

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: Quote\_file Dewitt - Anderson F

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by 84 Components - #2383.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I49147238 thru I49147267

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2021.

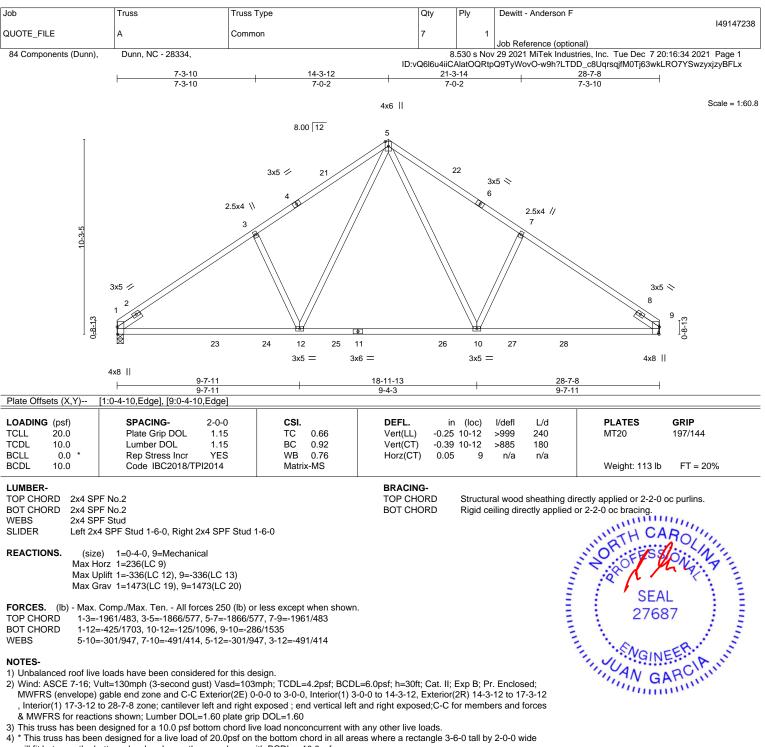
North Carolina COA: C-0844



December 9,2021

## Garcia, Juan

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

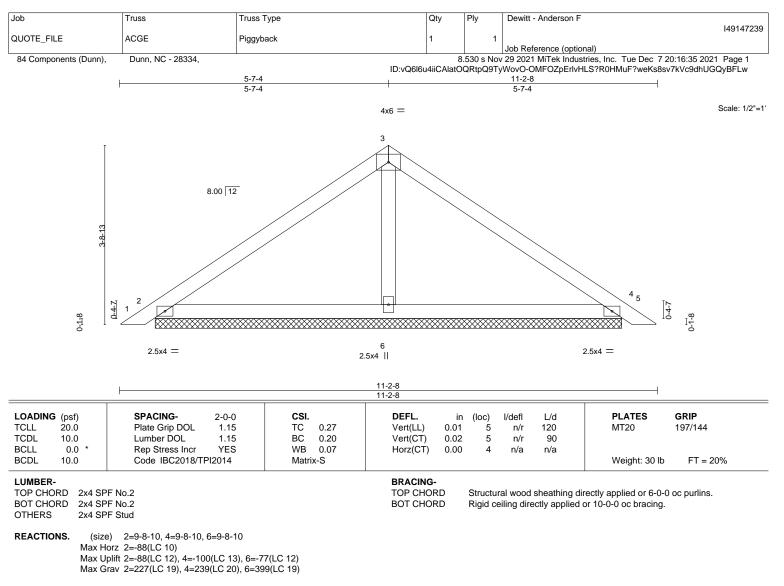
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 336 lb uplift at joint 1 and 336 lb uplift at joint 9.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

## December 9,2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses sand truss systems, see Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

A MI Iek . 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-3-5 to 3-3-5, Interior(1) 3-3-5 to 5-7-4, Exterior(2R) 5-7-4 to 8-7-4, Interior(1) 8-7-4 to 10-11-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 88 lb uplift at joint 2, 100 lb uplift at joint 4 and 77 lb uplift at joint 6.

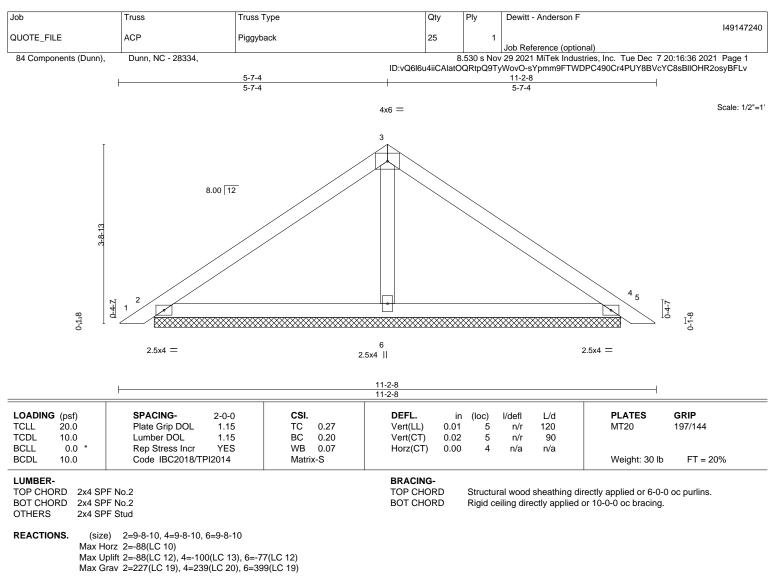
7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

 See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



December 9,2021





FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-3-5 to 3-3-5, Interior(1) 3-3-5 to 5-7-4, Exterior(2R) 5-7-4 to 8-7-4, Interior(1) 8-7-4 to 10-11-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 88 lb uplift at joint 2, 100 lb uplift at joint 4 and 77 lb uplift at joint 6.

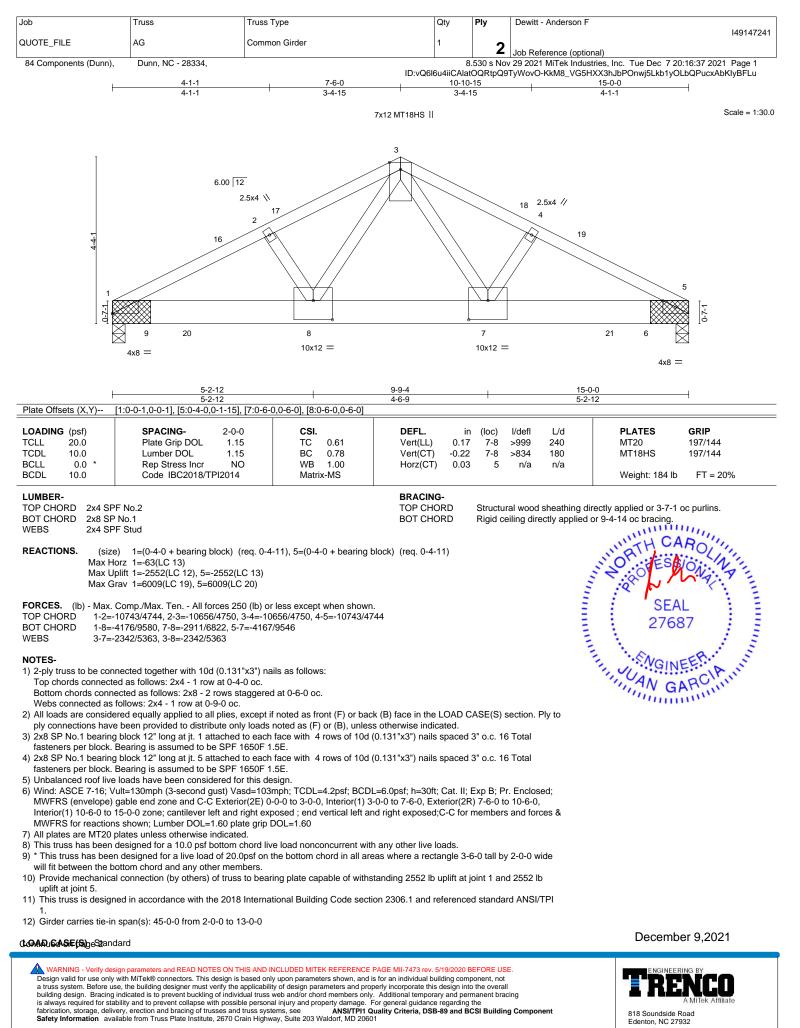
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818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Dewitt - Anderson F
					149147241
QUOTE_FILE	AG	Common Girder	1	2	
				<b>–</b>	Job Reference (optional)
84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,		8	.530 s Nov	29 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Dec 7 20:16:37 2021 Page 2

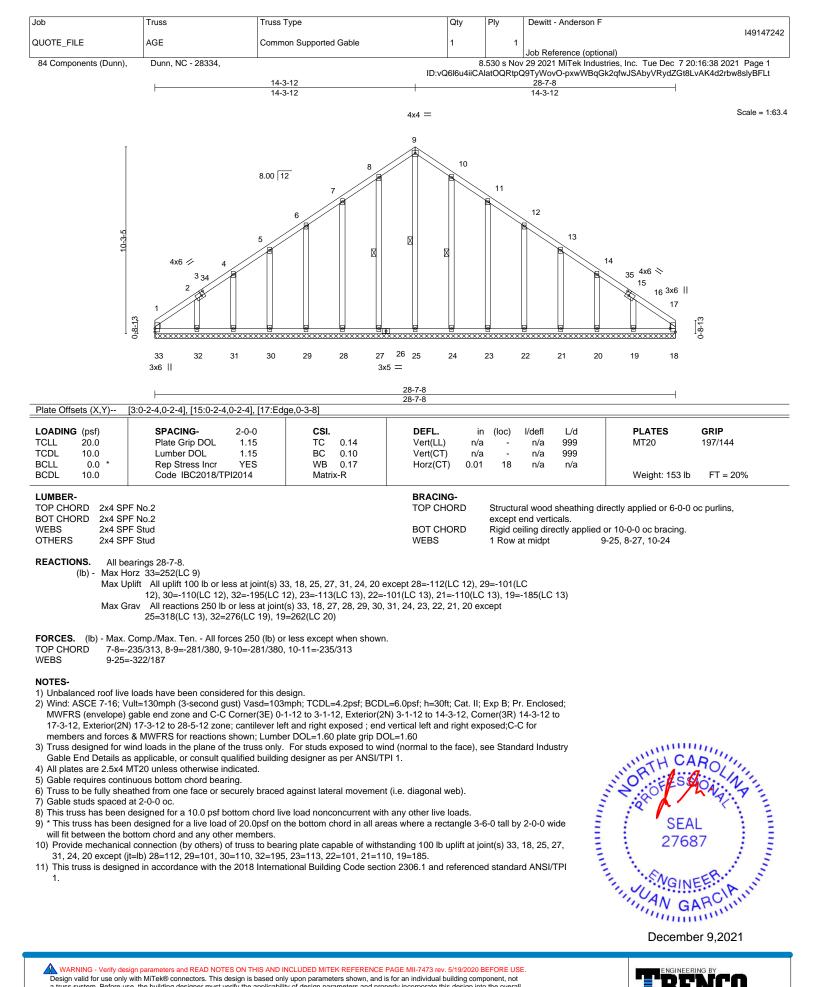
ID:vQ6l6u4iiCAlatOQRtpQ9TyWovO-KkM8\_VG5HXX3hJbPOnwj5Lkb1yOLbQPucxAbKIyBFLu

## LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-5=-60, 10-20=-20, 20-21=-873(F=-853), 13-21=-20

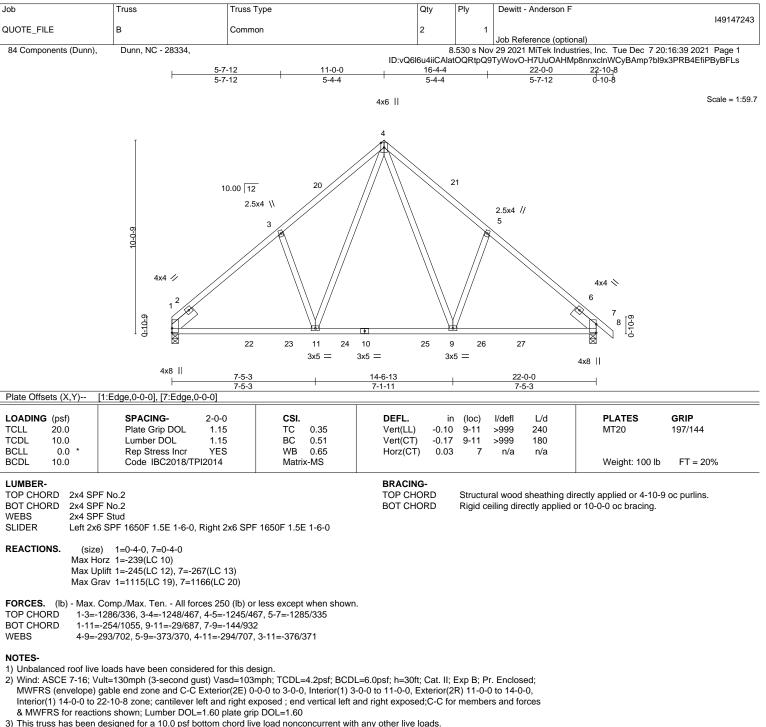




WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss system. See MSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

TRENCO A MITEK Affiliate

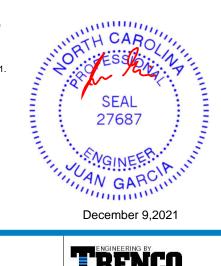
### 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

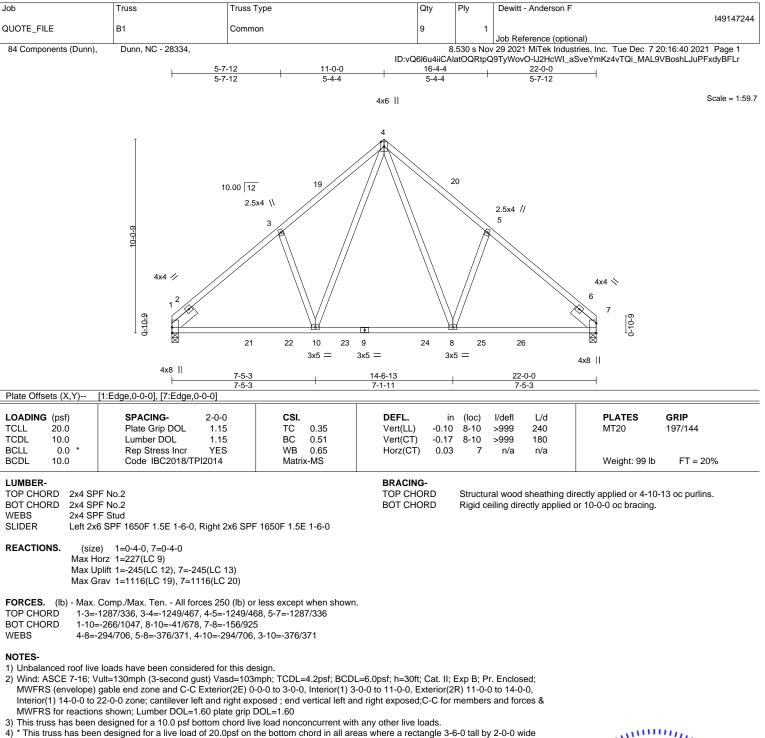
5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=245.7=267.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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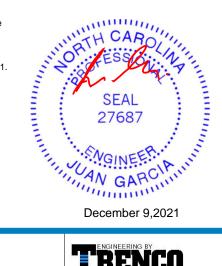




will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf. 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb)

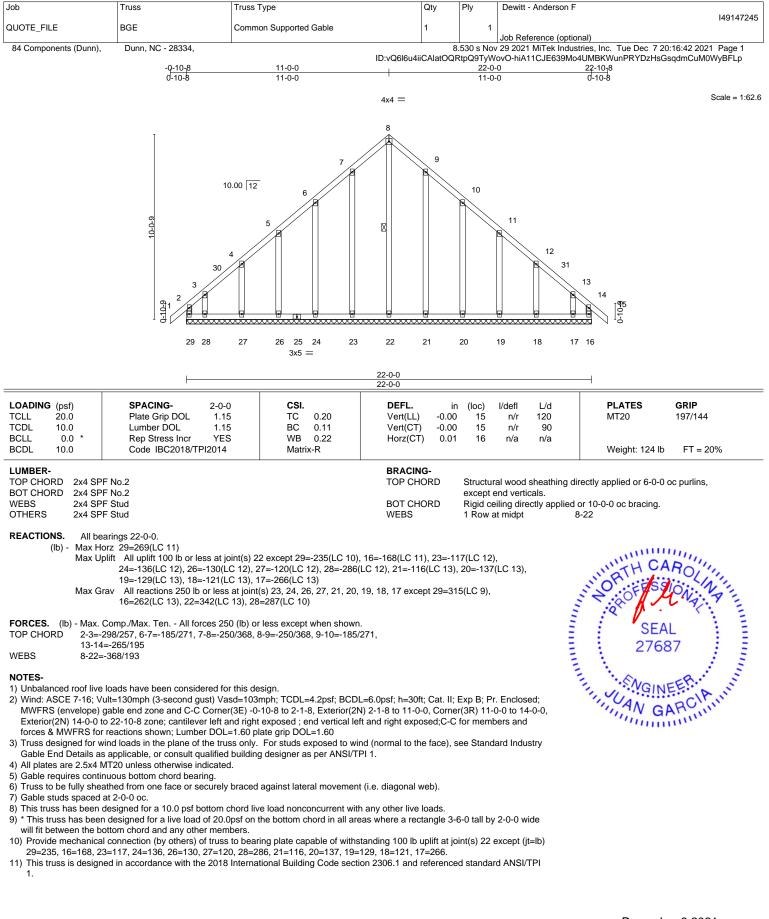
1=245.7=245.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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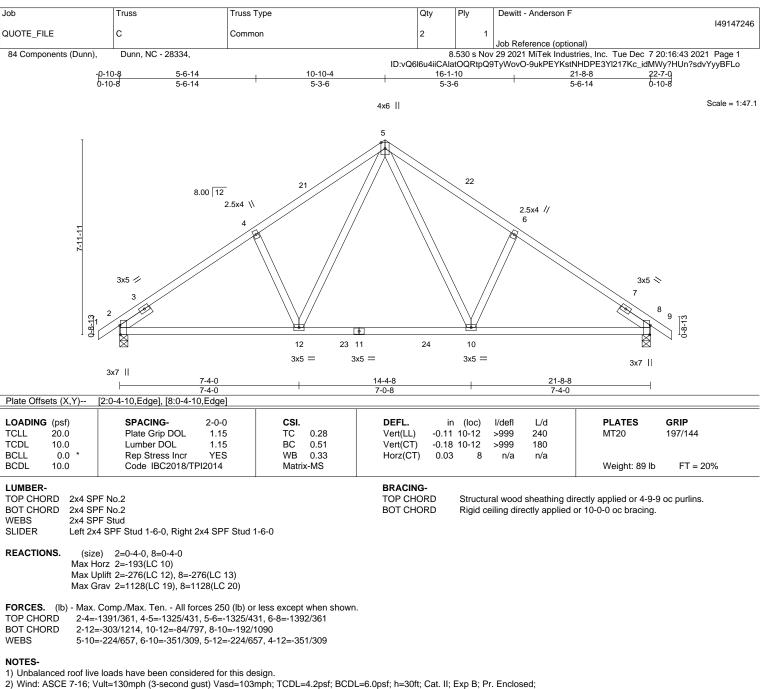




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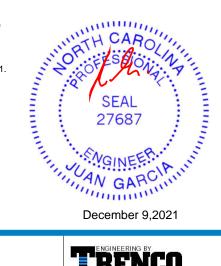
MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 10-10-4, Exterior(2R) 10-10-4 to 13-10-4, Interior(1) 13-10-4 to 22-7-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

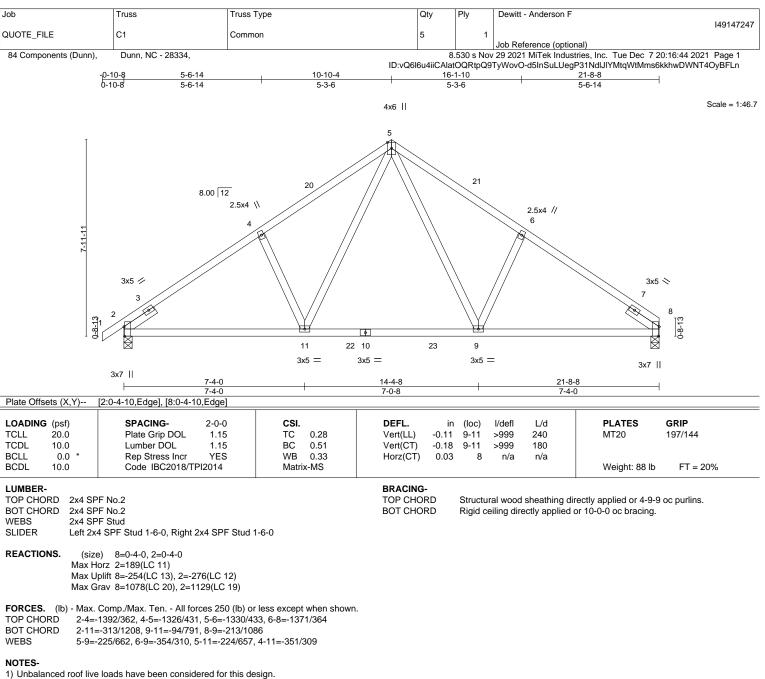
5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=276. 8=276.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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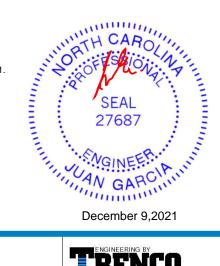
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 10-10-4, Exterior(2R) 10-10-4 to 13-10-4, Interior(1) 13-10-4 to 21-8-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

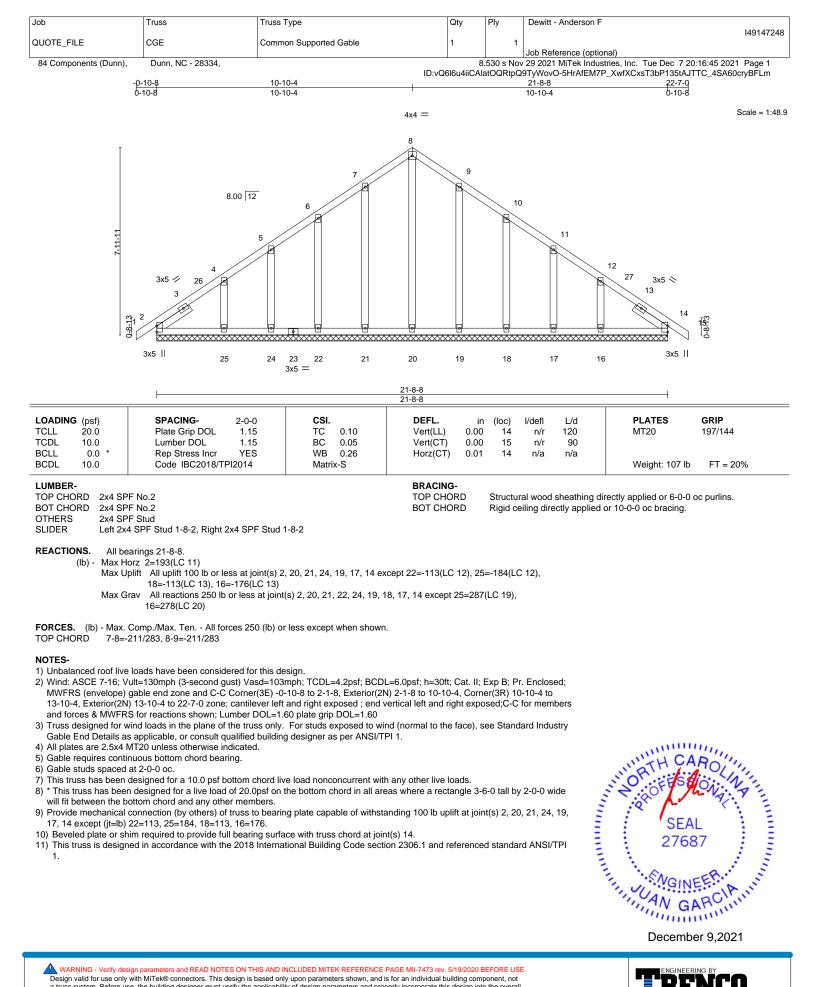
5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 8=254. 2=276.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

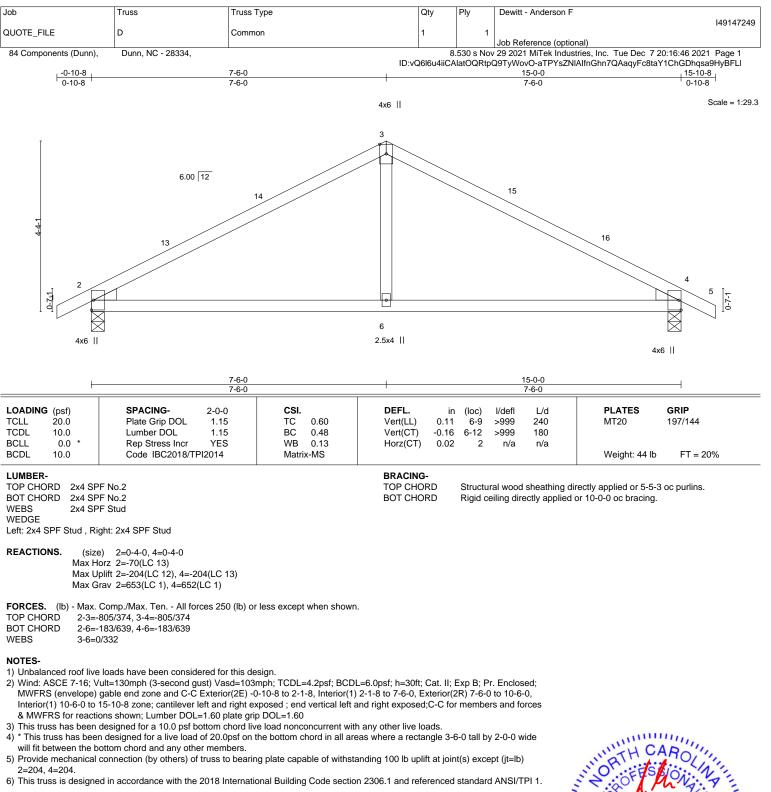


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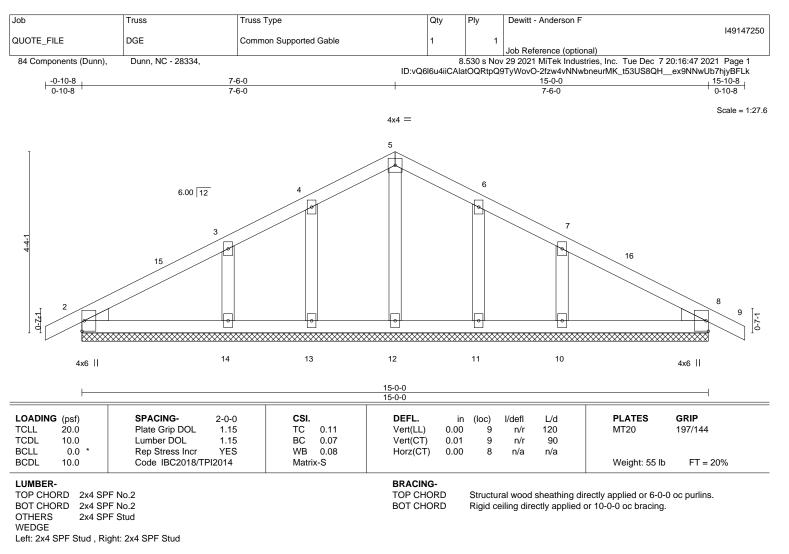






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## **REACTIONS.** All bearings 15-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-70(LC 17)

Max Upift All upift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 11 except 14=-155(LC 12), 10=-153(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 12, 13, 11 except 14=278(LC 19), 10=277(LC 20)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

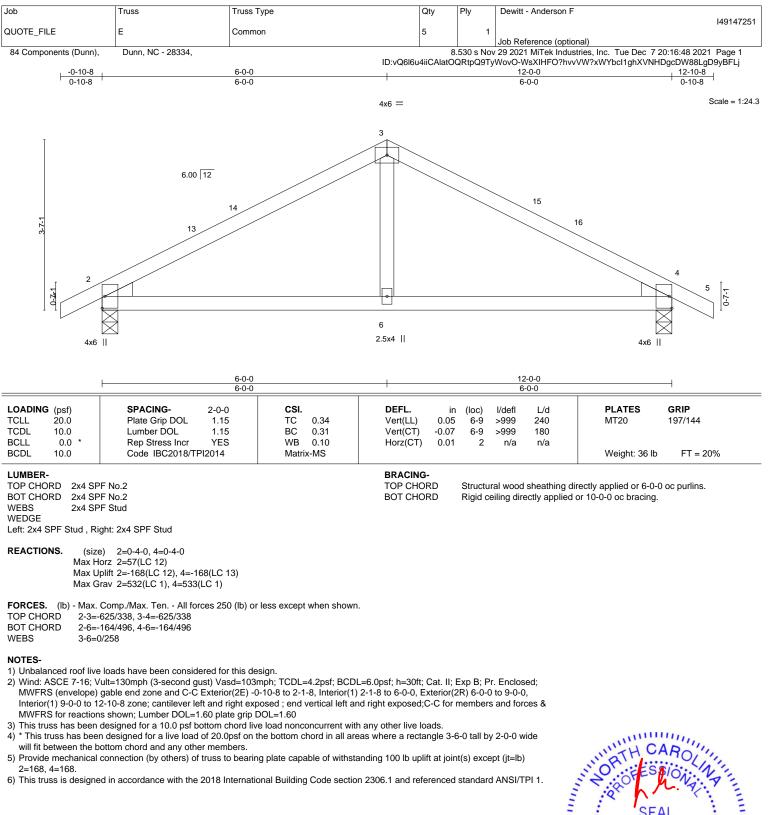
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

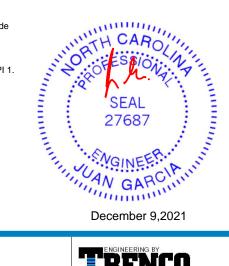
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2N) 2-1-8 to 7-6-0, Corner(3R) 7-6-0 to 10-6-0, Exterior(2N) 10-6-0 to 15-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 11 except (jt=lb) 14=155, 10=153.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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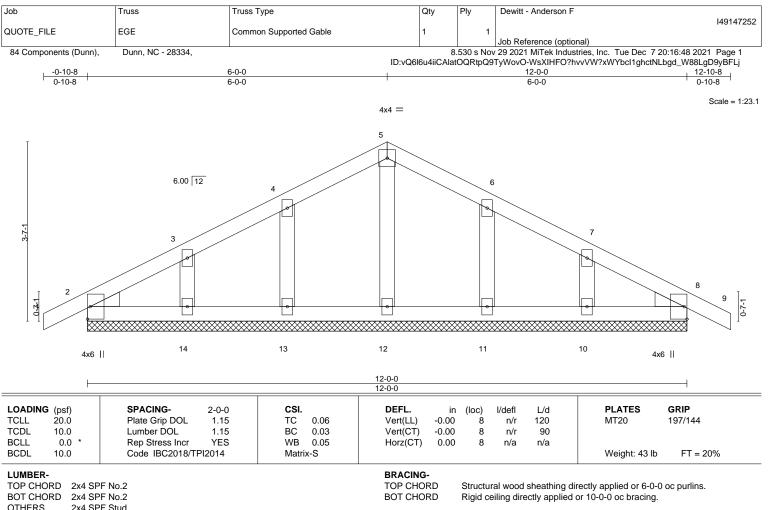
FORE USE. onent, not the overall anent bracing he SI Building Component SI Building Component





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WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SPF Stud , Right: 2x4 SPF Stud

#### REACTIONS. All bearings 12-0-0

(lb) - Max Horz 2=57(LC 16)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 12, 13, 14, 11, 10

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2N) 2-0-0 to 6-0-0, Corner(3R) 6-0-0 to 9-0-0, Exterior(2N) 9-0-0 to 12-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

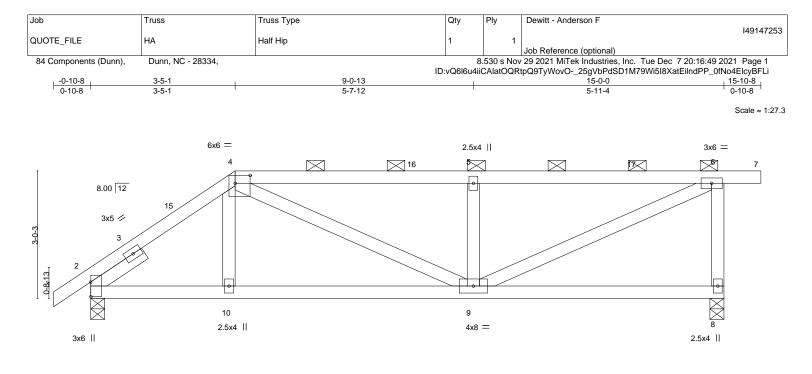
6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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3-5-1				9-0-13			<u> </u>					
	3-5-1	0.0.41	:	5-7-12					5-1	1-4	1	
ate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-4-2,0-0-1], [4:0-4-4,	,0-2-4]										
ADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP	
LL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15		.37	Vert(LL)	-0.03	8-9	>999	240	MT20	197/144	
DL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC 0	.31	Vert(CT)	-0.07	9-10	>999	180			
CLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0	.39	Horz(CT)	0.01	8	n/a	n/a			
DL 10.0	Code IBC2018/T	PI2014	Matrix-N	IS						Weight: 61 lb	FT = 20%	
IMBER- DP CHORD 2x4 S	PF No.2				BRACING- TOP CHOR		Structu	iral wood	l sheathing o	directly applied or 6-0-0	) oc purlins,	
OT CHORD 2x4 S	PF No.2									ls, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (5-10-15 max.): 4-7.		
EBS 2x4 S	PF Stud				BOT CHOF	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.						
IDER Left 2	x4 SPF Stud 1-6-0											
Max Max	ze) 8=0-4-0, 2=0-4-0 Horz 2=113(LC 11) Uplift 8=-268(LC 9), 2=-10 Grav 8=656(LC 1), 2=648											
P CHORD 2-4	. Comp./Max. Ten All fc =-761/250, 4-5=-857/318, )=-244/592, 9-10=-246/58	5-6=-857/318,		ien shown.								
EBS 4-9:	=-168/333, 5-9=-387/271,	6-9=-336/900										
DTES-												
	ve loads have been consid	dered for this d	esian									
	Vult=130mph (3-second of		ooigii.									

MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 3-5-1, Exterior(2R) 3-5-1 to 7-8-0, Interior(1) 7-8-0 to 15-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

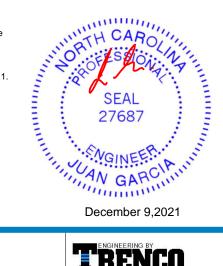
4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 8=268. 2=166.

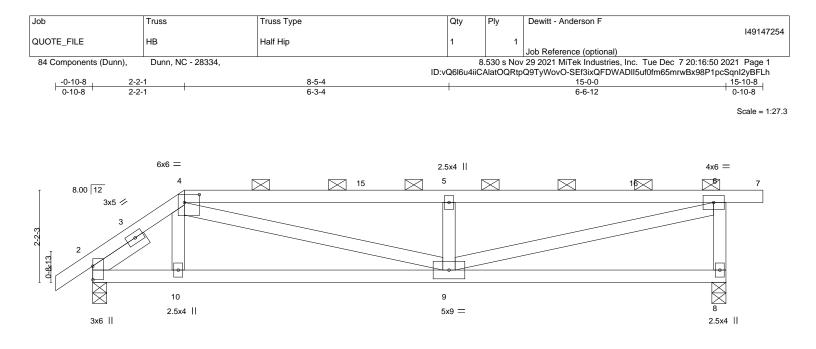
7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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	2-2-1 2-2-1	8-5-4 6-3-4		15-0 6-6-	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-14,0-0-1], [4:0-4-4,0-2-4]				
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IBC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.47 BC 0.34 WB 0.53 Matrix-MS	DEFL. Vert(LL) 0.0 Vert(CT) -0.1 Horz(CT) 0.0	2 8-9 >999 180	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         197/144           Weight: 59 lb         FT = 20%
BOT CHORD 2x4 SI WEBS 2x4 SI SLIDER Left 2x REACTIONS. (siz Max H Max L	PF No.2 PF No.2 PF Stud 4 SPF Stud 1-6-0 e) 8=0-4-0, 2=0-4-0 forz 2=81(LC 11) Jplift 8=-268(LC 9), 2=-188(LC 9) Grav 8=656(LC 1), 2=648(LC 25)		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD		g directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, I 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-7-6 max.): 4-7. ied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
FORCES. (Ib) - Max. TOP CHORD 2-4= BOT CHORD 2-10	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) -791/247, 4-5=-1279/475, 5-6=-1279/4 =-237/629, 9-10=-243/625 -291/697, 5-9=-416/294, 6-9=-458/123	75, 6-8=-592/297			
	e loads have been considered for this	design.			

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-2-1, Exterior(2R) 2-2-1 to 6-5-0, Interior(1) 6-5-0 to 15-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

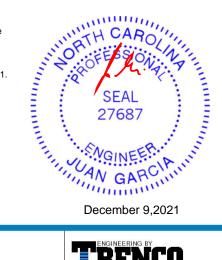
3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 8=268, 2=188,

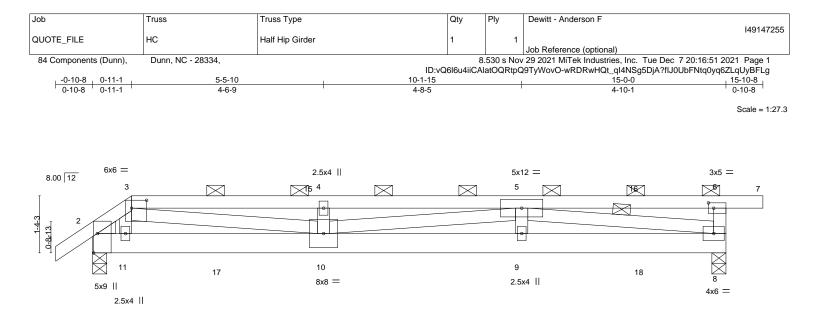
7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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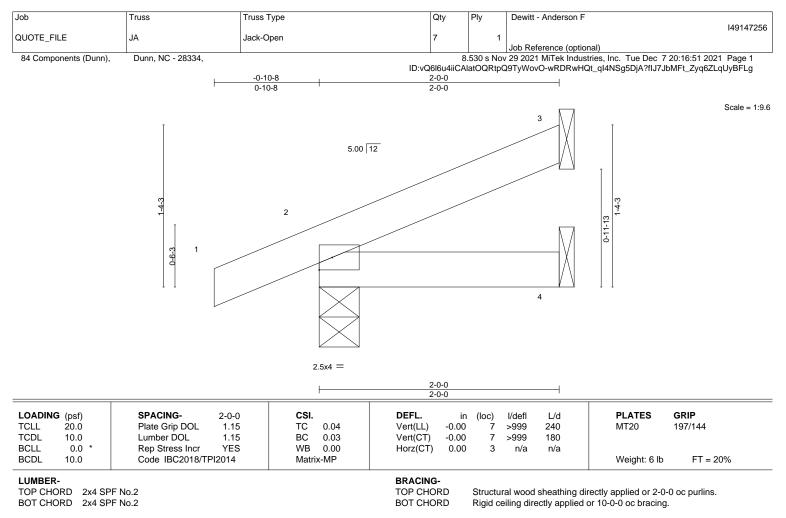


0-11-1	5-5-10		10-1-15			15-0-0	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	4-6-9 [2:0-5-8,Edge], [3:0-4-4,0-2-4], [6:0-1-8,	0_1_8]	4-8-5	I		4-10-1	1
	[2.0-3-8,Euge], [3.0-4-4,0-2-4], [0.0-1-8,	0-1-0]					
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0           COLL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO	CSI. TC 0.48 BC 0.47 WB 0.68		(loc) l/de 9-10 >999 9-10 >63- 8 n/	9 240 4 180	PLATES MT20	<b>GRIP</b> 197/144
BCDL 10.0	Code IBC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MS				Weight: 65 lb	FT = 20%
	PF No.2 PF 1650F 1.5E PF Stud		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	except end v	erticals, and 2-0- directly applied o	ectly applied or 5-7-2 0 oc purlins (3-4-11 n or 9-7-1 oc bracing. -8	
Max H Max U	e) 8=0-4-0, 2=0-4-0 lorz 2=47(LC 11) lplift 8=-308(LC 9), 2=-246(LC 9) irav 8=782(LC 1), 2=755(LC 25)						
TOP CHORD 2-3=- BOT CHORD 2-11=	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or -1044/341, 3-4=-2438/885, 4-5=-2438/88 =-326/907, 10-11=-336/901, 9-10=-858/2 =-577/1571, 4-10=-271/195, 5-8=-2174/7	85, 5-6=-265/126 2393, 8-9=-858/2393					
<ol> <li>Wind: ASCE 7-16; WMWFRS (envelope) zone; cantilever left shown; Lumber DOI</li> <li>Provide adequate di</li> <li>This truss has been</li> <li>* This truss has been</li> <li>* This truss has been</li> <li>Provide mechanical</li> <li>8=308, 2=246.</li> <li>This truss is designe</li> <li>Girder carries tie-in</li> <li>Graphical purlin repi</li> <li>In the LOAD CASE</li> <li>LOAD CASE(S) Stant</li> <li>Dead + Roof Live (b Uniform Loads (plf)</li> </ol>	A loads have been considered for this de /ult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103; gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -C and right exposed ; end vertical left and L=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 rainage to prevent water ponding. designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord liv in designed for a live load of 20.0psf on t pottom chord and any other members. connection (by others) of truss to bearing ead in accordance with the 2018 Internations span(s): 3-6-0 from 3-0-0 to 13-0-0 resentation does not depict the size or the E(S) section, loads applied to the face of dard balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate 50, 3-6=-60, 6-7=-60, 12-17=-20, 17-18=	mph; TCDL=4.2psf; BCDI -10-8 to 0-11-1, Exterior() right exposed;C-C for me e load nonconcurrent with he bottom chord in all are g plate capable of withsta onal Building Code section the orientation of the purlin the truss are noted as fro Increase=1.15	2R) 0-11-1 to 5-2-0, Interi mbers and forces & MWF n any other live loads. as where a rectangle 3-6 anding 100 lb uplift at join n 2306.1 and referenced along the top and/or bott	ior(1) 5-2-0 to FRS for reacti -0 tall by 2-0- t(s) except (jt- standard ANS	15-10-8	SEA 2768	

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

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REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-4-0, 4=Mechanical, 3=Mechanical

Max Horz 2=54(LC 12) Max Uplift 2=-43(LC 8), 3=-40(LC 12)

Max Grav 2=144(LC 1), 4=35(LC 3), 3=47(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

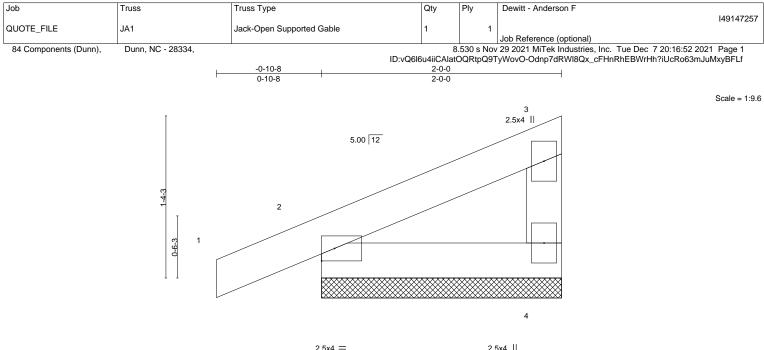
## NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 3.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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2.5x4 =

2.5x4 ||

LOADING (p: TCLL 20 TCDL 10	· ·	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL	2-0-0 1.15 1.15	CSI. TC BC	0.07 0.03	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT)	in 0.00 0.00	(loc) 1 1	l/defl n/r n/r	L/d 120 90	PLATES MT20	<b>GRIP</b> 197/144
	0.0 * 0.0	Rep Stress Incr Code IBC2018/TF	YES PI2014	WB Matri	0.00 x-P	Horz(CT)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a	Weight: 7 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-						BRACING-						
TOP CHORD BOT CHORD						TOP CHOR			ral wood end verti	0	rectly applied or 2-0-	0 oc purlins,
WEBS	2x4 SPF S	ام ر به ۲				BOT CHOR	Р	Digid of	oiling dir	othy applied	or 10-0-0 oc bracing	

REACTIONS. (size) 4=2-0-0, 2=2-0-0 Max Horz 2=44(LC 9) Max Uplift 4=-27(LC 12), 2=-51(LC 8) Max Grav 4=62(LC 1), 2=139(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

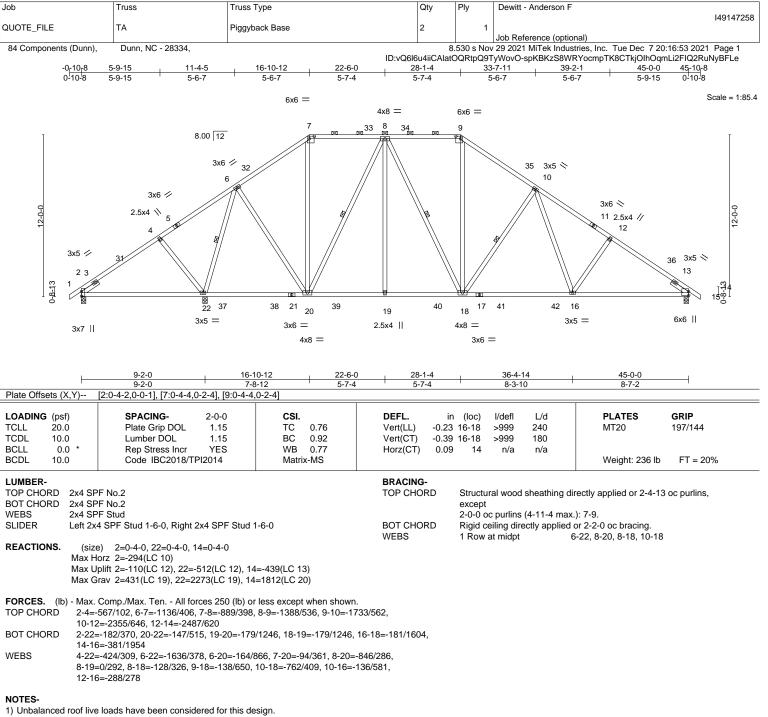
7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

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2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 16-10-12, Exterior(2R) 16-10-12 to 21-1-11, Interior(1) 21-1-11 to 28-1-4, Exterior(2R) 28-1-4 to 32-4-3, Interior(1) 32-4-3 to 45-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

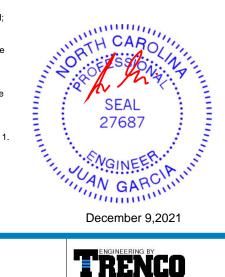
4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=110, 22=512, 14=439.

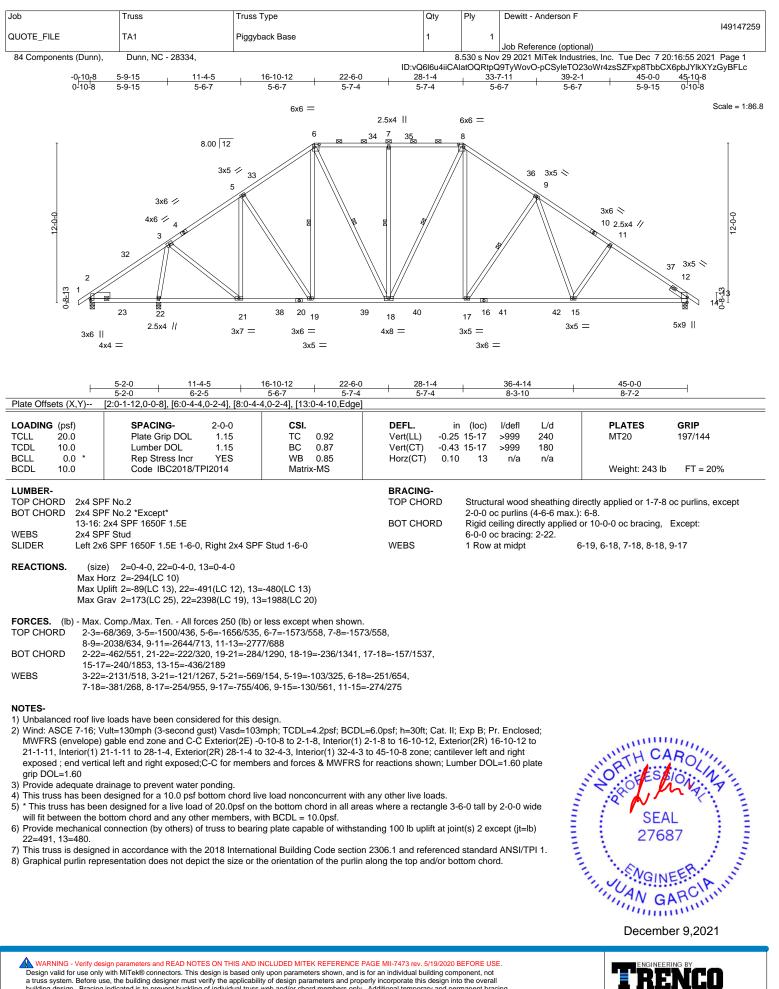
7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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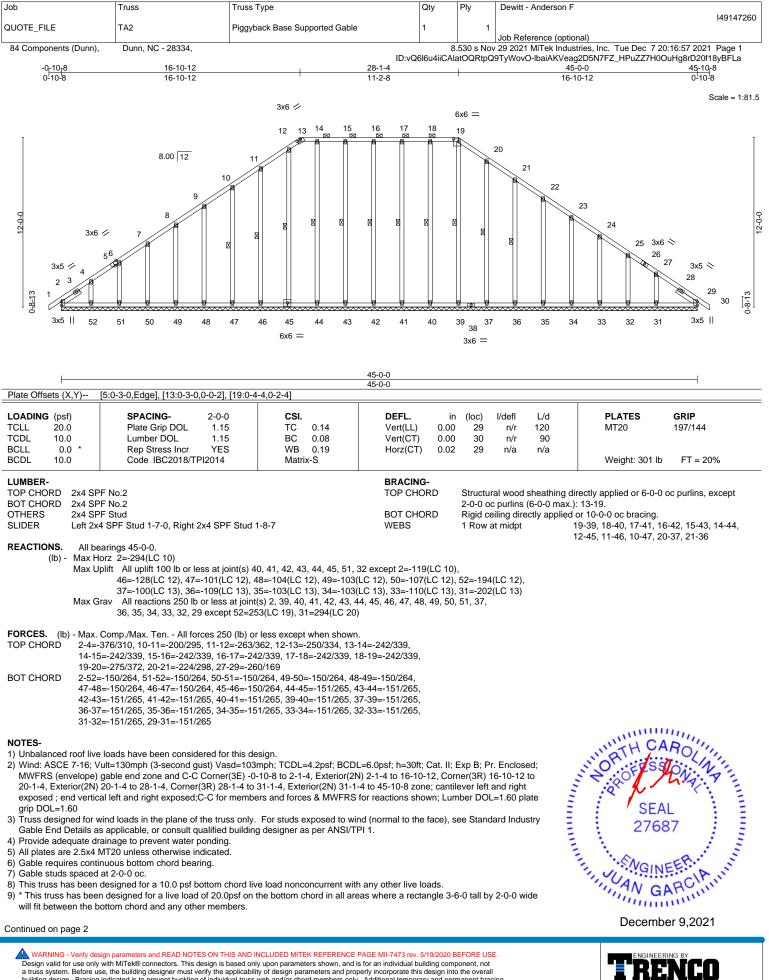




December 9,2021



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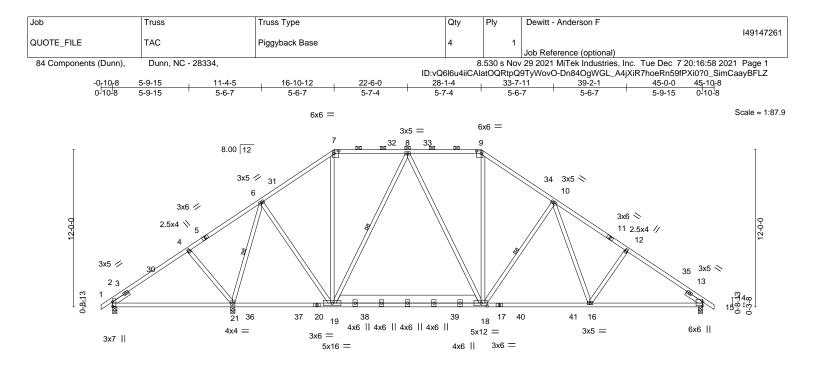
818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

[	Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Dewitt - Anderson F
						149147260
	QUOTE_FILE	TA2	Piggyback Base Supported Gable	1	1	
						Job Reference (optional)
	84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,		8	.530 s Nov	29 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Dec 7 20:16:57 2021 Page 2
			ID:vQ0	6l6u4iiCAla	atOQRtpQ	9TyWovO-lbaiAKVeag2D5N7FZ_HPuZZ7H0OuHg8rD20f18yBFLa

## NOTES-

- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 51, 32 except (jt=lb) 2=119,
- 46=128, 47=101, 48=104, 49=103, 50=107, 52=194, 37=100, 36=109, 35=103, 34=103, 33=110, 31=202.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.





1	9-2-0	16-10-12	28-1-4	36-4-14	45-0-0	
1	9-2-0	7-8-12	11-2-8	8-3-10	8-7-2	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-4-2,0-0-1], [7:0-4-4,0-2	2-4], [9:0-4-4,0-2-4], [18:0	-5-8,0-2-8]			
OADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0 CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc) l/defl L	/d PLATES	GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15 TC	0.74 Vert(LL)	-0.19 16-18 >999 24	-	197/144
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15 BC	0.94 Vert(CT)	-0.18 21-24 >601 18		10//111
CLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES WB	0.66 Horz(CT)		/a	
CDL 10.0	Code IBC2018/TPI2	-		0.07 14 174 17	Weight: 256 lb	FT = 20%
JMBER-	•	L. L	BRACING	G-		
P CHORD 2x4	SPF No.2		TOP CHO	ORD Structural wood she	athing directly applied or 2-5-12	oc purlins,
DT CHORD 2x4	SPF No.2 *Except*			except	0 ,	•
18-1	19: 2x8 SP No.1			2-0-0 oc purlins (4-1	1-1 max.): 7-9.	
EBS 2x4	SPF Stud		BOT CHO	ORD Rigid ceiling directly	applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, E	xcept:
LIDER Left	2x4 SPF Stud 1-6-0, Right 2x4	4 SPF Stud 1-6-0		2-2-0 oc bracing: 14	-16.	•
			WEBS	1 Row at midpt	6-21, 8-19, 10-18	
EACTIONS. (	size) 2=0-4-0, 21=0-4-0, 14=	=0-4-0				
Max	x Horz 2=-294(LC 10)					
Max	x Uplift 2=-110(LC 12), 21=-51	3(LC 12), 14=-438(LC 13	3)			

Max Grav 2=477(LC 19), 21=2209(LC 19), 14=1816(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 2-4=-594/95, 6-7=-1160/399, 7-8=-911/395, 8-9=-1401/532, 9-10=-1749/557, TOP CHORD 10-12=-2357/644, 12-14=-2489/619 BOT CHORD 2-21=-186/396, 19-21=-147/545, 18-19=-192/1205, 16-18=-179/1611, 14-16=-379/1957 WEBS 4-21=-419/306, 6-21=-1583/378, 6-19=-167/844, 7-19=-89/372, 8-19=-705/321,
  - 8-18=-97/455, 9-18=-135/660, 10-18=-752/411, 10-16=-140/564, 12-16=-290/278

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=4.2psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 16-10-12, Exterior(2R) 16-10-12 to 21-1-11, Interior(1) 21-1-11 to 28-1-4, Exterior(2R) 28-1-4 to 32-4-3, Interior(1) 32-4-3 to 45-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

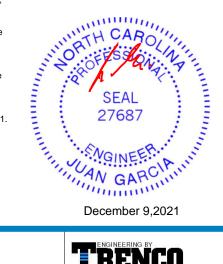
4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=110, 21=513, 14=438.

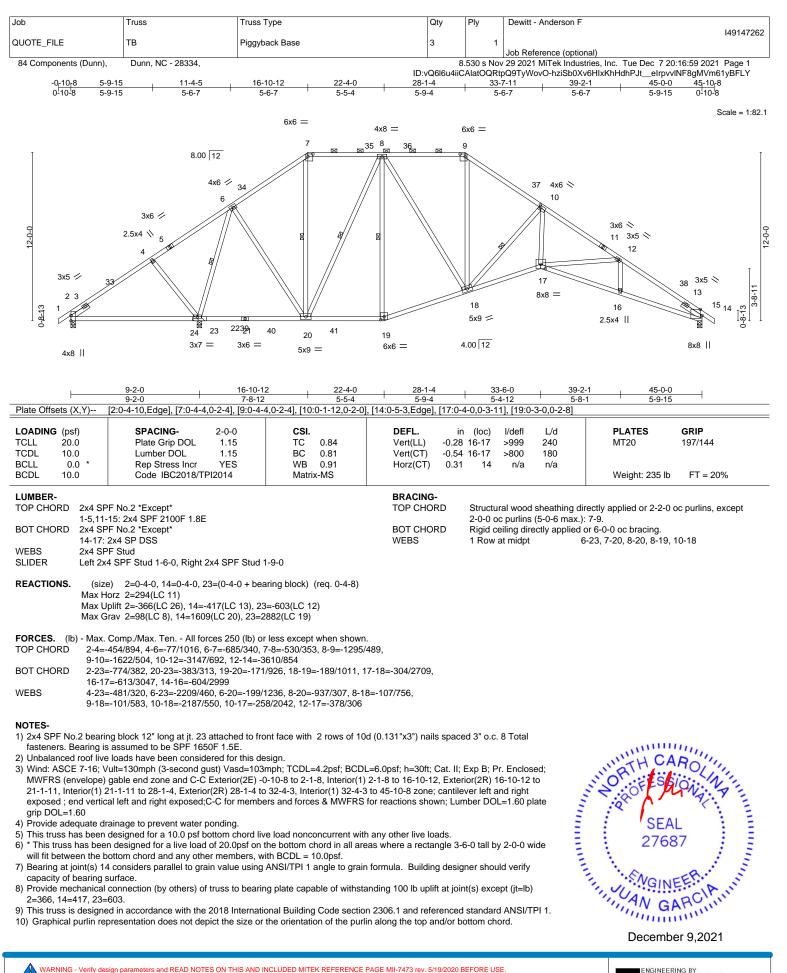
7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



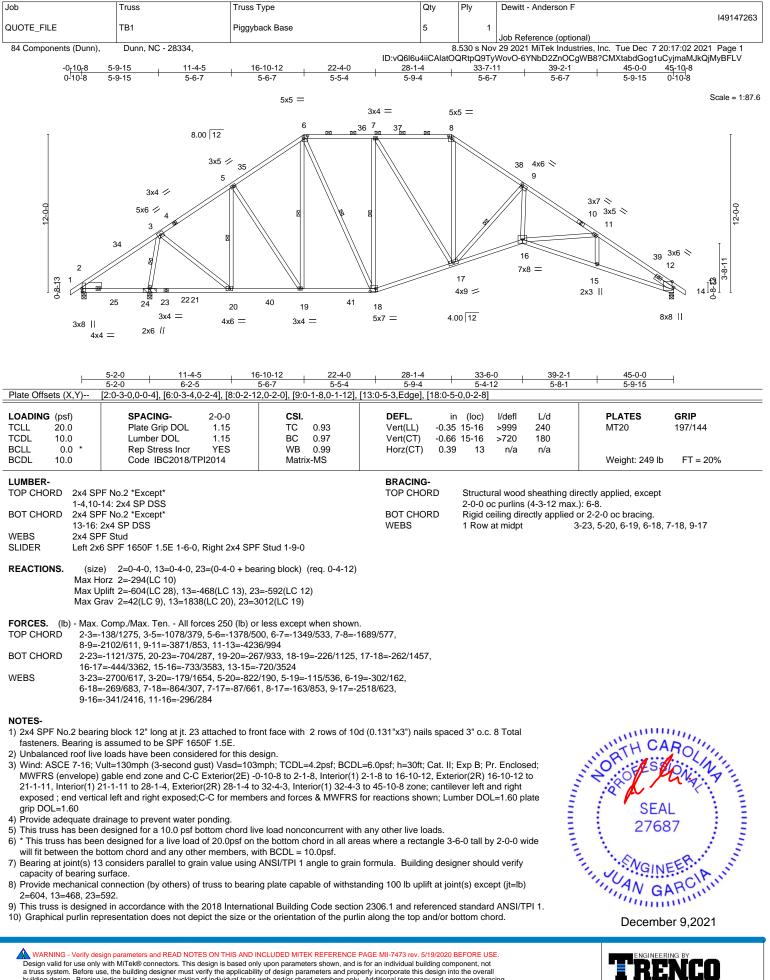
December 9,2021





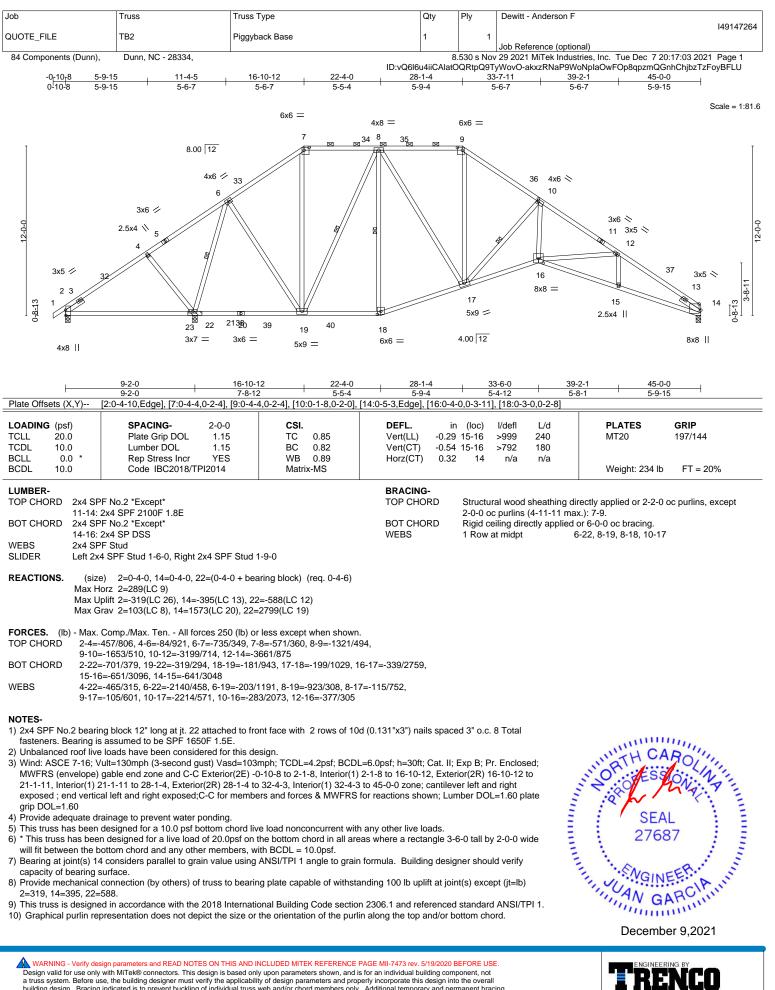
December 9,2021





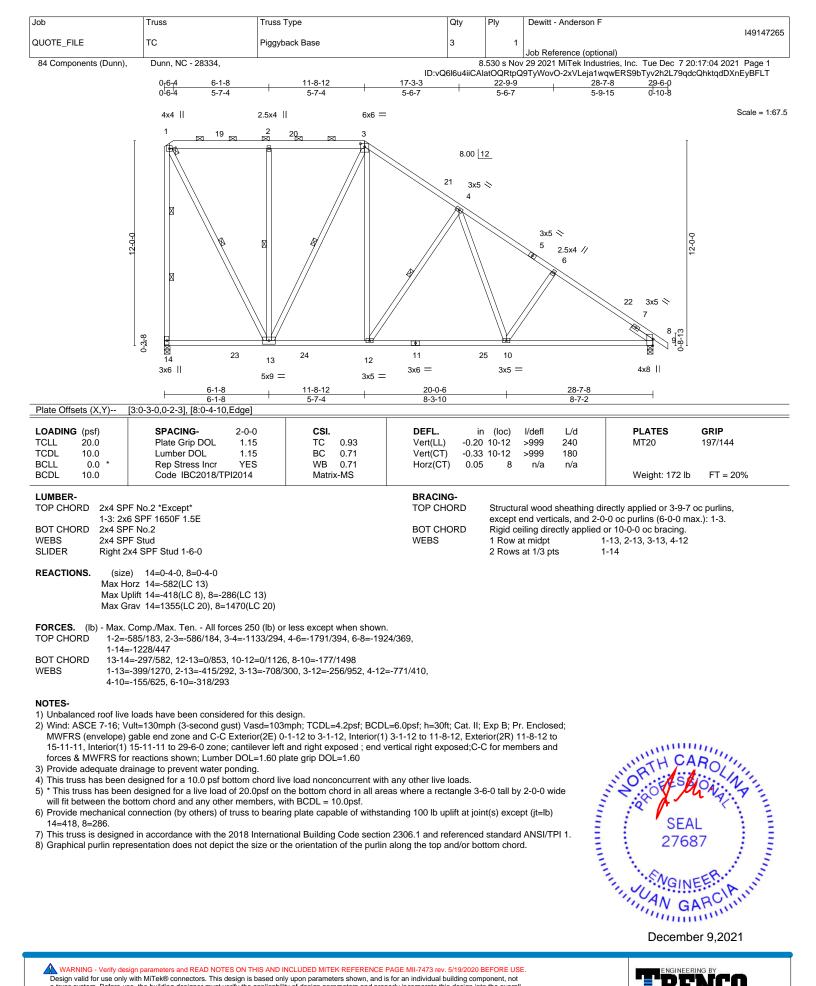
Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and property incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing building design. Strategic delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSUTP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

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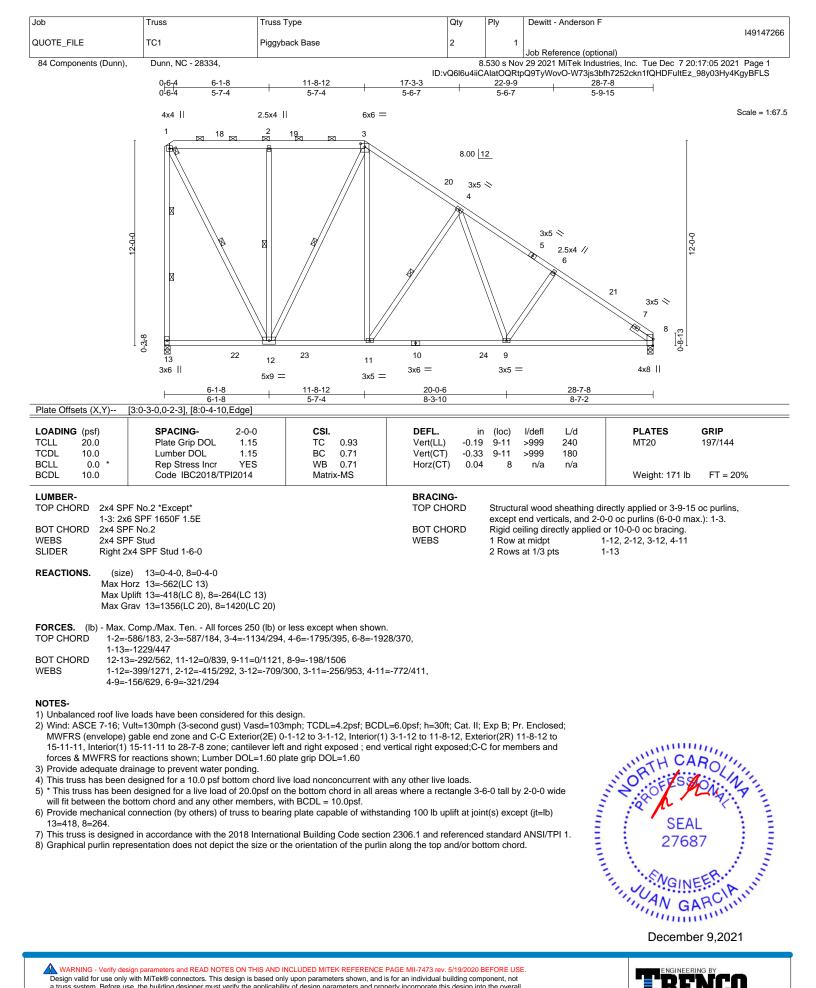




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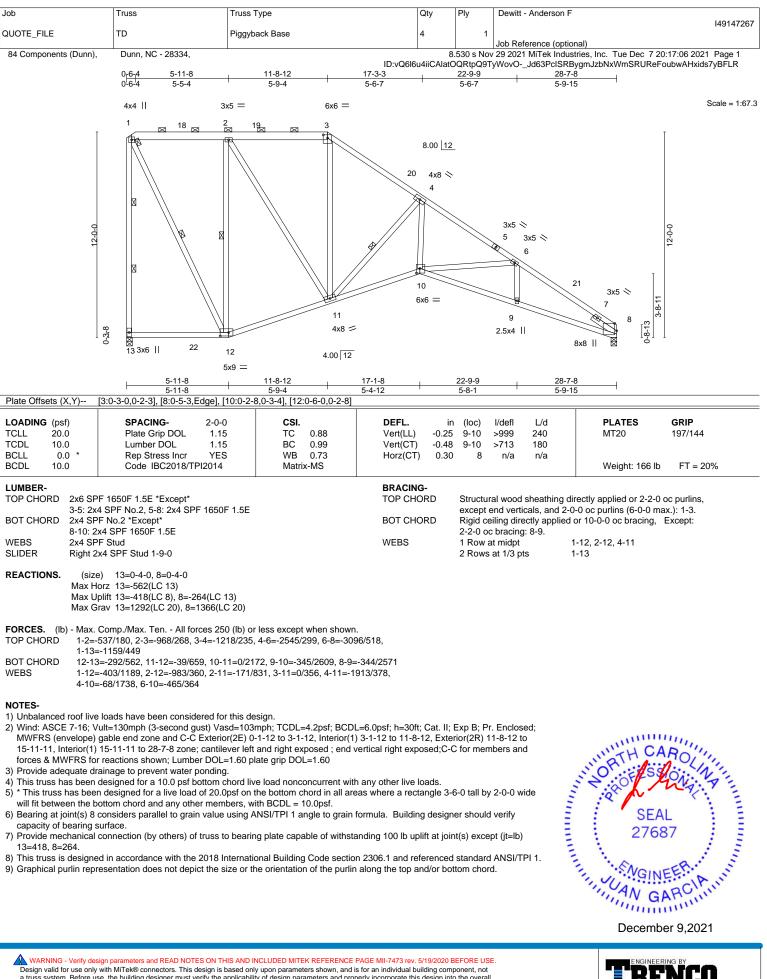




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## December 9,2021





9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

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