

NOTES

1. ACTUAL SLOPE AND/OR
VARIATIONS IN GRADE
CONDITIONS TO BE DETERMINED
ON SITE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

2. CHECK ALL DIMENSIONS FOR ACCURACY PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

3. ALL CONSTRUCTION MUST CONFORM TO CURRENT STATE AND LOCAL CODES WHERE APPLICABLE.

4. EXACT DESCRIPTION OR SPECIFICATIONS NOT PROVIDED ON PLANS (DOORS, WINDOWS, CABINETS, ELECTRICAL, HVAC, FINISHES ETC. TO BE PROVIDED BY CONTRACTOR OR OWNER.)

5. ALL ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, AND HVAC TO BE INSTALLED BY CURRENTLY LICENSED CONTRACTORS IN ACCORDANCE W/ STATE & LOCAL CODES.

DRAFTING & DESIGN



CERTIFICATION

PROJECT NAME

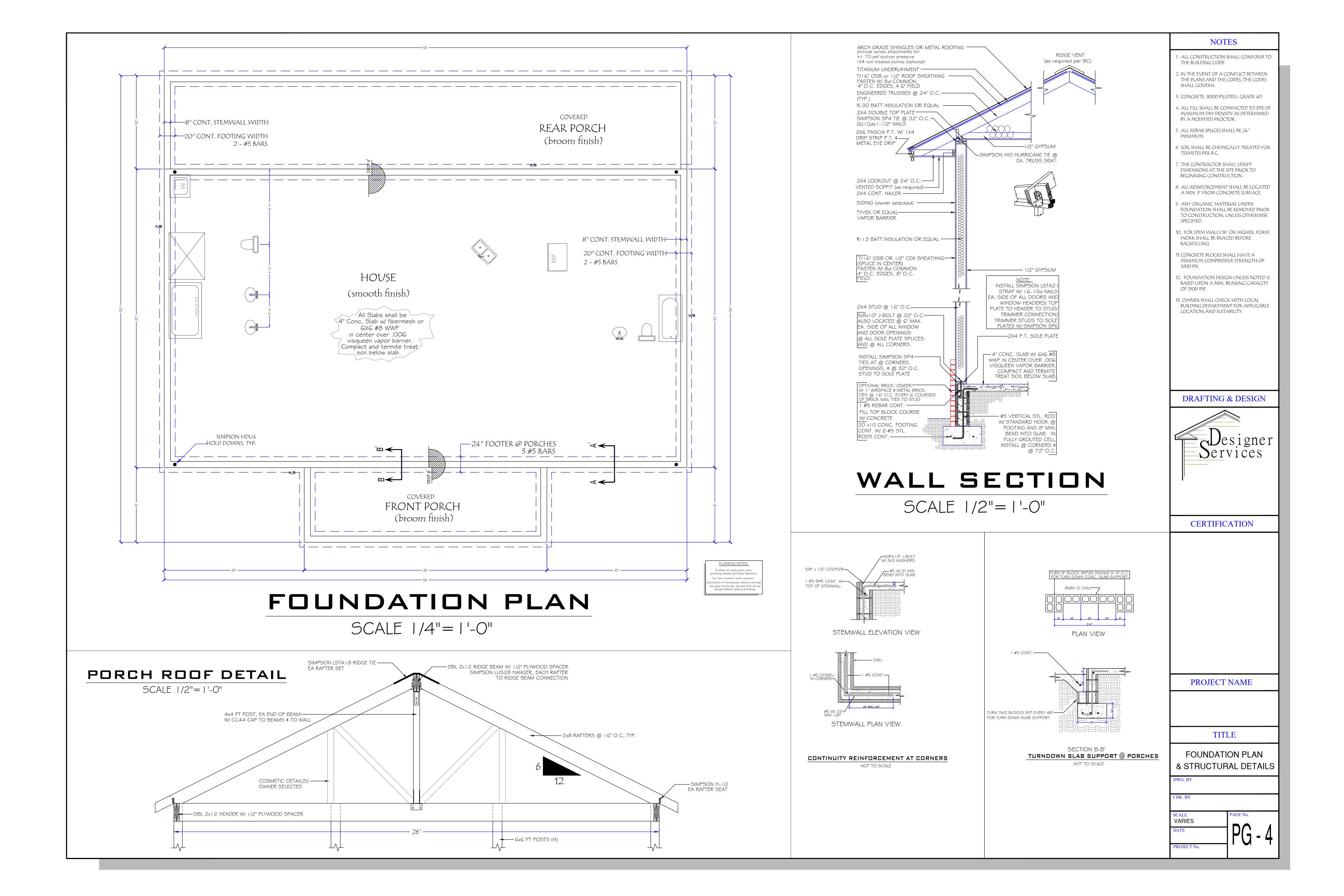
TITLE

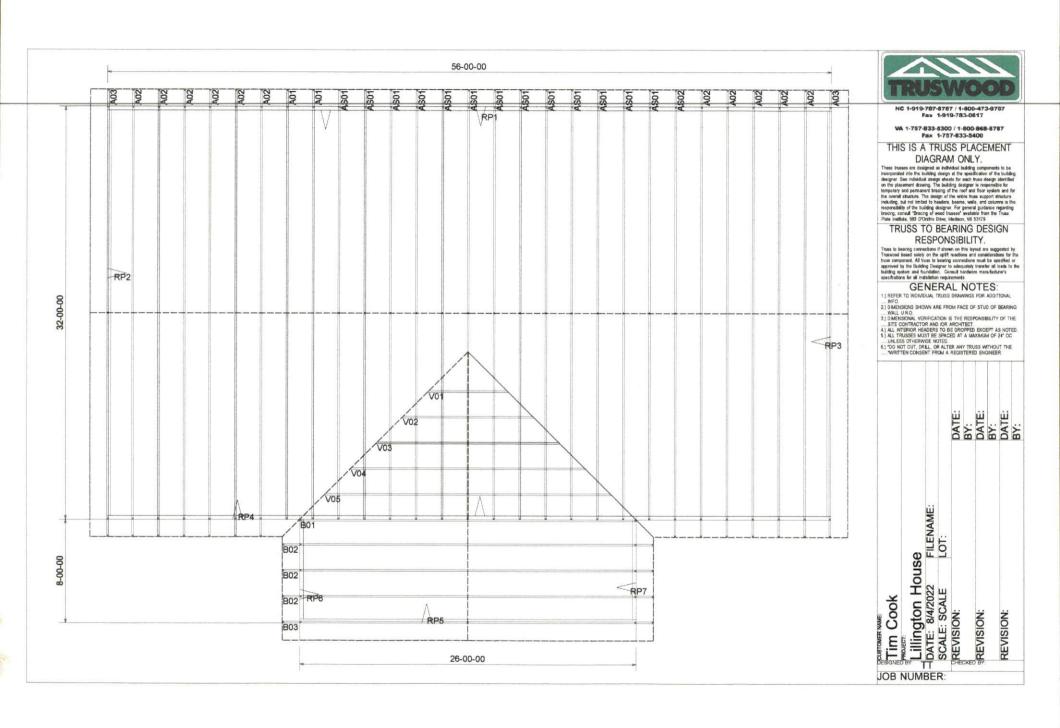
FLOOR PLAN

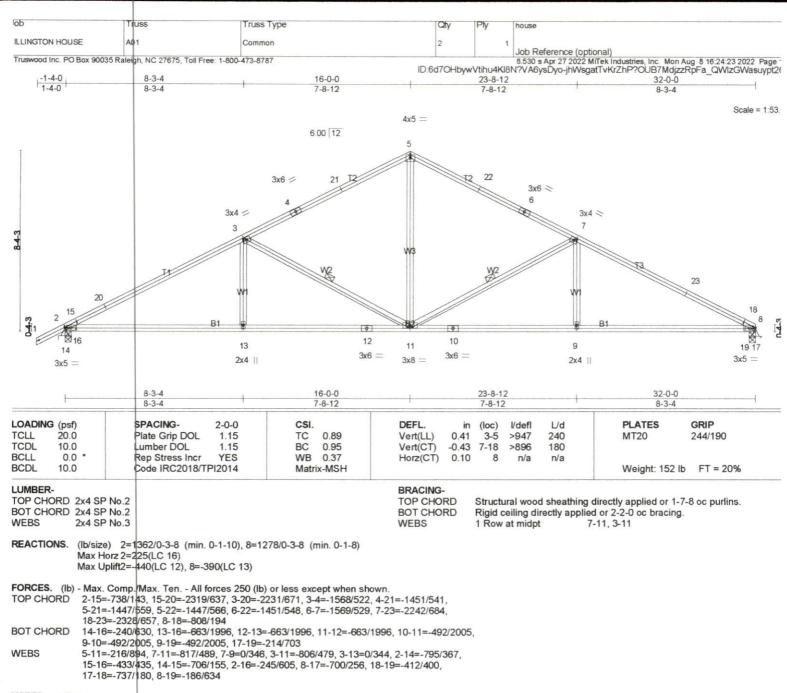
СНК.

SCALE
Scale: 1/4"=1'-0"
DATE
PAGE No.

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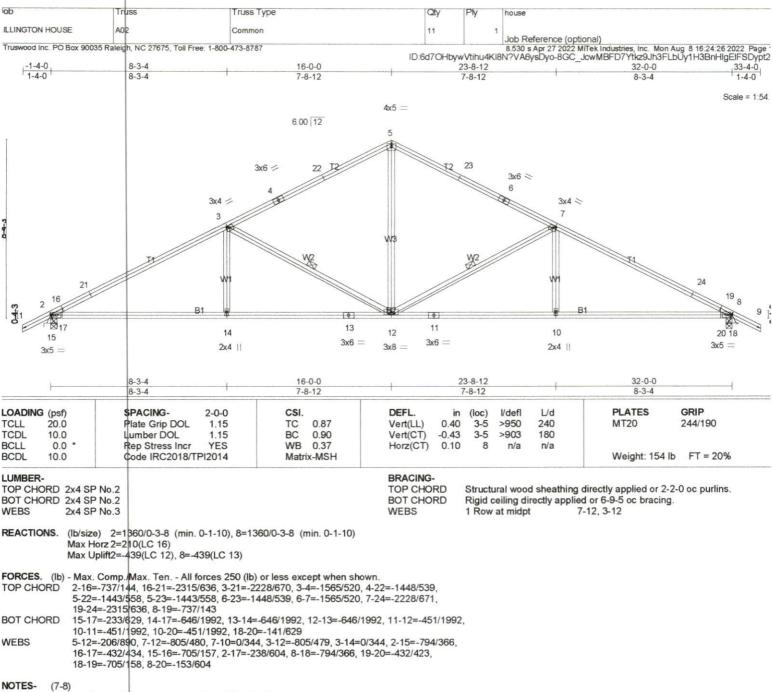
NOTES- (7-8)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-4-0 to 1-10-6, Interior(1) 1-10-6 to 16-0-0, Exterior(2R) 16-0-0 to 19-2-6, Interior(1) 19-2-6 to 32-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=440, 8=390.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) If Southern Pine (SP or SPp) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.



1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=13 pmph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-4-0 to 1-10-6, Interior(1) 1-10-6 to 16-0-0, Exterior(2R) 16-0-0 to 19-2-6, Interior(1) 19-2-6 to 33-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

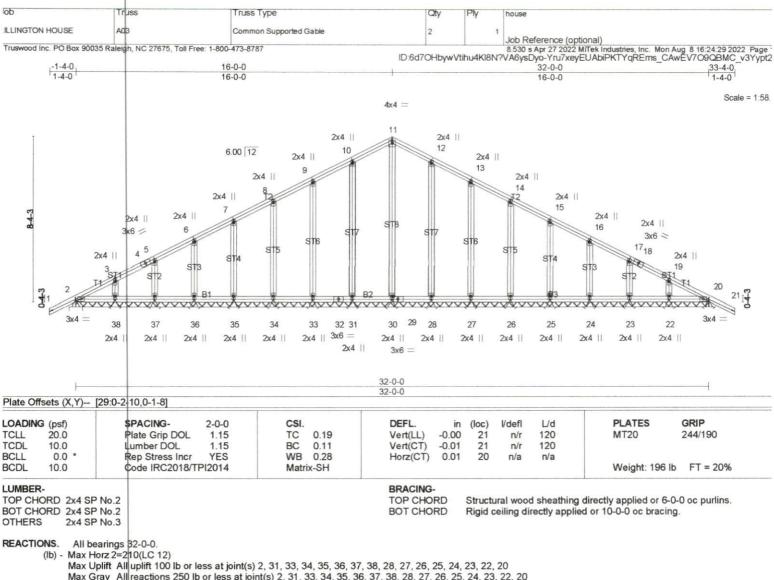
4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=439,

8=439

6) This truss is designed in adcordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

7) If Southern Pine (SP or SPb) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.



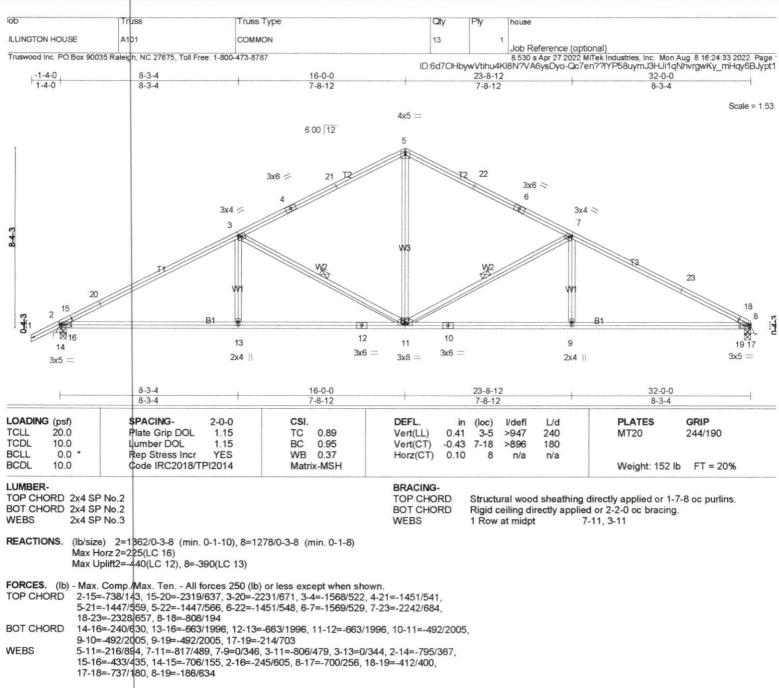
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24, 23, 22, 20 except 30=274(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp. Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 9-10=-110/3 2, 10-11=-134/377, 11-12=-134/377, 12-13=-110/312

NOTES- (11-12)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -1-4-0 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2N) 2-0-0 to 16-0-0, Corner(3R) 16-0-0 to 19-2-6, Exterior(2N) 19-2-6 to 33-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) Truss designed for wind Iqads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Truswood standard detail "Gable BR-1" for bracing information.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24, 23, 22, 20.
- 9) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 2.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 11) If Southern Pine (SP or SPp) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.

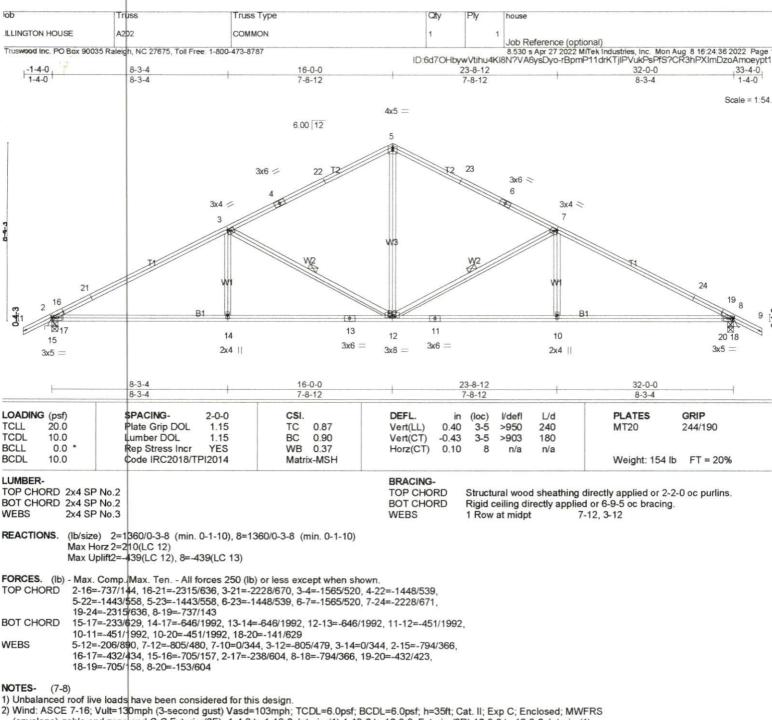


NOTES- (7-8)

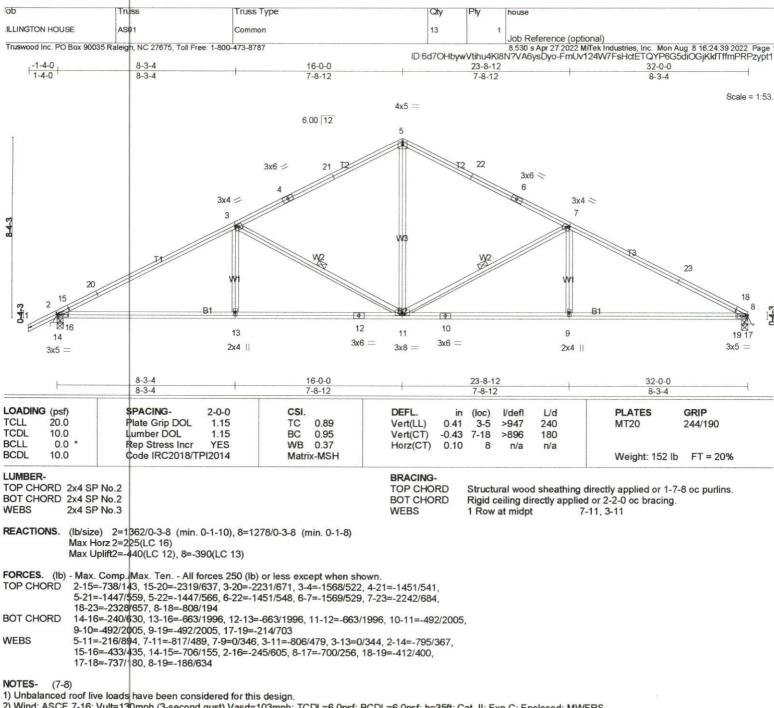
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-4-0 to 1-10-6, Interior(1) 1-10-6 to 16-0-0, Exterior(2R) 16-0-0 to 19-2-6, Interior(1) 19-2-6 to 32-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psr bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

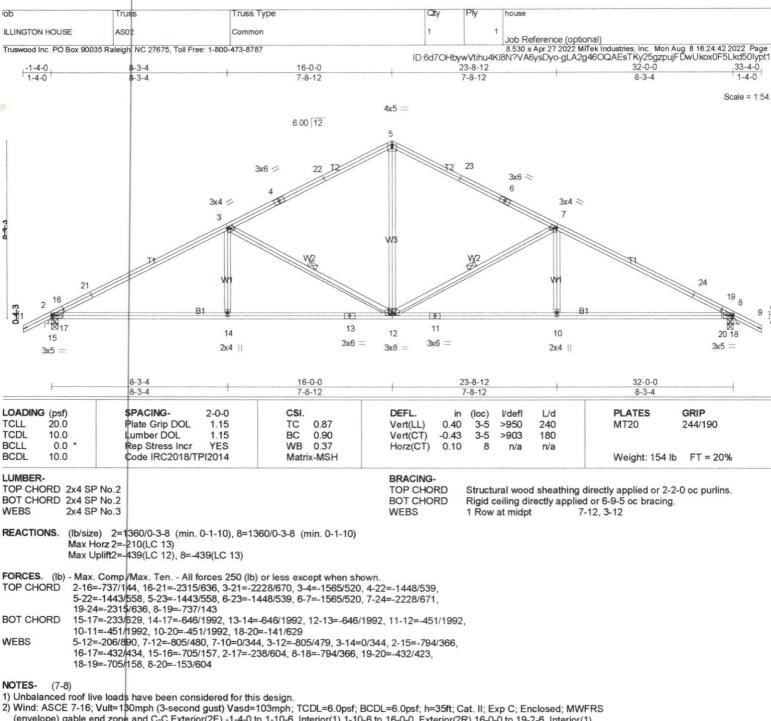
 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=440, 8=390.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) If Southern Pine (SP or SPp) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.



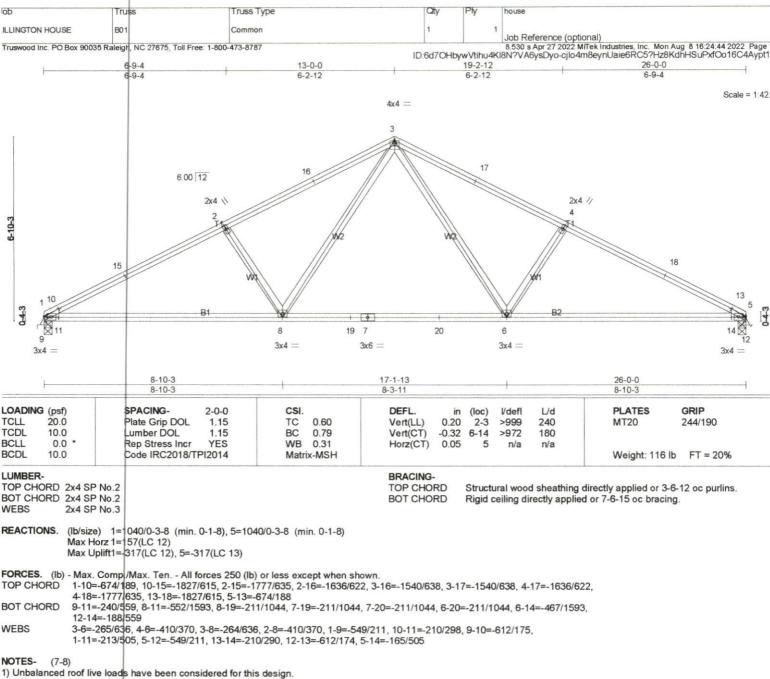
- (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-4-0 to 1-10-6, Interior(1) 1-10-6 to 16-0-0, Exterior(2R) 16-0-0 to 19-2-6, Interior(1) 19-2-6 to 33-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=439, 8=439.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) If Southern Pine (SP or SPp) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.



- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-4-0 to 1-10-6, Interior(1) 1-10-6 to 16-0-0, Exterior(2R) 16-0-0 to 19-2-6, Interior(1) 19-2-6 to 32-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=440, 8=390.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) If Southern Pine (SP or SPp) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.



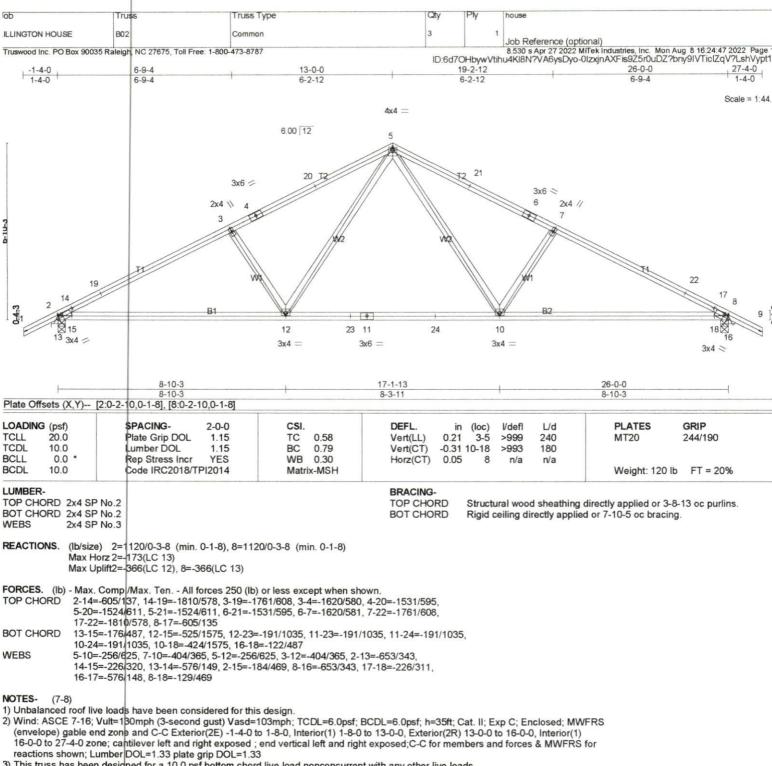
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-4-0 to 1-10-6, Interior(1) 1-10-6 to 16-0-0, Exterior(2R) 16-0-0 to 19-2-6, Interior(1) 19-2-6 to 33-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=439, 8=439.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) If Southern Pine (SP or SPp) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.



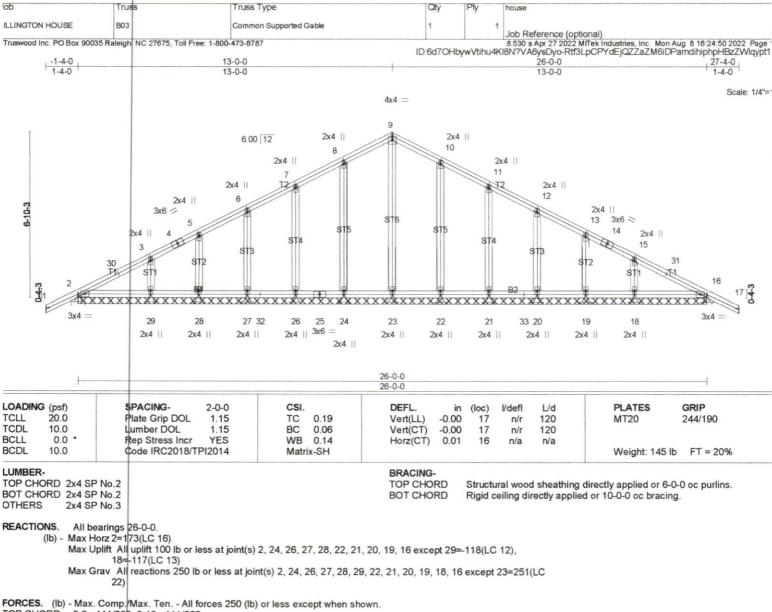
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Interior(1) 3-0-0 to 13-0-0, Exterior(2R) 13-0-0 to 16-0-0, Interior(1) 16-0-0 to 26-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (it=lb) 1=317, 5=317
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 7) If Southern Pine (SP or SPp) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.



- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (it=lb) 2=366.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced
- 7) If Southern Pine (SP or SPp) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.



TOP CHORD 8-9=-111/309, 9-10=-111/309

(10-11)NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

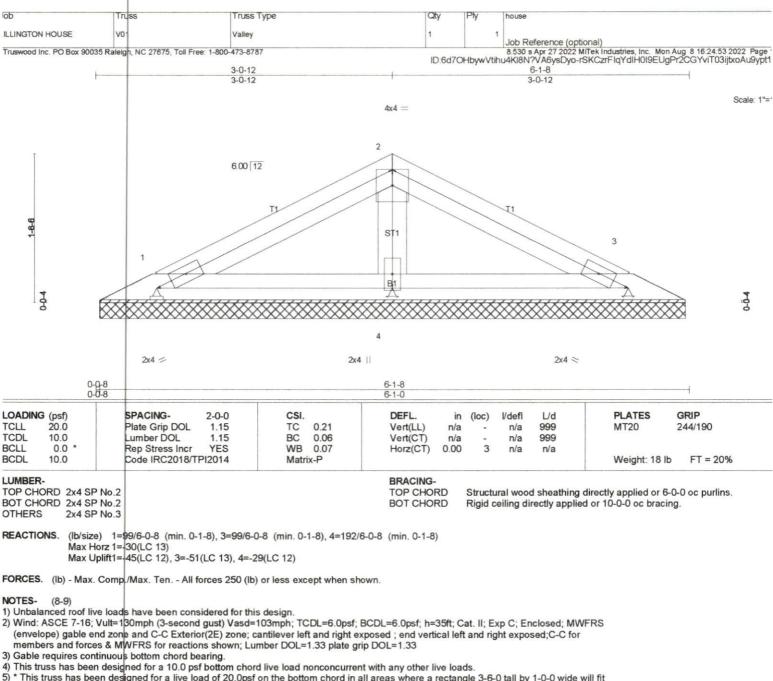
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=1\$0mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -1-4-0 to 1-8-0, Exterior(2N) 1-8-0 to 13-0-0, Corner(3R) 13-0-0 to 16-0-0, Exterior(2N) 16-0-0 to 27-4-0 zone; cartilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33

 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Truswood standard
- detail "Gable BR-1" for bracing information.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

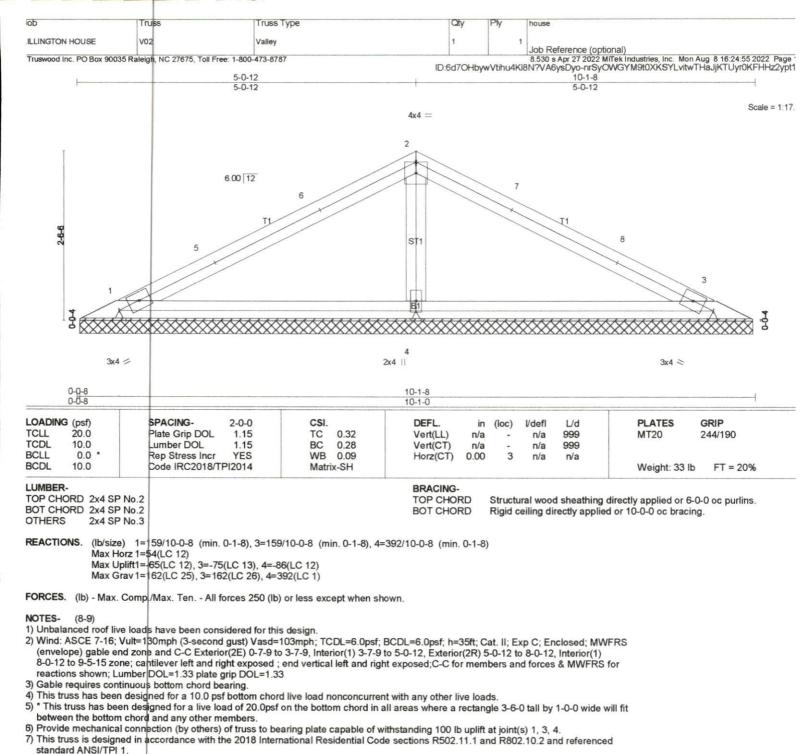
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 24, 26, 27, 28, 22, 21, 20, 19, 16 except (jt=lb) 29=118, 18=117.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 10) If Southern Pine (SP or \$Pp) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.



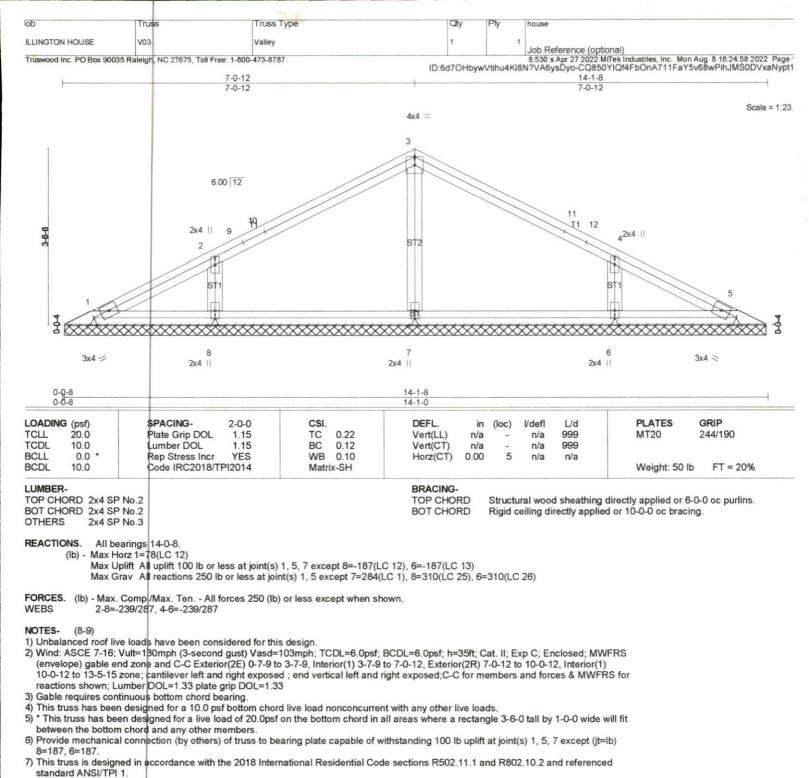
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.

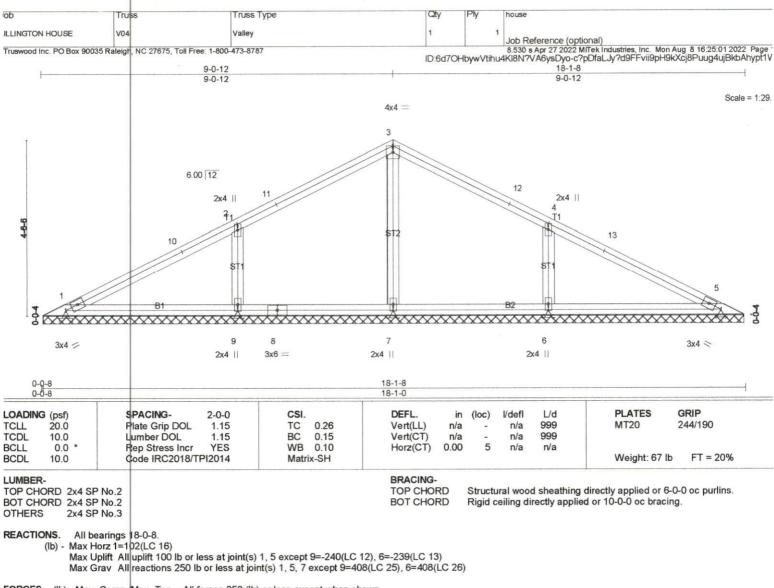
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) If Southern Pine (SP or SPp) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.



8) If Southern Pine (SP or SPp) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.



8) If Southern Pine (SP or SPp) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.



FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. WEBS 2-9=-296/293, 4-6=-296/293

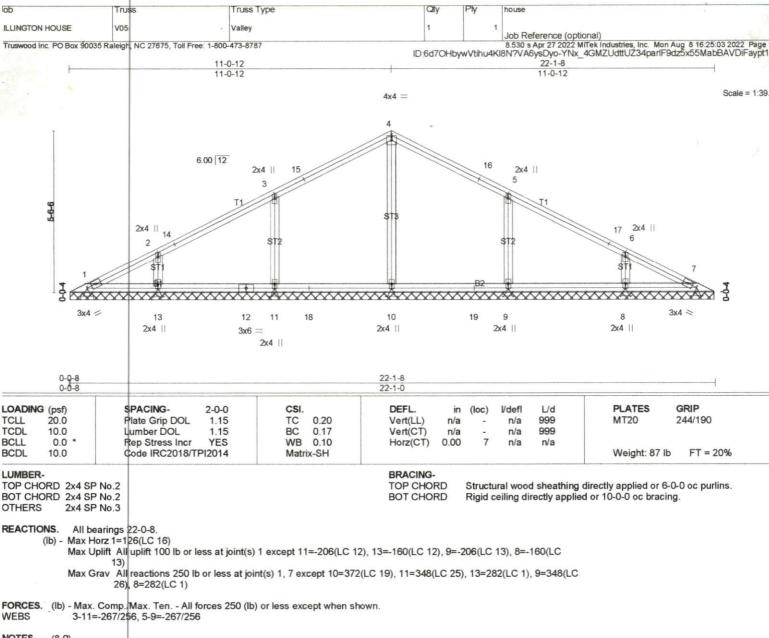
NOTES-(8-9)

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=13 Omph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 9-0-12, Exterior(2R) 9-0-12 to 12-0-12, Interior(1) 12-0-12 to 17-5-15 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 9=240, 6=239.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) If Southern Pine (SP or SPp) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.



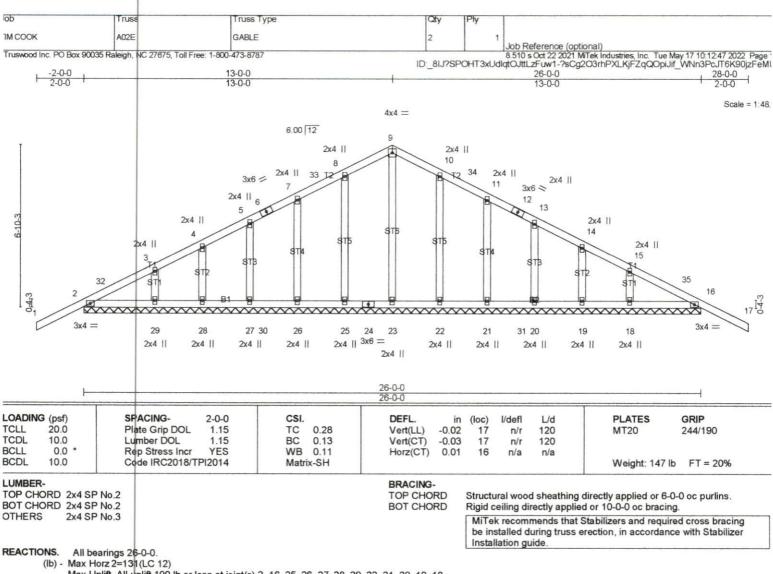
NOTES-(8-9)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 11-0-12, Exterior(2R) 11-0-12 to 14-0-12, Interior(1) 14-0-12 to 21-5-15 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 11=206, 13=160, 9=206, 8=160.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) If Southern Pine (SP or SPp) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.



Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 16, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 22, 21, 20, 19, 18

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 22, 21, 20, 19, 18 except 2=276(LC 1), 16=276(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

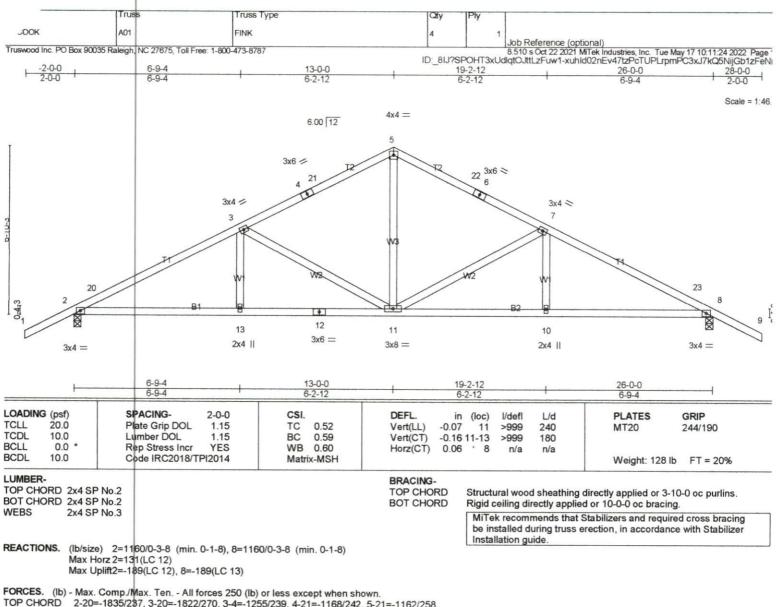
NOTES- (10-11)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130 mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 13-0-0, Exterior(2R) 13-0-0 to 16-0-0, Interior(1) 16-0-0 to 28-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DDL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Truswood standard detail "Gable BR-1" for bracing information.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 16, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 22, 21, 20, 19, 18.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 10) If Southern Pine (SP or SPp) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.



2-20=-1835/237, 3-20=-1822/270, 3-4=-1255/239, 4-21=-1168/242, 5-21=-1162/258, 5-22=-1162/258, 6-22=-1169/242, 6-7=-1255/239, 7-23=-1822/270, 8-23=-1835/236

2-13=-219/1575, 12-13=-219/1575, 11-12=-219/1575, 10-11=-139/1575, 8-10=-139/1575 **BOT CHORD**

5-11=-62/707 7-11=-624/215, 7-10=0/273, 3-11=-624/214, 3-13=0/273 **WEBS**

NOTES- (7-8)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

 Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=35ft; Cat. II; Exp B: Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 13-0-0, Exterior(2R) 13-0-0 to 16-0-0, Interior(1) 16-0-0 to 28-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DDL=1.33 plate grip DOL=1.33

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=189, 8=189
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 7) If Southern Pine (SP or SPr) lumber is specified, the design values are those effective 06/01/2012 by ALSC or proposed by SPIB.