

Mark Morris, P.E.

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The truss drawing(s) listed below have been prepared by **Atlantic Building Components** under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by the truss designers.

AST #: 28930

JOB: 21-6091-R01

JOB NAME: 49786-0203 WOODGROVE

Wind Code: 37

Wind Speed: Vult= 115mph

Exposure Category: B

Mean Roof Height (feet): 23

These truss designs comply with IRC 2015 as well as IRC 2018.

14 Truss Design(s)

Trusses:

J01, R01, R02, R03, R04, R05, R06, R07, R08, R09, R10, R11, R12, R13



10/9/2021

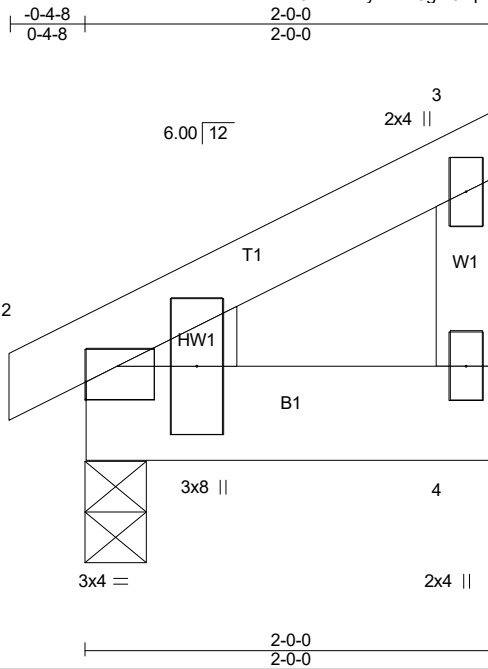
Mark Morris

Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use.

This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6091-R01	J01	Jack-Closed	3	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:08 2021 Page 1
 ID:S0DKwN1yMIVZ5gm8RpTodcyYtsg-dJDQ5cKNboa169Qfn5GWEGNii_1QuQgf4EyD2ryV3N9



Scale = 1:11.2

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-0-0,0-1-1]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15		TC 0.07	Vert(LL) -0.00	2	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Lumber DOL 1.15		BC 0.04	Vert(CT) -0.00	2	>999	180		
TCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES		WB 0.00	Horz(CT) 0.00		n/a	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014		Matrix-P						
BCDL 10.0								Weight: 11 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-
 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3
 WEDGE
 Left: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-
 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

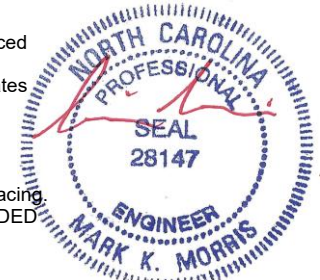
MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 4=70/Mechanical, 2=100/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)
 Max Horz 2=32(LC 14)
 Max Uplift 4=-18(LC 14), 2=-2(LC 14)
 Max Grav 4=90(LC 21), 2=130(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (10-13)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCCL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAINING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.



10/9/2021

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

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Job 21-6091-R01	Truss R01	Truss Type Common Supported Gable	Qty 1	Ply 1	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
					# 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:10 2021 Page 1
ID:S0DkwN1yMIVZ5gm8RpTodcyYtsg-ZhKAWIMd7PqLTa1vWl_KhT1Boh2MJryXYRK7kyV3N7

0-4-8 10-4-0 20-8-0 21-0-8
0-4-8 10-4-0 10-4-0 0-4-8

4x4 =

Scale = 1:38.3

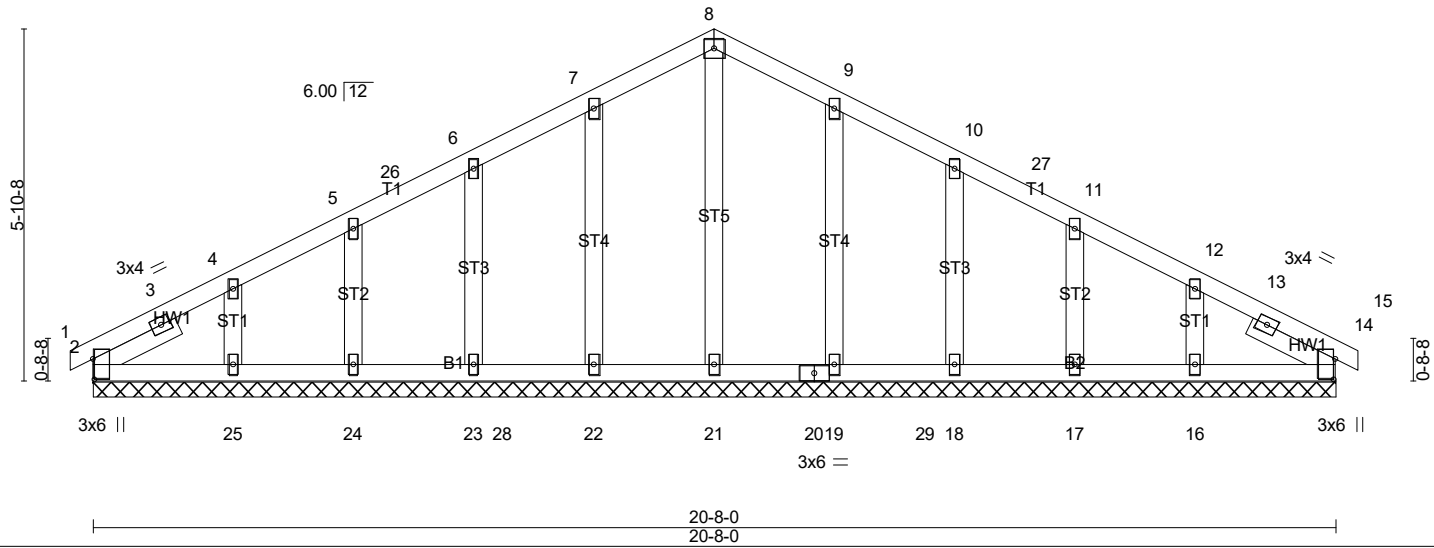


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-4-1,0-0-5], [14:0-4-1,0-0-5]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.07	Vert(LL) 0.00	14	n/r	180	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.10	Vert(CT) 0.00	14	n/r	80		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.09	Horz(CT) 0.00	14	n/a	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014							
							Weight: 113 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3
SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 - 1-6-12, Right 2x4 SP No.3 - 1-6-12

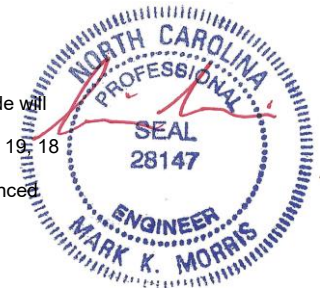
BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 20-8-0.
(lb) - Max Horz 2=-65(LC 15)
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 22, 23, 24, 25, 19, 18, 17, 16, 2
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 14, 21, 23, 24, 25, 18, 17, 16, 2 except 22=294(LC 5), 19=294(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (14-17)

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) 0-4-8 to 4-4-0, Exterior(2N) 4-4-0 to 5-6-6, Corner(3R) 5-6-6 to 15-1-10, Exterior(2N) 15-1-10 to 16-2-14, Corner(3E) 16-2-14 to 21-0-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 22, 23, 24, 25, 19, 18, 17, 16, 2.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6091-R01	R01	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:10 2021 Page 2
 ID:S0DkwN1yMIVZ5gm8RpTodcyYtsg-ZhKAWIMd7PqLTa1vWl_KhT1Boh2MJryXYRK7kyV3N7

- 14) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 15) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 16) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 17) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6091-R01	R02	Common	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:10 2021 Page 2
 ID:S0DkwN1yMIVZ5gm8RpTodcyYtsg-ZhKAWIMd7PqLLTa1vWI_KhTvCobfMH4yXYRK7kyV3N7

- 10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
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- 12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

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Job 21-6091-R01	Truss R03	Truss Type Common Supported Gable	Qty 1	Ply 1	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
Job Reference (optional)					# 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:11 2021 Page 1
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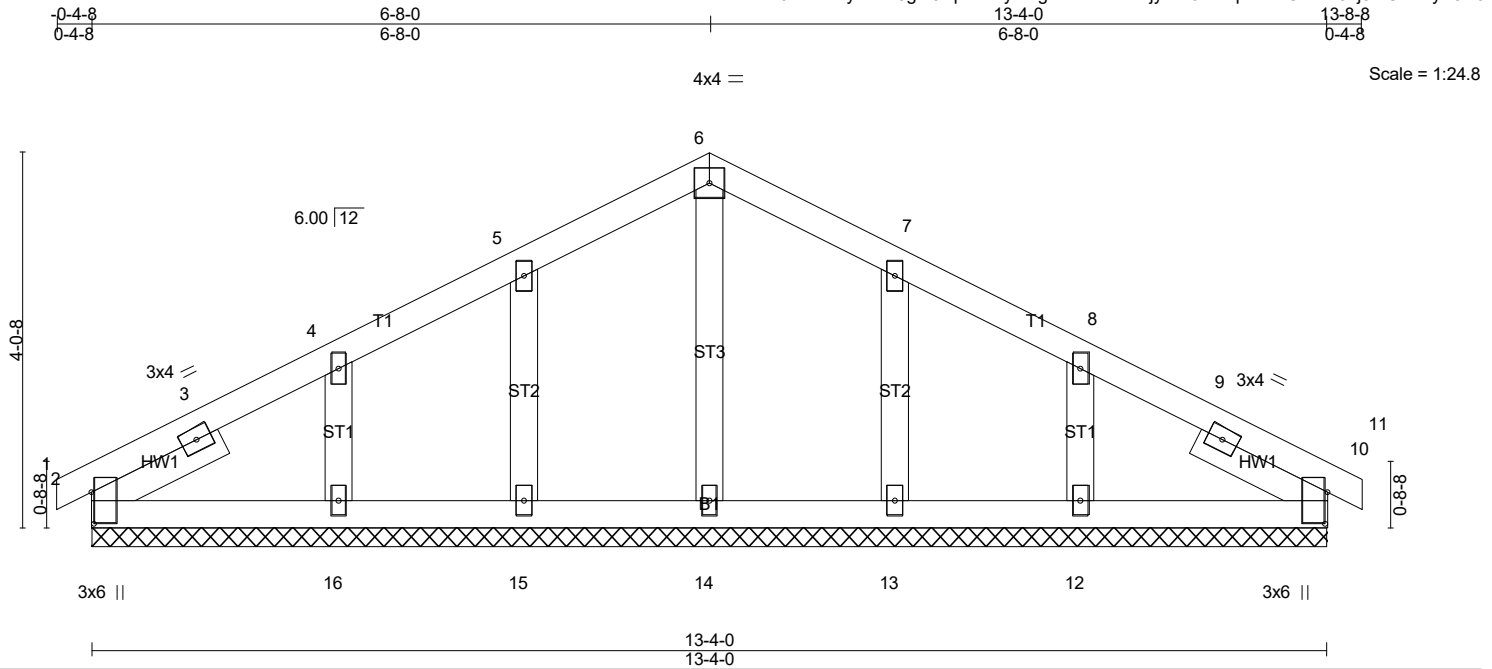


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-4-1,0-0-5], [10:0-4-1,0-0-5]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.09	Vert(LL) 0.00	10	n/r	180	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.08	Vert(CT) 0.00	10	n/r	80		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.04	Horz(CT) 0.00	10	n/a	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014						Weight: 65 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3
SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 - 1-6-12, Right 2x4 SP No.3 - 1-6-12

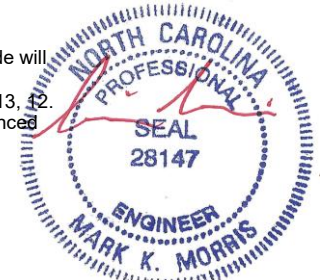
BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 13-4-0.
(lb) - Max Horz 2=43(LC 18)
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 10, 15, 16, 13, 12
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 10, 14, 15, 13 except 16=279(LC 21), 12=279(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (14-17)

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCCL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-4-8 to 4-8-0, Corner(3R) 4-8-0 to 8-8-0, Corner(3E) 8-8-0 to 13-8-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCCL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 10, 15, 16, 13, 12.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



10/9/2021

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6091-R01	R03	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:11 2021 Page 2
 ID:S0DkwN1yMIVZ5gm8RpTodcyYtsg-1uuYkeMFujyczd9ETDpDsv?CfB1Y5nj5mCAIfAyV3N6

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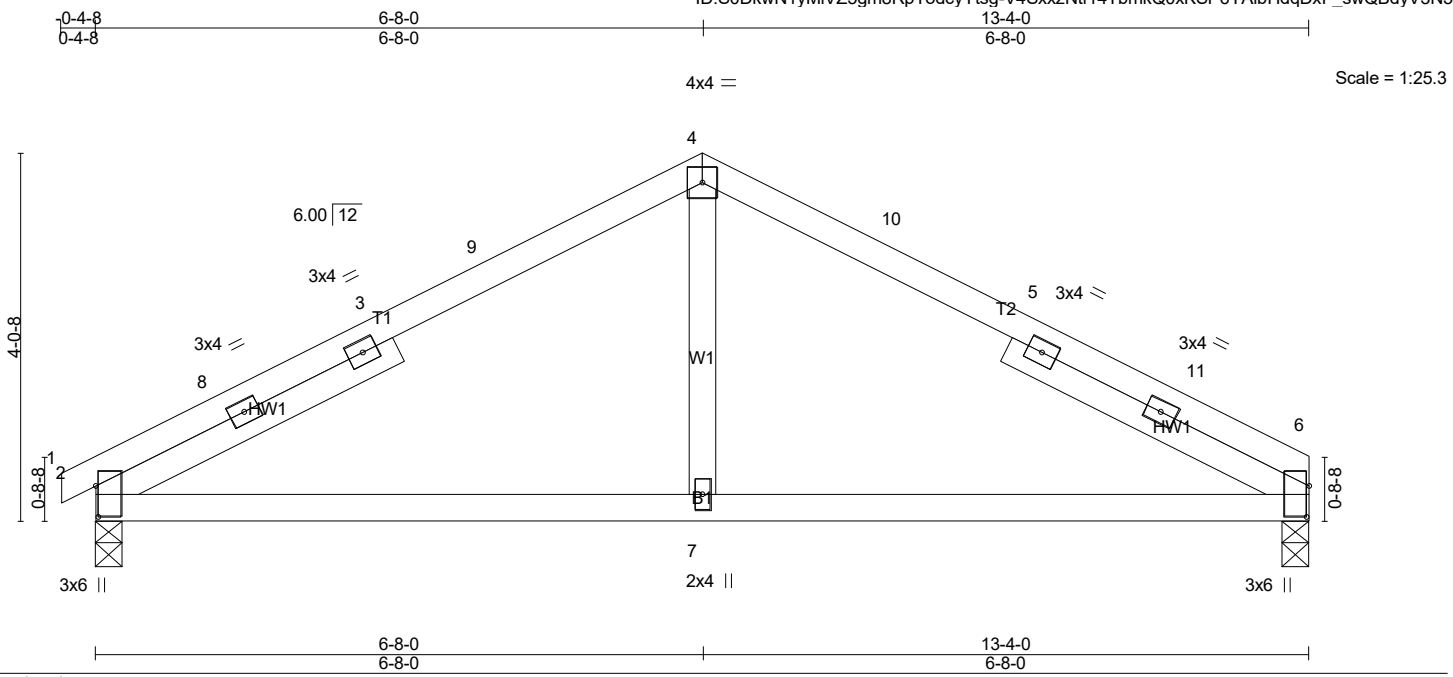


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-4-1,0-0-5], [6:0-4-1,0-0-5]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15		TC 0.90	Vert(LL) -0.06	6-7	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Lumber DOL 1.15		BC 0.48	Vert(CT) -0.10	6-7	>999	180		
TCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES		WB 0.11	Horz(CT) 0.01	6	n/a	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014		Matrix-SH						
BCDL 10.0								Weight: 59 lb	FT = 20%

<p>LUMBER-</p> <p>TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 - 3-8-4, Right 2x4 SP No.3 - 3-8-4</p>	<p>BRACING-</p> <p>TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.</p> </div>
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REACTIONS. (lb/size) 6=533/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 2=556/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)
 Max Horz 2=-48(LC 15)
 Max Uplift 6=-27(LC 15), 2=-32(LC 14)
 Max Grav 6=605(LC 22), 2=628(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-8=-771/145, 3-8=-651/153, 3-9=-617/155, 4-9=-588/168, 4-10=-584/169, 5-10=-617/155,
 5-11=-651/154, 6-11=-771/145

BOT CHORD 2-7=-61/552, 6-7=-61/552

WEBS 4-7=0/291

- NOTES-** (10-13)
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-4-8 to 4-5-2, Exterior(2R) 4-5-2 to 8-6-6, Exterior(2E) 8-6-6 to 13-4-0 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - 3) TCCL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.00; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
 - 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
 - 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
 - 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 2.
 - 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
 - 10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 - 11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
 - 12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
 - 13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAINING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING



10/9/2021

CONSIDERATIONS parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6091-R01	R04	Common	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:12 2021 Page 2
 ID:S0DkwN1yMIVZ5gm8RpTodcyYtsg-V4SxxzNtf14TbmkQ0xKSP6YAibHdqDxF_swQBdyV3N5

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



10/9/2021

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6091-R01	R05	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:13 2021 Page 2
 ID:S0DkwN1yMIVZ5gm8RpTodcyYtsg-zG0J8JOVQKCKCwlcaesixK5LV?d1ZX7ODWf_j3yV3N4

- 15) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 16) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 17) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 18) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- 1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
 - Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-5=-60, 5-9=-60, 2-8=-20
 - Concentrated Loads (lb)
 - Vert: 15=-70(F) 43=-70(F) 44=-70(F)



10/9/2021

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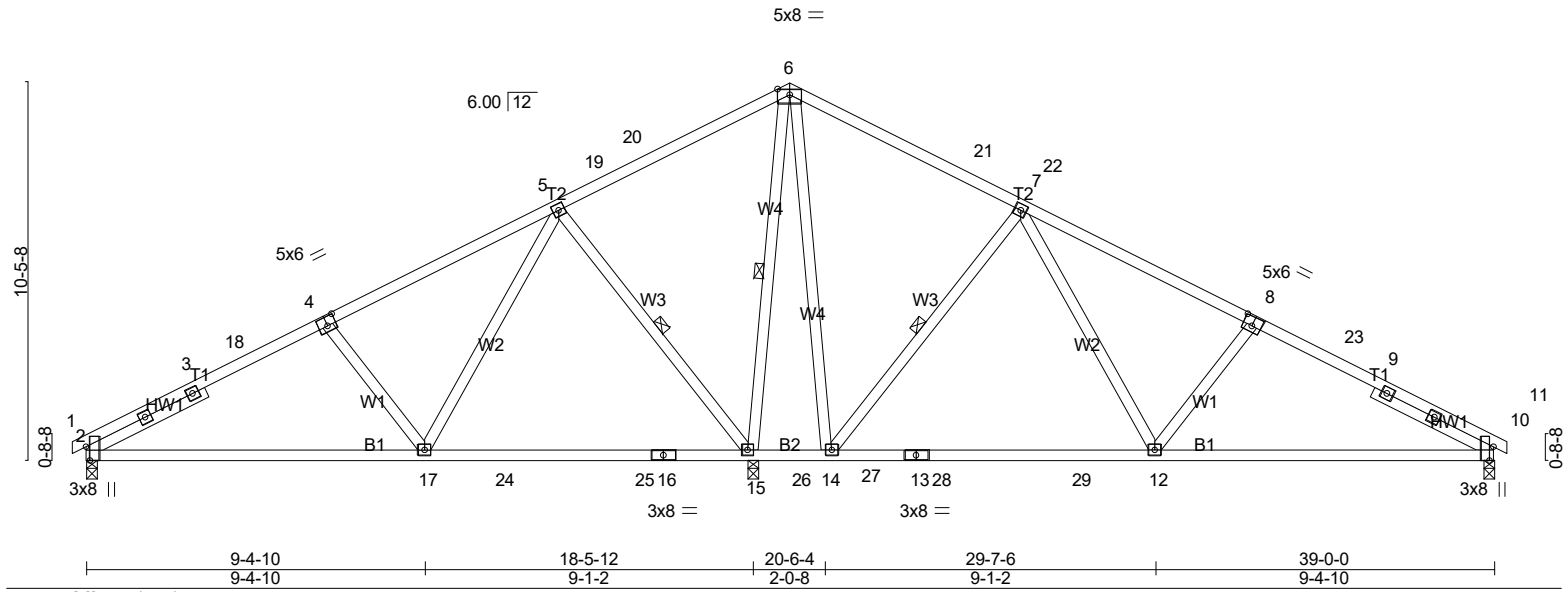
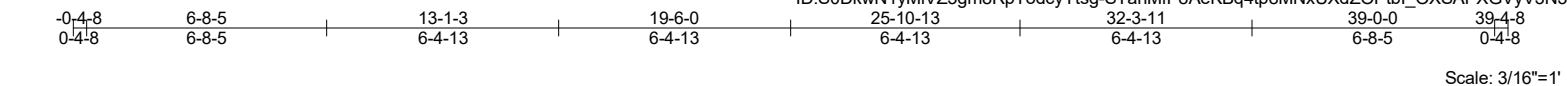


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-4-9,Edge], [4:0-3-0,0-3-0], [8:0-3-0,0-3-0], [10:0-4-9,Edge]					
LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.76	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.89	Vert(LL) -0.35 12-14 >713 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.69	Vert(CT) -0.48 12-14 >513 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.03 10 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014				Weight: 226 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-
 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3
 SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 - 3-8-8, Right 2x4 SP No.3 - 3-8-8

BRACING-
 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-3-15 oc purlins.
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.
 WEBS 1 Row at midpt 7-14, 6-15, 5-15

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=584/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 15=1897/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-6), 10=684/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)
 Max Horz 2=-120(LC 15)
 Max Uplift 2=-51(LC 14), 15=-68(LC 14), 10=-83(LC 15)
 Max Grav 2=631(LC 21), 15=2037(LC 3), 10=742(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
 TOP CHORD 2-3=-808/79, 3-18=-726/81, 4-18=-696/95, 4-5=-578/106, 5-19=0/364, 19-20=0/386,
 6-20=0/493, 6-21=-5/289, 7-8=-806/158, 8-23=-921/154, 9-23=-945/140, 9-10=-1033/137
 BOT CHORD 2-17=-134/649, 13-14=0/402, 13-28=0/402, 28-29=0/402, 12-29=0/402, 10-12=-70/846
 WEBS 6-14=-82/763, 7-14=-771/173, 7-12=-22/608, 8-12=-350/142, 6-15=-1278/63,
 5-15=-773/174, 5-17=-26/611, 4-17=-362/146

- NOTES-** (11-14)
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-4-8 to 4-5-2, Interior(1) 4-5-2 to 14-8-6, Exterior(2R) 14-8-6 to 24-3-10, Interior(1) 24-3-10 to 34-6-14, Exterior(2E) 34-6-14 to 39-4-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
 - 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
 - 6) All plates are 4x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
 - 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 - 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 15, 10.
 - 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



10/9/2021

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6091-R01	R06	Common	6	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:14 2021 Page 2
 ID:S0Dkwn1yMIVZ5gm8RpTodyYtsg-STahMfP8AeKBq4tp8MNxUXdZOPtbl_OXSAPXGVyV3N3

- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



10/9/2021

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6091-R01	R07	Common	2	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:15 2021 Page 2
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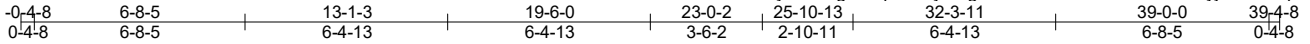
- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
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LOAD CASE(S) Standard



10/9/2021

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5x8 = Scale = 1:72.8

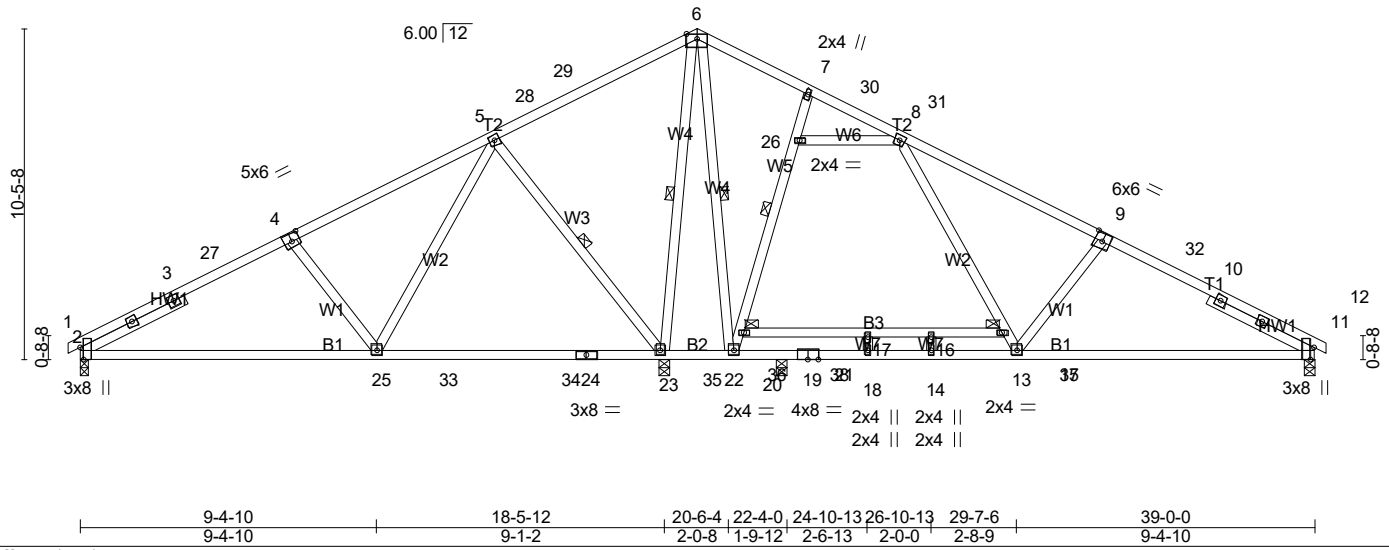


Plate Offsets (X,Y)--	[2:0-4-9,Edge], [4:0-3-0,0-3-0], [9:0-3-0,0-3-4], [11:0-4-9,Edge]
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LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15		TC 0.77	Vert(LL) -0.29	23-25	>765	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Lumber DOL 1.15		BC 0.90	Vert(CT) -0.51	11-13	>395	180		
TCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES		WB 0.90	Horz(CT) 0.02	11	n/a	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014		Matrix-SH						
BCDL 10.0								Weight: 244 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-	TOP CHORD	2x4 SP SS *Except*	BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 *Except*	WEBS	2x4 SP No.3 *Except*	SLIDER	Left 2x4 SP No.3 - 3-8-8, Right 2x4 SP No.3 - 3-8-8
		T1: 2x4 SP No.2		B2: 2x4 SP SS		W5: 2x4 SP SS		

BRACING-	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-2-11 oc purlins.	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 3-1-0 oc bracing.	WEBS	1 Row at midpt 6-22, 7-20, 6-23, 5-23

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 0-3-8.
 (lb) - Max Horz 2=120(LC 18)
 Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 11 except 23=-103(LC 14)
 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) except 2=658(LC 21), 23=1466(LC 1), 11=727(LC 22), 21=1117(LC 23)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
 TOP CHORD 2-3=-861/105, 3-27=-778/107, 4-27=-749/121, 4-5=-632/132, 5-28=0/315, 28-29=0/337, 6-29=0/430, 6-7=-62/331, 7-30=0/609, 30-31=0/581, 8-31=0/551, 8-9=-759/161, 9-32=-860/165, 10-32=-934/149, 10-11=-1009/146
 BOT CHORD 2-25=-147/696, 23-35=-260/107, 35-36=-260/107, 22-36=-260/107, 11-13=-82/843
 WEBS 6-22=-214/416, 20-22=-964/151, 20-26=-960/188, 7-26=-817/160, 8-15=-1/720, 13-15=-36/661, 9-13=-487/170, 6-23=-629/92, 5-23=-776/175, 5-25=-27/594, 4-25=-353/144, 17-18=-342/0, 8-26=-442/84

- NOTES-** (11-14)
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-4-8 to 4-5-2, Interior(1) 4-5-2 to 14-8-6, Exterior(2R) 14-8-6 to 24-3-10, Interior(1) 24-3-10 to 34-6-14, Exterior(2E) 34-6-14 to 39-4-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
 - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
 - All plates are 4x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 11 except (jt=lb) 23=103.
 - This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced



10/9/2021

Warranted design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6091-R01	R08	Common	2	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:16 2021 Page 2
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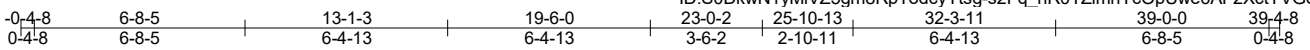
- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
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- 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



10/9/2021

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5x8 =

Scale = 1:72.8

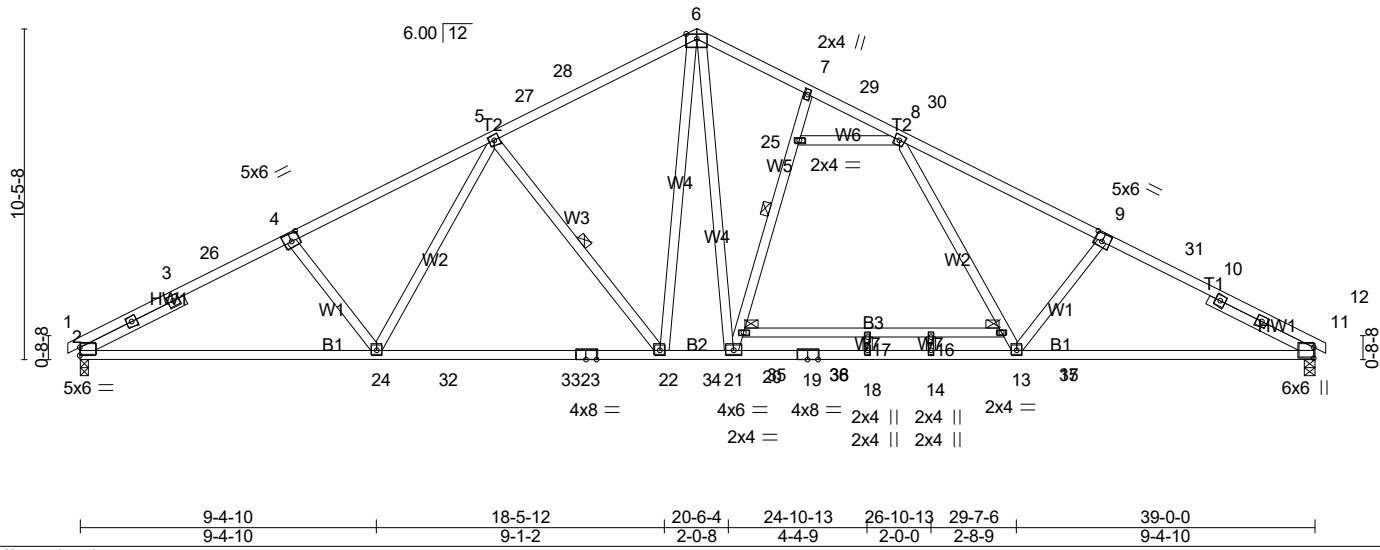


Plate Offsets (X,Y)--	[2:0-0-0,0-3-1], [4:0-3-0,0-3-0], [9:0-3-0,0-3-0]
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LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15		TC 0.83	Vert(LL) -0.60	14-18	>782	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Lumber DOL 1.15		BC 0.94	Vert(CT) -1.01	14-18	>464	180		
TCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES		WB 0.91	Horz(CT) 0.13	11	n/a	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Code IRC2018/TPI2014		Matrix-SH						
BCDL 10.0								Weight: 244 lb	FT = 20%

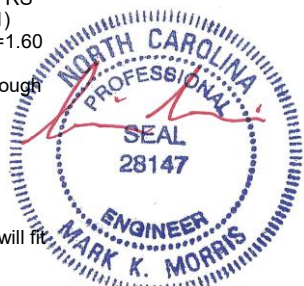
LUMBER-	TOP CHORD	2x4 SP SS	BOT CHORD	2x4 SP SS *Except*	WEBS	2x4 SP No.3 *Except*	SLIDER	Left 2x4 SP No.3 - 3-8-8, Right 2x4 SP No.3 - 3-8-8
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BRACING-	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins.	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.	WEBS	1 Row at midpt 7-20, 5-22
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REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1643/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-1), 11=1691/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-3)
 Max Horz 2=120(LC 18)
 Max Uplift 2=-57(LC 14), 11=-32(LC 15)
 Max Grav 2=1747(LC 3), 11=1853(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
TOP CHORD 2-3=-3145/130, 3-26=-3061/133, 4-26=-3034/147, 4-5=-2947/158, 5-27=-2323/152, 27-28=-2294/156, 6-28=-2235/178, 6-7=-2454/189, 7-29=-1987/127, 29-30=-2009/122, 8-30=-2045/120, 8-9=-3179/102, 9-31=-3273/98, 10-31=-3300/82, 10-11=-3381/80
BOT CHORD 2-24=-143/2680, 24-32=-45/2383, 32-33=-45/2383, 23-33=-45/2383, 22-23=-45/2383, 22-34=0/1943, 34-35=0/1943, 21-35=0/1943, 21-36=0/2294, 19-36=0/2294, 18-19=0/2294, 14-18=0/2294, 14-37=0/2294, 13-37=0/2294, 11-13=-30/2901
WEBS 6-21=-71/1546, 20-21=-1019/143, 20-25=-945/182, 7-25=-792/157, 8-15=0/715, 13-15=-30/662, 9-13=-384/179, 6-22=-98/616, 5-22=-731/174, 5-24=-26/477, 4-24=-252/145, 8-25=-498/77

- NOTES-** (11-14)
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-4-8 to 4-5-2, Interior(1) 4-5-2 to 14-8-6, Exterior(2R) 14-8-6 to 24-3-10, Interior(1) 24-3-10 to 34-6-14, Exterior(2E) 34-6-14 to 39-4-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
 - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
 - All plates are 4x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 11.
 - This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



10/9/2021

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6091-R01	R09	Common	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:17 2021 Page 2
 ID:S0DkwN1yMIVZ5gm8RpTodcyYtsg-s2Fq_hR0TZimhYcOpUwe6AF2XctYVGd_88dBsqV3NO

- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



10/9/2021

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6091-R01	R10	Common	9	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:18 2021 Page 2
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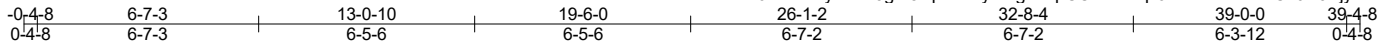
- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
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- 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



10/9/2021

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Scale = 1:68.6

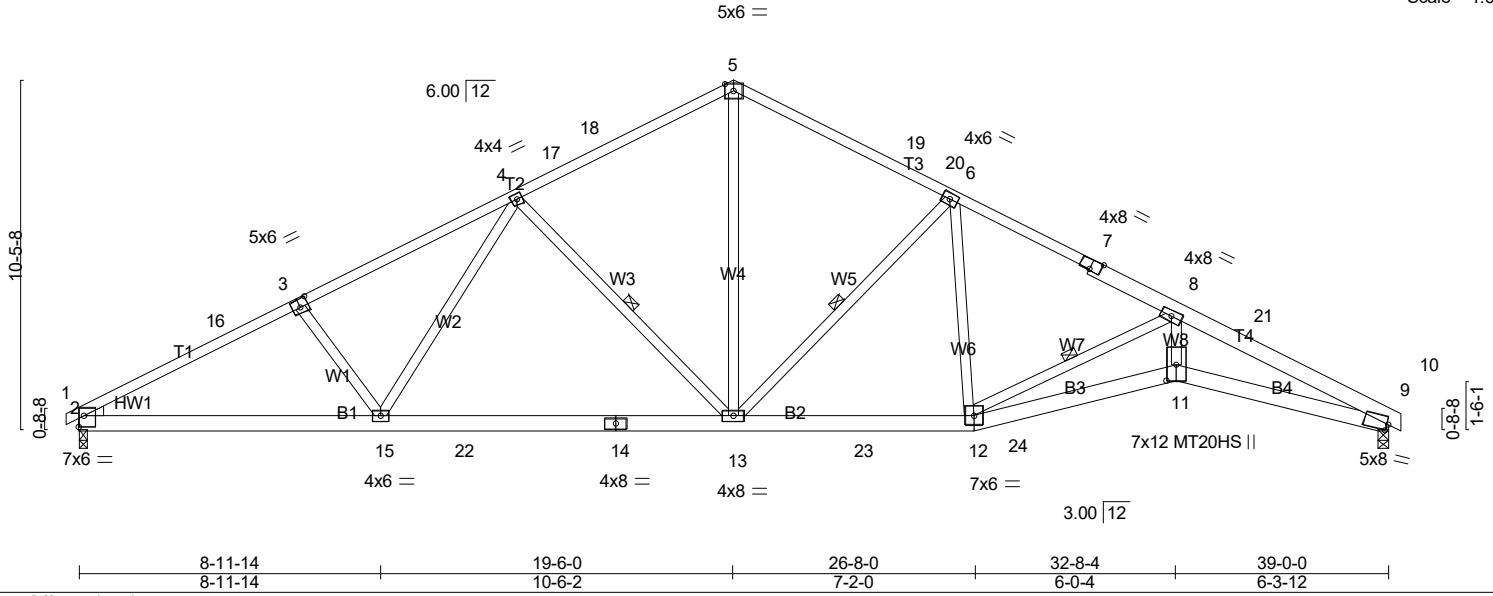


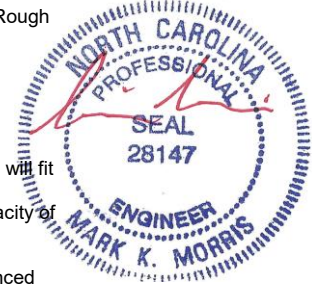
Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:Edge,0-4-0], [3:0-3-0,0-3-0], [7:0-4-0,Edge], [9:0-0-11,0-2-5], [11:0-5-11,0-3-8]						
LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.		PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.92	in (loc) l/defl L/d		MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.92	Vert(LL) -0.30 13-15 >999 240		MT20HS	187/143
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.91	Vert(CT) -0.53 13-15 >874 180			
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.23 9 n/a n/a			
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014					Weight: 249 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-	BRACING-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* T4: 2x6 SP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied.
BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except: 2-2-0 oc bracing: 9-11.
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 4-13, 6-13, 8-12
WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3	MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1580/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-14), 9=1580/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13)
 Max Horz 2=-123(LC 15)
 Max Uplift 2=-88(LC 14), 9=-88(LC 15)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
 TOP CHORD 2-16=-2824/185, 3-16=-2719/201, 3-4=-2649/219, 4-17=-1843/205, 17-18=-1806/210,
 5-18=-1765/231, 5-19=-1765/231, 19-20=-1806/209, 6-20=-1845/204, 6-7=-2306/220,
 7-8=-2363/193, 8-21=-4793/299, 9-21=-4917/284
 BOT CHORD 2-15=-193/2397, 15-22=-103/2017, 14-22=-103/2017, 13-14=-103/2017, 13-23=-66/2033,
 23-24=-66/2033, 12-24=-66/2033, 11-12=-220/4355, 9-11=-221/4359
 WEBS 4-15=-22/580, 4-13=-738/175, 5-13=-68/1283, 6-13=-770/165, 6-12=0/380, 8-12=-2520/186,
 8-11=-46/2195

- NOTES-** (12-15)
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCCL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-4-8 to 4-5-2, Interior(1) 4-5-2 to 14-8-6, Exterior(2R) 14-8-6 to 24-3-10, Interior(1) 24-3-10 to 34-6-14, Exterior(2E) 34-6-14 to 39-4-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
 - 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
 - 6) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
 - 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 - 9) Bearing at joint(s) 9 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
 - 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 9.
 - 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



10/9/2021

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6091-R01	R11	Roof Special	3	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:18 2021 Page 2
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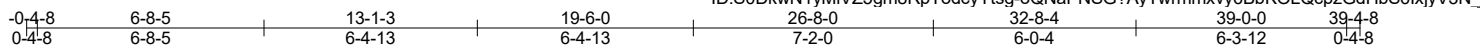
- 12) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 13) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 14) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 15) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



10/9/2021

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Scale = 1:68.6

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-4-1,0-0-5], [4:0-4-0,0-3-0], [8:0-4-0,0-3-0], [10:0-3-11,Edge]									
LOADING (psf)	SPACING	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP				
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.88	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190				
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.76	Vert(LL) -0.21 14-16 >999 240						
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.56	Vert(CT) -0.32 14-16 >999 180						
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH	Horz(CT) 0.12 10 n/a n/a						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014					Weight: 224 lb FT = 20%			

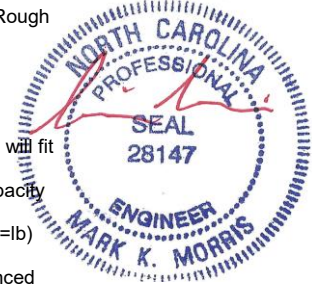
LUMBER-	BRACING-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 5-16, 6-14, 7-14, 8-13
SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 - 3-7-2, Right 2x4 SP No.3 - 3-6-3	

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=15/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 10=959/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 16=2189/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-10)
 Max Horz 2=121(LC 18)
 Max Uplift 2=-208(LC 37), 10=-89(LC 15), 16=-48(LC 14)
 Max Grav 2=205(LC 34), 10=985(LC 22), 16=2213(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
 TOP CHORD 2-3=0/649, 3-18=0/648, 4-18=0/694, 4-5=0/1018, 5-19=-490/153, 19-20=-451/157, 6-20=-385/178, 6-21=-388/176, 21-22=-447/154, 7-22=-504/147, 7-8=-1077/164, 8-23=-2399/206, 9-23=-2471/194, 9-10=-2568/189
 BOT CHORD 2-17=-560/127, 16-17=-583/115, 16-24=-401/119, 15-24=-401/119, 14-15=-401/119, 14-25=-25/926, 13-25=-25/926, 12-13=-128/2176, 10-12=-130/2219
 WEBS 4-16=-558/129, 5-16=-1766/119, 5-14=0/1080, 7-14=-822/162, 7-13=0/397, 8-13=-1367/152, 8-12=-4/1159

- NOTES-** (11-14)
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-4-8 to 4-5-2, Interior(1) 4-5-2 to 14-8-6, Exterior(2R) 14-8-6 to 24-3-10, Interior(1) 24-3-10 to 34-6-14, Exterior(2E) 34-6-14 to 39-4-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
 - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 - Bearing at joint(s) 10 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
 - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10, 16 except (it=lb) 2=208.
 - This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



10/9/2021

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6091-R01	R12	Roof Special	4	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:19 2021 Page 2
 ID:S0Dkwn1yMIVZ5gm8RpTodcyYtsg-oQNaPNSG?AyTwrmxvy6BbKOLQcpzGdHbS6lxjyV3N

- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
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- 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



10/9/2021

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Job 21-6091-R01	Truss R13	Truss Type Roof Special Supported Gable	Qty 1	Ply 1	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
					Job Reference (optional) # 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:21 2021 Page 1
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0-4-8 19-6-0 39-0-0 39-4-8
0-4-8 19-6-0 19-6-0 0-4-8

5x6 =

Scale = 1:69.8

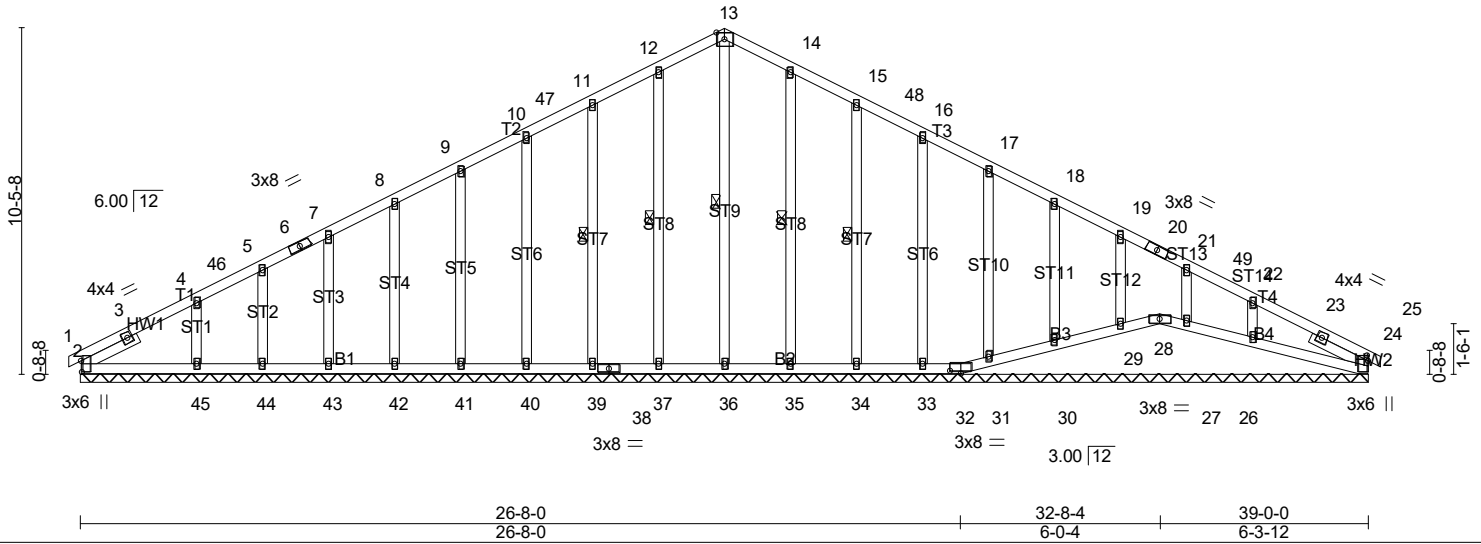


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-4-1,0-0-5], [24:0-1-15,0-0-6], [32:0-4-0,0-1-0]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.14	Vert(LL) 0.00	25	n/r	180	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.13	Vert(CT) 0.00	25	n/r	80		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.13	Horz(CT) 0.01	24	n/a	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-SH						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014							
							Weight: 268 lb	FT = 20%

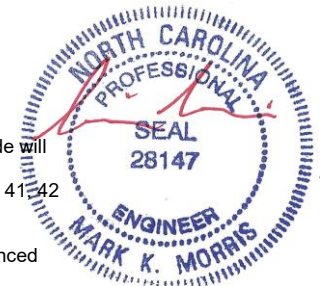
LUMBER-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3
SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 - 1-11-0, Right 2x4 SP No.3 - 1-11-5

BRACING-
TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 13-36, 12-37, 11-39, 14-35, 15-34

REACTIONS. All bearings 39-0-0.
(lb) - Max Horz 2=121(LC 18)
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 32, 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 35, 34, 33, 31, 30, 29, 27, 26,
2
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 32, 28, 24, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 33, 31, 30, 29, 27, 2 except
36=254(LC 27), 37=289(LC 5), 39=276(LC 5), 45=270(LC 34), 35=288(LC 6), 34=280(LC 6), 26=265(LC 35)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
TOP CHORD 12-13=-144/258, 13-14=-144/258

- NOTES-** (15-18)
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCCL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) 0-4-8 to 4-5-2, Exterior(2N) 4-5-2 to 14-8-6, Corner(3R) 14-8-6 to 24-3-10, Exterior(2N) 24-3-10 to 34-6-14, Corner(3E) 34-6-14 to 39-4-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
 - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
 - All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
 - Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
 - Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 32, 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 35, 34, 33, 31, 30, 29, 27, 26, 2.
 - Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 28, 31, 30, 29, 27, 26, 2.
 - This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



10/9/2021

Warning!—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 *Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0203 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-6091-R01	R13	Roof Special Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28930

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sat Oct 9 19:33:22 2021 Page 2
 ID:S0DkwN1yMIVZ5gm8RpTodcyYtsg-D?3j1OV9I5L2oJULc1WppDy48dnlAj8jlQLyX2yV3Mx

- 15) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 16) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 17) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 18) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



10/9/2021

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