

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: WAYFARE\_B Wayfare B OH

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Comtech, Inc - Fayetteville.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: E15326437 thru E15326457

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2021.

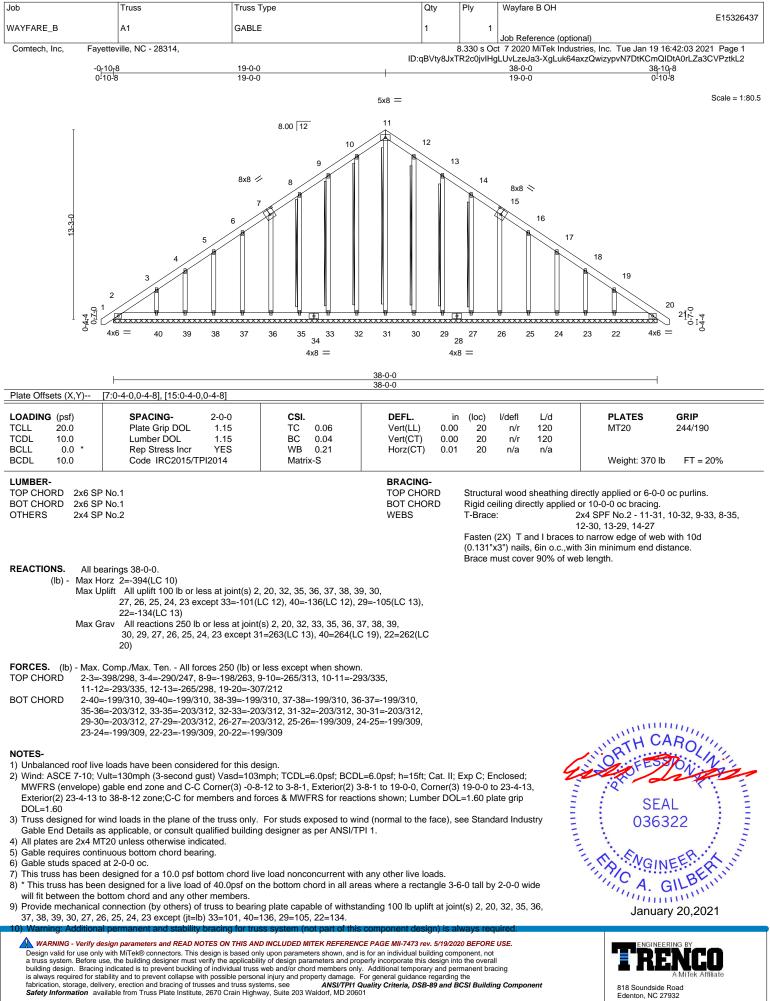
North Carolina COA: C-0844



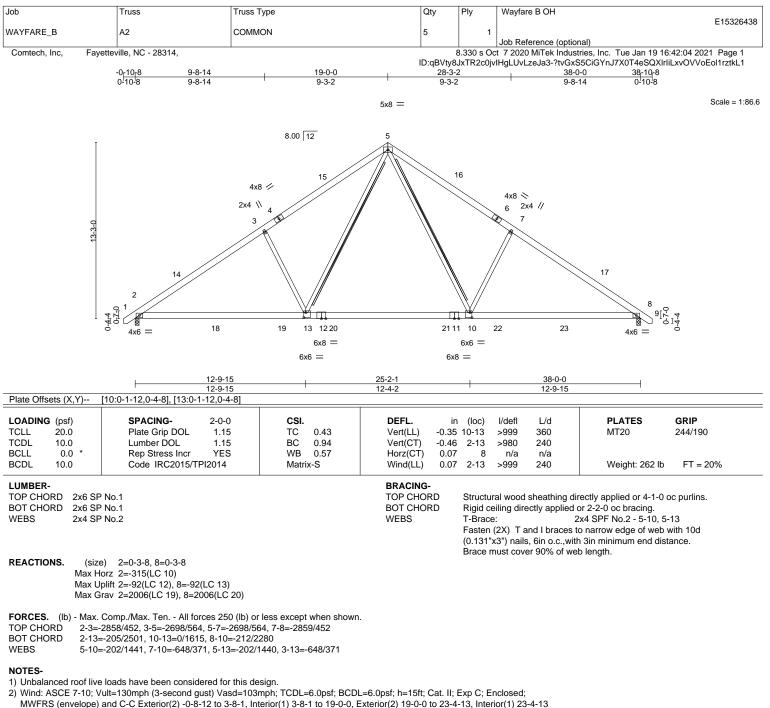
January 20,2021

# Gilbert, Eric

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



to 38-8-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

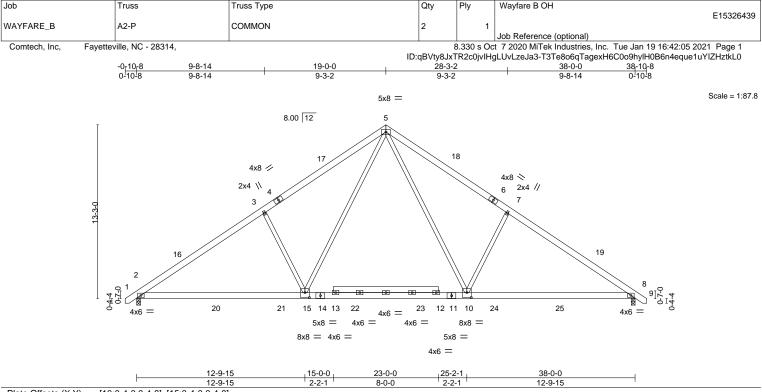
3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8.
- 6) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.







OADING (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b> 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. i	n (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES GRI	Р
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.42	Vert(LL) -0.2	2-15	>999	360	MT20 244/	190
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.56	Vert(CT) -0.42	2-15	>999	240		
SCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.56	Horz(CT) 0.0	58	n/a	n/a		
SCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S	Wind(LL) 0.0	2-15	>999	240	Weight: 281 lb FT	= 20%

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1

BOT CHORD	2x6 SP 24	400F 2.0E *Except*	
	11-14: 2x6	6 SP No.1	
WEBS	2x4 SP N	o.2 *Except*	
	12-13: 2x6	6 SP No.1	
REACTIONS.	(size)	2=0-3-8, 8=0-3-8	

Max Horz 2=315(LC 11) Max Grav 2=2092(LC 19), 8=2092(LC 20)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

- TOP CHORD 2-3=-3003/266, 3-5=-2841/379, 5-7=-2842/379, 7-8=-3003/266
- BOT CHORD 2-15=-53/2618, 10-15=0/1697, 8-10=-59/2398
- WEBS 5-10=-89/1528, 7-10=-638/375, 5-15=-89/1528, 3-15=-638/375

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-12 to 3-8-1, Interior(1) 3-8-1 to 19-0-0, Exterior(2) 19-0-0 to 23-4-13, Interior(1) 23-4-13 to 38-8-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) 200.0lb AC unit load placed on the bottom chord, 19-0-0 from left end, supported at two points, 5-0-0 apart.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

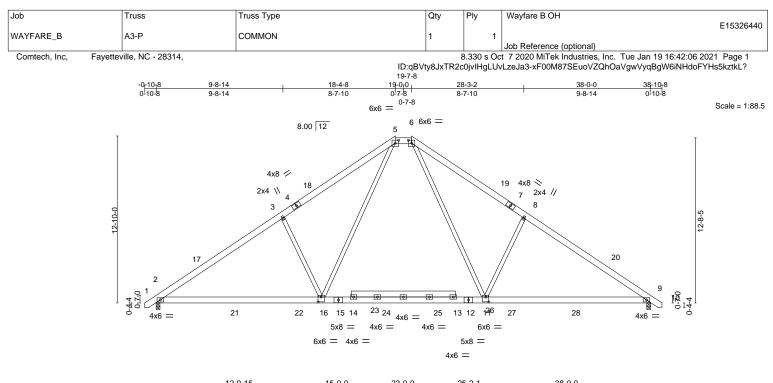
5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

# SEAL 036322 January 20,2021

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-0-1 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.





	L	12-9-15	15-0-0 I	23-0-0		5-2-1 <sub>I</sub>		38-0-0	1	
		12-9-15	2-2-1	8-0-0	2	-2-1		12-9-15		
e Offsets (X,Y)	[5:0-3-0,0-2-12], [6:0-3-0,	0-2-12], [11:0-2-	12,0-4-8], [16:0-2-12,0-4-8	]						
<b>ADING</b> (psf) LL 20.0 DL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL	2-0-0 1.15 1.15	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.44 BC 0.60	· · /	-0.25 -0.39	2-16	>999 >999	L/d 360 240	PLATES MT20	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190
CLL 0.0 * CDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2015/TP	YES 12014	WB 0.53 Matrix-S	Horz(CT) Wind(LL)	0.06 0.07			n/a 240	Weight: 279 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 SOT CHORD 2x6 SP 2400F 2.0E *Except* 12-15: 2x6 SP No.1 WEBS 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 13-14: 2x6 SP No.1				BRACING- TOP CHORI BOT CHORI		except 2-0-0 o	c purlins (5-	-11-13 max.	ectly applied or 3-11-6 .): 5-6. r 10-0-0 oc bracing.	oc purlins,
REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=304(LC 11) Max Grav 2=2105(LC 19), 9=2105(LC 20)										
FORCES.       (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.         TOP CHORD       2-3=-3032/285, 3-5=-2875/396, 6-8=-2875/396, 8-9=-3032/285, 5-6=-1662/370         BOT CHORD       2-16=-76/2631, 11-16=0/1753, 9-11=-79/2412         WEBS       6-11=-93/1527, 8-11=-615/381, 5-16=-93/1527, 3-16=-615/381										
OTES-										

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-12 to 3-8-1, Interior(1) 3-8-1 to 18-4-8, Exterior(2) 18-4-8 to 25-10-3, Interior(1) 25-10-3 to 38-8-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

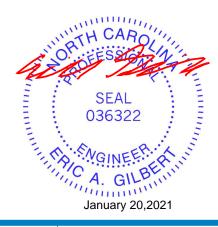
3) 200.0lb AC unit load placed on the bottom chord, 19-0-0 from left end, supported at two points, 5-0-0 apart.

4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

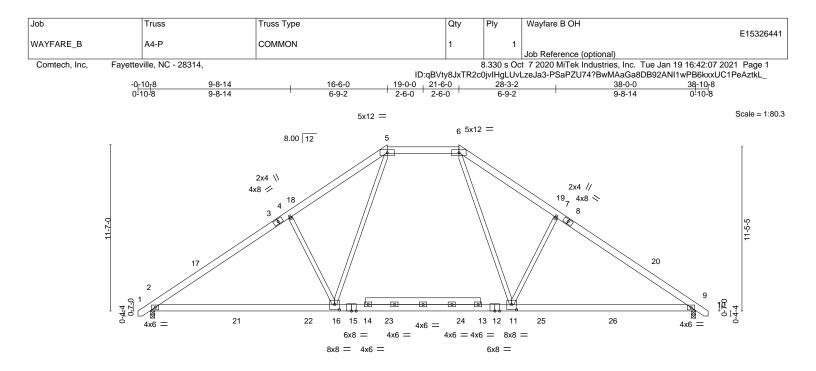
5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.







	12-9-15	15-0-0	23-0-0	25-2-1		8-0-0	4
	12-9-15	2-2-1	8-0-0	2-2-1	12-	-9-15	1
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[11:0-4-0,0-4-8], [16:0-4-0,0-4-8]						
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0	SPACING- 2-1-8 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO	CSI. TC 0.66 BC 0.72 WB 0.53	Vert(LL) -0.3 Vert(CT) -0.5 Horz(CT) 0.0	53 9-11 06 9	l/defl L/d >999 360 >858 240 n/a n/a	PLATES MT20	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S	Wind(LL) 0.2	21 2-16	>999 240	Weight: 271 lb	FT = 20%
12-15: WEBS 2x4 SP	P No.1 P 2400F 2.0E *Except* 2x6 SP No.1 P No.2 *Except* 2x6 SP No.1		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	2-0-0 0	ural wood sheathing d oc purlins (5-6-9 max.) ceiling directly applied		oc purlins, except
	e) 2=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8 lorz 2=-291(LC 10) irav 2=2245(LC 19), 9=2245(LC 20)						
TOP CHORD 2-4=-	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) o -3209/350, 4-5=-3029/441, 6-7=-3029/4 118/2760. 11-16=0/2028. 9-11=-120/2	41, 7-9=-3209/350, 5-6=-196	61/406				

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-12 to 3-8-1, Interior(1) 3-8-1 to 16-6-0, Exterior(2) 16-6-0 to 27-8-11, Interior(1) 27-8-11 to 38-8-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

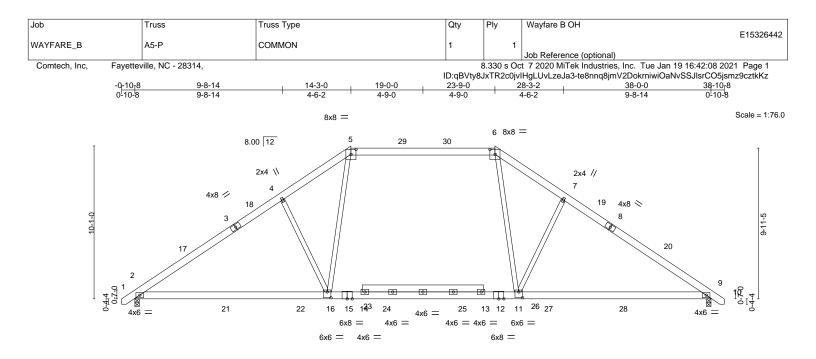
200.0lb AC unit load placed on the bottom chord, 19-00 from left end, supported at two points, 5-0-0 apart.

Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.







	12-9-15 12-9-15	+ 15-0-0 2-2-1	23-0-0 8-0-0	+ 25-2-1 2-2-1		8-0-0 2-9-15	—
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[5:0-4-0,0-3-15], [6:0-4-0,0-3-15], [11:0-	<u>3-0,0-4-8], [16:0-3-0,0-4-8]</u>					
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0 *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-1-8Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrNOCode IRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.68 BC 0.75 WB 0.45 Matrix-S	DEFL.         ir           Vert(LL)         -0.46           Vert(CT)         -0.61           Horz(CT)         0.06           Wind(LL)         0.35	2-16 >746 5 9 n/a	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 263 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
BOT CHORD         2x6 S           12-15           WEBS         2x4 S	P No.1 P 2400F 2.0E *Except* : 2x6 SP No.1 P No.2 *Except* : 2x6 SP No.1		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	2-0-0 oc purlins	(4-4-1 max.):	ectly applied or 3-7-2 ( 5-6. rr 10-0-0 oc bracing.	oc purlins, except
Max	REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=253(LC 11) Max Grav 2=2240(LC 19), 9=2240(LC 20)						
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.         TOP CHORD       2-4=-3248/366, 4-5=-3034/436, 6-7=-3034/436, 7-9=-3248/366, 5-6=-2276/397         BOT CHORD       2-16=-128/2700, 11-16=0/2276, 9-11=-131/2600         WEBS       6-11=-30/1410, 7-11=-521/338, 5-16=-30/1410, 4-16=-521/338							

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-12 to 3-8-1, Interior(1) 3-8-1 to 14-3-0, Exterior(2) 14-3-0 to 20-5-11, Interior(1) 20-5-11 to 23-9-0, Exterior(2) 23-9-0 to 29-11-11, Interior(1) 29-11-11 to 38-8-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) 200.0lb AC unit load placed on the bottom chord, 19-0-0 from left end, supported at two points, 5-0-0 apart.

4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

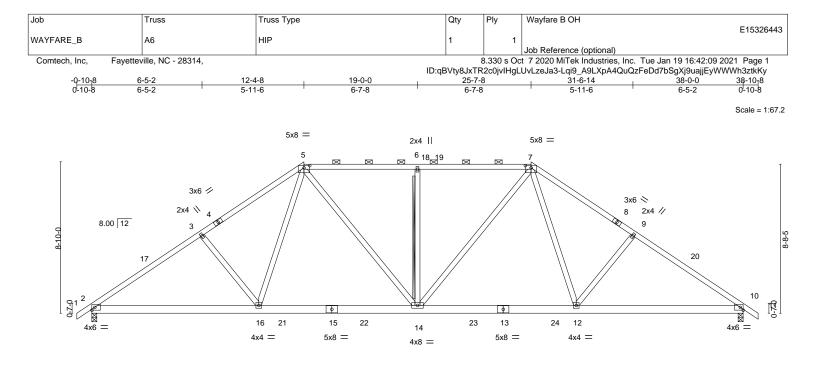
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7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.







<b> </b>	9-8-14 9-8-14	<u>19-0-0</u> 9-3-2		<u>28-3-2</u> 9-3-2	<u>38-0-0</u> 9-8-14	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[5:0-4-0,0-1-9], [7:0-4-0,0-1-9]					
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.47 BC 0.51 WB 0.25 Matrix-S	Vert(LL) -0.17		PLATES MT20 Weight: 239 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x6 SF WEBS 2x4 SF	? No.1		BRACING- TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheath except 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-0-3	ning directly applied or 3-7-14	oc purlins,
			BOT CHORD WEBS	Rigid ceiling directly ap T-Brace: Fasten (2X) T and I br	plied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 2x4 SPF No.2 - 6-14 aces to narrow edge of web w .c.,with 3in minimum end dista	
REACTIONS. (size	e) 2=0-3-8, 10=0-3-8				5	

ACTIONS.	(size)	2=0-3-8, 10=0-3-8
	Max Horz	2=210(LC 11)
	Max Uplift	2=-62(LC 12), 10=-62(LC 13)
	Max Grav	2=1657(LC 2), 10=1657(LC 2)

 FORCES.
 (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 TOP CHORD
 2-3=-2510/542, 3-5=-2320/567, 5-6=-2031/559, 6-7=-2031/559, 7-9=-2320/567, 9-10=-2510/542

 BOT CHORD
 2-16=-333/2056, 14-16=-160/1694, 12-14=-163/1694, 10-12=-336/1977

 WEBS
 3-16=-355/244, 5-16=-81/646, 5-14=-128/621, 6-14=-482/242, 7-14=-128/621, 7-12=-81/646, 9-12=-355/244

# NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Interior(1) 3-6-5 to 12-4-8, Exterior(2) 12-4-8 to 18-7-3, Interior(1) 18-7-3 to 25-7-8, Exterior(2) 25-7-8 to 31-8-0, Interior(1) 31-8-0 to 38-10-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

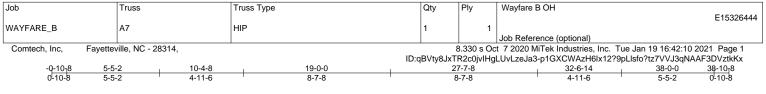
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- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 10.
- 7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

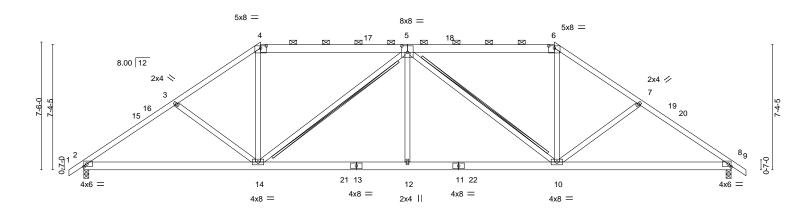
8) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.







Scale = 1:67.6



$\vdash$	10-4-8	<u>19-0-0</u> 8-7-8		7-7-8 3-7-8	<u>38-0-0</u> 10-4-8	
Plate Offsets (X,Y	() [4:0-4-0,0-1-9], [5:0-4-0,0-4-8], [6:0-4-0	,0-1-9]				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-         2-0-0           Plate Grip DOL         1.15           Lumber DOL         1.15           *         Rep Stress Incr         YES           Code         IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.36 BC 0.48 WB 0.65 Matrix-S	Vert(LL) -0.13		-	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
4- BOT CHORD 22	x4 SP No.1 *Except* -5,5-6: 2x6 SP No.1 x6 SP No.1 x4 SP No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	Structural wood sheathing di except 2-0-0 oc purlins (5-7-3 max.) Rigid ceiling directly applied T-Brace: Fasten (2X) T and I braces (0.131"x3") nails, 6in o.c.,wit Brace must cover 90% of we	: 4-6. or 10-0 oc bracing. 2x4 SPF No.2 - 5-14, 5-1 to narrow edge of web w h 3in minimum end dista	0 ith 10d
N	(size) 2=0-3-8, 8=0-3-8 lax Horz 2=177(LC 11) lax Uplift 2=-48(LC 12), 8=-48(LC 13) lax Grav 2=1598(LC 2), 8=1598(LC 2)					
TOP CHORD	Max. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) o 2-3=-2385/565, 3-4=-2195/534, 4-5=-1767/4 7-8=-2385/565		5/534,			
BOT CHORD WEBS	2-14=-364/1895, 12-14=-334/2454, 10-12=-3 3-14=-281/207, 4-14=-110/870, 5-14=-948/1 6-10=-110/870, 7-10=-281/207		34,			
<b>NOTES-</b> 1) Unbalanced ro 2) Wind: ASCE 7·	of live loads have been considered for this de .10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103 lope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5. In	mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6			WITH CA	Della

MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Interior(1) 3-6-5 to 10-4-8, Exterior(2) 10-4-8 to 16-7-3, Interior(1) 16-7-3 to 27-7-8, Exterior(2) 27-7-8 to 33-10-3, Interior(1) 33-10-3 to 38-10-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

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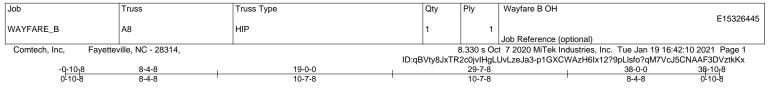
5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8.
- 7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

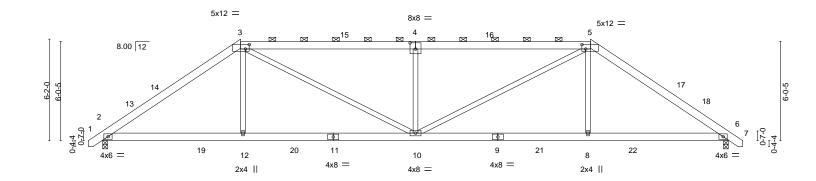
8) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.



FORE USE. nt, not overall ent bracing Building Component 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



Scale = 1:70.0



<b>—</b>	8-4-8	<u>19-0-0</u> 10-7-8		<u>29-7-8</u> 10-7-8	38-0-0	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[3:0-2-12,0-3-4], [4:0-4-0,0-4-8], [5:0-2	2-12,0-3-4]				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.52 BC 0.48 WB 0.56 Matrix-S	Vert(LL) -0.12		) MT20	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 SF BOT CHORD 2x6 SF WEBS 2x4 SF	P No.1		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	except 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-1-7	hing directly applied or 4-5-13 c 7 max.): 3-5. polied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.	oc purlins,
Max L	e) 2=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8 lorz 2=144(LC 11) Jplift 2=-54(LC 9), 6=-54(LC 8) Grav 2=1703(LC 2), 6=1703(LC 2)				pplied of 10-0-0 oc blacing.	
TOP CHORD 2-3=	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) -2611/530, 3-4=-2887/722, 4-5=-2887/ =-273/2068, 10-12=-271/2082, 8-10=-2	722, 5-6=-2611/530				

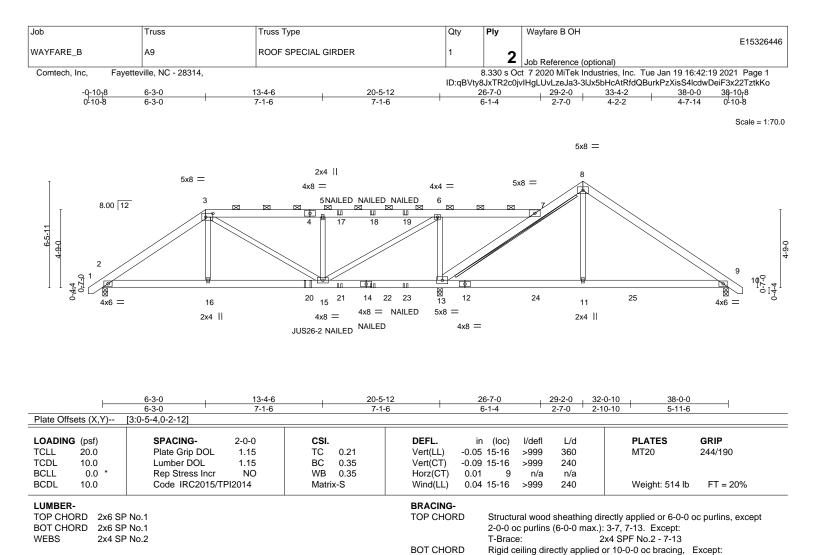
WEBS 3-12=0/634, 3-10=-229/1097, 4-10=-746/353, 5-10=-229/1097, 5-8=0/634

#### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-12 to 3-8-1, Interior(1) 3-8-1 to 8-4-8, Exterior(2) 8-4-8 to 14-7-3, Interior(1) 14-7-3 to 29-7-8, Exterior(2) 29-7-8 to 35-10-3, Interior(1) 35-10-3 to 38-8-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6.
- 7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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6-0-0 oc bracing: 13-15.

REACTIONS. (size) 13=0-3-8, 2=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=153(LC 7) Max Uplift 13=-390(LC 8), 2=-148(LC 8), 9=-57(LC 28)

Max Grav 13=2709(LC 1), 2=1321(LC 1), 9=834(LC 16) FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- TOP CHORD 2-3=-1988/227, 3-5=-2212/308, 5-6=-2211/308, 6-7=-105/295, 7-13=-1022/112, 7-8=-849/93, 8-9=-944/60 BOT CHORD 2-16=-163/1544, 15-16=-162/1555, 13-15=-295/164, 11-13=0/658, 9-11=0/658
- BOT CHORD
   2-16=-163/1544, 15-16=-162/1555, 13-15=-295/164, 11-13=0/658, 9-11=0/658

   WEBS
   3-16=0/379, 3-15=-309/881, 5-15=-630/289, 6-15=-442/2861, 6-13=-2111/487, 8-11=0/626

# NOTES-

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc. Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

 4) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope); Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

8) Solid blocking is required on both sides of the truss at joint(s), 13.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 9 except (jt=lb) 13=390, 2=148.

10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
11) Use USP JUS26-2 (With 4-16d nails into Girder & 4-16d nails into Truss) or equivalent at 12-5-8 from the left end to connect

- truss(es) to front face of bottom chord, skewed 0.0 deg.to the right, sloping 0.0 deg. down. 12) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.
- 13) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.

14) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.

LOAD WARKERS) visited end of the standard state of the st





Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Wayfare B OH
					E15326446
WAYFARE_B	A9	ROOF SPECIAL GIRDER	1	2	Job Reference (optional)
Comtech, Inc, Fayette	ville, NC - 28314,			8.330 s Oc	t 7 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jan 19 16:42:19 2021 Page 2

ID:qBVty8JxTR2c0jvIHgLUvLzeJa3-3IJx5bHcAtRfdQBurkPzXisS4lcdwDeiF3x22TztkKo

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

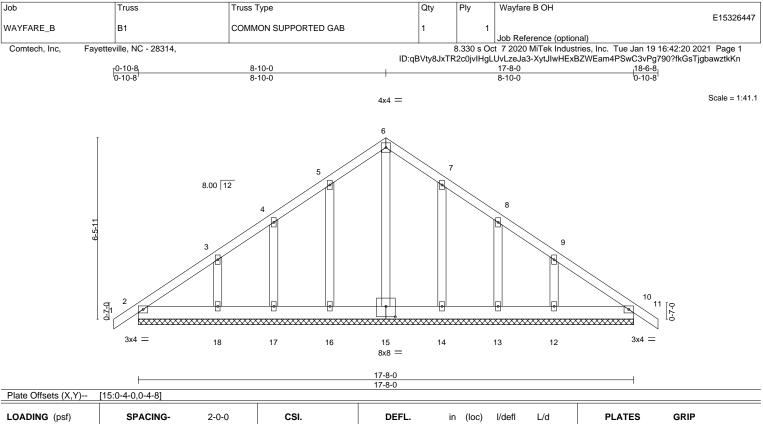
1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-7=-60, 7-8=-60, 8-10=-60, 2-9=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 17=-116(F) 18=-116(F) 19=-116(F) 20=-1101(F) 21=-40(F) 22=-40(F) 23=-40(F)





LOADING(psf)TCLL20.0TCDL10.0BCLL0.0BCDL10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.06 BC 0.03 WB 0.07 Matrix-S	DEFL.         ir           Vert(LL)         0.00           Vert(CT)         0.00           Horz(CT)         0.00	) 10 n/i ) 10 n/i	120 120	PLATES MT20 Weight: 113 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x6 SF			BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD			irectly applied or 6-0-0 o or 10-0-0 oc bracing.	c purlins.

BOT CHORD	2x6 SP No.1
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. All bearings 17-8-0.

(lb) -Max Horz 2=-194(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 17, 14, 13, 2 except 18=-131(LC 12), 12=-130(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 10, 15, 16, 17, 18, 14, 13, 12, 2

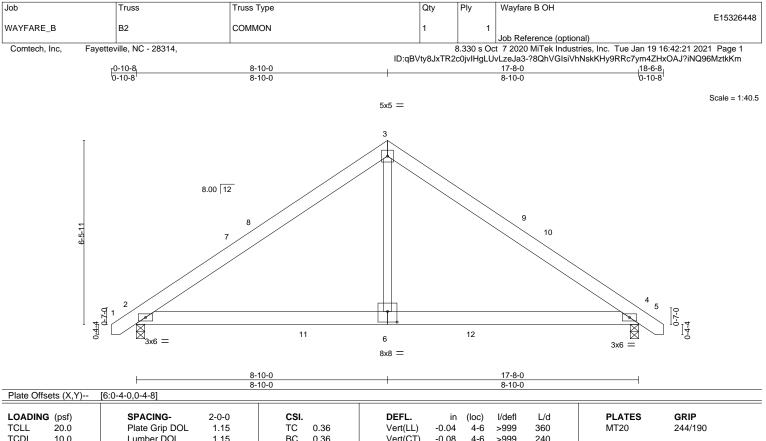
FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Exterior(2) 3-6-5 to 8-10-0, Corner(3) 8-10-0 to 13-2-13, Exterior(2) 13-2-13 to 18-6-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 16, 17, 14, 13, 2 except (jt=lb) 18=131, 12=130.
- 10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 2.



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TCDL BCLL BCDL	10.0 0.0 * 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	BC 0.36 WB 0.15 Matrix-S	Vert(CT) Horz(CT) Wind(LL)	-0.08 0.01 0.03	4-6 4 2-6	>999 n/a >999	240 n/a 240	
	- DRD 2x6 SP DRD 2x6 SP			BRACING- TOP CHOR BOT CHOR	RD			l sheathin ectly appl	0

directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Weight: 105 lb

FT = 20%

REACTIONS. (size) 4=0-3-8, 2=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=-153(LC 10) Max Uplift 4=-49(LC 13), 2=-49(LC 12) Max Grav 4=872(LC 20), 2=872(LC 19)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1082/191, 3-4=-1082/191

2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2-6=0/826, 4-6=0/826 WFBS 3-6=0/659

#### NOTES-

WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

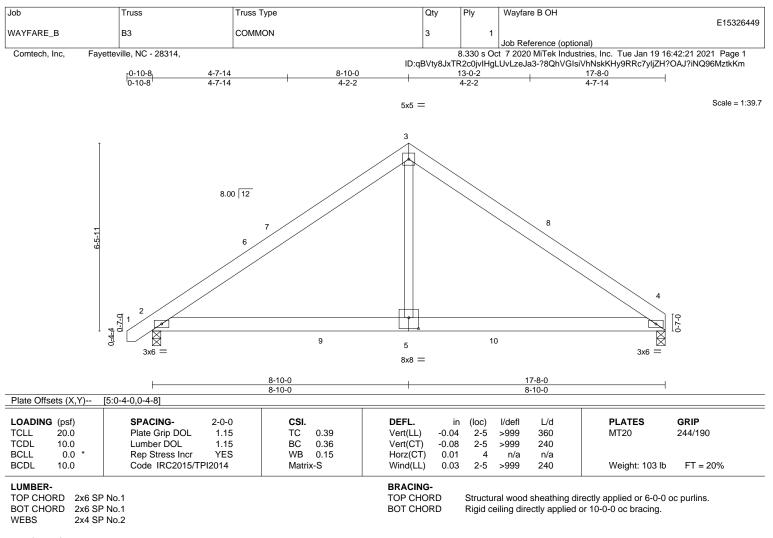
2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-12 to 3-8-1, Interior(1) 3-8-1 to 8-10-0, Exterior(2) 8-10-0 to 13-2-13, Interior(1) 13-2-13 to 18-4-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.





REACTIONS. (size) 4=0-3-8, 2=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=150(LC 9) Max Uplift 4=-36(LC 13), 2=-49(LC 12) Max Grav 4=822(LC 20), 2=873(LC 19)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1084/191, 3-4=-1057/192

BOT CHORD 2-5=-12/822, 4-5=-12/822

WFBS 3-5=0/660

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-12 to 3-8-1, Interior(1) 3-8-1 to 8-10-0, Exterior(2) 8-10-0 to 13-2-13, Interior(1) 13-2-13 to 17-6-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

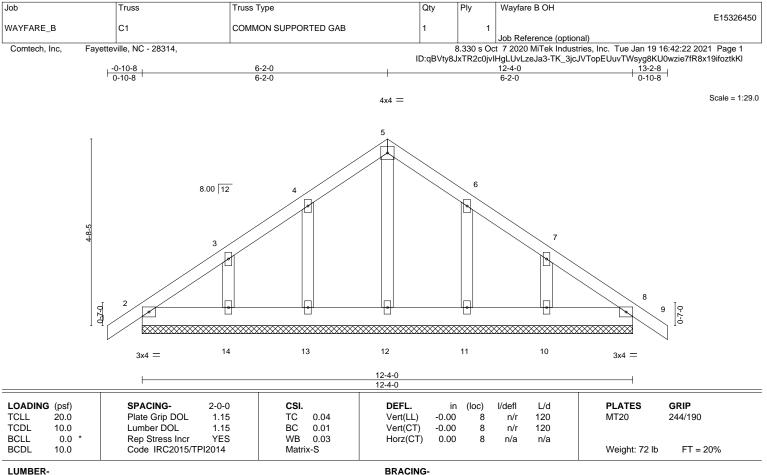
3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.







TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

#### LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 2x4 SP No.2 OTHERS

REACTIONS. All bearings 12-4-0.

Max Horz 2=-141(LC 10) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 11 except 14=-104(LC 12), 10=-103(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 12, 13, 14, 11, 10

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Exterior(2) 3-6-5 to 6-2-0, Corner(3) 6-2-0 to 10-6-13, Exterior(2) 10-6-13 to 13-2-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide
- will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 11 except (jt=lb) 14=104, 10=103.
- 10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 8.

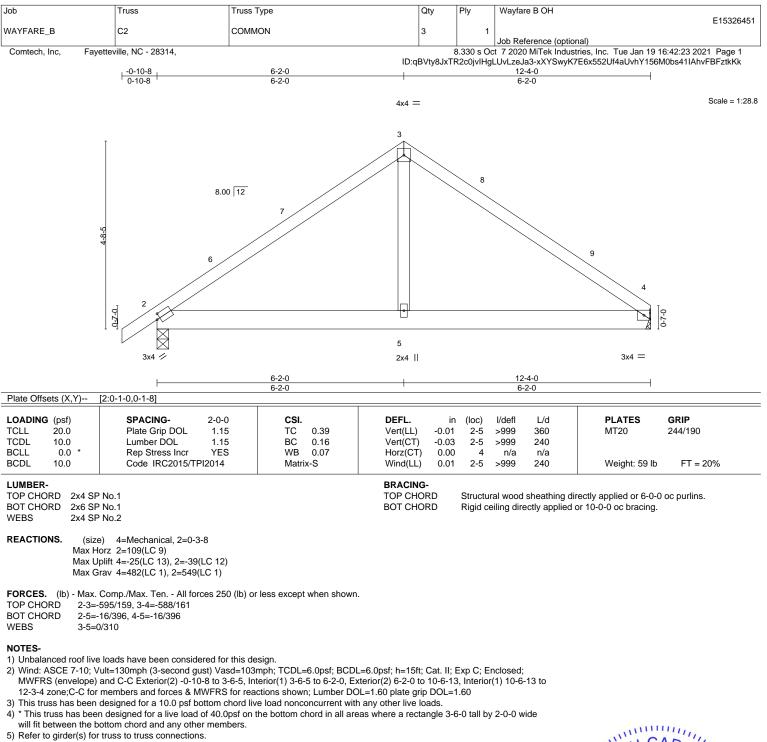


Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

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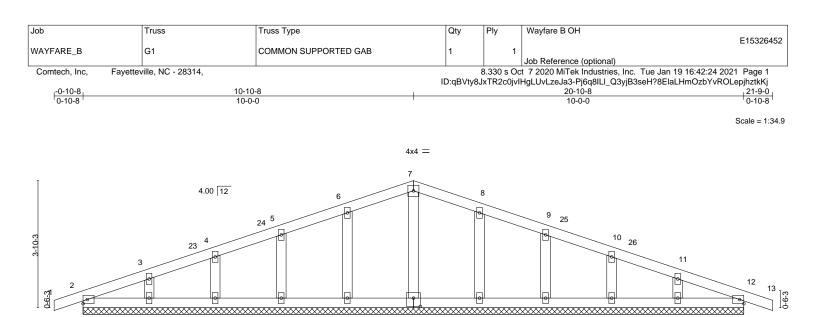
Edenton, NC 27932

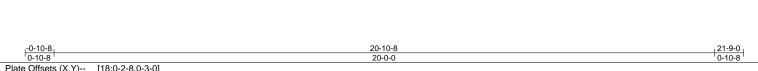


6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.









18

5x5 =

17

16

CLL         20.0         Plate Grip DOL         1.15           CDL         10.0         Lumber DOL         1.15	TC 0.05 BC 0.02	Vert(LL) -0.00 12 n/r 120 Vert(CT) -0.00 12 n/r 120	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190
CLL 0.0 * Rep Stress Incr YES CDL 10.0 Code IRC2015/TPI2014	WB 0.03 Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.00 12 n/a n/a	Weight: 88 lb FT = 20%

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 1 2x4 SP No.2

22

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. BOT CHORD

15

14

3x4 =

REACTIONS. All bearings 20-0-0.

3x4 =

(lb) -Max Horz 2=73(LC 12)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 19, 20, 21, 22, 17, 16, 15, 14, 12 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 17, 16, 15, 14, 12

20

19

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

21

## NOTES-

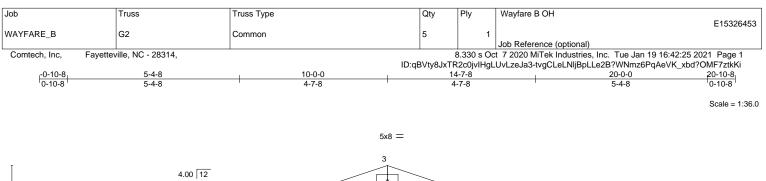
OTHERS

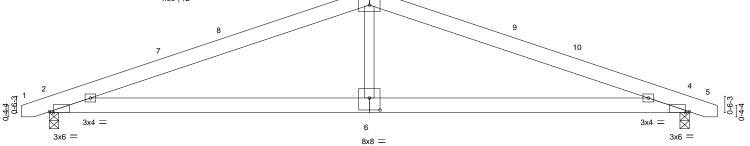
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Exterior(2) 3-6-5 to 10-0-0, Corner(3) 10-0-0 to 14-4-13, Exterior(2) 14-4-13 to 20-10-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 19, 20, 21, 22, 17, 16, 15, 14, 12
- 10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. WARNING - Verify design parameters and KEAD NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER KETEKENCE PAGE MIT-14's rev. 5/19/20/20 DEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITER® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see <u>ANS/TP/1 Quality Criteria</u>, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

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DEFL.         in         (loc)         l/defl         L/d         PLATES         GRIP           Vert(LL)         -0.06         4-6         >999         360         MT20         244/190           Vert(CT)         -0.14         4-6         >999         240         MT20         244/190           Horz(CT)         0.02         4         n/a         n/a         Mid         Wind(LL)         0.04         2-6         >999         240         Weight: 105 lb         FT = 20%
BRACING-         TOP CHORD       Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-4-3 oc purlins.         BOT CHORD       Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-3 to 3-8-10, Interior(1) 3-8-10 to 10-0-0, Exterior(2) 10-0-0 to 14-4-13, Interior(1) 14-4-13 to 20-8-3 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3-10-3

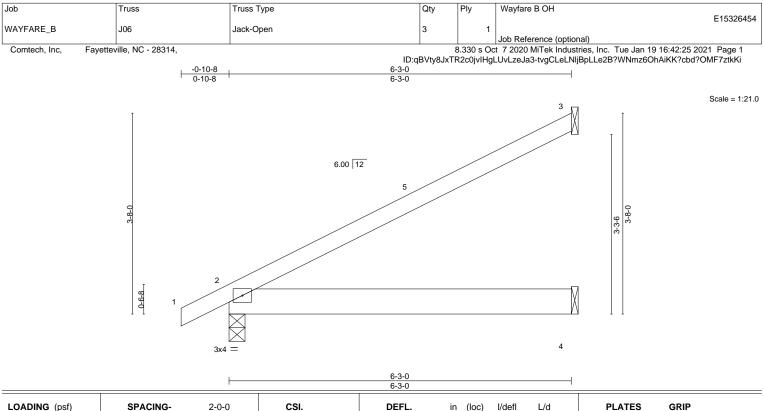
4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.

6) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.







	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.52	Vert(LL)	-0.02	2-4	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.14	Vert(CT)	-0.04	2-4	>999	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	-0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TF	912014	Matri	к-Р	Wind(LL)	0.00	2	****	240	Weight: 27 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

# LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1

**REACTIONS.** (size) 3=Mechanical, 2=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical

Max Horz 2=113(LC 12)

Max Uplift 3=-89(LC 12), 2=-13(LC 12)

Max Grav 3=176(LC 1), 2=308(LC 1), 4=121(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Interior(1) 3-6-5 to 6-2-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

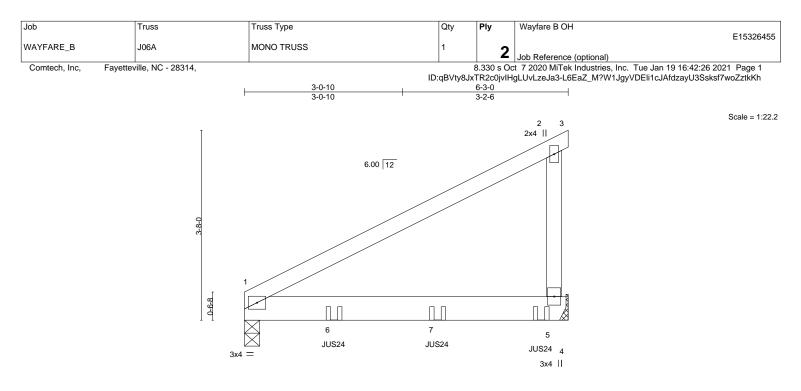
5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3, 2.



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Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.



			6-3-0 6-3-0				
LOADING (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b> 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.29	Vert(LL) -0.	.04 1-5	>999	360	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.47	Vert(CT) -0.	.09 1-5	>775	240	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.00	Horz(CT) 0.	.00	n/a	n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P	Wind(LL) 0.	.03 1-5	>999	240	Weight: 59 lb FT = 20%

# LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 2x4 SP No.2 WFBS

REACTIONS. (size) 1=0-3-8, 5=Mechanical

Max Horz 1=106(LC 8) Max Uplift 1=-41(LC 8), 5=-129(LC 8)

Max Grav 1=748(LC 1), 5=1121(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together as follows:

- Top chords connected with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows: 2x4 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
- Bottom chords connected with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows: 2x6 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.
- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to
- ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed;
- MWFRS (envelope); Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 5=129.
- 8) Use USP JUS24 (With 4-10d nails into Girder & 2-10d nails into Truss) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 1-8-12 from the left end to 5-8-12 to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.
- 9) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

#### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

- Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-3=-20, 1-4=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)
  - Vert: 5=-467(B) 6=-462(B) 7=-462(B)



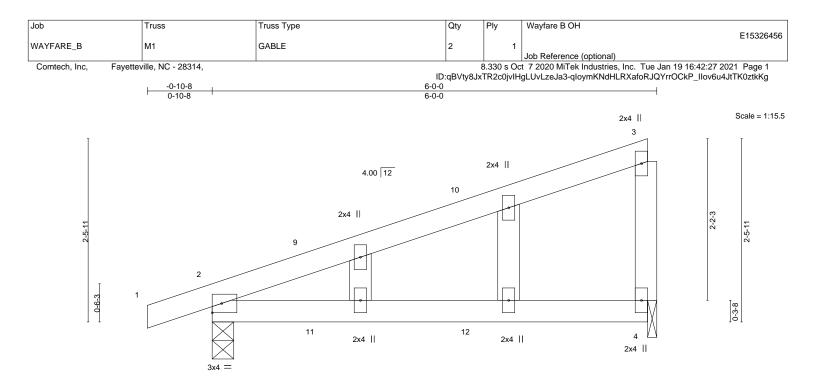
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems. see **ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

#### BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.



LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.57	Vert(LL)	-0.06 2-4	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.50	Vert(CT)	-0.11 2-4	>615	240		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(CT)	-0.00 4	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P	Wind(LL)	0.18 2-4	>371	240	Weight: 25 lb	FT = 20%

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

# LUMBER-

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.1
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.1
WEBS	2x4 SP No.2
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 4=0-1-8 Max Horz 2=106(LC 8) Max Uplift 2=-166(LC 8), 4=-142(LC 8) Max Grav 2=295(LC 1), 4=221(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 3-4=-164/287

# NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Exterior(2) 3-6-5 to 5-9-15 zone; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=166, 4=142.
- 9) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

except end verticals.



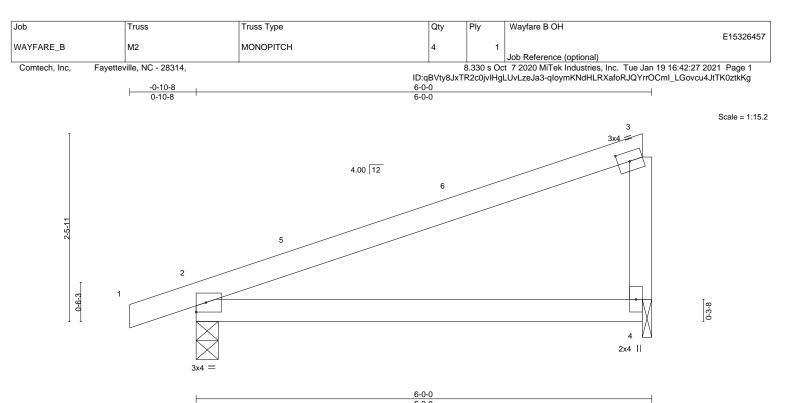


Plate Offsets (X,Y) [3:0-1-14,0-1-8]						
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.45	DEFL.         in         (loc)         I/defl         L/d         PLATES         GRIP           Vert(LL)         -0.06         2-4         >999         360         MT20         244/190			
TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.31	Vert(CT) -0.11 2-4 >615 240			
3CLL 0.0 * 3CDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	WB 0.03 Matrix-P	Horz(CT) 0.00 4 n/a n/a Wind(LL) 0.12 2-4 >554 240 Weight: 22 lb FT = 20	%		

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-TOP CHORD

 TOP CHORD
 2x4 SP No.1

 BOT CHORD
 2x4 SP No.1

 WEBS
 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 4=0-1-8 Max Horz 2=74(LC 8) Max Uplift 2=-115(LC 8), 4=-98(LC 8) Max Grav 2=295(LC 1), 4=221(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Interior(1) 3-6-5 to 5-9-15 zone; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 40.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4 except (jt=lb) 2=115.
- 7) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



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Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

