

Trenco

818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

RE: 1110004 OFA - H&H-NC/Topsail/

Site Information:

Project Customer: H and H Project Name: 1110004 Lot/Block: A Subdivision:

Model:

Address: All

City: Favetteville State: NC

General Truss Engineering Criteria & Design Loads (Individual Truss Design

Drawings Show Special Loading Conditions):

Design Code: IRC2009/TPI2007 Design Program: MiTek 20/20 7.6

Wind Code: ASCE 7-05 Wind Speed: 130 mph Design Method: MWFRS(low-rise)/C-C hybrid Wind ASCE 7-05

Roof Load: 40.0 psf Floor Load: N/A psf

Mean Roof Height (feet): 25 Exposure Category: C

No. 1234567891112345678901232222222233333	Seal# 130128612 130128613 130128616 130128616 130128617 130128620 130128620 130128621 130128624 130128624 130128628 130128629 130128631 130128631 130128631 130128631 130128631 130128631 130128631 130128631 130128631 130128631 130128631	Truss Name A01 A02 A03 A04 A05 A06 A07 A08 A09 A10 A11 A12 A13 A14 B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 C01 C02 C03 CP01 CP02 J01 J02 J03 J04 J05 J06 J07 J08	e Date 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17	No. 35 36 37 38 39	Seal# 30128646 30128647 30128648 30128650	Truss Name J11 J12 V01 V02 V03	e Date 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17
32 33 34	130128643 130128644 130128645	J08 J09 J10	6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17				

The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by MiTek USA, Inc. under my direct supervision based on the parameters

MiTek USA, Inc. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Builders FirstSource-Sumter,SC.

Truss Design Engineer's Name: Komnick, Chad

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2017.

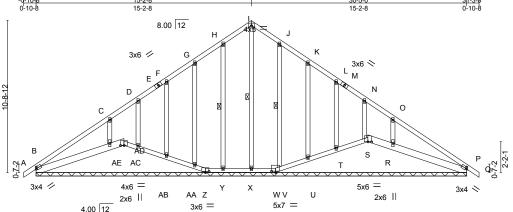
IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



June 12,2017



Builders FirstSource, Sumter, SC 29153 7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:21 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-VrSRpEaVNOuGBGI0vBOyxTlZJa_4iSyzT3DeV7z70YK -0-10-8 0-10-8 15-2-8 30-5-0



			6-2-8	5-9-0		4-11-8	6-6-4	1	1	6-11-12	1		
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [B:0-1-0,0-1-8], [P:0-1-0,0-1-8], [S:0-3-0,0-0-0], [W:0-3-8,0-1-3], [Z:0-3-0,0-1-0], [AD:0-3-0,0-0-0]													
LOADIN	IG (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.38	Vert(LL)	0.01	Q	n/r	120	MT20	244/190	
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.21	Vert(TL	0.02	Q	n/r	120			
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.25	Horz(TL	0.02	Р	n/a	n/a			
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/	TPI2007	(Matı	rix)						Weight: 209	9 lb FT = 20%	

LUMBER-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD**

2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

B-AD,P-S: 2x6 SP No.2

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 **BRACING-**

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:

6-0-0 oc bracing: AD-AE,R-S.

WEBS I-X, H-Y, J-V 1 Row at midpt

REACTIONS. All bearings 30-5-0

Max Horz B=-687(LC 6)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) S, AC except B=-311(LC 6), AD=-104(LC 3), Z=-144(LC 9), W=-153(LC 9), P=-182(LC 9), Y=-192(LC 8), AA=-210(LC 8), AB=-232(LC 8), AE=-591(LC 8), V=-177(LC 9), U=-208(LC 9), T=-243(LC 9), R=-568(LC 9)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) Z, W, P, Y, AA, AB, AC, V, U, T except B=277(LC 7), AD=289(LC 9), S=259(LC 9), X=471(LC 9), AE=473(LC 1), R=427(LC 14)

11-11-8

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-563/412, C-D=-316/351, D-E=-272/348, E-F=-262/356, F-G=-169/364, G-H=-78/466,

H-I=-55/547, I-J=-55/546, J-K=-51/428, K-L=-54/293, O-P=-330/170

BOT CHORD B-AE=-152/466, AD-AE=-125/463, AC-AD=-134/467, AB-AC=-136/470, AA-AB=-136/470,

Z-AA=-133/470, Y-Z=-125/442, X-Y=-125/442, W-X=-125/442, V-W=-130/472, U-V=-136/470, T-U=-136/470, S-T=-138/473, R-S=-143/481, P-R=-136/469

WEBS I-X=-447/0, F-AB=-137/258, C-AE=-277/553, L-T=-137/260, O-R=-277/551

6-2-8

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) S, AC except (jt=lb) B=311, AD=104, Z=144, W=153, P=182, Y=192, AA=210, AB=232, AE=591, V=177, U=208, T=243, R=568.
- 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) AD, S, AA, AB, AC, AE, V, U, T, R.
- 12) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 13) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



Scale = 1:81.4

⚠ WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Edenton, NC 27932



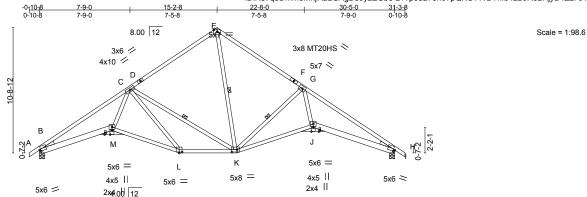
7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:22 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-z1?p0aa78h07pQKCTvvBThlb1zBJRoz7ijyB1Zz70YJ

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

C-K. E-K. G-K

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt



6-2-8	11-11-8	16-11-0	23-5-4	30-5-0
6-2-8	5-9-0	4-11-8	6-6-4	6-11-12

_Plate O	<u> </u>	<u>[B:U-1-5,U-1-8], [H:U-1-5,U-1-8], [J:U-4</u>	<u>:0,Eagej, [K:0-5-8,0-2-8],</u>	[L:U-3-U,U-1-U], [M:U-4-U,Eage]	
LOADIN	NG (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.96	Vert(LL) -0.19 J-K >999 360	MT20 244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.78	Vert(TL) -0.53 J-K >684 240	MT20HS 187/143
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.64	Horz(TL) 0.35 H n/a n/a	
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL) 0.32 J-K >999 240	Weight: 188 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

B-M,H-J: 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=1269/0-5-8, H=1269/0-5-8

Max Horz B=-669(LC 6)

Max Uplift B=-906(LC 8), H=-906(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-3006/1985, C-D=-1154/1006, D-E=-1027/1051, E-F=-1181/1197, F-G=-1304/1153,

G-H=-3016/1990

B-M=-1741/2508, L-M=-1360/1914, K-L=-893/1418, J-K=-1265/2146, H-J=-1458/2517 BOT CHORD C-M=-949/1517, C-L=-621/622, C-K=-674/727, E-K=-733/789, G-K=-1441/1237, **WEBS**

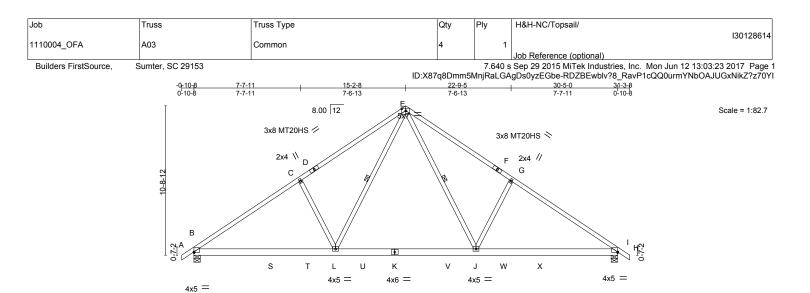
G-J=-776/1554

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) B, H considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=906,
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.







			10-1-1	15		10-1-1			1	0-1-15			
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [B:0-0-0,0-0-7], [H:Edge,0-0-7]													
LOADIN	IG (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.91	Vert(LL)	-0.14	J-L	>999	360	MT20	244/190	
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.54	Vert(TL)	-0.26	J-L	>999	240	MT20HS	187/143	
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.43	Horz(TL)	0.04	Н	n/a	n/a			
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/T	PI2007	(Matr	ix-S)	Wind(LL)	0.14	L-O	>999	240	Weight: 179 lb	FT = 20%	

20-3-1

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied.

WEBS 1 Row at midpt E-J. E-L

30-5-0

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=1269/0-5-8, H=1269/0-5-8

Max Horz B=669(LC 7)

Max Uplift B=-907(LC 8), H=-907(LC 9) Max Grav B=1280(LC 2), H=1280(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-1808/1295, C-D=-1650/1391, D-E=-1539/1437, E-F=-1539/1437, F-G=-1650/1391, G-H=-1808/1295 **BOT CHORD** B-S=-960/1428, S-T=-960/1428, L-T=-960/1428, L-U=-331/952, K-U=-331/952, K-V=-331/952, J-V=-331/952, J-W=-814/1428, W-X=-814/1428, H-X=-814/1428

10-1-15

E-J=-659/764, G-J=-416/768, E-L=-658/764, C-L=-416/768

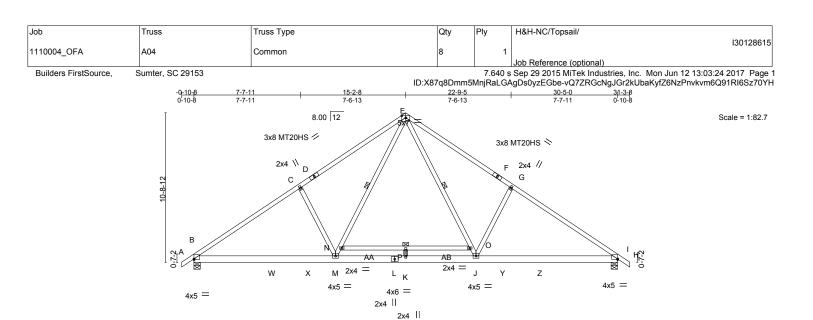
WEBS

NOTES-(9)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=907,
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.







10-1-15	15-2-8	20-3-1	30-5-0	_
 10-1-15	5-0-9	5-0-9	10-1-15	_

Plate Offsets (X,Y) [B:0-0-0,0-0-7], [H:Edge,0-0-7]							
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP			
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.77	Vert(LL) -0.18 K >999 360	MT20 244/190			
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.66	Vert(TL) -0.29 K >999 240	MT20HS 187/143			
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.41	Horz(TL) 0.04 H n/a n/a				
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL) 0.14 M-S >999 240	Weight: 193 lb FT = 20%			

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

E-J. E-M. N-O

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

A-D,F-I: 2x4 SP No.1

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

N-O: 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=1269/0-5-8, H=1269/0-5-8

Max Horz B=-669(LC 6)

Max UpliftB=-907(LC 8), H=-907(LC 9) Max Grav B=1270(LC 2), H=1270(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-1786/1297, C-D=-1628/1394, D-E=-1516/1440, E-F=-1516/1440, F-G=-1628/1394,

G-H=-1786/1297

BOT CHORD B-W=-963/1410, W-X=-963/1410, M-X=-963/1410, L-M=-384/1020, K-L=-384/1020,

J-K=-384/1020, J-Y=-817/1410, Y-Z=-817/1410, H-Z=-817/1410

WEBS E-O=-663/753, J-O=-641/702, G-J=-418/772, M-N=-642/702, E-N=-663/753, C-M=-418/772

NOTES- (9)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=907, H=907.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

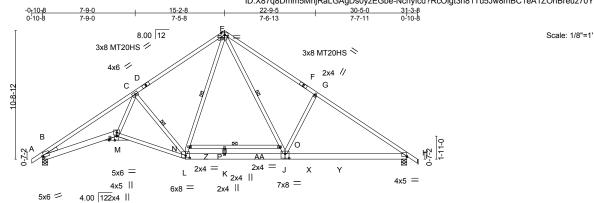
 Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: A-E=-60, E-I=-60, Q-T=-20



RENCO
A MITOR Affiliate





30-5-0

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

C-L, E-L, E-J, N-O

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt

	6-2-8	5-9-0	3-3-0 5-0-9	10-1-15	<u>'</u>			
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [B:0-1-5,0-1-8], [H:0-0-0,0-0-7], [J:0-4-0,0-4-8], [L:0-4-0,0-2-6], [M:0-4-0,Edge]								
			1				=	
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in	(loc) I/defl	L/d	PLATES GRIP		
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.80	Vert(LL) -0.14	K >999	360	MT20 244/190		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.85	Vert(TL) -0.36	L-M >999	240	MT20HS 187/143		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.62	Horz(TL) 0.17	H n/a	n/a			
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL) 0.24	L-M >999	240	Weight: 198 lb FT = 20%		

20-3-1

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

т 15-2-8 г

11-11-8

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

A-D,F-I: 2x4 SP No.1

2x6 SP No.2 *Except* BOT CHORD L-M,M-Q: 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

N-O: 2x4 SP No.2

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=1269/0-5-8, H=1269/0-5-8

Max Horz B=-669(LC 6)

Max Uplift B=-906(LC 8), H=-906(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD B-C=-2998/1977, C-D=-1397/1250, D-E=-1271/1294, E-F=-1452/1442, F-G=-1563/1396,

G-H=-1750/1300

BOT CHORD B-M=-1731/2501, L-M=-1336/1884, K-L=-373/959, J-K=-372/959, J-X=-819/1365,

X-Y=-819/1365, H-Y=-819/1365

C-M=-946/1506, C-L=-1180/1261, L-N=-519/540, E-N=-529/579, E-O=-670/737,

J-O=-651/690, G-J=-417/773

NOTES-

WEBS

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) B considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=906,
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Continued on page 2





Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004 OFA	A05	Roof Special	8	1	130128616
_					Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource,

Sumter, SC 29153

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LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: A-E=-60, E-I=-60, M-R=-20, L-M=-20, L-U=-20

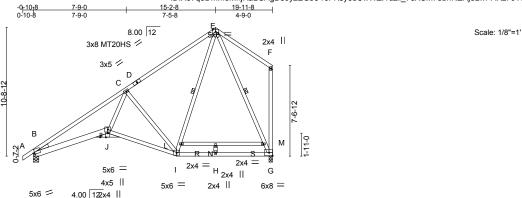
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004 OFA	A06	ROOF SPECIAL	8	1	130128617
	/ 100	1.00. 0. 202			Job Reference (optional)

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:26 2017 Page 1 $ID: X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YFNRSM7bbnNZRjdL$

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-8-0 oc purlins, except

E-I. E-G

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 5-1-9 oc bracing.



end verticals.

1 Row at midpt

ı	6-2-8	11-11-8	15-2-8	19-11-8	ı
- 1	6-2-8	5-9-0	3-3-0	4-9-0	1

Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[B:0-1-5,0-1-8], [J:0-4-0,Edge]			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0	SPACING- 2-0-12 Plate Grip DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.63	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d Vert(LL) -0.21 G-H >999 360	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO	BC 0.62 WB 0.87	Vert(TL) -0.35 G-H >679 240 Horz(TL) -0.09 G n/a n/a	MT20HS 187/143
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-M)	Wind(LL) 0.13 J >999 240	Weight: 148 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 *Except*

E-F: 2x4 SP No.2, A-D: 2x4 SP SS

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

B-J: 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* F-G,L-M: 2x4 SP No.2

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=873/0-5-8, G=816/0-3-8

Max Horz B=790(LC 8)

Max Uplift B=-568(LC 8), G=-691(LC 8) Max Grav B=873(LC 1), G=827(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

B-C=-1817/1416, C-D=-683/547, D-E=-540/593 TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD B-J=-1748/1487, I-J=-1333/1090, H-I=-296/320, G-H=-296/320 **WEBS**

C-J=-982/963, C-I=-934/1333, I-L=-581/549, E-L=-575/650, E-M=-664/650,

G-M=-700/654

NOTES-(10)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) B considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=568, G=691
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: A-E=-62, E-F=-62, J-O=-21, I-J=-21, G-I=-21



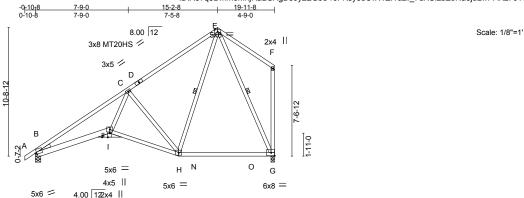
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004_OFA	A07	Roof Special	8	1	130128618
			-		Job Reference (optional)

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:26 2017 Page 1 $ID: X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz7\tilde{0}YFALGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz70YFACAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz70YFACAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz70YFACAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz70YFACAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz70YFACAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPACAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPACAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPACAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdWe-roFWsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdWe-roFWsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdWe-roFWsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdWe-roFWsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdWe-roFWsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdWe-roFWsyedCwWZI1dzil_$

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt



6-2-8	11-11-8	19-11-8	ı
6-2-8	5-9-0	8-0-0	1

Plate Offse	ets (X,Y) [<u>B:0-1-5,0-1-8], [I:0-4-0,Ec</u>	dge]									
LOADING	· ·		2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	()	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.90	Vert(LL)	-0.22	G-H	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.73	Vert(TL)	-0.42	G-H	>562	240	MT20HS	187/143
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.83	Horz(TL)	-0.09	G	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TP	12007	(Matr	ix-S)	Wind(LL)	0.14	H-I	>999	240	Weight: 137 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

B-I: 2x6 SP No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

F-G: 2x4 SP No.2

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=846/0-5-8, G=791/0-3-8

Max Horz B=766(LC 8)

Max Uplift B=-551(LC 8), G=-670(LC 8) Max Grav B=846(LC 1), G=805(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

B-C=-1752/1360, C-D=-664/524, D-E=-530/568 TOP CHORD

B-I=-1682/1431, H-I=-1282/1049, H-N=-263/276, N-O=-263/276, G-O=-263/276 BOT CHORD

WEBS C-I=-946/922, C-H=-890/1274, E-H=-542/587, E-G=-651/651

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) B considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=551,
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.





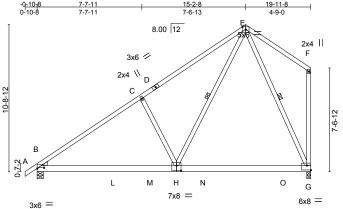
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/	
1110004 OFA	A08	Common	23	1	I301286 ²	19
	1.00				Job Reference (optional)	

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

E-H. E-G

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt



L	10-1-15	19-11-8
	10-1-15	9-9-9

Plate Off	fsets (X,Y)	[B:0-6-0,0-0-9], [G:Edge,0-4-0], [H:	0-4-0,0-4-8]		_
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d PLATES GRIP	
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.85	Vert(LL) -0.12 G-H >999 360 MT20 244/190	
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.51	Vert(TL) -0.21 G-H >999 240	
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.44	Horz(TL) -0.02 G n/a n/a	
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL) 0.13 H-K >999 240 Weight: 136 lb FT = 20%	

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *E

2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

F-G: 2x4 SP No.2

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) G=791/0-3-8, B=846/0-5-8

Max Horz B=766(LC 8)

Max Uplift G=-665(LC 8), B=-556(LC 8) Max Grav G=852(LC 2), B=846(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-1037/574, C-D=-881/673, D-E=-764/719

BOT CHORD B-L=-910/790, L-M=-910/790, H-M=-910/790, H-N=-268/282, N-O=-268/282, G-O=-268/282

WEBS C-H=-422/783, E-H=-673/812, E-G=-653/655

NOTES- (8)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOI = 1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) G=665, B=556.
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

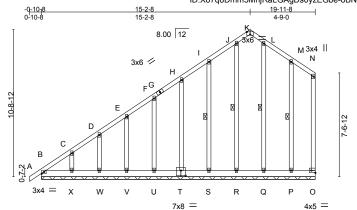




Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004 OFA	A09	GABLE	3	1	130128620
					Job Reference (optional)

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Scale = 1:84.0



19-11-8 19-11-8

Plate Of	fsets (X,Y)	[K:0-3-0,Edge], [O:Edge,	0-2-0], [T:0-4	-0,0-4-8]									
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.74	Vert(LL)	-0.00	À	n/r	120	MT20	244/190	
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.19	Vert(TL)	-0.00	Α	n/r	120			
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.15	Horz(TL)	0.00	0	n/a	n/a			
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TI	PI2007	(Matr	ix)						Weight: 176 lb	FT = 20%	

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.2 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing. WEBS 1 Row at midpt J-R, I-S, L-Q, M-P

REACTIONS. All bearings 19-11-8.

(lb) - Max Horz B=942(LC 7)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) except O=-120(LC 9), B=-327(LC 6), R=-230(LC 7), S=-259(LC 8), T=-195(LC 8), U=-205(LC 8), V=-203(LC 8), W=-200(LC 8), X=-257(LC 8), Q=-105(LC 7), P=-318(LC 9) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) O, S, T, U, V, W, X, Q, P except B=482(LC 7), R=339(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-907/556, C-D=-768/519, D-E=-676/507, E-F=-583/496, F-G=-490/472, G-H=-483/484,

H-I=-394/466, I-J=-313/535, J-K=-155/428, K-L=-139/431, L-M=-208/526,

M-N=-216/424, N-O=-171/350

BOT CHORD B-X=-160/283, W-X=-160/283, V-W=-160/283, U-V=-160/283, T-U=-160/283, S-T=-162/281,

R-S=-162/281, Q-R=-162/281, P-Q=-162/281, O-P=-162/281

WEBS J-R=-324/261, I-S=-122/298, C-X=-127/285, M-P=-118/298

NOTES- (12)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 120 lb uplift at joint O, 327 lb uplift at joint B, 230 lb uplift at joint R, 259 lb uplift at joint S, 195 lb uplift at joint T, 205 lb uplift at joint U, 203 lb uplift at joint V, 200 lb uplift at joint W, 257 lb uplift at joint X, 105 lb uplift at joint Q and 318 lb uplift at joint P.
- 11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 12) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Edenton, NC 27932



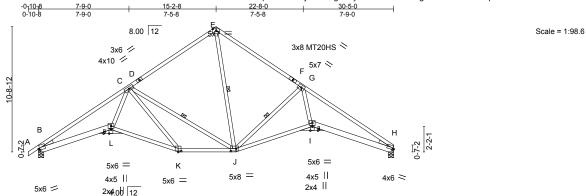
7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:29 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-GNwSUzgWVru89VMYNtXqF94nDoaxazf9JI93nfz70YC 22-8-0 30-5-0

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

C-J. E-J. G-J

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt



6-2-8	11-11-8	16-11-0	23-5-4	30-5-0
6-2-8	5-9-0	4-11-8	6-6-4	6-11-12

Plate Of	Plate Offsets (X,Y) [B:0-1-5,0-1-8], [H:0-1-5,0-1-0], [I:0-4-0,Edge], [J:0-5-8,0-2-8], [K:0-3-0,0-1-0], [L:0-4-0,Edge]											
LOADIN	IG (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.96	Vert(LL)	-0.18	l-J	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.78	Vert(TL)	-0.53	I-J	>686	240	MT20HS	187/143
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.65	Horz(TL)	0.35	Н	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TP	PI2007	(Matr	ix-S)	Wind(LL)	0.32	I-J	>999	240	Weight: 187 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* B-L,H-I: 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

WEBS WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=1270/0-5-8, H=1216/0-5-8

Max Horz B=689(LC 7)

Max Uplift B=-906(LC 8), H=-808(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-3008/2031, C-D=-1155/1008, D-E=-1029/1053, E-F=-1182/1200, F-G=-1306/1156,

G-H=-3024/2038

BOT CHORD B-L=-1794/2510, K-L=-1401/1915, J-K=-922/1419, I-J=-1337/2152, H-I=-1543/2525 WEBS C-L=-979/1518, C-K=-621/638, C-J=-674/727, E-J=-736/790, G-J=-1447/1272,

G-I=-827/1561

NOTES- (10)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) B, H considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 906 lb uplift at joint B and 808 lb uplift at joint H.
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



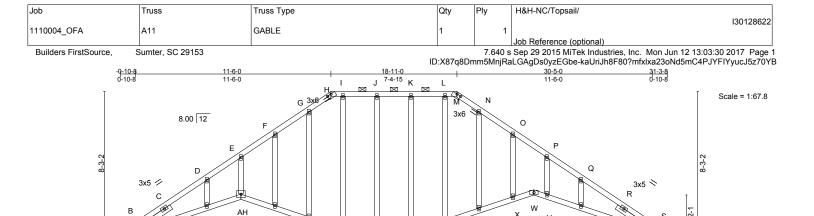
ERENCO

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



AB AA 3x6 =

		6-2-8		11-11-8	1	6-11-0	23	-5-4		3	0-5-0	
		6-2-8	<u>'</u>	5-9-0	<u> </u>	4-11-8	6-	6-4		6-	11-12	
Plate Of	fsets (X.Y)	[B:0-1-3,0-3-0], [H:0-3-0,	0-0-21, [M:0-3	3-0.0-0-21. [S:	0-1-3.0-3-0	I. [AA:0-3-0.0-1-0	. [AE:0-3	3-0.0-1-	-01			
						1			•			
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.33	Vert(LL)	0.00	Т	n/r	120	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.13	Vert(TL)	0.01	Т	n/r	120		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.18	Horz(TL)	0.02	S	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/T	PI2007	(Matri	x)						Weight: 198 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-**BRACING-**

ΑI

4.00 12

AG 5x6 =

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): H-M.

U

3x5 ||

3x6 =

2x4 SP No.3 **BOT CHORD OTHERS** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.2 2-5-14, Right 2x4 SP No.2 2-5-14

AD ΑE

5x6 =

AC

REACTIONS. All bearings 30-5-0

(lb) - Max Horz B=-531(LC 6)

3x5 ||

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) AE, AA, W, Z, Y except B=-276(LC 6), AH=-123(LC 7), S=-223(LC 9),

AC=-183(LC 6), AD=-119(LC 7), AF=-101(LC 7), AG=-252(LC 8), AI=-443(LC 8), AB=-179(LC 6), X=-259(LC 9),

V=-106(LC 9), U=-431(LC 9)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) B, AH, AE, AA, W, S, AC, AD, AF, AG, AB, Z, Y, X, V except AI=304(LC 13), U=307(LC 14)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

B-C=-407/352, C-D=-391/366, D-E=-190/299, E-F=-137/349, F-G=-119/469, G-H=-109/509, TOP CHORD

H-I=-69/486, I-J=-69/486, J-K=-69/486, K-L=-69/486, L-M=-69/486, M-N=-109/509,

N-O=-120/453, O-P=-112/294

BOT CHORD B-AI=-136/279, AH-AI=-128/277, AG-AH=-128/278, AF-AG=-128/278, AE-AF=-127/278,

AD-AE=-118/260, AC-AD=-118/260, AB-AC=-118/260, AA-AB=-118/260, Z-AA=-125/278, Y-Z=-128/278, X-Y=-128/278, W-X=-127/275, V-W=-123/273, U-V=-132/279, S-U=-128/276

F-AG=-133/277, D-AI=-217/463, O-X=-133/282, Q-U=-217/451

NOTES-(15)

WEBS

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated
- 7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) AE, AA, W, Z, Y except (jt=lb) B=276, AH=123, S=223, AC=183, AD=119, AF=101, AG=252, AI=443, AB=179, X=259, V=106, U=431.
- 12) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) AH, W, AF, AG, AI, Z, Y, X, V, U.
- 13) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 15) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.







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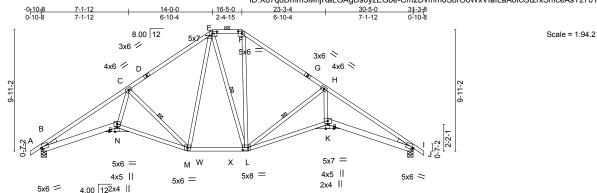
Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except

C-M, E-L, H-L

2-0-0 oc purlins (5-5-8 max.): E-F.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt



		L	0-2-0	11-11-0	10-11-0	23-3-4		31	J-:J-U		
		Г	6-2-8	5-9-0	4-11-8	6-6-4	- '	6-1	11-12	1	
Plate Of	ffsets (X,Y)	[B:0-1-5,0-1-8], [E:0-4-8	3,0-1-12], [F:0-3	3-12,0-2-0], [I:0-1-5,0-1-	-8], [K:0-4-0,Edge], [L:0-5-4,	0-2-8]	, [N:0-4-0),Edge]		
LOADIN	IG (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC 0.86	Vert(LL)	-0.20	K-L	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC 0.82	Vert(TL)	-0.56	K-L	>655	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.79	Horz(TL)	0.38	- 1	n/a	n/a		
BCDI.	10.0	Code IRC2009/	TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL)	0.33	K-I	>999	240	Weight: 100 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* B-N,I-K: 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=1269/0-5-8, I=1269/0-5-8

Max Horz B=-618(LC 6)

Max Uplift B=-896(LC 8), I=-896(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-3019/2035, C-D=-1390/1222, D-E=-1270/1264, E-F=-972/1117, F-G=-1196/1181,

G-H=-1313/1139. H-I=-3036/2059

BOT CHORD B-N=-1712/2524, M-N=-1440/2088, M-W=-380/965, W-X=-380/965, L-X=-380/965, K-L=-1490/2464, I-K=-1532/2542

WEBS C-N=-921/1517, C-M=-1328/1301, E-M=-441/436, E-L=-399/420, F-L=-361/402,

H-L=-1701/1377, H-K=-833/1611

(11)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) B, I considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=896,
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



⚠ WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

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ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



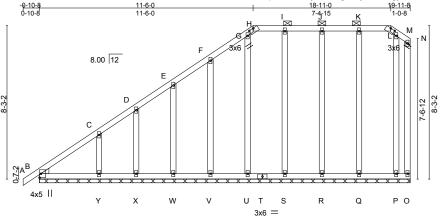


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Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): H-L.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.



Scale = 1:62.0

ı	19-11-8	
	19-11-8	1

Plate Of	Plate Offsets (X,Y) [H:0-3-0,0-0-2], [L:0-3-0,0-0-2]								
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0		DEFL. in	()	l/defl	L/d	PLATES GRIP	
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.14	Vert(LL) -0.00	Α	n/r	120	MT20 244/190	
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.07	Vert(TL) 0.00	Α	n/r	120		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.16	Horz(TL) -0.00	0	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)					Weight: 158 lb FT = 20%	

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **WEBS**

2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. All bearings 19-11-8. (lb) - Max Horz B=692(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) O, B, P except R=-158(LC 6), S=-160(LC 7), U=-134(LC 7),

V=-212(LC 8), W=-211(LC 8), X=-162(LC 8), Y=-365(LC 8), Q=-162(LC 7)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) O, B, R, S, U, V, W, X, Y, Q, P

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD B-C=-699/124, C-D=-454/89, D-E=-336/83

WEBS C-Y=-177/382

NOTES- (14)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) O, B, P except (jt=lb) R=158, S=160, U=134, V=212, W=211, X=162, Y=365, Q=162.
- 12) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 14) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



 Job
 Truss
 Truss Type
 Qty
 Ply
 H&H-NC/Topsail/

 11110004_OFA
 A14
 Hip
 1
 1
 1
 Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource, Sumter, SC 29153

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:33 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-89AzKLj0Y3OZd6gKcjcmQ?FWcP0GWsykEw7GwQz70Y8

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals, and

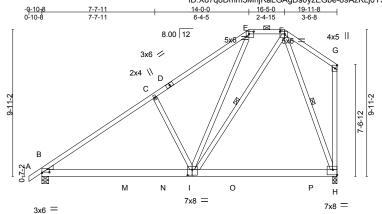
F-I, F-H

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): E-F.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt

Scale = 1:77.9



10-1-15 | 19-11-8 10-1-15 | 9-9-9

Plate Of	fsets (X,Y)	-4], [I:0-3-12,0-4-8]			
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d PLATES GRIP	
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.74	Vert(LL) -0.11 H-I >999 360 MT20 244/190	
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.50	Vert(TL) -0.19 H-I >999 240	
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.37	Horz(TL) -0.02 H n/a n/a	
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL) 0.13 I-L >999 240 Weight: 148 lb FT = 20%	

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

VEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* G-H: 2x4 SP No.2

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=846/0-5-8, H=791/0-3-8

Max Horz B=889(LC 7)

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Max UpliftB=-616(LC 8), H=-573(LC 8)} \\ \mbox{Max Grav B=846(LC 1), H=846(LC 2)} \end{array}$

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-1017/752, C-D=-857/842, D-E=-754/882, E-F=-544/815, F-G=-227/485,

G-H=-180/425

BOT CHORD B-M=-1056/770, M-N=-1056/770, I-N=-1056/770, I-O=-432/297, O-P=-432/297,

H-P=-432/297

WEBS C-I=-387/720, E-I=-144/260, F-I=-583/599, F-H=-646/800

NOTES- (10)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=616, H=573.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

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ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





10-0-8

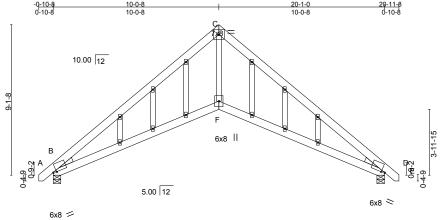
Builders FirstSource, Sumter, SC 29153

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:33 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-89AzKLj0Y3OZd6gKcjcmQ?FXCPz_WrxkEw7GwQz70Y8 20-1-0

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

Scale = 1:69.8



10-0-8	20-1-0
10-0-8	10-0-8

Plate Of	ffsets (X,Y)	[B:0-2-6,0-0-7], [D:0-2-6,0-0-7]	10-0-6	10-0-8	
LOADIN	\	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.70	Vert(LL) -0.07 F-X >999 360	MT20 244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.65	Vert(TL) -0.20 F-X >999 240	
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.44	Horz(TL) 0.12 D n/a n/a	
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL) 0.21 F-U >999 240	Weight: 151 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3

OTHERS WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=848/0-5-8, D=848/0-5-8

Max Horz B=554(LC 7)

Max Uplift B=-597(LC 8), D=-597(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-1471/735, C-D=-1471/826 BOT CHORD

B-F=-415/1118, D-F=-404/1118

WFBS C-F=-287/1055

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) B, D considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface. 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=597,
- D=597. 11) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum
- sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord. 12) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



June 12,2017

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

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ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

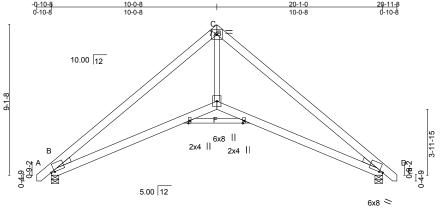


7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:34 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-cLkLYhkfJNWQFGFWAQ7?yDoiypJDFIAuSasqStz70Y7 20:1-0 20:11:8

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

Scale = 1:69.8



10-0-8 20-1-0 10-0-8 10-0-8

Plate Of	fsets (X,Y)	[B:0-2-6,0-0-7], [D:0-2-6,0-0-7]	10 0 0		
LOADIN TCLL	IG (psf) 20.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.70	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d Vert(LL) -0.07 F-N >999 360	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
TCDL BCLL	10.0 0.0 *	Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	BC 0.65 WB 0.44	Vert(TL) -0.20 F-N >999 240 Horz(TL) 0.12 D n/a n/a	W1120 2 14 /130
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL) 0.21 F-K >999 240	Weight: 134 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

G-H: 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=848/0-5-8, D=848/0-5-8

Max Horz B=554(LC 7)

Max Holiff B=-597(LC 8), D=-597(LC 9)

Max Uplift B=-597(LC 8), D=-597(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-1471/735, C-D=-1471/826 BOT CHORD B-F=-415/1118, D-F=-404/1118

WEBS C-F=-287/1055

NOTES- (9)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6x8 =

- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Bearing at joint(s) B, D considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=597, D=597.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



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 Job
 Truss
 Truss Type
 Qty
 Ply
 H&H-NC/Topsail/

 11110004_OFA
 B03
 SCISSORS
 24
 1

 Job Reference (optional)

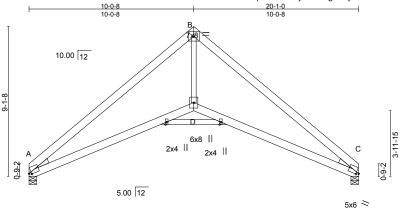
Builders FirstSource, Sumter, SC 29153

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:35 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm8MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-5XIkl1kH4hfHtQpik8eEVQKsbDfa_IN1hEcN?Jz70Y6

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

Scale = 1:70.2



| 10-0-8 | 20-1-0 | | 10-0-8 | 10-0-8

Plate Offsets (X,Y) [A:0-1-12,0-1-1], [C:0-1-12,0-1-1]				18 5 5	
LOADING TCLL	G (psf) 20.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.71	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d Vert(LL) -0.07 D-L >999 360	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
TCDL BCLL	10.0 0.0 *	Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	BC 0.64 WB 0.44	Vert(TL) -0.20 D-L >999 240 Horz(TL) 0.12 C n/a n/a	20
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL) 0.21 D-I >999 240	Weight: 129 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

E-F: 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) A=803/0-5-8, C=803/0-5-8

Max Horz A=-548(LC 6)

Max Uplift A=-515(LC 8), C=-515(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

5x6 =

TOP CHORD A-B=-1477/790, B-C=-1477/865 BOT CHORD A-D=-480/1123, C-D=-468/1123

WEBS B-D=-336/1060

NOTES- (9)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Bearing at joint(s) A, C considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) A=515, C=515.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



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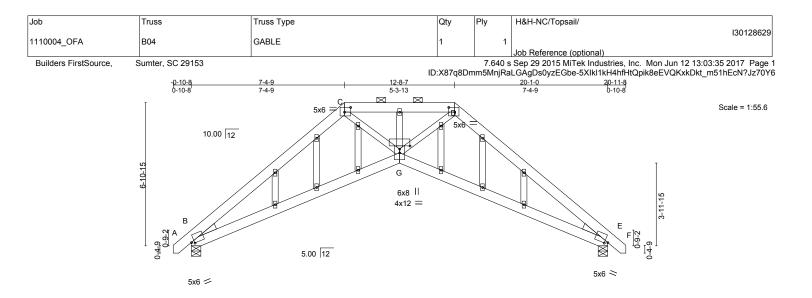


Plate Of	fsets (X,Y)	[B:0-1-12,0-1-1], [C:0-3-	3,0-2-12], [D:(10-0-8 D-3-8,0-2-12],	[E:0-1-12,0)-1-1], [G:0-6-0,0-1	-13]	10-	-0-8		1	
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.45	Vert(LL)	-0.06	G-W	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.37	Vert(TL)	-0.19	G-W	>999	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.33	Horz(TL)	0.12	Ε	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/T	PI2007	(Matri	x-S)	Wind(LL)	0.11	G-W	>999	240	Weight: 150 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

20-1-0

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (5-8-1 max.): C-D.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=848/0-5-8, E=848/0-5-8

Max Horz B=-413(LC 6)
Max UpliftB=-579(LC 8), E=-579(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-1538/918, C-D=-1653/1060, D-E=-1538/919

BOT CHORD B-G=-931/1191, E-G=-571/1191 WEBS C-G=-189/797, D-G=-535/797

NOTES- (14)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

10-0-8

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) B, E considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=579, E=579.
- 12) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 14) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



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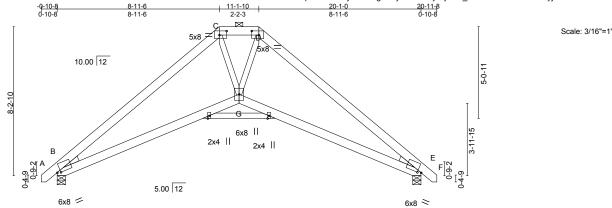


7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:36 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-Zjs6yNlvr_n8UaOuHr9T2et3Ed2yjFYBwuLxXlz70Y5

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): C-D.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.



	10-0-8	20-1-0
ı	10-0-8	10-0-8

Plate Of	Plate Offsets (X,Y) [B:0-2-6,0-0-11], [C:0-4-12,0-2-12], [D:0-4-12,0-2-12], [E:0-2-6,0-0-11]											
LOADIN	\	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.59	Vert(LL)	-0.06		>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.50	Vert(TL)	-0.18	G-L	>999	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.25	Horz(TL)	0.08	Ε	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TF	PI2007	(Matr	ix-S)	Wind(LL)	0.15	G-L	>999	240	Weight: 136 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except* H-I: 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=848/0-5-8, E=848/0-5-8

Max Horz B=-499(LC 6)

Max Uplift B=-591(LC 8), E=-591(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-1482/785, C-D=-1158/905, D-E=-1482/785

BOT CHORD B-G=-681/1130, E-G=-380/1130 WEBS C-G=-225/610, D-G=-611/701

NOTES- (11)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) B, E considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=591, E=591.
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



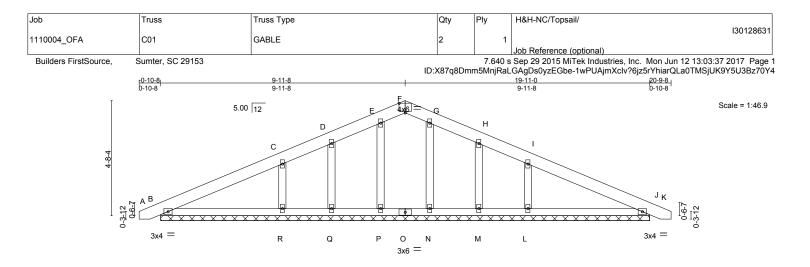


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [F:0-3-0,Edge] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI **DEFL** (loc) I/defl L/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.17 Vert(LL) 0.00 n/r 120 MT20 244/190 **TCDL** 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.17 Vert(TL) 0.01 n/r 120 0.0 * **BCLL** Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.14 Horz(TL) 0.00 n/a n/a **BCDL** 10.0 Code IRC2009/TPI2007 (Matrix) Weight: 109 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

19-11-0

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

REACTIONS. All bearings 19-11-0.

(lb) - Max Horz B=123(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) Q, M except B=-172(LC 8), J=-202(LC 9), P=-101(LC 8), R=-389(LC

8), N=-100(LC 9), L=-387(LC 9)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) F, B, J, P, Q, N, M except R=401(LC 1), L=401(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

D-E=-19/274, E-F=-11/331, F-G=-11/331, G-H=-19/275 TOP CHORD

WEBS C-R=-299/486, I-L=-299/486

NOTES- (12)

LUMBER-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) Q, M except (jt=lb) B=172, J=202, P=101, R=389, N=100, L=387.
- 11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss
- 12) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.



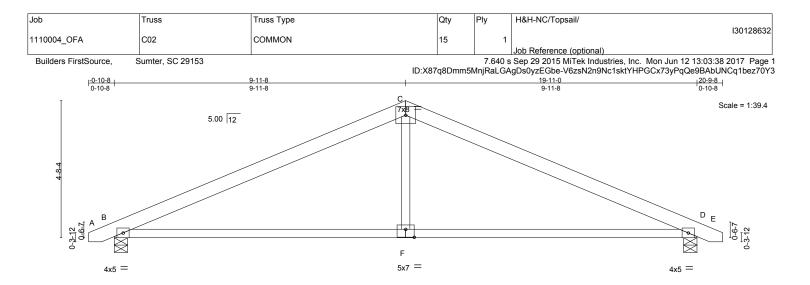


Plate Of	fsets (X Y)		1-8	+		9-11-8	
LOADIN	,	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in	(loc) I/defl	L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL TCDL	20.0 10.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	TC 0.58 BC 0.84	Vert(LL) -0.12 Vert(TL) -0.36	F-I >999 F-I >666	360 240	MT20 244/190
BCLL BCDL	0.0 * 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	WB 0.15 (Matrix-S)	Horz(TL) 0.03 Wind(LL) 0.20		n/a 240	Weight: 91 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 **WEBS**

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=836/0-5-8, D=836/0-5-8

Max Horz B=-130(LC 9)

Max Uplift B=-622(LC 8), D=-622(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-1227/1093, C-D=-1227/1093 **BOT CHORD** B-F=-776/1072, D-F=-776/1072

WEBS C-F=0/403

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=622, D=622.
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004 OFA	C03	GABLE	1	1	I30128633
1110004_0170		O' I DE L	•		Job Reference (optional)
B 11 E 10					

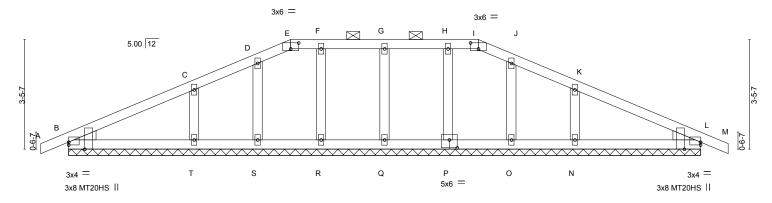
7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:38 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-V6zsN2n9Nc1sktYHPGCx73yVaQqVBBDUNCq1bez70Y3 12-11-0 19-11-0 20-9-8 0-10-8

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): E-I.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Scale = 1:36.3



	'					19-11-0						<u>'</u>	
Plate Of	fsets (X,Y)	[B:0-2-11, Edge], [B:0-0-0	0,0-1-1], [E:0-	3-0,0-2-4], [1:	0-3-0,0-2-4], [L:0-2-11,Edge]	[L:Edge	,0-1-1].	[P:0-3-0	0,0-3-01			
	,	Ī .	• • •						•	-			_
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.21	Vert(LL)	0.00	М	n/r	120	MT20	244/190	
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.12	Vert(TL)	0.01	M	n/r	120	MT20HS	187/143	
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.11	Horz(TL)	0.00	L	n/a	n/a			
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/T	PI2007	(Matr	ix)						Weight: 91 lb	FT = 20%	

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

0-10-8 0-10-8

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.2, Right: 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. All bearings 19-11-0.

(lb) - Max Horz B=-93(LC 9)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) R, S, P, O except B=-180(LC 8), Q=-137(LC 7), T=-311(LC 8), L=-196(LC 9), N=-310(LC 9)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) B, Q, R, S, P, O, L except T=310(LC 13), N=310(LC 14)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

7-0-0

C-T=-220/381, K-N=-220/381 WEBS

NOTES-(15)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) R, S, P, O except (jt=lb) B=180, Q=137, T=311, L=196, N=310.
- 13) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 15) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

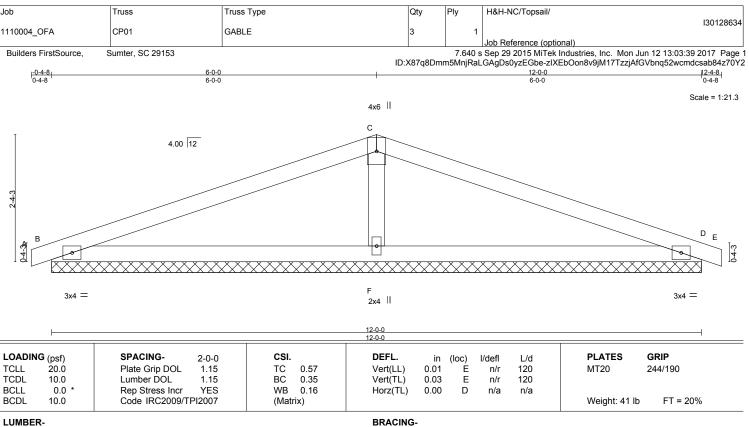


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TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=228/12-0-0, D=228/12-0-0, F=549/12-0-0

Max Horz B=-62(LC 7)

Max Uplift B=-217(LC 8), D=-226(LC 7), F=-315(LC 8) Max Grav B=235(LC 13), D=235(LC 14), F=549(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS C-F=-366/531

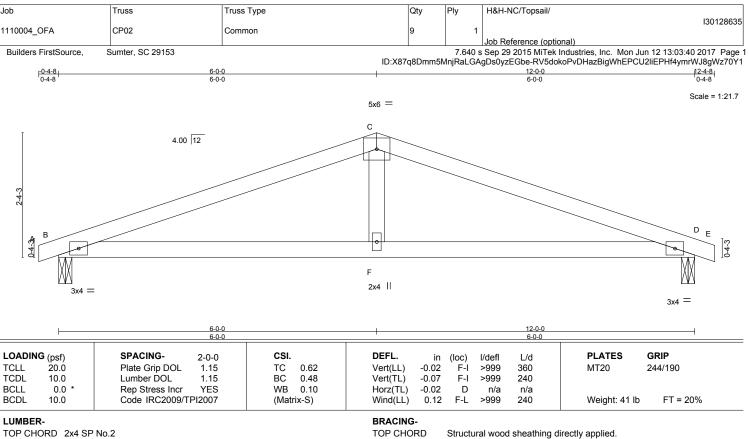
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=217, D=226, F=315.
- 10) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



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BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **WEBS**

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=502/0-3-0, D=503/0-3-0

Max Horz B=-65(LC 7)

Max Uplift B=-665(LC 8), D=-665(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-786/1867, C-D=-786/1867 **BOT CHORD** B-F=-1638/701, D-F=-1638/701

C-F=-625/235 **WEBS**

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=665, D=665
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004 OFA	J01	GABLE	2	1	I30128636
					Job Reference (optional)

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:40 2017 Page 1 $ID: X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-RV5dokoPvDHazBigWhEPCU2hhEObf5UmrWJ8gWz7\tilde{0}Y1\\$

Scale = 1:21.4

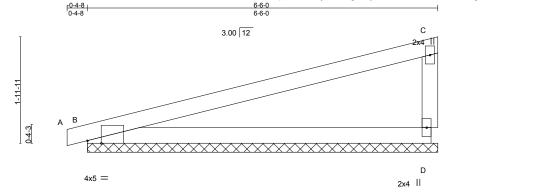


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [B:0-3-1,Edge] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL. (loc) I/defl L/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.88 Vert(LL) 0.00 n/r 120 MT20 244/190 **TCDL** 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.52 Vert(TL) 0.02 n/r 120 **BCLL** 00 * Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.00 Horz(TL) 0.00 D n/a n/a Code IRC2009/TPI2007 **BCDL** 10.0 (Matrix) Weight: 22 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except

end verticals

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) D=254/6-6-0, B=277/6-6-0

Max Horz B=152(LC 7)

Max Uplift D=-208(LC 8), B=-234(LC 6)

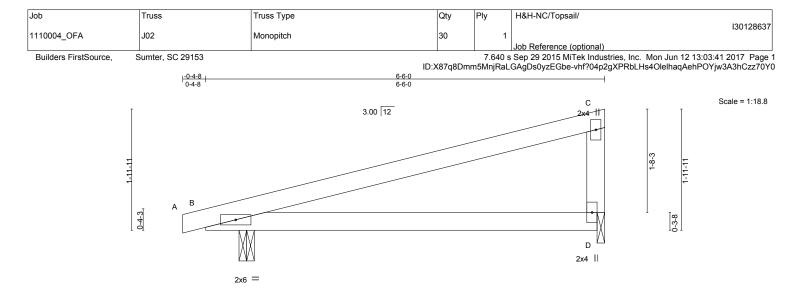
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD C-D=-190/398

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) D=208, B=234
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.







	0-6-8		5-11-8	
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.96	Vert(LL) -0.04 D-I >999 360	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.74	Vert(TL) -0.11 D-I >665 240	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(TL) -0.01 B n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL) 0.23 D-I >336 240	Weight: 22 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.2 BRACING-

6-6-0

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=319/0-3-0, D=212/0-1-8

Max Horz B=149(LC 6)

Max Uplift B=-432(LC 6), D=-310(LC 6)

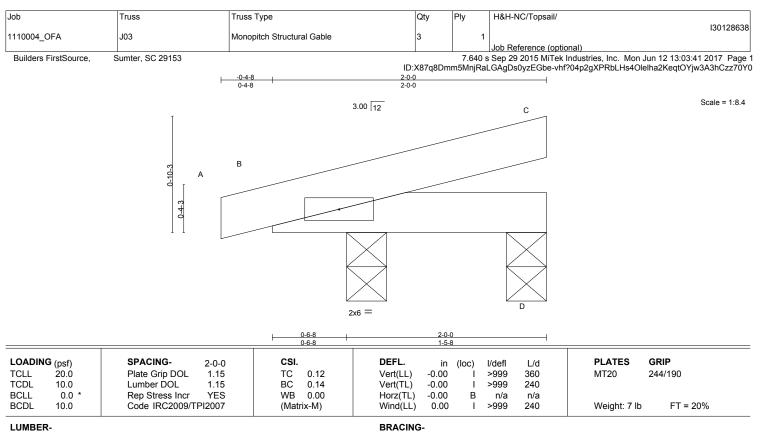
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD C-D=-149/326

NOTES- (9)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Bearing at joint(s) D considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) D.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=432, D=310.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.





TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) D=40/0-3-8, B=142/0-3-8

Max Horz D=52(LC 6)

Max Uplift D=-47(LC 9), B=-132(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) D except (jt=lb)
- 8) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply H&H-NC/Topsail/ 130128639 1110004_OFA J04 Monopitch Girder Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource, Sumter, SC 29153 7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:41 2017 Page 1

0-4-8 С D Scale = 1:20.5 3.00 12 1-11-1 0-4-3 K Е 3x4 = NAILED 2x4 | NAILED NAILED

> 0-6-8 6-4-8

Plate Of	fsets (X,Y)	[B:0-4-5,0-0-5]		
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d PLATES GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.45	Vert(LL) -0.04 E-I >999 360 MT20 244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.51	Vert(TL) -0.10 E-I >757 240
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.00	Horz(TL) -0.00 E n/a n/a
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-M)	Wind(LL) 0.14 E-I >547 240 Weight: 27 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

end verticals

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) E=487/Mechanical, B=477/0-3-0

Max Horz B=153(LC 4)

Max Uplift E=-713(LC 4), B=-645(LC 4)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) E=713, B=645.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails. For more details refer to MiTek's ST-TOENAIL Detail.
- 9) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: A-C=-60, C-D=-20, B-E=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: E=-138(F) J=-155(F) K=-144(F)



Job	Truss	Truss	Туре	Q	ty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/			
1110004 OFA	J05	MONO	PITCH	3		1				I30128640
							Job Reference (option	nal)		
Builders FirstSource,	Sumter, SC 29153			ID.V07-	00	7.640 s	S Sep 29 2015 MiTek I	ndustries, Inc. Mo	n Jun 12 13:03:	42 2017 Page 1
	∟-0-4-8	1		5-0-0	וחוחטאן	bivinjkaLG	GAgDs0yzEGbe-NtDN	DQqgRqXIDVs2e6 	GIHV/AK 1887	Z3IQOFKPZ/UY !
	-0-4-8 -0-4-8			5-0-0						
							0			Scale = 1:15.0
	Ī						C 2x4_H	1 1	Ţ	
			3.80	12				¬		
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								0-9-		
	φ							-	φ	
	1-11-8								1-11-8	
	В									
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	0-4-8							[X]	0-5-8	
	19								1-1	
		MV					D			
		IVIV	3x4 =				2x4	II		
		<u>/ </u>	3x4 —							
		. 0-6-8								
		0-6-8 0-6-8								
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL	2-0-0 1.15	CSI. TC 0.29	DEFL . Vert(LL)	in -0.00		I/defl L/d >999 360	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190	

Vert(TL)

Horz(TL)

Wind(LL)

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

-0.01

-0.00

0.03

D-H

D-H

D

>999

>999

n/a

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

240

n/a

240

Weight: 22 lb

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TCDL

BCLL

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

10.0

10.0

0.0 *

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=252/0-3-0, D=159/0-1-8

Max Horz B=148(LC 6) Max UpliftB=-335(LC 6), D=-241(LC 6)

Lumber DOL

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2009/TPI2007

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (9)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

1.15

YES

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

вс

WB

(Matrix-S)

0.26

0.00

- 5) Bearing at joint(s) D considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) D.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=335, D=241.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

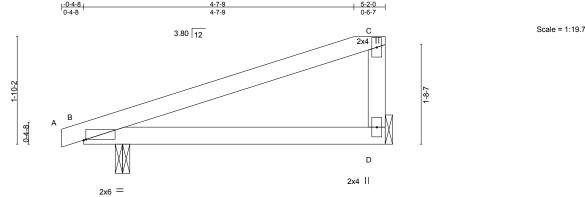


Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004 OFA	J06	HALF HIP	1	1	I30128641
					Job Reference (optional)
Duildoro EirotCouroo	Cumtor CC 20152			7 6 4 0 0	Son 20 2015 MiTak Industries Inc. Man Jun 12 12:02:42 2017 Page

ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-NtDNDQqgRqXIDVs2e6GtHv78g17O7?z3lqoFkPz70Y?

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.



0-6-8 5-2-0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Plate Of	fsets (X,Y)	[B:0-0-7,Edge]			
LOADIN	IG (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d PLATES GRIP	
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.40	Vert(LL) -0.01 D-H >999 360 MT20 244/190	
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.37	Vert(TL) -0.03 D-H >999 240	
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(TL) -0.00 B n/a n/a	
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL) 0.06 D-H >940 240 Weight: 18 lb FT = 20%	

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 **WEBS**

REACTIONS. (lb/size) D=150/Mechanical, B=275/0-3-0

Max Horz B=153(LC 6)

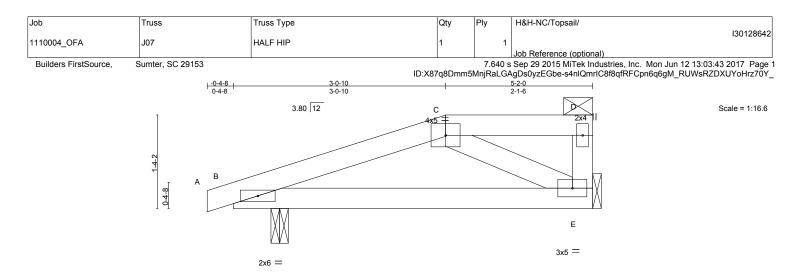
Max Uplift D=-227(LC 6), B=-368(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD C-D=-110/252

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) D=227,
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.





			0-6-8			5-2-0 4-7-8						
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.Ó	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.17	Vert(LL)	-0.01	`E-I	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.32	Vert(TL)	-0.03	E-I	>999	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.11	Horz(TL)	-0.00	Ε	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/T	PI2007	(Matr	ix-S)	Wind(LL)	0.05	E-I	>999	240	Weight: 20 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

2-0-0 oc purlins: C-D.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=261/0-3-0, E=164/Mechanical Max Horz B=99(LC 6)

Max Uplift B=-363(LC 6), E=-232(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-170/286 BOT CHORD B-E=-316/134 WEBS C-E=-152/358

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

NOTES- (10)

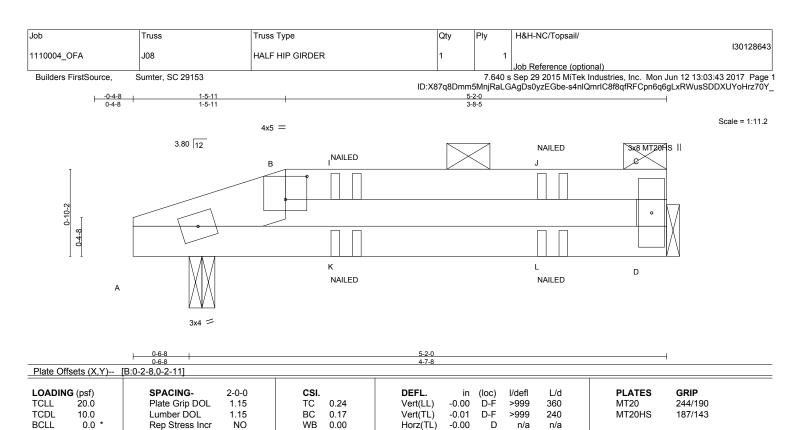
LUMBER-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=363, E=232.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals, and

TENGINEERING BY RENCO



LUMBER-

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

B-C: 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.2 **WEBS**

10.0

Wind(LL) **BRACING-** 0.01

D-F

>999

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-2-0 oc purlins, except

Weight: 17 lb

FT = 20%

end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins: B-C.

240

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) D=175/Mechanical, A=190/0-3-0

Max Horz A=31(LC 4)

Max Uplift D=-245(LC 4), A=-230(LC 4)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

Code IRC2009/TPI2007

TOP CHORD A-B=-244/327, B-I=-227/326, I-J=-227/326, C-J=-227/326

BOT CHORD A-K=-326/227, K-L=-326/227, D-L=-326/227

NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

(Matrix-M)

- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) D=245, A=230.
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 11) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails. For more details refer to MiTek's ST-TOENAIL Detail.
- 12) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).
- 13) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

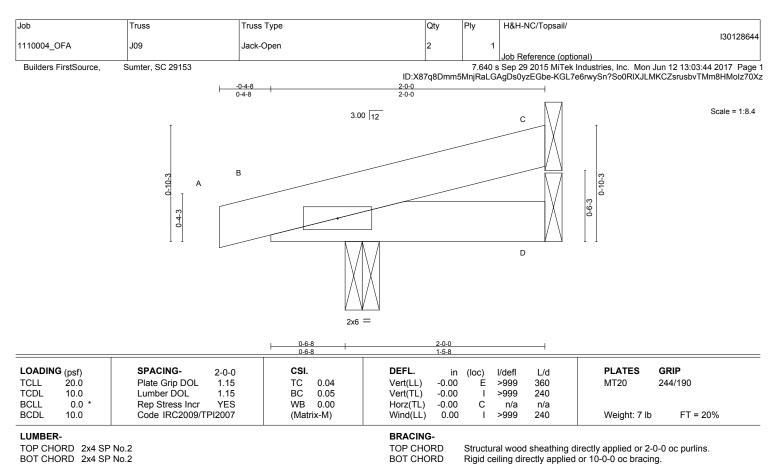
LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: B-G=-60, B-C=-60, A-D=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: K=-2(B) L=-2(B)





REACTIONS. (lb/size) C=28/Mechanical D=13/Mechanical B=141/0-3-0

Max Horz B=55(LC 6)

Max Uplift C=-40(LC 6), D=-23(LC 9), B=-198(LC 6) Max Grav C=28(LC 1), D=21(LC 3), B=141(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (8)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) C, D except (jt=lb) B=198.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



RENGINEERING BY
RENGER

A MITTER Affiliate

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply H&H-NC/Topsail/ 130128645 1110004_OFA J10 **GABLE** Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource, Sumter, SC 29153

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:44 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-KGL7e6rwySn?So0RIXJLMKCNgro5bvTMm8HMoIz70Xz

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Scale = 1:22.0

0-4-8 С 3.00 12 2-0-15 0-4-3 D 4x5 = 3x4 ||

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [B:0-3-1,Edge], [C:0-0-5,0-1-8] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI **DEFL** (loc) I/defl L/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.82 Vert(LL) 0.01 n/r 120 MT20 244/190 **TCDL** 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.42 Vert(TL) 0.02 n/r 120 **BCLL** 0.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.00 Horz(TL) 0.00 D n/a n/a **BCDL** 10.0 Code IRC2009/TPI2007 (Matrix) Weight: 25 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

end verticals

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x6 SP No.2 WEBS

REACTIONS. (lb/size) D=267/6-11-0, B=291/6-11-0

Max Horz B=155(LC 6)

Max Uplift D=-228(LC 6), B=-233(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD C-D=-178/363

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOI = 160
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) D=228, B=233
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



lob	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/		
110004 OFA	J11	Monopitch	10	1			130128646
					Job Reference (optional)		
Builders FirstSource, S	Sumter, SC 29153	ID:	X87g8Dmn	7.640 s n5MnjRaL0	Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. GAgDs0yzEGbe-oSuWrSsYjlvs4yadJ	Mon Jun 12 13:03:45 EgavXlamF5MKMjV	5 2017 Page / o1vKkz70X
	-0-4-8	6-11-0 6-11-0	•			,	
		_			С	5	Scale = 1:19.4
		3.00 12			3x6		
			_				
						-9-7	
2-0-15						2-0-15	
	_						
m l	A B						
0-4-3					<u> </u>	, [8-6] 8-6	
	M				D		
	\bigvee				5x10 MT20HS		
	2x6 =	<u> </u>					

0-6-8 0-6-8 6-11-0

Plate Of	fsets (X,Y)	[C:0-0-11,0-1-8], [D:0-3-8,Edge]			
LOADIN	IG (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.67	Vert(LL) -0.03 D-I >999 360 MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.55	Vert(TL) -0.08 D-I >998 240 MT20HS	187/143
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(TL) -0.01 B n/a n/a	
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL) 0.15 D-I >522 240 Weight: 25 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **WEBS**

2x6 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=326/0-3-0, D=231/0-1-8

Max Horz B=157(LC 6)

Max Uplift B=-441(LC 6), D=-337(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-178/314, C-D=-152/302

BOT CHORD B-D=-400/136

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Bearing at joint(s) D considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) D.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=441, D=337
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

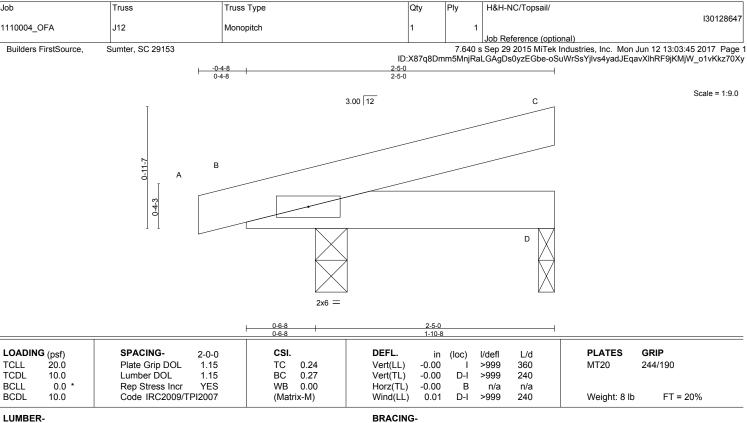
Rigid ceiling directly applied.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPIQ Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

REACTIONS. (lb/size) D=57/0-1-8, B=158/0-3-0 Max Horz B=59(LC 6) Max Uplift D=-74(LC 6), B=-213(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) D.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) D except (jt=lb) B=213.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.





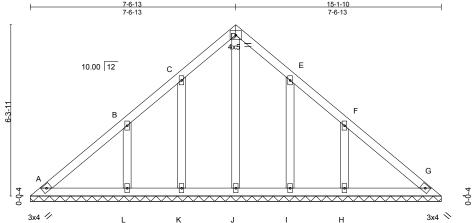
Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-5-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/	
1110004 OFA	V01	GABLE	2	1	13012864	8
			_		Job Reference (optional)	

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:46 2017 Page 1 ID: X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-GfSu3ntAU31jh69ptxLpSllt9fYX3npfDSmSsAz70Xx

Scale = 1:42.4



LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.18	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.11	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.14	Horz(TL)	0.01	G	n/a	n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)						Weight: 78 lb FT = 20%

15-1-10

LUMBER-**BRACING-**

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 15-1-10.

(lb) - Max Horz A=-391(LC 6)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) A, G except K=-199(LC 8), L=-399(LC 8), I=-197(LC 9), H=-399(LC

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) A, G, J, K, I except L=258(LC 1), H=258(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD A-B=-323/225, C-D=-65/282, D-E=-65/280

BOT CHORD A-L=-82/254, K-L=-82/254, J-K=-82/254, I-J=-82/254, H-I=-82/254, G-H=-82/254

WEBS B-L=-185/411, F-H=-185/412

NOTES-(10)

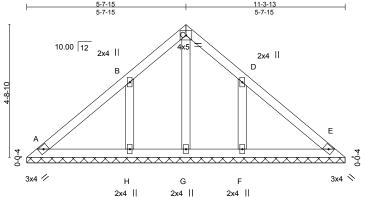
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) A, G except (jt=lb) K=199, L=399, I=197, H=399.
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004 OFA	V02	GABLE	1	1	130128649
					Job Reference (optional)

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Scale = 1:41.0



LOADING (psf) SPACING-CSI. DEFL. **PLATES GRIP** 2-0-0 in (loc) I/defl L/d Plate Grip DOL **TCLL** 20.0 1.15 TC 0.21 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 244/190 **TCDL** 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.10 Vert(TL) n/a n/a 999 **BCLL** 0.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.13 Horz(TL) 0.00 Ε n/a n/a Code IRC2009/TPI2007 **BCDL** 10.0 (Matrix) Weight: 51 lb FT = 20%

11-3-13

LUMBER- BRACING-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheath BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly ap

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 11-3-13.

(lb) - Max Horz A=-287(LC 6)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) A, E except H=-419(LC 8), F=-418(LC 9) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) A, E, G except H=275(LC 1), F=275(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS B-H=-197/431, D-F=-197/431

NOTES- (9)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) A, E except (jt=lb) H=419. F=418.
- 8) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.





	Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/
	1110004 OFA	V03	GABLE	1	1	I30128650
	1110004_0170	100	3,1522	·	·	Job Reference (optional)
Duildors FirstCourse Cumter CC 20152			7.640.0	Con 20 2015 MiTak Industrias Inc. Man Jun 12 12:02:17 2017 Dags		

Builders FirstSource, 7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:47 2017 Page 1 Sumter, SC 29153 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-kr0GG7uoFN9aJGk0Rfs2_yq2u2uooFPoS6W0Pcz70Xw 4-10-0 10-3-10 15-1-10 1.2

	4-10-0	, D	∑ ⁵ E ⁵⁻⁹	F F	'	4-10-0	'
4-0-6		3x6			330 11	H	Scale = 1:30.2
	3x4 //	N M	L	К	J	3x4 ≫	

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [C:0-3-0,0-0-4], [G:0-3-0,0-0-4] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. (loc) I/defl L/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.18 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 244/190 **TCDL** 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.10 Vert(TL) n/a n/a 999 0.0 * **BCLL** Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.12 Horz(TL) 0.01 n/a **BCDL** 10.0 Code IRC2009/TPI2007 (Matrix) Weight: 70 lb FT = 20%

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING-

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except TOP CHORD

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): C-G.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 15-1-10.

(lb) - Max Horz A=-245(LC 6)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) A except L=-187(LC 6), M=-111(LC 7), N=-377(LC 8), K=-120(LC 7), J=-372(LC 9)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) A, I, L, M, K except N=259(LC 1), J=259(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

B-N=-186/389, H-J=-186/384 **WEBS**

NOTES- (12)

LUMBER-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) A except (jt=lb) L=187 M=111, N=377, K=120, J=372.
- 10) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 12) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.





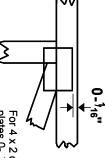
Edenton, NC 27932

Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



and fully embed teeth Apply plates to both sides of truss Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths offsets are indicated Center plate on joint unless x, y



edge of truss. plates 0- ¹/₁ℰ' from outside or 4 x 2 orientation, locate

connector plates required direction of slots in This symbol indicates the

* Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE



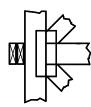
the length parallel to slots. to slots. Second dimension is width measured perpendicular The first dimension is the plate

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



output. Use T or I bracing if indicated. Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the

BEARING



number where bearings occur. Min size shown is for crushing only reaction section indicates joint Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but

Industry Standards:

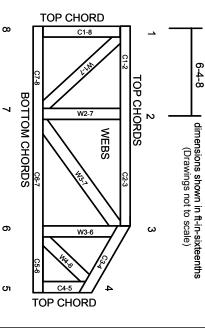
ANSI/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal Design Standard for Bracing.

Building Component Safety Information. Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction

DSB-89: BCSI:

Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

NUMBERS/LETTERS CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT

PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ESR1988 ER-3907, ESR-2362, ESR-1397, ESR-3282

truss unless otherwise shown. Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the

section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 established by others.

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MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015

General Safety Notes

Damage or Personal Injury Failure to Follow Could Cause Property

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI.
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves bracing should be considered may require bracing, or alternative Tor I

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Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.

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designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties. Provide copies of this truss design to the building

4.

- Cut members to bear tightly against each other
- joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1. Place plates on each face of truss at each

6 5

- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.

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- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- <u>,</u> Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
- 11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted
- Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable project engineer before use. environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
- 20. Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria