

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: 150_1773_A KB Home 150.1773 A

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by 84 Components - #2383.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I48279146 thru I48279159

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2021.

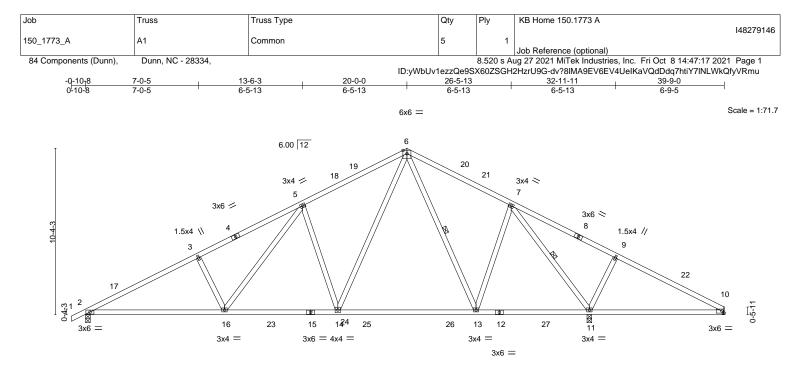
North Carolina COA: C-0844



October 11,2021

Sevier, Scott

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



ł	8-7-		-8-6	24-3-		31-4-			39-9-0	4
	8-7-	-12 7-	0-10	8-7-	-4	7-0-1	J	•	8-4-12	
LOADING (psf TCLL (roof) Snow (Pf/Pg) TCDL	20.0	SPACING-2-0-Plate Grip DOL1.1Lumber DOL1.1	5 TC 5 BC	0.77 0.86	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT)		l/defl >999 >912	L/d 240 180	PLATES MT20	GRIP 197/144
BCLL BCDL	0.0 * 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YE Code IRC2018/TPI2014		0.75 ix-S	Horz(CT)) 0.06 11	n/a	n/a	Weight: 214 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-			·	в	RACING-				•	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2			Т	OP CHORD				plied or 2-2-0 oc purlins	i.
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.1 *Ex	<pre>kcept* lo.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2</pre>		В	OT CHORD	6-0-0 oc bracin) oc bracing, Except:	
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3	10.2 01 284 SFF 110.2		W	/EBS	1 Row at midpt		6-13, 7-1	1	
REACTIONS.		3-8, 11=0-3-8, 10=Mechanical								
	Max Horz 2=14	4(LC 16), 11=-54(LC 17), 10=-4	19/I C 36)							
		59(LC 3), 11=2158(LC 3), 10=								
	Max Come /M	ax. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or	loss avaant when al	0.000						
TOP CHORD		ax. Ten All forces 250 (lb) of								
	9-10=-55/498	,	.,							
BOT CHORD		1, 14-16=-64/1498, 13-14=0/8	, ,							
WEBS		6, 5-16=-69/713, 5-14=-664/202	, 6-14=-107/1042, 6	-13=-329/68,						
	7-13=0/625, 7-	·11=-1882/58, 9-11=-403/170								
NOTES-										
		we been considered for this de								
		ph (3-second gust) Vasd=95m								
		d zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0 ne; cantilever left and right exp								
		Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip I		en and right e			ices a			
		sf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Pla		5.0 psf; Pf=1	1.6 psf (Lum DOI	L=1.15 Plate			minin	
		at B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs						4	WH CARO	111.
		been considered for this desig for greater of min roof live load		times flat rea	flood of 11 C not			0.1	8	Gille -
	ent with other live		101 12.0 psi or 1.00	umes nat roo	1 load of 11.6 psi	on overnangs		E.	J' SSIDA	N.S.
		for a 10.0 psf bottom chord liv	e load nonconcurren	it with any oth	ner live loads.				and the	uner
7) * This truss I	has been designe	d for a live load of 20.0psf on t ord and any other members, wi	he bottom chord in a			6-0 tall by 2-0-0	vide		SEAL	
8) Refer to gird	er(s) for truss to t	russ connections.						3		
		on (by others) of truss to bearin						- 1 I	044925	÷ 1
10) One H2.5A	Simpson Strong	 Tie connectors recommended 	to connect truss to b	bearing walls	due to UPLIFT a	t jt(s) 2 and 11.	This			

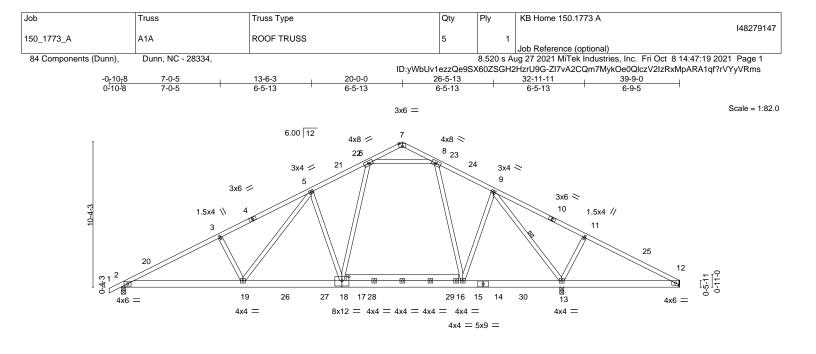
One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 11. This
connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TP11** Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

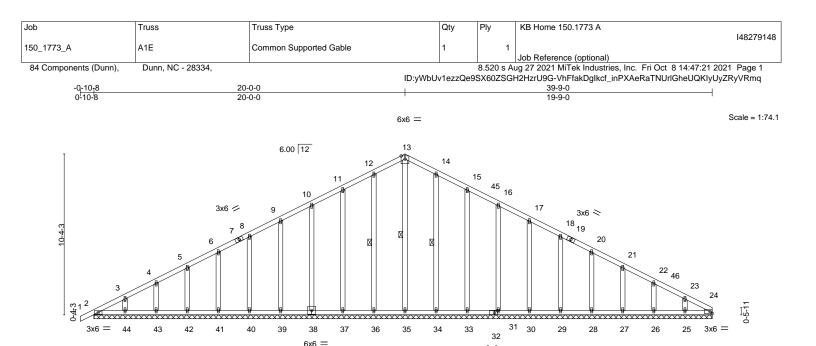




	8-7-12 8-7-12	15-8-6 7-0-10		24-3-10 8-7-4		<u>31-4-4</u> 7-0-10		<u>39-9-0</u> 8-4-12		
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [7:0-3	-0,Edge], [18:0-6-0,0-3-8]	7-0-10		0-1-4		7-0-10		0-4-12		
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2018/7	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES 'PI2014	BC (0.76 0.95 0.71 S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) -0.34 18-19 -0.59 18-19 0.07 12	l/defl >999 >632 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 266 lb	GRIP 197/144 FT = 20%
Max Horz 2 Max Uplift 2	=0-3-8, 13=0-3-8, 12=Mech	17), 12=-95(LC		TO BO	T CHORD	Structural wood Rigid ceiling dir 1 Row at midpt			ed or 2-7-13 oc purlin bracing.	S.
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-2929/212, 3-5=-2778/249, 5-6=-1983/218, 8-9=-1807/235, 9-11=-1543/312, 11-12=-1596/276 BOT CHORD 2-19=-255/2592, 18-19=-129/1958, 15-18=-58/1553, 13-15=-97/1596, 12-13=-200/1403 WEBS 3-19=-362/167, 5-19=-89/866, 5-18=-747/192, 6-18=-57/857, 8-15=-42/475, 9-13=-819/154, 11-13=-394/178, 6-8=-1394/194										
Interior(1) 23-0-0 to 39-8-4 MWFRS for reactions sho 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20, DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rougt 4) Unbalanced snow loads h 5) This truss has been desig non-concurrent with other 6) This truss has been desig 7) * This truss has been desig will fit between the bottom 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss 9) Provide mechanical conne 10) One H2.5A Simpson Stro	20mph (3-second gust) Vas end zone and C-C Exterio zone; cantilever left and ri wn; Lumber DOL=1.60 plat 0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1 Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce= ave been considered for th ned for greater of min roof I live loads. ned for a 10.0 psf bottom c gned for a live load of 20.0 chord and any other memil to truss connections. ction (by others) of truss to ong-Tie connectors recomm ly and does not consider la accordance with the 2018 B/TPI 1.	d=95mph; TCDI (2E) -0-10-8 to ght exposed ; er e grip DOL=1.6(.15 Plate DOL=1 1.0; Cs=1.00; Cl s design. ive load of 12.0 hord live load nc osf on the bottor bers, with BCDL bearing plate c hended to conne- teral forces. International Res	2-1-8, Interior(d vertical left) 1.15); Pg=15.0 =1.10 psf or 1.00 tim nconcurrent w n chord in all a = 10.0psf. apable of withs ct truss to bea	1) 2-1-8 to 2 and right ex) psf; Pf=11. hes flat roof I vith any othe areas where standing 100 aring walls d	20-0-0, Exterior(2 posed;C-C for m 6 psf (Lum DOL- load of 11.6 psf of er live loads. a rectangle 3-6- 0 lb uplift at joint ue to UPLIFT at	2R) 20-0-0 to 23 nembers and for =1.15 Plate on overhangs 0 tall by 2-0-0 w (s) 12. jt(s) 2 and 13. T	ide	L'ION CONTRACTOR	SEAL 044925	



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1** Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



		39-9-0						
		39-9-0					1	
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [32:0-2-4,	0-1-8]							
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.06 BC 0.03 WB 0.15 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) -0.00 1 -0.00 1 0.01 24	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 270 lb	GRIP 197/144 FT = 20%
LUMBER-		BF	RACING-					
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2	2x4 SPF No.2	тс	OP CHORD S	Structural woo	d sheathin	g directly app	plied or 6-0-0 oc purlins	
POT CHOPD 2014 CD No 2 or C	VA ODE No 2	D/		Diaid acilina di	rooth (opp	ind or 10 0 0		

20.00

3x6

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing of	directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied	l or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3	WEBS	1 Row at midpt	13-35, 12-36, 14-34

REACTIONS. All bearings 39-9-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=146(LC 16)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 34, 33, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26, 25 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 34, 33, 31, 30,

29, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2N) 2-0-0 to 20-0-0, Corner(3R) 20-0-0 to 23-0-0, Exterior(2N) 23-0-0 to 39-9-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

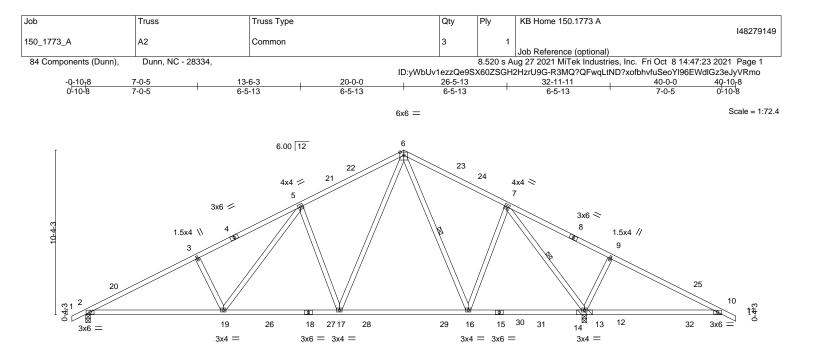
6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

- 7) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) N/A
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



ENGINEERING BY EREENCED A MITEK Attiliate 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and property incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



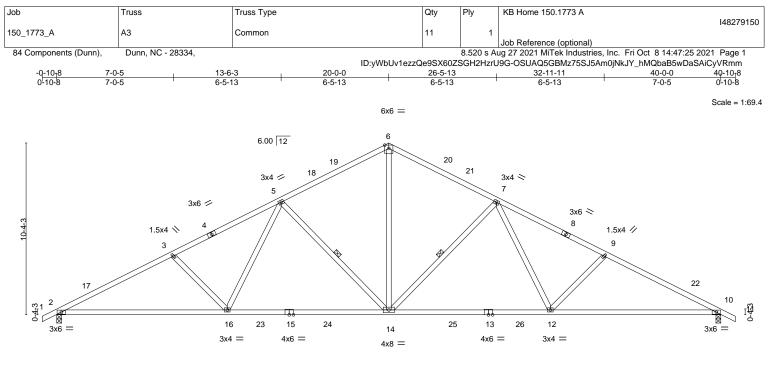
	8-7-		15-11-6		0-10	31-4-4	1		40-0-0	
	8-7-	12	7-3-10	8-	1-4	7-3-10			8-7-12	
LOADING (ps TCLL (roof) Snow (Pf/Pg) TCDL BCLL BCDL	20.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2018/T	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES Pl2014	CSI. TC 0.80 BC 0.80 WB 0.82 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) -0.19 16-17 -0.36 2-19 0.05 13	l/defl >999 >999 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 218 lb	GRIP 197/144 FT = 20%
LUMBER-	LUMBER- TOP CHORD BRACING- 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 *Except* 15-18: 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-6-7 oc purlins. BOT CHORD BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 *Except* 15-18: 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except: 6-0-0 oc bracing: 10-13.									
REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 13=(0-3-8 + bearing block) (req. 0-3-10) Max Horz 2=-141(LC 21) Max Uplift 2=-86(LC 16), 13=-94(LC 17) Max Grav 2=1323(LC 3), 13=2323(LC 3)										
FORCES. (Ib TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	9-10=-481/768 BOT CHORD 2-19=-193/1995, 17-19=-84/1443, 16-17=0/848, 13-16=0/499, 10-13=-601/474									
fasteners. L 2) Unbalanced 3) Wind: ASCE MWFRS (er Interior(1) 2 & MWFRS f 4) TCLL: ASC DOL=1.15); 5) Unbalanced 6) This truss h non-concurr	Jser Defined Bearin roof live loads has E 7-16; Vult=120m hvelope) gable end 3-0-0 to 40-10-8 zr for reactions shown E 7-16; Pr=20.0 ps Is=1.0; Rough Ca d snow loads have as been designed rent with other live	" long at jt. 13 attached i ng crushing capacity= 42 ve been considered for 1 ph (3-second gust) Vasc d zone and C-C Exteriori one; cantilever left and r n; Lumber DOL=1.60 pla sf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1. t B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1 been considered for this for greater of min roof li loads.	25psi. his design. =95mph; TCDL 2E) -0-10-8 to 2 ght exposed ; e tte grip DOL=1.6 15 Plate DOL=1 .0; Cs=1.00; Ct= design. <i>v</i> e load of 12.0 p	=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0ps -1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 nd vertical left and rig 50 .15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf= =1.10 psf or 1.00 times flat re	of; h=25ft; Cat. II; Ex to 20-0-0, Exterior(ht exposed;C-C for 11.6 psf (Lum DOL pof load of 11.6 psf	p B; Enclosed; 2R) 20-0-0 to 23 members and fo =1.15 Plate		and the second sec	H CARO	NN IN

- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 13. This
 connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TP11** Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





	<u>10-3-4</u> 10-3-4		20-0-0 9-8-12		-8-12 8-12			<u>40-0-0</u> 10-3-4	
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Inc Code IRC2018	1.15 YES	CSI. TC 0.77 BC 0.87 WB 0.62 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) -0.31 12-14 -0.54 12-14 0.13 10	l/defl >999 >881 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 206 lb	GRIP 197/144 FT = 20%
LUMBER-			В	RACING-					

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 *Except*
	1-4,8-11: 2x4 SP No.1
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP DSS *Except*
	13-15: 2x4 SP No.1
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 10=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=-141(LC 21) Max Uplift 2=-75(LC 16), 10=-75(LC 17) Max Grav 2=1799(LC 3), 10=1799(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- TOP CHORD 2-3=-3248/137, 3-5=-3019/123, 5-6=-2082/156, 6-7=-2082/156, 7-9=-3019/123, 9-10=-3248/138
- BOT CHORD 2-16=-183/2845, 14-16=-65/2325, 12-14=0/2325, 10-12=-42/2845 WEBS 6-14=-23/1491, 7-14=-779/175, 7-12=0/717, 9-12=-374/172, 5-14=-779/175, 5-16=0/717, 3-16=-374/172

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 20-0-0, Exterior(2R) 20-0-0 to 23-0-0, Interior(1) 23-0-0 to 40-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide 7) will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at it(s) 2 and 10. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins.

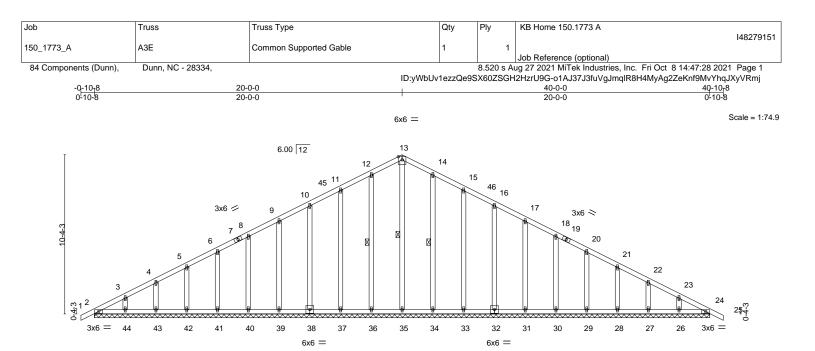
7-14, 5-14

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

1 Row at midpt

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss system. See MSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



		<u>40-0-0</u> 40-0-0						
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.06 BC 0.03 WB 0.15 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	-0.00 2	oc) l/defl 24 n/r 24 n/r 24 n/a	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 272 lb	GRIP 197/144 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or	2x4 SPF No.2		ACING- P CHORD S	Structural wo	ood sheathin	g directly ap	plied or 6-0-0 oc purlins	i.

BOT CHORD

WEBS

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

13-35, 12-36, 14-34

1 Row at midpt

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

REACTIONS. All bearings 40-0-0.

(lb) -Max Horz 2=141(LC 20)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 34, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28.27.26

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 34, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26, 24

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 12-13=-123/255, 13-14=-123/255

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2N) 2-0-0 to 20-0-0, Corner(3R) 20-0-0 to 23-0-0, Exterior(2N) 23-0-0 to 40-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

- 7) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide 11) will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

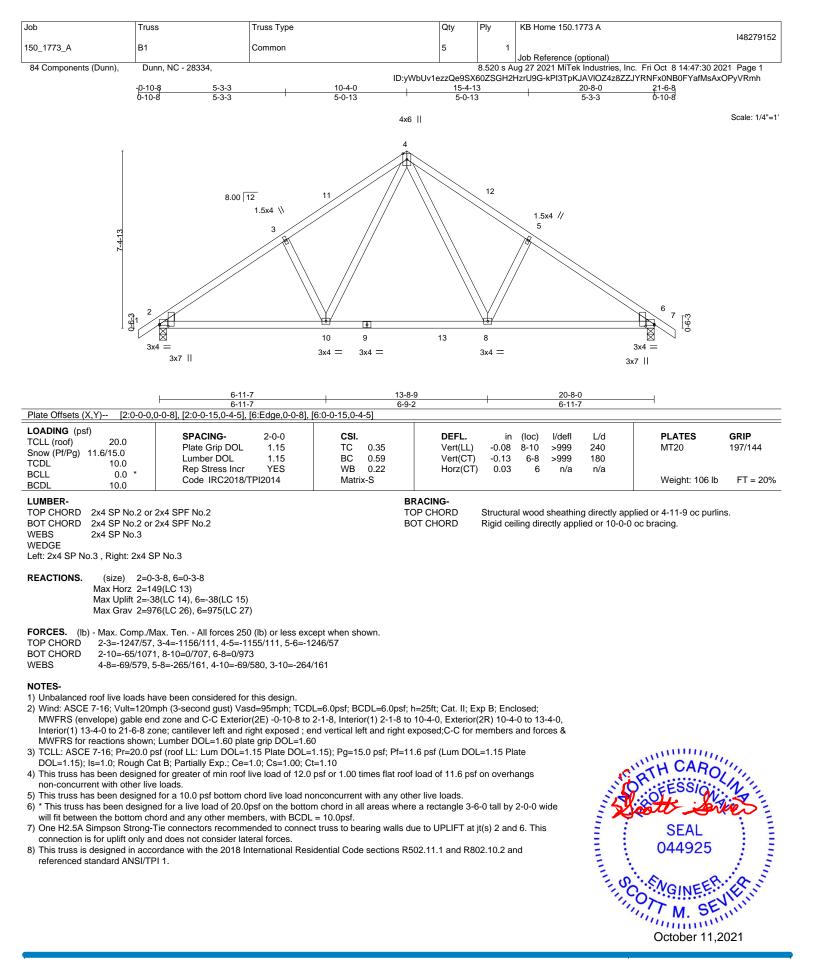
12) N/A

13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



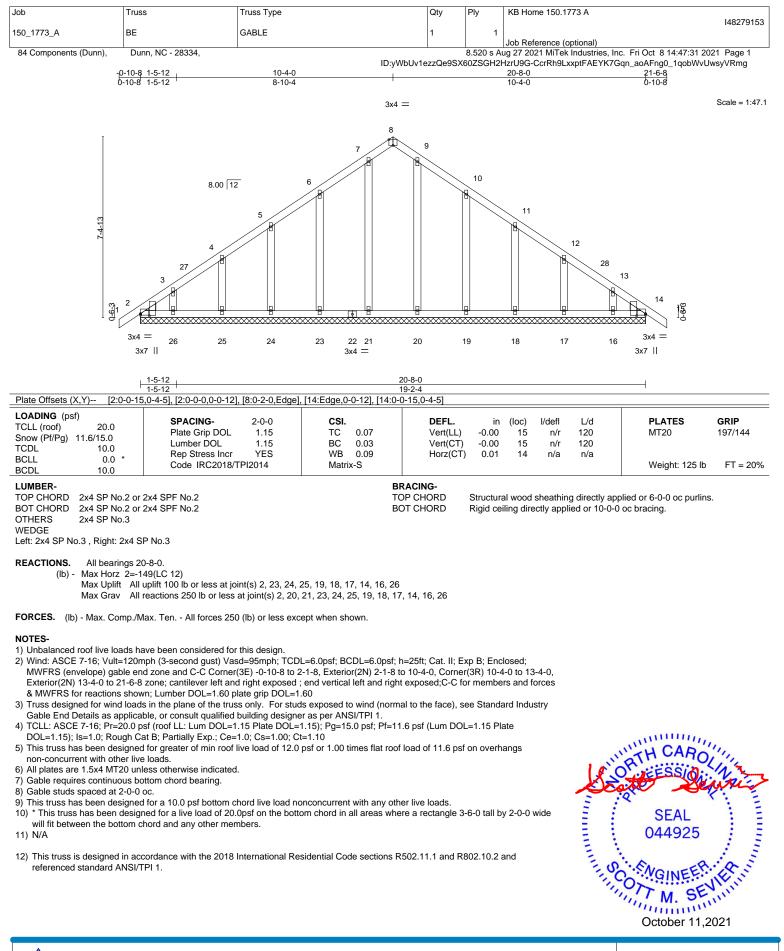
818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss system. See MSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses sand truss system. See **MSIVTPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss system. See MSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

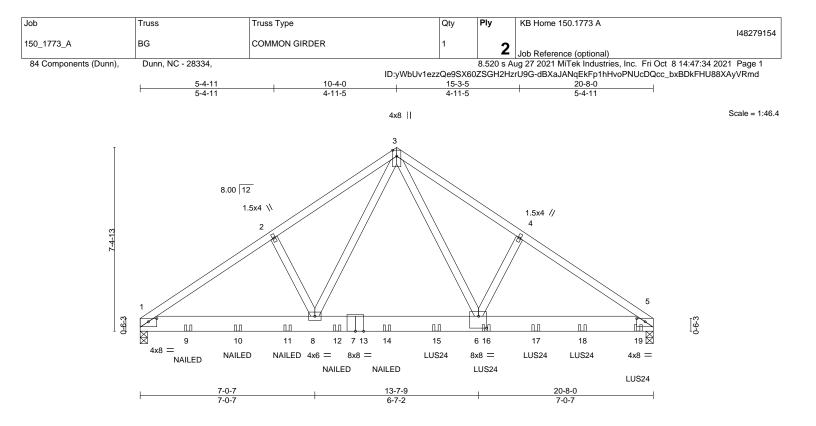


Plate Offsets (X,Y) [1:0-4-0,	0-1-9], [5:0-4-0,0-1-9], [6:0-3-12,0-5-12]							
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrNOCodeIRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.44 BC 0.47 WB 0.78 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc -0.08 5-6 -0.15 5-6 0.02	5 >999	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 267 lb	GRIP 197/144 FT = 20%
Max Horz 1=-1 Max Uplift 1=-2	xcept* S -3-8, 5=(0-3-8 + TBE4 Simpson Strong- ⁻	T(B(Structural woo Rigid ceiling c			plied or 5-2-5 oc purlins) oc bracing.	
 TOP CHORD 1-2=-3404/38 BOT CHORD 1-8=-348/274 WEBS 3-6=-459/378 NOTES- 1) 2-ply truss to be connected as follows: 2) All loads are considered equiply connections have been p 3) Unbalanced roof live loads h 4) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120r MWFRS (envelope) gable er grip DOL=1.60 5) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 p DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough C 6) This truss has been designed 7) * This truss has been designed will fit between the bottom ch 8) TBE4 Simpson Strong-Tic oc for uplift only and does not co 9) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-connection is for uplift only and 	follows: 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-5-0 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc. ally applied to all plies, except if noted a: rovided to distribute only loads noted as ave been considered for this design. nph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCD dd zone; cantilever left and right exposed osf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL= at B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; C d for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load no ed for a live load of 20.0psf on the botton iord and any other members, with BCDL ponnectors recommended to connect trus	<pre>i907/534 3/185 ows: oc. s front (F) or back (B) fac. (F) or (B), unless otherw L=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; I ; end vertical left and rig 1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11 =1.10 onconcurrent with any oth n chord in all areas wher = 10.0psf. s to bearing walls due to</pre>	ise indicated. h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp ht exposed; Lumb I.6 psf (Lum DOL= er live loads. e a rectangle 3-6- UPLIFT at jt(s) 5.	b B; Enclosed ber DOL=1.60 =1.15 Plate 0 tall by 2-0-0 This connecti	plate	A STATE STATE STATE	SEAL 044925	021
Design valid for use only with Mi a truss system. Before use, the b building design. Bracing indicate is always required for stability an fabrication, storage, delivery, ere	meters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDE Fek® connectors. This design is based only upon p uilding designer must verify the applicability of desi d is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and, d to prevent collapse with possible personal injury ction and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see m Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite	arameters shown, and is for an i gn parameters and properly inco for chord members only. Additio and property damage. For gene ANSI/TP11 Quality C	individual building com prorate this design int phal temporary and per	ponent, not o the overall manent bracing the	mponent		AMITEK B18 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932	10 Affiliate

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1773 A			
					148279154			
150_1773_A	BG	COMMON GIRDER	1	2				
				Z	Job Reference (optional)			
84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,			8.520 s Ai	ug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Oct 8 14:47:34 2021 Page 2			
		ID:yWbUv1ezzQe9SX60ZSGH2HzrU9G-dBXaJANqEkFp1hHvoPNUcDQcc_bxBDkFHU88XAyVRmd						

NOTES-

10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

11) Use Simpson Strong-Tie LUS24 (4-SD9112 Girder, 2-SD9212 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-3-0 oc max. starting at 11-11-4 from the left end to 20-0-12 to connect truss(es) to front face of bottom chord.

12) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

13) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

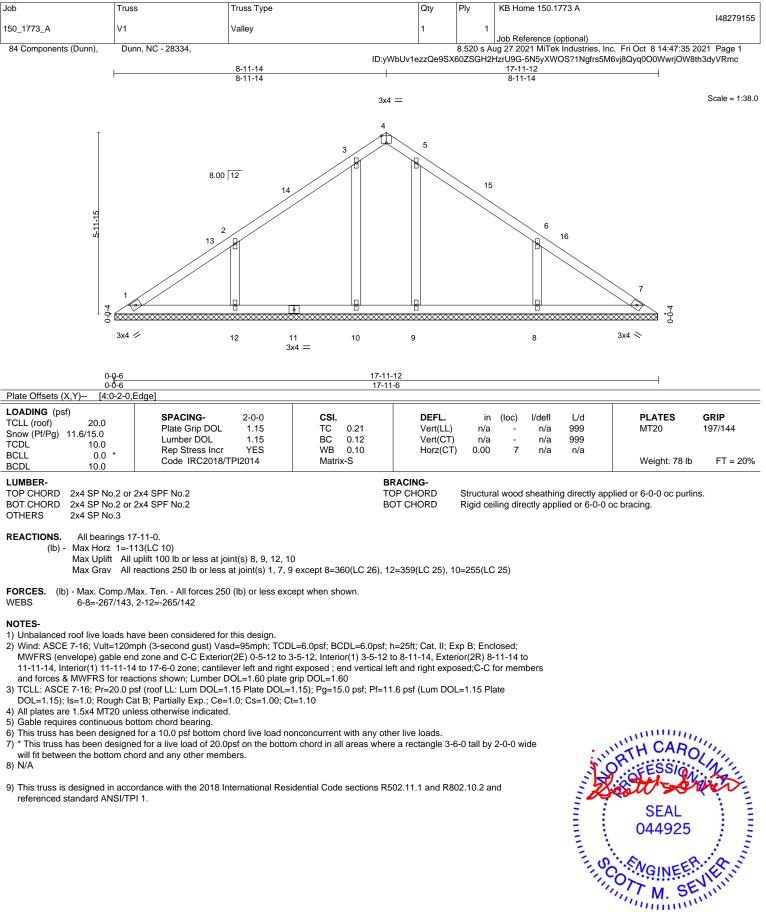
Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-43, 3-5=-43, 1-5=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-64(F) 10=-64(F) 11=-64(F) 12=-64(F) 14=-64(F) 15=-719(F) 16=-719(F) 17=-719(F) 18=-719(F) 19=-725(F)

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

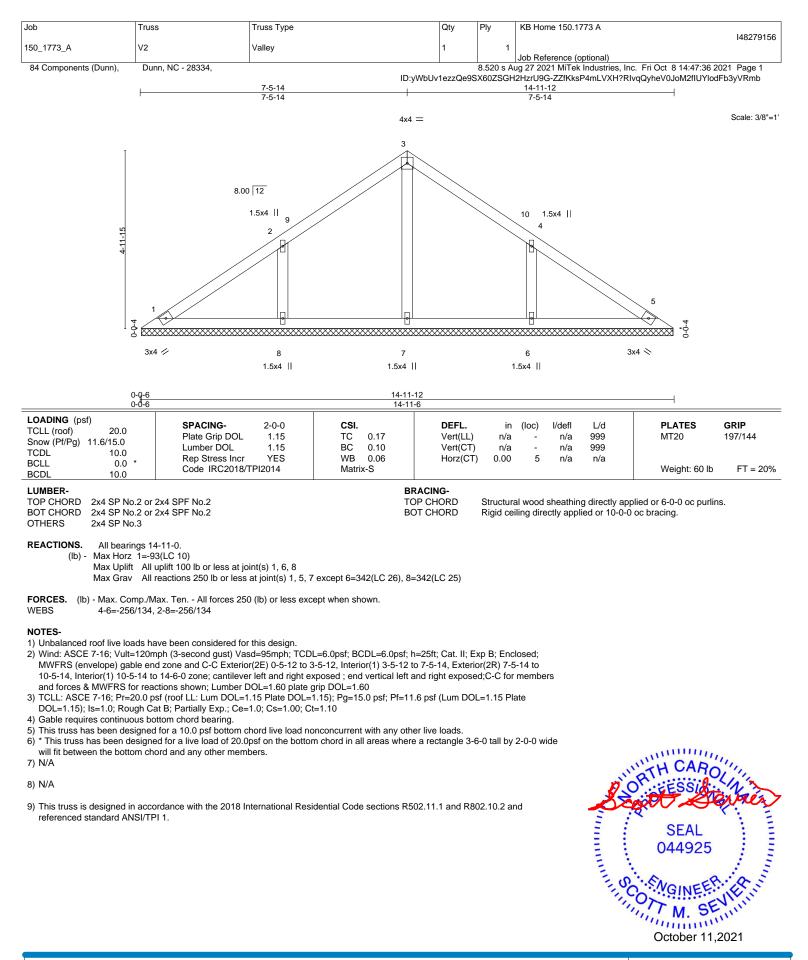




October 11,2021

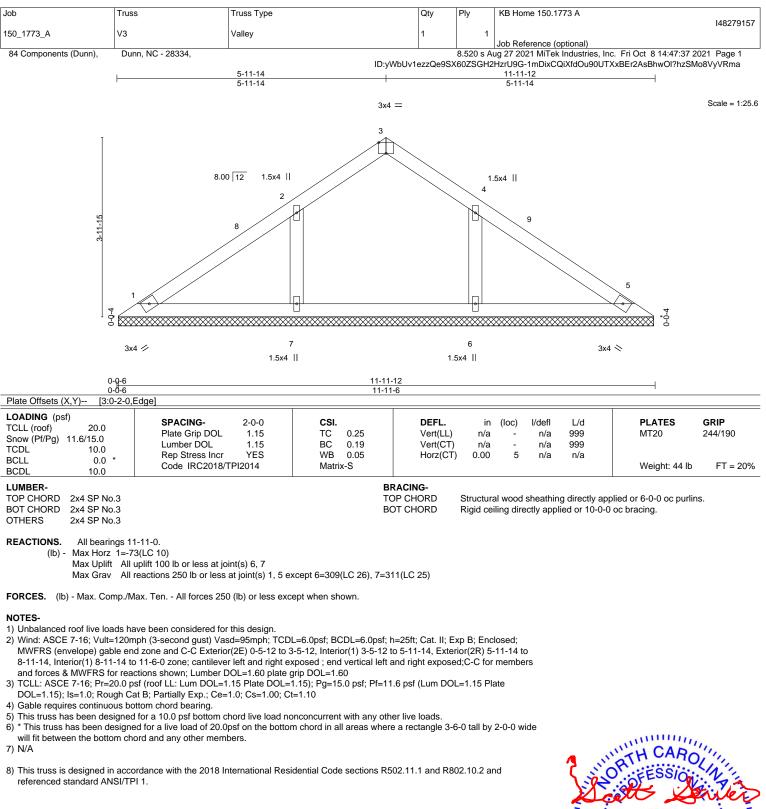
AliTek Affiliate B18 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses sand truss system. See **MSIVTPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ADSI/TEPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

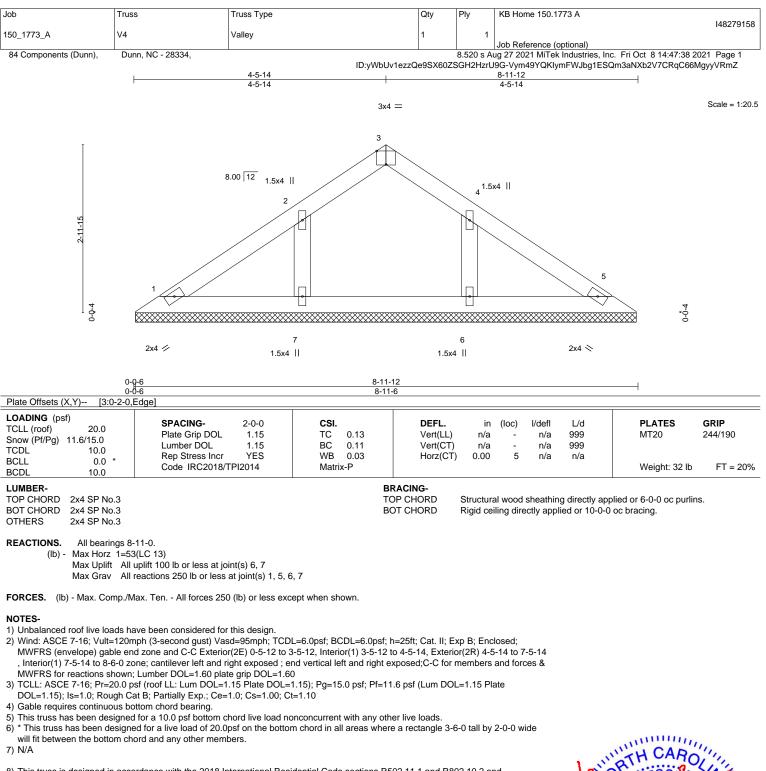






WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses sand truss system. See **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

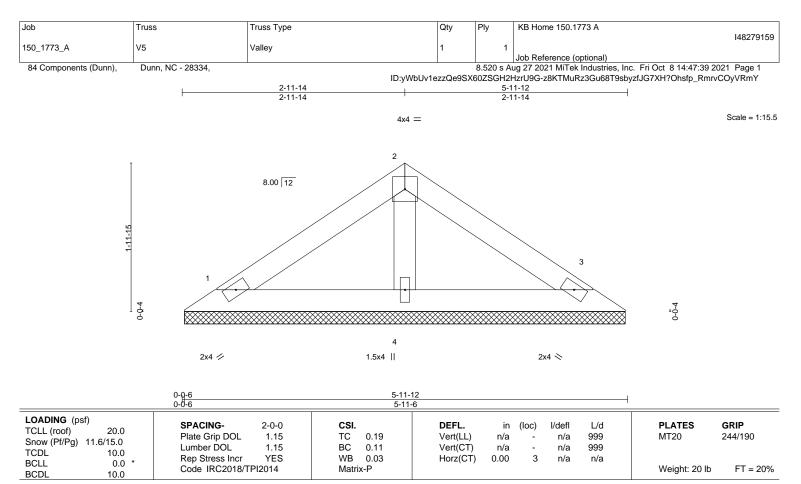


 This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss system. See MSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.3BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.3OTHERS2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-11-12 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=5-11-0, 3=5-11-0, 4=5-11-0 Max Horz 1=-33(LC 10) Max Uplift 1=-14(LC 14), 3=-18(LC 15) Max Grav 1=107(LC 2), 3=107(LC 2), 4=186(LC 2)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate

DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide

will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) N/A

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to preven tbuckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses sand truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



