Mark Morris, P.E.

#126, 1317-M, Summerville, SC 29483 843 209-5784, Fax (866)-213-4614

The truss drawing(s) listed below have been prepared by **Atlantic Building Components** under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by the truss designers.

AST #: 28544 JOB: 21-5963-R01 JOB NAME: 49786-0216 WOODGROVE Wind Code: 37 Wind Speed: Vult= 115mph Exposure Category: B Mean Roof Height (feet): 20 These truss designs comply with IRC 2015 as well as IRC 2018. *18 Truss Design(s)*

Trusses:

M01, M02, M03, R01, R02, R02B, R03, R03B, R04, R05, R06, R07, VT01, VT02, VT03, VT04,



Warning !--- Verify design parameters and read notes before use.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0216 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARI	NA, NC
21-5963-R01	M01	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 28544

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 15:57:17 2021 Page 2 ID:9CcuJI7eSaUnzH5X3uf?Igz6QyZ-XMyGjCDVjzW1S5QMszcEcfOdVQ4uIn0DfFNpaeybNJW

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



9/20/2021



	1		5-10-0					
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf) 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.87 BC 0.39 WB 0.00 Matrix-P	DEFL . Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) -0.06 2-5 -0.11 2-5 0.00	l/defl >999 >588 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 21 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No WEBS 2x4 SP No	.2 .2 .3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural v end vertica Rigid ceilin MiTek rec	vood shea ls. g directly ommends	athing direct applied or 1 s that Stabil	ly applied or 2-2-0 oc 0-0-0 oc bracing. izers and required cro	purlins, except

be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 5=237/Mechanical, 2=254/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 2=53(LC 10) Max Uplift5=-25(LC 14), 2=-17(LC 10) Max Grav 5=319(LC 21), 2=344(LC 21)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 3-5=-264/103

NOTES- (10-13)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=10ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit
- between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- standard ANSI/TPI 1. 10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced. 11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated 12) Web bracing operation

- Bearing sylinious are only support the loads indicated.
 Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
 SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MAINIMALINA BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





or individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 Guide to *Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0216 WOODGROVE FUQUAY V	ARINA, NC
21-5963-R01	R01	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 28544
					8,430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc.	Tue Sep 21 15:57:26 2021 Page 2

ID:9CcuJl7eSaUnzH5X3uf?lgz6QyZ-m5?gcHK8ckfl1Tc5uMHLTZFEh2CyvqSYj93oOcybNJN

15) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
16) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

 Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
 SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS

18) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





Warning !---Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded Continued on page 2. We the state of the

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0216 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VA	ARINA, NC
21-5963-R01	R02	Common	9	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 28544
					8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc.	Tue Sep 21 15:57:29 2021 Page 2

ID:9CcuJI7eSaUnzH5X3uf?lgz6QyZ-BfgpFIM1vf1KuxKgZUq25BtXBG0m67P_P7HS?xybNJK

Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

 Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
 SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS

14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0216 WOODGROVE FUQUAY V	ARINA, NC
21-5963-R01	R02B	Common	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 28544
					8,430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc.	Tue Sep 21 15:57:31 2021 Page 2

ID:9CcuJI7eSaUnzH5X3uf?lgz6QyZ-72oZf_OHQHH28EU2hvsWAczw43I3a_NHtRmZ3qybNJI

12) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 13) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

 Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
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15) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0216 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARI	INA, NC
21-5963-R01	R03	Common	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 28544
					8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tu	ie Sep 21 15:57:35 2021 Page 2

ID:9CcuJI7eSaUnzH5X3uf?lgz6QyZ-0p14VMRoUVnUcsopwkxSKS7buh3GWrvto3kmCbybNJE

Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

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13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0216 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VAF	RINA, NC
21-5963-R01	R03B	COMMON	4	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 28544
					8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. T	ue Sep 21 15:57:38 2021 Page (

ID:9CcuJI7eSaUnzH5X3uf?lgz6QyZ-QOjC8NTgnQA2TJWObtV9y5l5Eu8cj91JU0zRpwybNJB

11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced. 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate

Connected Wood Trustees for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing. 14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





	I			36-0-0					
				30-0-0					
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) Snow (Pf) TCDL) 20.0 20.0 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Pen Strass Ingr. YES	CSI. TC 0.1 BC 0.0	DEFL. 10 Vert(LL) 09 Vert(CT)	in (lo 0.00 3 0.00 3	oc) I/defi 30 n/r 30 n/r	L/d 180 80	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
BCLL BCDL	0.0 * 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-SF	H	0.01	52 H/a	1.174	Weight: 309 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3			BRACING- TOP CHORD	Structura	al wood sh	neathing direct	tly applied or 6-0-0 oc	purlins, except
WEBS OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3 2x4 SP No.3			BOT CHORD	Rigid ceil 6-0-0 oc	ling direct	tly applied or 1 33-34,32-33.	10-0-0 oc bracing, Ex	cept:
				WEBS	1 Row at	t midpt	16-46,	15-47, 14-49, 17-45,	18-43
					MiTek r be insta Installat	recommer alled durin tion guide	nds that Stabil ng truss erection	izers and required cro on, in accordance with	ss bracing Stabilizer

REACTIONS. All bearings 36-0-0

(lb) - Max Horz 60=112(LC 18)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 b or less at joint(s) 60, 32, 47, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 45, 43, 42, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, 35 except 34=-106(LC 15)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 60, 32, 46, 47, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 45,

43, 42, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34, 33

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(15-18)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=24ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-4-8 to 3-4-0, Exterior(2N) 3-4-0 to 14-0-0, Corner(3R) 14-0-0 to 22-0-0, Exterior(2N) 22-0-0 to 32-4-14, Corner(3E) 32-4-14 to 36-4-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1. 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough
- PROFESSION Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs
- non-concurrent with other live loads. 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 1-4-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0pst on the bottom chord in an areas where a standard in the struss has been designed for a live load of 30.0pst on the bottom chord in an areas where a standard in the struss has been designed for a live load of 30.0pst on the bottom chord in an areas where a strust is a strust in the strust in the strust is a structure of the structure in the s

- 14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Warning !---Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded Continued on page 2. Vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss designer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusse Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Trusse Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

A MARINA MARINA

NOINEE K. MORR

9/20/2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0216 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA,	, NC
21-5963-R01	R04	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 28544
					8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Se	ep 21 15:57:46 2021 Page 2

ID:9CcuJI7eSaUnzH5X3uf?Igz6QyZ-BxCEp6ZhuuAwRY7x3Ye1Hn5ff61ebtPVKGvs5SybNJ3

15) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
16) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

 Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
 SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS

18) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0216 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARIN	NA, NC
21-5963-R01	R05	GABLE	1	2	Job Reference (optional)	# 28544
			:9CcuJl7e	eSaUnzH	8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue 5X3uf?lgz6QyZ-UH7tHVf4F13wndAHzWG	e Sep 21 15:57:53 2021 Page 2 Gg3Fth9xEBktxXxs5jgYybNly

NOTES- (17-20)

- 11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) Bearing at joint(s) 9 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=463, 9=436.
 14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 15) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26 (20-10d Girder, 11-10dx1 1/2 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 2-0-12 from the left end to 19-0-12 to connect truss(es) R02 (1 ply 2x6 SP), R02B (1 ply 2x6 SP) to back face of bottom chord.
- 16) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.
- 17) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced. 18) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 19) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing. 20) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-6=-60, 6-8=-60, 2-9=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 11=-1408(B) 31=-1408(B) 32=-1408(B) 33=-1408(B) 34=-1408(B) 35=-1408(B) 36=-1408(B) 37=-1408(B) 38=-1408(B) 39=-1517(B)





Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0216 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-5963-R01	R06	Common	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28544
			ID:9Ccu	JI7eSaUn:	8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 15:57:55 2021 Page zH5X3uf?lgz6QyZ-QgFeiBgLnfJe0wJf5xI88gy3ll_fCyppOAaqvRybN

10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced. 11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate

Connected Wood Trustees for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing. 13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





Continued on page 2 were stability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0216 WOODGROVE FUQUAY VA	ARINA, NC
21-5963-R01	R07	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 28544
					8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc.	Tue Sep 21 15:57:59 2021 Page 2

ID:9CcuJI7eSaUnzH5X3uf?Igz6QyZ-JRU9YZjrqtp4VYdRKnN4IW7u4MT18njPJoY22CybNIs

15) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
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LOAD CASE(S) Standard















REACTIONS. All bearings 6-1-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=73(LC 14)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 5, 6, 7

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 6 except 7=322(LC 20)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. WFBS 2-7=-265/135

NOTES-(9-12)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=21ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) 0-7-7 to 4-9-0, Exterior(2R) 4-9-0 to 5-11-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 6, 7.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced

- standard ANSI/TPI 1.
 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
 11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling.
- 12) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED ALIUM BARA MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

20/2027 'and' Warning !-- Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusse Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Trusse Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

MARK

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K. MORR

9/20/2021