

Trenco
818 Soundside Rd
Edenton, NC 27932

Re: 150_1446_A
KB Home 150.1446.A

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by 84 Components - #2383.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I48145073 thru I48145093

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2021.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



September 30, 2021

Sevier, Scott

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145073
150_1446_A	A1	Common	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

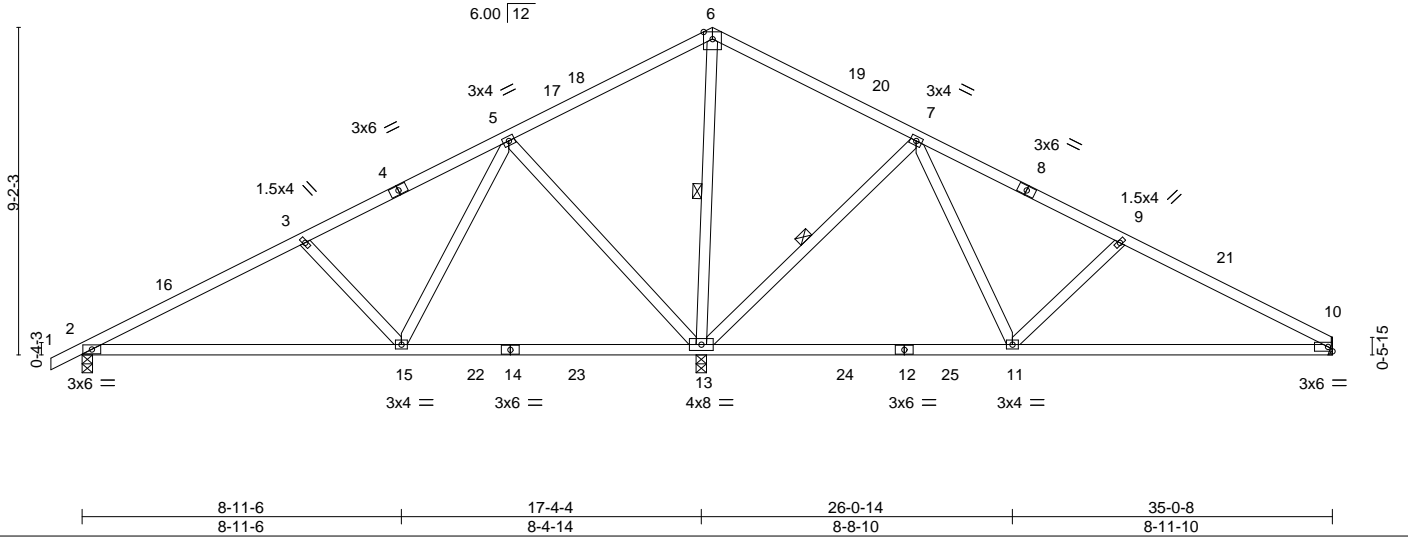
8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:22:49 2021 Page 1

ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-?KocholKcGzrDMxEwt9ZrFagvOcabyJ7hM9GryYkBa



6x6 =

Scale: 3/16"=1'



LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.47	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.81	Vert(LL) -0.16 10-11 >999 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.86	Vert(CT) -0.33 10-11 >636 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.01 10 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 180 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-	BRACING-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 6-13, 7-13

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 13=0-3-8, 10=Mechanical
 Max Horz 2=130(LC 16)
 Max Uplift 2=44(LC 16), 13=48(LC 16), 10=53(LC 17)
 Max Grav 2=551(LC 36), 13=2121(LC 3), 10=524(LC 39)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
 TOP CHORD 2-3=-635/67, 3-5=-395/61, 5-6=0/675, 6-7=0/640, 7-9=-438/109, 9-10=-685/125
 BOT CHORD 2-15=-118/517, 10-11=-50/560
 WEBS 3-15=-354/151, 5-15=-4/653, 5-13=-682/157, 6-13=-805/31, 7-13=-708/152, 7-11=0/639, 9-11=-350/153

- NOTES-**
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-7-9, Interior(1) 2-7-9 to 17-8-0, Exterior(2R) 17-8-0 to 21-2-1, Interior(1) 21-2-1 to 34-11-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
 - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 - Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
 - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10.
 - One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 13. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
 - This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30, 2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145074
150_1446_A	A1A	ROOF TRUSS	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:22:50 2021 Page 1

ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-SCuAp1oN5wOpTNx7ndOO52oe3Jk8J9QTMl6ioHyYkBZ



3x6 =

Scale: 3/16"=1'

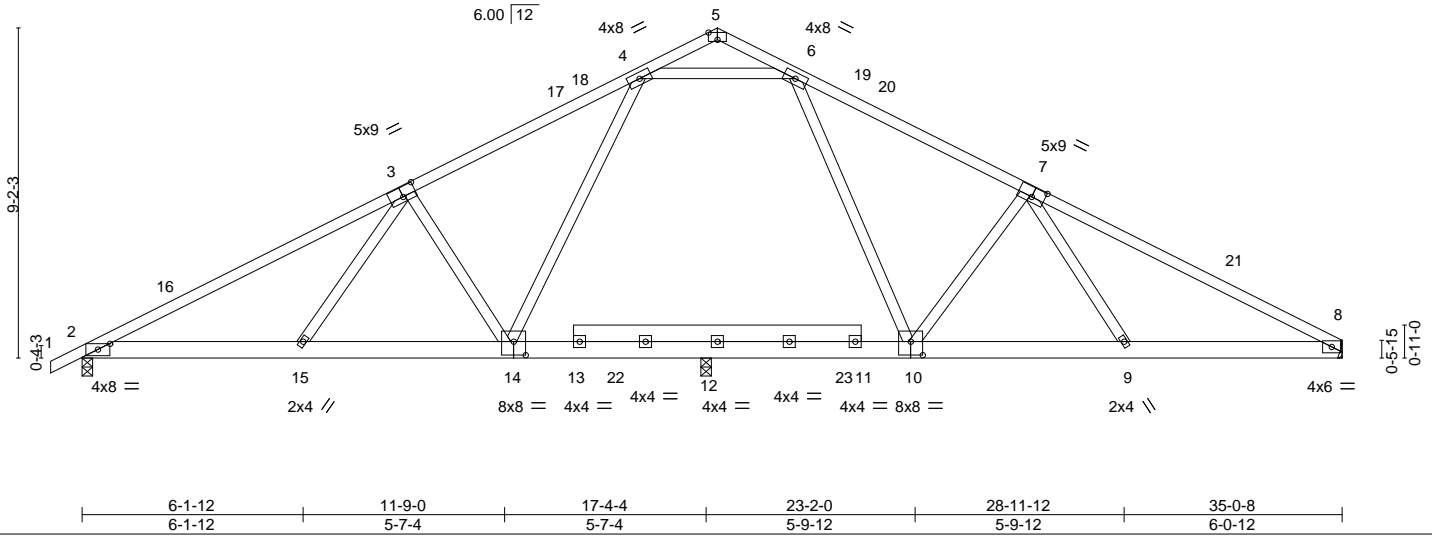


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-4-0,0-1-15], [3:0-4-8,0-3-4], [5:0-3-0,Edge], [7:0-4-4,0-3-4], [10:0-4-0,0-4-8], [14:0-4-0,0-4-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.95	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.79	Vert(LL) -0.29 9-10 >726 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.40	Vert(CT) -0.37 9-10 >569 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.04 8 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 221 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 *Except*
7-8: 2x4 SP No.1
BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-8, 8=Mechanical, 12=0-3-8
Max Horz 2=132(LC 16)
Max Uplift 2=83(LC 16), 8=80(LC 17)
Max Grav 2=1132(LC 3), 8=1090(LC 3), 12=896(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1950/132, 3-4=-1323/192, 6-7=-1313/191, 7-8=-1934/149
BOT CHORD 2-15=-146/1665, 14-15=-148/1418, 12-14=-18/991, 10-12=-15/987, 9-10=-61/1434,
8-9=-46/1638
WEBS 3-15=0/479, 3-14=-686/221, 4-14=-33/358, 6-10=-44/375, 7-10=-681/215, 7-9=0/443,
4-6=-934/195

NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-7-9, Interior(1) 2-7-9 to 17-8-0, Exterior(2R) 17-8-0 to 21-2-1, Interior(1) 21-2-1 to 34-11-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- ATTIC SPACE SHOWN IS DESIGNED AS UNINHABITABLE.



September 30, 2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component

Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

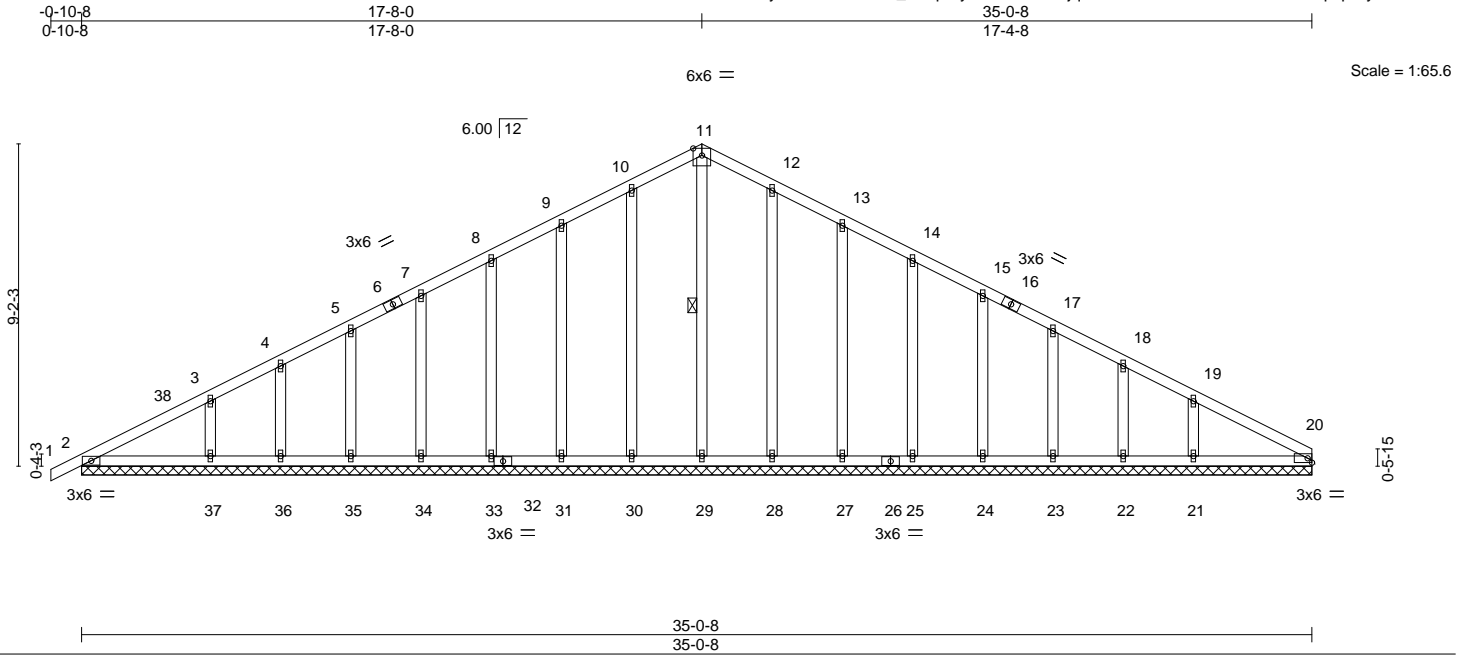


818 Soundside Road
Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145075
150_1446_A	A1E	Common Supported Gable	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:22:52 2021 Page 1
ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-Pa0xEjqddXeXih5Wv2QsATtA36bTn7NIqfbptAyYkBX



LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.14	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.10	Vert(LL) -0.00 1 n/r 120		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.18	Vert(CT) 0.00 1 n/r 120		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.01 20 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 221 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 11-29

REACTIONS.

All bearings 35-0-8.
(lb) - Max Horz 2=130(LC 16)
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 28, 27, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 28, 27, 25, 24, 23, 22, 20
except 37=286(LC 36), 21=275(LC 37)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-7-9, Exterior(2N) 2-7-9 to 17-8-0, Corner(3R) 17-8-0 to 21-2-1, Exterior(2N) 21-2-1 to 35-0-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- n/a
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30, 2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component

Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



818 Soundside Road
Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145076
150_1446_A	A2	COMMON	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	

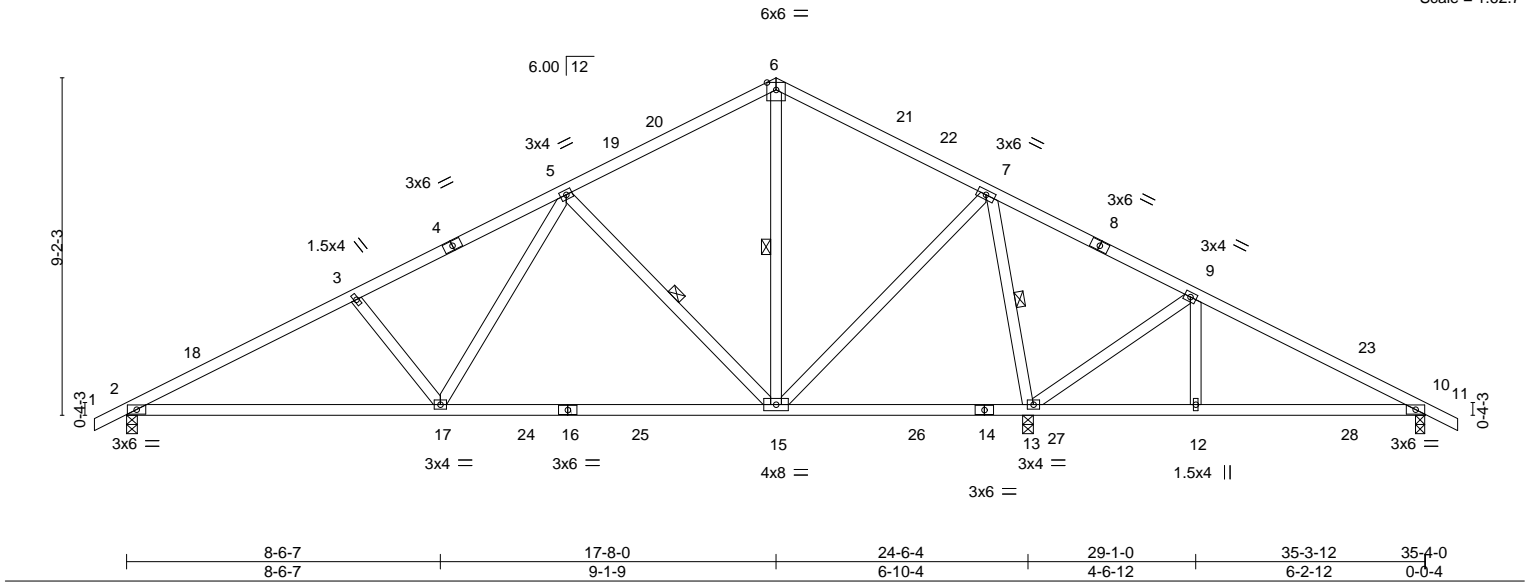
84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:22:54 2021 Page 1

ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-Lz7hfPsu98uFy?Fv0TTKGuyQhw3UFyJ2Hz4wx2yYkBV

0-10-8 6-3-0 11-11-8 17-8-0 23-4-8 29-1-0 35-4-0 36-2-8
 0-10-8 6-3-0 5-8-8 5-8-8 5-8-8 5-8-8 6-3-0 0-10-8

Scale = 1:62.7



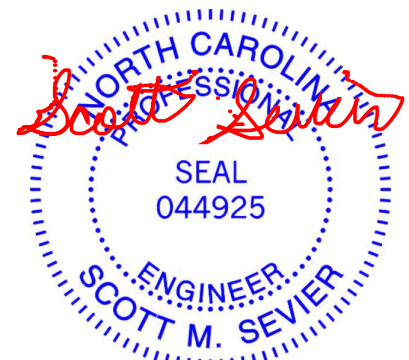
LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.52	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.96	Vert(LL) -0.21 15-17 >999 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.40	Vert(CT) -0.35 15-17 >841 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.03 13 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 187 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-	BRACING-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-11-11 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 5-15, 6-15, 7-13

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 13=0-3-8, 10=0-3-0
 Max Horz 2=125(LC 20)
 Max Uplift 2=65(LC 16), 13=15(LC 17), 10=77(LC 12)
 Max Grav 2=988(LC 3), 13=1960(LC 3), 10=311(LC 37)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
 TOP CHORD 2-3=1563/107, 3-5=1390/111, 5-6=500/102, 6-7=502/105, 7-9=79/669, 9-10=172/264
 BOT CHORD 2-17=147/1398, 15-17=53/896, 13-15=300/165
 WEBS 3-17=329/149, 5-17=8/680, 5-15=676/159, 7-15=10/974, 7-13=1470/131, 9-13=540/351

- NOTES-**
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 17-8-0, Exterior(2R) 17-8-0 to 20-8-0, Interior(1) 20-8-0 to 36-2-8 zone; porch right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
 - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 - One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2, 13, and 10. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
 - This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30, 2021

Job 150_1446_A	Truss A3	Truss Type Common	Qty 5	Ply 1	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145077
-------------------	-------------	----------------------	----------	----------	--------------------	-----------

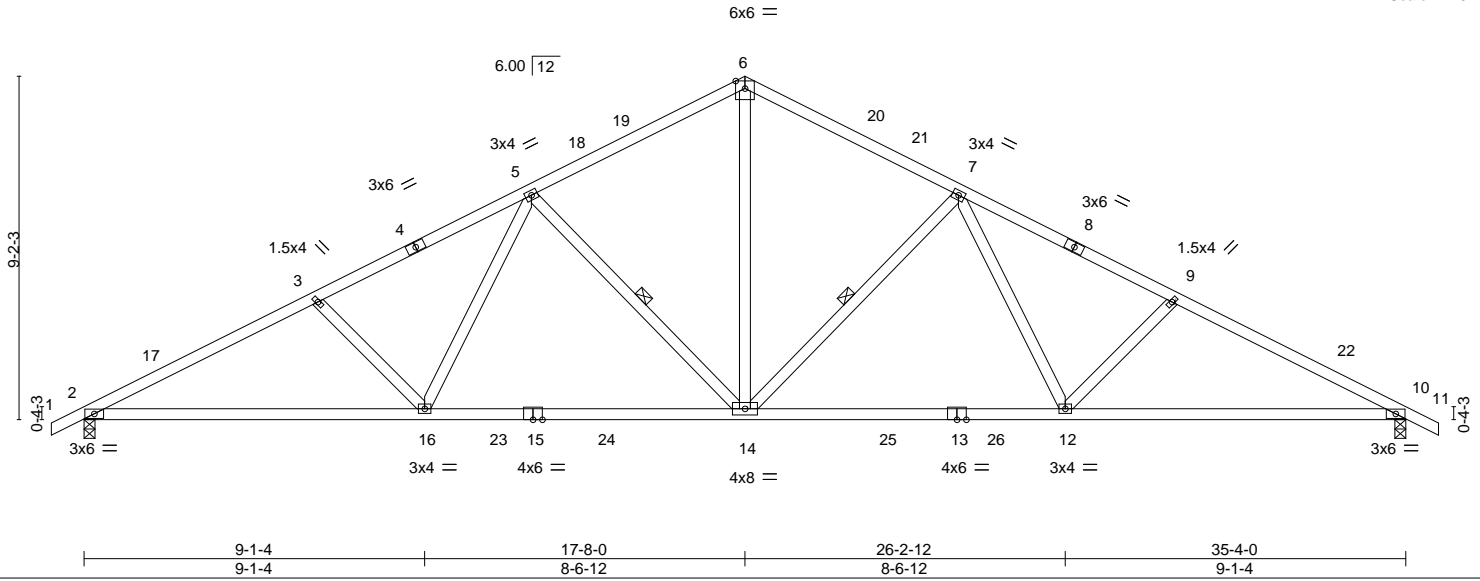
84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:22:55 2021 Page 1

ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-p9h3tIsWwS06Z8q5aA_Zo6VX5KQF_NTCWdpTUvYyKBU

0-10-8 6-3-0 11-11-8 17-8-0 23-4-8 29-1-0 35-4-0 36-2-8
 0-10-8 6-3-0 5-8-8 5-8-8 5-8-8 5-8-8 5-8-8 6-3-0 0-10-8

Scale = 1:61.6



LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.73	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.86	Vert(LL) -0.23 14-16 >999 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.54	Vert(CT) -0.41 10-12 >999 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.11 10 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 182 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-	BRACING-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-4-4 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 7-14, 5-14

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 10=0-3-8
 Max Horz 2=125(LC 20)
 Max Uplift 2=68(LC 16), 10=68(LC 17)
 Max Grav 2=1584(LC 3), 10=1584(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
 TOP CHORD 2-3=-2827/120, 3-5=-2627/108, 5-6=-1816/142, 6-7=-1816/142, 7-9=-2627/109,
 9-10=-2827/120
 BOT CHORD 2-16=-159/2472, 14-16=-56/2025, 12-14=0/2025, 10-12=-34/2472
 WEBS 6-14=-22/1297, 7-14=-679/155, 7-12=0/619, 9-12=-325/151, 5-14=-679/154, 5-16=0/620,
 3-16=-325/151

- NOTES-**
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 17-8-0, Exterior(2R) 17-8-0 to 20-8-0, Interior(1) 20-8-0 to 36-2-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
 - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 - One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 10. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
 - This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30, 2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145078
150_1446_A	A4	Common	7	1	Job Reference (optional)	

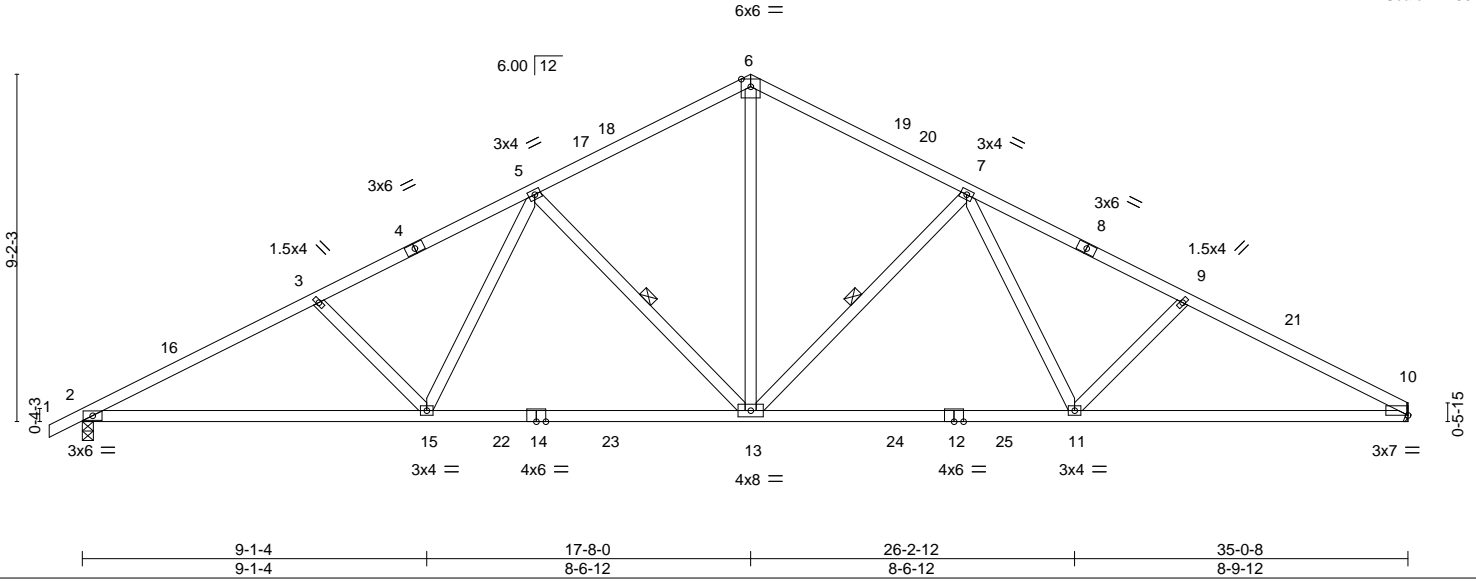
84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:22:56 2021 Page 1

ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-HMFR45t8hm8zBIPH8uVoLJ1hdjmWjqLkHZ10xyYkBT



Scale = 1:60.9



LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.81	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.86	Vert(LL) -0.22 13-15 >999 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.53	Vert(CT) -0.40 2-15 >999 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.11 10 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 180 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-	BRACING-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 7-13, 5-13

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 10=Mechanical
 Max Horz 2=130(LC 16)
 Max Uplift 2=68(LC 16), 10=52(LC 17)
 Max Grav 2=1575(LC 3), 10=1523(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
 TOP CHORD 2-3=2809/121, 3-5=2609/109, 5-6=1798/148, 6-7=1798/150, 7-9=2572/116, 9-10=2756/120
 BOT CHORD 2-15=165/2456, 13-15=62/2009, 11-13=0/1993, 10-11=-46/2393
 WEBS 6-13=-26/1281, 7-13=-658/154, 7-11=0/585, 9-11=-291/152, 5-13=-679/154, 5-15=0/620, 3-15=-325/151

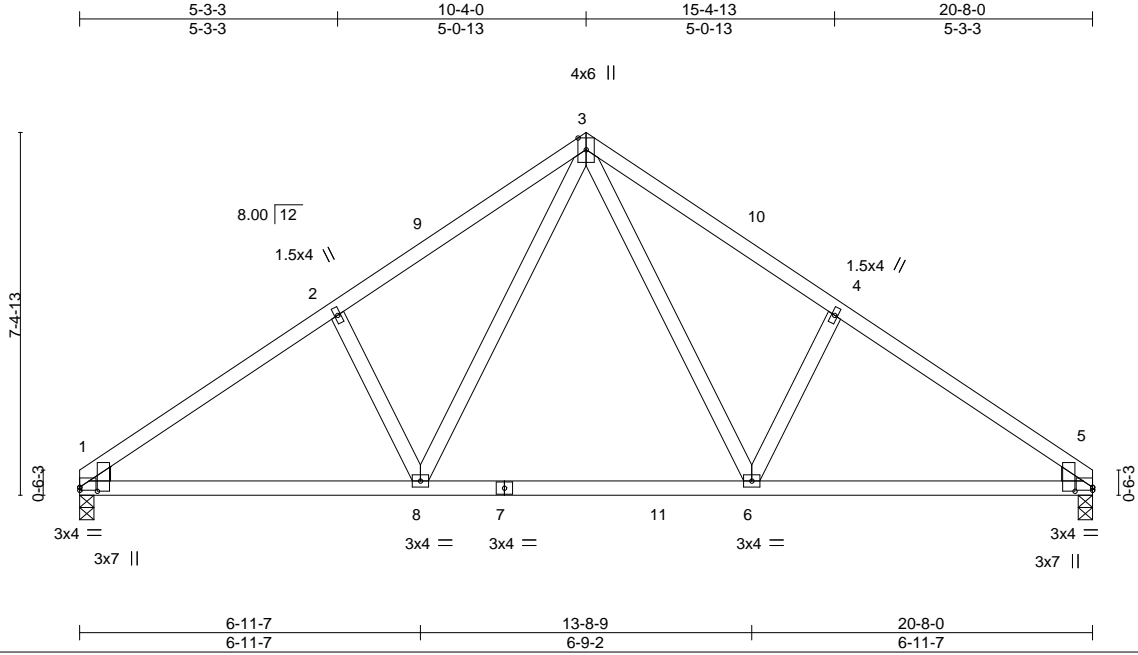
- NOTES-**
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-7-9, Interior(1) 2-7-9 to 17-8-0, Exterior(2R) 17-8-0 to 21-2-1, Interior(1) 21-2-1 to 34-11-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
 - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 - Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
 - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10.
 - One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
 - This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145079
150_1446_A	B1	Common	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:22:57 2021 Page 1
ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-IYpqIRumS3GqpSzUib01tXazL7AiSMwUzwlwYNYyKBs



Scale = 1:47.0

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [1:0-0-0,0-0-12], [1:0-0-15,0-4-5], [5:Edge,0-0-12], [5:0-0-15,0-4-5]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.37	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.60	Vert(LL) -0.08 6-8 >999 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.22	Vert(CT) -0.14 1-8 >999 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.03 5 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 103 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3
WEDGE
Left: 2x4 SP No.3 , Right: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-10-7 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=0-3-8, 5=0-3-8
Max Horz 1=-142(LC 10)
Max Uplift 1=-23(LC 14), 5=-23(LC 15)
Max Grav 1=919(LC 25), 5=919(LC 26)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
TOP CHORD 1-2=-1254/61, 2-3=-1164/114, 3-4=-1163/114, 4-5=-1254/61
BOT CHORD 1-8=-73/1076, 6-8=0/707, 5-6=0/976
WEBS 3-6=-72/585, 4-6=-269/165, 3-8=-72/587, 2-8=-269/165

- NOTES-**
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TC DL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 10-4-0, Exterior(2R) 10-4-0 to 13-4-0, Interior(1) 13-4-0 to 20-6-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 - One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 1 and 5. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
 - This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30, 2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



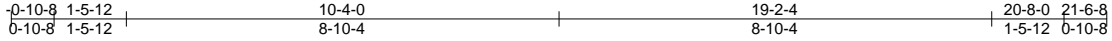
818 Soundside Road
Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145080
150_1446_A	BE	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:22:58 2021 Page 1

ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-DkNCVmvODNOhQcYgFJXGQk7DrXfgBrHeCa274pyYkBR



3x4 =

Scale = 1:47.1

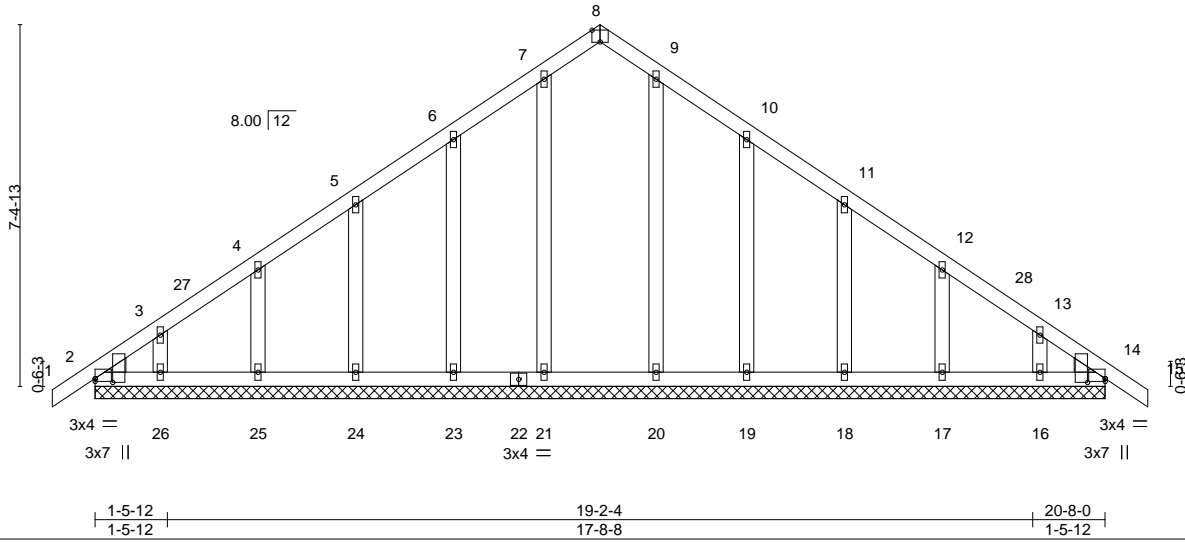


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-0-15,0-4-5], [2:0-0-0,0-0-12], [8:0-2-0,Edge], [14:0-0-0,0-0-12], [14:0-0-15,0-4-5]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.06	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.05	Vert(LL) -0.00 15 n/r 120		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.09	Vert(CT) -0.00 15 n/r 120		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.01 14 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 125 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3
 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3
 WEDGE
 Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

All bearings 20-8-0.
 (lb) - Max Horz 2=-149(LC 12)
 Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 25, 24, 23, 19, 18, 14, 17, 26, 16
 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 25, 24, 23, 21, 20, 19, 18, 14, 17, 26, 16

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2N) 2-1-8 to 10-4-0, Corner(3R) 10-4-0 to 13-4-0, Exterior(2N) 13-4-0 to 21-6-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- n/a
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30, 2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component

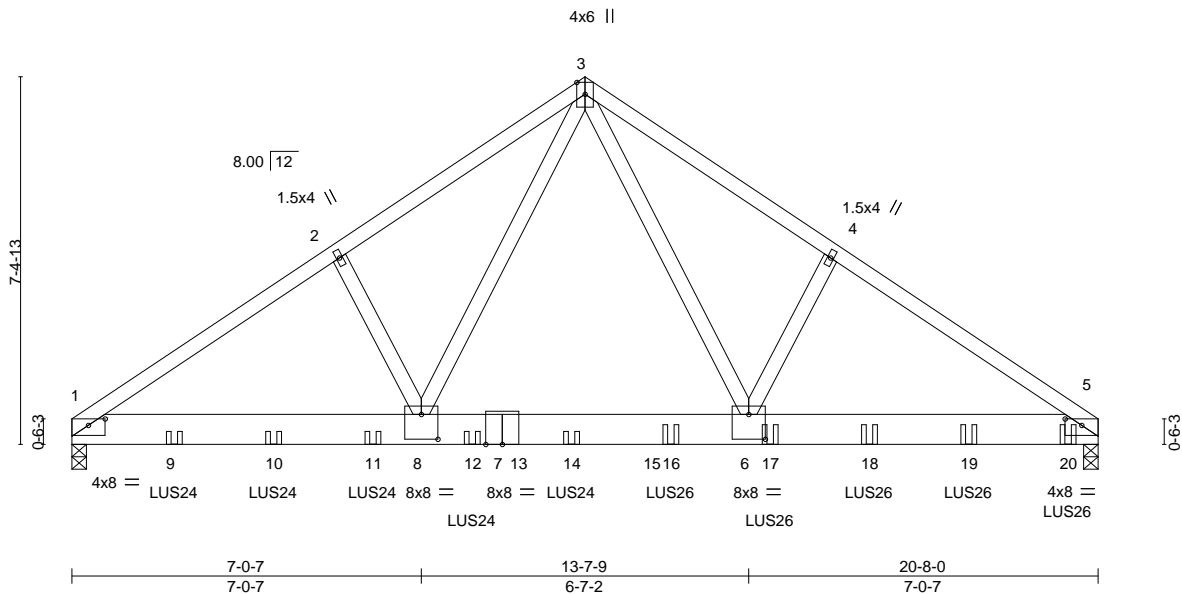
Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



818 Soundside Road
 Edenton, NC 27932

Job 150_1446_A	Truss BG	Truss Type Common Girder	Qty 1	Ply 3	KB Home 150.1446.A 148145081
-------------------	-------------	-----------------------------	----------	----------	---------------------------------

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334, ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-2QAwsopQdOnXOcZPlwpr?mw5v2LuiMei0p4CERyYeAW
8.510 s Jun 1 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Sep 30 10:13:33 2021 Page 1
5-4-11 10-4-0 15-3-5 20-8-0
5-4-11 4-11-5 4-11-5 5-4-11



Scale = 1:46.4

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [1:0-4-0,0-1-9], [5:0-4-0,0-1-9], [6:0-4-0,0-6-0], [8:0-4-0,0-6-0]										
LOADING (psf)		SPACING-		CSI.		DEFL.			PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	2-0-0	TC	0.38	Vert(LL)	-0.08	5-6	>999	240
Snow (Pf/Pg)	11.6/15.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.89	Vert(CT)	-0.15	5-6	>999	180
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.62	Horz(CT)	0.02	5	n/a	n/a
BCLL	0.0 *	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-S						
BCDL	10.0								Weight: 400 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-		BRACING-	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD	2x8 SP No.2	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3		

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=2837/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-0), 5=4330/0-3-8 (min. 0-3-0)
Max Horz 1=139(LC 32)
Max Uplift 1=-355(LC 10), 5=-474(LC 11)
Max Grav 1=3767(LC 3), 5=5718(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
TOP CHORD 1-2=-5414/519, 2-3=-5302/575, 3-4=-6382/627, 4-5=-6494/571
BOT CHORD 1-9=-455/4412, 9-10=-455/4412, 10-11=-455/4412, 8-11=-455/4412, 8-12=-250/3333,
7-12=-250/3333, 7-13=-250/3333, 13-14=-250/3333, 14-15=-250/3333, 15-16=-250/3333,
6-16=-250/3333, 6-17=-411/5308, 17-18=-411/5308, 18-19=-411/5308, 19-20=-411/5308,
5-20=-411/5308
WEBS 3-6=-420/4462, 4-6=-282/201, 3-8=-321/2373, 2-8=-282/198

- NOTES-**
- 3-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:
Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 3 rows staggered at 0-5-0 oc.
Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
 - All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
 - Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 - One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 1 and 5. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
 - This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
 - Use Simpson Strong-Tie LUS24 (4-10d Girder, 2-10d Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 2-0-12 from the left end to 10-0-12 to connect truss(es) (1 ply 2x4 SP or SPF) to back face of bottom chord.
 - Use Simpson Strong-Tie LUS26 (4-SD9112 Girder, 4-SD912 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 12-0-12 from the left end to 20-0-12 to connect truss(es) (1 ply 2x6 SP) to back face of bottom chord.
 - Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.



September 30, 2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

ENGINEERING BY
TRENCO
A MiTek Affiliate
818 Soundside Road
Edenton, NC 27932

Job 150_1446_A	Truss BG	Truss Type Common Girder	Qty 1	Ply 3	KB Home 150.1446.A Job Reference (optional)	I48145081
-------------------	-------------	-----------------------------	----------	-----------------	--	-----------

8.510 s Jun 1 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Sep 30 10:13:33 2021 Page 2
ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-2QAwSopQdOnXOcZPlwpr?mw5v2LuiMei0p4CERyYeAW

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-43, 3-5=-43, 1-5=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 9=-370(B) 10=-370(B) 11=-370(B) 12=-370(B) 14=-370(B) 16=-805(B) 17=-805(B) 18=-805(B) 19=-805(B) 20=-810(B)

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



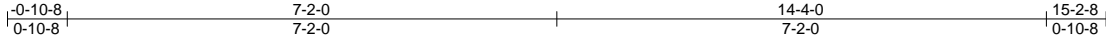
818 Soundside Road
Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145082
150_1446_A	C1	Common	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:23:01 2021 Page 1

ID:ztGCYwnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-eJ3K7oxHWInGH3HFxR5z2NIY0kYcOBI4uYgoh8yYkBO



4x6 ==

Scale = 1:33.7

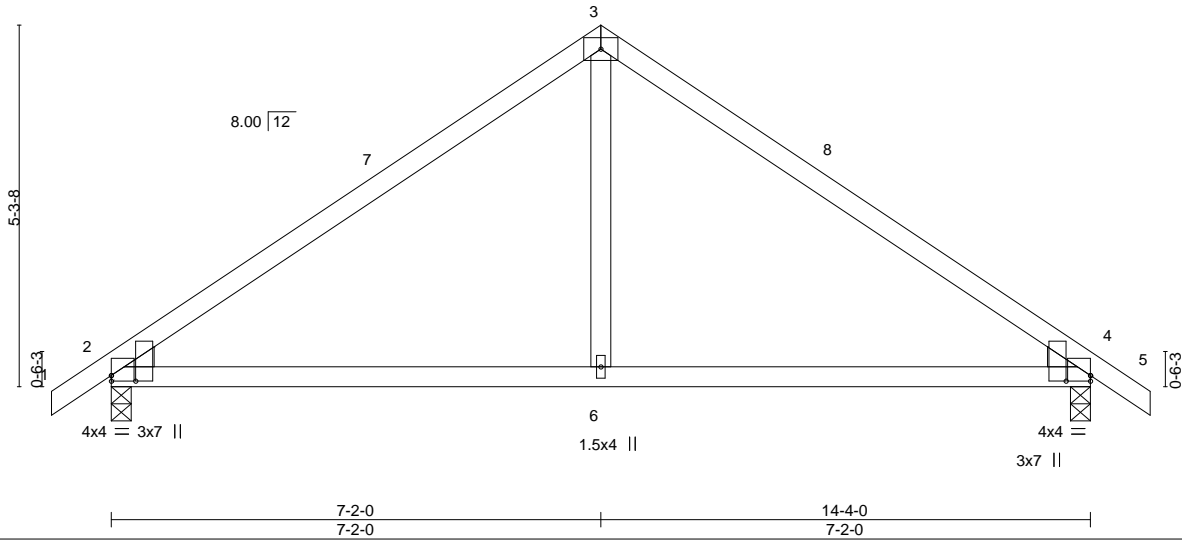


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-0-0,0-1-0], [2:0-1-0,0-4-4], [4:Edge,0-1-0], [4:0-1-0,0-4-4]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.77	Vert(LL) -0.06	4-6	>999	240	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.54	Vert(CT) -0.13	4-6	>999	180		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.13	Horz(CT) 0.01	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S					Weight: 59 lb	FT = 20%
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014							

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3
 WEDGE
 Left: 2x4 SP No.3 , Right: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-8-11 oc purlins.
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

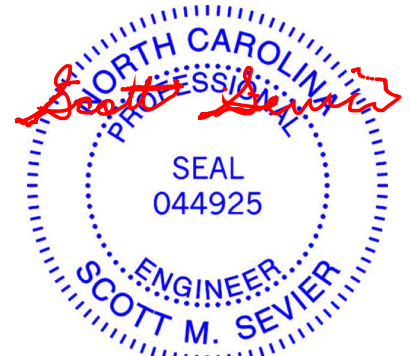
(size) 2=0-3-8, 4=0-3-8
 Max Horz 2=-107(LC 12)
 Max Uplift 2=-31(LC 14), 4=-31(LC 15)
 Max Grav 2=623(LC 2), 4=623(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-678/72, 3-4=-678/72
 BOT CHORD 2-6=0/458, 4-6=0/458
 WEBS 3-6=0/345

NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 7-2-0, Exterior(2R) 7-2-0 to 10-2-0, Interior(1) 10-2-0 to 15-2-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 4. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30, 2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



818 Soundside Road
 Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145083
150_1446_A	C2	Common	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:23:02 2021 Page 1
ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-6VcjL8yvGcv6vDsRU9cCaaHio8uk7eXE7C0LDbyYkBN

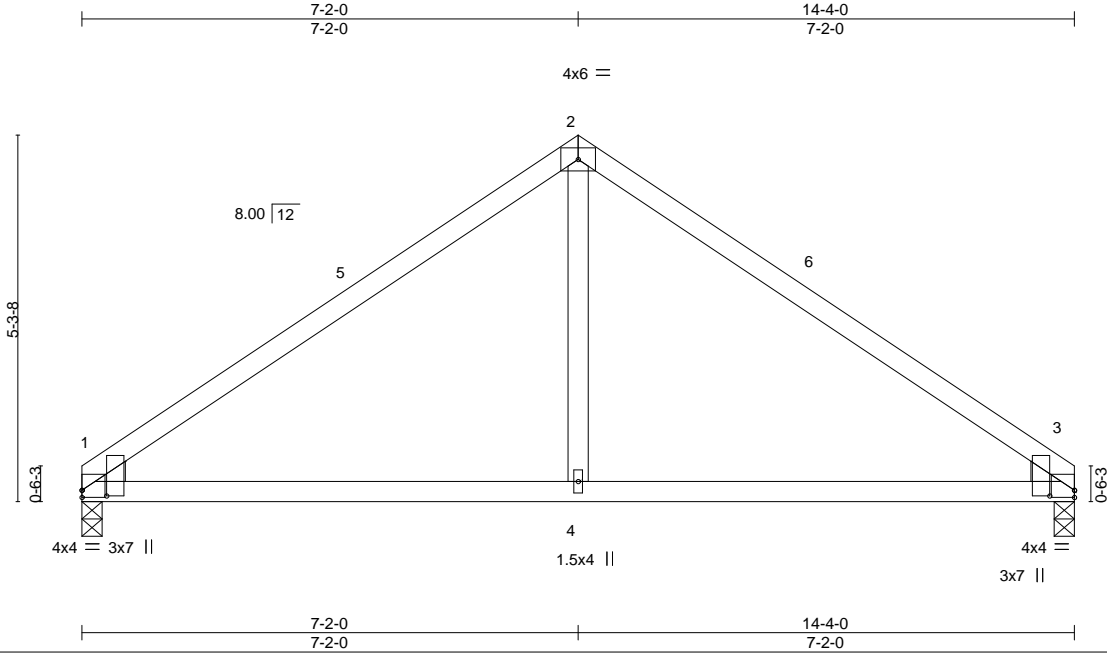


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [1:0-0-0,0-1-4], [1:0-1-0,0-4-4], [3:0-0-0,0-1-4], [3:0-1-0,0-4-4]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.83	Vert(LL) -0.06	3-4	>999	240	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.55	Vert(CT) -0.13	3-4	>999	180		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.13	Horz(CT) 0.01	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S					Weight: 56 lb	FT = 20%
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014							

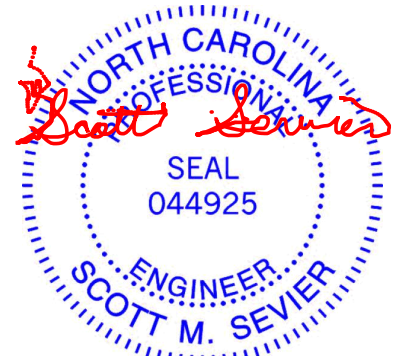
LUMBER-
 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3
 WEDGE
 Left: 2x4 SP No.3 , Right: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-
 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins.
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=0-3-8, 3=0-3-8
 Max Horz 1=-99(LC 12)
 Max Uplift 1=-15(LC 14), 3=-15(LC 15)
 Max Grav 1=562(LC 2), 3=562(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
 TOP CHORD 1-2=-683/72, 2-3=-683/72
 BOT CHORD 1-4=0/465, 3-4=0/465
 WEBS 2-4=0/347

- NOTES-**
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 7-2-0, Exterior(2R) 7-2-0 to 10-2-0, Interior(1) 10-2-0 to 14-2-4 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
 - One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 1 and 3. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
 - This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30,2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component

Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



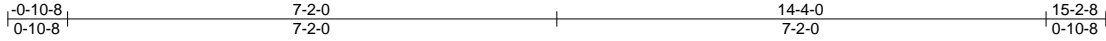
818 Soundside Road
 Edenton, NC 27932

Job 150_1446_A	Truss CE	Truss Type GABLE	Qty 1	Ply 1	KB Home 150.1446.A Job Reference (optional)	148145084
-------------------	-------------	---------------------	----------	----------	--	-----------

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:23:04 2021 Page 1

ID:ztGcYwnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-2ukTmqz9oD9q8X0qcZegf?NFTyiBbaVWaWVSiTYkBL



Scale = 1:33.8

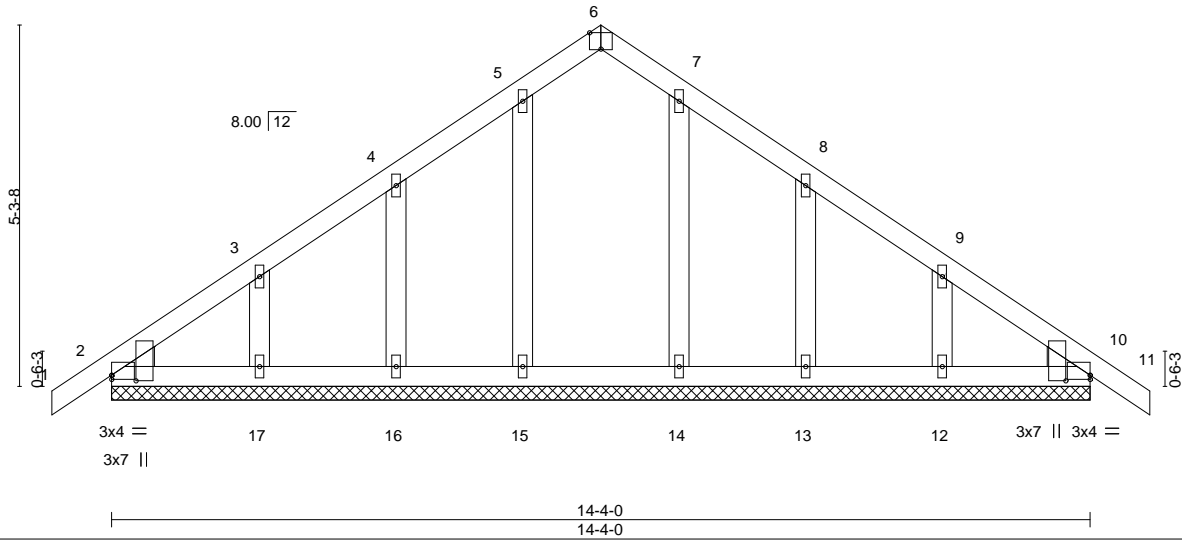


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-1-0,0-4-4], [2:0-0-0,0-0-12], [6:0-2-0,Edge], [10:0-0-0,0-0-12], [10:0-1-0,0-4-4]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.05	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.04	Vert(LL) -0.00 10 n/r 120		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.04	Vert(CT) -0.00 10 n/r 120		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.00 10 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 76 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-
 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3
 WEDGE
 Left: 2x4 SP No.3 , Right: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-
 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 14-4-0.
 (lb) - Max Horz 2=107(LC 13)
 Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 17, 16, 15, 13, 12
 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 10, 17, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-2-0, Exterior(2N) 2-2-0 to 7-2-0, Corner(3R) 7-2-0 to 10-2-0, Exterior(2N) 10-2-0 to 15-2-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- n/a
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30, 2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component

Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



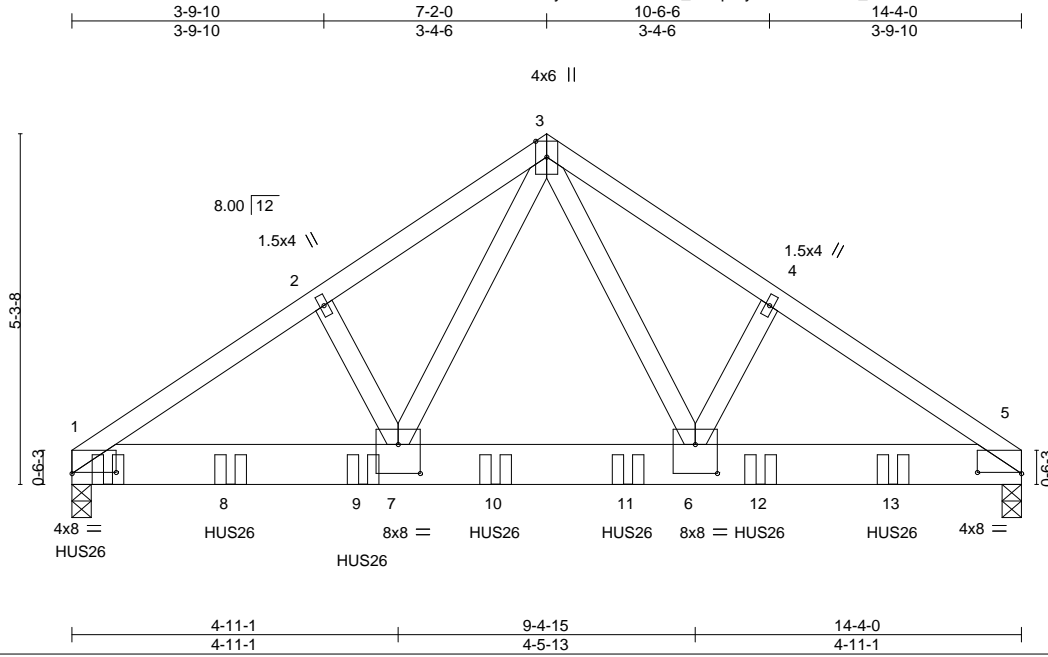
818 Soundside Road
 Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145085
150_1446_A	CG	Common Girder	1	3	Job Reference (optional)	

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:23:05 2021 Page 1

ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-W4lrZA_nZXHhmb0AH9vCDvNQMtWkvQgpAE?qvYkKb



Scale = 1:34.8

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [1:0-8-0,0-0-3], [5:0-8-0,0-0-3], [6:0-4-0,0-5-4], [7:0-4-0,0-5-4]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.23	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.71	Vert(LL) -0.05 6-7 >999 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.57	Vert(CT) -0.09 6-7 >999 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.02 5 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 276 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
 BOT CHORD 2x8 SP No.2
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

(size) 1=0-3-8, 5=0-3-8
 Max Horz 1=-96(LC 31)
 Max Uplift 1=-260(LC 10), 5=-213(LC 11)
 Max Grav 1=6365(LC 3), 5=5149(LC 3)

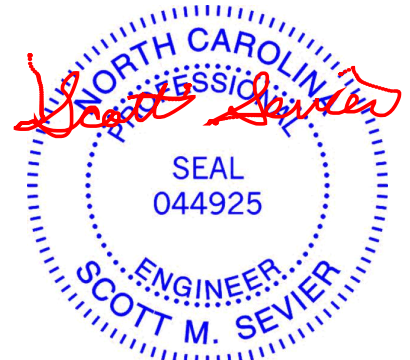
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-6948/300, 2-3=-6838/340, 3-4=-6911/343, 4-5=-7021/304
 BOT CHORD 1-7=-264/5648, 6-7=-133/3982, 5-6=-209/5710
 WEBS 3-6=-212/4144, 3-7=-205/4000

NOTES-

- 3-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:
 Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
 Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-5-0 oc.
 Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
- All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 1 and 5. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- Use Simpson Strong-Tie HUS26 (14-10d Girder, 4-10d Truss) or equivalent spaced at 2-3-0 oc max. starting at 0-1-12 from the left end to 12-4-12 to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.
- Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



September 30, 2021

Continued on page 2

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component

Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



818 Soundside Road
 Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145085
150_1446_A	CG	Common Girder	1	3	Job Reference (optional)	

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:23:05 2021 Page 2
 ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-W4IrzA_nZXHhmhb0AH9vCDvNQMtWkVQgpAE?qvYkBK

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-43, 3-5=-43, 1-5=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 1=-1086(B) 8=-1078(B) 9=-1078(B) 10=-1078(B) 11=-1078(B) 12=-1078(B) 13=-1078(B)

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



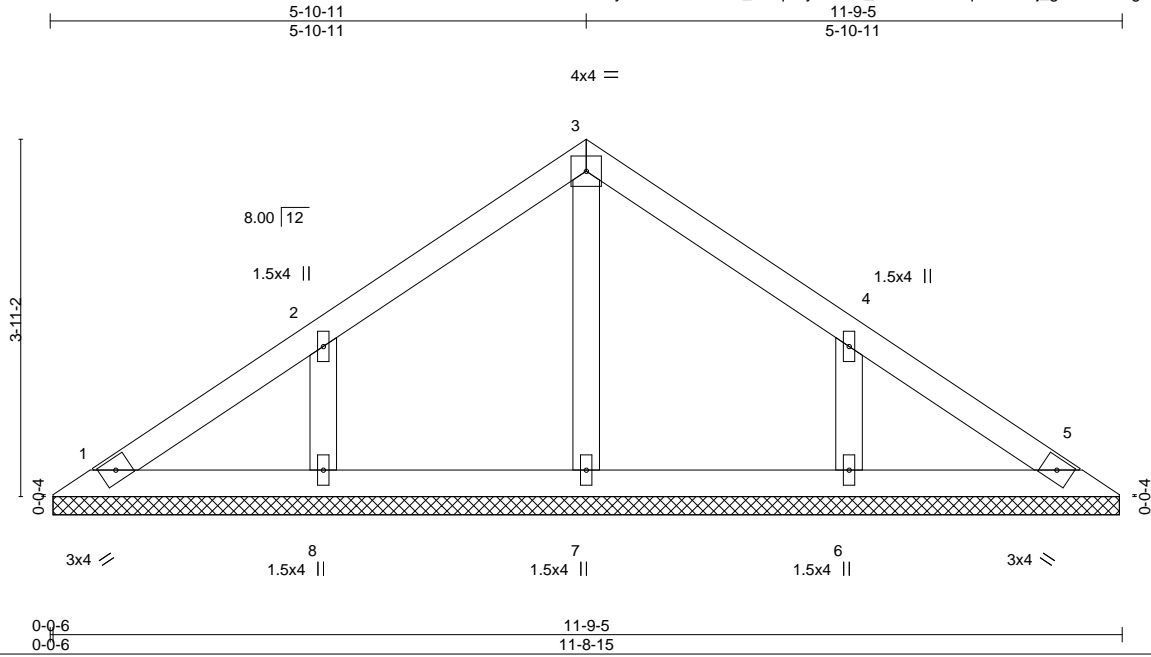
818 Soundside Road
 Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145086
150_1446_A	V1	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:23:06 2021 Page 1

ID:ztGCYwnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-HsDAW?PKqPYOr9Cj_g8lQSZ2lNg3Uzp2q_ZMMYkBJ



Scale = 1:25.3

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-0-0,0-0-0]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.18	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.10	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999		
TCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.04	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999		
BCLL 0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.00 5 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0				Weight: 46 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

All bearings 11-8-9.
 (lb) - Max Horz 1=-72(LC 10)
 Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 6, 8
 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 7 except 6=261(LC 26), 8=261(LC 25)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-5-12 to 3-5-12, Interior(1) 3-5-12 to 5-10-11, Exterior(2R) 5-10-11 to 8-9-5, Interior(1) 8-9-5 to 11-3-9 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One MTS12 Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 1. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- n/a
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30,2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component

Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

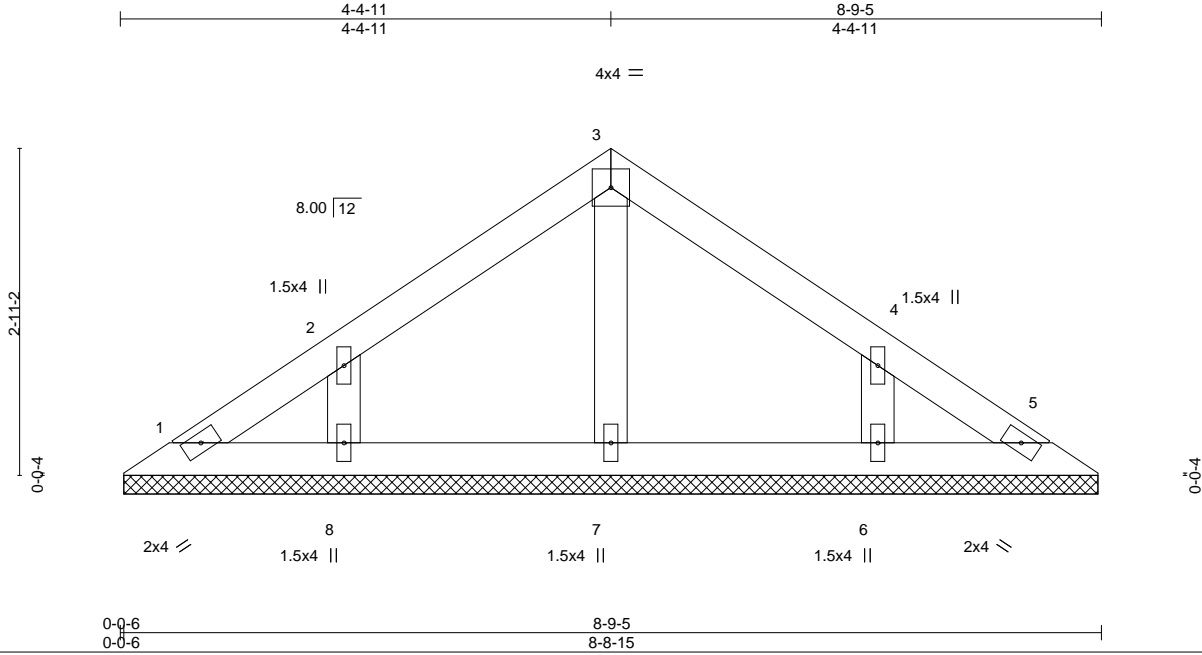


818 Soundside Road
 Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145087
150_1446_A	V2	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:23:07 2021 Page 1
ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-TTQcOr0158XP?_kPHiCNHe?lI9iNoxJzGUj6voyYkBl



Scale = 1:20.6

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-0-0,0-0-0]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.11	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.07	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.03	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P	Horz(CT) 0.00 5 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 33 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 8-8-9.
(lb) - Max Horz 1=52(LC 11)
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 6, 8
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 7, 6, 8

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- NOTES-**
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-5-12 to 3-5-12, Interior(1) 3-5-12 to 4-4-11, Exterior(2R) 4-4-11 to 7-4-11, Interior(1) 7-4-11 to 8-3-9 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
 - One MTS12 Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at j(s) 1. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
 - n/a
 - This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30, 2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component

Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

ENGINEERING BY
TRENCO
A MiTek Affiliate

818 Soundside Road
Edenton, NC 27932

Job 150_1446_A	Truss V3	Truss Type Valley	Qty 1	Ply 1	KB Home 150.1446.A Job Reference (optional)	148145088
-------------------	-------------	----------------------	----------	----------	--	-----------

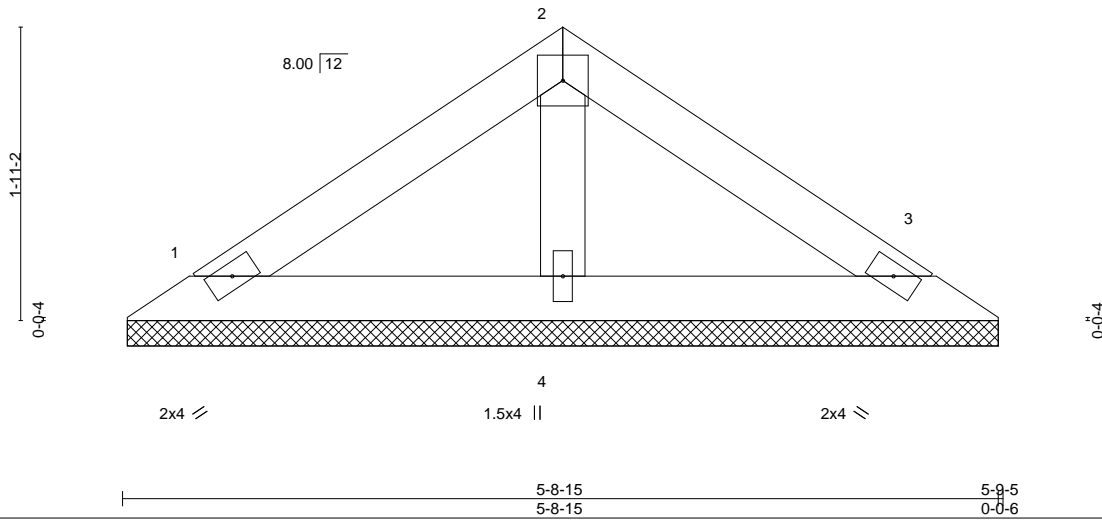
84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:23:08 2021 Page 1
ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-xf__bB0gsSfGd8JbrPjqrXvaZ2AXOi6V8TfREyYkBH



4x4 =

Scale = 1:15.1



LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.17	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.10	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.02	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P	Horz(CT) 0.00 3 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 19 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-9-5 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=5-8-9, 3=5-8-9, 4=5-8-9
Max Horz 1=-32(LC 12)
Max Uplift 1=-13(LC 14), 3=-18(LC 15)
Max Grav 1=103(LC 2), 3=103(LC 2), 4=179(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One MTS12 Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 1 and 3. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30, 2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component

Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

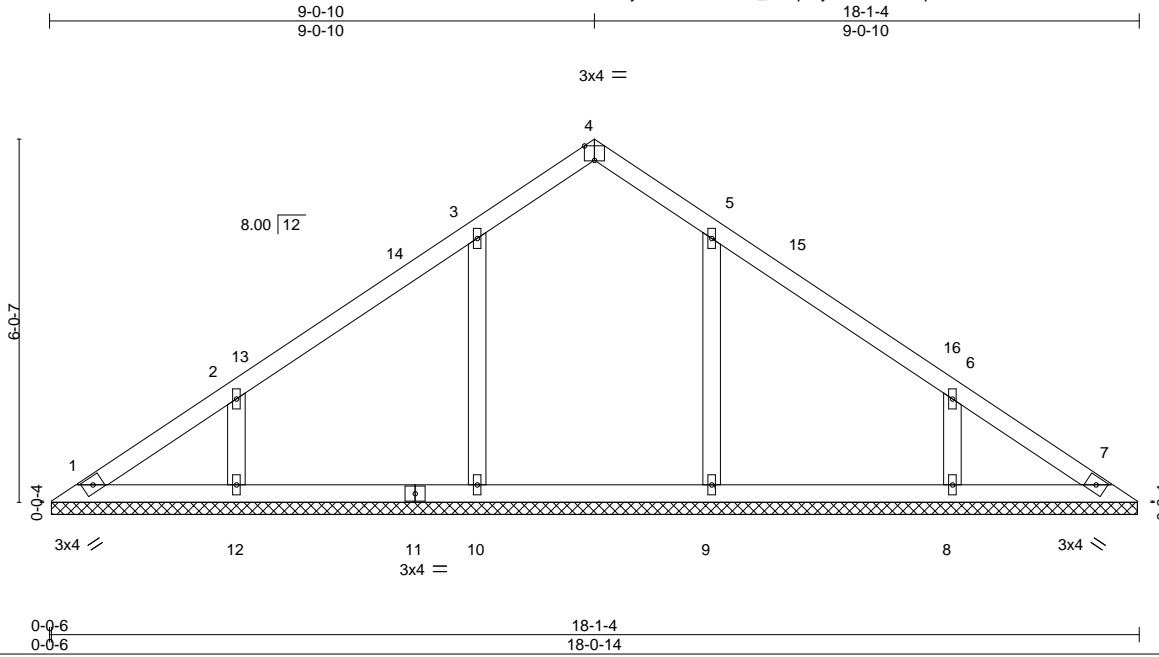


818 Soundside Road
Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145089
150_1446_A	V4	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:23:09 2021 Page 1
ID:ztGcYwnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-PsXMPX11dn7FlunP7ErM344hzNmGq?GkoCDzhyYkBG



Scale = 1:38.3

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [4:0-2-0,Edge]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.15	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.14	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999		
TCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.09	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999		
BCLL 0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.00 7 n/a n/a	Weight: 75 lb	FT = 20%
BCDL 10.0					

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6'-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10'-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

All bearings 18-0-8.
(lb) - Max Horz 1=114(LC 13)
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 8, 9, 12, 10
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7 except 8=362(LC 26), 9=390(LC 26), 12=361(LC 25), 10=393(LC 25)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-5-12 to 3-5-12, Interior(1) 3-5-12 to 9-0-10, Exterior(2R) 9-0-10 to 12-0-10, Interior(1) 12-0-10 to 17-7-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- One MTS12 Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 1 and 7. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- n/a
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30, 2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component

Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

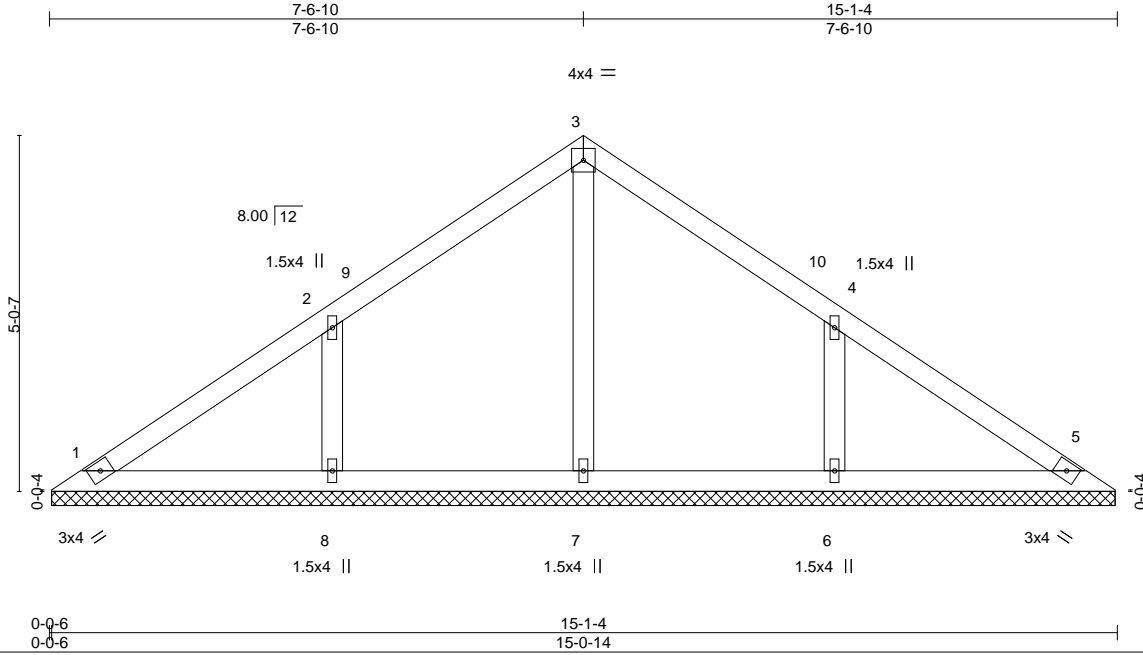
ENGINEERING BY
TRENCO
A MiTek Affiliate

818 Soundside Road
Edenton, NC 27932

Job 150_1446_A	Truss V5	Truss Type Valley	Qty 1	Ply 1	KB Home 150.1446.A Job Reference (optional)	148145090
-------------------	-------------	----------------------	----------	----------	--	-----------

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:23:10 2021 Page 1
ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-t25k0t2wO3v_tSTzyql4vGdF1NkY?HYpZSymV7yYkBF



Scale = 1:32.6

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.18	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.11	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.07	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.00 5 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 61 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

All bearings 15-0-8.
(lb) - Max Horz 1=-94(LC 12)
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 6, 8
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 7 except 6=345(LC 26), 8=345(LC 25)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
WEBS 4-6=-258/135, 2-8=-258/135

NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-5-12 to 3-5-12, Interior(1) 3-5-12 to 7-6-10, Exterior(2R) 7-6-10 to 10-6-10, Interior(1) 10-6-10 to 14-7-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One MTS12 Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 1. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- n/a
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30, 2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601
ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component

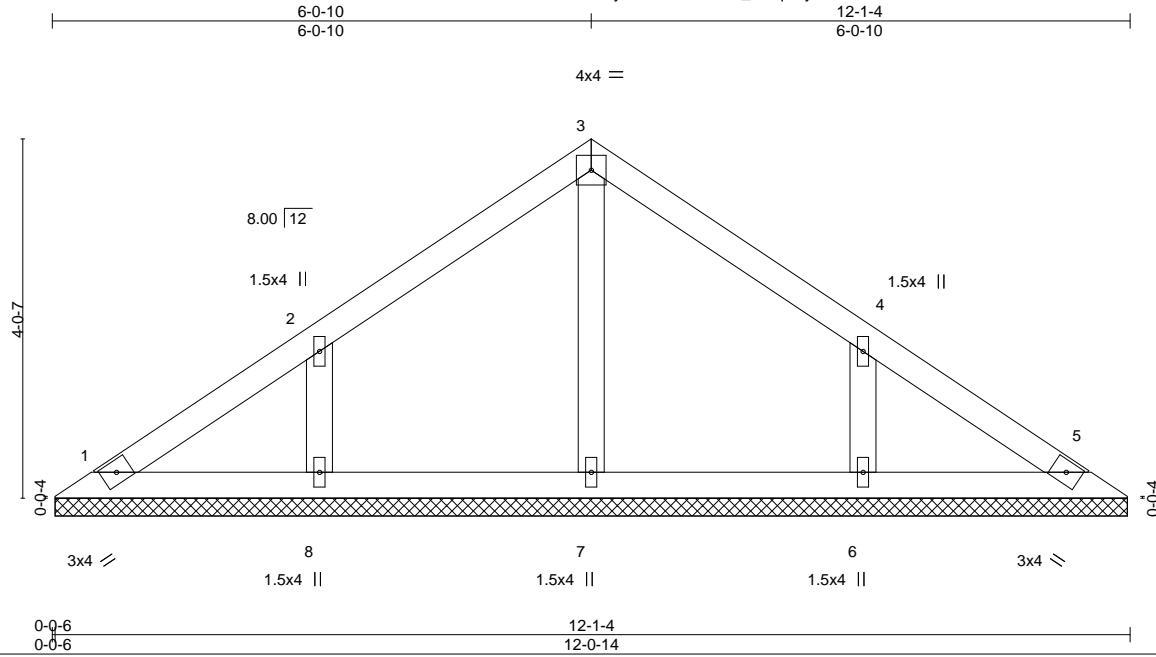


818 Soundside Road
Edenton, NC 27932

Job 150_1446_A	Truss V6	Truss Type Valley	Qty 1	Ply 1	KB Home 150.1446.A Job Reference (optional)	148145091
-------------------	-------------	----------------------	----------	----------	--	-----------

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:23:11 2021 Page 1
ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-LEf6ED3Y9N1rUc2AWXGJSU9Pam5RkiBYB6hJ2ZyYkBE



Scale = 1:25.9

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.19	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.06	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.04	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.00 5 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 47 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

All bearings 12-0-8.
(lb) - Max Horz 1=-74(LC 12)
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 6, 8
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 7 except 6=269(LC 26), 8=269(LC 25)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCCL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-5-12 to 3-5-12, Interior(1) 3-5-12 to 6-0-10, Exterior(2R) 6-0-10 to 9-1-4, Interior(1) 9-1-4 to 11-7-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One MTS12 Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 1. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- n/a
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30, 2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601
ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component

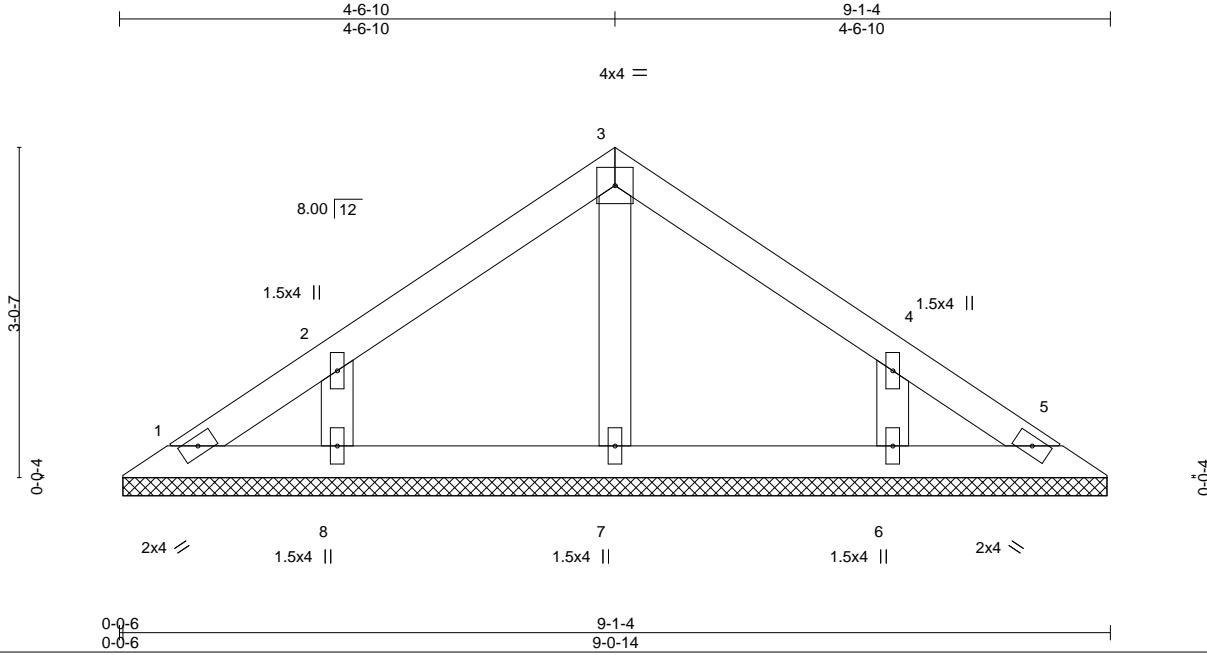


818 Soundside Road
Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	KB Home 150.1446.A	148145092
150_1446_A	V7	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	

84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:23:12 2021 Page 1
ID:ztGCywnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-pRDVZR3Awg9I6mdM4FnY_hibUAQMTcAiQmRta?yYkBD



LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.11	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.08	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.03	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.00 5 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 34 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-	BRACING-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.3	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3	

REACTIONS. All bearings 9-0-8.
 (lb) - Max Horz 1=-54(LC 12)
 Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 6, 8
 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 7, 6, 8

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- NOTES-**
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TC DL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-5-12 to 3-5-12, Interior(1) 3-5-12 to 4-6-10, Exterior(2R) 4-6-10 to 7-6-10, Interior(1) 7-6-10 to 8-7-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
 - One MTS12 Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 1. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
 - n/a
 - This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

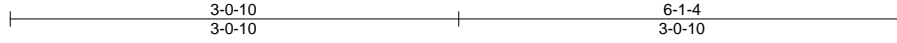


September 30, 2021

Job 150_1446_A	Truss V8	Truss Type Valley	Qty 1	Ply 1	KB Home 150.1446.A Job Reference (optional)	148145093
-------------------	-------------	----------------------	----------	----------	--	-----------

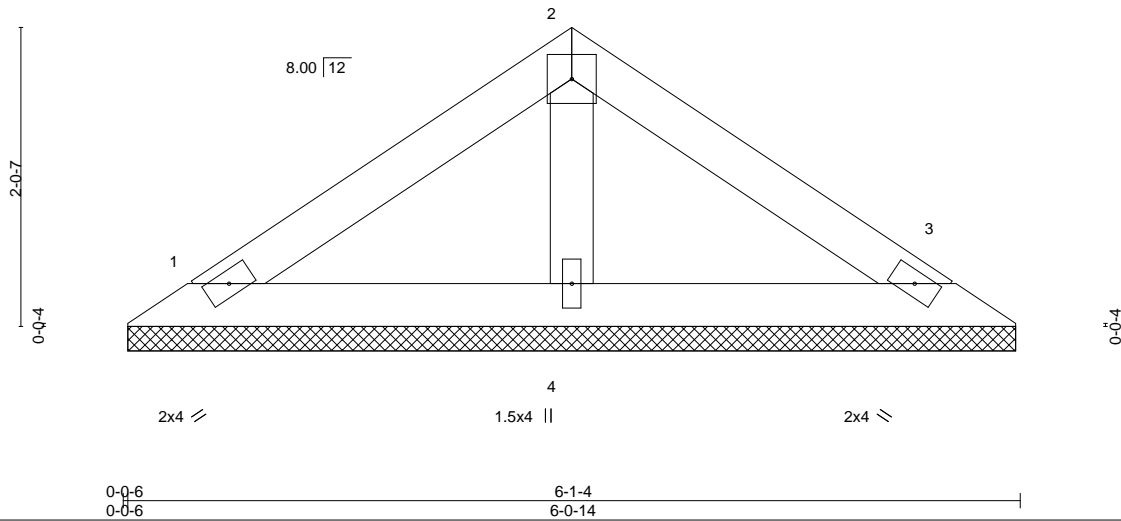
84 Components (Dunn), Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Sep 29 15:23:13 2021 Page 1
ID:ztGCYwnuMeWcKaE5_UHqYny63Hm-Hdntev4oh_HZkvCYeyJnXvEkual7CewrfQAQ6SyYkBC



4x4 =

Scale = 1:15.7



LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.20	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.11	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.03	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P	Horz(CT) 0.00 3 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014			Weight: 20 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

(size) 1=6-0-8, 3=6-0-8, 4=6-0-8
Max Horz 1=-34(LC 10)
Max Uplift 1=-14(LC 14), 3=-19(LC 15)
Max Grav 1=110(LC 2), 3=110(LC 2), 4=191(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One MTS12 Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 1 and 3. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



September 30, 2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component

Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



818 Soundside Road
Edenton, NC 27932

Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and fully embed teeth.



For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- 1/16" from outside edge of truss.



This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in **MITek 20/20 software** or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated.

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur. Min size shown is for crushing only.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing, Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8
dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths
(Drawings not to scale)



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ESR1988
ER-3907, ESR-2362, ESR-1397, ESR-3282

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TP1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

© 2012 MITteK® All Rights Reserved



MITek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI.
2. Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
3. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
4. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
5. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
6. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP1 1.
7. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP1 1.
8. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
9. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
10. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
12. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
13. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
14. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
16. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
18. Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
19. Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Rewriting pictures alone is not sufficient.
20. Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TP1 1 Quality Criteria.
21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.