

Trenco
818 Soundside Rd
Edenton, NC 27932

Re: 22-2662-r01

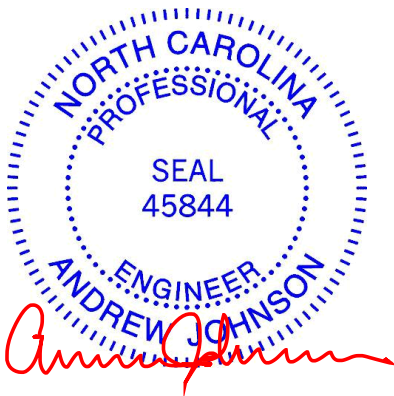
LOT 20 CROSSING @ ANDERSON CREEK | 221 TIMBER SKIP DRIVE SPRING LAKE, NC

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Atlantic Bldg Components.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I56868876 thru I56868876

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2023.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



February 28, 2023

Johnson, Andrew

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 20 CROSSING @ ANDERSON CREEK 221 TIMBER SKIP DRIVE SPRING
22-2662-R01	R03	Piggyback Base	4	1	1.0 UNITS ZL 1 OF 1 I56868876

Atlantic Building Components & Services, Inc., Moncks Corner, SC - 29461,

8.430 s Jan 6 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Feb 27 11:03:53 2023 Page 1

-0-10-8	7-7-12	15-0-0	19-7-0	25-1-12	26-9-8	29-8-10	34-3-8
0-10-8	7-7-12	7-4-4	4-7-0	5-6-12	1-7-12	2-11-2	4-6-14

PLATES DAMAGED AT JOINTS 9 AND 10

4x6 =

5x8 =

Scale = 1:70.2

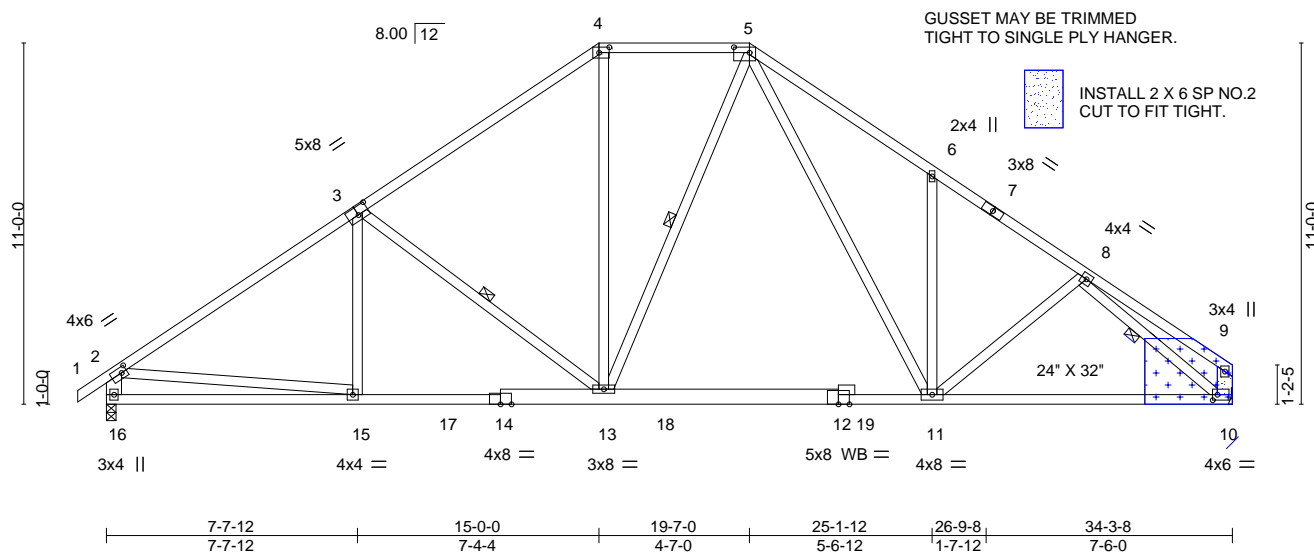


Plate Offsets (X,Y)--	[2:0-2-0,0-2-0], [3:0-4-0,0-3-0], [4:0-3-12,0-2-0], [5:0-5-12,0-2-0], [10:0-1-12,0-2-0]
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LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.74	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.80	Vert(LL) -0.27 11-13 >999 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.70	Vert(CT) -0.38 11-13 >999 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.05 10 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 234 lb	FT = 0%

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 *Except*
12-14: 2x6 SP No.2
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*
9-10,2-16: 2x6 SP No.2
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 3-13, 5-13, 8-10

REACTIONS. (size) 16=0-3-8, 10=Mechanical
Max Horz 16=267(LC 9)
Max Uplift 16=182(LC 12), 10=157(LC 13)
Max Grav 16=1465(LC 20), 10=1386(LC 21)

ATTACH 7/16" OSB GUSSET (7/16" RATED SHEATHING 24/16 EXP 1) TO EACH FACE OF TRUSS WITH (0.131" X 2.5" MIN.) NAILS PER THE FOLLOWING NAIL SCHEDULE: 2 X 3'S - 2 ROWS, 2 X 4'S - 3 ROWS, 2 X 6'S AND LARGER - 4 ROWS: SPACED @ 4" O.C. NAILS TO BE DRIVEN FROM BOTH FACES. STAGGER SPACING FROM FRONT TO BACK FACE FOR A NET 2" O.C. SPACING IN EACH COVERED TRUSS MEMBER. USE 2" MEMBER END DISTANCE.

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
TOP CHORD 2-3=-1901/222, 3-4=-1536/222, 4-5=-1189/246, 5-6=-1806/387, 6-8=-1752/224, 8-9=-262/64, 2-16=-1389/216
BOT CHORD 15-16=-292/560, 13-15=-222/1646, 11-13=-7/1142, 10-11=-138/1350
WEBS 3-13=-507/239, 4-13=-56/546, 5-13=-98/275, 5-11=-249/757, 8-10=-1652/175, 2-15=0/1177, 6-11=-366/237

- NOTES-** (11-12)
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
 - Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 - Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
 - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 182 lb uplift at joint 16 and 157 lb uplift at joint 10.
 - This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
 - Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 - Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.



Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and fully embed teeth.



For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- 1/16" from outside edge of truss.



This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in **MITek 20/20 software** or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated.

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur. Min size shown is for crushing only.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TFP 1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCSI: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8
dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths
(Drawings not to scale)



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ESR1988
ER-3907, ESR-2362, ESR-1397, ESR-3282

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TFP 1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

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MITek Engineering Reference Sheet: Mill-7473 rev. 5/19/2020



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI.
2. Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
3. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
4. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
5. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
6. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TFP 1.
7. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TFP 1.
8. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
9. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
10. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
12. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
13. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
14. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
16. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
18. Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
19. Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Rewriting pictures alone is not sufficient.
20. Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TFP 1 Quality Criteria.
21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.