

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: 29260-29260A 16 PRINCE PLACE - ROOF

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by 84 Components - #2383.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I48998733 thru I48998775

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2021.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



November 30,2021

# Sevier, Scott

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.





1-10-2	6-2-4	10-4-0	14-5-12	18-9-14	20-8-0
1-10-2	4-4-2	4-1-12	4-1-12	4-4-2	1-10-2

Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[6:0-3-0,Edge]								
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0         *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrNOCodeIRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.29 BC 0.61 WB 0.12 Matrix-MS	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT) Attic	in (loc) -0.03 18-20 -0.04 18-20 0.01 12 -0.03 17-18	l/defl >999 >999 n/a 3200	L/d 240 180 n/a 360	PLATES MT20 Weight: 193 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 197/144 FT = 20%	
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 Si 4-6,6- BOT CHORD 2x4 Si WEBS 2x4 Si 5-7,4-2 OTHERS 2x4 Si	P No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 *Except* 3: 2x6 SP No.2 P No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 P No.3 *Except* 21,8-15: 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 P No.3		BRACING- TOP CHOR BOT CHOR	D Structu except D Rigid c 6-0-0 o	aral wood s end vertic eiling dire oc bracing:	sheathing dir cals. ctly applied c : 17-20	rectly applied or 6-0-0 or 10-0-0 oc bracing. E	ec purlins, except:	
(lb) - Max Horz 24=-276(LC 8) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) except 21=-185(LC 10), 15=-225(LC 1) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 15, 19, 22, 23, 14, 13 except 21=637(LC 18), 24=433(LC 1), 12=433(LC 1), 17=526(LC 19), 19=645(LC 16) SEAL									
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.       044925         TOP CHORD       3-4=-327/49, 4-5=-297/53, 7-8=-297/53, 8-9=-322/33         BOT CHORD       23-24=-137/301, 22-23=-137/301, 21-22=-137/301, 19-21=-60/303, 15-19=-68/257         WEBS       20-21=-520/119, 4-20=-395/206, 8-17=-386/201, 3-24=-402/0, 9-12=-390/0, 18-19=-550/0								IIIIII.	
<ol> <li>NOTES-</li> <li>Unbalanced roof liv</li> <li>Wind: ASCE 7-10; ' gable end zone and forces &amp; MWFRS fc</li> <li>Truss designed for Gable End Details a</li> <li>All plates are 2x4 M</li> <li>Gable studs spaced</li> <li>This truss has been</li> <li>* This truss has been</li> <li>* This truss has been</li> <li>Bottom chord live lo</li> <li>Bottom chord live lo</li> <li>Bottom chord live lo</li> <li>Bearing at joint(s)</li> </ol>	e loads have been considered for this de /ult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0ps (C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and or reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 pl wind loads in the plane of the truss only. Is applicable, or consult qualified building T20 unless otherwise indicated. I at 2-0-0 oc. designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live of designed for a live load of 20.0psf on t bottom chord and any other members. 5.0 psf) on member(s). 4-5, 7-8, 5-7; Wa ad (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord 17 considers parallel to grain value using	sign. f; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; C right exposed ; end vertic ate grip DOL=1.60 For studs exposed to wir designer as per ANSI/TF e load nonconcurrent with he bottom chord in all are Il dead load (5.0psf) on m d dead load (5.0 psf) appl ANSI/TPL 1 angle to grai	Cat. II; Exp B; Encl cal left and right ex nd (normal to the fa Pl 1. n any other live loa eas where a rectan ember(s).4-20, 8-1 lied only to room. 1 in formula Buildin	osed; MWFRS posed;C-C for ace), see Stand ds. gle 3-6-0 tall by 17 18-20, 17-18 a designer sho	(envelope members dard Indus y 2-0-0 win	e) s and stry de		uuuu.	

10) Bearing at joint(s) 17 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 185 lb uplift at joint 21 and 225 lb uplift at joint 15.

12) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see MSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601 November 30,2021

Scale = 1:78.9





6) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (5.0 psf) applied only to room. 15-17, 14-15

7) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	16 PRINCE PLACE - ROOF
29260-29260A	A3	ATTIC	4	1	
				8	Job Reference (optional) 8.520 s Oct 11 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Nov 30 15:52:29 2021 Page 1
		1-10-2 6-2-4 9-7-12 10	ID:KWy5RqLejO4	Cit4E?bW	/sKQz_4qT-w0zu1vcY3xs1YJHuVFikOzx6Hcva3qacADJP4tyDxzŴ
		1-10-2 4-4-2 2-5-8 1-1	B-4 1-8-4 2-5-8	4-4-2	1-10-2
			<i>i</i> • –		Scale - 1:73 9
			4x6 =		odale - 1.10.9
		12.00 12	5		
	I	2x4 =	À		
		/	2x4 =		
		5x9 // 4			
		20	21	5x9 ∖\ 7	
		3	$\sim$	, 	
	9			//	
	1-	2-4			22
		4x4 1/ 19 📩			22 4x4 \\
		2			8 2x4
	2x4		8-0-0	/	9
	q		<u>- 13 t</u>		
	9		4x8		<u></u>
		⊠ 18 17 <sup>15</sup>	12 11		図 10
		$4x4 = 3x4 = 4x8^{3x6} =$	2x4    3x4	1 =	4x4 =
			2x9 —		
		$ \frac{1-10-2}{1-10-2}  = \frac{6-2-4}{4-4-2} + \frac{10-4-0}{4-1-12}$	4-1-12	18-9-1-	4 <u>20-8-0</u> 1-10-2
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[5:0-3-0,Edge]				1
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-	D-0 <b>CSI</b> .	DEFL. in	(loc)	I/defl L/d PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1	15 TC 0.68	Vert(LL) -0.16	12-17	>999 240 MT20 197/144
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr Y	ES WB 0.60	Horz(CT) 0.02	14-10	n/a n/a
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI20	4 Matrix-MS	Attic -0.13	13-16	753         360         Weight: 165 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-		
10P CHORD 2x4 SP 3-5.5-7	No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 *Exce : 2x6 SP DSS	ot*	BOT CHORD	Sheathe Rigid cei	d or 4-2-4 oc purlins, except end verticals. iling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. Except:
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP	No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 *Exce	ot*		4-5-0 oc	bracing: 13-16
13-16: WEBS 2x4 SP	2x4 SP No.1 No.3 *Except*				
4-6,3-1	7,7-11: 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 S	PF No.2			
REACTIONS. (Ib/size	e) 18=1041/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-	14), 10=1041/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-14)			
Max H	orz 18=-193(LC 10)	8/1 C 19)			
Wax G	Iav 10=1190(LC 19), 10=119	5(LC 18)			
FORCES. (lb) - Max.	Comp./Max. Ten All forces :	250 (lb) or less except when shown.	0/426		
6-21=	-699/47, 7-21=-774/25, 7-22=	-1155/0, 8-22=-1272/0	-0/420,		
BOT CHORD 17-18	8=0/810, 15-17=0/973, 12-15=	0/973, 11-12=0/831, 10-11=0/666, 14-1	6=-1243/0,		
WEBS 4-6=-	1355/56, 3-16=0/558, 7-13=0/	558, 2-18=-1306/0, 8-10=-1305/0, 12-14	4=-515/0,		
12-16	5=0/1268, 12-13=0/1268				
NOTES-					
<ol> <li>Unbalanced roof live</li> <li>Wind: ASCE 7-10: V</li> </ol>	loads have been considered	for this design. DI =6 0psf: BCDI =6 0psf: h=25ft: B-45	ift: I =24ft: eave=4ft: (	Cat II. Ev	n B'
Enclosed; MWFRS (	directional) and C-C Exterior(	2) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to	10-4-0, Exterior(2) 10	)-4-0 to 13	3-4-0,
Interior(1) 13-4-0 to 2 Lumber DOL=1.60 n	20-6-4 zone; cantilever left an late grip DOL=1.60	a right exposed ;C-C for members and f	orces & MWFRS for	eactions :	snown;
3) This truss has been	designed for a 10.0 psf botton	h chord live load nonconcurrent with any	other live loads.	0 45 11 -	CONSERSION AND
<li>will fit between the b</li>	ottom chord and any other me	nopsi on the bottom chord in all areas w	mere a rectangle 3-6	-0 tall by 2	2-0-0 wide
5) Ceiling dead load (5	.0 psf) on member(s). 3-4, 6-7	, 4-6; Wall dead load (5.0psf) on memb	er(s).3-16, 7-13	2.44	and the second
<ul><li>o) Bottom chora live loa</li><li>7) This truss is desiane</li></ul>	au (40.0 psr) and additional bo	itternational Residential Code sections	only to room. 14-16, 1 s R502.11.1 and R80	ు-14 2.10.2 an	d referenced E SEAL
standard ANSI/TPI 1					044925
8) Attic room checked f	UT L/36U DEFIECTION.				主人 人名
LOAD CASE(S) Stand	dard				E O ANDINEER &
					ON GUINE WINN
					M. Skinn
					November 30,2021



			0:			
JOD	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	16 PRINCE PLACE - R	OOF 148998736
29260-29260A	A4	ATTIC	2	1	Ich Deference (entit	
					8.520 s Oct 22 2021 MiT	ek Industries, Inc. Tue Nov 30 16:06:23 2021 Page 1
	1.1		ID:KWy5RqLejO4Cit	1E?bWsK	Qz_4qT-TezfVs5qfR3	TB58xV3CE5bUY5oYNT1mNyzLWMXyDxmŪ
	1-1	0-2 4-4-2 2-5-8 1	-8-4 1-8-4 2-5-8	4-4-2	1-10-2	
						Coole 4.72 0
			4x6 =			Scale = 1.73.9
			-			
	I	12.00   12	5			
		2x4 =	2x4 =			
		4	6			
		5x9 / 21	22 5	x9 📏		
		3	7			
			N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N			
	10-0			$\langle \rangle$		
	÷	20			23 2x4	
	4x4 //				4x4 🕅	
	274 1	2			8 9	
	2004 11 1		8-0-0			
	d 🖉				19 4x6 =	= 19
	14 <u>6</u>	H6 II	4x8	·		16-14- 12-14-
	⊠ 18	17 <sup>15</sup>	12 11		⊠ 10	0
	4x4	= 3x4 = 3x6 =	2x4    3x4 =	:	4x8 =	
			5x9 =			
	1-1	0-2 6-2-4 10-4-0	14-5-12	18-9-14	20-8-0	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[5:0-3-0,Edge], [10:0-1-12,0-2-0]	U-2 4-4-2 4-1-12	4-1-12	4-4-2	1-10-2	
		001		(1 )		
TCLI 20.0	Plate Grip DOI 115	CSI. TC 0.98	Vert(LL) -0.18	(loc) 12-17	l/defl L/d	MT20 197/144
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.95	Vert(CT) -0.29	14-16	>816 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.62 Matrix-MS	Horz(CT) 0.02	10 13-16	n/a n/a 733 360	Weight: 166 lb FT - 20%
			71110 0.10	10 10	100 000	
LUMBER-			BRACING-	Christer		
3-5,5-7:	: 2x6 SP No.2		BOT CHORD	Rigid ce	eiling directly applied	or 10-0-0 oc bracing. Except:
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP	No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 *Except*			4-4-0 o	c bracing: 13-16	
13-16:2 WEBS 2x4 SP	2x4 SP No.1 No.3 *Except*					
4-6,3-17	7,7-11: 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF	No.2				
OTHERS 2x6 SP	No.2					AND CAD
REACTIONS. (lb/size	e) 18=1025/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-14	), 10=1023/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-14)			1	ATHOMAO
Max Ho	orz 18=233(LC 11)	C 10)				DO: KEESSION TO T
Wax Gi	Iav 10=1100(LC 19), 10=1190(L	C 10)				Scott sound
FORCES. (lb) - Max. (	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250	(lb) or less except when shown				SEAL -
10P CHORD 2-20= 6-22=	-1249/0, 3-20=-1112/0, 3-21=-74 -680/49, 7-22=-755/27, 7-23=-11	15/29, 4-21=-671/51, 4-5=0/388,	5-6=-1/378,		-	SEAL E
BOT CHORD 17-18	=-6/817, 15-17=0/994, 12-15=0/	994, 11-12=0/757, 10-11=0/557,	14-16=-1264/0,			044925
13-14 WEBS 4-6=-7	=-1264/0 1263/61_3-16=0/558_7-13=0/52	8 8-11=0/321 2-18=-1304/0 8-1	10=-1320/0			5 N
12-14	=-514/0, 12-16=0/1251, 12-13=0	/1306	1020/0,			TO ANGINEER OF
NOTES-						110 X CEVILIN
1) Unbalanced roof live	loads have been considered for	this design.				M. Synt
2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; V	ult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDI	=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; E	B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft;	Cat. II; E	xp B;	
Interior(1) 13-4-0 to 2	urrectional) and C-C Exterior(2) ( 20-0-12 zone; cantilever left and	right exposed ; end vertical left a	and right exposed:C-C for	0-4-0 to ' member	i 3-4-0, is and forces &	
MWFRS for reactions	s shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plat	e grip DOL=1.60				
<ul> <li>3) This truss has been a</li> <li>4) * This truss has been</li> </ul>	designed for a 10.0 psf bottom cl	nord live load nonconcurrent with	n any other live loads.	-0 tall by	2-0-0 wide	
will fit between the bo	ottom chord and any other mem	pers.	as more a restangle 5-0	o tan by	2 0 0 Mide	
5) Ceiling dead load (5.	0 psf) on member(s), 3-4, 6-7, 4	6: Wall dead load (5.0psf) on m	ember(s).3-16, 7-13			

6) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (5.0 psf) applied only to room. 14-16, 13-14

7) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

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- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 31, 30, 29, 28, 24, 23, 22, 21 except (jt=lb) 36=191, 19=148, 33=134, 35=200, 20=130.
- 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 19, 33, 35, 34, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20.







4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Bearing at joint(s) 15 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 15, 9.

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4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide

4) I his truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psr on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tail by 2-0-0 will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Bearing at joint(s) 16 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 16, 10.

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3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Bearing at joint(s) 15 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 15, 9.

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LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0         *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.60 BC 0.91 WB 0.79 Matrix-MS	DEFL.         in           Vert(LL)         -0.37           Vert(CT)         -0.53           Horz(CT)         -0.01	l (loc) l/defl L/d 7-8 >584 240 7-8 >411 180 10 n/a n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 122 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 197/144 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 S BOT CHORD 2x4 S WEBS 2x4 S REACTIONS. (siz	<ul> <li>No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2</li> <li>No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2</li> <li>No.3</li> <li>no-3</li> </ul>		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	Structural wood sheathing dire except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied o 1 Row at midpt 5-	ectly applied or 6-0-0 oc or 5-1-0 oc bracing. -7	purlins,

Max Horz 7=270(LC 7) Max Uplift 10=-52(LC 10), 7=-50(LC 10) Max Grav 10=801(LC 1), 7=795(LC 17)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-359/158, 3-5=-713/185, 2-10=-386/171

BOT CHORD 8-10=0/642, 7-8=-11/393

WEBS 3-8=-310/217, 5-8=-70/624, 3-10=-633/0, 5-7=-630/44

### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10, 7.







#### REACTIONS. All bearings 18-3-0.

(lb) -Max Horz 24=272(LC 7)

- Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 15, 14 except 24=-306(LC 8), 23=-353(LC 7)
- All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 15, 14 except 24=469(LC 7), Max Grav 23=336(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-24=-295/189. 2-3=-335/250

### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and
- forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 15, 14 except (jt=lb) 24=306, 23=353.



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3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8, 5.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



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TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 12-8-0. (lb) -

Max Horz 19=-163(LC 8) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 19, 12, 17, 14 except 18=-147(LC 10), 13=-141(LC 11) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 19, 12, 16, 17, 18, 15, 14, 13

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).

Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 19, 12, 17, 14 except (jt=lb) 18=147, 13=141.





<sup>1)</sup> Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see MSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

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4) This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0pst on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tail by 2-0-0 will will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10, 8.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Edenton, NC 27932



lah	Truco	Truce Ture	Ohi	DIV		
JOD	TTUSS	Truss Type	Quy	Piy	10 PRINCE PLACE - ROOF	
						148998747
20260-202604	D3G	Common Girder	1	-		
29200-29200A	030	Common Girder	'	2		
				<b></b>	Job Reference (optional)	
84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,		. 8.5	20 s Aug	27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Nov 29 15:43:02 2021	Page 2
		Dimin COLIAD dNub QuAy IV/197Da, abA QuaDa 17Ea 17n Qbd//bl New Y61a Io2 10a9M5, D6v/ELICN				
		ID.IIIIIGCUQKUNUIUUAVJVJ07DZ_QDA-0yePaJ7EZJZIVKDUKIUNCUX0IQJ0ZJ9Q0WD_D0YEHCN				

LOAD CASE(S) Standard 1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-5=-60, 6-10=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 11=-1223(B) 12=-1223(B) 13=-1223(B) 14=-1223(B) 15=-1223(B) 16=-1223(B) 17=-1223(B) 18=-1223(B) 19=-1223(B) 19=-1223(B)





#### 21-0-0 21-0-0

Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[8:0-3-0,Edge]				
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0         *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.11 BC 0.04 WB 0.08 Matrix-R	<b>DEFL.</b> ir Vert(LL) -0.00 Vert(CT) -0.01 Horz(CT) 0.00	n (loc) l/defl L/d 0 15 n/r 120 1 15 n/r 90 0 16 n/a n/a	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         197/144           Weight: 119 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x4 SF WEBS 2x4 SF OTHERS 2x4 SF	P No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 P No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 P No.3 P No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing din except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied o	rectly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, or 6-0-0 oc bracing.
	parings 21-0-0				

EACTIONS. All bearings 21-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 28=83(LC 9)
 Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 28, 16, 27, 26, 25, 23, 21, 20, 19, 18, 17
 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 28, 16, 27, 26, 25, 23, 22, 21, 20, 19, 18, 17

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 6) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 28, 16, 27, 26, 25, 23, 21, 20, 19, 18, 17.



EFORE USE. onent, not the overall hanent bracing he ISI Building Component Standing Component Stand

<sup>1)</sup> Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



	7-1-3		13-10-13			21-0-0	
	7-1-3	1	6-9-11			7-1-3	1
Plate Offsets (X,Y)-	- [2:0-0-12,0-1-8], [6:0-0-12,0-1-8]						
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.36 BC 0.50 WB 0.69 Matrix-MS	DEFL.         in           Vert(LL)         -0.09           Vert(CT)         -0.14           Horz(CT)         0.03	(loc) 9-10 9-10 8	l/defl L/d >999 240 >999 180 n/a n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 119 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 197/144 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 BOT CHORD 2x4 WEBS 2x4	SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 SP No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structu except Rigid c	ural wood sheathing d t end verticals. ceiling directly applied	directly applied or 5-3-1	oc purlins,
REACTIONS. ( Ma Ma Ma	size) 11=0-3-8, 8=0-3-8 x Horz 11=-83(LC 8) x Uplift 11=-63(LC 10), 8=-63(LC 11) x Grav 11=897(LC 1), 8=897(LC 1)						
FORCES. (lb) - M TOP CHORD 2- 6-	ax. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) o 3=-290/113, 3-4=-1081/251, 4-5=-1075/24 8=-322/156	r less except when shown 8, 5-6=-291/112, 2-11=-32	22/156,				
BOT CHORD 10	0-11=-83/983, 9-10=0/721, 8-9=-84/982						

WEBS 4-9=-54/377, 4-10=-58/380, 3-11=-937/112, 5-8=-934/114

### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 11, 8.







LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0         *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.12 BC 0.08 WB 0.00 Matrix-MR	DEFL. i Vert(LL) -0.00 Vert(CT) -0.0 Horz(CT) 0.0	n (loc) l/defl L/d D 5-6 >999 240 1 5-6 >999 180 1 4 n/a n/a	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         197/144           Weight: 12 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 BOT CHORD 2x4 WEBS 2x4	SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 SP No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing di except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied	rectly applied or 3-1-8 oc purlins, or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 4=Mechanical, 6=0-3-0, 5=Mechanical Max Horz 6=37(LC 7) Max Uplift 4=-26(LC 7), 6=-19(LC 10) Max Grav 4=73(LC 1), 6=199(LC 1), 5=54(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 6.







### REACTIONS. (size) 4=Mechanical, 6=0-3-0, 5=Mechanical Max Horz 6=29(LC 9) Max Uplift 4=-28(LC 7), 6=-17(LC 10)

Max Grav 4=78(LC 22), 6=199(LC 1), 5=54(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-0 to 3-0-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 6.







LUMBER-			BRACING-	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP	No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-1-8 oc purlins,
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP	No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2		except end verticals.
WEBS	2x4 SP	No.3	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
OTHERS	2x4 SP	No.3		

REACTIONS. (size) 5=0-8-0, 3=Mechanical, 4=Mechanical Max Horz 5=56(LC 10) Max Uplift 5=-9(LC 10), 3=-41(LC 10) Max Grav 5=199(LC 1), 3=73(LC 1), 4=54(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 3.







8-0-8 8-0-8

DEFL

Vert(LL)

Vert(CT)

Horz(CT)

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

3x7 =

4-5

4-5

7

l/defl

>810

>420

except end verticals.

n/a

L/d

240

180

n/a

PLATES

Weight: 49 lb

MT20

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

GRIP

197/144

FT = 20%

in (loc)

-0.11

-0.21

-0.02

NOTES-1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and

3x4 ||

CSI.

0.44

0.49

0.11

тс

BC

WB

Matrix-MS

2-0-0

1.15

1.15

YES

- forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

SPACING-

Plate Grip DOL

**Rep Stress Incr** 

5=Mechanical, 7=0-3-8

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

Max Grav 5=298(LC 1), 7=332(LC 17)

Code IRC2015/TPI2014

Lumber DOL

2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2

2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2

2x4 SP No.3

2x4 SP No.3

(size) Max Horz 5=194(LC 7) Max Uplift 7=-71(LC 10)

1-2=-259/81

LOADING (psf)

20.0

10.0

0.0

10.0

TCLL

TCDL

BCLL

BCDL

WFBS

OTHERS

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

REACTIONS.

TOP CHORD

- 5) Bearing at joint(s) 7 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7.









CSI.

тс

BC

WB

Matrix-R

0.24

0.14

0.06

ł



8

		0			Charles N	M. SEMI		
DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT)	in n/a n/a	(loc) -	l/defl n/a n/a	L/d 999 999	PLATES MT20	<b>GRIP</b> 197/144		

n/a

LU	М	в	Е	R-
		_	_	••

TCLL

TCDL

BCLL

BCDL

LOADING (psf)

20.0

10.0

0.0

10.0

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Horz(CT)

BRACING-

\_

-0.00

6

n/a

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Weight: 57 lb

FT = 20%

REACTIONS. All bearings 8-0-8.

(lb) - Max Horz 10=194(LC 7)

SPACING-

Plate Grip DOL

**Rep Stress Incr** 

Code IRC2015/TPI2014

Lumber DOL

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 10, 6, 7, 8 except 9=-148(LC 10) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 10, 6, 7, 8, 9

2-0-0

1.15

1.15

YES

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10, 6, 7, 8 except (jt=lb) 9=148.

### November 30,2021







			8-3-8			-			
LOADING (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b> 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (lo	oc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.61	Vert(LL)	-0.12 5	5-6	>743	240	MT20	197/144
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.58	Vert(CT)	-0.24 5	5-6	>381	180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.12	Horz(CT)	-0.03	8	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS						Weight: 51 lb	FT = 20%

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS	2x4 SP No 3

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 6=0-3-0, 8=0-3-8 Max Horz 6=205(LC 7) Max Uplift 6=-15(LC 10), 8=-209(LC 10) Max Grav 6=382(LC 1), 8=1673(LC 17)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-274/84, 4-8=-1447/167, 2-6=-300/124

#### NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Bearing at joint(s) 8 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6 except (jt=lb) 8=209.
- 6) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 1337 lb down and 160 lb up at 7-10-4 on top chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 7) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-4=-60, 5-6=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 4=-1227(F)









			8-3-8						
LOADING (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b> 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.61	Vert(LL)	-0.12	5-6	>743	240	MT20	197/144
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.58	Vert(CT)	-0.24	5-6	>381	180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.12	Horz(CT)	-0.03	8	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS						Weight: 51 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-		BRACING-	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2		except end verticals.
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3		

REACTIONS. (size) 6=0-3-0, 8=0-3-8 Max Horz 6=205(LC 7) Max Uplift 6=-15(LC 10), 8=-209(LC 10) Max Grav 6=382(LC 1), 8=1673(LC 17)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-274/84, 4-8=-1447/167, 2-6=-300/124

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Bearing at joint(s) 8 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6 except (jt=lb) 8=209.
- 6) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 1337 lb down and 160 lb up at 7-10-4 on top chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 7) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-4=-60, 5-6=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 4=-1227(F)



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Edenton, NC 27932





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### Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [9:0-3-0,0-0-2]

LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0         *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.31 BC 0.16 WB 0.12 Matrix-R	DEFL.         ir           Vert(LL)         -0.00           Vert(CT)         -0.00           Horz(CT)         -0.00	n (loc) l/defl L/d 1 n/r 120 1 n/r 90 15 n/a n/a	PLATES ( MT20 2 Weight: 189 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 197/144 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x4 SF WEBS 2x4 SF OTHERS 2x4 SF	P No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 P No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 P No.3 P No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing di except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied 10-0-0 oc bracing: 25-26,24-	rectly applied or 6-0-0 oc or 6-0-0 oc bracing, Exc 25,23-24.	purlins, ept:
			WEBS	1 Row at midpt	14-15, 13-16, 12-17, 11-1	8, 10-19, 8-20

### REACTIONS. All bearings 21-5-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 26=297(LC 7)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 except 26=-141(LC 8),

25=-229(LC 7)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25 except 26=334(LC 7)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-305/189

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 except (jt=lb) 26=141, 25=229.





	0-2-8		5-9-8					
OADING (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b> 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.23	Vert(LL) -0.0	4 5-6	>999	240	MT20	197/144
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.29	Vert(CT) -0.0	7 5-6	>932	180		
3CLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.05	Horz(CT) 0.0	0 5	n/a	n/a		
3CDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS	· · /				Weight: 26 lb	FT = 20%

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

### LUMBER-

2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 TOP CHORD BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

REACTIONS. (size) 6=0-3-8, 5=0-1-8

Max Horz 6=81(LC 7) Max Uplift 6=-59(LC 6), 5=-30(LC 10)

Max Grav 6=304(LC 1), 5=221(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Bearing at joint(s) 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 5.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 5.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

except end verticals.





TOP CHORD

WEBS 3-5=-327/192

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 5.







 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and

forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 4.







Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[4:Edge,0-1-12], [5:0-3-4,0-1-8]				
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0         *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrNOCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.65 BC 0.50 WB 0.05 Matrix-MS	DEFL. ir Vert(LL) -0.07 Vert(CT) -0.14 Horz(CT) -0.00	i (loc) l/defl L/d 4-5 >999 240 4-5 >492 180 4 n/a n/a	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         197/144           Weight: 23 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER-           TOP CHORD         2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2           BOT CHORD         2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2           WEBS         2x4 SP No.3			BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing dire except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied o	ectly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
REACTIONS. (size	e) 5=0-3-8, 4=0-1-8				

Max Horz 5=77(LC 7) Max Uplift 5=-54(LC 4), 4=-46(LC 8)

Max Oplift 5=-54(LC 4), 4=-46(LC 8)Max Grav 5=316(LC 1), 4=293(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope)

gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 4.
  7) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 42 lb down and 47 lb up at
- 7) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 42 lb down and 47 lb up at 5-10-4 on top chord, and 15 lb down at 1-11-4, and 16 lb down at 3-11-4, and 34 lb down at 5-10-4 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 8) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 4-5=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 3=-42(B) 4=-19(B) 6=-12(B) 7=-10(B)



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LUMBER	-			BRACING-					
BCLL BCDL	0.0 * 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	WB 0.05 Matrix-R	Horz(CT) -0.00	10	n/a	n/a	Weight: 64 lb	FT = 20%
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.05	Vert(CT) -0.01	9	n/r	90		
ICLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	10 0.09	Ven(LL) -0.00	9	n/r	120	IVI I ZU	197/144

L	U	М	в	E	R٠	•

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS	2x4 SP No 3

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 11-4-0.

(lb) -Max Horz 16=123(LC 9)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 14, 15, 12, 11 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 13, 14, 15, 12, 11

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 16, 10, 14, 15, 12, 11.



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LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0         *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCodeIRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.66 BC 0.23 WB 0.08 Matrix-MR	DEFL.         in           Vert(LL)         -0.03           Vert(CT)         -0.06           Horz(CT)         0.00	(loc) l/defl L/d 6-7 >999 240 6-7 >999 180 6 n/a n/a	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         197/144           Weight: 50 lb         FT = 20%	
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x4 SF WEBS 2x4 SF	P No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 P No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 P No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing dir except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied of	rectly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, or 10-0-0 oc bracing.	

REACTIONS. (size) 8=0-3-0, 6=0-3-0 Max Horz 8=123(LC 9) Max Uplift 8=-36(LC 10), 6=-36(LC 11) Max Grav 8=510(LC 1), 6=510(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-435/86, 3-4=-435/86, 2-8=-445/134, 4-6=-445/134

BOT CHORD 7-8=0/285, 6-7=0/285

### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8, 6.







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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	16 PRINCE PLACE - ROOF		
					148998766		
29260-29260A	PB1	Piggyback	7	1			
					Job Reference (optional)		
84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,	8.520 s Aug 27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Nov 29 15:43:22 2021 Page 1					

ID:minGCUqRdNuhOuAvJVJ87Dz\_qbA-Zorym8NnFS4?IW7TVtr3Q5MYAkChkYMnIUx2vyyEHC3

Scale = 1:35.9



OADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.44	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999	MT20 197/144
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.19	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.07	Horz(CT) -0.00 5 n/a n/a	
3CDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P		Weight: 40 lb FT = 20%

9-3-14

LUNDER-		DRACING-	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2		except end verticals.
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3		

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 9-3-14.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=181(LC 7)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 5, 2 except 1=-160(LC 17), 6=-109(LC 10) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 2=283(LC 17), 6=433(LC 17)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. WEBS 3-6=-299/180

### NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Bearing at joint(s) 1, 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 2 except (jt=lb) 1=160, 6=109.

7) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.





Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	16 PRINCE PLACE - ROOF
					148998767
29260-29260A	PB1GE	GABLE	1	1	
					Job Reference (optional)
84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,		8.5	520 s Aug 2	27 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Nov 29 15:43:23 2021 Page 1

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ł

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.





Scale = 1:33.1



			0014		
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Pon Strace Ingr. XES	CSI. TC 0.44 BC 0.05	DEFL. i Vert(LL) n/i Vert(CT) n/i	n (loc) l/defl L/d a - n/a 999 a - n/a 999	<b>PLATES GRIP</b> MT20 197/144
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P	H012(C1) -0.00	<i>y</i> iva iva	Weight: 50 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-		
TOP CHORD 2x4 SI BOT CHORD 2x4 SI	P No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 P No.2 or 2x4 SPE No.2		TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing di	irectly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 9-3-14.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=186(LC 7)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 7, 9, 2, 8, 10, 11, 12 except 1=-106(LC 17) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7, 9, 2, 10, 11, 12

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Bearing at joint(s) 1, 7, 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7, 9, 2, 8, 10, 11, 12 except (it=lb) 1=106.
- 10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.







NS. (size) 1=6-10-7, 3=6-10-7, 4=6-10-7 Max Horz 1=-42(LC 6)

Max Uplift 1=-19(LC 10), 3=-25(LC 11)

Max Grav 1=128(LC 1), 3=128(LC 1), 4=222(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.





<sup>1)</sup> Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 8=149, 6=148.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Edenton, NC 27932



FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 8=127, 6=127.







Max Uplift 1=-18(LC 11), 3=-28(LC 11)

Max Grav 1=185(LC 1), 3=185(LC 1), 4=336(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

![](_page_40_Picture_11.jpeg)

![](_page_40_Picture_13.jpeg)

![](_page_41_Figure_0.jpeg)

REACTIONS. (size) 1=6-4-7, 3=6-4-7, 4=6-4-7

Max Horz 1=-49(LC 6)

Max Uplift 1=-18(LC 11), 3=-24(LC 11)

Max Grav 1=128(LC 1), 3=128(LC 1), 4=194(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

![](_page_41_Picture_13.jpeg)

![](_page_41_Picture_15.jpeg)

![](_page_42_Figure_0.jpeg)

3x6 🥢

3x6 📏

			<u>3-2-6</u> 3-2-6		<u>3-2</u> <sub>1</sub> 11 0-0-5
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-0,Edge]	r			
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.04 BC 0.11 WB 0.00 Matrix-P	DEFL. in Vert(LL) n/a Vert(CT) n/a Horz(CT) 0.00	(loc) l/defl L/d - n/a 999 - n/a 999 3 n/a n/a	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 10 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x4 SF	9 No.3 9 No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing Rigid ceiling directly appli	g directly applied or 3-2-11 oc purlins. ied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
REACTIONS. (size	e) 1=3-2-1, 3=3-2-1				

TIONS. (size) 1=3-2-1, 3=3-2-1 Max Horz 1=21(LC 7) Max Uplift 1=-4(LC 10), 3=-4(LC 11)

Max Uplift 1=-4(LC 10), 3=-4(LC 11) Max Grav 1=97(LC 1), 3=97(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

![](_page_42_Picture_14.jpeg)

![](_page_42_Picture_16.jpeg)

<sup>1)</sup> Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

![](_page_43_Figure_0.jpeg)

0- <u>0-8</u> 0-0-8	0- <u>0-8</u> 17-11-9 0-0-8 17-11-1							
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 SCLL 0.0 * SCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code JRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.44 BC 0.27 WB 0.07 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT) (C	in (loc) n/a - n/a - 0.00 5	l/defl n/a n/a n/a	L/d 999 999 n/a	PLATES MT20	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 ET = 20%
	No 3	Widthx-S	BRACING-	Structu	ral wood	sheathing di	rectly applied or 6-0-0	

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.3BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.3OTHERS2x4 SP No.3

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 18-2-3.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=61(LC 14)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 9, 6

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 7 except 9=412(LC 21), 6=412(LC 22)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

WEBS 2-9=-305/163, 4-6=-305/163

### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5, 9, 6.

![](_page_43_Picture_16.jpeg)

![](_page_43_Picture_18.jpeg)

![](_page_44_Figure_0.jpeg)

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

![](_page_44_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_44_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Figure_0.jpeg)