

Trenco

818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: DO220721

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Truss Builders, Inc..

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I54580941 thru I54580962

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2022.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



October 6,2022

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

Truss Type Qty Ply Truss Job 154580941 DO220721 CT1 Piggyback Base 14 Job Reference (optional) Morrisville, NC - 27560, 8.530 s Aug 11 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 6 07:02:59 2022 Page 1 Truss Builders, Inc. ID:ARkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-_yDS5LmZSPlzt1QDjqQLyfZdQgONBJre8tfVT6yWCmA 26-9-15 5-4-4 38-0-0 5-9-13 38-10₇8 0-10-8 5-4-4 5-4-4 4-11-5 Scale = 1:65.6 5x6 =5x6 = 4 24 pa 25 pa 5 26 3x4 / 3x4 > 7.00 12 3x6 > 2x4 \ 2x4 // 8 28 22 15 29 30 1331 32 33 11 14 12 3x8 = 3x6 =3x4 = 3x4 =3x6 =3x4 = 3x6 = 16-6-5 29-6-1 8-0-6 8-0-6 8-5-15 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-[1:0-3-3,0-1-8], [4:0-4-0,0-2-4], [5:0-4-0,0-2-4], [9:0-6-0,0-0-10] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1 15 TC 0.59 Vert(LL) -0.25 11-12 >999 240 244/190 MT20 Snow (Pf) 15.0 Lumber DOL 1 15 BC 0.91 Vert(CT) -0.43 11-12 >999 180 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.32 Horz(CT) 0.14 9 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IBC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-MR Weight: 223 lb FT = 6% BCDI 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-11-4 oc purlins, 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-2-0 max.): 4-5. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. WEBS 1 Row at midpt 3-14, 5-14, 6-12 REACTIONS. (size) 1=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8 Max Horz 1=-194(LC 8) Max Uplift 1=-40(LC 12), 9=-53(LC 13) Max Grav 1=1734(LC 35), 9=1779(LC 35) FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-2=-3079/94, 2-3=-2896/106, 3-4=-2149/113, 4-5=-1726/130, 5-6=-2148/113, 6-8=-2893/104, 8-9=-3075/93 BOT CHORD 1-15=-134/2628, 14-15=-46/2214, 12-14=0/1724, 11-12=0/2213, 9-11=0/2624 WEBS

2-15=-361/135, 3-15=-6/548, 3-14=-770/144, 4-14=-10/770, 5-12=-36/832,

6-12=-770/143, 6-11=-5/544, 8-11=-357/134

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads

6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 40 lb uplift at joint 1 and 53 lb uplift at joint 9
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord



eters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Co ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Ply Job Truss Truss Type 154580942 CT1GE Piggyback Base Supported Gable DO220721 Job Reference (optional) Truss Builders, Inc. Morrisville, NC - 27560, 8.530 s Aug 11 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 6 07:03:02 2022 Page 1 ID:ARkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-PXubjMoSlK8YkU8oOzz2afBEatb_Oh14qruA4RyWCm7 38-0-0 16-6-5 4-11-5 16-6-5 Scale = 1:65.3 3x6 =5x6 = 10 39 9 12 40 13 14 7.00 12 15 41 16 3x6 ◇ X 18 42 34.5 3x6 =3x6 = 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 3130 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 3x6 = 38-0-0 38-0-0 [1:0-3-3,0-1-8], [9:0-3-0,0-1-12], [12:0-3-0,0-1-12], [20:0-3-3,0-1-8] Plate Offsets (X,Y)--LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. PLATES GRIP in (loc) I/defl L/d TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL TC 1.15 0.21 Vert(LL) 0.01 21 n/r 120 MT20 244/190 15.0 Snow (Pf) 1.15 BC. Lumber DOL 0.15 Vert(CT) 0.01 21 n/r 120 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.22 Horz(CT) 0.01 20 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 * Code IBC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-R FT = 6% Weight: 268 lb BCDL 10.0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 REACTIONS.

All bearings 38-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-194(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 29, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 27, 26, 25, 24, 23, 22

All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 28, 31, 37, 23, 20 except 29=254(LC 40), 32=258(LC 43),

33=272(LC 43), 34=267(LC 43), 35=269(LC 43), 36=253(LC 43), 38=288(LC 26), 27=273(LC 45), 26=270(LC 45),

25=262(LC 45), 24=294(LC 45), 22=365(LC 27)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS 19-22=-255/111

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 8) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 9) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 29, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 27, 26, 25, 24, 23, 22.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

12-28, 11-29, 10-31, 8-32, 13-27

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 9-12.

1 Row at midpt

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIL-7473 (ep. 5/19/2020) REFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TP1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Truss Type Qty Ply Job Truss 154580943 DO220721 CT1GT Piggyback Base Girder 4 Job Reference (optional) 8.530 s Aug 11 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 6 07:03:04 2022 Page 1 Truss Builders, Inc. Morrisville, NC - 27560 ID:ARkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-Lv0L82qiGxOFzoIAVN0WfjGahh7hsVMNH9NG9JyWCm5 13-0-0 15-5-9 2-5-9 26-10-8 10-6-7 5-3-2 20-8-11 26-0-0 5-3-2 Scale = 1:60.7 10x10 // 2x4 || 10x10 N 3x6 = 4x8 = 11.00 12 5x10 // 5x10 > 6 0-10-1 800 12 q 13 11 10 7x8 = 7x10 = 3x10 || 10x10 = 10x10 = 3x10 || 7x8 = 4-11-2 Plate Offsets (X,Y)--[15:0-2-0,0-1-8] LOADING (psf) **PLATES** GRIP SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL l/defl L/d TCLL (roof) 20.0 -0.05 11-13 240 244/190 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.24 Vert(LL) >999 MT20 Snow (Pf) 15 0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.77 Vert(CT) -0.13 11-13 >999 180 TCDL 15.0 WB 0.62 Rep Stress Incr NO Horz(CT) 0.05 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IBC2015/TPI2014 FT = 6% Matrix-MR Weight: 1189 lb BCDI LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

BOT CHORD

JOINTS

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 3-5.

1 Brace at Jt(s): 16

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

2x8 SP No.2 *Except*

3-5: 2x6 SP No.2 2x10 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* WEBS

3-11,5-10: 2x6 SP No.2, 14-15: 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (size) 1=0-4-8, 7=0-4-8

Max Horz 1=-201(LC 6)

Max Uplift 1=-852(LC 10), 7=-865(LC 11) Max Grav 1=14732(LC 2), 7=14796(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-17392/1034, 2-3=-13521/881, 3-4=-7207/490, 4-5=-7207/490, 5-6=-13521/882,

6-7=-17391/1033

1-13=-795/12797, 11-13=-795/12797, 10-11=-531/9800, 9-10=-672/12793, **BOT CHORD**

7-9=-672/12793

WEBS 2-13=-299/5129, 2-11=-4223/413, 11-14=-534/8787, 3-14=-550/8987, 10-15=-534/8785,

5-15=-549/8985, 6-10=-4219/412, 6-9=-300/5129, 14-16=-1835/131, 15-16=-1835/131,

4-16=-69/712, 5-16=-912/110, 3-16=-912/110

NOTES-

1) 4-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc, 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x10 - 3 rows staggered at 0-5-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc, 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Attach BC w/ 1/2" diam. bolts (ASTM A-307) in the center of the member w/washers at 4-0-0 oc.

2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 4) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33 5) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15
- Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads

9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 15.0psf.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

Continued on page 2



building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

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Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply 154580943 CT1GT DO220721 Piggyback Base Girder Job Reference (optional)

Truss Builders, Inc.,

Morrisville, NC - 27560,

8.530 s Aug 11 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 6 07:03:04 2022 Page 2 ID: ARkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-Lv0L82qiGxOFzolAVN0WfjGahh7hsVMNH9NG9JyWCm5

NOTES-

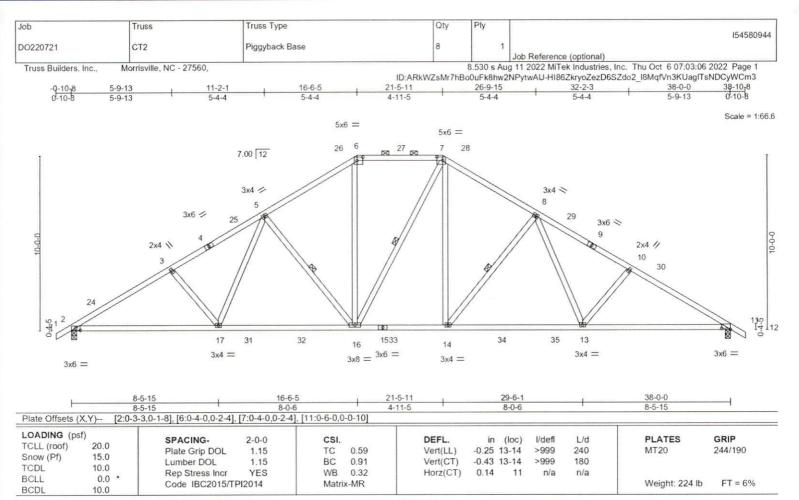
10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=852, 7=865.

11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-5=-60, 5-8=-60, 17-20=-960(F=-930)



LUMBER-

REACTIONS.

TOP CHORD

2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD**

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-11-8 oc purlins,

2-0-0 oc purlins (4-2-0 max.): 6-7.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Row at midpt 5-16, 7-16, 8-14

BOT CHORD WEBS

(size) 2=0-3-8, 11=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=-197(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-53(LC 12), 11=-53(LC 13) Max Grav 2=1779(LC 35), 11=1779(LC 35)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-3=-3074/92, 3-5=-2891/104, 5-6=-2148/113, 6-7=-1725/129, 7-8=-2147/113, 8-10=-2892/104, 10-11=-3074/93

BOT CHORD 2-17=-132/2623, 16-17=-45/2212, 14-16=0/1723, 13-14=0/2212, 11-13=0/2623 WEBS

3-17=-358/134, 5-17=-5/544, 5-16=-768/143, 6-16=-10/770, 7-14=-36/832,

8-14=-770/143, 8-13=-5/544, 10-13=-357/134

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 11.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



October 6,2022

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/20/20 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

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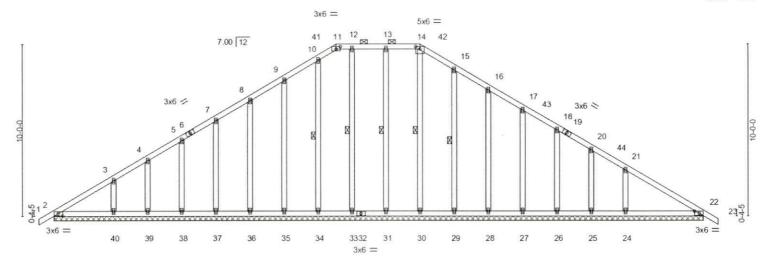


818 Soundside Roa Edenton, NC 27932

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply 154580945 DO220721 CT2GE Piggyback Base Supported Gable Job Reference (optional) 8.530 s Aug 11 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 6 07:03:09 2022 Page 1 Truss Builders Inc. Morrisville, NC - 27560 ID:ARkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-itpEBltr5U0Y4ZA8lxbhMm_Rpi_dXsm6RR41qXyWCm0 38-10₇8 0-10-8 0-10-8 16-6-5

4-11-5

Scale = 1:67.7



[2:0-3-3,0-1-8], [11:0-3-0,0-1-12], [14:0-3-0,0-1-12], [22:0-3-3,0-1-8] Plate Offsets (X,Y)--LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL L/d **PLATES** in (loc) I/defl 20.0 TCLL (roof) 1.15 TC Vert(LL) 0.01 23 120 Plate Grip DOL 0.21 n/r MT20 Snow (Pf) 15.0

38-0-0

BRACING-

WEBS

Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.15 Vert(CT) 0.01 23 n/r 120 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.22 Horz(CT) 0.01 22 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IBC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-R BCDL 10.0

GRIP 244/190

Weight: 270 lb

FT = 6%

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 11-14

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

16-6-5

BOT CHORD 14-30, 13-31, 12-33, 10-34, 15-29

REACTIONS. All bearings 38-0-0.

2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-197(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 31, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 29, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24

All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 30, 33, 39, 25, 22 except 31=254(LC 40), 34=258(LC 43), Max Grav

35=272(LC 43), 36=267(LC 43), 37=270(LC 43), 38=252(LC 43), 40=276(LC 26), 29=273(LC 45), 28=270(LC 45),

27=262(LC 45), 26=294(LC 45), 24=365(LC 27)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS 21-24=-255/111

NOTES-

LUMBER-

OTHERS

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B: Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 9) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 31, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 29, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Collaboration available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601 ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component



818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Qty Ply Job Truss Truss Type 154580946 2 CT3 DO220721 Attic Job Reference (optional) 8.530 s Aug 11 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 6 07:03:10 2022 Page 1 Truss Builders, Inc. Morrisville, NC - 27560 ID:ARkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-A3NcP5uTsn8PhjlKse7wv_WVn6EHG8JGg5qbMzyWCm? 9-10-15 17-2-0 10-6-18-1-12 0-11-12 7x8¹=0-15 1-0-15 7x8 = Scale = 1:60.7 19 5 3x6 = 3x6 = 6 × 3x6 || 3x6 II 11.00 12 0-10-1 21 20 11 12 10 7x10 = 5x8 = 3x10 || 3x10 || 5x8 = 7-10-4 10-3-8 [4:0-6-0,0-5-6], [5:0-6-0,0-5-6], [10:0-7-0,0-1-8], [12:0-7-0,0-1-8] Plate Offsets (X,Y)--LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL in (loc) I/defl L/d **PLATES** GRIP 20.0 TCLL (roof) Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.64 Vert(LL) -0.14 10-12 >999 240 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf) 15.0 1.15 BC 0.57 Vert(CT) -0.19 10-12 180 Lumber DOL >999 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr WB 0.91 Horz(CT) 0.02 8 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IBC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-MR Attic -0.07 10-12 1752 360 Weight: 242 lb FT = 6% BCDL 10.0 BRACING-LUMBER-TOP CHORD 2x8 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-6-0 oc purlins, except **BOT CHORD** 2x10 SP No.2 2-0-0 oc purlins (10-0-0 max.): 4-5. **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. WFBS 1 Row at midpt 3-6 REACTIONS. (size) 1=0-3-8, 8=0-3-8 Max Horz 1=-199(LC 6) Max Grav 1=1367(LC 3), 8=1412(LC 3) FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. 1-2=-1774/37, 2-3=-1073/82, 3-4=-22/443, 4-5=-38/703, 5-6=-22/443, 6-7=-1073/82, TOP CHORD 7-8=-1775/38

BOT CHORD 1-12=0/1203, 10-12=0/1209, 8-10=0/1203 WEBS 2-12=0/814, 3-6=-1841/144, 7-10=0/814

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 2-3, 6-7, 3-6
- 9) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (0.0 psf) applied only to room. 10-12
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 11) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.



October 0,2022

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIL-7473 rev. \$/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITEK® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply 154580947 DO220721 CT3GE GABLE Job Reference (optional) Truss Builders, Inc. Morrisville, NC - 27560 8.530 s Aug 11 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 6 07:03:12 2022 Page 1 ID:ARkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-6SVNqnwjOPO7x1vjz39O_PcrHvwlk2oY7PJhQsyWClz 9-10-15 17-2-0 7x8¹=0-15 1-0-15 7x8 = Scale = 1:60.7 31 DXI 11.00 12 0-10-1 1 32 11 33 12 10 7x10 = 5x8 = 3x10 || 3x10 II 5x8 = 7-10-4 26-0-0 7-10-4 10-3-8 7-10-4 Plate Offsets (X,Y)--[4:0-6-0,0-5-6], [5:0-6-0,0-5-6], [10:0-7-0,0-1-8], [12:0-7-0,0-1-8] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL in (loc) I/defl L/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.64 Vert(LL) -0.14 10-12 >999 240 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf) 15.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.57 Vert(CT) -0.19 10-12 >999 180 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.91 Horz(CT) 0.02 8 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IBC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-MR Attic -0.07 10-12 1752 360 Weight: 277 lb FT = 6% 10.0 BCDL LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x8 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-6-0 oc purlins, except BOT CHORD 2x10 SP No.2 2-0-0 oc purlins (10-0-0 max.): 4-5. WERS 2x4 SP No 3 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS WEBS 1 Row at midpt 3-6 REACTIONS. (size) 1=0-3-8, 8=0-3-8 Max Horz 1=-199(LC 6) Max Grav 1=1367(LC 3), 8=1412(LC 3) FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-2=-1774/37, 2-3=-1073/82, 3-4=-22/443, 4-5=-38/703, 5-6=-22/443, 6-7=-1073/82, 7-8=-1775/38 BOT CHORD 1-12=0/1203, 10-12=0/1209, 8-10=0/1203

WEBS 2-12=0/814, 3-6=-1841/144, 7-10=0/814

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 7) All plates are 3x6 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 11) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 2-3, 6-7, 3-6
- 12) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (0.0 psf) applied only to room. 10-12
- 13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 14) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Cr ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

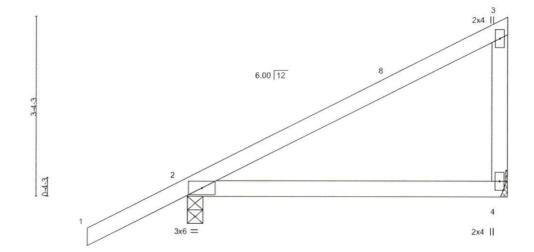


818 Soundside Road Edenton NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply					
DO220721	М1	Roof Special	10	1	154580948				
					Job Reference (optional)				
Truss Builders, Inc.,	Morrisville, NC - 27560,			8.530 s Au	g 11 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 6 07:03:12 2022 Page 1				
			ID:ARkWZsMr7h	ID:ARkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-6SVNqnwjOPO7x1vjz39O_Pcutvz6kG?Y7PJhQsyWClz					

-1-10-8 6-0-0 1-10-8

Scale = 1:21.7



		6-0-0										
LOADING (ps TCLL (roof) Snow (Pf) TCDL	20.0 15.0 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES	CSI. TC BC WB	0.48 0.36 0.00	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in -0.05 -0.11 0.00	(loc) 4-7 4-7 2	l/defl >999 >637 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
BCLL 0.0 *	Code IBC2015/TPI2014		Matrix-MP							Weight: 26 lb	FT = 6%	

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 **WEBS**

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

except end verticals

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

REACTIONS.

(size) 4=Mechanical, 2=0-3-8

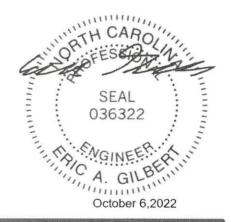
Max Horz 2=104(LC 11)

Max Uplift 4=-24(LC 12), 2=-39(LC 12) Max Grav 4=216(LC 2), 2=365(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.



MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MITE-86 connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

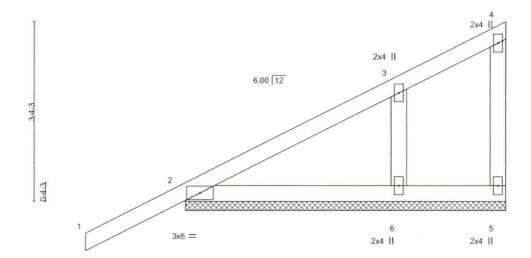
ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply 154580949 M1GE DO220721 Monopitch Supported Gable Job Reference (optional) 8.530 s Aug 11 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 6 07:03:13 2022 Page 1 Morrisville, NC - 27560 Truss Builders, Inc. ID:ARkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-ae3l17xL9iW YBUvXmgdXc85yJNvTidiM32FylyWCly -1-10-8 6-0-0

Scale = 1:21.7



LOADING (psf) (loc) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL. in l/defl L/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.33 Vert(LL) 0.01 120 MT20 244/190 n/r 15.0 Snow (Pf) Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.13 Vert(CT) -0.00 120 n/r TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.04 Horz(CT) -0.00n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IBC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-P Weight: 29 lb FT = 6% BCDL 10.0

LUMBER-

OTHERS

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No 3

2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

except end verticals

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

(size) 5=6-0-0, 2=6-0-0, 6=6-0-0 Max Horz 2=104(LC 9)

Max Uplift 5=-11(LC 11), 2=-26(LC 12), 6=-39(LC 12) Max Grav 5=35(LC 19), 2=278(LC 2), 6=274(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES.

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

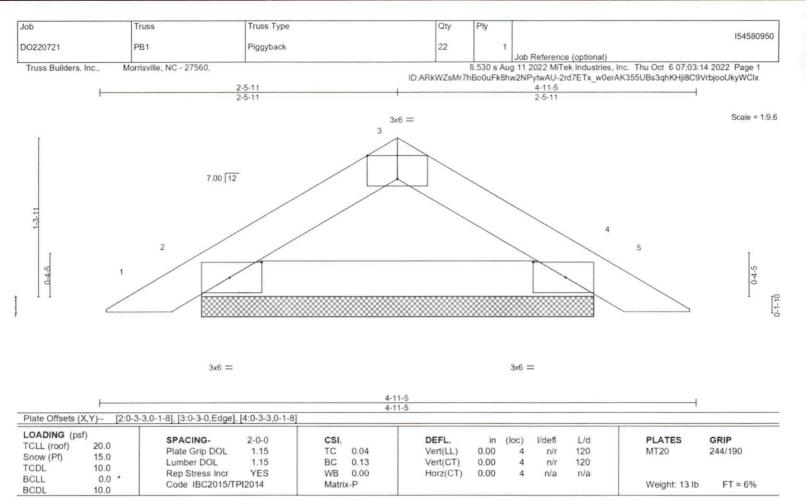
1-10-8

- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 2, 6.



🛦 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Qu Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601 ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component





LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-11-5 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

(size) 2=3-3-0, 4=3-3-0 REACTIONS.

Max Horz 2=24(LC 11)

Max Uplift 2=-11(LC 12), 4=-11(LC 13)

Max Grav 2=161(LC 2), 4=161(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

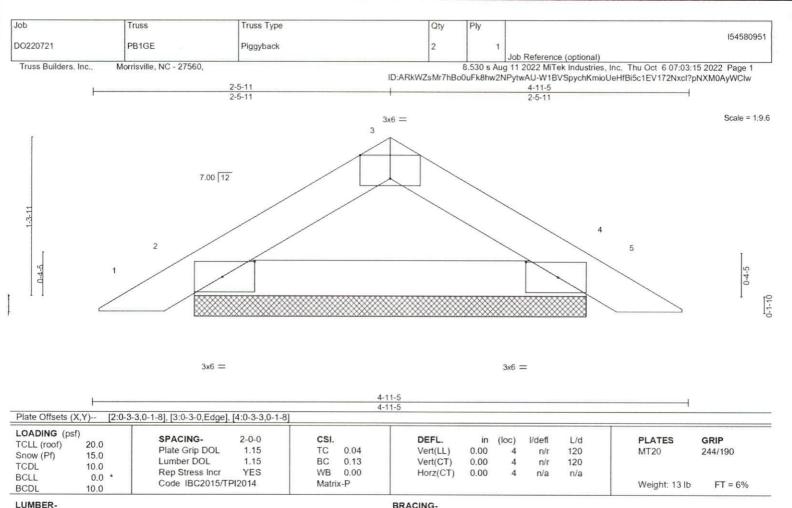
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- 10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



MEANING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPH Qu
Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601 ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component





TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

REACTIONS.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD**

2x4 SP No 2

(size) 2=3-3-0, 4=3-3-0 Max Horz 2=24(LC 11)

Max Uplift 2=-11(LC 12), 4=-11(LC 13)

Max Grav 2=161(LC 2), 4=161(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- 10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



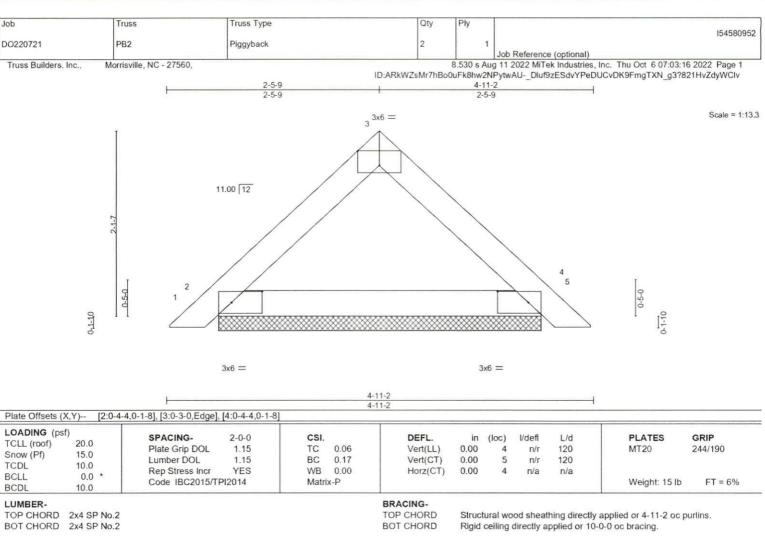
Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-11-5 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





REACTIONS.

(size) 2=3-8-10, 4=3-8-10

Max Horz 2=-39(LC 8)

Max Uplift 2=-5(LC 10), 4=-5(LC 11) Max Grav 2=171(LC 2), 4=171(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

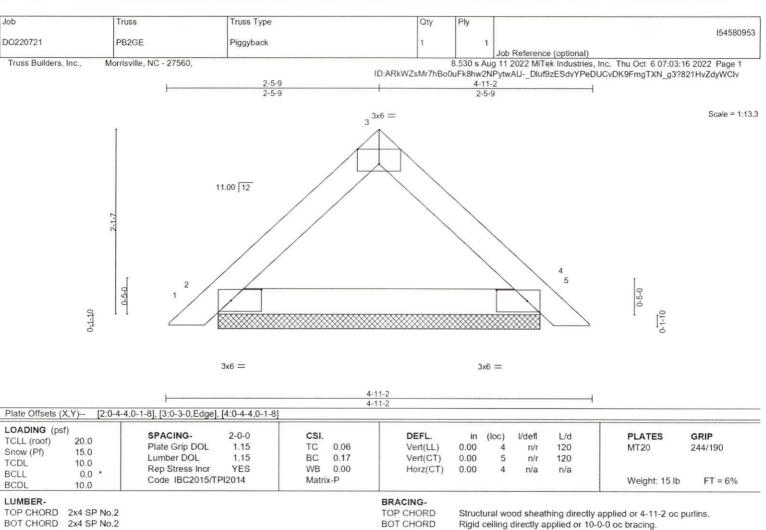


WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

Ansi/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

(size) 2=3-8-10, 4=3-8-10

Max Horz 2=-39(LC 8)

Max Uplift 2=-5(LC 10), 4=-5(LC 11) Max Grav 2=171(LC 2), 4=171(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

REACTIONS.

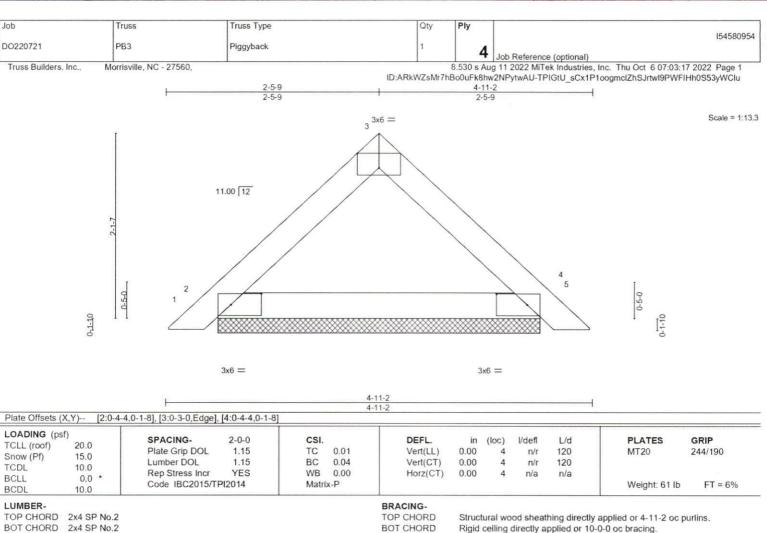
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ff; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) *This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- 9) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MITEK® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TRI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building C ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

> (size) 2=3-8-10, 4=3-8-10 Max Horz 2=-39(LC 8)

Max Uplift 2=-5(LC 10), 4=-5(LC 11)

Max Grav 2=171(LC 2), 4=171(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

REACTIONS.

1) 4-ply truss to be connected together as follows:

Top chords connected with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 4) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 5) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 15.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- 11) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

🛦 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job Truss Type Qty Truss 154580955 DO220721 V1 Valley Job Reference (optional) Morrisville, NC - 27560, 8.530 s Aug 11 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 6 07:03:18 2022 Page 1 Truss Builders, Inc. $ID: ARkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-xcse4q_UzE9GfyNsKKGoEgs0eK5V8zURVLm0dVyWCltArkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-xcse4q_UzE9GfyNsKKGoEgs0eK5V8zURVLm0dVyWCltArkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-xcse4q_UzE9GfyNsKKGoEgs0eK5V8zURVLm0dVyWCltArkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-xcse4q_UzE9GfyNsKKGoEgs0eK5V8zURVLm0dVyWCltArkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-xcse4q_UzE9GfyNsKKGoEgs0eK5V8zURVLm0dVyWCltArkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-xcse4q_UzE9GfyNsKKGoEgs0eK5V8zURVLm0dVyWCltArkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-xcse4q_UzE9GfyNsKKGoEgs0eK5V8zURVLm0dVyWCltArkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-xcse4q_UzE9GfyNsKKGoEgs0eK5V8zURVLm0dVyWCltArkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-xcse4q_UzE9GfyNsKKGoEgs0eK5V8zURVLm0dVyWCltArkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-xcse4q_UzE9GfyNsKKGoEgs0eK5V8zURVLm0dVyWCltArkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-xcse4q_UzE9GfyNsKKGoEgs0eK5V8zURVLm0dVyWCltArkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-xcse4q_UzE9GfyNsKKGoEgs0eK5V8zURVLm0dVyWCltArkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-xcse4q_UzE9GfyNsKKGoEgs0eK5V8zURVLm0dVyWCltArkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-xcse4q_UzE9GfyNsKKGoEgs0eK5V8zURVLm0dVyWCltArkWZsMr7hWzsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-xcse4q_UzE9GfyNsKWZsMr7hWzsMr7h$ 1-3-4 2-6-9 Scale = 1:8.6 3x6 =2 11.00 12 3 2-0-0 0-0-4 3x6 // 3x6 N Plate Offsets (X,Y)--[2:0-3-0,Edge] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. **PLATES** GRIP in (loc) I/defl L/d TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL TC 0.01 1.15 Vert(LL) 999 244/190 n/a n/a MT20 Snow (Pf) 15.0 BC 0.04 Lumber DOL 1.15 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.00 Horz(CT) 0.00 3 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 * Code IBC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-P Weight: 7 lb FT = 6% BCDI 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-6-9 oc purlins. BOT CHORD BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

(size) 1=2-6-0, 3=2-6-0

Max Horz 1=16(LC 7)

Max Grav 1=72(LC 2), 3=72(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

REACTIONS.

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

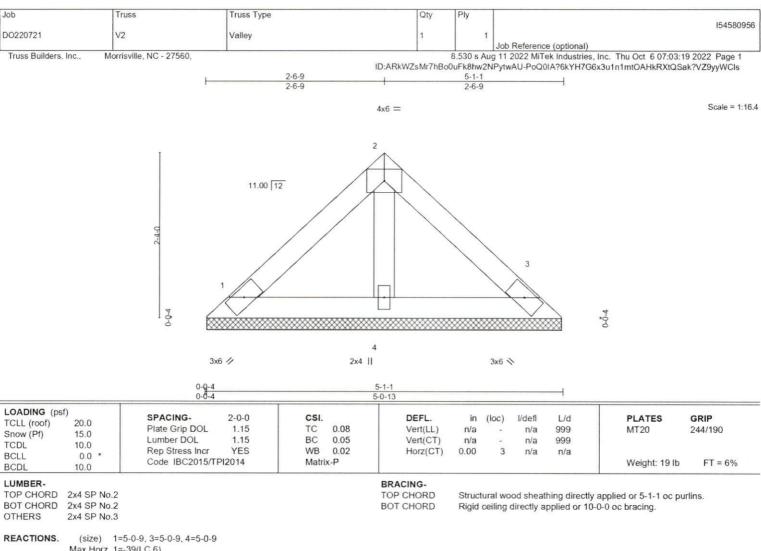


WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rsv. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITEK® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



Max Horz 1=-39(LC 6)

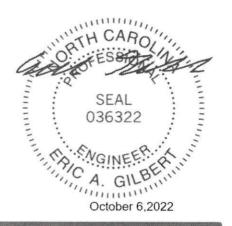
Max Uplift 1=-12(LC 11), 3=-15(LC 11)

Max Grav 1=102(LC 2), 3=102(LC 2), 4=143(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters shown and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Qu Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601 ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component



Ply Qty Truss Type Job Truss 154580957 V3 Valley DO220721 Job Reference (optional) 8.530 s Aug 11 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 6 07:03:20 2022 Page 1 Truss Builders, Inc. Morrisville, NC - 27560 ID:ARkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-t_OVW0kVsP_uFWFRIIHJ5xJm8mectQkzfF6iOyWClr 7-7-10 3-9-13 Scale: 1/2"=1" 4x6 = 11.00 12 0-0-4 4 3x6 / 3x6 \ 2x4 || 7-7-10 LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL L/d PLATES GRIP in (loc) I/defl 20.0 TCLL (roof) 244/190 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.23 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 15.0 Snow (Pf) Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.12 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 10.0 TCDL Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.04 Horz(CT) 0.00 3 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IBC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-P Weight: 30 lb FT = 6% BCDL 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 REACTIONS. (size) 1=7-7-1, 3=7-7-1, 4=7-7-1

Max Horz 1=61(LC 9)

Max Uplift 1=-20(LC 11), 3=-23(LC 11)

Max Grav 1=162(LC 2), 3=162(LC 2), 4=226(LC 2)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not Design valid for use only with Mill execonnectors. This ossign is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual continuing component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Qty Ply Truss Type Job Truss 154580958 DO220721 V4 Valley Job Reference (optional) Truss Builders, Inc. Morrisville, NC - 27560 8.530 s Aug 11 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 6 07:03:20 2022 Page 1 ID:ARkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-t_OVW0kVsP_uFWFRIIHJ5xlj8k8cskkzfF6iOyWClr 10-2-3 5-1-1 4x6 || Scale = 1:30.0 2 11.00 12 4 3x6 / 3x6 \ 2x4 || 10-2-3 LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL. 1/d PLATES GRIP in (loc) I/defi TCLL (roof) Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.29 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf) 15.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.22 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.08 Horz(CT) 0.00 n/a 0.0 BCLL Code IBC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-R Weight: 40 lb FT = 6% 10.0 BCDL LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 2x4 SP No 3

OTHERS REACTIONS.

(size) 1=10-1-10, 3=10-1-10, 4=10-1-10

Max Horz 1=84(LC 7)

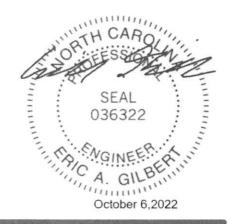
Max Uplift 1=-11(LC 11), 3=-16(LC 11)

Max Grav 1=198(LC 2), 3=198(LC 2), 4=359(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

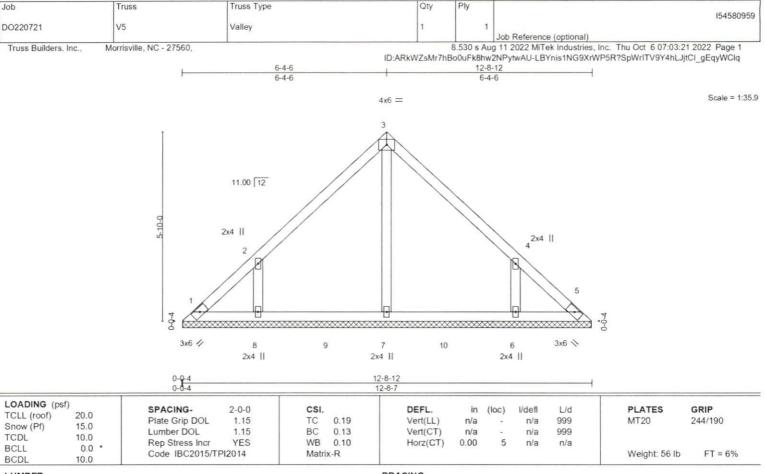
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REFERENCE PAGE MIL7473 (av. 5/19/2020 BEFORE LISE Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not Design value for use they will will revise connectors. This based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual obliging component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 12-8-3

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-106(LC 6)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 8=-115(LC 10), 6=-114(LC 11)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=332(LC 21), 8=306(LC 21), 6=306(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) *This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 8=115, 6=114.



MARNING - Verify design perameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTe&B connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Collaboration available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601 ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component



818 Soundside Road Edenton NC 27932

Truss Type Qty Ply Job Truss 154580960 V6 DO220721 Valley Job Reference (optional) 8.530 s Aug 11 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 6 07:03:22 2022 Page 1 Truss Builders, Inc., Morrisville, NC - 27560 ID:ARkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-pN69wC2?1Tfi7ZgeZ9KIOW0g8xQD4lL1QykDmGyWClp 7-7-10 Scale = 1:44.3 4x6 = 3 11.00 12 2x4 || 2x4 || 5 200 3x6 / 3x6 \ 8 10 6 2x4 || 2x4 || 2x4 || 15-3-0 LOADING (psf) CSI. DEFL L/d **PLATES** GRIP SPACING-(loc) I/defl TCLL (roof) 20.0 244/190 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.17 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 Snow (Pf) 15.0 1.15 BC 0.18 Vert(CT) 999 Lumber DOL n/a n/a TCDL 10.0 0.14 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 5 Horz(CT) 0.00 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 FT = 6% Code IBC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-R Weight: 70 lb BCDL 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

REACTIONS. All bearings 15-2-12.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-129(LC 6)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1 except 8=-133(LC 10), 6=-133(LC 11)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=357(LC 21), 8=382(LC 21), 6=382(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS 2-8=-258/171, 4-6=-257/171

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II: Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) *This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 8=133, 6=133.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or corb members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems. See ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information a valiable from Truss Plate Institute, 2570 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601.



Job Truss Truss Type Qty 154580961 V7 DO220721 Valley Job Reference (optional) Truss Builders, Inc. Morrisville, NC - 27560 8.530 s Aug 11 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 6 07:03:23 2022 Page 1 $ID: ARkWZsMr7hBo0uFk8hw2NPytwAU-HZgX7Y2donnZljFq7tr_xjZqqLmUpCwAfcTnJjyWClouble ArkWZsMr7hWZsMr$ 8-10-15 17-9-13 8-10-15 8-10-15 Scale = 1:49.4 4x6 = 11.00 12 2x4 || 2x4 || 3x6 // 3x6 \ 8 6 2x4 || 2x4 || 2x4 || 17-9-13 LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. (loc) l/defl L/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 0.24 1.15 TC Vert(LL) n/a 999 MT20 244/190 n/a Snow (Pf) 15.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.18 Vert(CT) 999 n/a n/a TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.18 Horz(CT) 0.00 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IBC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-R Weight: 84 lb FT = 6% 10.0 BCDL LUMBER-BRACING-2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. BOT CHORD BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3 REACTIONS. All bearings 17-9-4.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-151(LC 6)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1 except 8=-161(LC 10), 6=-161(LC 11)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=357(LC 24), 8=484(LC 21), 6=484(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS 2-8=-308/200, 4-6=-308/200

NOTES.

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 8=161, 6=161.



teters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 (ev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply 154580962 DO220721 V8GE Valley Job Reference (optional) 8.530 s Aug 11 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 6 07:03:24 2022 Page 1 Truss Builders, Inc. Morrisville, NC - 27560, 20-4-6 Scale = 1:56.6 4x6 = 11.00 12 3x6 / 3x6 \\ 14 12 10 9 3x6 =20-4-1 20-4-6 0-0-4 20-4-1 LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. in l/defl L/d **PLATES** GRIP (loc) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL TC 0.19 1.15 Vert(LL) 999 244/190 n/a MT20 n/a Snow (Pf) 15.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.17 Vert(CT) n/a nia 999 TCDL 10.0 0.15 Rep Stress Incr YES WB Horz(CT) 0.00 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 * Code IBC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-R Weight: 102 lb FT = 6% BCDL 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS 1 Row at midpt 4-10 REACTIONS. All bearings 20-3-13 Max Horz 1=-174(LC 6) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7 except 12=-135(LC 10), 13=-105(LC 10), 9=-135(LC 11),

8=-105(LC 11)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7 except 10=378(LC 24), 12=461(LC 21), 13=287(LC 21),

9=460(LC 22), 8=288(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

3-12=-275/185, 5-9=-275/184 **WEBS**

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1,33
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=15.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Fully Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 7 except (jt=lb) 12=135, 13=105, 9=135, 8=105.



A WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building C. ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

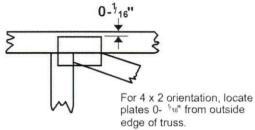


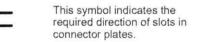
Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated.
Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths.
Apply plates to both sides of truss and fully embed teeth.





^{*} Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated.

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur. Min size shown is for crushing only.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal

Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

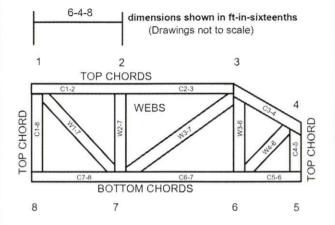
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.

BCSI:

Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate

Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ESR1988 ER-3907, ESR-2362, ESR-1397, ESR-3282

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

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MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI.
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- 5. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
- Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- 15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- 17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- 21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.