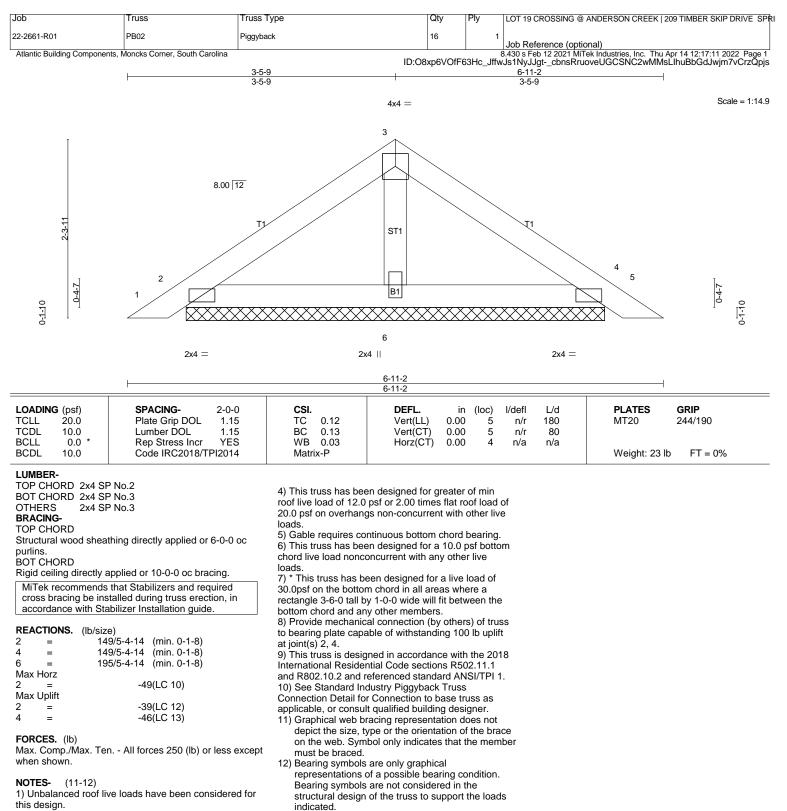


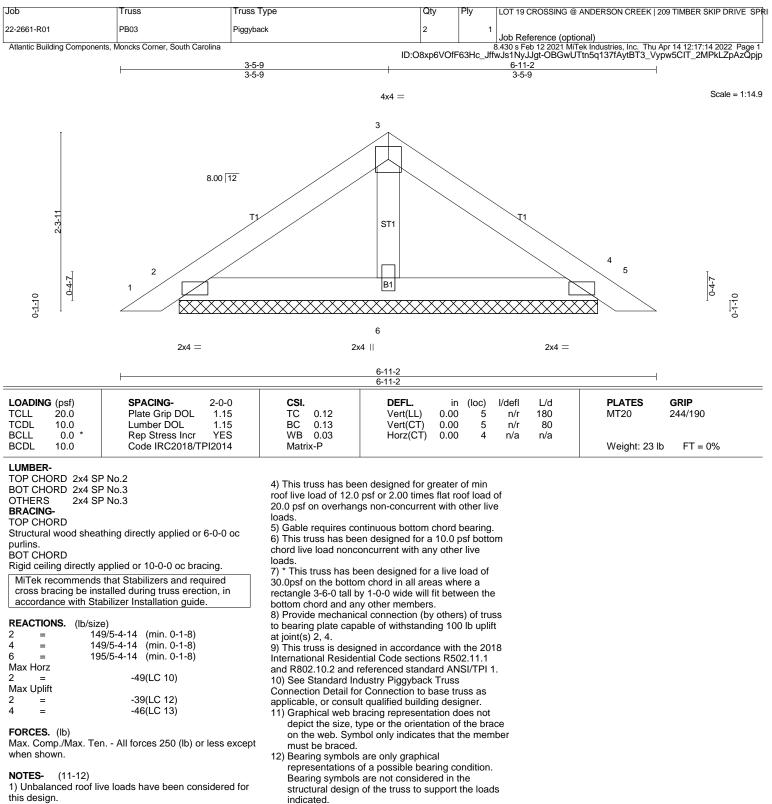
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 LOAD CASE(S)



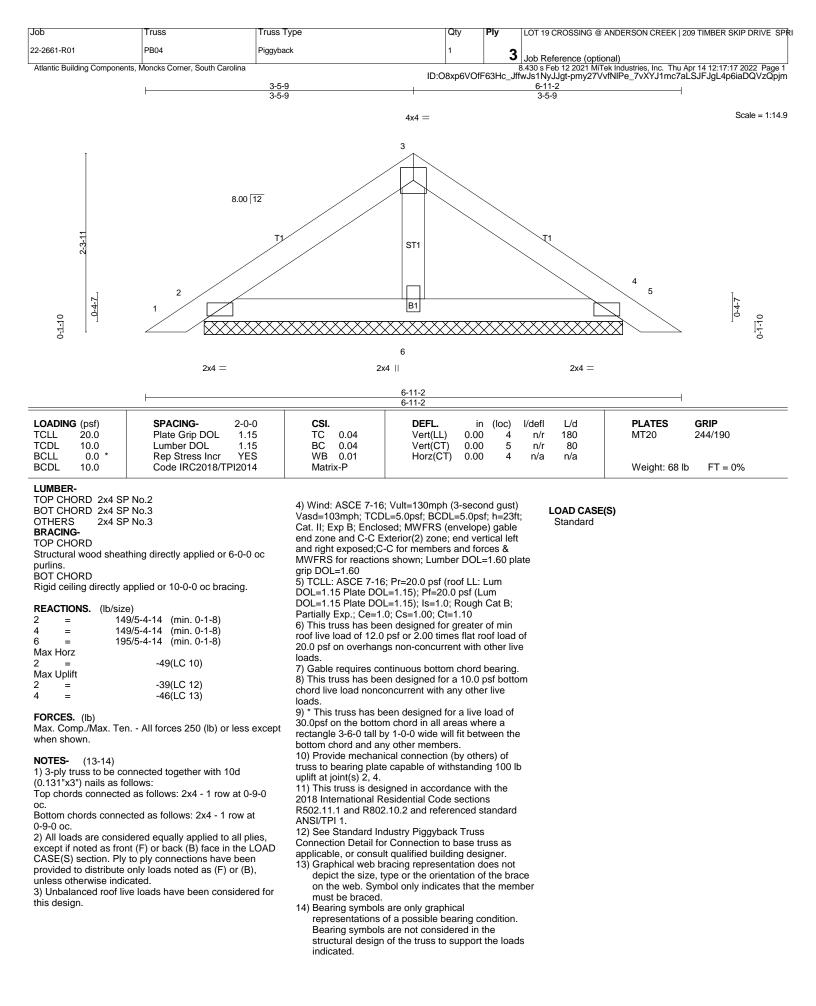
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

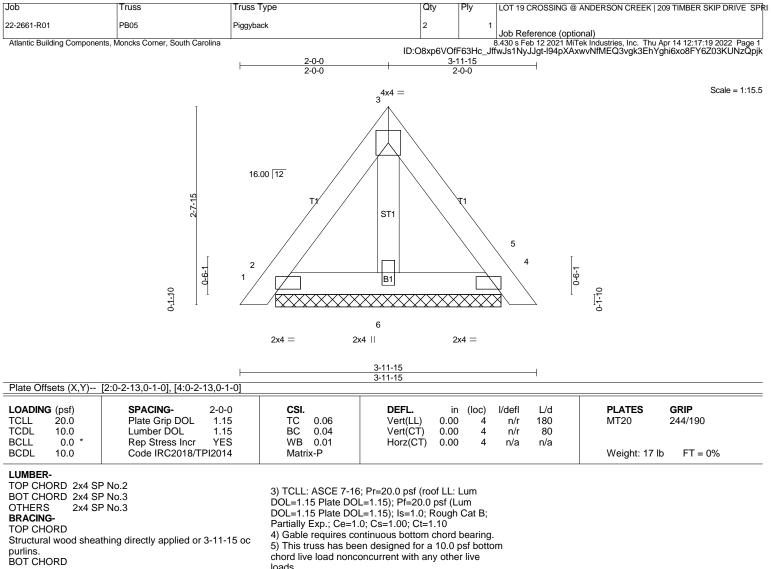
3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10



2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10





Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

2 =	98/3-0-6 (min. 0-1-8)
4 =	98/3-0-6 (min. 0-1-8)
6 =	83/3-0-6 (min. 0-1-8)
Max Horz	· · · · ·
2 =	-60(LC 10)
Max Uplift	
2 =	-29(LC 13)
4 =	-24(LC 12)
Max Grav	
2 =	98(LC 1)
4 =	98(LC 1)
6 =	91 (LC 5)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (10-11)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II: Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

loads.

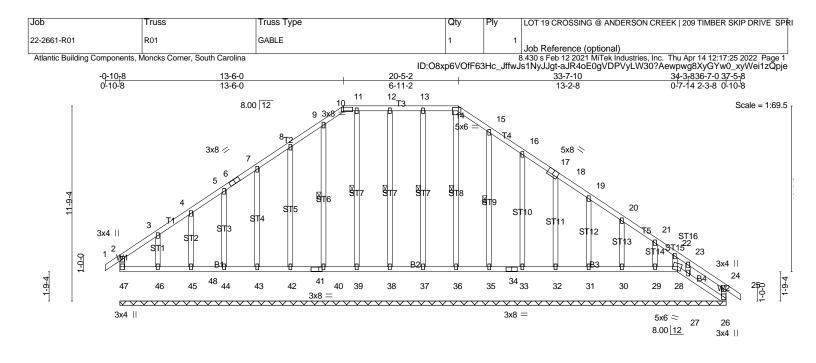
6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1. 9) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

- 10) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S)



	<u>33-7-10</u> 33-7-10	<u>34-3</u> -836-7-0 0 ¹ 7-14 2-3-8
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [10:0-6-8,0-2-8], [14:0-4-4,0-2-4], [17	7:0-4-0,Edge], [41:0-2-8,0-1-8]	
LOADING (psf) SPACING- 2-0-0 TCLL 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TCDL 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BCLL 0.0 * Rep Stress Incr YES BCDL 10.0 Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. DEFL. in (loc) TC 0.19 Vert(LL) 0.00 24 BC 0.16 Vert(CT) -0.00 24 WB 0.14 Horz(CT) 0.01 26 Matrix-R Image: Comparison of the second	l/defl L/d PLATES GRIP n/r 180 MT20 244/190 n/r 80 n/a n/a Weight: 273 lb FT = 0%

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.2BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.3WEBS2x4 SP No.3OTHERS2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing. WEBS

1 Row at midpt

13-37, 12-38, 11-39, 9-40, 14-36, 15-35

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 36-7-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 47=-272(LC 8) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 26, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, 35, 33, 32, 31, 30 except 47=-126(LC 8), 28=-171(LC 11), 46=-131(LC 12), 29=-106(LC 13), 27=-238(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 47, 26, 28, 37, 38, 40, 45, 46, 31, 30, 29 except 39=276(LC 23), 42=258(LC 20), 43=256(LC 20), 44=267(LC 20), 36=261(LC 23), 35=259(LC 21), 33=257(LC 21), 32=264(LC 21), 27=251(LC 25)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 8-9=-190/281, 9-10=-192/268,

10-11=-173/253, 11-12=-173/253,

TOP CHORD

8-9=-190/281, 9-10=-192/268, 10-11=-173/253, 11-12=-173/253, 12-13=-173/253, 13-14=-173/253, 14-15=-203/280

NOTES- (16-17)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min

roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
9) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).

10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

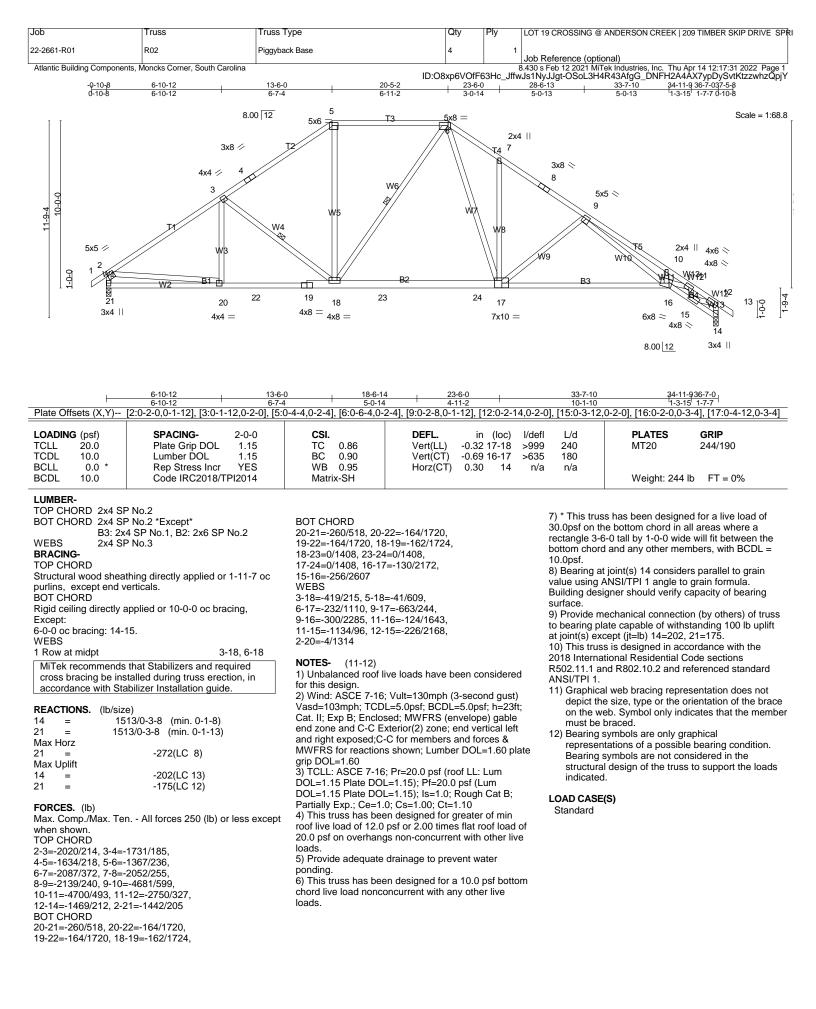
12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

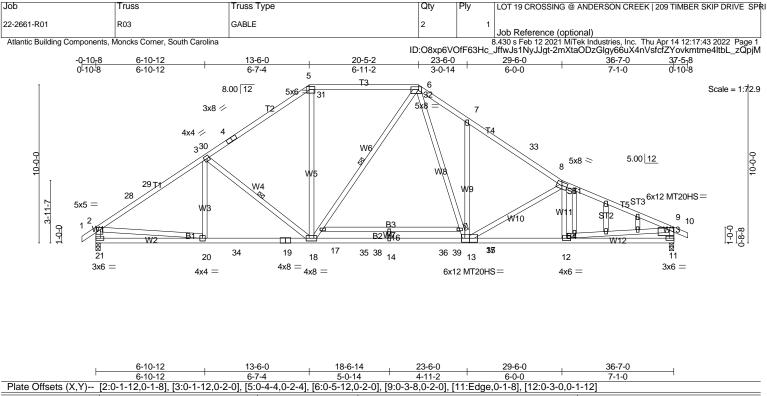
13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 26, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, 35, 33, 32, 31, 30 except (jt=lb) 47=126, 28=171, 46=131, 29=106, 27=238.

14) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 47, 28, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 36, 35, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 27.

15) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

- 16) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 17) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.





LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 MT20HS 187/143
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.96	Vert(LL) -0.59 15-16 >736 240	
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.92	Vert(CT) -0.92 13-14 >471 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.95	Horz(CT) 0.08 11 n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-SH		Weight: 254 lb FT = 0%

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.1 *Except*
	T3,T4: 2x4 SP SS, T5: 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP SS *Except*
	B1: 2x4 SP No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3 *Except*
	W8,W13,W12,W1,W2: 2x4 SP No.2
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3
BRACING-	

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing,

Except:

2-2-0 oc bracing: 18-20.

WEBS

1 Row at midpt 3-18, 6-18

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

21	=	1601/0-3-8	(min. 0-2-6)					
11	=	1605/0-3-8	(min. 0-2-1)					
Max H	lorz							
21	=	-25	3(LC 12)					
Max L	Jplift							
21	=	-13	2(LC 14)					
11	=	-155(LC 15)						
Max C	Grav		. ,					
21	=	202	27(LC 41)					
11	=	175	58(LC 49)					
			. ,					

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-28=-2757/126, 28-29=-2515/148, 3-29=-2483/150, 3-30=-2371/108, 4-30=-2356/112, 4-5=-2197/145,

Continued on page 2

TOP CHORD 2-28=-2757/126, 28-29=-2515/148, 3-29=-2483/150, 3-30=-2371/108, 4-30=-2356/112, 4-5=-2197/145, 5-31=-1838/175, 31-32=-1838/175, 6-32=-1838/175, 6-7=-2937/305, 7-33=-2817/158, 8-33=-2949/139, 8-9=-3251/201, 9-11=-1663/188, 2-21=-1953/165 BOT CHORD 20-21=-230/599, 20-34=-152/2305, 19-34=-152/2305, 18-19=-152/2305, 18-35=0/1751, 14-35=0/1751, 14-36=0/1751, 36-37=0/1751, 13-37=0/1751, 12-13=-117/2973, 11-12=-133/577 WEBS 3-18=-592/226, 5-18=0/874, 6-15=-211/1615, 13-15=-262/1486, 7-13=-609/226, 8-13=-848/207, 8-12=-266/54, 9-12=0/2616, 2-20=0/1824

NOTES- (15-16)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum

DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B;

- Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

8) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

9) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated. 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

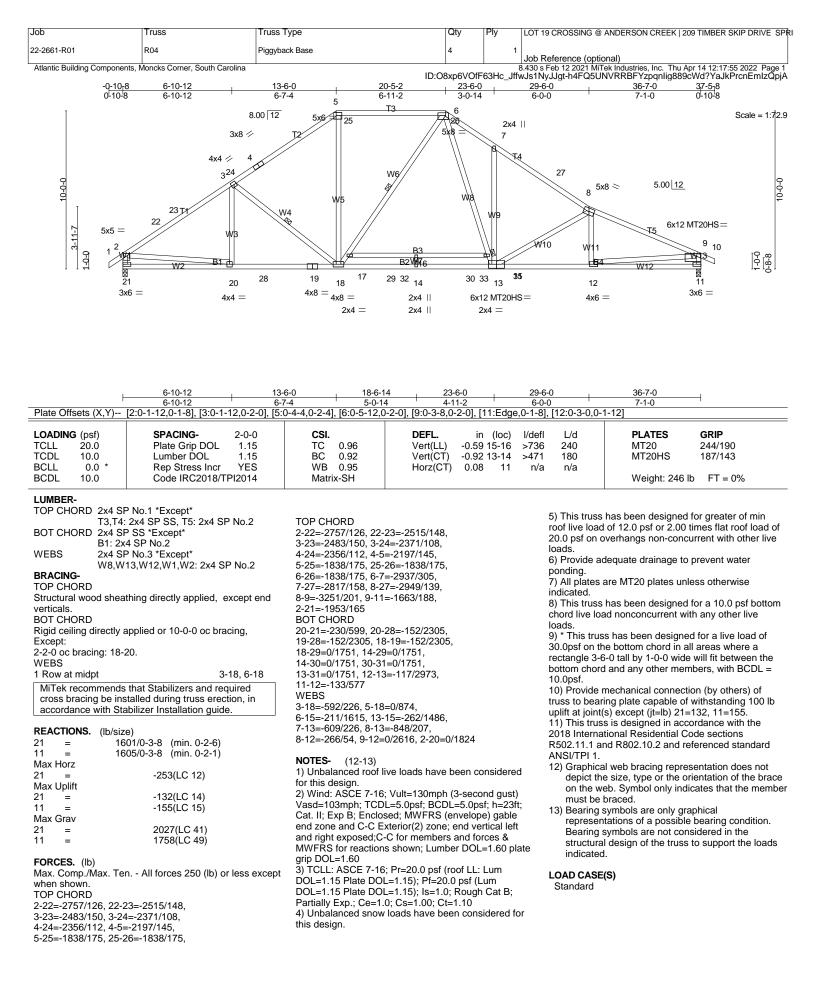
11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

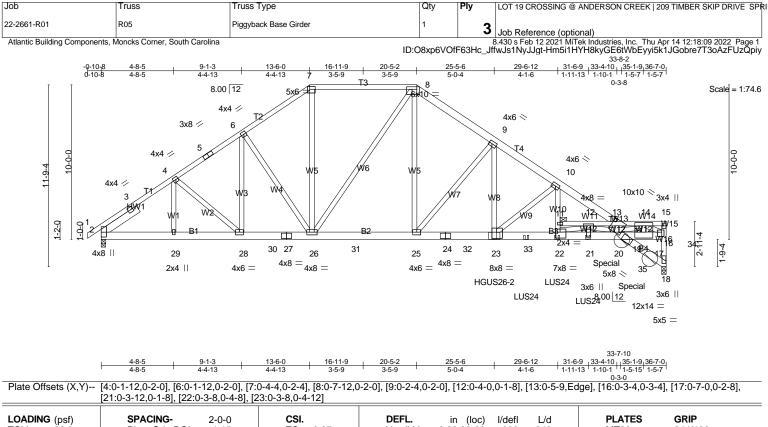
12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 21=132, 11=155.
14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

- 15) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 16) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 19 CROSSING @ ANDERSON CREEK 209 TIMBER SKIP DRIVE SPRI
22-2661-R01	R03	GABLE	2	1	Job Reference (optional)
Atlantic Building Components, N	Ioncks Corner, South Carolina		D:O8xp6V0		3.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Apr 14 12:17:43 2022 Page 2 JffwJs1NyJJgt-2mXtaODzGlgy66uX4nVsfcfZYovkmtme4ltbL_zQpjM





TCDL 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.87 Vert(CT) -0	-0.23 22-23 >999 240 -0.44 22-23 >984 180 0.28 18 n/a n/a	MT20 244/190 Weight: 920 lb FT = 0%
---	---	--

TOP CHORE	D 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*	
	T4: 2x6 SP No.2, T5: 2x4 SP SS	TOP CHORD
BOT CHORE	D 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*	2-3=-5024/545
	B3: 2x6 SP DSS	4-5=-5118/584
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3 *Except*	6-7=-5031/616
	W8,W14: 2x4 SP No.2	8-9=-6784/818
SLIDER		10-13=-15902/
Left 2x6 SP	No.2 - 2-10-1	13-14=-22651/
BRACING-		16-18=-7562/9
TOP CHORE)	BOT CHORD
Structural wo	bod sheathing directly applied or 3-5-10 oc	2-29=-479/395
purlins, exce	ept end verticals.	28-30=-434/42
BOT CHORE)	26-27=-434/42
Rigid ceiling	directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing,	25-31=-500/56
Except:		24-32=-1036/9
6-0-0 oc bra	zing: 18-19.	23-33=-1506/1
JOINTS		21-22=-2418/2
1 Brace at Jt	(s): 11, 17	19-20=-1509/1
		17-34=-1489/1
REACTIONS		WEBS
18 =	7646/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-7)	4-28=-177/460
2 =	3421/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)	7-26=-276/252
Max Horz		8-25=-650/553
2 =	273(LC 35)	9-23=-890/789
Max Uplift		11-22=-557/45
18 =	-959(LC 11)	14-17=-138/11
2 =	-395(LC 10)	12-21=-138/10

= FORCES. (lb)

Max Grav

18

2

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-5024/545, 3-4=-4964/561, 4-5=-5118/584, 5-6=-5068/598, 6-7=-5031/616, 7-8=-4166/553 8-9=-6784/818, 9-10=-12035/1385,

7792(LC 3)

3459(LC 3)

Continued on page 2

5, 3-4=-4964/561, 4. 5-6=-5068/598 6, 7-8=-4166/553, 8, 9-10=-12035/1385 2/1849, 12-13=-10913/1429, 1/2740, 14-15=-1092/135, 951 53, 28-29=-479/3953, 250, 27-30=-434/4250, 250, 26-31=-500/5670, 670, 24-25=-1036/9971, 9971, 23-32=-1036/9971 13076, 22-33=-1506/13076, 20028, 20-21=-2418/20028, (11991, 17-19=-1489/11908, 11908, 16-34=-1489/11908 0, 6-26=-460/264, 22, 8-26=-2693/388, 38, 9-25=-6816/926, 96, 10-23=-4031/610 597, 10-11=-573/4738. 146, 14-16=-12742/1568, 12-21=-138/1090. 12-22=-7327/962. 13-20=-8523/1036, 12-20=-557/4263, 14-20=-1388/11706

NOTES-(18-19)

1) 3-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows: Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-7-0 oc, 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc. Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc. Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc, Except member 9-23 2x4 - 2 rows staggered at 0-5-0 oc 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated. 3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design. 4) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 5) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads 7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads

9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 19 CROSSING @ ANDERSON CREEK 209 TIMBER SKIP DRIVE SPRI
22-2661-R01	R05	Piggyback Base Girder	1	3	Job Reference (optional)
Atlantic Building Components, N	loncks Corner, South Carolina	ID:	O8xp6VC		.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Apr 14 12:18:10 2022 Page 2 IffwJs1NyJJgt-Izf5EcYvv147rGSj9xUBFJHB3g8qa5McISwXnwzQpix

NOTES- (18-19)

10) Bearing at joint(s) 18 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 18=959, 2=395.

12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

14) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HGUS26-2 (20-16d Girder, 8-16d Truss) or equivalent at 25-5-6 from the left end to connect truss(es) R22 (2 ply 2x6 SP) to back face of bottom chord.

15) Use Simpson Strong-Tie LUS24 (4-10d Girder, 2-10d Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 27-6-4 from the left end to 31-6-4 to connect truss(es) R21 (1 ply 2x4 SP), R20 (1 ply 2x4 SP), R18 (1 ply 2x4 SP) to back face of bottom

chord. 16) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with

lumber. 17) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be

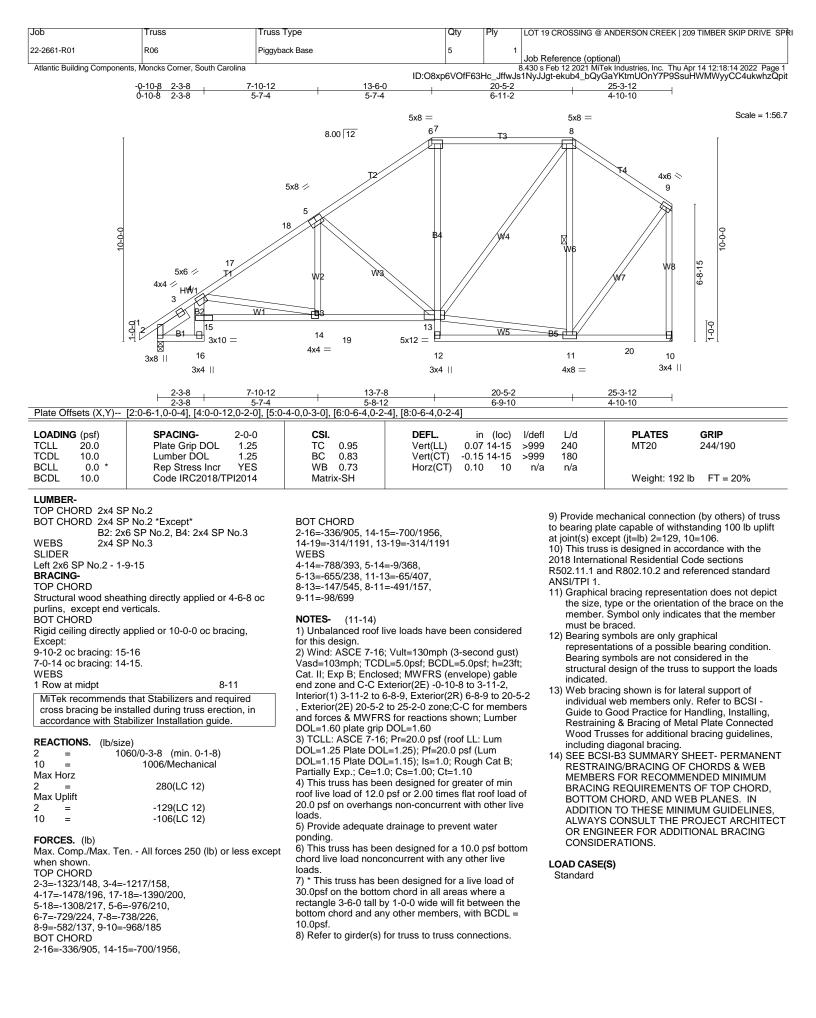
provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 675 Ib down and 122 lb up at 33-8-7, and 634 lb down and 93 lb up at 35-6-4 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the

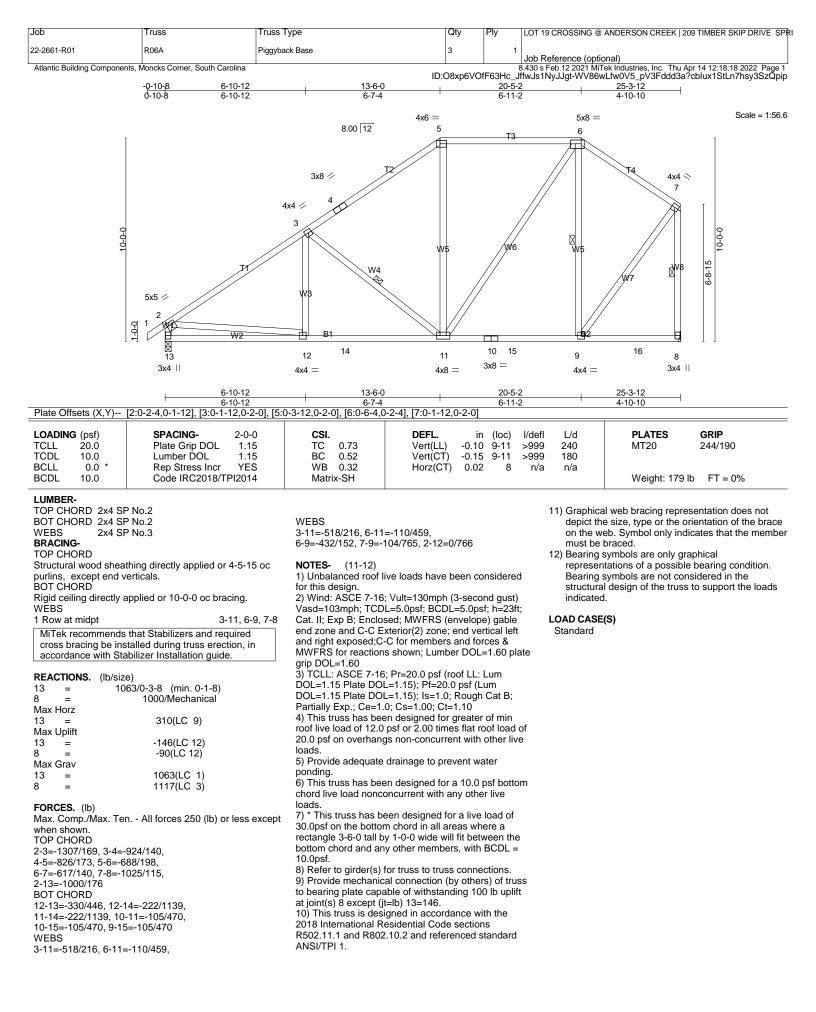
responsibility of others.

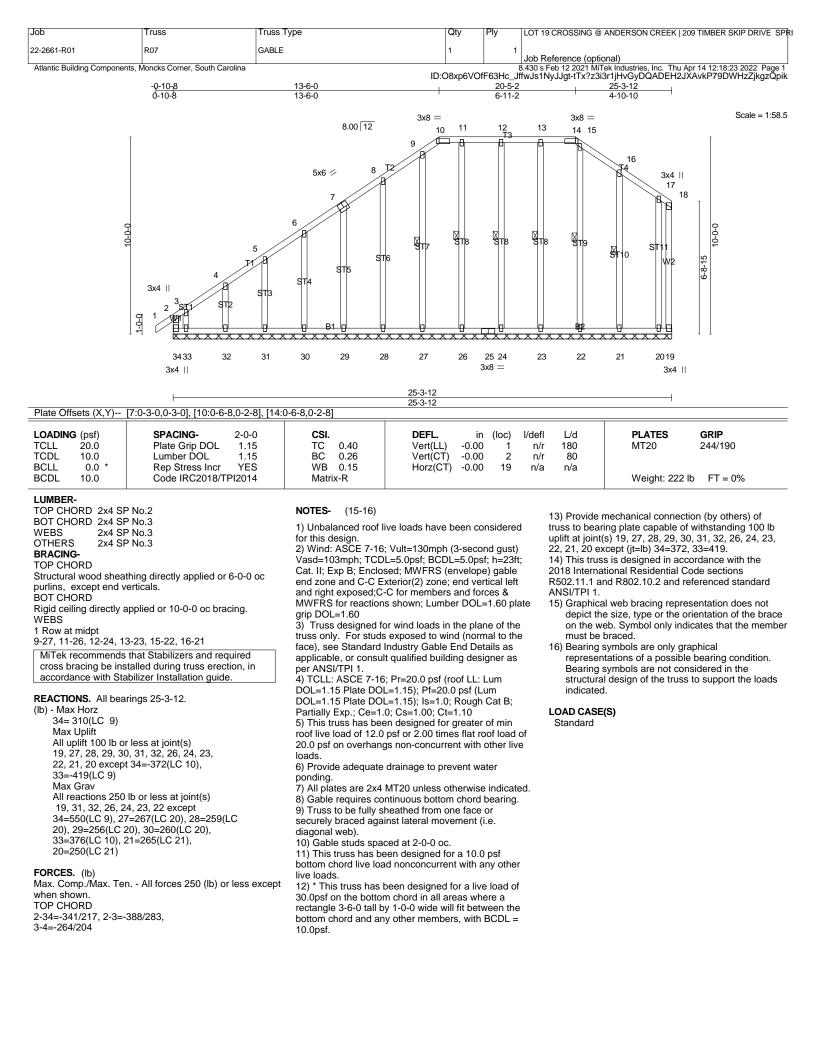
- 18) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 19) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S)

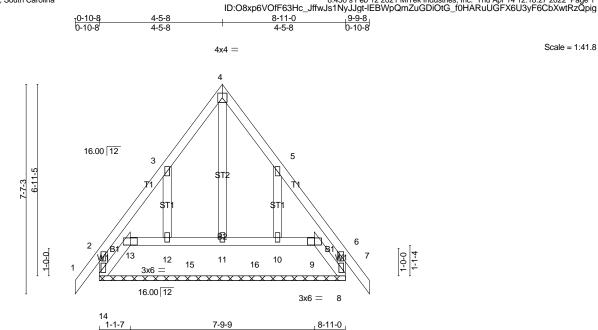
- Standard 1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
- Uniform Loads (plf)
- Vert: 1-7=-60, 7-8=-60, 8-13=-60, 13-15=-60, 2-19=-20, 18-19=-20
- Concentrated Loads (lb)
- Vert: 19=-633(B) 23=-4932(B) 22=-633(B) 21=-633(B) 33=-633(B) 34=-634(B)







Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 19 CROSSING @ ANDERSON CREEK 209 TIMBER SKIP DRIVE SPRI
22-2661-R01	R08	Roof Special Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)
Atlantic Building Components					9 420 s Ech 12 2021 MiTok Industries Inc. Thu Apr 14 12:19:27 2022 Page 1



		1-1-7	6-8-2	' 1-1-7 '	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.14 BC 0.18	DEFL. Vert(LL) -0.0 Vert(CT) -0.0		PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	WB 0.21 Matrix-R	Horz(CŤ) 0.0	00 8 n/a n/a	Weight: 61 lb FT = 0%

TOP CHORD	2x4	SP	No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4	SP	No.3
WEBS	2x4	SP	No.3
OTHERS	2x4	SP	No.3
BRACING-			

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 8-11-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 14=-207(LC 10) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 9 except 14=-264(LC 8), 8=-108(LC 12), 13=-162(LC 11), 12=-199(LC 12), 10=-197(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 8, 13, 9, 10 except 14=315(LC 21), 11=334(LC 23), 12=253(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown TOP CHORD 3-4=-254/273, 4-5=-254/273 WEBS 4-11=-380/288, 3-12=-268/224, 5-10=-268/222

NOTES- (15-16)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated. 7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing. 8) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e.
- diagonal web). 9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10 0nsf

12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 9 except (jt=lb) 14=264, 8=108, 13=162, 12=199, 10=197.

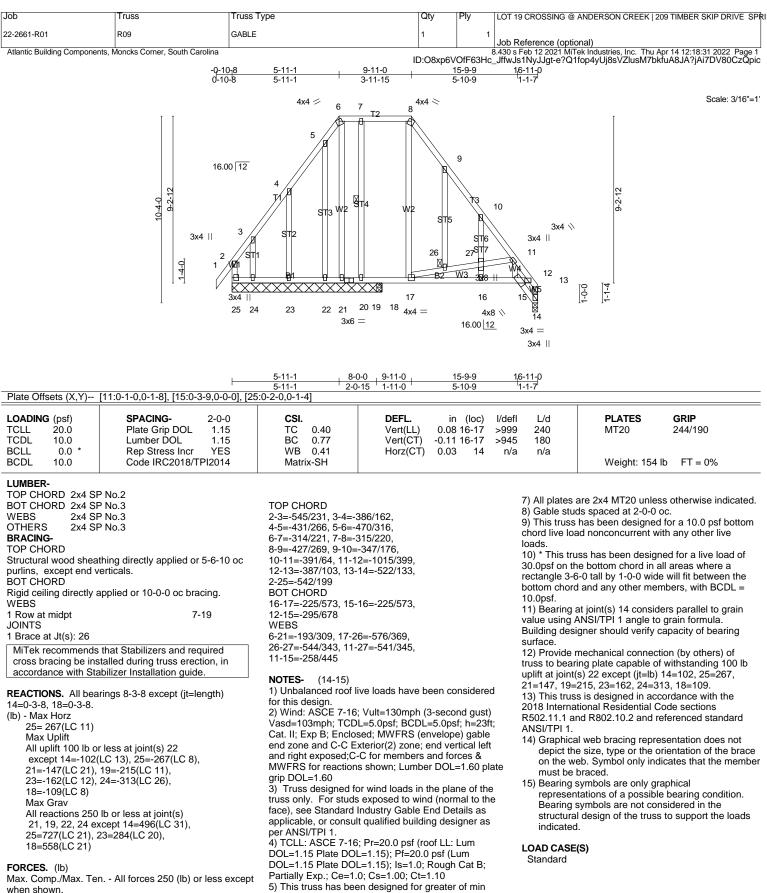
13) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 13, 9, 11, 12, 10.

14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

15) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

Scale = 1.41.8

16) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.



5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

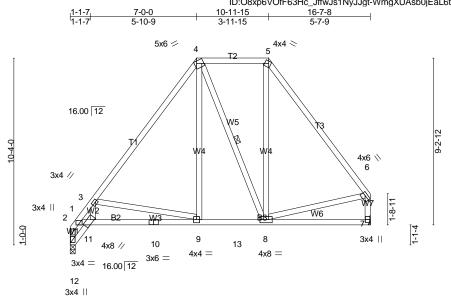
TOP CHORD

2-3=-545/231, 3-4=-386/162,

4-5=-431/266, 5-6=-470/316,

6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water





1-1-7 1-1-7 7-0-0 10-11-15 16-7-8 5-10-9 3-11-15 5-7-9 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-2-9,Edge], [3:0-1-0,0-1-8], [4:0-1-8,0-1-8], [5:0-1-8,0-1-8], [6:0-2-4,0-1-8], [11:0-0-1,Edge]

LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.56	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d Vert(LL) -0.04 9-11 >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.37	Vert(CT) -0.09 9-11 >999 180	
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	WB 0.45 Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.04 7 n/a n/a	Weight: 126 lb FT = 0%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-7-15 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 8-4-1 oc bracing. WĚBS 4-8

1 Row at midpt

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

12 =	653/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)
7 =	653/Mechanical
Max Horz	
12 =	259(LC 9)
Max Uplift	
12 =	-55(LC 13)
7 =	-74(LC 12)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown TOP CHORD 1-12=-857/292, 1-2=-642/220, 2-3=-1329/331, 3-4=-661/163, 4-5=-380/189, 5-6=-604/147, 6-7=-598/123 BOT CHORD

11-12=-445/451, 2-11=-330/933, 10-11=-491/1028, 9-10=-491/1028,

9-13=-129/390, 8-13=-129/390

WEBS

3-11=-222/542. 3-9=-656/503.

4-9=-61/312, 6-8=-98/295

NOTES- (11-12)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water

ponding. 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom

chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads

6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 8) Bearing at joint(s) 12 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 12, 7.

10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

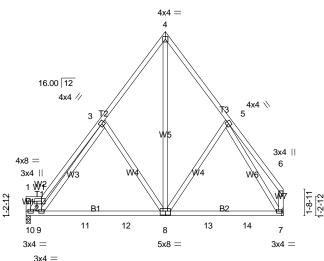
11) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

Scale: 3/16"=1

12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S)

- [Job	Truss	Truss Type			Qty	Ply	LOT 19 CROSSING @ ANDERSON CREEK 209 TIMBER SKIP DRIVE SPRI
		R11	Roof Special			1	1	Job Reference (optional)
	Atlantic Building Components, M	Ioncks Corner, South Carolina						3.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Apr 14 12:18:38 2022 Page 1
	0 1 1					ID:08xp6VC	DfF63Hc Jf	ffwJs1NyJJqt-xLLq7BuTJec8CZb5oq mODR6fyjv8omkkpi?mIzQpiV
			1-0-0	5-0-0	8-11-15	12-11-15	16-7	7-8
			1-0-0	4-0-0	4-0-0	4-0-0	3-7	'-9
						4x4 =		Scale = 1:74.4
						$4x4 \equiv$		Ocale = 1.74.4



<u>1-0-0</u> <u>1-0-0</u> Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-5-4,0-2-0], [7:0-1-12,0-1-8], [8:0-4-0,0-3-0]

11-10-11

LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.32	Vert(LL) -0.14 8-9 >999 240	
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.70	Vert(CT) -0.25 8-9 >785 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.74	Horz(CT) 0.01 7 n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-SH		Weight: 128 lb $FT = 0\%$

16-7-8

7-7-8

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-10-3 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

10	=	653/0-3-8	(min. 0-1-8)
7	=	653/	Mechanical
Max I	Horz		
10	=	30	00(LC 9)
Max I	Uplift		
10	=	-8-	9(LC 13)
7	=	-10	02(LC 12)
Max (Grav		
10	=	72	27(LC 20)
7	=	75	55(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-1332/267, 3-4=-603/248, 4-5=-588/245 BOT CHORD 9-10=-130/901, 9-11=-146/539, 11-12=-146/539, 8-12=-146/539, 8-13=-26/361, 13-14=-26/361, 7-14=-26/361 WEBS

2-10=-1046/34, 2-9=-429/257,

3-9=-128/763, 3-8=-341/269,

4-8=-291/655, 5-8=-226/255, 5-7=-584/64

WEBS 2-10=-1046/34, 2-9=-429/257, 3-9=-128/763, 3-8=-341/269, 4-8=-291/655, 5-8=-226/255,

8-11-15

5-7=-584/64

NOTES- (10-11)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum

DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water

ponding.

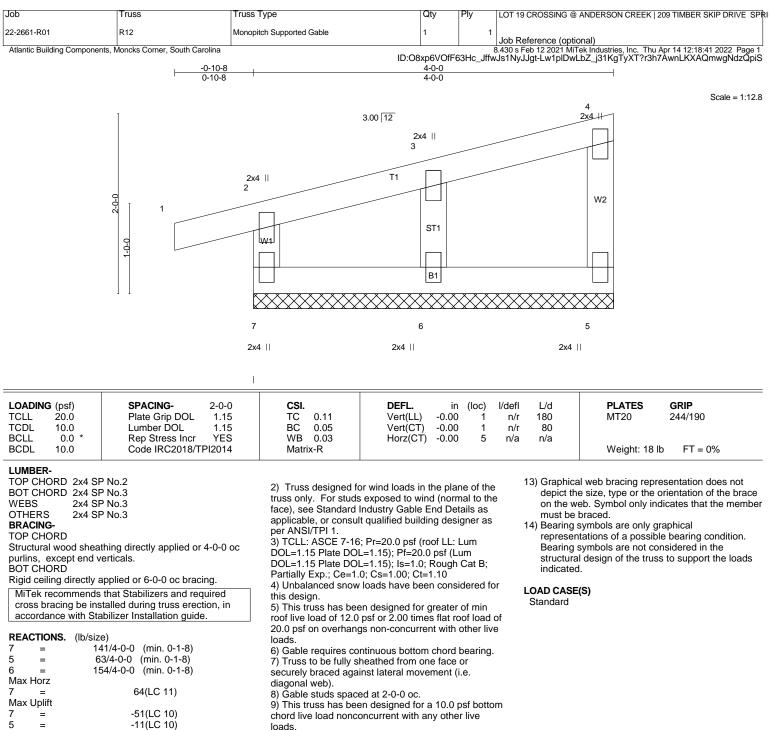
5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10 except (jt=lb) 7=102.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1. 10) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.



6 = -40(LC 14) Max Grav 190(LC 21) 7 = 81(LC 21) 5 = 6 196(LC 21) =

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

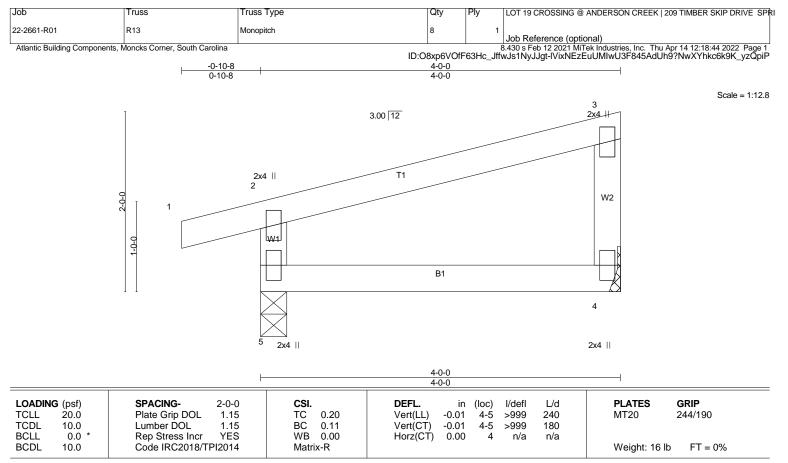
NOTES-(13-14)

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7, 5, 6.

12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 WEBS BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in

accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

4 =	140/Mechanical
5 =	218/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)
Max Horz	
5 =	64(LC 11)
Max Uplift	
4 =	-31(LC 14)
5 =	-69(LC 10)
Max Grav	
4 =	179(LC 21)
5 =	288(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown TOP CHORD

2-5=-257/90

NOTES-(10-11)

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOI = 1.60

2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B;

Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

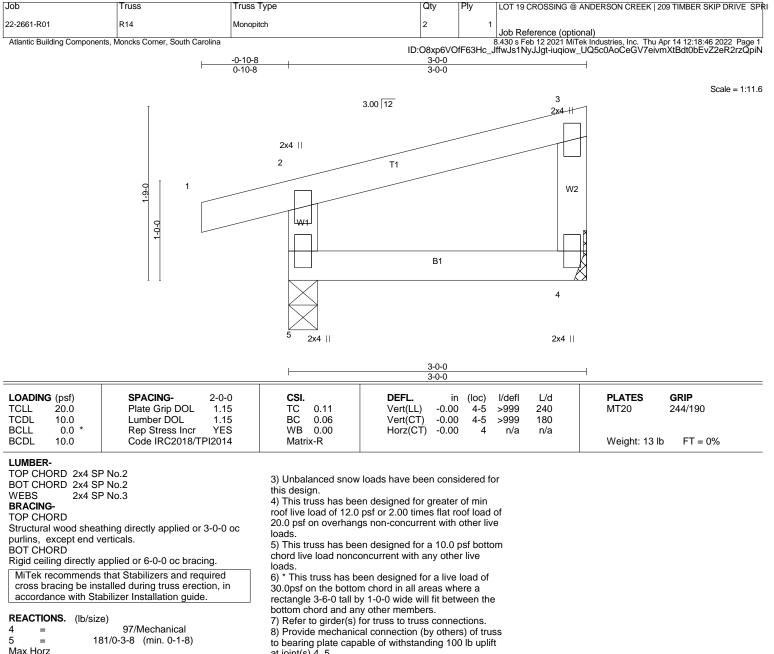
6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at ioint(s) 4.5.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1

- and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1. 10) Graphical web bracing representation does not
 - depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S)



Max Horz	
5 =	55(LC 13)
Max Uplift	
4 =	-21(LC 14)
5 =	-63(LC 10)
Max Grav	
4 =	121(LC 21)
5 =	234(LC 21)
	()

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown

NOTES- (10-11)

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16: Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

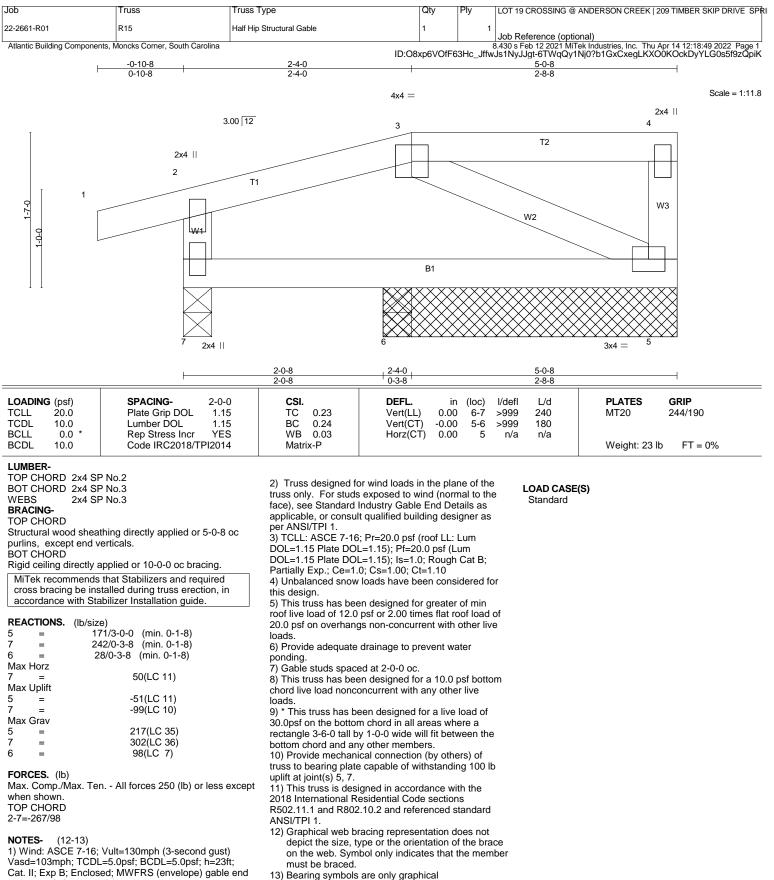
at joint(s) 4, 5.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

10) Graphical web bracing representation does not

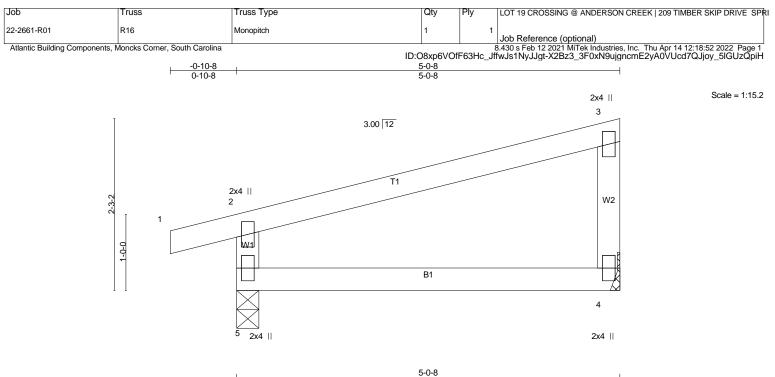
- depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S)



3) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

 Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60



	5-0-8				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.36 BC 0.20	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d Vert(LL) -0.02 4-5 >999 240 Vert(CT) -0.04 4-5 >999 180	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190	
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	WB 0.00 Matrix-R	Horz(CT) 0.00 4 n/a n/a	Weight: 20 lb FT = 0%	

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-8 oc

purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

4 =	183/Mechanical
5 =	258/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)
Max Horz	
5 =	74(LC 11)
Max Uplif	t
4 =	-41(LC 14)
5 =	-75(LC 10)
Max Grav	,
4 =	237(LC 21)
5 =	341(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

2-5=-305/104

NOTES- (10-11)

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B;

Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

4) This truss has been designed for greater of min

roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

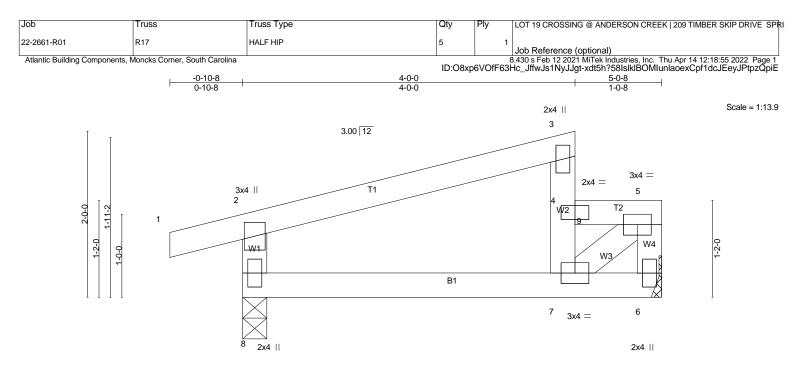
6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

 Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
 Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 5.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1

- and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1. 10) Graphical web bracing representation does not
- depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S)



			4-0-0 4-0-0		5-0-8 1-0-8
LOADING (psf) TCLL 40.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.00 Lumber DOL 1.00 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.65 BC 0.25 WB 0.20 Matrix-SH	Vert(LL) -0.01	loc) l/defl L/d 7-8 >999 480 7-8 >999 360 6 n/a n/a 7 >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 22 lb FT = 0%

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.2BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.2WEBS2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-8 oc purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required

cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

6	=	491/Mechanical
8	=	307/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)
Max	Horz	
8	=	72(LC 11)
Max	Uplift	
8	=	-24(LC 10)
Max	Grav	
6	=	582(LC 2)
8	=	447(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-296/0, 4-7=-304/0, 4-9=-384/0,

5-9=-384/0, 5-6=-523/0, 2-8=-379/122 WEBS 5-7=0/423

NOTES- (13-14)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 4-10-12 zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=40.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.00 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

 Perfer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
 Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8.

11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

12) Load case(s) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52 has/have been modified. Building designer must review loads to verify that they are correct for the intended use of this truss.

- 13) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 14) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S)

Standard

- Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-3=-60, 4-9=-60, 5-9=-140, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)
- Vert: 9=-300
- 2) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.00, Plate Increase=1.00 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-100, 2-3=-100, 4-9=-100, 5-9=-180, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 9=-300

- 3) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.00, Plate Increase=1.00 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-80, 2-3=-80, 4-9=-80, 5-9=-160, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)
- Vert: 9=-300
 4) Dead + 0.75 Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-50, 2-3=-50, 4-9=-50, 5-9=-130, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300

5) Dead + 0.75 Snow (Unbal. Left): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-56, 2-3=-56, 4-9=-29, 5-9=-109, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 19 CROSSING @ ANDERSON CREEK 209 TIMBER SKIP DRIVE SPRI
22-2661-R01	R17	HALF HIP	5	1	Job Reference (optional)
				3.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Apr 14 12:18:56 2022 Page 2 vJs1NyJJgt-PpRUuL6m3AtbMKzZrcI_6?B6yD_GM3ZNtc3yPFzQpiD	

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 6) Dead + 0.75 Snow (Unbal. Right): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-29, 2-3=-29, 4-9=-62, 5-9=-142, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 7) Dead + Uninhabitable Attic Without Storage: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-3=-20, 4-9=-20, 5-9=-100, 6-8=-40 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 8) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Pos. Internal) Case 1: Lumber Increase=1.60. Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=56, 2-3=47, 4-9=47, 5-9=-33, 6-8=-10 Horz: 1-2=-66, 2-3=-57, 3-4=-48, 5-6=37, 2-8=-37 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 9) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Neg. Internal) Case 1: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=0, 2-3=-45, 4-9=-45, 5-9=-125, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-20, 2-3=25, 3-4=30, 5-6=-34, 2-8=34 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 10) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) Left: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=38, 2-3=26, 4-9=10, 5-9=-70, 6-8=-10 Horz: 1-2=-48, 2-3=-36, 3-4=9, 5-6=19, 2-8=15 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 11) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) Right: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

- Vert: 1-2=8, 2-3=13, 4-9=26, 5-9=-54, 6-8=-10 Horz: 1-2=-18, 2-3=-23, 3-4=-24, 5-6=-15, 2-8=-19 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300
- 12) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) Left: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=11, 2-3=6, 4-9=-10, 5-9=-90, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-31, 2-3=-26, 3-4=30, 5-6=9, 2-8=25 Concentrated Loads (lb)
- Vert: 9=-300 13) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) Right: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-2, 2-3=-7, 4-9=6, 5-9=-74, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-18, 2-3=-13, 3-4=-3, 5-6=-25, 2-8=-9 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300
- 14) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 1st Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=21, 2-3=26, 4-9=10, 5-9=-70, 6-8=-10 Horz: 1-2=-31, 2-3=-36, 3-4=-41, 5-6=17, 2-8=12 Concentrated Loads (lb)
- Vert: 9=-300
- 15) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 2nd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=5, 2-3=10, 4-9=26, 5-9=-54, 6-8=-10 Horz: 1-2=-15, 2-3=-20, 3-4=-26, 5-6=-12, 2-8=-17 Concentrated Loads (lb)
- Vert: 9=-300 16) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 3rd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60. Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=21, 2-3=26, 4-9=10, 5-9=-70, 6-8=-10 Horz: 1-2=-31, 2-3=-36, 3-4=-41, 5-6=17, 2-8=12
- Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300

Continued on page 3

Standard Standard 17) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 4th Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=5, 2-3=10, 4-9=26, 5-9=-54, 6-8=-10 Horz: 1-2=-15, 2-3=-20, 3-4=-26, 5-6=-12, 2-8=-17 28) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 18) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) 1st Vert: 1-2=-57, 2-3=-61, 4-9=-72, 5-9=-152, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-23, 2-3=-19, 3-4=23, 5-6=6, 2-8=19 Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=11, 2-3=6, 4-9=-10, 5-9=-90, 6-8=-20 29) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Horz: 1-2=-31, 2-3=-26, 3-4=-20, 5-6=7, 2-8=23 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 19) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) 2nd Vert: 1-2=-67, 2-3=-70, 4-9=-61, 5-9=-141, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-13, 2-3=-10, 3-4=-3, 5-6=-19, 2-8=-6 Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-5, 2-3=-10, 4-9=6, 5-9=-74, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-15, 2-3=-10, 3-4=-5, 5-6=-23, 2-8=-7 Vert: 9=-300 30) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 20) Dead + Snow on Overhangs: Lumber Vert: 1-2=-57, 2-3=-61, 4-9=-72, 5-9=-152, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-23, 2-3=-19, 3-4=-15, 5-6=5, 2-8=17 Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-100, 2-3=-20, 4-9=-20, 5-9=-100, 6-8=-20 31) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 21) Dead + Snow (Unbal. Left): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-68, 2-3=-68, 4-9=-32, 5-9=-112, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 22) Dead + Snow (Unbal. Right): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-32, 2-3=-32, 4-9=-76, 5-9=-156, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 23) Dead: Lumber Increase=0.90, Plate Increase=0.90 Plt. metal=0.90 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-3=-20, 4-9=-20, 5-9=-100, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 24) Dead + 0.75 Snow (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Left): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-27, 2-3=-31, 4-9=-42, 5-9=-122, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-23, 2-3=-19, 3-4=23, 5-6=6, 2-8=19 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 25) Dead + 0.75 Snow (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Right): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-37, 2-3=-40, 4-9=-31, 5-9=-111, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-13, 2-3=-10, 3-4=-3, 5-6=-19, 2-8=-6 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 26) Dead + 0.75 Snow (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-27, 2-3=-31, 4-9=-42, 5-9=-122, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-23, 2-3=-19, 3-4=-15, 5-6=5, 2-8=17 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Wind (Neg. Int) 2nd Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-69, 2-3=-72, 4-9=-61, 5-9=-141, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-11, 2-3=-8, 3-4=-4, 5-6=-17, 2-8=-5 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 32) Dead + Minimum Snow: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-3=-60, 4-9=-60, 5-9=-140, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 33) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind Min. Down: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=6, 2-3=-26, 4-9=-26, 5-9=-106, 6-8=-10 Horz: 1-2=-16, 2-3=16, 3-4=16, 5-6=-16, 2-8=16 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 34) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind Min. Upward: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=6, 2-3=6, 4-9=6, 5-9=-74, 6-8=-10 Horz: 1-2=-16, 2-3=-16, 3-4=-16, 5-6=16, 2-8=-16 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 35) 3rd Unbal.Dead + Snow (balanced) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-32, 2-3=-32, 4-9=-89, 5-9=-169, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 36) 4th Unbal.Dead + Snow (balanced) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-89, 2-3=-89, 4-9=-32, 5-9=-112, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 37) 5th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (balanced) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-29, 2-3=-29, 4-9=-72, 5-9=-152, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300

Vert: 1-2=-39, 2-3=-42, 4-9=-31, 5-9=-111, 6-8=-20

Wind (Neg. Int) Left): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate

Horz: 1-2=-11, 2-3=-8, 3-4=-4, 5-6=-17, 2-8=-5

Wind (Neg. Int) Right): Lumber Increase=1.60,

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Wind (Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber

Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60

Vert: 9=-300

Increase=1.60

Vert: 9=-300

Uniform Loads (plf)

Plate Increase=1.60

Uniform Loads (plf)

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 9=-300

27) Dead + 0.75 Snow (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 2nd Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 9=-300

38) 6th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (balanced) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 19 CROSSING @ ANDERSON CREEK 209 TIMBER SKIP DRIVE SPRI
22-2661-R01	R17	HALF HIP	5	1	
					Job Reference (optional)
Atlantic Building Components	Joneks Corner, South Carolina			6	2 430 s Eab 12 2021 MiTak Industrias Inc. Thu Apr 14 12:19:56 2022 Page 2

Vert: 1-2=-89, 2-3=-89, 4-9=-32, 5-9=-112, 6-8=-20

Building Components, Moncks Corner, South Carolina 8430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Apr 14 12:18:56 2022 Page 3 ID:O8xp6VOfF63Hc_JffwJs1NyJJgt-PpRUuL6m3AtbMKzZrcl_6?B6yD_GM3ZNtc3yPFzQpiD

Vert: 9=-300

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Standard

LOAD CASE(S) Standard
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-72, 2-3=-72, 4-9=-29, 5-9=-109, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300
39) 7th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Left) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-6, 2-3=-10, 4-9=-64, 5-9=-144, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-23, 2-3=-19, 3-4=23, 5-6=6, 2-8=19 Concentrated Loads (lb)
Vert: 9=-300 40) 8th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Left) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-49, 2-3=-53, 4-9=-21, 5-9=-101, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-23, 2-3=-19, 3-4=23, 5-6=6, 2-8=19 Concentrated Loads (lb)
Vert: 9=-300 41) 9th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Right) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-16, 2-3=-19, 4-9=-53, 5-9=-133, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-13, 2-3=-10, 3-4=-3, 5-6=-19, 2-8=-6 Concentrated Loads (lb)
 Vert: 9=-300 42) 10th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Right) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-2=-58, 2 ⁻ 3 ² -62, 4-9=-10, 5-9=-90, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-13, 2-3=-10, 3-4=-3, 5-6=-19, 2-8=-6 Concentrated Loads (lb)
Vert: 9=-300 43) 11th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWERS Wind (Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber

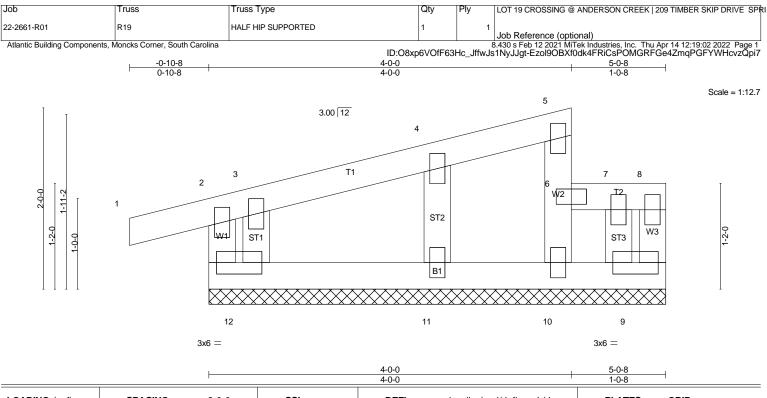
- 43) 11th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-6, 2-3=-10, 4-9=-64, 5-9=-144, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-23, 2-3=-19, 3-4=-15, 5-6=5, 2-8=17 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300
- 44) 12th Unbal Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-49, 2-3=-53, 4-9=-21, 5-9=-101, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-23, 2-3=-19, 3-4=-15, 5-6=5, 2-8=17 Concentrated Loads (lb)
- Vert: 9=-300 45) 13th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 2nd Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-18, 2-3=-21, 4-9=-53, 5-9=-133, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-11, 2-3=-8, 3-4=-4, 5-6=-17, 2-8=-5 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300
- 46) 14th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 2nd Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-61, 2-3=-64, 4-9=-10, 5-9=-90, 6-8=-20 Horz: 1-2=-11, 2-3=-8, 3-4=-4, 5-6=-17, 2-8=-5 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300
- 47) 15th Unbal.Dead + Minimum Snow + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)
 Vert: 1-2=-32, 2-3=-32, 4-9=-89, 5-9=-169, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)
 Vert: 9=-300
- 48) 16th Unbal.Dead + Minimum Snow + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

49) 1st Dead + Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.00, Plate Increase=1.00 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-100, 2-3=-100, 4-9=-20, 5-9=-100, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 50) 2nd Dead + Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.00, Plate Increase=1.00 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-3=-20, 4-9=-100, 5-9=-180, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 51) 3rd Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.00, Plate Increase=1.00 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-80, 2-3=-80, 4-9=-20, 5-9=-100, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300 52) 4th Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber

52) 4th Dead + 0.75 Root Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.00, Plate Increase=1.00 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-3=-20, 4-9=-80, 5-9=-160, 6-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-300

Job	Truss	Truss Ty	pe	Qty	Ply	LOT	19 CROSSING @ /	ANDERSON CREEK 20	9 TIMBER SKIP DRIVE SP
2-2661-R01	R18	Roof Spe	cial	1			Reference (optio	nal)	
Atlantic Building Compo	nents, Moncks Corner, South C	arolina				8.430 s	s Feb 12 2021 MiTe	ek Industries, Inc. Thu Ap	r 14 12:18:59 2022 Page 1 QvYZGLqZaHd0azQpi/
		2.	-0-0 5-6-0 -0-0 3-6-0	8-11-15 12-5	5-15	16-7-8			
		- 2-	-0-0 3-6-0	3-6-0 3-6	5-0 [']	4-1-9			
				4x4 =					Scale = 1:67
		Ī		4					
		-	16.00 12 4x4 // 3 72/			4x4 ∖\ 5			
		3x4	x4 = = <u>T1</u> W3	W5	14	we	3x4 6		
		2-6-12	2 W1 B1		B2		1-8-11 2-6-12		
		⊠ 10 3x4	9 ¹¹ 3x8 =	12 8 5x8 =	13	14	7 3x4 =		
		<u> </u> 2- 2-	-0-0 <u>8-11-1</u> -0-0 7-0-0		15-11-1 7-0-0	5	16-7-8 0-7-9		
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[7:0-1-8,0-1-8], [8:0-4-			1					
LOADING (psf) FCLL 20.0 FCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2018/	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.39 BC 0.66 WB 0.84 Matrix-SH	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (lo -0.13 7 -0.20 7 0.01	-8 >999	240 3 180	PLATES MT20 Weight: 137 lt	GRIP 244/190 FT = 0%
	0000								
BRACING- FOP CHORD Structural wood shi purlins, except end BOT CHORD	SP No.2 SP No.3 eathing directly applied o		WEBS 1-9=-90/916, 2-9=-8 3-9=-165/493, 3-8=- 4-8=-333/699, 5-8=- 5-7=-567/79 NOTES- (10-11)	-354/259, -248/270,		arad	depict the on the we must be t 11) Bearing s represent Bearing s structural	eb. Symbol only indic praced. symbols are only gra tations of a possible symbols are not cons design of the truss	ientation of the brace cates that the membe phical bearing condition.
MiTek recommen	ds that Stabilizers and re	quired	 1) Unbalanced roof for this design. 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10 	6; Vult=130mph (3-	-second g	ust)	indicated		
accordance with S	Stabilizer Installation guid	le.	Vasd=103mph; TCI Cat. II; Exp B; Enclo	osed; MWFRS (en	velope) ga	ble	Standard		
REACTIONS. (lb/s 10 =	size) 653/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)		end zone and C-C E and right exposed;C	C-C for members a	nd forces	&			
′ = ⁄/ax Horz	653/Mechanical		MWFRS for reaction grip DOL=1.60	ns shown; Lumber	DOL=1.60	u plate			
0 =	-308(LC 8)		3) TCLL: ASCE 7-1 DOL=1.15 Plate DC						
/lax Uplift 0 =	-89(LC 13)		DOL=1.15 Plate DC)L=1.15); ls=1.0; R	ough Cat	В;			
′ = ⁄lax Grav	-95(LC 12)		Partially Exp.; Ce=1Provide adequate						
0 =	733(LC 20)		ponding. 5) This truss has be	0 1		ottom			
	768(LC 19)		chord live load none loads.						
F ORCES. (lb) Max. Comp./Max. ∃ vhen shown. FOP CHORD	Fen All forces 250 (lb) o	or less except	6) * This truss has t 30.0psf on the botto rectangle 3-6-0 tall l	om chord in all area by 1-0-0 wide will f	as where a it between	a i the			
l-10=-771/82, 1-2= 2-3=-1024/295, 3-4	=-595/261,		bottom chord and a 10.0psf. 7) Pofor to girdor(a)						
1-5=-582/264, 5-6= 3-7=-291/180	-293/196,		7) Refer to girder(s)8) Provide mechani	cal connection (by	others) of	truss			
BOT CHORD	1133/520		to bearing plate cap at joint(s) 10, 7.	able of withstandir	ng 100 lb ι	uplift			
9-10=-283/288, 9-1 11-12=-133/520, 8- 3-13=-32/372, 13-1 7-14=-32/372 WEBS	12=-133/520,		9) This truss is desi International Reside and R802.10.2 and	ential Code section	s R502.11	1.1			

9-10=-263/260, 9-11=-133/520, 11-12=-133/520, 8-12=-133/520, 8-13=-32/372, 13-14=-32/372, 7-14=-32/372 WEBS 1-9=-90/916, 2-9=-888/283, 3-9=-165/493,



	1		4-0-0	1-0-8
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl	L/d PLATES GRIP
TCLL 40.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.00	TC 0.15	Vert(LL) -0.00 1 n/r	180 MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.00	BC 0.06	Vert(CT) -0.00 1 n/r	80
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.05	Horz(CT) -0.00 9 n/a	n/a
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-R		Weight: 24 lb FT = 0%

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.3
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3
BRACING-	

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-8 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 5-0-8.

(lb) - Max Horz
12= 72(LC 11) Max Uplift
All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s)
12, 11
Max Grav
All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s)
10, 11 except 12=267(LC 2), 9=313(LC 50)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. WEBS

7-9=-269/0

NOTES- (17-18)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 4-10-12 zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

Continued on page 2

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=40.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.00 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for

b) Unbalanced show loads have been considered to this design.

6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

8) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
9) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
10) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).

11) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

12) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

13) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
14) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of

truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 12, 11.

15) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

16) Load case(s) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52 has/have been modified. Building designer must review loads to verify that they are correct for the intended use of this truss.

- 17) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 18) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S)

Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-5=-60, 6-8=-60, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300

 2) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.00, Plate Increase=1.00 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-100, 2-5=-100, 6-8=-100, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 7=-300

- 3) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.00, Plate Increase=1.00 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-80, 2-5=-80, 6-8=-80, 9-12=-20
- Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300
- 4) Dead + 0.75 Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-50, 2-5=-50, 6-8=-50, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 19 CROSSING @ ANDERSON CREEK 209 TIMBER SKIP DRIVE SPRI
22-2661-R01	R19	HALF HIP SUPPORTED	1	1	
22 2001 1101			•		Job Reference (optional)
Atlantic Building Components	Anneks Corner, South Carolina				430 s Eab 12 2021 MiTok Industrias Inc. Thu Apr 14 12:10:02 2022 Page 2

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Apr 14 12:19:02 2022 Page 2 ID:08xp6V0fF63Hc_JffwJs1NyJJgt-Ezol9OBXf0dk4FRiCsP0MGRFGe4ZmqPGFYWHcvzQpi7

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 2-12=-19, 1-2=-27, 2-5=-31, 6-8=-42, 8-9=-6,

Horz: 2-12=19, 1-2=-23, 2-5=-19, 5-6=23, 8-9=6

25) Dead + 0.75 Snow (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind

(Neg. Int) Right): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate

Vert: 2-12=6, 1-2=-37, 2-5=-40, 6-8=-31, 8-9=19,

Horz: 2-12=-6, 1-2=-13, 2-5=-10, 5-6=-3, 8-9=-19

26) Dead + 0.75 Snow (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind

(Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60,

Vert: 2-12=-17, 1-2=-27, 2-5=-31, 6-8=-42, 8-9=-5,

Horz: 2-12=17, 1-2=-23, 2-5=-19, 5-6=-15, 8-9=5

27) Dead + 0.75 Snow (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 2nd Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60,

Vert: 2-12=5, 1-2=-39, 2-5=-42, 6-8=-31, 8-9=17,

Horz: 2-12=-5, 1-2=-11, 2-5=-8, 5-6=-4, 8-9=-17

28) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS

Wind (Neg. Int) Left): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate

Vert: 2-12=-19, 1-2=-57, 2-5=-61, 6-8=-72, 8-9=-6,

Horz: 2-12=19, 1-2=-23, 2-5=-19, 5-6=23, 8-9=6

29) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS

Wind (Neg. Int) Right): Lumber Increase=1.60,

Vert: 2-12=6, 1-2=-67, 2-5=-70, 6-8=-61, 8-9=19,

Horz: 2-12=-6, 1-2=-13, 2-5=-10, 5-6=-3, 8-9=-19

Vert: 2-12=-17, 1-2=-57, 2-5=-61, 6-8=-72, 8-9=-5,

Horz: 2-12=17, 1-2=-23, 2-5=-19, 5-6=-15, 8-9=5

Vert: 2-12=5, 1-2=-69, 2-5=-72, 6-8=-61, 8-9=17,

Horz: 2-12=-5, 1-2=-11, 2-5=-8, 5-6=-4, 8-9=-17

32) Dead + Minimum Snow: Lumber Increase=1.15,

Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-5=-60, 6-8=-60, 9-12=-20

33) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind Min. Down: Lumber

Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60

31) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 2nd Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60

30) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60

Standard

9-12=-20

Vert: 7=-300

Increase=1.60

9-12=-20

9-12=-20

9-12=-20

Vert: 7=-300

Increase=1.60

9-12=-20

9-12=-20

9-12=-20

9-12=-20

Vert: 7=-300

Vert: 7=-300

Vert: 7=-300

Vert: 7=-300

Vert: 7=-300

Uniform Loads (plf)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Plate Increase=1.60

Uniform Loads (plf)

Uniform Loads (plf)

Uniform Loads (plf)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 7=-300

Vert: 7=-300

Uniform Loads (plf)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Concentrated Loads (lb)

	c Building Components, Moncks Corner, South Carolina
	D CASE(S) ndard
	pricentrated Loads (lb)
	ert: 7=-300
	ead + 0.75 Snow (Unbal. Left): Lumber crease=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
	hiform Loads (plf)
Ve	ert: 1-2=-56, 2-5=-56, 6-8=-29, 9-12=-20
	oncentrated Loads (lb)
	ert: 7=-300 ead + 0.75 Snow (Unbal. Right): Lumber
	crease=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
Ur	hiform Loads (plf)
	ert: 1-2=-29, 2 ⁻ 5=-29, 6-8=-62, 9-12=-20 oncentrated Loads (lb)
	ert: 7=-300
	ead + Uninhabitable Attic Without Storage: Luml
	crease=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25 hiform Loads (plf)
Ve	ert: 1-2=-20, 2-5=-20, 6-8=-20, 9-12=-40
Co	oncentrated Loads (lb)
	ert: 7=-300 ead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Pos. Internal) Case 1: Lum
	crease=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
	niform Loads (plf)
	ert: 2-12=45, 1-2=107, 2-5=81, 6-8=81, 8-9=-45, 12=-10
	prz: 2-12=-45, 1-2=-117, 2-5=-91, 5-6=-10, 8-9=4
Co	oncentrated Loads (lb)
	ert: 7=-300
	ead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Neg. Internal) Case 1: Lum crease=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
	hiform Loads (plf)
	ert: 2-12=-34, 1-2=0, 2-5=-45, 6-8=-45, 8-9=34,
	12=-20 orz: 2-12=34, 1-2=-20, 2-5=25, 5-6=30, 8-9=-34
	oncentrated Loads (lb)
	ert: 7=-300
	Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) Left: umber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
	Jniform Loads (plf)
	/ert: 2-12=-15, 1-2=38, 2-5=26, 6-8=10, 8-9=-19
	-12=-10 łorz: 2-12=15, 1-2=-48, 2-5=-36, 5-6=9, 8-9=19
	Concentrated Loads (Ib)
	(ert: 7=-300
	Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) Right: umber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
	Jniform Loads (plf)
	/ert: 2-12=19, 1-2=8, 2-5=13, 6-8=26, 8-9=15,
	ŀ-12=-10 łorz: 2-12=-19, 1-2=-18, 2-5=-23, 5-6=-24, 8-9=-
	Concentrated Loads (Ib)
	/ert: 7=-300
	Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) Left: umber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
	Iniform Loads (plf)
V	/ert: 2-12=-25, 1-2=11, 2-5=6, 6-8=-10, 8-9=-9,
	-12=-20
	lorz: 2-12=25, 1-2=-31, 2-5=-26, 5-6=30, 8-9=9 Concentrated Loads (lb)
V	/ert: 7=-300
13) E	Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) Right:
	umber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Jniform Loads (plf)
	/ert: 2-12=9, 1-2=-2, 2-5=-7, 6-8=6, 8-9=25,
	-12=-20
	lorz: 2-12=-9, 1-2=-18, 2-5=-13, 5-6=-3, 8-9=-25
	Concentrated Loads (lb) /ert: 7=-300
14) C	Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 1st
	Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=
	Jniform Loads (plf) /ert: 2-12=-12, 1-2=21, 2-5=26, 6-8=10, 8-9=-17
9	-12=-10
	lorz: 2-12=12, 1-2=-31, 2-5=-36, 5-6=-41, 8-9=1
(Concentrated Loads (lb) /ert: 7=-300
V	nued on page 3

Standard 15) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 2nd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-12=17, 1-2=5, 2-5=10, 6-8=26, 8-9=12, 9-12=-10 Horz: 2-12=-17, 1-2=-15, 2-5=-20, 5-6=-26, 8-9=-12 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 16) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 3rd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-12=-12, 1-2=21, 2-5=26, 6-8=10, 8-9=-17, 9-12=-10 Horz: 2-12=12, 1-2=-31, 2-5=-36, 5-6=-41, 8-9=17 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 17) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 4th Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-12=17, 1-2=5, 2-5=10, 6-8=26, 8-9=12, 9-12=-10Horz: 2-12=-17, 1-2=-15, 2-5=-20, 5-6=-26, 8-9=-12 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 18) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) 1st Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-12=-23, 1-2=11, 2-5=6, 6-8=-10, 8-9=-7, 9-12 = -20Horz: 2-12=23, 1-2=-31, 2-5=-26, 5-6=-20, 8-9=7 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 19) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) 2nd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-12=7, 1-2=-5, 2-5=-10, 6-8=6, 8-9=23, 9-12=-20 Horz: 2-12=-7, 1-2=-15, 2-5=-10, 5-6=-5, 8-9=-23 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 20) Dead + Snow on Overhangs: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-100, 2-5=-20, 6-8=-20, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 21) Dead + Snow (Unbal. Left): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-68, 2-5=-68, 6-8=-32, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 22) Dead + Snow (Unbal. Right): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-32, 2-5=-32, 6-8=-76, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 23) Dead: Lumber Increase=0.90, Plate Increase=0.90 Plt. metal=0.90 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-5=-20, 6-8=-20, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 24) Dead + 0.75 Snow (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Left): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

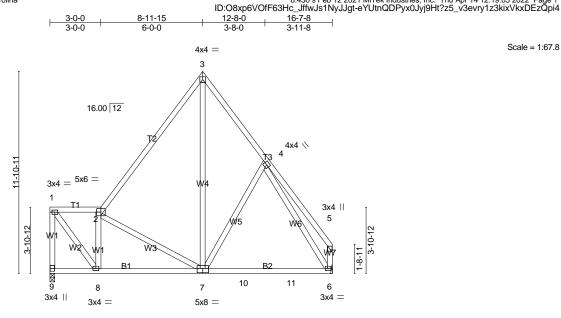
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 19 CROSSING @ ANDERSON CREEK 209 TIMBER SKIP DRIVE SPRI
22-2661-R01	R19	HALF HIP SUPPORTED	1	1	Job Reference (optional)
Atlantic Building Components, N	Ioncks Corner, South Carolina	ID:O8	xp6VOfF63		8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Apr 14 12:19:02 2022 Page 3 s1NyJJgt-Ezol9OBXf0dk4FRiCsPOMGRFGe4ZmqPGFYWHcvzQpi7

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-12=-16, 1-2=6, 2-5=-26, 6-8=-26, 8-9=16, 9-12=-10 Horz: 2-12=16, 1-2=-16, 2-5=16, 5-6=16, 8-9=-16 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 34) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind Min. Upward: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-12=16, 1-2=6, 2-5=6, 6-8=6, 8-9=-16, 9-12=-10 Horz: 2-12=-16, 1-2=-16, 2-5=-16, 5-6=-16, 8-9=16 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 35) 3rd Unbal.Dead + Snow (balanced) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-32, 2-5=-32, 6-8=-89, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 36) 4th Unbal.Dead + Snow (balanced) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-89, 2-5=-89, 6-8=-32, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 37) 5th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (balanced) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-29, 2-5=-29, 6-8=-72, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 38) 6th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (balanced) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-72, 2-5=-72, 6-8=-29, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 39) 7th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Left) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-12=-19, 1-2=-6, 2-5=-10, 6-8=-64, 8-9=-6, 9-12=-20 Horz: 2-12=19, 1-2=-23, 2-5=-19, 5-6=23, 8-9=6 Concentrated Loads (Ib) Vert: 7=-300 40) 8th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Left) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-12=-19, 1-2=-49, 2-5=-53, 6-8=-21, 8-9=-6, 9-12=-20 Horz: 2-12=19, 1-2=-23, 2-5=-19, 5-6=23, 8-9=6 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 41) 9th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Right) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-12=6, 1-2=-16, 2-5=-19, 6-8=-53, 8-9=19, 9-12=-20 Horz: 2-12=-6, 1-2=-13, 2-5=-10, 5-6=-3, 8-9=-19 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 42) 10th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Right) + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-12=6, 1-2=-58, 2-5=-62, 6-8=-10, 8-9=19, 9-12=-20 Horz: 2-12=-6, 1-2=-13, 2-5=-10, 5-6=-3, 8-9=-19 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300

43) 11th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60

Standard Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-12=-17, 1-2=-6, 2-5=-10, 6-8=-64, 8-9=-5, 9-12=-20 Horz: 2-12=17, 1-2=-23, 2-5=-19, 5-6=-15, 8-9=5 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 44) 12th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-12=-17, 1-2=-49, 2-5=-53, 6-8=-21, 8-9=-5, 9-12=-20 Horz: 2-12=17, 1-2=-23, 2-5=-19, 5-6=-15, 8-9=5 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 45) 13th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 2nd Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-12=5, 1-2=-18, 2-5=-21, 6-8=-53, 8-9=17, 9-12=-20 Horz: 2-12=-5, 1-2=-11, 2-5=-8, 5-6=-4, 8-9=-17 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 46) 14th Unbal.Dead + 0.75 Snow (unbal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 2nd Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 2-12=5, 1-2=-61, 2-5=-64, 6-8=-10, 8-9=17, 9-12=-20 Horz: 2-12=-5, 1-2=-11, 2-5=-8, 5-6=-4, 8-9=-17 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 47) 15th Unbal.Dead + Minimum Snow + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-32, 2-5=-32, 6-8=-89, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 48) 16th Unbal.Dead + Minimum Snow + Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-89, 2-5=-89, 6-8=-32, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 49) 1st Dead + Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.00, Plate Increase=1.00 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-100, 2-5=-100, 6-8=-20, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 50) 2nd Dead + Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.00, Plate Increase=1.00 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-5=-20, 6-8=-100, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 51) 3rd Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.00, Plate Increase=1.00 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-80, 2-5=-80, 6-8=-20, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300 52) 4th Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.00, Plate Increase=1.00 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-5=-20, 6-8=-80, 9-12=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-300

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 19 CROSSING @ ANDERSON CREEK 209 TIMBER SKIP DRIVE SPRI
22-2661-R01	R20	Roof Special	1	1	Job Reference (optional)
Atlantic Building Components	Moncks Corner, South Carolina				8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Apr 14 12:19:05 2022 Page 1



16-7-8

7-7-8

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [6:0-1-8,0-1-8], [7:0-4-0,0-3-0]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.70	Vert(LL) -0.17 6-7 >999 240	
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.65	Vert(CT) -0.25 6-7 >793 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.53	Horz(CT) 0.01 6 n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-SH		Weight: 130 lb FT = 0%

8-11-15

6-0-0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-11-10 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

9 =	653/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)
6 =	653/Mechanical
Max Horz	
9 =	-321(LC 8)
Max Uplift	
9 =	-90(LC 13)
6 =	-84(LC 12)
Max Grav	
9 =	653(LC 1)
6 =	725(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-9=-634/109, 1-2=-461/148, 2-3=-606/197, 3-4=-546/249, 4-5=-297/189, 5-6=-289/174 BOT CHORD

8-9=-277/291, 7-8=-167/591, 7-10=-29/338, 10-11=-29/338,

6-11=-29/338

WEBS

1-8=-155/736, 2-8=-523/164,

2-7=-372/212, 3-7=-208/532,

4-7=-217/254, 4-6=-481/69

WEBS

3-0-0

3-0-0

1-8=-155/736, 2-8=-523/164,

2-7=-372/212, 3-7=-208/532,

4-7=-217/254, 4-6=-481/69

NOTES- (10-11)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum

DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

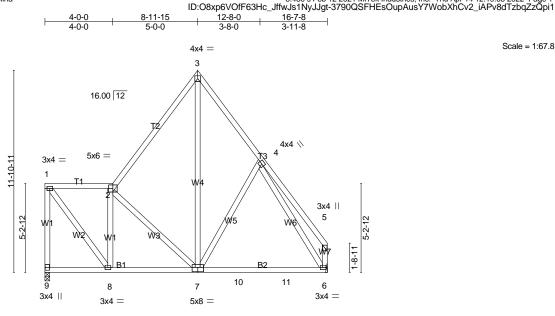
6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 9, 6.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1. 10) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.





16-7-8

7-7-8

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [6:0-1-8,0-1-8], [7:0-4-0,0-3-0]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.46	Vert(LL) -0.16 6-7 >999 240	
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.65	Vert(CT) -0.25 6-7 >789 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.63	Horz(CT) 0.01 6 n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-SH		Weight: 135 lb FT = 0%

8-11-15

5-0-0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

9	=	653/0-3-8	(min. 0-1-8)
6	=	653/	Mechanical
Max I	Horz		
9	=	-3	35(LC 8)
Max I	Uplift		
9	=	-9	1(LC 13)
6	=	-6	57(LC 12)
Max (Grav		
9	=		53(LC 1)
6	=	72	22(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown TOP CHORD 1-9=-618/121, 1-2=-426/149, 2-3=-575/210, 3-4=-550/253, 4-5=-296/185, 5-6=-285/170 BOT CHORD

8-9=-270/295, 7-8=-146/520, 7-10=-30/337, 10-11=-30/337,

6-11=-30/337

WEBS

1-8=-126/664, 2-8=-487/136, 2-7=-342/197, 3-7=-248/581,

4-7=-229/258, 4-6=-480/73

WEBS

4-0-0

4-0-0

1-8=-126/664, 2-8=-487/136,

2-7=-342/197, 3-7=-248/581,

4-7=-229/258, 4-6=-480/73

NOTES-(10-11)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum

DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

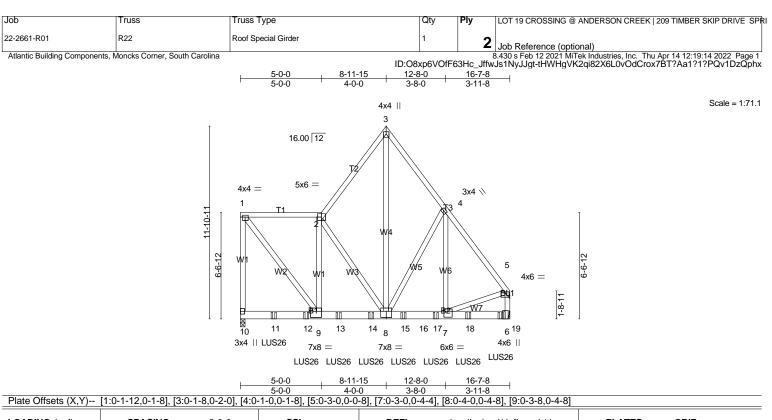
7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 9, 6.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

10) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S)



LOADING (psf) SPACING- 2-0-0 CSI. TCLL 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.86 TCDL 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.78 BCLL 0.0 * Rep Stress Incr NO WB 0.91 BCDL 10.0 Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Matrix-SH	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d Vert(LL) -0.06 8-9 >999 240 Vert(CT) -0.12 8-9 >999 180 Horz(CT) 0.01 6 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 316 lb FT = 0%
--	---	---

 TOP CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2

 BOT CHORD
 2x6 SP No.2

 WEBS
 2x4 SP No.3

 OTHERS
 2x4 SP No.1

 BRACING 2x4 SP No.1

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

10	=	4228/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-9)
6	=	4952/Mechanical
Max I	Horz	
10	=	-345(LC 33)
Max I	Uplift	
10	=	-525(LC 6)
6	=	-519(LC 10)
Max (Grav	
10	=	4317(LC 3)
6	=	5090(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

1-10=-3616/476, 1-2=-2685/391, 2-3=-2908/506, 3-4=-2919/474, 4-5=-3728/443, 5-6=-3773/421 BOT CHORD 10-11=-262/304, 11-12=-262/304, 9-12=-262/304, 9-13=-394/2707, 13-14=-394/2707, 8-14=-394/2707, 8-15=-236/2187, 15-16=-236/2187, 16-17=-236/2187, 7-17=-236/2187 WEBS 1-9=-556/4382, 2-9=-981/206, 2-8=-1859/278, 3-8=-695/4268,

4-8=-1032/328, 4-7=-152/1413,

WEBS

1-9=-556/4382, 2-9=-981/206, 2-8=-1859/278, 3-8=-695/4268, 4-8=-1032/328, 4-7=-152/1413,

5-7=-234/2123

NOTES- (15-16)

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d

(0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-5-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc. 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

4) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

5) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 10=525, 6=519.
11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

12) Use Simpson Strong-Tie LUS26 (4-SD9112 Girder , 4-SD9212 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 12-0-0 oc max. starting at 2-0-12 from the left end to 16-0-12 to connect truss(es) R06A (1 ply 2x4 SP) to front face of bottom chord.

13) Use Simpson Strong-Tie LUS26 (4-10d Girder, 4-10d Truss) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 4-0-12 from the left end to 12-0-12 to connect truss(es) R06 (1 ply 2x4 SP) to front face of bottom chord.

14) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

- 15) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 16) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S)

- Standard 1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
- Uniform Loads (plf)
- Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-3=-60, 3-5=-60, 6-10=-20

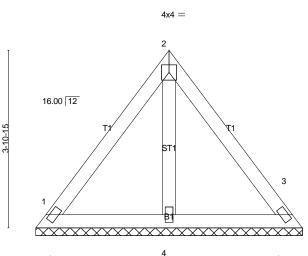
Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 11=-980(F) 12=-986(F) 13=-986(F) 14=-986(F)

15=-986(F) 17=-986(F) 18=-980(F) 19=-985(F)



Scale = 1.254



2x4 // 2x4 || 2x4 \\

<u>5-10-7</u> 5-10-7					
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.18 BC 0.12 WB 0.02 Matrix-P	Vert(LL) n/a - Vert(CT) n/a -	defl L/d n/a 999 n/a 999 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 27 lb FT = 0%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-10-7 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

	(10/0120)
1 =	137/5-10-7 (min. 0-1-8)
3 =	137/5-10-7 (min. 0-1-8)
4 =	150/5-10-7 (min. 0-1-8)
Max Horz	
1 =	-88(LC 8)
Max Uplift	
1 =	-43(LC 13)
3 =	-36(LC 12)
Max Grav	
1 =	137(LC 1)
3 =	137(LC 1)
4 =	160(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (9-10)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss

to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

9) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace

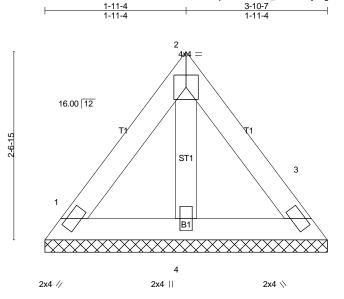
- on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S)



Scale = 1.15.8

1-11-4



	+		3-10-7 3-10-7		
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.06 BC 0.05	DEFL. in (loc) Vert(LL) n/a - Vert(CT) n/a -	l/defl L/d n/a 999 n/a 999	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	WB 0.01 Matrix-P	Horz(CT) 0.00 3	n/a n/a	Weight: 17 lb FT = 0%

0 40 7

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3

2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-10-7 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS (Ib/size)

NEACTIONS.	(10/3120)
1 =	85/3-10-7 (min. 0-1-8)
3 =	85/3-10-7 (min. 0-1-8)
4 =	93/3-10-7 (min. 0-1-8)
Max Horz	
1 =	-54(LC 8)
Max Uplift	
1 =	-27(LC 13)
3 =	-22(LC 12)
Max Grav	
1 =	85(LC 1)
3 =	85(LC 1)
4 =	100(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(9-10)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members. 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss

to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

9) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace

on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S)



Scale = 1.91

 $\begin{array}{c|c} 0.05x05V01F05HC_0HWShc_0HWShc_0HWShc_0HWShc_0HWShc_0HWshc_0HWShc_0HWShc_0HWShc_0HWsh$

2x4 //

-2-15

2x4 🚿

1-10-7 1-10-7

Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:Edge,0-1-13]		
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.01	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999 MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.03	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(CT) 0.00 3 n/a n/a
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-P	Weight: 6 lb FT = 0%

LUMBER-

00

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

() () ()

0.4

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-10-7 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

1 = 3 =	51/1-10-7 (min. 0-1-8) 51/1-10-7 (min. 0-1-8)
Max Horz	
1 =	-21(LC 8)
Max Uplift	
1 =	-7(LC 13)
3 =	-7(LC 12)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (9-10)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum

DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum

DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B;

Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

 This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

9) Graphical web bracing representation does not

depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

 Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S)