=-138/78, 14-24=-120/78, 15-23=-116/73, 16-22=-130/84, 17-21=-70/76

NOTES

WEBS

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -1-4-8 to 1-7-8. Exterior(2N) 1-7-8 to 12-0-0, Corner(3R) 12-0-0 to 18-0-0, Exterior (2N) 18-0-0 to 28-4-8. Corner(3E) 28-4-8 to 31-4-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this desian.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.



August 14,2023

Continued on page 2

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	4668 McNeill Hobbs-Roof-H-2020-S	
23080035-01	A4G	Common	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	160119789

Run: 8.63 S Jul 28 2023 Print: 8.630 S Jul 28 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Aug 11 15:24:21 Page: 2

13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to Provide international connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 84 lb uplift at joint 38, 50 lb uplift at joint 20, 41 lb uplift at joint 30, 46 lb uplift at joint 31, 44 lb uplift at joint 33, 44 lb uplift at joint 34, 43 lb uplift at joint 35, 39 lb uplift at joint 36, 125 lb uplift at joint 37, 40 lb uplift at joint 28, 46 lb uplift at joint 27, 44 lb uplift at joint 25, 44 lb uplift at joint 24, 43 lb uplift at joint 23, 40 lb uplift at joint 22 and 101 lb uplift at joint 21.

14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply 4668 McNeill Hobbs-Roof-H-2020-S 160119790 23080035-01 V₁G Valley Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford), Sanford, NC - 27332

Run: 8.63 S Jul 28 2023 Print: 8.630 S Jul 28 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Aug 11 15:24:22 ID:?THDCg4hl8IVPSoqLeuC?Ez?4ZG-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1

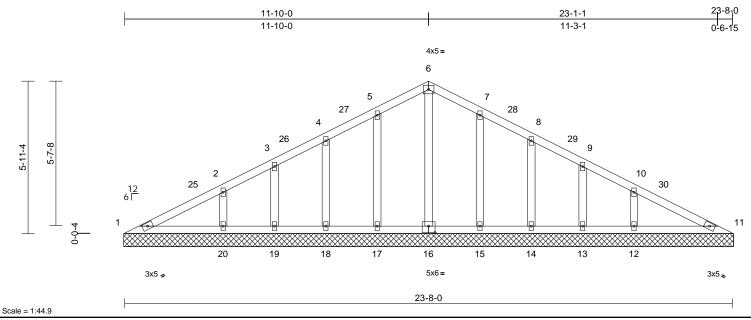


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [16:0-3-0,0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.15	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.15	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.10	Horiz(TL)	0.00	11	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 115 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD

WEBS

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

10-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size)

1=23-9-0, 11=23-9-0, 12=23-9-0, 13=23-9-0, 14=23-9-0, 15=23-9-0, 16=23-9-0, 17=23-9-0, 18=23-9-0,

19=23-9-0, 20=23-9-0

1=-92 (LC 15) Max Horiz

Max Uplift 1=-8 (LC 15), 12=-71 (LC 15), 13=-33 (LC 15), 14=-47 (LC 15), 15=-44 (LC 15), 17=-45 (LC 14), 18=-47 (LC 14), 19=-33 (LC 14),

20=-72 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=109 (LC 33), 11=109 (LC 34), 12=306 (LC 34), 13=115 (LC 21), 14=242 (LC 21), 15=243 (LC 21),

16=208 (LC 1), 17=243 (LC 20), 18=242 (LC 20), 19=115 (LC 20),

20=306 (LC 33)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

1-2=-157/127, 2-3=-48/105, 3-4=-10/123,

4-5=-12/131, 5-6=-31/136, 6-7=-31/130, 7-8=-12/111, 8-9=0/98, 9-10=-8/84,

10-11=-157/118

BOT CHORD 1-20=-71/143, 19-20=-71/88, 18-19=-71/88, 17-18=-71/88, 15-17=-71/88, 14-15=-71/88,

13-14=-71/88, 12-13=-71/88, 11-12=-71/136 6-16=-167/0, 5-17=-206/75, 4-18=-194/70,

3-19=-105/60, 2-20=-196/89, 7-15=-206/75, 8-14=-194/70, 9-13=-105/60, 10-12=-196/89

NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0. Interior (1) 3-0-0 to 8-10-8, Exterior(2R) 8-10-8 to 14-10-8, Interior (1) 14-10-8 to 20-9-0, Exterior(2E) 20-9-0 to 23-9-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 8 lb uplift at joint 1, 45 lb uplift at joint 17, 47 lb uplift at joint 18, 33 lb uplift at joint 19, 72 lb uplift at joint 20, 44 lb uplift at joint 15, 47 lb uplift at joint 14, 33 lb uplift at joint 13 and 71 lb uplift at joint 12.

- 12) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1, 11.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



August 14,2023

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	4668 McNeill Hobbs-Roof-H-2020-S	
23080035-01	V2	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I60119791

Run: 8.63 S Jul 28 2023 Print: 8.630 S Jul 28 2023 MiTek Industries. Inc. Fri Aug 11 15:24:22 ID:q0nMo8?A4Nb4Z7QD4XwtlOyryi8-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1

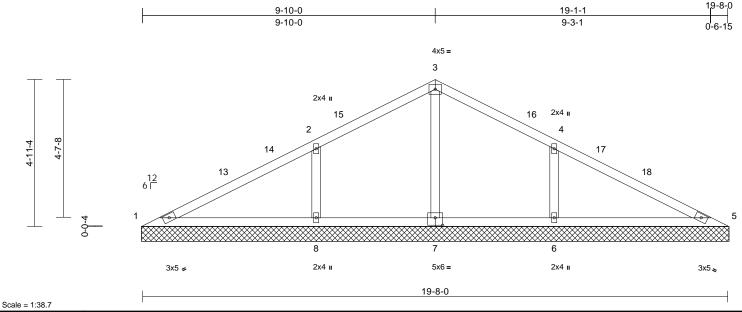


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [7:0-3-0,0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.49	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.29	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.19	Horiz(TL)	0.00	8	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 74 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

10-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=19-9-0, 5=19-9-0, 6=19-9-0,

7=19-9-0, 8=19-9-0

Max Horiz 1=-76 (LC 15)

Max Uplift 5=-8 (LC 15), 6=-131 (LC 15),

8=-131 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=107 (LC 33), 5=107 (LC 34),

6=609 (LC 21), 7=464 (LC 1),

8=609 (LC 20)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD

1-2=-140/364, 2-3=0/324, 3-4=0/324,

4-5=-140/364

1-8=-255/122, 6-8=-255/114, 5-6=-255/122 BOT CHORD WEBS 3-7=-430/69, 2-8=-461/172, 4-6=-461/172

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1)
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Interior (1) 3-0-0 to 6-10-8, Exterior(2R) 6-10-8 to 12-10-8, Interior (1) 12-10-8 to 16-9-0, Exterior(2E) 16-9-0 to 19-9-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 8 lb uplift at joint 5, 131 lb uplift at joint 8 and 131 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1, 5.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



August 14,2023

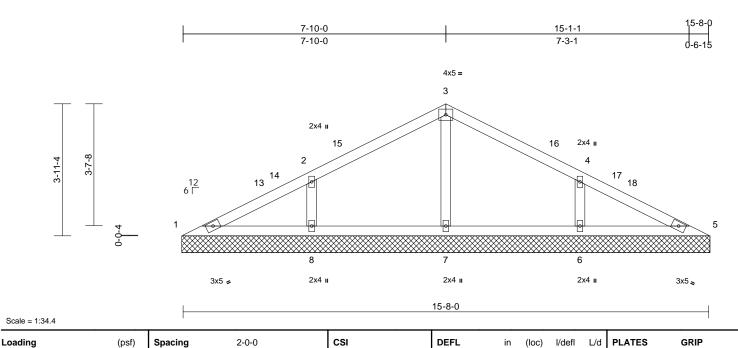
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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	4668 McNeill Hobbs-Roof-H-2020-S	
23080035-01	V3	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	160119792

Run: 8.63 S Jul 28 2023 Print: 8.630 S Jul 28 2023 MiTek Industries. Inc. Fri Aug 11 15:24:22 ID:q0nMo8?A4Nb4Z7QD4XwtlOyryi8-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1



BCDL	
LUMBI	ER

TCLL (roof)

Snow (Pf)

TCDL

BCLL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

20.0

20.0

10.0

10.0

0.0

Plate Grip DOL

Rep Stress Incr

Lumber DOL

Code

1.15

1 15

YES

IRC2018/TPI2014

6-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=15-9-0, 5=15-9-0, 6=15-9-0,

Max Grav

7=15-9-0, 8=15-9-0

Max Horiz 1=60 (LC 14)

1=-6 (LC 15), 5=-7 (LC 15), 6=-100 Max Uplift

(LC 15), 8=-101 (LC 14) 1=98 (LC 33), 5=98 (LC 34), 6=495

(LC 21), 7=351 (LC 20), 8=495 (LC

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD

1-2=-136/133, 2-3=-44/133, 3-4=-44/127,

4-5=-136/133 **BOT CHORD**

1-8=-67/116, 7-8=-67/61, 6-7=-67/61,

5-6=-67/116 WEBS

3-7=-280/76, 2-8=-396/168, 4-6=-396/168

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Interior (1) 3-0-0 to 4-10-8, Exterior(2R) 4-10-8 to 10-10-8, Interior (1) 10-10-8 to 12-9-0, Exterior(2E) 12-9-0 to 15-9-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

0.32

0.11

0.08

Vert(LL)

Vert(TL)

Horiz(TL)

n/a

n/a

0.00

n/a 999

n/a 999

n/a n/a

5

MT20

Weight: 56 lb

244/190

FT = 20%

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this 5) design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.

TC

BC

WB

Matrix-MSH

- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 6 lb uplift at joint 1, 7 lb uplift at joint 5, 101 lb uplift at joint 8 and 100 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1, 5.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



August 14,2023

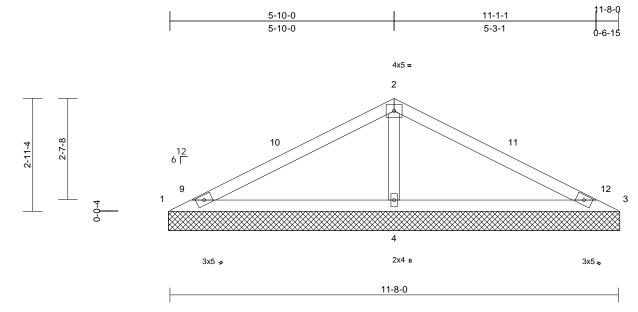
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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	4668 McNeill Hobbs-Roof-H-2020-S		
23080035-01	V4	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	l60119793	

Run: 8.63 S Jul 28 2023 Print: 8.630 S Jul 28 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Aug 11 15:24:23 ID:q0nMo8?A4Nb4Z7QD4XwtlOyryi8-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1



Scal	e =	1:3	(

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.61	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.55	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.17	Horiz(TL)	0.01	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 38 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

10-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=11-9-0, 3=11-9-0, 4=11-9-0

Max Horiz 1=44 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 1=-66 (LC 21), 3=-66 (LC 20),

4=-80 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=103 (LC 20), 3=103 (LC 21),

4=928 (LC 21)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-189/552, 2-3=-189/552

1-4=-399/239, 3-4=-399/239 BOT CHORD

WFBS 2-4=-728/368

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Exterior(2R) 3-0-0 to 8-9-0, Exterior(2E) 8-9-0 to 11-9-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face). see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this desian.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom
- chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 66 lb uplift at joint 1, 66 lb uplift at joint 3 and 80 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



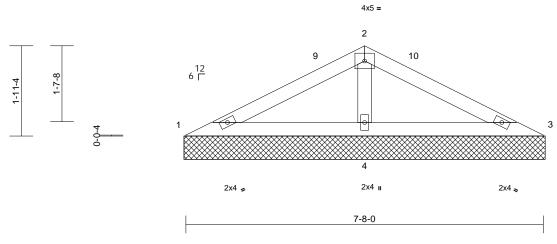
August 14,2023

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	4668 McNeill Hobbs-Roof-H-2020-S		
23080035-01	V5	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I60119794	

Run: 8.63 S Jul 28 2023 Print: 8.630 S Jul 28 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Aug 11 15:24:23 ID:IDLI?T?prhjxBH?QeFR6Hbyryi7-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1





Scale = 1:24.7

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)		Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.25	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.26	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.07	Horiz(TL)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0			1							Weight: 24 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

7-8-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=7-9-0, 3=7-9-0, 4=7-9-0

Max Horiz 1=28 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 1=-10 (LC 14), 3=-16 (LC 15),

4=-42 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=112 (LC 20), 3=112 (LC 21),

4=524 (LC 21)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

1-2=-126/272, 2-3=-126/272

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** 1-4=-203/155, 3-4=-203/155

2-4=-364/212

WEBS NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Exterior(2R) 3-0-0 to 4-9-0, Exterior(2E) 4-9-0 to 7-9-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom
- chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 10 lb uplift at joint 1, 16 lb uplift at joint 3 and 42 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



August 14,2023

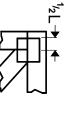
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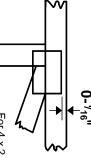


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



offsets are indicated and fully embed teeth Center plate on joint unless x, y Apply plates to both sides of truss Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths



edge of truss. plates 0- 1/16" from outside For 4 x 2 orientation, locate

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connector plates. required direction of slots in This symbol indicates the

* Plate location details available in MiTek software or upon request

PLATE SIZE

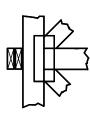
to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots. width measured perpendicular The first dimension is the plate

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated. ndicated by symbol shown and/or

BEARING



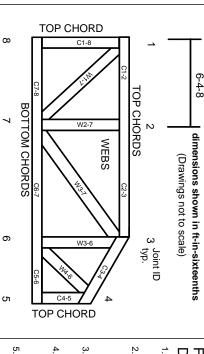
Min size shown is for crushing only number/letter where bearings occur reaction section indicates joint (supports) occur. Icons vary but Indicates location where bearings

ANSI/TPI1: Industry Standards: National Design Specification for Metal

DSB-22:

Plate Connected Wood Trusses Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Building Component Safety Information, Design Standard for Bracing. Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

Product Code Approvals

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1988, ESR-2362, ESR-2685, ESR-3282 ESR-4722, ESL-1388

Design General Notes

truss unless otherwise shown Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the

established by others section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1

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MiTek



MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023

General Safety Notes

Damage or Personal Injury Failure to Follow Could Cause Property

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Ņ Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other

'n

- joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1. Place plates on each face of truss at each
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.

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- 9 Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the camber for dead load deflection responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to
- 11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- 15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable project engineer before use. environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with
- 19. Review all portions of this design (front, back, words is not sufficient. and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- 21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.