

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: PC102_Master MATTAMY HOMES/SHENANDOAH/FARMHOUSE/LOT 102 PROVIDENCE CREEK

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Builders FirstSource-Apex,NC.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I53489269 thru I53489284

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2022.

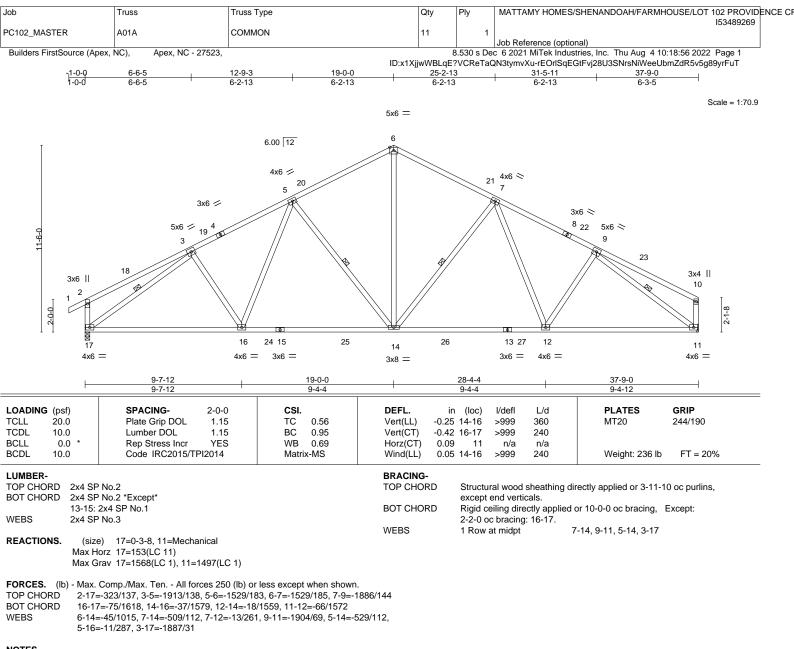
North Carolina COA: C-0844



August 4,2022

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-0 to 2-9-10, Interior(1) 2-9-10 to 19-0-0, Exterior(2) 19-0-0 to 24-4-8, Interior(1) 24-4-8 to 37-7-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

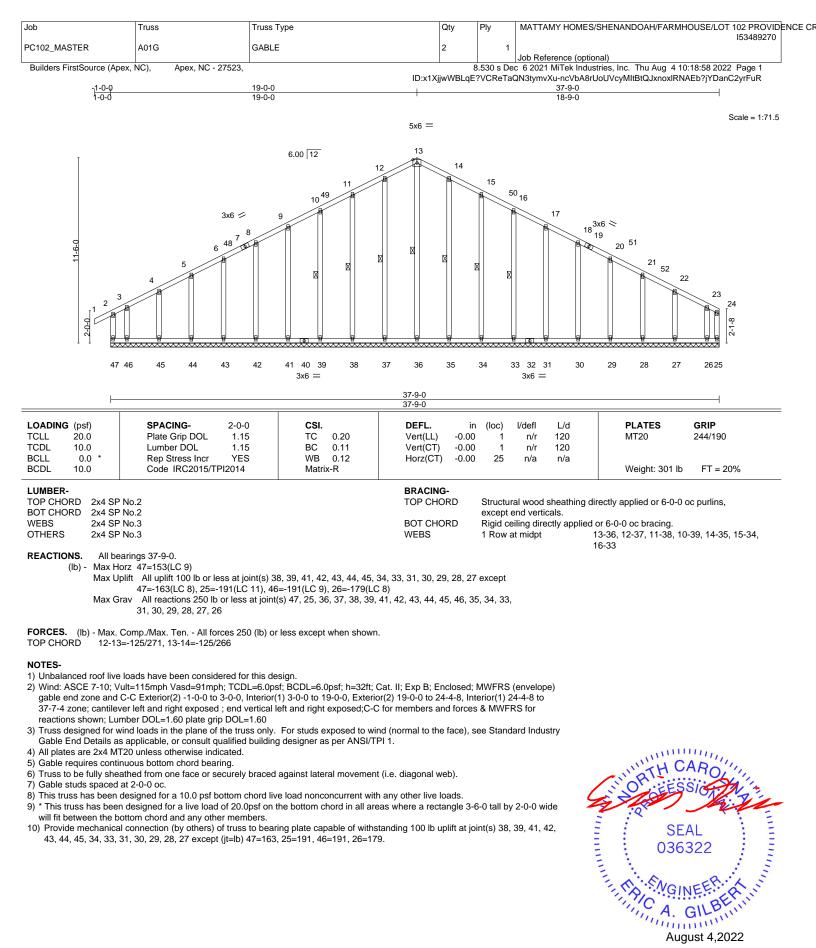
4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.



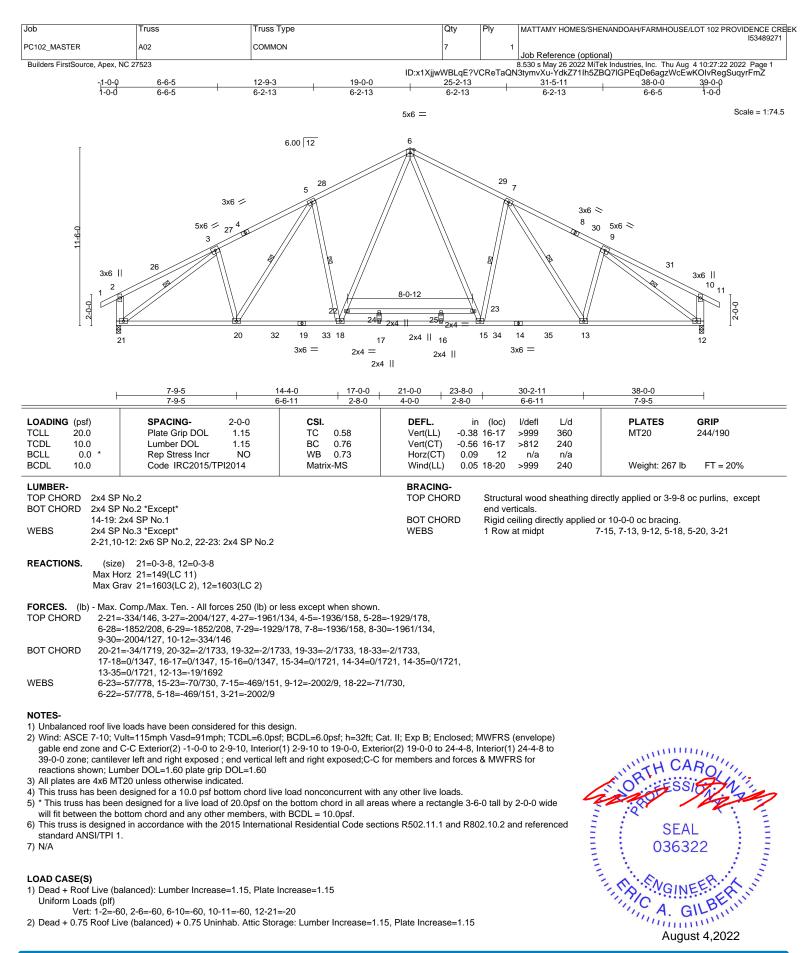
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses sand truss system. See **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





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continued on page 2

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A MiTek Affil 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	MATTAMY HOMES/SHENANDOAH/FARMHOUSE/LC	
PC102_MASTER	A02	COMMON	7	1		153489271
Builders FirstSource, Apex, NC	27523				Job Reference (optional) 8.530 s May 26 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Aug 4	10:27:22 2022 Page 2
			גידאוגאיז.עו.xידאjjwwbLdE?	CRETAQ	N3tymvXu-YdkZ71lh5ZBQ7lGPEqDe6agzWcEwK	Ownegougyrrmz
LOAD CASE(S) Uniform Loads (plf)						
Vert: 1-2=-50,		1=-50, 21-32=-20, 32-33=-50, 33-34=-2		0, 22-23=	30	
 Dead + Uninhabitable / Uniform Loads (plf) 	Attic Without Storage: L	umber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.2	25			
u /	2-6=-20, 6-10=-20, 10-1	1=-20, 12-21=-40, 22-23=-40				
, ,	Pos. Internal) Case 1: L	umber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.	60			
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=42.2	2-26=22. 6-26=12. 6-29:	=22, 10-29=12, 10-11=8, 12-21=-12				
Horz: 2-21=13	, 1-2=-54, 2-26=-34, 6-2	26=-24, 6-29=34, 10-29=24, 10-11=20, 1				
-,	Pos. Internal) Case 2: L	umber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.	60			
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=8, 2-	28=12, 6-28=22, 6-31=	12, 10-31=22, 10-11=42, 12-21=-12				
		28=-34, 6-31=24, 10-31=34, 10-11=54, 1				
 Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Uniform Loads (plf) 	Neg. Internal) Case 1: L	umber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1	.60			
	2-6=-32, 6-10=-32, 10-1	1=-27, 12-21=-20				
		12, 10-11=-7, 10-12=-22	<u></u>			
Uniform Loads (plf)	Neg. Internal) Case 2: L	umber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1	.60			
Vert: 1-2=-27,	2-6=-32, 6-10=-32, 10-1					
	, 1-2=7, 2-6=12, 6-10=-	12, 10-11=7, 10-12=15 Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1	1.60			
Uniform Loads (plf)	ind (FOS. Internal) Leit.		1.00			
	6=-3, 6-10=7, 10-11=2,					
		=19, 10-11=14, 10-12=16 t: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=	=1.60			
Uniform Loads (plf)	ind (1 66. Internal) right		-1.00			
	6=7, 6-10=-3, 10-11=7,					
		0=9, 10-11=19, 10-12=-13 t: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase:	=1.60			
Uniform Loads (plf)	, , ,					
	5, 2-6=-20, 6-10=-10, 10 21 1-2=-5 2-6=-0 6-10-	-11=-6, 12-21=-20 =10, 10-11=14, 10-12=7				
		ht: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increas	e=1.60			
Uniform Loads (plf)						
	2-6=-10, 6-10=-20, 10-′ 7. 1-2=-14. 2-6=-10. 6-1	11=-15, 12-21=-20 0=0, 10-11=5, 10-12=-21				
		Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate In	crease=1.60			
Uniform Loads (plf)	2 22 40 6 22 0 6 40	2 40 44 2 42 24 42				
		=2, 10-11=-3, 12-21=-12 -27=-21, 6-10=14, 10-11=9, 10-12=12				
13) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS \		Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate In	ncrease=1.60			
Uniform Loads (plf)	2 6-2 6 20-0 10 20-1	9, 10-11=14, 12-21=-12				
		0=21, 10-30=31, 10-11=26, 10-12=-11				
,	Wind (Pos. Internal) 3rd	Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate In	crease=1.60			
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=5.2	2-6=9, 6-10=2, 10-11=-3	3. 12-21=-12				
Horz: 2-21=5	, 1-2=-17, 2-6=-21, 6-10)=14, 10-11=9, 10-12=12				
15) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS \ Uniform Loads (plf)	Wind (Pos. Internal) 4th	Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate In	crease=1.60			
	2-6=2, 6-10=9, 10-11=5	5, 12-21=-12				
Horz: 2-21=-	12, 1-2=-9, 2-6=-14, 6-1	0=21, 10-11=17, 10-12=-5				
16) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS \ Uniform Loads (plf)	Wind (Neg. Internal) 1st	Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate In	crease=1.60			
Vert: 1-2=6, 2		15, 10-11=-11, 12-21=-20				
		-27=-13, 6-10=5, 10-11=9, 10-12=3				
Uniform Loads (plf)	wind (Neg. Internal) 2nd	Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate	ncrease=1.60			
Vert: 1-2=-11		30=2, 10-11=6, 12-21=-20				
		13, 10-30=22, 10-11=26, 10-12=-19 Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25				
Uniform Loads (plf)	Auto Giorage. Lumber	110100000-1.20, FIALE III018008=1.20				
Vert: 1-2=-20		-11=-20, 21-32=-20, 32-33=-60, 33-34=-				
19) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live Increase=1.60	e (bal.) + 0.75 Uninhab.	Attic Storage + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Left): Lumber	Increase	=1.60, Plate	
Uniform Loads (plf)						
Vert: 1-2=-46		-11=-39, 21-32=-20, 32-33=-50, 33-34=-	20, 34-35=-50, 12-35=-	20, 22-23	3=-30	
	6, 1-2=-4, 2-6=-0, 6-10= e (bal.) + 0.75 Uninhab.	=7, 10-11=11, 10-12=6 Attic Storage + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Right): Lumb	er Increas	e=1.60. Plate	
Increase=1.60	- (
Uniform Loads (plf)		11_ 46 21 22. 20 22 20 50 20 04	20 24 25 50 40 25	20 22 22	2- 30	
ven: 1-2=-39		-11=-46, 21-32=-20, 32-33=-50, 33-34=- =0, 10-11=4, 10-12=-16	20, 34-33=-50, 12-35=-	20, 22-23	p=-30	

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					153489271
PC102_MASTER	A02	COMMON	7	1	
					Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource, Apex, NC 27523					8.530 s May 26 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Aug 4 10:27:22 2022 Page 3

ID:x1XjjwWBLqE?VCReTaQN3tymvXu-YdkZ71lh5ZBQ7lGPEqDe6agzWcEwKOlvRegSuqyrFmZ

LOAD CASE(S)

- 21) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-30, 2-27=-34, 6-27=-41, 6-10=-46, 10-11=-43, 21-32=-20, 32-33=-50, 33-34=-20, 34-35=-50, 12-35=-20, 22-23=-30
 - Horz: 2-21=15, 1-2=-20, 2-27=-16, 6-27=-9, 6-10=4, 10-11=7, 10-12=2

22) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 2nd Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-43, 2-6=-46, 6-30=-41, 10-30=-34, 10-11=-30, 21-32=-20, 32-33=-50, 33-34=-20, 34-35=-50, 12-35=-20, 22-23=-30

Horz: 2-21=-2, 1-2=-7, 2-6=-4, 6-30=9, 10-30=16, 10-11=20, 10-12=-15

23) 1st Dead + Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-6=-60, 6-10=-20, 10-11=-20, 12-21=-20

24) 2nd Dead + Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-6=-20, 6-10=-60, 10-11=-60, 12-21=-20

25) 3rd Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (unbalanced) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

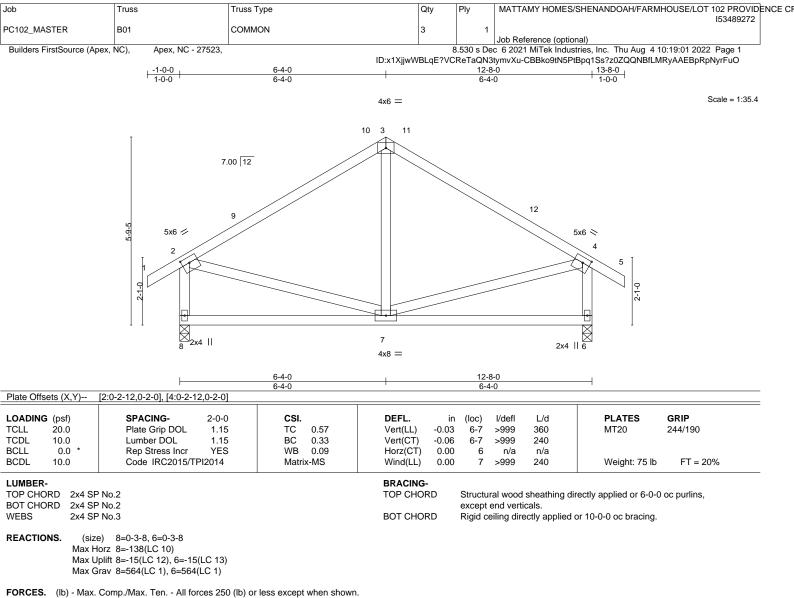
- Vert: 1-2=-50, 2-6=-50, 6-10=-20, 10-11=-20, 21-32=-20, 32-33=-50, 33-34=-20, 34-35=-50, 12-35=-20, 22-23=-30
- 26) 4th Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (unbalanced) + 0.75 Uninhab. Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-6=-20, 6-10=-50, 10-11=-50, 21-32=-20, 32-33=-50, 33-34=-20, 34-35=-50, 12-35=-20, 22-23=-30

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TOP CHORD

2-8=-508/102, 2-3=-454/66, 3-4=-454/66, 4-6=-508/103 WEBS 4-7=-4/259, 2-7=-3/258

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 6-4-0, Exterior(2) 6-4-0 to 10-6-15, Interior(1) 10-6-15 to 13-8-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

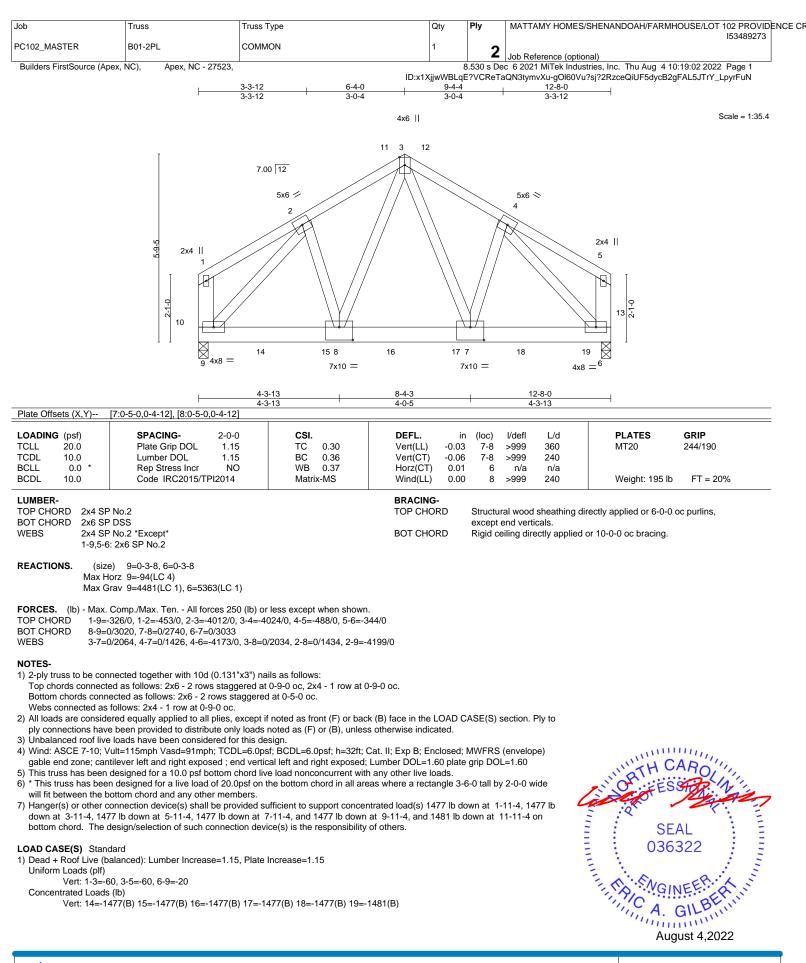
4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8, 6.



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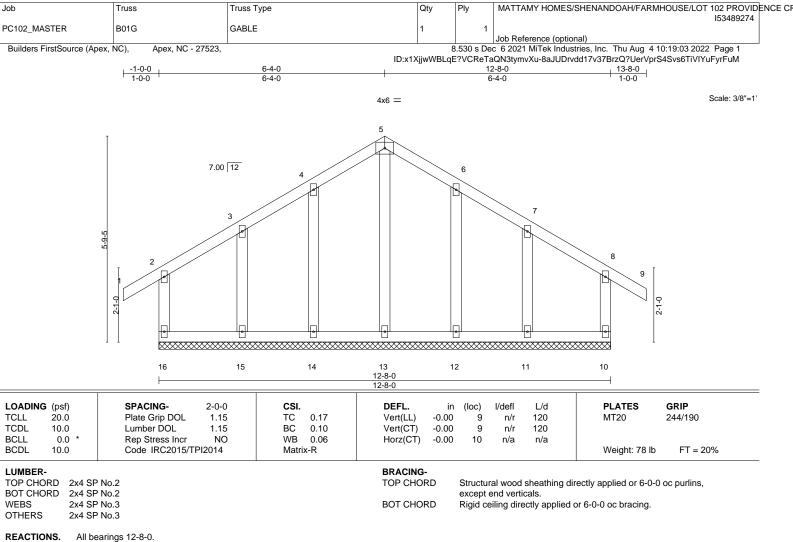




TRENCIO AMITEK Affiliate 818 Soundside Road

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(lb) -

Max Horz 16=-138(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 14, 15, 12, 11 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 13, 14, 15, 12, 11

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2) 2-0-0 to 6-4-0, Corner(3) 6-4-0 to 9-4-0, Exterior(2) 9-4-0 to 13-8-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

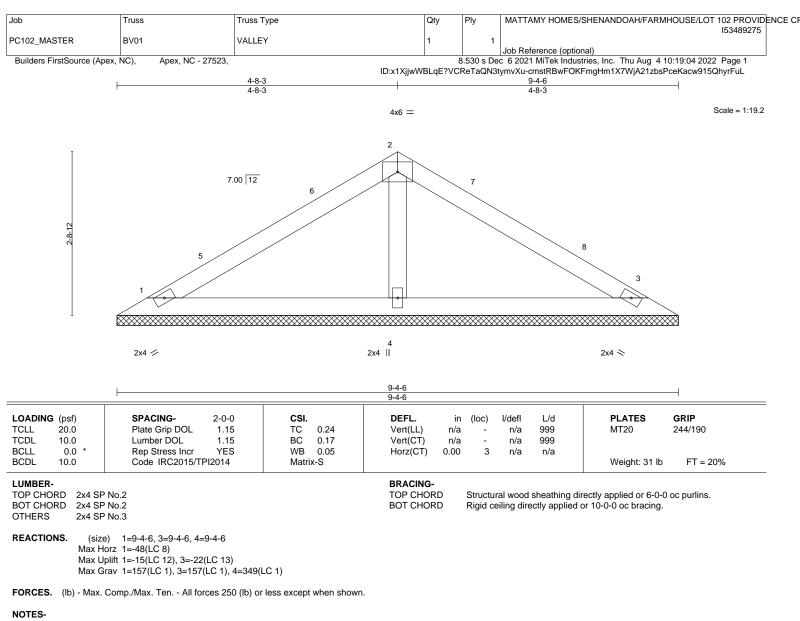
3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide 9) will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 16, 10, 14, 15, 12, 11.



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3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

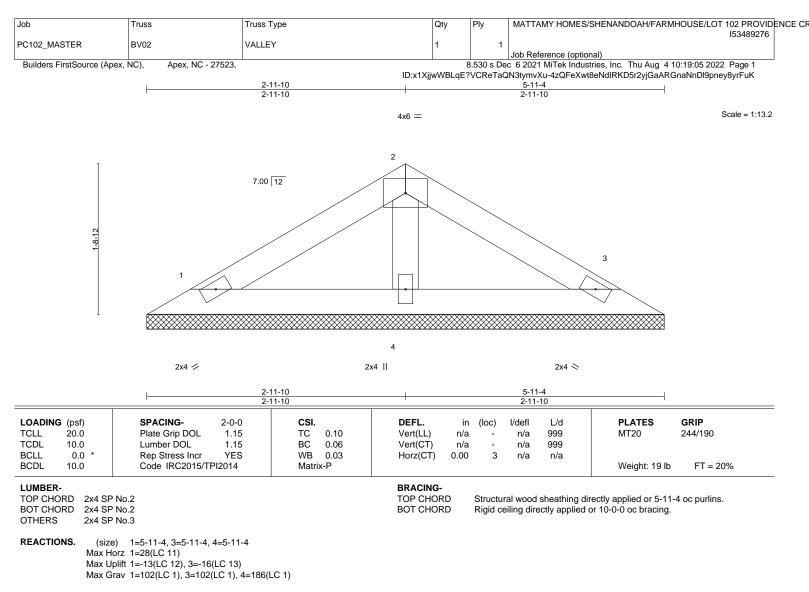
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6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



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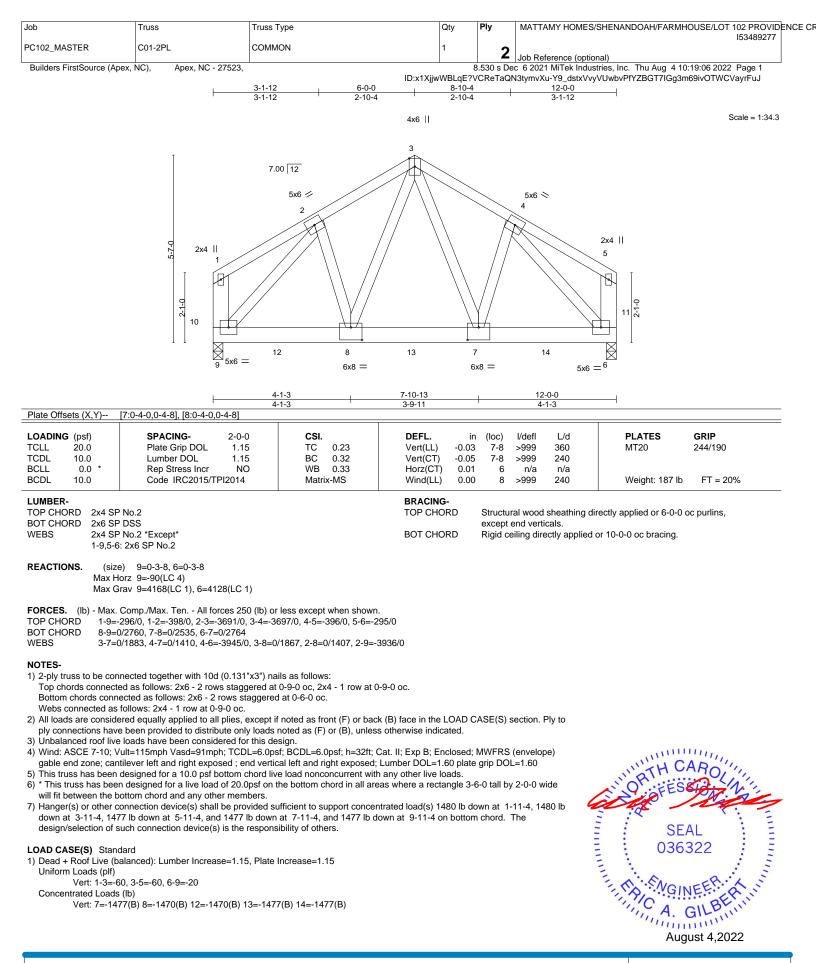
will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



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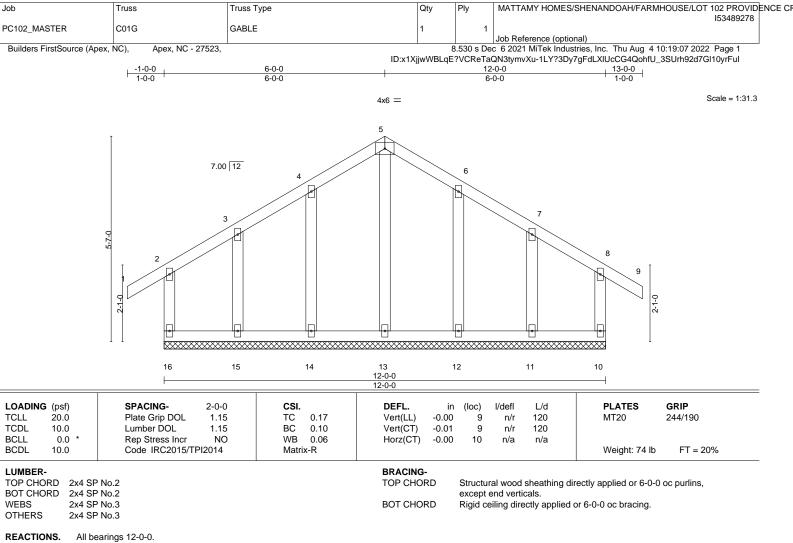






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(lb) -

Max Horz 16=134(LC 11)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 14, 15, 12, 11 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 13, 14, 15, 12, 11

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

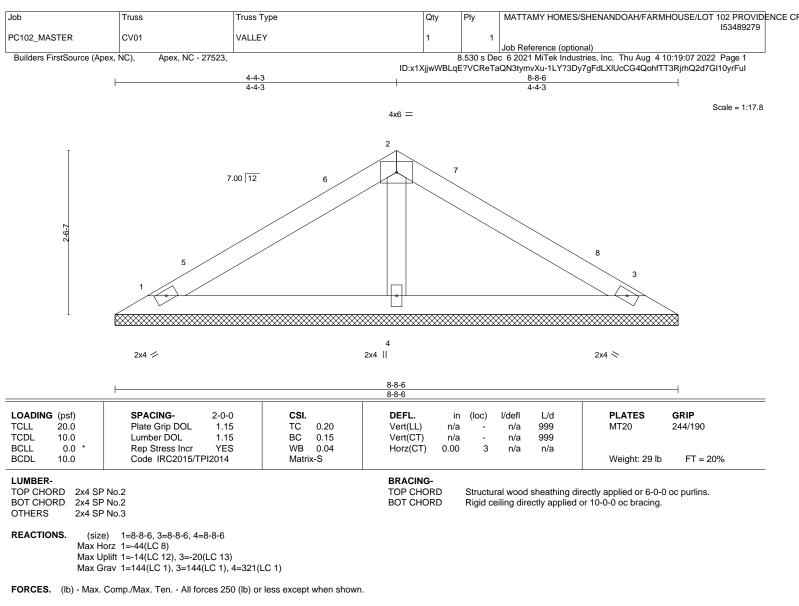
2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2) 2-0-0 to 6-0-0, Corner(3) 6-0-0 to 9-0-0, Exterior(2) 9-0-0 to 13-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide 9) will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 16, 10, 14, 15, 12, 11.



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NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

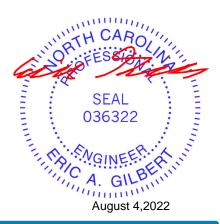
2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-6-8 to 3-6-8, Interior(1) 3-6-8 to 4-4-3, Exterior(2) 4-4-3 to 7-4-3, Interior(1) 7-4-3 to 8-1-14 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

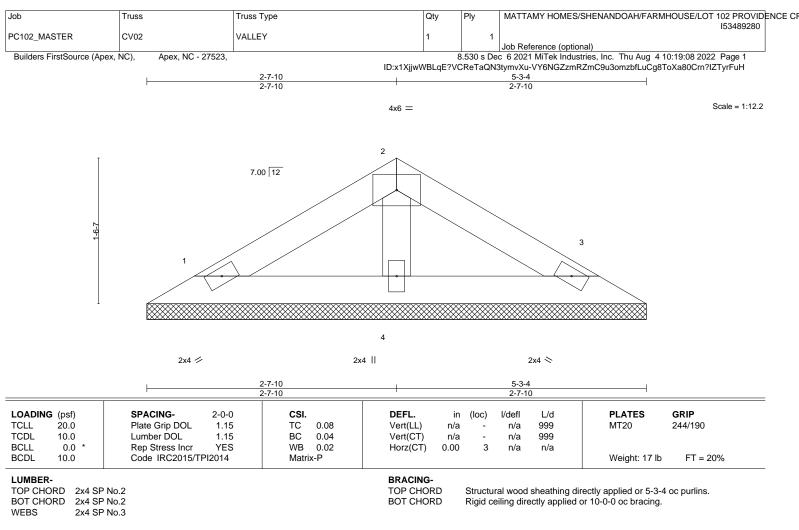
5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



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REACTIONS. (size) 1=5-3-4, 3=5-3-4, 4=5-3-4 Max Horz 1=24(LC 11) Max Uplift 1=-11(LC 12), 3=-14(LC 13) Max Grav 1=88(LC 1), 3=88(LC 1), 4=160(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide

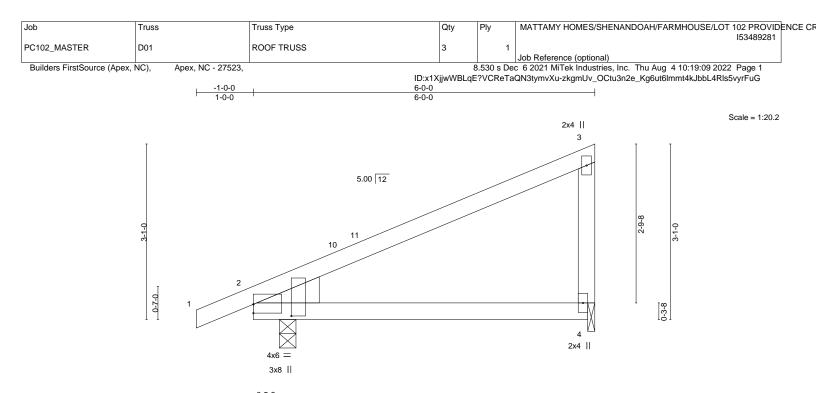
will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



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0-5-8 0-5-8 Plate Offsets (X V) [2.0-0-0 0-1-14] [2.0-2-7 0-8-0]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES GRIP	
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.40	Vert(LL) -0.03	4-9	>999 3	360	MT20 244/19	0
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.30	Vert(CT) -0.08	4-9	>888	240		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(CT) 0.01	2	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP	Wind(LL) 0.04	4-9	>999	240	Weight: 26 lb FT	= 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE Left: 2x6 SP No.2

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 4=0-1-8

Max Horz 2=93(LC 11) Max Uplift 2=-28(LC 12), 4=-26(LC 12) Max Grav 2=325(LC 1), 4=204(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 5-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

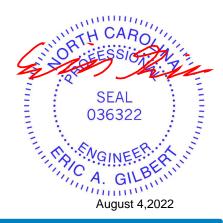
2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

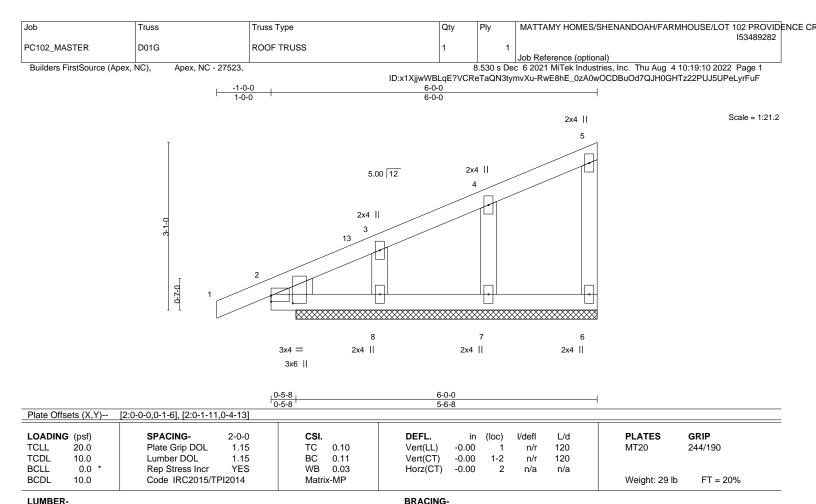
5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.



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TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

(lb) -

WEBS

OTHERS

WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3 REACTIONS.

2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3

2x4 SP No.3

All bearings 5-6-8. Max Horz 2=93(LC 11)

NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 5-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 6, 8, 7 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 6, 8, 7, 2

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6, 8, 7, 2.5) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.



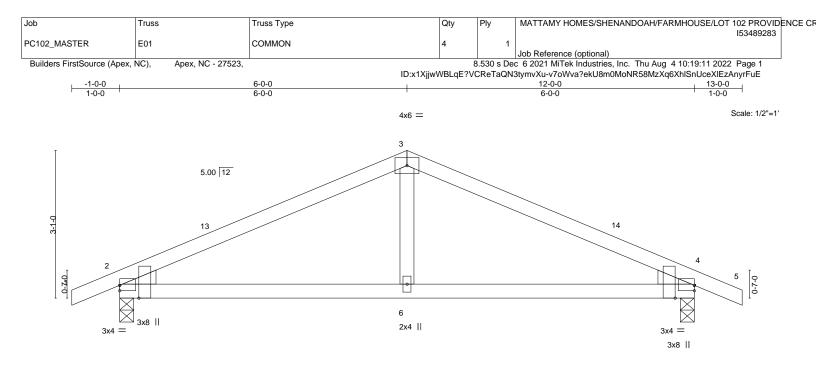
Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

except end verticals.

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	6-0-0 6-0-0			<u>12-0-0</u> 6-0-0	
Plate Offsets (X,Y) LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0 LUMBER- 100	[2:0-0-0,0-1-6], [2:0-3-3,Edge], [4:0-0-0, SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	0-1-6], [4:0-3-3,Edge] CSI. TC 0.39 BC 0.35 WB 0.10 Matrix-MS	DEFL. in Vert(LL) -0.04 Vert(CT) -0.07 Horz(CT) 0.01 Wind(LL) 0.03 BRACING-	6-12 >999 240 2 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 47 lb FT = 20%
BOT CHORD 2x4 S WEBS 2x4 S WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3 , Ri REACTIONS. (si. Max	P No.2 P No.2 P No.3 ight: 2x4 SP No.3 ze) 2=0-3-8, 4=0-3-8 Horz 2=50(LC 12) Uplift 2=-25(LC 12), 4=-25(LC 13)		TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing di Rigid ceiling directly applied	rectly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
Max TOP CHORD 2-3= BOT CHORD 2-6= WEBS 3-6= NOTES-	Grav 2=540(LC 1), 4=540(LC 1) c. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or =-686/89, 3-4=-686/85 =-5/578, 4-6=-5/578 =0/251 ve loads have been considered for this de	·			

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=32ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 6-0-0, Exterior(2) 6-0-0 to 10-2-15, Interior(1) 10-2-15 to 13-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

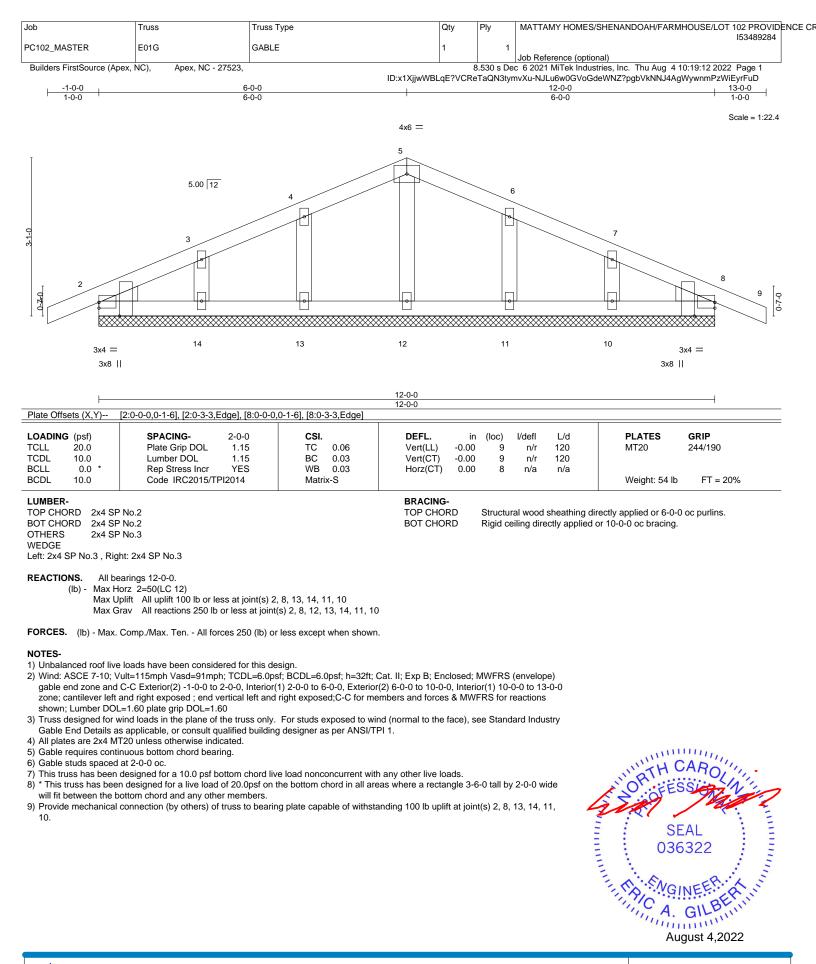
4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.



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