Mark Morris, P.E.

#126, 1317-M, Summerville, SC 29483
843 209-5784, Fax (866)-213-4614

The truss drawing(s) listed below have been prepared by **Atlantic Building Components** under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by the truss designers.

AST #: 29081
JOB: 21-6090-R01
JOB NAME: 49786-0199 WOODGROVE
Wind Code: 37
Wind Speed: Vult= 115mph
Exposure Category: B
Mean Roof Height (feet): 23
These truss designs comply with IRC 2015 as well as IRC 2018.
13 Truss Design(s)

Trusses:
R01, R02, R03, R04, R05, R06, R07, R08, R09, VT01, VT02, VT03, VT04

10/14/2021
Mark Morris

Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use.

This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 Guide to

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0199 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6090-R01	R01	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional) **# 29081**

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 16 13:25:44 2021 Page 1
ID:Dh2lA4wrhsy2TdYVBGmeQ3ycpLg-k?cEp6rlkbhlwGriLGlzykNYCTp_bguEcaa6mQySr5b

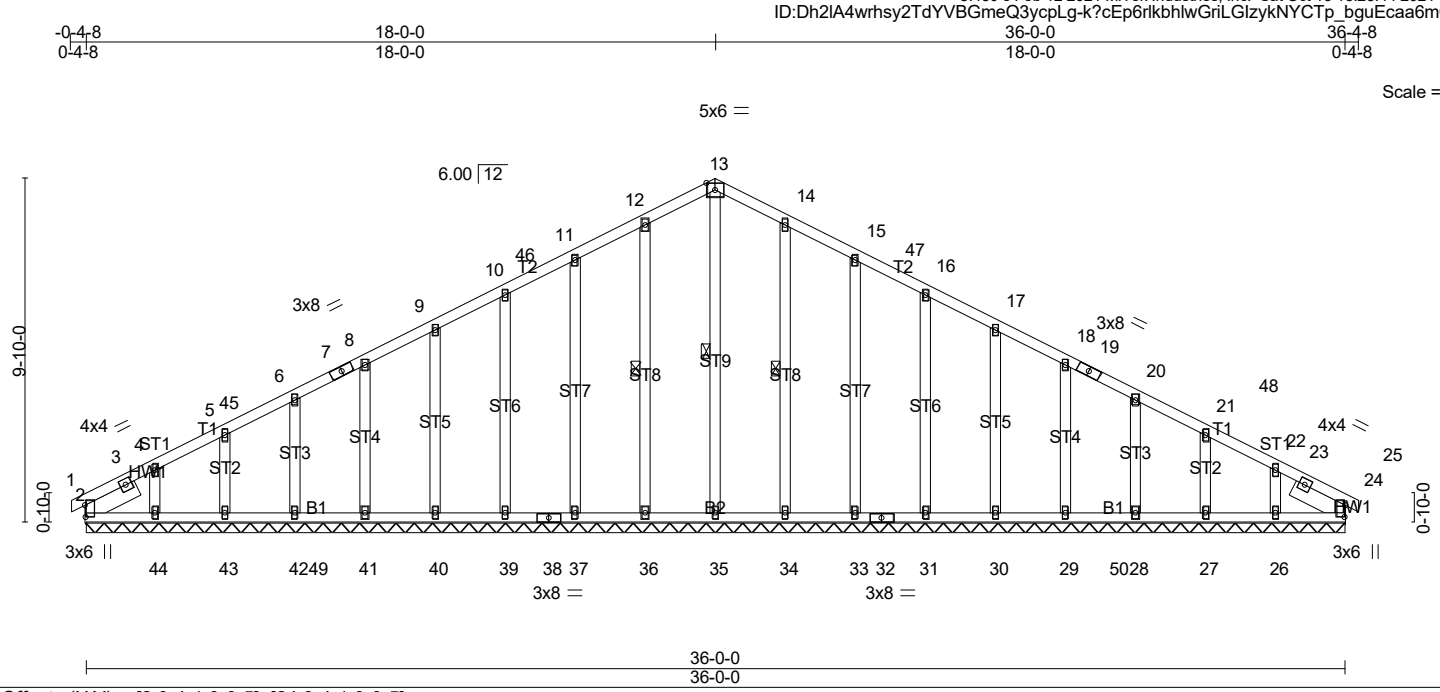


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-4-1,0-0-5], [24:0-4-1,0-0-5]

LOADING (psf)		SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.07	Vert(LL)	-0.00	24	n/r	180	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.06	Vert(CT)	-0.00	24	n/r	80		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.20	Horz(CT)	0.01	24	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014		Matrix-SH							Weight: 250 lb	FT = 20%
BCDL	10.0											

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3
SLIDER Left 2x6 SP No.2 - 1-7-15, Right 2x6 SP No.2 - 1-7-15

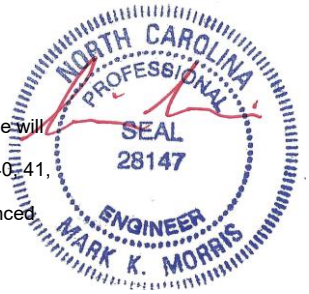
BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 13-35, 12-36, 14-34

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 36-0-0.
(lb) - Max Horz 2=111(LC 14)
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 36, 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 34, 33, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 24, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26 except 35=260(LC 27), 36=290(LC 5), 37=276(LC 5), 34=290(LC 6), 33=276(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (14-17)
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-4-8 to 4-5-2, Exterior(2N) 4-5-2 to 13-2-6, Corner(3R) 13-2-6 to 22-9-10, Exterior(2N) 22-9-10 to 31-6-14, Corner(3E) 31-6-14 to 36-4-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 36, 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 34, 33, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26.
13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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Continued on page 2

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14) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
15) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
16) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
17) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

10/14/2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0199 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6090-R01	R02	Common	8	1	Job Reference (optional) **# 29081**

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 16 13:25:46 2021 Page 1
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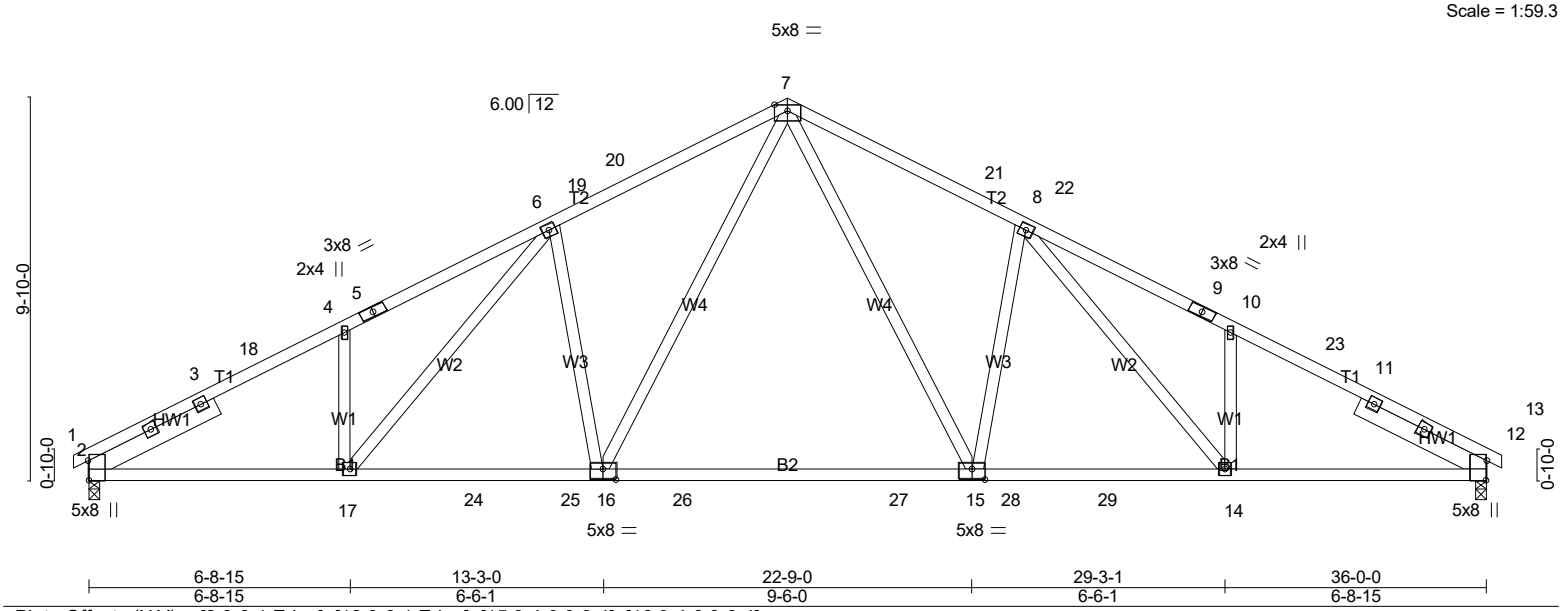
-0-4-8 6-8-15 12-0-0 18-0-0 24-0-0 29-3-1 36-0-0 36-4-8
0-4-8 6-8-15 5-3-1 6-0-0 6-0-0 5-3-1 6-8-15 0-4-8

Scale = 1:59.3



6-8-15 13-3-0 22-9-0 29-3-1 36-0-0
6-8-15 6-6-1 9-6-0 6-6-1 6-8-15

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-6-1,Edge], [12:0-6-1,Edge], [15:0-4-0,0-3-4], [16:0-4-0,0-3-4]

LOADING (psf)		**SPACING-** 2-0-0	**CSI.**	**DEFL.** in (loc) l/defl L/d	**PLATES** **GRIP**
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.96	Vert(LL) -0.43 15-16 >998 240	MT20 244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.90	Vert(CT) -0.68 15-16 >631 180	
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.52	Horz(CT) 0.10 12 n/a n/a	
BCLL	0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-SH		Weight: 217 lb FT = 20%
BCDL	10.0				

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3
SLIDER Left 2x6 SP No.2 - 3-8-7, Right 2x6 SP No.2 - 3-8-7

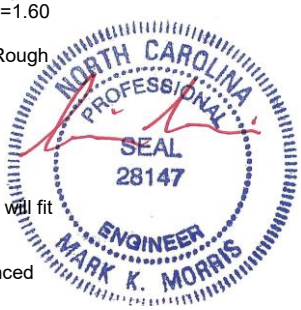
BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1463/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13), 12=1463/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13)
Max Horz 2=-111(LC 19)
Max Uplift 2=-80(LC 14), 12=-80(LC 15)
Max Grav 2=1516(LC 3), 12=1516(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
TOP CHORD 2-3=-2595/165, 3-18=-2509/170, 4-18=-2480/183, 4-5=-2468/229, 5-6=-2437/251, 6-19=-2233/241, 19-20=-2213/244, 7-20=-2159/266, 7-21=-2159/266, 21-22=-2213/244, 8-22=-2233/241, 8-9=-2437/251, 9-10=-2468/229, 10-23=-2480/183, 11-23=-2509/170, 11-12=-2595/165
BOT CHORD 2-17=-160/2180, 17-24=-85/2012, 24-25=-85/2012, 16-25=-85/2012, 16-26=-16/1516, 26-27=-16/1516, 15-27=-16/1516, 15-28=-70/2012, 28-29=-70/2012, 14-29=-70/2012, 12-14=-105/2180
WEBS 7-15=-112/998, 8-15=-606/191, 8-14=-118/413, 7-16=-112/998, 6-16=-606/191, 6-17=-118/413

NOTES- (11-14)
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-4-8 to 4-5-2, Interior(1) 4-5-2 to 13-2-6, Exterior(2R) 13-2-6 to 22-9-10, Interior(1) 22-9-10 to 31-6-14, Exterior(2E) 31-6-14 to 36-4-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
6) All plates are 4x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 12.
10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



10/14/2021

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11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
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LOAD CASE(S) Standard

10/14/2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0199 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6090-R01	R03	COMMON	1	1	Job Reference (optional) **# 29081**

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 16 13:25:47 2021 Page 1
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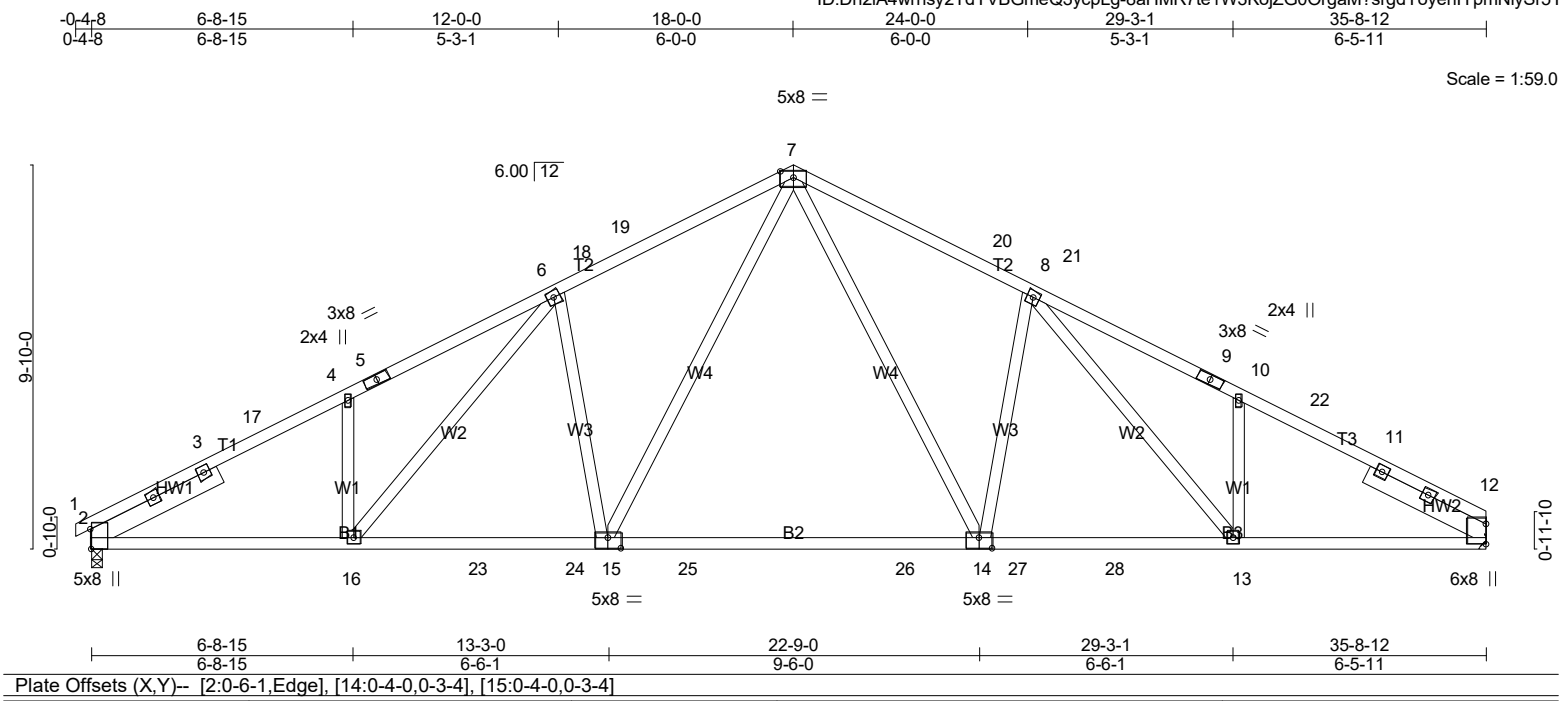


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-6-1,Edge], [14:0-4-0,0-3-4], [15:0-4-0,0-3-4]

LOADING (psf)		SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.94	Vert(LL)	-0.43	14-15	>994	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.90	Vert(CT)	-0.68	14-15	>631	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.52	Horz(CT)	0.10	12	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014		Matrix-SH							Weight: 215 lb	FT = 20%
BCDL	10.0											

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*
T3: 2x4 SP SS
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3
SLIDER Left 2x6 SP No.2 - 3-8-7, Right 2x6 SP No.2 - 3-5-8

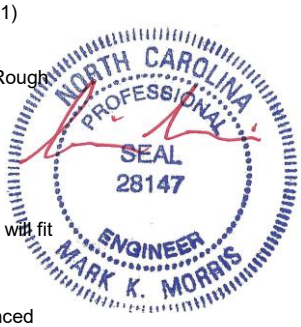
BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1452/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-12), 12=1429/Mechanical
Max Horz 2=-119(LC 19)
Max Uplift 2=-80(LC 14), 12=-73(LC 15)
Max Grav 2=1505(LC 3), 12=1489(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
TOP CHORD 2-3=-2573/165, 3-17=-2487/170, 4-17=-2459/183, 4-5=-2448/229, 5-6=-2416/250, 6-18=-2210/241, 18-19=-2190/244, 7-19=-2135/265, 7-20=-2120/265, 20-21=-2175/244, 8-21=-2196/241, 8-9=-2326/249, 9-10=-2353/227, 10-22=-2377/182, 11-22=-2420/170, 11-12=-2503/164
BOT CHORD 2-16=-156/2161, 16-23=-81/1992, 23-24=-81/1992, 15-24=-81/1992, 15-25=0/1495, 25-26=0/1495, 14-26=0/1495, 14-27=-53/1972, 27-28=-53/1972, 13-28=-53/1972, 12-13=-87/2080
WEBS 7-14=-111/969, 8-14=-579/190, 8-13=-113/333, 7-15=-112/998, 6-15=-607/191, 6-16=-117/415

NOTES- (12-15)
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-4-8 to 4-5-2, Interior(1) 4-5-2 to 13-2-6, Exterior(2R) 13-2-6 to 22-9-10, Interior(1) 22-9-10 to 30-11-2, Exterior(2E) 30-11-2 to 35-8-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
6) All plates are 4x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 12.
11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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LOAD CASE(S) Standard

10/14/2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0199 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6090-R01	R04	COMMON	5	1	Job Reference (optional) **# 29081**

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 16 13:25:50 2021 Page 1
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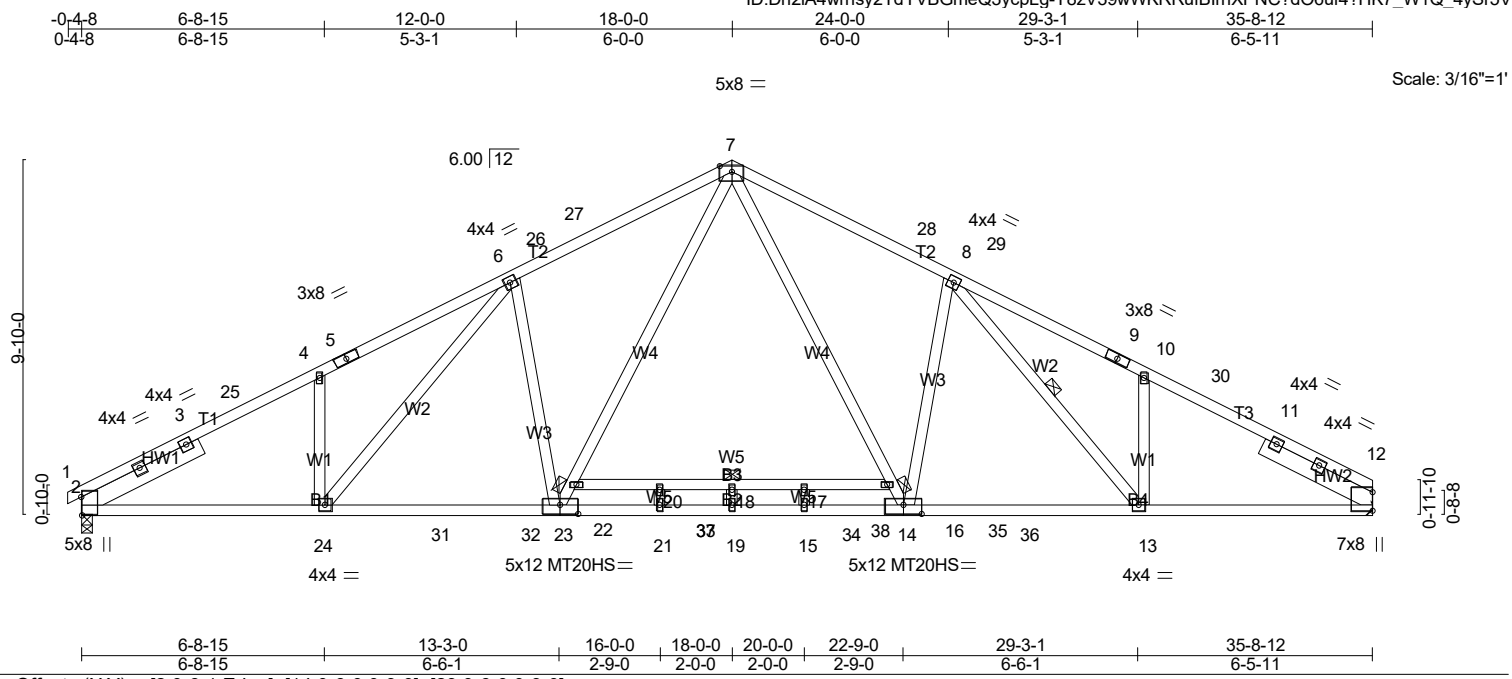

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-6-1,Edge], [14:0-6-0,0-3-0], [23:0-6-0,0-3-0]

LOADING (psf)		**SPACING-**	2-0-0	**CSI.**		**DEFL.**	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	**PLATES**	**GRIP**
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.88	Vert(LL)	-0.53	19	>804	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.84	Vert(CT)	-0.85	19	>503	180	MT20HS	187/143
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.65	Horz(CT)	0.10	12	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0 *	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-SH							Weight: 229 lb	FT = 20%
BCDL	10.0											

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*
T1: 2x4 SP No.1, T3: 2x4 SP SS
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP SS *Except*
B3: 2x4 SP No.1
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3
SLIDER Left 2x6 SP No.2 - 3-8-7, Right 2x6 SP No.2 - 3-5-8

BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. Except:
6-0-0 oc bracing: 16-22
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 8-13

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1540/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-0), 12=1519/Mechanical
Max Horz 2=-119(LC 15)
Max Uplift 2=-36(LC 14), 12=-28(LC 15)
Max Grav 2=1685(LC 3), 12=1672(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
TOP CHORD 2-3=-2913/83, 3-25=-2827/85, 4-25=-2799/99, 4-5=-2777/148, 5-6=-2747/170, 6-26=-2600/146, 26-27=-2580/148, 7-27=-2526/170, 7-28=-2509/170, 28-29=-2565/149, 8-29=-2585/146, 8-9=-2643/171, 9-10=-2668/149, 10-30=-2706/101, 11-30=-2749/87, 11-12=-2831/84
BOT CHORD 2-24=-84/2457, 24-31=0/2335, 31-32=0/2335, 23-32=0/2335, 23-33=0/1860, 21-33=0/1860, 19-21=0/1860, 15-19=0/1860, 15-34=0/1860, 14-34=0/1860, 14-35=0/2314, 35-36=0/2314, 13-36=0/2314, 12-13=-17/2364
WEBS 7-16=-63/1165, 14-16=-91/1028, 8-14=-563/197, 8-13=-134/290, 22-23=-92/1059, 7-22=-64/1197, 6-23=-594/197, 6-24=-136/379

NOTES- (13-16)
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-4-8 to 4-5-2, Interior(1) 4-5-2 to 13-2-6, Exterior(2R) 13-2-6 to 22-9-10, Interior(1) 22-9-10 to 30-11-2, Exterior(2E) 30-11-2 to 35-8-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
6) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
10) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 12.

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Continued on page 2

Warning - Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 Guide to *Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

NOTES- (13-16)

12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
13) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
14) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
15) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
16) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0199 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6090-R01	R05	COMMON	4	1	Job Reference (optional) **# 29081**

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 16 13:25:53 2021 Page 1
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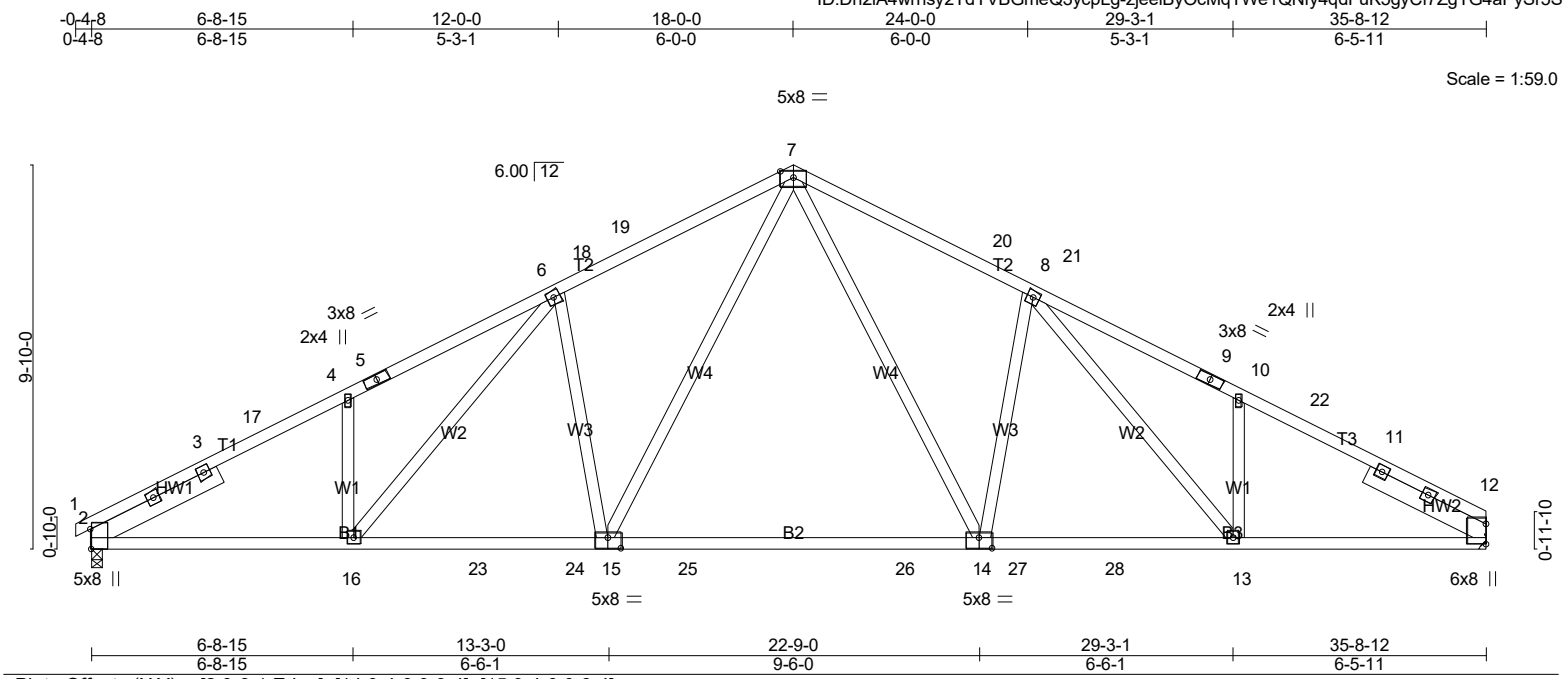


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-6-1,Edge], [14:0-4-0,0-3-4], [15:0-4-0,0-3-4]

LOADING (psf)		SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.94	Vert(LL)	-0.43	14-15	>994	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.90	Vert(CT)	-0.68	14-15	>631	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.52	Horz(CT)	0.10	12	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014		Matrix-SH							Weight: 215 lb	FT = 20%
BCDL	10.0											

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*
T3: 2x4 SP SS
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3
SLIDER Left 2x6 SP No.2 - 3-8-7, Right 2x6 SP No.2 - 3-5-8

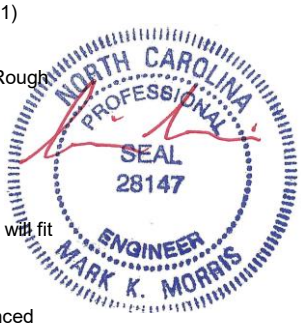
BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1452/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-12), 12=1429/Mechanical
Max Horz 2=-119(LC 19)
Max Uplift 2=-80(LC 14), 12=-73(LC 15)
Max Grav 2=1505(LC 3), 12=1489(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
TOP CHORD 2-3=-2573/165, 3-17=-2487/170, 4-17=-2459/183, 4-5=-2448/229, 5-6=-2416/250, 6-18=-2210/241, 18-19=-2190/244, 7-19=-2135/265, 7-20=-2120/265, 20-21=-2175/244, 8-21=-2196/241, 8-9=-2326/249, 9-10=-2353/227, 10-22=-2377/182, 11-22=-2420/170, 11-12=-2503/164
BOT CHORD 2-16=-156/2161, 16-23=-81/1992, 23-24=-81/1992, 15-24=-81/1992, 15-25=0/1495, 25-26=0/1495, 14-26=0/1495, 14-27=-53/1972, 27-28=-53/1972, 13-28=-53/1972, 12-13=-87/2080
WEBS 7-14=-111/969, 8-14=-579/190, 8-13=-113/333, 7-15=-112/998, 6-15=-607/191, 6-16=-117/415

NOTES- (12-15)
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-4-8 to 4-5-2, Interior(1) 4-5-2 to 13-2-6, Exterior(2R) 13-2-6 to 22-9-10, Interior(1) 22-9-10 to 30-11-2, Exterior(2E) 30-11-2 to 35-8-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
6) All plates are 4x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 12.
11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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Continued on page 2

Warning - Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 Guide to *Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

12) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
13) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
14) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
15) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

10/14/2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0199 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6090-R01	R06	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional) **# 29081**

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 16 13:25:57 2021 Page 1
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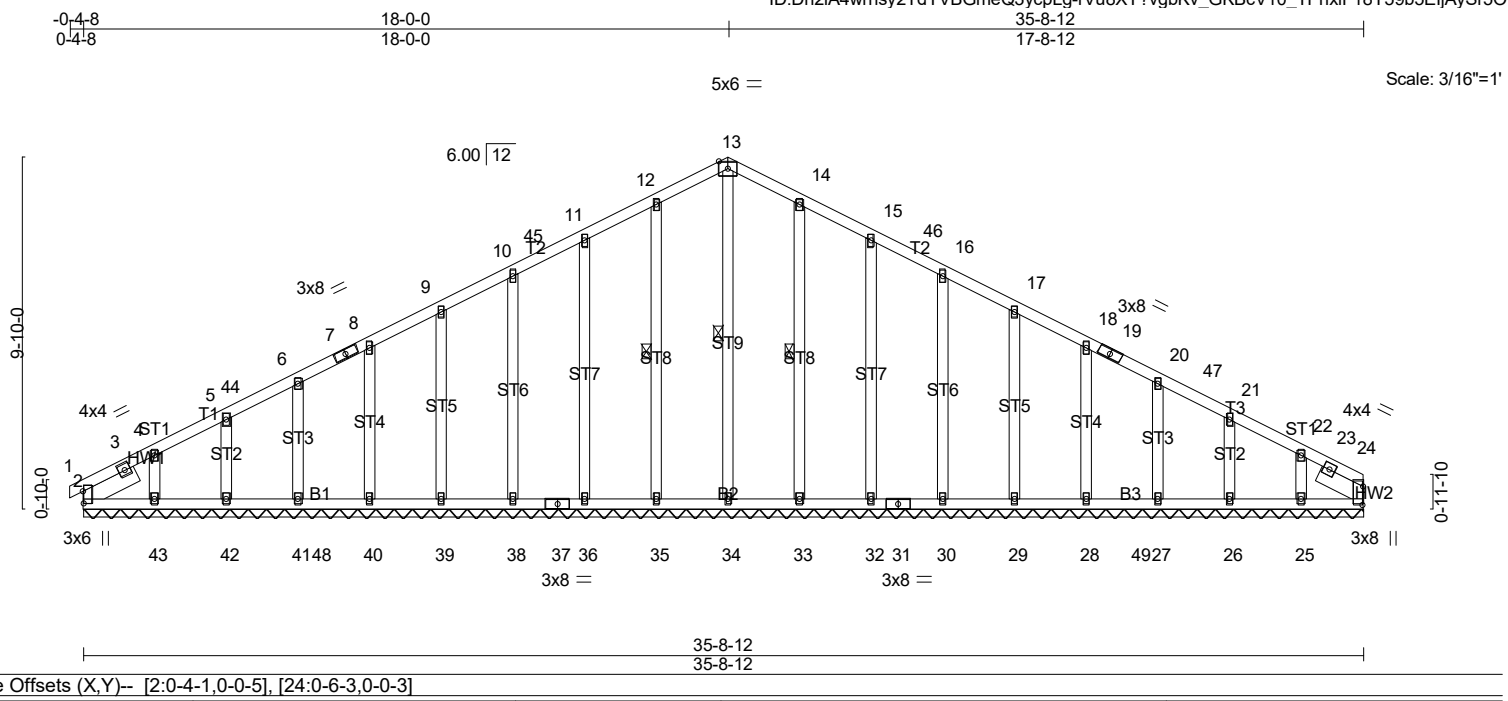

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-4-1,0-0-5], [24:0-6-3,0-0-3]

LOADING (psf)		**SPACING-**	2-0-0	**CSI.**		**DEFL.**	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	**PLATES**	**GRIP**
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.07	Vert(LL)	-0.00	1	n/r	180	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.06	Vert(CT)	0.00	1	n/r	80		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.20	Horz(CT)	0.01	24	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014		Matrix-SH							Weight: 248 lb	FT = 20%
BCDL	10.0											

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3
SLIDER Left 2x6 SP No.2 - 1-7-15, Right 2x6 SP No.2 - 1-5-1

BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 13-34, 12-35, 14-33

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 35-8-12.
(lb) - Max Horz 2=-119(LC 15)
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 33, 32, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26, 25
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 24, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26, 25 except 34=263(LC 27), 35=290(LC 5), 36=276(LC 5), 33=290(LC 6), 32=276(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (14-17)
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-4-8 to 4-5-2, Exterior(2N) 4-5-2 to 13-2-6, Corner(3R) 13-2-6 to 22-9-10, Exterior(2N) 22-9-10 to 30-11-2, Corner(3E) 30-11-2 to 35-8-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 33, 32, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26, 25.
13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

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14) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
15) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
16) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
17) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

10/14/2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0199 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6090-R01	R07	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional) **# 29081**

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 16 13:26:00 2021 Page 1
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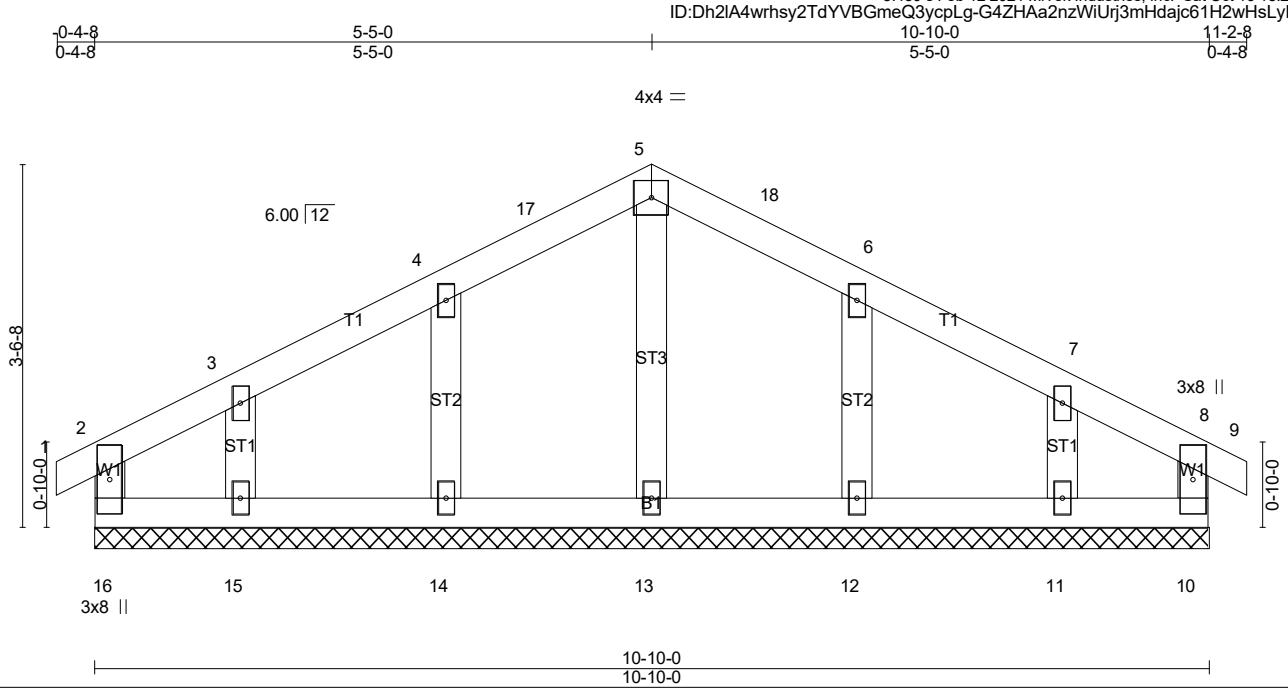

LOADING (psf)		SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.08	Vert(LL)	-0.00	8	n/r	180	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.05	Vert(CT)	-0.00	8	n/r	80		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.04	Horz(CT)	0.00	10	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014		Matrix-R							Weight: 50 lb	FT = 20%
BCDL	10.0											

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 10-10-0.
(lb) - Max Horz 16=35(LC 14)
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 14, 15, 12, 11
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 13, 14, 15, 12, 11

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (15-18)
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-4-8 to 4-5-2, Corner(3R) 4-5-2 to 6-4-14, Corner(3E) 6-4-14 to 11-2-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
9) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 16, 10, 14, 15, 12, 11.
14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

10/14/2021

Continued on page 2

Warning - Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 Guide to *Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

15) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
16) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
17) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
18) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

10/14/2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0199 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6090-R01	R08	GABLE	1	1	**# 29081**
					Job Reference (optional)

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 16 13:26:03 2021 Page 1
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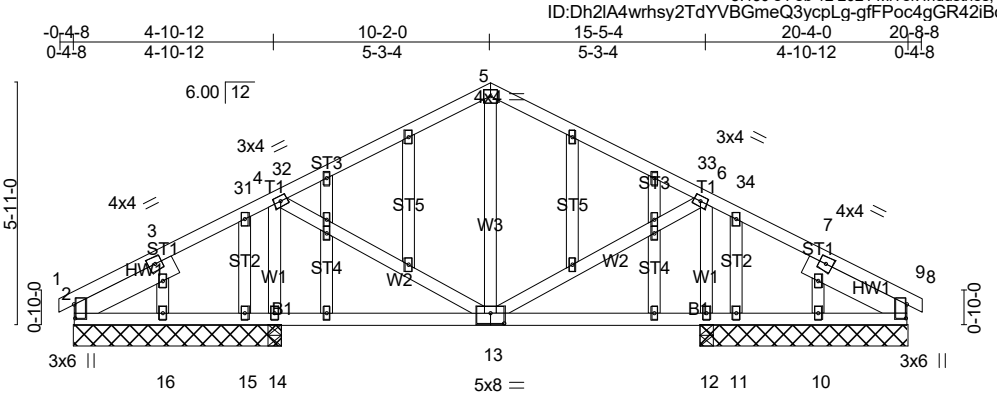

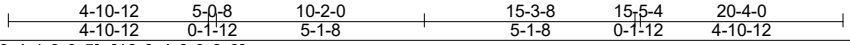

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-4-1,0-0-5], [8:0-4-1,0-0-5], [13:0-4-0,0-3-0]

LOADING (psf)		**SPACING-**	2-0-0	**CSI.**		**DEFL.**	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	**PLATES**	**GRIP**
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.49	Vert(LL)	-0.01	13-14	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.20	Vert(CT)	-0.02	13-14	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.15	Horz(CT)	0.00	8	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014		Matrix-SH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 140 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3
SLIDER Left 2x6 SP No.2 - 2-9-0, Right 2x6 SP No.2 - 2-9-0

BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 5-0-8 except (jt=length) 12=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8.
(lb) - Max Horz 2=-64(LC 15)
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 14, 8, 15, 11, 12
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 16, 10 except 14=739(LC 21), 14=590(LC 1), 12=739(LC 22), 12=590(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
TOP CHORD 4-32=-389/92, 5-32=-369/116, 5-33=-369/116, 6-33=-389/92
WEBS 6-12=-612/112, 4-14=-612/112

NOTES- (13-16)
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-4-8 to 4-5-2, Interior(1) 4-5-2 to 5-4-6, Exterior(2R) 5-4-6 to 14-11-10, Interior(1) 14-11-10 to 15-10-14, Exterior(2E) 15-10-14 to 20-8-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 14, 8, 15, 11, 12.
12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

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Continued on page 2

Warning - Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 Guide to *Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

13) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
14) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
15) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
16) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

10/14/2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0199 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6090-R01	R09	Common Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional) **# 29081**

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 16 13:26:07 2021 Page 1
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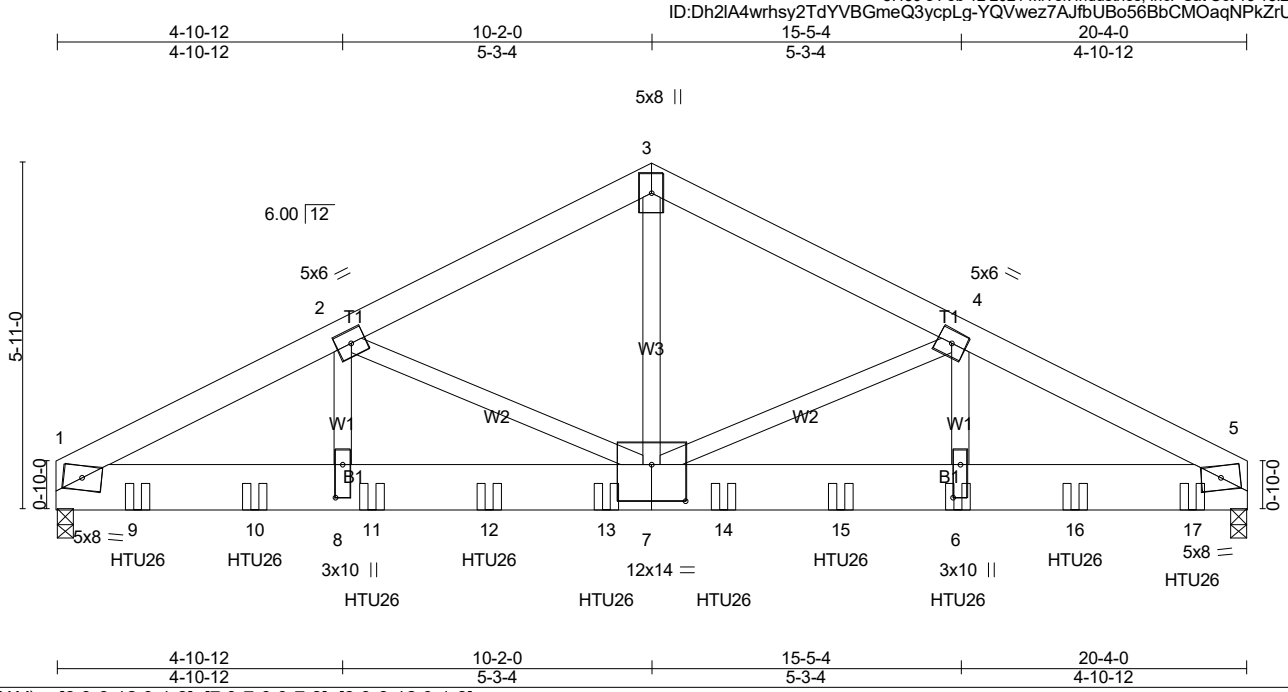


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [6:0-6-12,0-1-8], [7:0-7-0,0-7-8], [8:0-6-12,0-1-8]

LOADING (psf)		**SPACING-** 2-0-0	**CSI.**	**DEFL.** in (loc) l/defl L/d	**PLATES** **GRIP**
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.52	Vert(LL) -0.12 7-8 >999 240	MT20 244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.41	Vert(CT) -0.23 7-8 >999 180	
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.72	Horz(CT) 0.05 5 n/a n/a	
BCLL	0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-SH		Weight: 326 lb FT = 20%
BCDL	10.0				

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x10 SP 2400F 2.0E
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*
W3: 2x4 SP No.1

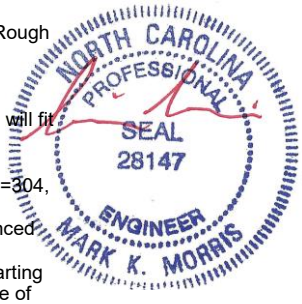
BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-9-7 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=7970/0-3-8 (min. 0-3-8), 5=8176/0-3-8 (req. 0-3-9)
Max Horz 1=-64(LC 40)
Max Uplift1=-304(LC 12), 5=-385(LC 13)
Max Grav 1=8491(LC 5), 5=8582(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
TOP CHORD 1-2=-13570/447, 2-3=-9851/373, 3-4=-9852/373, 4-5=-13153/551
BOT CHORD 1-9=-409/11827, 9-10=-409/11827, 8-10=-409/11827, 8-11=-409/11827, 11-12=-409/11827, 12-13=-409/11827, 7-13=-409/11827, 7-14=-437/11464, 14-15=-437/11464, 6-15=-437/11464, 6-16=-437/11464, 16-17=-437/11464, 5-17=-437/11464
WEBS 3-7=-255/8381, 4-7=-3011/268, 4-6=-137/3089, 2-7=-3417/166, 2-8=-43/3477

NOTES- (14-17)
1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:
Top chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.
Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x10 - 2 rows staggered at 0-3-0 oc.
Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
4) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
5) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
6) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
9) WARNING: Required bearing size at joint(s) 5 greater than input bearing size.
10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=304, 5=385.
11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
12) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26 (20-10d Girder, 11-10dx1 1/2 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 1-4-12 from the left end to 19-4-12 to connect truss(es) R03 (1 ply 2x4 SP), R04 (1 ply 2x4 SP), R05 (1 ply 2x4 SP) to back face of bottom chord.
13) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

Continued on page 2



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14) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
15) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
16) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
17) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard
1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-5=-60, 1-5=-20
Concentrated Loads (lb)
Vert: 6=-1409(B) 9=-1409(B) 10=-1499(B) 11=-1499(B) 12=-1499(B) 13=-1499(B) 14=-1499(B) 15=-1409(B) 16=-1409(B) 17=-1411(B)

10/14/2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0199 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6090-R01	VT01	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional) **# 29081**

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 16 13:26:09 2021 Page 1
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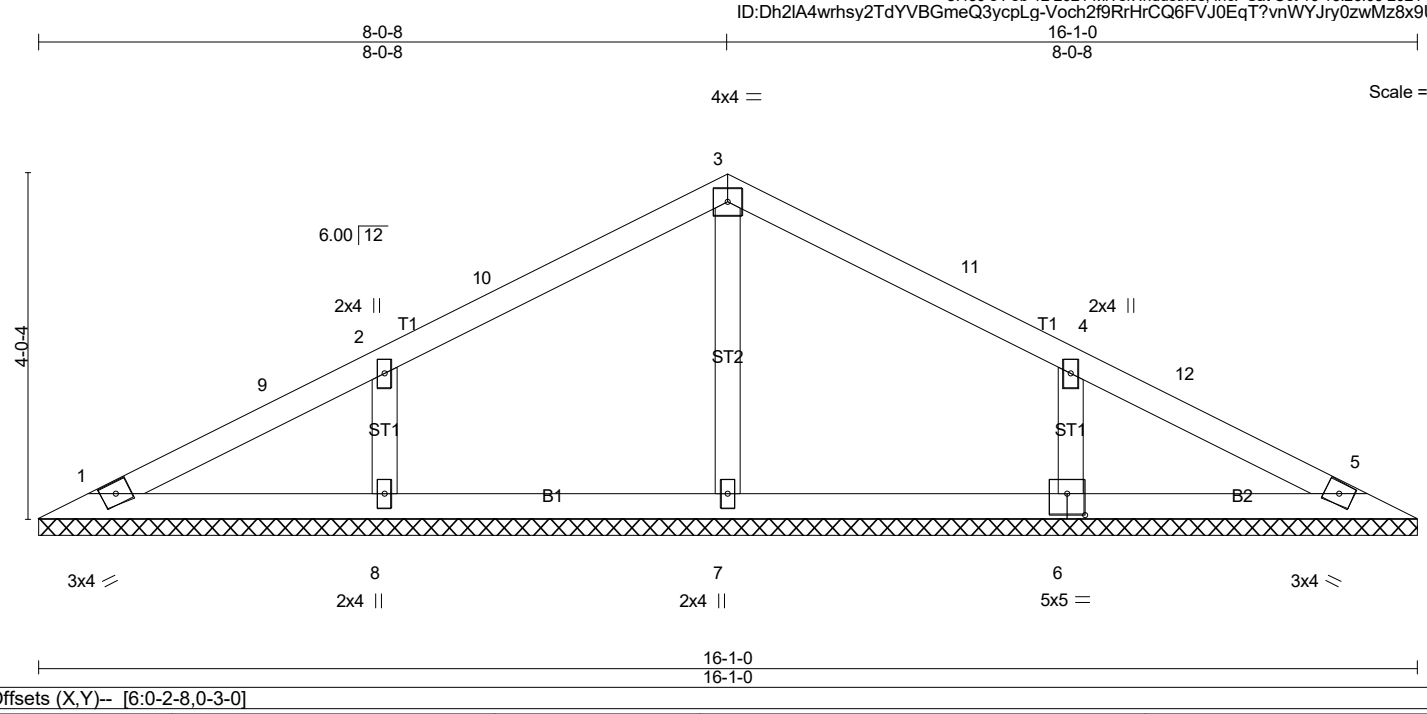


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [6:0-2-8,0-3-0]

LOADING (psf)		**SPACING-**	2-0-0	**CSI.**		**DEFL.**	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	**PLATES**	**GRIP**
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.29	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.18	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.08	Horz(CT)	0.00	5	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014		Matrix-SH							Weight: 58 lb	FT = 20%
BCDL	10.0											

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

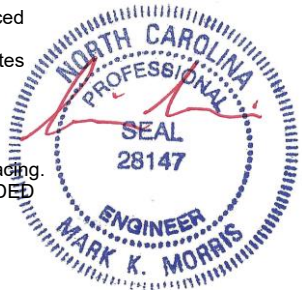
BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 16-1-0.
(lb) - Max Horz 1=45(LC 14)
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 8, 6
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=285(LC 21), 8=466(LC 20), 6=461(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
WEBS 2-8=-378/133, 4-6=-374/132

NOTES- (10-13)
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-7-7 to 5-5-0, Exterior(2R) 5-5-0 to 10-8-0, Exterior(2E) 10-8-0 to 15-5-9 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5, 8, 6.
9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.



LOAD CASE(S) Standard

10/14/2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0199 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6090-R01	VT02	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional) **# 29081**

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 16 13:26:11 2021 Page 1
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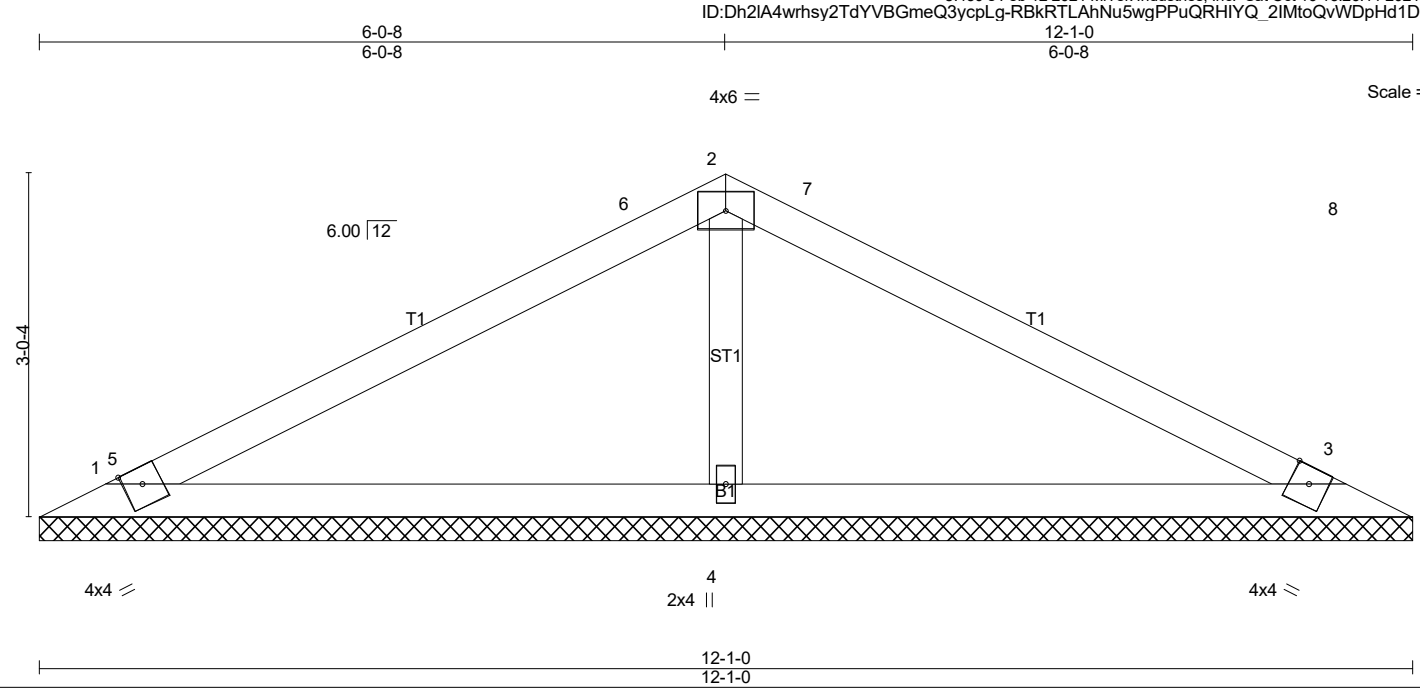

LOADING (psf)

TCLL (roof)	20.0
Snow (Pf)	20.0
TCDL	10.0
BCLL	0.0 *
BCDL	10.0

SPACING-	2-0-0
Plate Grip DOL	1.15
Lumber DOL	1.15
Rep Stress Incr	YES
Code IRC2018/TPI2014	

CSI.	
TC	0.59
BC	0.67
WB	0.07
Matrix-SH	

DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d
Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999
Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999
Horz(CT)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a

PLATES	**GRIP**
MT20	244/190

Weight: 40 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=194/12-1-0 (min. 0-1-8), 3=194/12-1-0 (min. 0-1-8), 4=480/12-1-0 (min. 0-1-8)
Max Horz 1=-33(LC 15)
Max Uplift1=-21(LC 14), 3=-28(LC 15), 4=-3(LC 14)
Max Grav 1=274(LC 20), 3=274(LC 21), 4=495(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
WEBS 2-4=-314/114

NOTES- (10-13)
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-7-7 to 5-5-0, Exterior(2R) 5-5-0 to 6-8-0, Exterior(2E) 6-8-0 to 11-5-9 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.
9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

10/14/2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0199 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6090-R01	VT03	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional) **# 29081**

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 16 13:26:11 2021 Page 1
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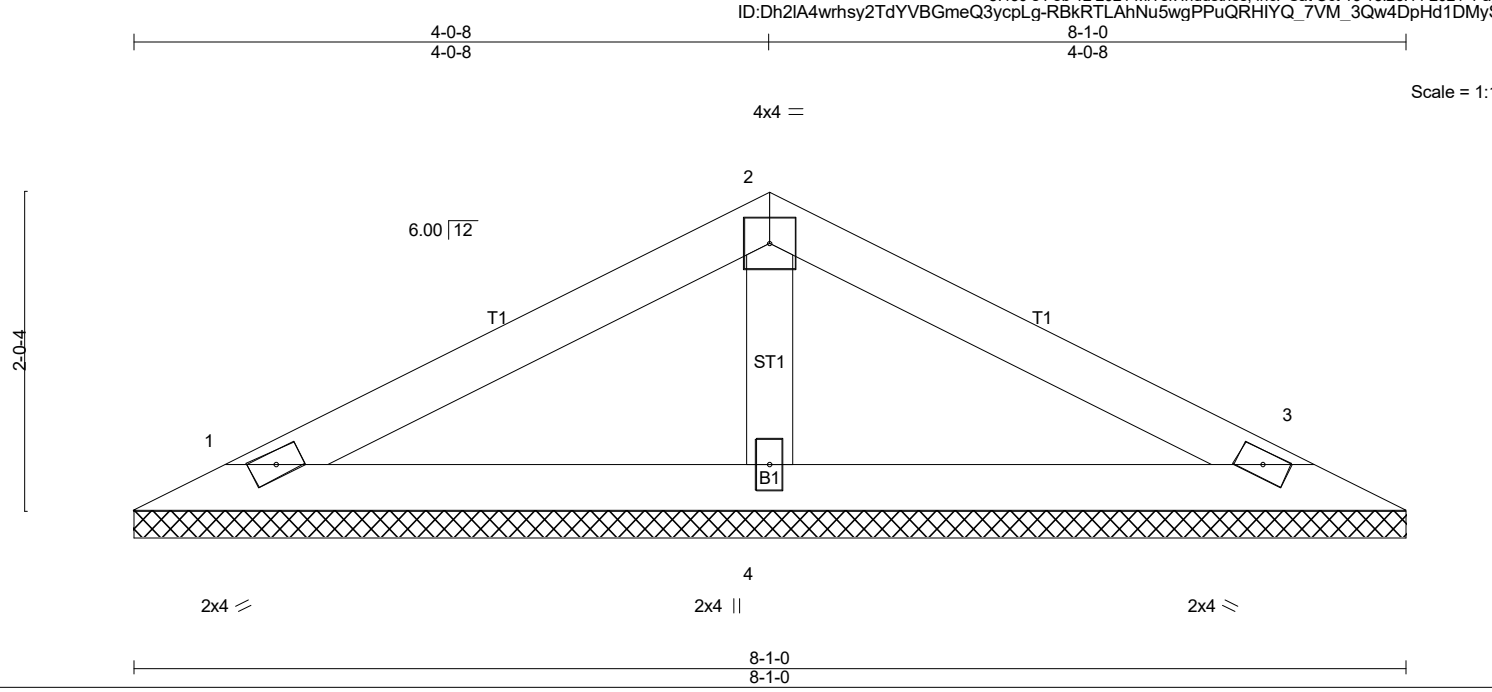


LOADING (psf)		**SPACING-**	2-0-0	**CSI.**		**DEFL.**	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	**PLATES**	**GRIP**
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.32	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.20	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.04	Horz(CT)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014		Matrix-P							Weight: 26 lb	FT = 20%
BCDL	10.0											

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

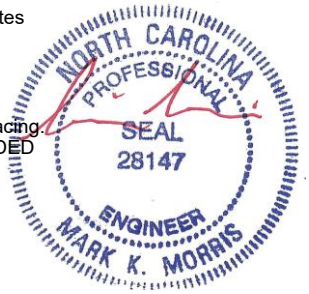
BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=138/8-1-0 (min. 0-1-8), 3=138/8-1-0 (min. 0-1-8), 4=271/8-1-0 (min. 0-1-8)
Max Horz 1=21(LC 14)
Max Uplift1=-19(LC 14), 3=-23(LC 15)
Max Grav 1=186(LC 20), 3=186(LC 21), 4=271(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (10-13)
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.



LOAD CASE(S) Standard

10/14/2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0199 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6090-R01	VT04	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional) **# 29081**

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 16 13:26:12 2021 Page 1
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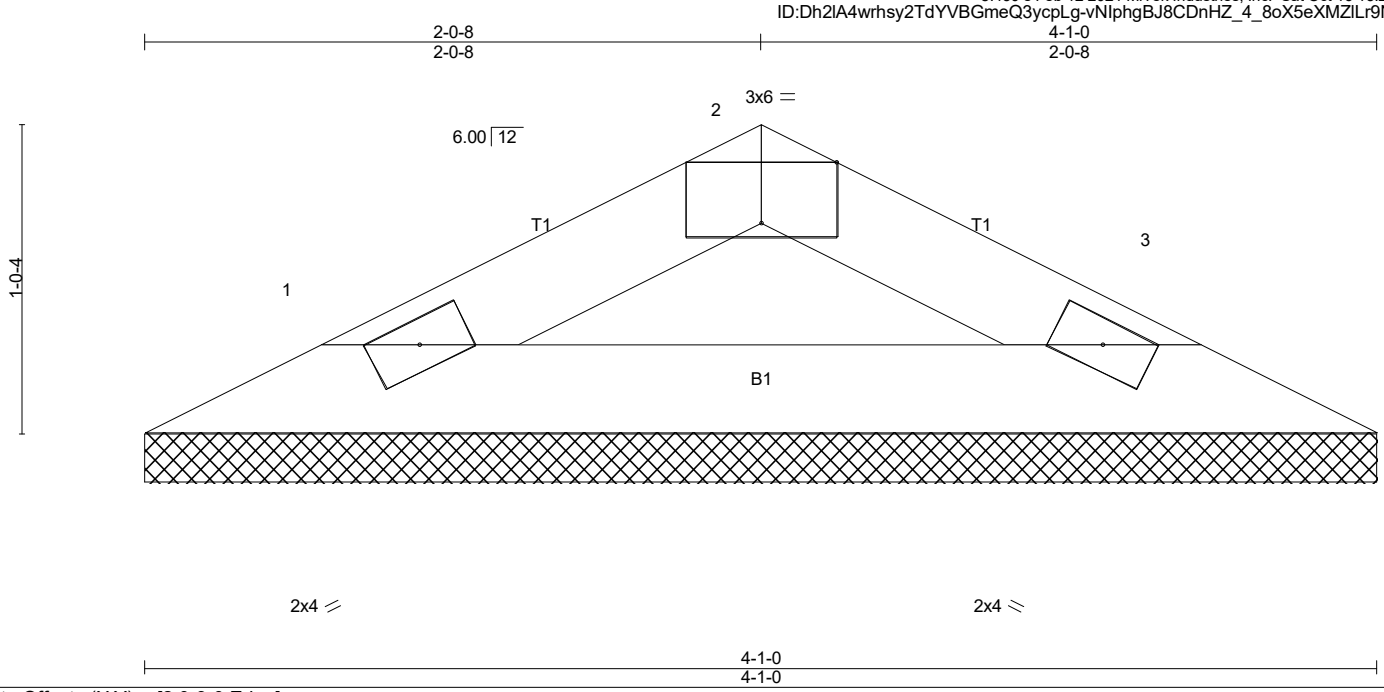

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-3-0,Edge]

LOADING (psf)		**SPACING-**	2-0-0	**CSI.**		**DEFL.**	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	**PLATES**	**GRIP**
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.04	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.17	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014		Matrix-P							Weight: 11 lb	FT = 20%
BCDL	10.0											

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-1-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=114/4-1-0 (min. 0-1-8), 3=114/4-1-0 (min. 0-1-8)
Max Horz 1=-9(LC 19)
Max Uplift1=-6(LC 14), 3=-6(LC 15)
Max Grav 1=123(LC 20), 3=123(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (10-13)
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
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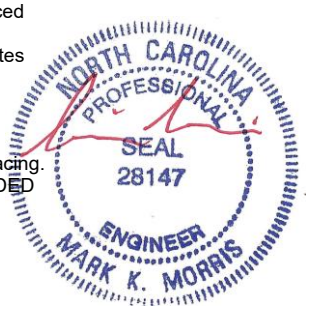

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

10/14/2021