### Harnett County Department of Public Health

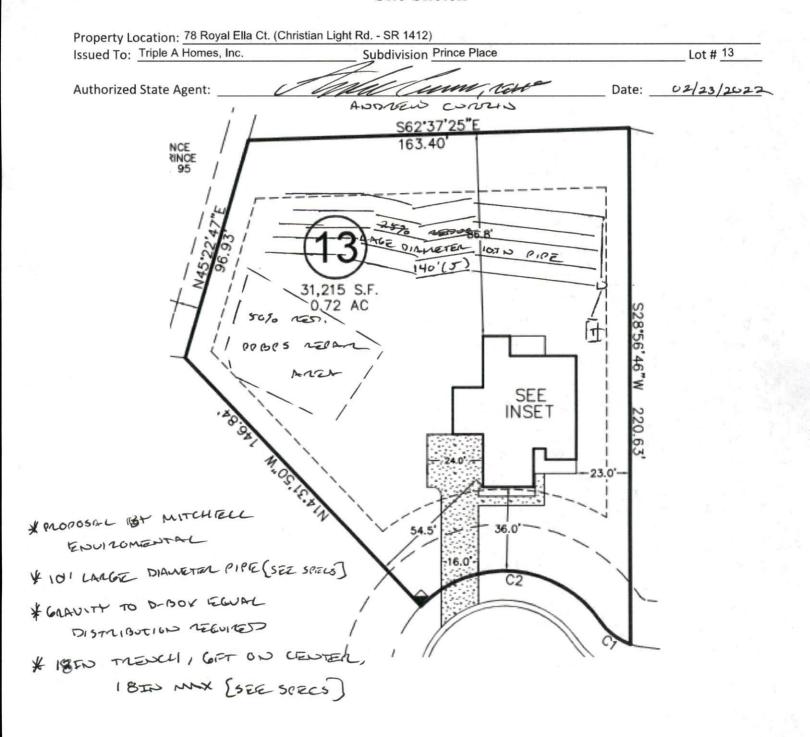
#### Improvement Permit

A building permit cannot be issued with only an Improvement Permit PROPERTY LOCATION: 78 Royal Ella Ct. (Christian Light Rd. - SR ISSUED TO: Triple A Homes, Inc. SUBDIVISION Prince Place NEW X REPAIR Site Improvements required prior to Construction Authorization Issuance: Type of Structure: 40X60.5 sfd, 4 beds 5 baths Proposed Wastewater System Type: 25% Reduction Sys. Projected Daily Flow: 480 Number of bedrooms: 4 Number of Occupants: 8 No. Basement Yes Pump Required: Yes X No May be required based on final location and elevations of facilities Type of Water Supply: Community Public Well Distance from well NA feet X Five years Permit valid for: No expiration Permit conditions: The issuance of this permit by the Health Department in no way guarantees the issuance of other permits. The permit holder is responsible for checking with appropriate governing bodies in meeting their requirements. This site is subject to revocation if the site plan, plat, or the intended use changes. The Improvement Permit shall not be affected by a change in ownership of the site. This permit is subject to compliance with the provisions of the Laws and Rules for Sewage Treatment and Disposal and to conditions of this permit. Construction Authorization (Required for Building Permit) The construction and installation requirements of Rules .1950, .1952, .1954, .1955, .1956, .1957, .1958. and .1959 are incorporated by references into this permit and shall be met. Systems shall be installed in accordance with the attached system layout. ISSUED TO: Triple A Homes, Inc. PROPERTY LOCATION: 78 Royal Ella Ct. (Christian Light Rd. - S SUBDIVISION Prince Place Facility Type: 40X60.5 sfd, 4 beds 5 bat ➤ New Expansion Basement? Yes X No Basement Fixtures? Yes 10in Large Diameter Pipe Type of Wastewater System\*\* (Initial) Wastewater Flow: 480 GPD (See note below, if applicable 1) 50% Reduction PPBPS Svs. Number of trenches 5 Installation Requirements/Conditions Septic Tank Size 1000 Exact length of each trench 140 Pump Tank Size \_\_\_\_\_ gallons Trenches shall be installed on contour at a Soil Cover: Maximum Trench Depth of: 18 (Maximum soil cover shall not exceed inches (Trench bottoms shall be level to +/-1/4" 36" above the trench bottom) in all directions) Pump Requirements: ft. TDH vs. NA inches below pipe Aggregate Depth: NA inches above pipe Conditions: Gravity to D-Box Equal Distribution; Proposal by Mitchell Enviro. NA inches total WATER LINES (INCLUDING IRRIGATION) MUST BE 10FT. FROM ANY PART OF SEPTIC SYSTEM OR REPAIR AREA. NO UTILITIES ALLOWED IN INITIAL OR REPAIR DRAIN FIELD AREA. \*\*If applicable: I understand the system type specified is different from the type specified on the application. I accept the specifications of this permit. Owner/Legal Representative Signature: Date: This Construction Authorization is subject to revocation if the site plan, plat, or the intended use changes. The Construction Authorization shall not be transferred when there is a change in ownership of the site. This Construction Authorization is subject to compliance with the provisions of the Laws and Rules for Sewage Treatment and Disposal and to the conditions of this permit. SEE ATTACHED SITE SKETCH

Construction Authorization Expiration Date: 02/23/2027

ANDREW COREN

#### Harnett County Department of Public Health Site Sketch



### Mitchell Environmental, P.A.

#### SEPTIC SYSTEM DESIGN

for

#### PRINCE PLACE SUBDIVISION- LOT 13

Fuquay-Varina, Harnett County, North Carolina

#### Submitted to:

Harnett County Health Department 307 Cornelius Harnett Blvd. Lillington, NC 27546

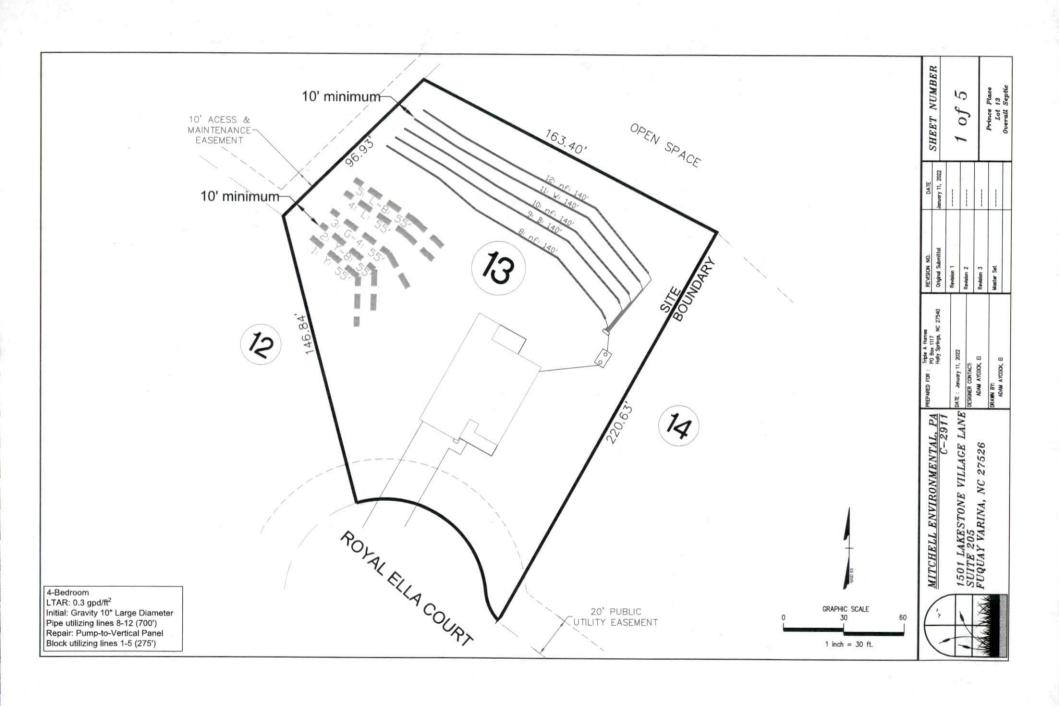
#### Prepared for:

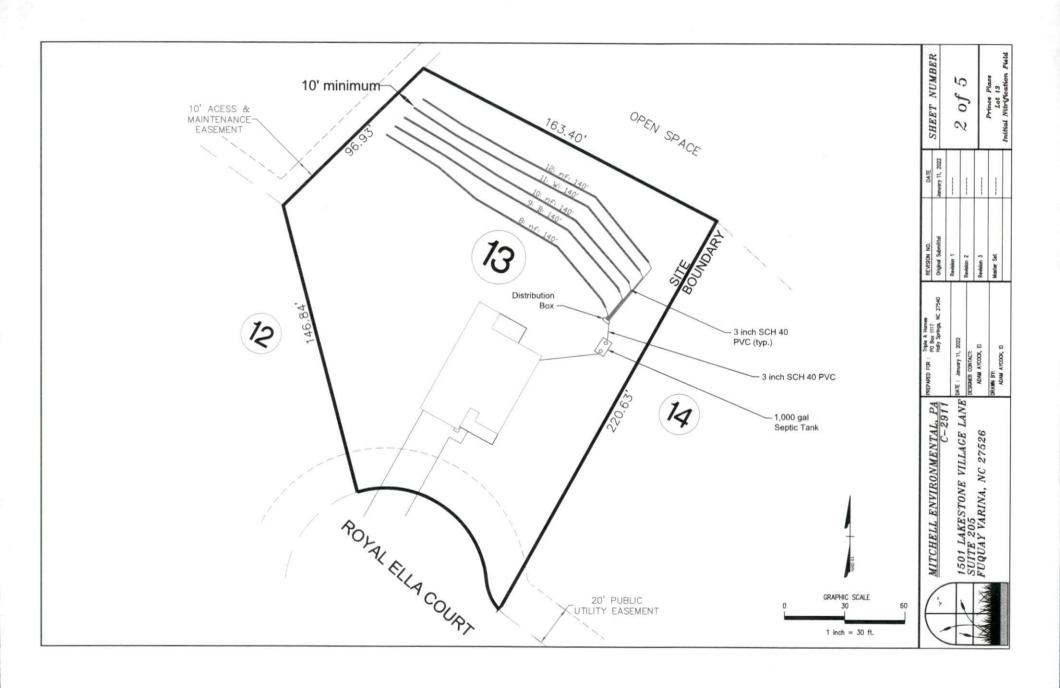
Triple A Homes, Inc.
PO Box 1117
Holly Springs, North Carolina 27540

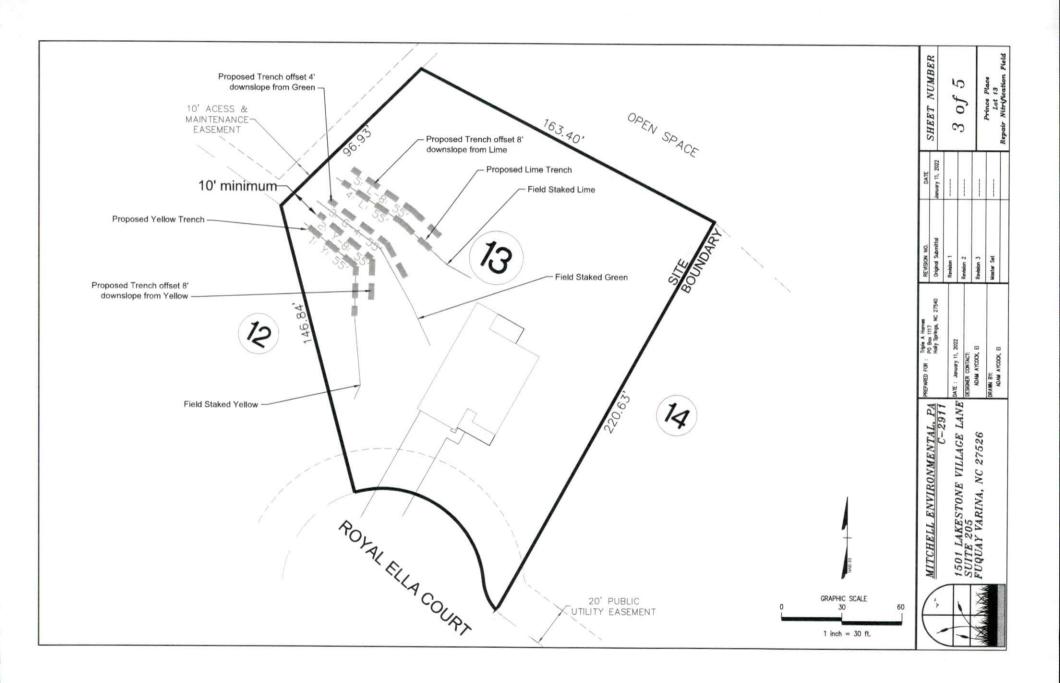
#### Prepared by:

Scott Mitchell, PE, LSS Adam Aycock, El

DATE: January 12, 2022 PROJECT NO.: 4721







#### Repair System

#### PRESSURE MANIFOLD DESIGN

Name: Triple A Homes

P.I.N. #: 0633-77-6093

D#: N/A

Address: Royal Ella Court

Subdiv: Prince Place

Lot#: <u>13</u>

# of BDR: 4 Daily Flow:

gal/day 480

L.T.A.R.: 0.300 gal/day/sq.ft

550

Stone Depth: N/A

Septic Tank: 1000 gals (min.)

Pump Tank: 1200 gals (min.)

Sq. Foot:

(Panel Block)

Number of Taps:

<u>5</u> Length of Trenches:

55

ft(See Tap Chart for Details)

Depth of Trenches: see Harnett County Permit

Manifold Length:

48

Manifold Diameter: 4 in sch 80pvc (minimum) Tap Configuration: 6 in spacing

1

side(s) of manifold

Supply Line: length: 200

Diameter: 2 in sch 40pvc

Friction Loss + Fitting Loss:

4.77

ft(supply line length + 70' for fittings in pump tank)

in

**Design Head:** 

**Elevation Head:** 

Vent Hole Size:

3/16

Orifice Coefficient of Discharge:

0.60

Orifice Coefficient of Contraction:

0.62

Orifice Coefficient of Velocity:

0.97

Maximum Head Supplied by Selected Pump(s) at Total Design Flowrate:

32

Orifice / Vent Hole Flowrate:

2.35

Head Loss at Orifice / Vent Hole: gpm

2.03

24.07

ft

Total Head: 24.07 ft

Pump to Deliver: 29.75 gals/min at

ft

ft head

**Dosing Volume:** 

250.25 gals.

Drawdown: 250.25 gals divided by

19 gals/in =

13.17 inches

SJE Rhombus Installer Friendly Series simplex control panel, or equivalent, required A septic tank filter. or equal is required.

Possible pumps:

Comments: Staked on 12' centers

Hydromatic:

Goulds:

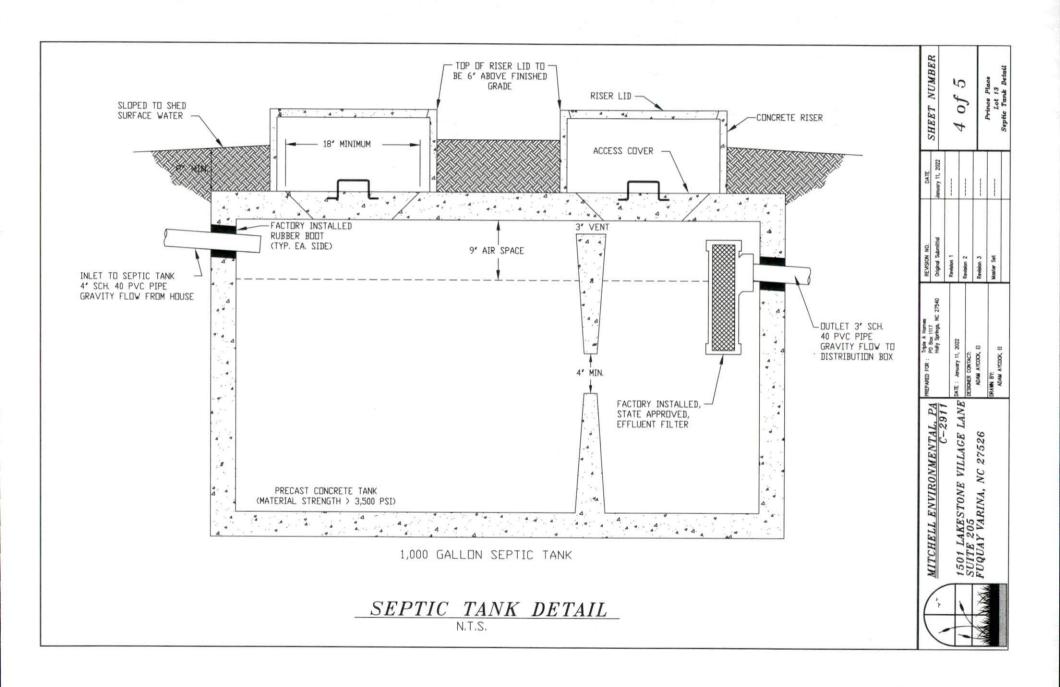
Myers:

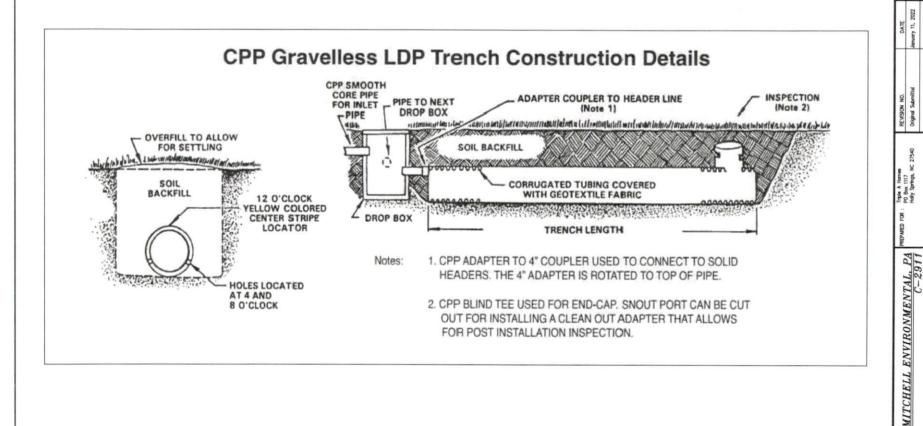
Zoeller: 153

Other:

TAP CHART

				ותו טוותו					
Bench Mark	1.45	is = 100.00	set at	В	ack Left property co	rner	Design Head:	2.0	
Pump tank elev.		11	90.45	Pump elev.	85.45		Manifold elev.	100.72	
line	color	rod read	Elevation	length	hole size	flow/tap	gal/day	trench area	LINE LTAR
1	Yellow	1.73	99.72	55	1/2in SCH 80	5.48	96.00	165	0.5818
2	Y - 8	3.11	98.34	55	1/2in SCH 80	5.48	96.00	165	0.5818
3	G - 4	4.54	96.91	55	1/2in SCH 80	5.48	96.00	165	0.5818
4	Lime	6.03	95.42	55	1/2in SCH 80	5.48	96.00	165	0.5818
5	L-8	7.85	93.60	55	1/2in SCH 80	5.48	96.00	165	0.5818
		total	feet =	275	gal/min =	27.4		LTAR =	0.3000
6 of Pipe Vol.		140		Des, Flow	480.00			(Itar + 5%)	0.3150
ose Volume		250.25		Pump Run=	17.52		(It	ar W/ Panel Block)	0.6000
ose Pump Time	•	9.13		Tank Gal/IN	19		(Itar W/	Panel Block + 5%)	0.6300
Drawdown in Inc	hes	13,17		Elev. Head	15.27				
Supply Line Land	ath	200							



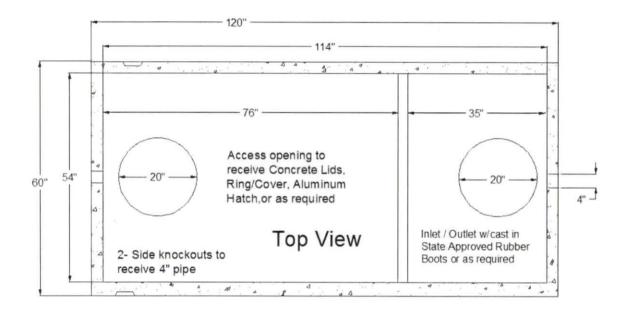


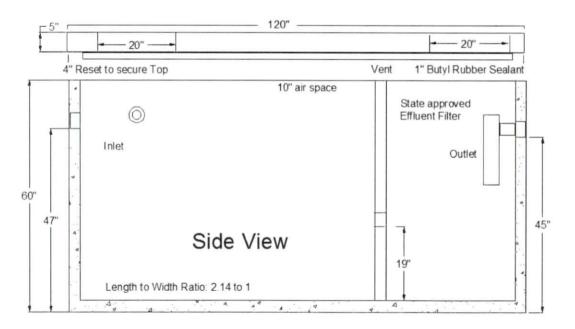
NUMBER

SHEET

\$

LANE





#### STB - 345 - Top Seam

Approval Date: 12 - 09 - 99

Liquid Capacity 1007 Gallons

Non Traffic Rated

Reinforcing Schedule: # 3 Grade 60 Rebar 4500 PSI Concrete w/ State Approved Structural Fiber Est. Weight: 8,200 lbs.

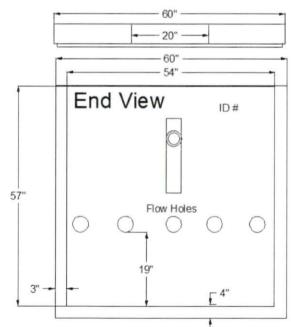
#### Manufactured By:



Eddie Garner, President 919-718-5181

121 Stanton Hill Road Carthage, NC 28327

ge, NC 28327 Fax 919-775-2229 Eddie@garnersseptictanks.com





#### PL-68 Filter and Tee

PL-68 is much more than just an effluent filter. The housing can also be used as an inlet baffle (tee) or an outlet baffle. The housing is designed to accept Polylok's snap in gas deflector to deflect gas bubbles away from the tee and to keep the solids in the tank.

#### Features:

- Offers 68 linear feet of 1/16" filter slots, which significantly extends time between cleaning.
- Accepts 3/4" PVC handle.
- Locks in any 360° position when used with PL-68 Tee.
- PL-68 Housing can be used as an inlet or outlet tee.
- · Gasket prevents bypass.

#### PL-68 Installation:

Ideal for residential waste flows up to 800 gallons per day (GPD). Easily installs in any new or existing 4" outlet tee.

- 1. Locate the outlet of the septic tank.
- 2. Remove the tank cover and pump tank if necessary.
- Glue the filter housing to the outlet pipe, or use a Polylok Extend & Lok if not enough pipe exists.
- 4. Insert the PL-68 filter into tee.
- 5. Replace and secure the septic tank cover.

#### PL-68 Maintenance:

The PL-68 Effluent Filter will operate efficiently for several years under normal conditions before requiring cleaning. It is recommended that the filter be cleaned every time the tank is pumped, or at least every three years.

- 1. Do not use plumbing when filter is removed.
- 2. Pull PL-68 out of the tee.
- 3. Hose off filter over the septic tank. Make sure all solids fall back into septic tank.
- 4. Insert filter back into tee/housing.

#### Related Products:

PL-68 Filter Concrete Baffle

Extend & Lok<sup>TM</sup>



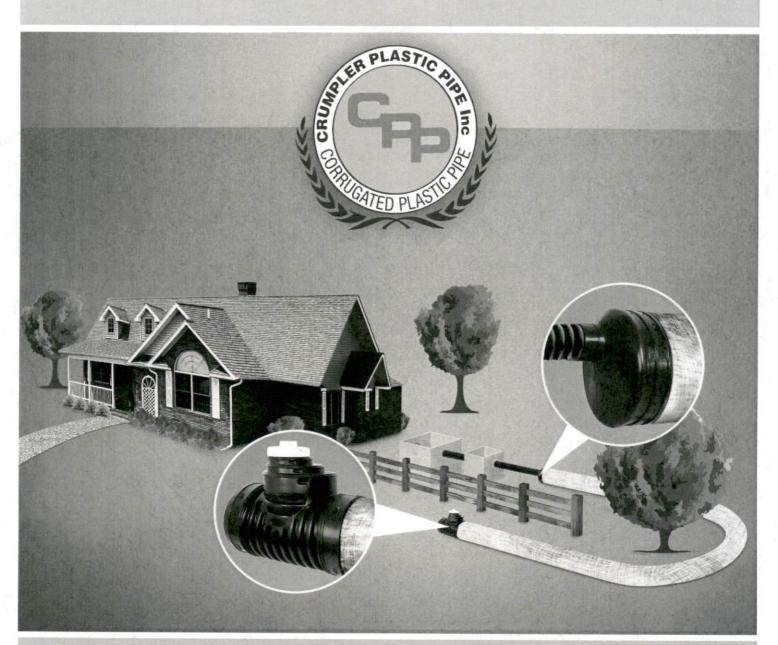
Extend & Lok™ Easily installs into existing tanks.



to 110mm Pipe

to SDR 35

# Crumpler's No-Rock™ Fabric Wrapped Large Diameter (LDP) Septic Pipe



## Crumpler Plastic Pipe, Inc.

Manufacturers of Corrugated Plastic Drainage Pipe

Phone 910-525-4046 / (800) 334-5071

Post Office Box 2068

Roseboro, North Carolina 28382

Web Site: www.cpp-pipe.com



CPP-NR Rev. 9/18



## Crumpler's No-Rock™ Fabric Wrapped Large Diameter (LDP) Septic Pipe





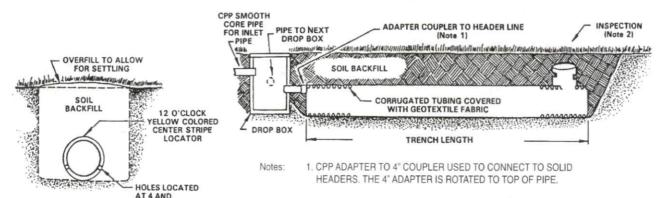
Snap Combo End Cap/4" Reducer/Adapter

CPP BLIND TEE USED FOR END-CAP. SNOUT PORT CAN BE CUT OUT FOR INSTALLING A CLEAN OUT ADAPTER THAT ALLOWS

FOR POST INSTALLATION INSPECTION.



#### **CPP Gravelless LDP Trench Construction Details**



tx-00	TYPE	SIZE	PART NO.	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PRICE
		8"	0830020B	CRUMPLER'S NO-ROCK™ SEPTIC - 20 ft. with filter wrap	
		10"	1030020B	CRUMPLER"S NO-ROCK™ SEPTIC - 20 ft. with filter wrap	

Large diameter (LDP) CPP GRAVELLESS septic tank trench systems use a filter wrap that allows for the installation of septic treatment pipes without gravel. The advantage in using CPP NO-ROCK is evident in areas where there is a shortage of inexpensive quality rock or where the shape and topography of a lot hinder the access of heavy construction equipment. Less equipment use means more trees can be saved.

8 O'CLOCK

less lot grading is needed, and thus fuel and labor are saved. Additionally, narrow trenches for 8" and 10" CPP pipes create a reduced OC (On-Center) Spacing between parallel septic trenches. An 8" CPP pipe can fit in a 10" wide trench and a 10" CPP pipe in a 12" wide trench. Thus Lot space is saved for other uses.

- · Eliminates Rock
- · Saves On Lot Grading
- · Saves Trees On Lot
- · Saves on Installation Labor
- · Saves Fuel
- · Increases Lot Value



## Crumpler's No-Rock™ Fabric Wrapped Large Diameter (LDP) Septic Pipe





TYPE	SIZE	PART NO.	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PRICE	
	8"	0830020B 1030020B	CRUMPLER'S NO-ROCK™ SEPTIC - 20 ft. with filter wrap		
	10"	1030020B	CRUMPLER"S NO-ROCK™ SEPTIC - 20 ft. with filter wrap		

Large diameter GRAVELLESS septic tank trench systems were developed as an alternative to 4" pipe systems in gravel-filled trenches for use in soils that most conventional 4" gravel would be allowed in. Organic Iron Ochre soils, however, are unsuitable For Filter Enclosed Gravelless Septic Pipes. The advantage in using the large diameter systems is evident in areas where there is a shortage of inexpensive quality rock, or where the shape and topography of a lot hinder the access of heavy construction equipment. The use of small trenchers for digging narrow trenches means more trees can be saved, less grading is needed, and thus fuel and labor are saved.

Crumpler's NO-ROCK™ septic systems include using either an 8" or a 10" corrugated HDPE pipe enclosed in a polypropylene filter wrap. ASTM-F-481 septic installation specification should be reviewed prior to installation. Most states allow GRAVELLESS large diameter systems to be substituted for conventional systems in ANY SOIL TYPE deemed acceptable for a

**conventional system.** One should check with local septic inspectors for locally approved soils.

Crumpler's NO-ROCK™ septic system may be substituted for any conventional 4" pipe gravel trench system utilizing distribution devices, serial distribution, hillside or stepdowns. However, it should not be substituted for bed systems. It should also be limited to domestic sewage, and not used where there will be large amounts of grease or oil such as in restaurants unless designed by an engineer.

The 8" size pipe will equal to 2-foot wide conventional trench; and the 10" size will equal a 2.5 foot wide trench. To determine the required linear footage of either pipe size, first determine the square footage by dividing the design sewage flow by the appropriate soil's long term application rate. Then divide this total square footage area figure by either 2 feet (for 8") or 2.5 feet (for 10") to establish the linear footage amount. Per chart below, on center (oc) spacing will be determined by actual trench width.

Example:

A 3-bedroom house on a loam soil

0.6 gpd/ft<sup>2</sup> = loam soil's long term application rate.

3BR x 120 gpd = 360 gpd 360 gpd  $\div$  0.6 gpd/ft<sup>2</sup> = 600 ft.

600 ft<sup>2</sup>  $\div$  2ft = 300 linear ft of 8" or 600 ft<sup>2</sup>  $\div$  2.5 ft = 240 linear ft of 10"

600 ft<sup>2</sup>  $\div$  3 ft = 200 ft for conventional 4" gravel

SUGGESTED INSTALLATION OF STANDARDS

Nitrification trench bottom minimum width for 8"
Nitrification trench bottom minimum width for 10"
Nitrification line center spacing on 8"5' oc
Nitrification line center spacing on 10"6' oc
Nitrification trench bottom minimum depth 18"
Nitrification trench bottom maximum depth (24" preferred)36"
Nitrification trench bottom slopelevel to 1" per 100 ft
Nitrification line minimum cover6"
Nitrification line maximum cover (12" preferred)24"

To eliminate voids and clods under pipes 15" - 18" trenches is recommended unless sand backfill is used.

The corrugated pipe used shall comply with ASTM-F-667. Also the installer should be careful to note that the filter wrap is light

sensitive, and should not be exposed to sunlight for extended periods of time. The installer should also take care during installation to avoid tearing of the filter material. The protective plastic wrap that protects the filter should be disposed of off site.

WEB SITE: www.cpp-pipe.com / E-Mail: cppsales@cpp-pipe.com

(800) 334-5071

**OUR PIPE IS LABORATORY TESTED** 

(910) 525-5801



## **Slope Correction Table**



NOTE: Add the inches from Slope Table to the MSD1 to determine the RSD2

PERCENT SLOPE	10" Trench	12" Trench	18" Trench	24" Trench	36" Trench
6	0.6	0.7	1.1	1.4	2.2
12	1.2	1.4	2.2	2.9	4.3
18	1.8	2.2	3.2	4.3	6.5
24	2.4	2.9	4.3	5.8	8.6
30	3	3.6	5.4	7.2	10.8
36	3.6	4.3	6.5	8.6	13.0
42	4.2	5.0	7.6	10.1	15.1
48	4.8	5.8	8.6	11.5	17.3
54	5.4	6.5	9.7	13.0	19.4
60	6	7.2	10.8	14.4	21.6

NOTE: For sloping sites a calcuation of the <u>additional</u> required soil depth is necessary using the table above or the following formula:  $RSD = MSD + (TW \times S)$ 

Where; RSD = Required Soil Depth (inches).

MSD - Min. Soil Depth (Min. Soil Cover + Ht. of Sys. + Min. Separation) (in)

TW = Trench Width (inches), &

.S = Percent Slope (.00)

**Example:** Assume site for septic system dispersal field has a slope of 28% and the trench bottom is required to be 12 inches above a site limitation, such as, weathered rock or perched water table. Also, assume that the proposed site has a usable or acceptable soil depth of 38 inches. Further, a minimum soil cover of 6 inches is required over the dispersal system.

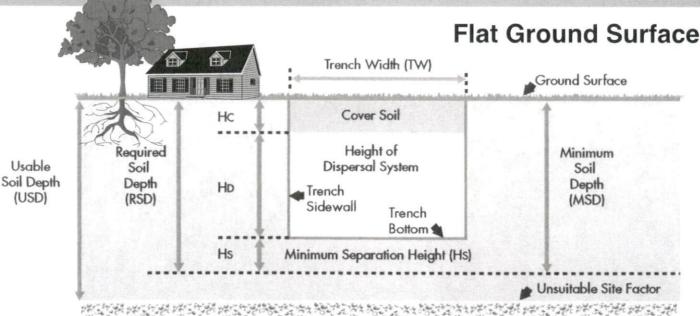
- **Trial 1:** Conventional trench (36 inches wide, 12 inches gravel, 6 inches over) would require a usable soil depth of 40 inches. [40 inches RSD 30 inches MSD + (36 inches TW x .28 S)] Thus, a conventional or 36 inch wide trench is unsuitable at this site.
- Trial 2: Crumpler NO ROCK™ 8 inch ID (10 in. OD) installed in a 12 inch wide trench would require a usable soil depth of 31.4 inches. [31.4 RSD = 28 inches MSD + (12 inches TW x .28 S)] Therefore, site is acceptable for Crumpler 8 in. NO ROCK™.
- Trial 3: Crumpler NO ROCK™ 10 inch ID (12 in. OD) installed in an 18 inch wide trench would require a usable soil depth of 35 inches. [35 inches RSD = 30 inches MSD + (18 inches TW x .28 S)] Therefore, site is acceptable for Crumpler 10 inch NO ROCK™.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MSD is the minimum soil depth at 0% slope and is the sum of the min. separation distance between trench bottom and limiting horizon (typ. 12 in), plus the system height, plus the min. soil cover (typ. 6 in.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> **RSD** is the required soil depth to install a trench on a sloping site with the added inches to meet the minimum separation distance on the uphill side of the trench.

**Septic Effluent Disposal Trenches on Sloping Sites** (Cross Section View)



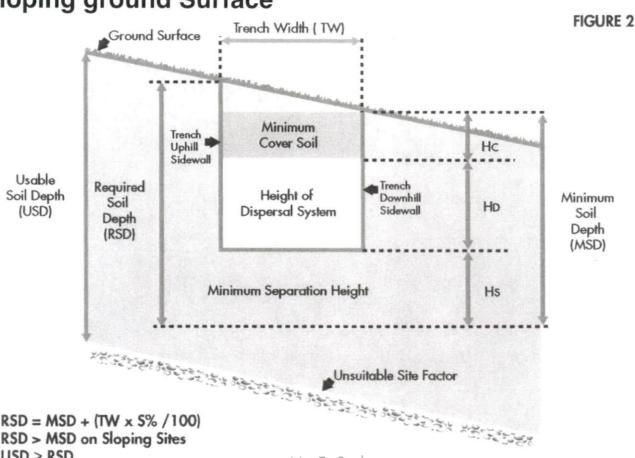


MSD = Hc + Hp + HsMSD = RSD on Flat Sites

Not To Scale

FIGURE 1





 $RSD = MSD + (TW \times S\% / 100)$ 

RSD > MSD on Sloping Sites

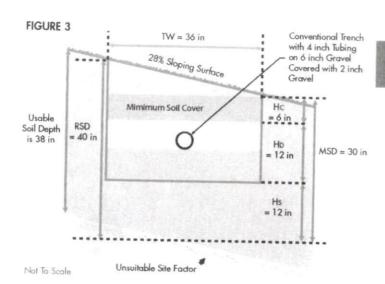
USD ≥ RSD

Not To Scale



## Septic Effluent Disposal Trenches on Sloping Sites (Cross Section View)





#### Septic Effluent Disposal Trenches on Sloping Sites (Cross Section) Trial No. 1

Site has 28% slope and soil is 38 inches deep

Trial No. 1: Use 36 inch wide conventional

trench system

MSD = 6 in + 12 in + 12 in

= 30 inches

 $RSD = 30 \text{ in } (36 \text{ in } \times 28\%/100)$ 

= 40 inches

RSD (40 in) > USD (38 in)

Proposed System Unsuitable for Slope

## Septic Effluent Disposal Trenches on Sloping Sites (Cross Section) Trial No. 2

Site has 28% slope and soil is 38 inches deep

Trial No. 2:

Use CPP 8 inch NO-ROCK™ with 12 inch wide trench.

MSD = 6 in + 10 in + 12 in

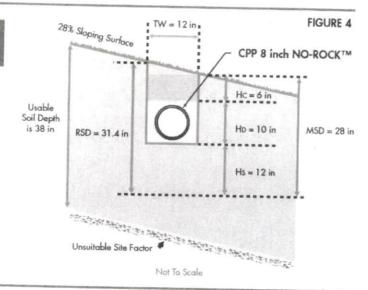
= 28 inches

 $RSD = 30 \text{ in } \{12 \text{ in } \times 28\%/100\}$ 

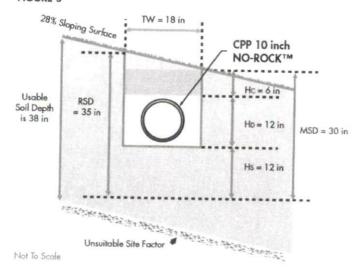
= 31.4 inches

USD (38 in) > RSD (31.4 in)

Proposed CPP 8 inch NO-ROCKTM Suitable for Slope



#### FIGURE 5



#### Septic Effluent Disposal Trenches on Sloping Sites (Cross Section) Trial No. 3

Site has 28% slope and soil is 38 inches deep

Trial No. 3:

Use CPP 10 inch NO-ROCK™ with 18 inch wide trench.

MSD = 6 in + 12 in + 12 in

= 30 inches

 $RSD = 30 \text{ in } (18 \text{ in } \times 28\%/100)$ 

= 35 inches

USD (38 in) > RSD (35 in)

Proposed CPP 10 inch NO-ROCK<sup>TM</sup>
Suitable for Slope