

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: J0722-3668 Glover / Lot 12 Purfoy Place / Harnett

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Comtech, Inc - Fayetteville.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I53584527 thru I53584557

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2022.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



August 11,2022

# Gilbert, Eric

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Interior(1) 3-6-5 to 22-4-0, Exterior(2) 22-4-0 to 26-8-13, Interior(1) 26-8-13 to 39-4-13 zone; cantilever left exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10 except (jt=lb) 17=133.







WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

# RENCO

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10 except (jt=lb) 16=133



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A. GILP.... August 11,2022



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Edenton, NC 27932



#### COAR GASE (S)geStandard



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Glover / Lot 12 Purfoy Place / Harnett	
						153584535
J0722-3668	B2	ATTIC	2	3	Inh Reference (ontional)	
			L	-		
Comtech, Inc, Fayette	ville, NC - 28314,		8.	430 s Jan	6 2022 Millek Industries, Inc. Wed Aug 10 09:39:54 2022	Page 2

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## LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-15=-60, 14-15=-378(F=-318), 11-14=-120, 10-11=-335(F=-275), 1-4=-180, 4-5=-240, 5-6=-180, 6-7=-180, 7-8=-240, 8-10=-180, 5-7=-60 Drag: 4-14=-30, 8-11=-30











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Edenton, NC 27932



TOP CHORD 2-3=-336/237. 15-16=-273/176

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-8-13 to 3-7-15, Exterior(2) 3-7-15 to 12-4-0, Corner(3) 12-4-0 to 16-8-13, Exterior(2) 16-8-13 to 25-4-13 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 16, 25, 27, 28, 22, 20, 19 except (it=lb) 26=110, 29=178, 21=113, 18=169.



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Scale = 1:34.1



3	-10-7	11-5-5				20-2-8	
Blata Officiata (X X)		7-6-14				8-9-3	
Plate Offsets (X, Y)	[4:0-3-0,Edge], [5:0-1-8,0-1-8]						
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0         *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.49 BC 0.50 WB 0.46 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT) Wind(LL)	in (loc) -0.11 5-7 -0.24 5-7 0.04 5 0.09 5-7	I/defl         L/d           >999         360           >999         240           n/a         n/a           >999         240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 112 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 s 4-6:: BOT CHORD 2x6 s WEBS 2x4 s WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.2 REACTIONS. (s Max Max	SP No.1 *Except* 2x4 SP No.1 SP No.1 SP No.2 ize) 1=0-3-8, 5=0-3-8 Horz 1=-85(LC 8) Uplift 1=-54(LC 9), 5=-117(LC 9)		BRACING- TOP CHORE BOT CHORE WEBS	D Structu D Rigid c 1 Row	iral wood sheath eiling directly ap at midpt	ing directly applied or 3-4-2 plied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 3-9	oc purlins.
Max FORCES. (ib) - Ma TOP CHORD 1-2 BOT CHORD 1-9 WEBS 2-9 NOTES- 1) Unbalanced roof 10	Grav 1=795(LC 1), 5=859(LC 1) x. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) o =-1083/267, 2-3=-864/248, 3-5=-2490/53 =-122/769, 7-9=-472/2389, 5-7=-472/238 =-27/540, 3-9=-1652/359, 3-7=0/344 ve loads have been considered for this de	r less except when shown. 4 9 ssign.					
2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; and C-C Exterior(2 Lumber DOL=1.60	Vuit=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0 2) 0-1-12 to 8-3-4, Interior(1) 8-3-4 to 21-1 9 plate grip DOL=1.60	psr; BCDL=6.0psr; n=15ft; -0 zone;C-C for members	and forces & MWF	RS for reactio	<ul> <li>S (envelope)</li> <li>Shown;</li> </ul>	- MARINA	011.5

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 5=117.



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Scale = 1:34.1



3-1	0-7	<u>11-5-5</u> 7-6-14		20-	2-8
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[4:0-1-13,Edge], [5:0-1-8,0-1-8]				
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0         *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.49 BC 0.50 WB 0.46 Matrix-S	DEFL.         ir           Vert(LL)         -0.11           Vert(CT)         -0.24           Horz(CT)         0.04           Wind(LL)         0.13	n (loc) l/defl L/d 5-7 >999 360 5-7 >999 240 5-7 >999 240 5 n/a n/a 5-7 >999 240	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 125 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 SF 4-6: 2x BOT CHORD 2x6 SF WEBS 2x4 SF OTHERS 2x4 SF WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.2	P No.1 *Except* 4 SP No.1 P No.1 P No.2 P No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	Structural wood sheathing Rigid ceiling directly applie 1 Row at midpt	directly applied or 3-4-2 oc purlins. d or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 3-9
REACTIONS. (siz Max H Max L Max C	e) 1=0-3-8, 5=0-3-8 lorz 1=-118(LC 8) lplift 1=-164(LC 13), 5=-267(LC 9) irav 1=795(LC 1), 5=859(LC 1)				

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-1083/267, 2-3=-864/248, 3-5=-2490/680

BOT CHORD 1-9=-122/769, 7-9=-603/2389, 5-7=-603/2389

WEBS 2-9=-70/540, 3-9=-1652/552, 3-7=0/344

### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-1-12 to 8-3-4, Interior(1) 8-3-4 to 21-1-0 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=164, 5=267.





			5-0-0 5-0-0				
LOADING (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b> 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl L/d	d PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.27 BC 0.19	Vert(LL) -0	).02 2-4	>999 360	D MT20	244/190
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(CT) 0	).00	n/a n/a	a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P	Wind(LL) 0	0.00 2	**** 240	0 Weight: 19 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	BRACING-			·	

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

# LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 2x6 SP No.1 WEBS

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 4=0-1-8

Max Horz 2=46(LC 8) Max Uplift 2=-54(LC 8), 4=-25(LC 12)

Max Grav 2=253(LC 1), 4=178(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Interior(1) 3-6-5 to 4-9-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-0 oc purlins,

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

except end verticals.





	7-11-12		15-11-8
Plate Offsets (X V)	<u>7-11-12</u> [2:0-0-0 0-1-3] [4:0-0-0 0-1-3]		7-11-12
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-         2-0-0           Plate Grip DOL         1.15           Lumber DOL         1.15           Rep Stress Incr         YES           Code IRC2015/TPI2014         1000000000000000000000000000000000000	CSI. TC 0.29 BC 0.24 WB 0.14 Matrix-S	DEFL.         in         (loc)         l/defl         L/d           Vert(LL)         0.06         4-6         >999         240           Vert(CT)         -0.05         2-6         >999         240           Horz(CT)         0.01         4         n/a         n/a
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 S BOT CHORD 2x6 S WEBS 2x4 S	SP No.1 SP No.1 SP No.2		BRACING-         TOP CHORD       Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.         BOT CHORD       Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-6-11 oc bracing.
REACTIONS. (si Max Max Max	ze) 2=0-3-8, 4=0-3-8 Horz 2=56(LC 11) Uplift 2=-141(LC 9), 4=-141(LC 8) Grav 2=677(LC 1), 4=677(LC 1)		
FORCES. (lb) - Ma: TOP CHORD 2-3 BOT CHORD 2-6 WEBS 3-6	c. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or =-865/834, 3-4=-865/832 =-609/666, 4-6=-609/666 =-478/380	less except when shown.	

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-6 to 3-8-7, Interior(1) 3-8-7 to 7-11-12, Exterior(2) 7-11-12 to 12-4-9, Interior(1) 12-4-9 to 16-7-14 zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=141, 4=141.







7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

 Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=152, 10=152.







		7	-11-12				15-11-8		
		7	-11-12	1			7-11-12		
Plate Offsets (X,	,Y)	[2:0-0-0,0-1-3], [4:0-1-6,0-1-8]							
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	*	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.31 BC 0.24 WB 0.14 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (ld 0.06 4 -0.05 4 0.01	oc) I/defl I-5 >999 I-5 >999 4 n/a	L/d 240 240 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 88 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	2x6 SP 2x6 SP 2x4 SP	No.1 No.1 No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORI BOT CHORI	D Str D Rig	uctural wood jid ceiling dii	d sheathing dir rectly applied o	ectly applied or 6-0-0 or 9-5-9 oc bracing.	oc purlins.
REACTIONS.	(size Max He Max U Max G	e) 4=0-3-8, 2=0-3-8 orz 2=57(LC 9) plift 4=-137(LC 8), 2=-142(LC 9) rav 4=625(LC 1), 2=679(LC 1)							
FORCES. (Ib) TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	- Max. 2-3=- 2-5=- 3-5=-	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) 867/835, 3-4=-865/843 623/669, 4-5=-623/669 479/381	or less except when shown.						

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-6 to 3-8-7, Interior(1) 3-8-7 to 7-11-12, Exterior(2) 7-11-12 to 12-4-9, Interior(1) 12-4-9 to 15-9-12 zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 4=137, 2=142.







- gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-4 to 4-9-0, Interior(1) 4-9-0 to 10-2-9, Exterior(2) 10-2-9 to 14-7-6, Interior(1) 14-7-6 to
- 20-0-14 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 11 except (jt=lb) 1=122, 18=136, 19=144, 20=136, 21=151, 16=133, 14=146, 13=135, 12=151.







August 11,2022



4. GILL



Max Upift All upift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1 except 9=-197(LC 12), 6=-197(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 8=417(LC 22), 9=513(LC 19), 6=513(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS 2-9=-424/320, 4-6=-424/320

NOTES-

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-4 to 4-9-0, Interior(1) 4-9-0 to 8-2-8, Exterior(2) 8-2-8 to 12-7-4, Interior(1) 12-7-4 to 16-0-11 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 9=197, 6=197.





<sup>1)</sup> Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



## LUMBER-

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.1	
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.1	
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.2	

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 13-4-3.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-152(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 8=-165(LC 12), 6=-165(LC 13)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=392(LC 19), 8=385(LC 19), 6=385(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS 2-8=-362/291, 4-6=-362/291

### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-4 to 4-9-0, Interior(1) 4-9-0 to 6-8-8, Exterior(2) 6-8-8 to 11-1-4, Interior(1) 11-1-4 to 13-0-11 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 8=165, 6=165.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

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- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-4 to 4-9-0, Interior(1) 4-9-0 to 5-2-8, Exterior(2) 5-2-8 to 9-7-4, Interior(1) 9-7-4 to 10-0-11 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 138 lb uplift at joint 1, 118 lb uplift at joint 5, 183 lb uplift at joint 8 and 183 lb uplift at joint 6.







			7-4-9			0-0-6		
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.19 BC 0.08	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT)	in (loc) n/a - n/a -	l/defl n/a 9 n/a 9	L/d PL 999 MT 999	<b>ATES</b> 20	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	WB 0.03 Matrix-P	Horz(CT) 0	.00 3	n/a i	n/a We	eight: 30 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-					

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

# LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 2x4 SP No.2 OTHERS

REACTIONS. (size) 1=7-4-3, 3=7-4-3, 4=7-4-3

Max Horz 1=80(LC 11)

Max Uplift 1=-29(LC 13), 3=-29(LC 13)

Max Grav 1=163(LC 1), 3=163(LC 1), 4=210(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope)

and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 29 lb uplift at joint 1 and 29 lb uplift at joint 3.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

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						++				0-0	-0		
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.05	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190	
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.03	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999			
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.01	Horz(CT)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a			
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/T	PI2014	Matri	x-P						Weight: 17 lb	FT = 20%	
LUMBER	۶-					BRACING-							

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

# LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 2x4 SP No.2 OTHERS

REACTIONS. (size) 1=4-4-3, 3=4-4-3, 4=4-4-3

Max Horz 1=44(LC 9)

Max Uplift 1=-16(LC 13), 3=-16(LC 13)

Max Grav 1=90(LC 1), 3=90(LC 1), 4=116(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope)

and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 16 lb uplift at joint 1 and 16 lb uplift at joint 3.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-4-15 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.





# **REACTIONS.** All bearings 14-7-13.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-44(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 8, 6

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=280(LC 1), 8=321(LC 23), 6=321(LC 24)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-7-13 to 5-0-10, Interior(1) 5-0-10 to 7-4-10, Exterior(2) 7-4-10 to 11-9-7, Interior(1) 11-9-7 to 14-1-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 8, 6.







TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

## LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 2x4 SP No.2 OTHERS

REACTIONS. (size) 1=8-7-13, 3=8-7-13, 4=8-7-13 Max Horz 1=-25(LC 8)

Max Uplift 1=-24(LC 12), 3=-29(LC 13)

Max Grav 1=152(LC 1), 3=152(LC 1), 4=293(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope)

and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide

will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.







3x4 🗢

Plata Offacta (X X)	0-0-12 0-0-12 2:0.2.0 Edgel		<u>2-9-5</u> 2-8-9	
	2.0-2-0,Eugej			
OADING (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b> 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.01	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999	MT20 244/190
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.02	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999	
3CLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(CT) 0.00 3 n/a n/a	
3CDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P		Weight: 6 lb FT = 20%

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=2-7-13, 3=2-7-13 Max Horz 1=-5(LC 8)

Max Uplift 1=-4(LC 12), 3=-4(LC 13) Max Grav 1=59(LC 1), 3=59(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope)

and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.





