# Mark Morris, P.E.

#126, 1317-M, Summerville, SC 29483 843 209-5784, Fax (866)-213-4614

The truss drawing(s) listed below have been prepared by **Atlantic Building Components** under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by the truss designers.

AST #: 28518 JOB: 21-5646-R01

JOB NAME: 49786-0196 WOODGROVE

Wind Code: 37

Wind Speed: Vult= 115mph

**Exposure Category: B** 

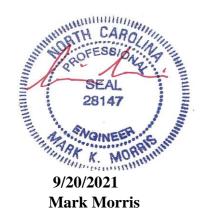
Mean Roof Height (feet): 23

These truss designs comply with IRC 2015 as well as IRC 2018.

29 Truss Design(s)

## Trusses:

PB01, PB02, PB03, PB04, PB05, R01, R02, R03, R04, R05, R06, R07, R08, R09, R10, R11, R12, R13, R14, VT01, VT02, VT03, VT04, VT05, VT06, VT07, VT08, VT09, VT10



## Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use.

This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI

Joh Truss Truss Type Qtv 49786-0196 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC 21-5646-R01 PB01 GABLE # 28518 lob Reference (optional) 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:29:09 2021 Page 1 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-M1QBu2DX3EHL2R925OIAHXN\_woKYJB6thYQ?\_8ybOc8 11-0-8 22-1-0 11-0-8 11-0-8 Scale = 1:36.4 4x4 = 6 5 6.00 12 8 21 22 T19<sup>20</sup> <sup>10</sup> <sub>11</sub> 18 17 16 13 12 15 14 5x5 = 22-1-0

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [13:0-2-8,0-3-0]

LOADING (psf)       TCLL (roof)     20.0       Snow (Pf)     20.0       TCDL     10.0	SPACING-         2-0-0           Plate Grip DOL         1.15           Lumber DOL         1.15           Pen Stress Incr         VES	CSI. TC 0.20 BC 0.16 WB 0.07
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	WB 0.07 Matrix-SH
BCDI 10.0	Code IRC2016/1712014	IVIALITX-SIT

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

DEFL.

Vert(LL)

Vert(CT)

Horz(CT)

in (loc)

n/a

n/a

0.00

10

I/defl

n/a

n/a

n/a

I/d

999

999

n/a

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**PLATES** 

Weight: 99 lb

MT20

GRIP

244/190

FT = 20%

REACTIONS. All bearings 22-1-0.

2x4 SP No 3

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3

(lb) - Max Horz 1=65(LC 14)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 16, 10, 17, 18, 14, 13, 12 except 1=-105(LC 28), 11=-105(LC 35) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 11, 15, 17, 13 except 2=326(LC 1), 16=256(LC 5), 10=327(LC 1), 18=288(LC 21), 14=255(LC 6), 12=288(LC 22)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(14-17)

LUMBER-

**OTHERS** 

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-3-15 to 5-0-8, Interior(1) 5-0-8 to 6-2-14, Exterior(2R) 6-2-14 to 15-10-2, Interior(1) 15-10-2 to 16-11-8, Exterior(2E) 16-11-8 to 21-9-1 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  10) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

  11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate conclusion.
- 13, 12 except (jt=lb) 1=105, 11=105.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 13) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

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Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for all more continued on page 2 continued on page 2 vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer — not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support vertically. Applicability of the arcsetor. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-5646-R01	PB01	GABLE	2	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:29:10 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-rD\_Z50E9qYPBgbkEe5GPqkv9fCgn2eM1vCAYWayb0c7

- 14) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 15) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the

16) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

17) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS

OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Joh Truss Truss Type Qtv 49786-0196 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC 21-5646-R01 PB02 GABLE # 28518 lob Reference (optional) 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:29:12 2021 Page 1 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-nc6KW4GPL9gvvuudmWltv9?Rw0HjWXFJNWffaTybOc5 11-0-8 22-1-0 11-0-8 11-0-8 Scale = 1:38.1 4x4 = 6.00 12 2x4 || 2x4 || 5 <sup>14</sup>15 16 3x4 =3x4 =9 8 18 2x4 || 2x4 || 5x5 = 22-1-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [8:0-2-8,0-3-0] LOADING (psf) SPACING-DEFL. **PLATES** GRIP 2-0-0 CSI. in (loc) I/defl I/d TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.47 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf) 20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 вс 0.39 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 **TCDL** 10.0 WB 0.11 Rep Stress Incr YES Horz(CT) 0.00 6 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Weight: 82 lb Matrix-SH FT = 20%**BCDL** 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 3 **OTHERS** MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3

Installation guide

REACTIONS. All bearings 22-1-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=65(LC 14)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 10, 8, 6 except 1=-285(LC 1), 7=-286(LC 1)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7 except 2=589(LC 1), 9=389(LC 6), 10=560(LC 21), 8=557(LC 22), 6=593(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

**WEBS** 3-10=-446/152. 5-8=-443/151

NOTES-(13-16)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-3-15 to 5-1-8, Interior(1) 5-1-8 to 6-2-14, Exterior(2R) 6-2-14 to 15-10-2, Interior(1) 15-10-2 to 16-11-8, Exterior(2E) 16-11-8 to 21-9-1 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

\* This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

\* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

| Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plots consider the consideration of the c

- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 10, 8, 6 except (jt=lb) 1=285, 7=286.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

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Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for all more continued on page 2 continued on page 2 vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer — not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support vertically. Applicability of the arcsetor. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-5646-R01	PB02	GABLE	9	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MITek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:29:13 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-FogikQG16TomX2TpKEp6RNXcgPdyF\_UTbAOC7vybOc4

- 13) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 14) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the

15) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

16) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS

OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



.lob Truss Truss Type Qtv 49786-0196 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NO 21-5646-R01 PB03 GABLE # 28518 Job Reference (optional) 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:29:16 2021 Page 1 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-fNLrMRJwPOALOWBO?MNp3?9ARdivSM9vl8dtjEybOc1 11-0-8 22-1-0 11-0-8 11-0-8 Scale = 1:38.1 4x4 = 6.00 12 2x4 || 2x4 || 5 16 3x4 =3x4 =9 8 18 2x4 || 2x4 || 5x5 = 22-1-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [8:0-2-8,0-3-0] DEFL. **PLATES** GRIP in (loc) I/defl I/d Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 244/190 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 Horz(CT) 0.00 6 n/a n/a Weight: 164 lb FT = 20%

LOADING (psf	·)	SPACING- 2-3-8	CSI.
TCLL (roof)	20.0		
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.31
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.25
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.05
		Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-SH
BCDL	10.0		

BRACING-

TOP CHORD 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.)

(Switched from sheeted: Spacing > 2-0-0)

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 22-1-0.

2x4 SP No.3

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3

(lb) - Max Horz 1=74(LC 14)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 10, 8, 6 except 1=-326(LC 1), 7=-328(LC 1), 2=-108(LC 14) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7 except 2=675(LC 1), 9=446(LC 6), 10=641(LC 21), 8=638(LC 22), 6=679(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

**WEBS** 3-10=-511/174. 5-8=-508/173

(16-19)NOTES-

LUMBER-

**OTHERS** 

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc

- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ff; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-3-15 to 5-1-8. Interior(1) 5-1-8 to 6-2-14. Exterior(2R) 6-2-14 to 15-10-2. Interior(1) 15-10-2 to 16-11-8, Exterior(2E) 16-11-8 to 21-9-1 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 5) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1
- ORDESSO 6) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 7) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10, 8, 6 except (jtਭb) 1=326, 7=328, 2=108
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 14) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.
- 15) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, N	С
21-5646-R01	PB03	GABLE	2	2	Job Reference (optional)	# 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:29:17 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-7ZvDZnJYAhlC0gmbZ3u2cDiKB128BpP3WoMQGgybOc0

- 16) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 17) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the

18) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

19) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS

OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



.lob Truss Truss Type Qtv 49786-0196 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC 21-5646-R01 PB04 GABLE # 28518 Job Reference (optional) 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:29:19 2021 Page 1 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-4y1z\_TLoiJYwFzwzgUwWhenifqlwfjLL\_6rXKZybOc 11-0-8 22-1-0 11-0-8 11-0-8 Scale = 1:38.1 4x4 = 6.00 12 2x4 || 2x4 || 5 <sup>14</sup>15 16 3x4 =3x4 =9 8 18 2x4 || 2x4 || 5x5 = 22-1-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [8:0-2-8,0-3-0] LOADING (psf) SPACING-DEFL. **PLATES** GRIP 2-0-0 CSI. in (loc) I/defl I/d TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.12 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf) 20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 вс 0.10 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 **TCDL** 10.0 WB 0.03 Rep Stress Incr YES Horz(CT) 0.00 6 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Weight: 328 lb Matrix-SH FT = 20%**BCDL** 10.0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 22-1-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=65(LC 14)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 10, 8, 6 except 1=-285(LC 1), 7=-286(LC 1)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7 except 2=589(LC 1), 9=389(LC 6), 10=560(LC 21), 8=557(LC 22), 6=593(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

**WEBS** 3-10=-446/152, 5-8=-443/151

NOTES-(15-18)

1) 4-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc

2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

4) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ff; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-3-15 to 5-1-8. Interior(1) 5-1-8 to 6-2-14. Exterior(2R) 6-2-14 to 15-10-2. Interior(1) 15-10-2 to 16-11-8, Exterior(2E) 16-11-8 to 21-9-1 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1

- 6) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 7) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

9) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.

9) Gable studs spaceu at 7 0 1.

10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord in all areas where a 10.0 psf bottom chord in all areas where a 10.0 psf it between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0 psf.

12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 10, 8, 6 except (it=lh) 1=285, 7=286.

designer.

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Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for all more parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer — not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer — not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support vertically. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, N	С
21-5646-R01	PB04	GABLE	2	4	Job Reference (optional)	# 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:29:20 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-Y8bLCpMQTcgnt7V9ECRIErKuPE59OAaVCmb4r?ybObz

- 15) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 16) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the

17) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

18) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS

OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



.lob Truss Truss Type Qty 49786-0196 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC 21-5646-R01 PB05 Piggyback # 28518 Job Reference (optional) 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:29:21 2021 Page 1 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-0L9jP9M2EwoeUH4Movy\_m3tzUeNT7dEeRPKeORybOby 5-3-8 5-3-8 Scale = 1:15.7 2x4 || 3 6.00 12 W1 0-4-7 В1 0-1-10 0-1-10 2x4 = 2x4 =5-3-8 5-3-8 LOADING (psf) SPACING-GRIP CSI DEFL. PLATES 2-0-0 (loc) I/defl L/d TCLL (roof) 20.0 244/190 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.48Vert(LL) -0.00 n/r 180 MT20 Snow (Pf) 20.0 вс Lumber DOL 1.15 0.35 Vert(CT) 0.01 n/r 80 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.00 Horz(CT) 0.00 5 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Weight: 18 lb FT = 20% Matrix-P BCDL 10.0 BRACING-LUMBER-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-3-8 oc purlins, except BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 end verticals. WFBS 2x4 SP No.3 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide REACTIONS. (lb/size) 5=0/3-11-15 (min. 0-1-8), 2=210/3-11-15 (min. 0-1-8), 4=162/3-11-15 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 2=66(LC 14) Max Uplift2=-12(LC 14), 4=-31(LC 14) Max Grav 2=302(LC 21), 4=229(LC 21) FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- designer.

  11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

  12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition.

- Graphical bracing representation does not depict the Size, type and that the member must be braced.

  Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

  Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing support of the process of the trust of the process of the trust of the structural design of the trust of support of the process of MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

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LOADINGSE(S)rBianding parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

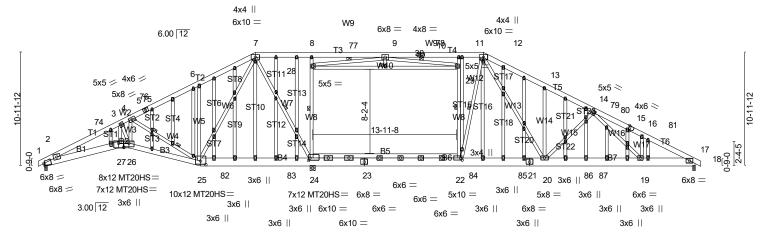
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-5646-R01	R01	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28518

33-0-4

7-1-8

D:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-jGIVVZUKt?3DhprHN?8KAAHadgdBTw76kzl9ksybObo 53-1-12 40-1-12 63-0-0 63-6-8 5-1-12 0-6-8 48-3-8 57-10-4 7\_1\_8 5\_0\_0 4-10-4 4-8-8

Scale = 1:111.5



0- <u>3</u> -8 7-2-12 0-3-8 6-11-4	8-2-12 15-2-0 25-10-13 1-0-0 6-11-4 10-8-12		40-1-12 14-1-8	48-3-8 8-1-12	57-10-4 9-6-12	63-0-0 5-1-12
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-	)-12,Edge], [7:0-1-5,0-2-0], [12:0-0-9,(	)-2-0], [15:0-2-3,Edge],	[22:0-2-4,0-2-8], [2	4:0-1-12,0-3-0], [25:0	-6-0,0-4-3], [26:0-6	6-0,0-4-4], [27:0-6-0,0-5-0]
LOADING (psf)       TCLL (roof)     20.0       Snow (Pf)     20.0       TCDL     10.0       BCLL     0.0 *       BCDL     10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.95 BC 0.97 WB 0.93 Matrix-SH	Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) I/defl -0.71 20-22 >621 -1.26 20-22 >351 0.33 17 n/a -0.36 22-24 474	L/d 240 180 n/a 360	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 MT20HS 187/143 Weight: 791 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 TOP CHORD BOT CHORD 2x10 SP 2400F 2.0E \*Except\* BOT CHORD B5: 1-1/2x4-3/4 SP No.2, B1: 2x8 SP No.1, B2: 2x6 SP DSS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-7-8 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:

7-10-10 oc bracing: 24-25

2-2-0 oc bracing: 22-24.

WFBS 1 Row at midpt 24-28, 22-29, 9-28, 9-29, 12-22, 7-24

2 Rows at 1/3 pts

W8: 2x4 SP No.1, W10, W3: 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **JOINTS** 1 Brace at Jt(s): 30

This truss requires both edges of the bottom chord be sheathed in the

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

(lb/size) 24=1357/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 17=2213/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-4), 2=1951/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-10) REACTIONS.

20-5-8

6-11-4

25-10-12

Max Horz 2=-128(LC 19)

B3: 2x6 SP No 1

2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\*

7-2-12

Max Uplift24=-28(LC 11), 17=-29(LC 15)

Max Grav 24=1760(LC 36), 17=2687(LC 46), 2=2313(LC 46)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown

2-74=-7553/533, 3-74=-7420/550, 3-75=-6711/535, 4-75=-6684/538, 4-76=-3803/270, 5-76=-3789/273, 5-6=-3695/299, 6-7=-3824/409, 7-8=-3553/230, 8-77=-3239/195,

9-77=-3239/195, 9-78=-3710/228, 10-78=-3710/228, 10-11=-3710/228, 11-12=-3611/236,

12-13=-4777/433, 13-14=-4756/333, 14-79=-4792/462, 79-80=-4851/453, 15-80=-4867/452,

15-81=-4884/444, 16-81=-4899/443, 16-17=-5008/359

25-82=0/2941, 82-83=0/2946, 24-83=0/2946, 23-24=0/3596, 22-23=0/3599, 22-84=0/3434, 84-85=0/3433, 21-85=0/3424, 20-21=0/3437, 20-86=-158/4408, 86-87=-158/4408, **BOT CHORD** 

19-87=-158/4408, 17-19=-235/4353, 2-27=-401/6745, 26-27=-371/6438, 25-26=-287/6173

24-28=-1343/192, 8-28=-963/166, 22-29=-767/255, 11-29=-410/364, 28-30=-210/1793,

29-30=-210/1793, 4-25=-3205/298, 7-25=-228/1087, 9-28=-2163/253, 9-29=-1759/219, 13-20=-548/164, 12-22=-351/774, 12-20=-296/1741, 14-20=-459/160, 4-26=-245/2588,

6-25=-712/190, 3-26=-949/243, 3-27=-84/1499, 7-24=-100/1410

WFBS

**OTHERS** 

TOP CHORD

**WEBS** 

NOTES- (20-23)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-6-8 to 5-9-2, Exterior(2N) 5-9-2 to 14-1-14, Corner(3R) 14-1-14 to 26-9-2, Exterior(2N) 26-9-2 to 36-2-14, Corner(3R) 36-2-14 to 48-10-2, Exterior(2N) 48-10-2 to 57-2-14, Corner(3E) 57-2-14 to 63-6-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

Second forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 vind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry

Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

9/20/2021

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC	
21-5646-R01	R01	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 2	28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:29:34 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-8rRe8bXCAwRoYHZs28h2oov4ttfugHsZQx qLBybObl

### NOTES-(20-23)

6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

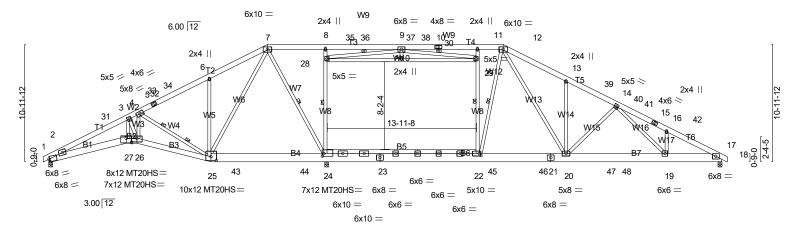
- 7) WARNING: This long span truss requires extreme care and experience for proper and safe handling and erection. For general handling and erection guidance, see Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses ("BCSI"), jointly produced by SBCA and TPI. The building owner or the owner's authorized agent shall contract with a qualified registered design professional for the design and inspection of the temporary installation restraint/bracing and the permanent individual truss member restraint/bracing. MiTek assumes no responsibility for truss manufacture, handling, erection, or bracing.
- 8) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 9) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 10) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 11) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 12) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 13) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 14) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 28-30, 29-30
- 15) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 22-24
- 16) Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 17) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 24, 17.
- 18) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 19) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.
- 20) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 21) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 22) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 23) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANEŇŤ RESTRÁING/BRĂCINĞ OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job		Truss		Tr	Truss Type		Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC			RINA, NC	
21-5646-R01		R02		АТ	TIC		3	1	Job Referenc	e (optional)		# 28518	
		•					ID:8BSIWII7					ue Sep 21 14:29:38 2021 P /e4msU0pc5s8LZy1Uyy	
-0 <sub>t</sub> 6-8	7-2-12	8,2-12	15-2-0	20-5-	8 25-10-12	33-0-4	40-1-12	42-6-8	48-3-8	53-1-12	57-10-4	63-0-0 63 <sub>-</sub> 6-8	
0 0 0	7.0.40	4 0 0	0.11.1			7.4.0	7.4.0	0 4 40		4 40 4	4 0 0	F 4 40 0 0 0	

Scale = 1:107.9



0-3-8 6-11-4 1-	2-12 15-2-0 25-10-12 0-0 6-11-4 10-8-12	0-1-8	40-1-12 14-1-8	+ 48-3-8 8-1-12	57-10-4 9-6-12	63-0-0 5-1-12
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-0- LOADING (psf)	12,Edge], [22:0-2-4,0-2-8], [24:0-1-1	<u>2,0-3-0], [25:0-6-0,0-4</u> 	3], [26:0-6-0,0-4-4], [	27:0-6-0,0-5-0]		
TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf) 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.95 BC 0.97 WB 0.93 Matrix-SH	Vert(CT) - Horz(CT)	in (loc) l/defl 0.71 20-22 >621 1.26 20-22 >351 0.33 17 n/a 0.36 22-24 474	L/d 240 180 n/a 360	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 MT20HS 187/143 Weight: 621 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-BRACING-Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-7-8 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except: TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 TOP CHORD BOT CHORD 2x10 SP 2400F 2.0E \*Except\* BOT CHORD B5: 1-1/2x4-3/4 SP No.2, B1: 2x8 SP No.1, B2: 2x6 SP DSS 7-10-10 oc bracing: 24-25 B3: 2x6 SP No 1 2-2-0 oc bracing: 22-24. WFBS WFBS 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\* 1 Row at midpt 24-28, 22-29, 9-28, 9-29, 12-22, 7-24

2 Rows at 1/3 pts

**JOINTS** 1 Brace at Jt(s): 30

This truss requires both edges of the bottom chord be sheathed in the

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 24=1357/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 17=2213/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-4), 2=1951/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-10)

Max Horz 2=-128(LC 19)

Max Uplift24=-28(LC 11), 17=-29(LC 15)

W8: 2x4 SP No.1, W10, W3: 2x4 SP No.2

Max Grav 24=1760(LC 36), 17=2687(LC 46), 2=2313(LC 46)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

2-31=-7553/51, 3-31=-7420/68, 3-32=-6711/87, 4-32=-6684/91, 4-33=-3803/56, 5-33=-3789/59, 5-34=-3695/70, 6-34=-3688/86, 6-7=-3824/176, 7-8=-3553/51,

8-35=-3239/35, 35-36=-3239/35, 9-36=-3239/35, 9-37=-3710/38, 37-38=-3710/38, 10-38=-3710/38, 10-11=-3710/38, 11-12=-3611/53, 12-13=-4777/150, 13-39=-4671/63, 14-39=-4756/44, 14-40=-4792/94, 40-41=-4850/85, 15-41=-4867/84, 15-42=-4884/76,

16-42=-4899/75, 16-17=-5008/26

**BOT CHORD** 25-43=0/2941, 43-44=0/2946, 24-44=0/2946, 23-24=0/3596, 22-23=0/3599, 22-45=0/3434,

45-46=0/3433, 21-46=0/3424, 20-21=0/3437, 20-47=0/4408, 47-48=0/4408, 19-48=0/4408, 17-19=0/4353, 2-27=0/6745, 26-27=0/6438, 25-26=0/6173

**WEBS** 24-28=-1343/140, 8-28=-963/126, 22-29=-767/255, 11-29=-410/364, 28-30=-155/1793,

29-30=-155/1793, 4-25=-3205/60, 7-25=-210/1087, 9-28=-2163/167, 9-29=-1759/188,

13-20=-548/145, 12-22=-351/774, 12-20=-175/1741, 14-20=-459/129, 4-26=-10/2588,

6-25=-712/163, 3-26=-949/92, 3-27=0/1499, 7-24=-100/1410

## (17-20)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

OROFESSIA 29 Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFR8 (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-6-8 to 5-9-2, Interior(1) 5-9-2 to 11-6-9, Exterior(2R) 11-6-9 to 29-4-7, Interior(1) 29-4-7 to 33-7-9, Exterior(2R) 33-7-9 to 51-5-7, Interior(1) 51-5-7 to 57-2-14, Exterior(2E) 57-2-14 to 63-6-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

9/20/2021

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MORRIS DE LA CONTROL DE LA CON Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded continued on page 2. Vertically. Applies bility of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer — not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC	
21-5646-R01	R02	ATTIC	3	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28518	

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:29:39 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-UoEXBJaL?S34f2SprhHDVscxcuM2LY5laDha0PybObg

### (17-20) NOTES-

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

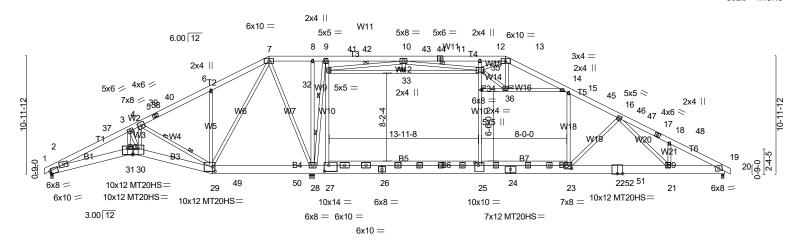
- 6) WARNING: This long span truss requires extreme care and experience for proper and safe handling and erection. For general handling and erection guidance, see Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses ("BCSI"), jointly produced by SBCA and TPI. The building owner or the owner's authorized agent shall contract with a qualified registered design professional for the design and inspection of the temporary installation restraint/bracing and the permanent individual truss member restraint/bracing. MiTek assumes no responsibility for truss manufacture, handling, erection, or bracing.
- 7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 8) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 11) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 28-30, 29-30
- 12) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 22-24
- 13) Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 14) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 24, 17.
- 15) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 16) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.
- 17) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 18) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 19) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
  20) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job		Truss	Truss		Truss Type		Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC			INA, NC		
21-5646-R01		R03	R03		ATTIC		2	1	Job Reference (optional)			# 28518		
								ID:	8BSIWII7					ue Sep 21 14:29:43 2021 Page 1 9findXVkOHMxtVrfoAAybObc
-0 <sub>t</sub> 6-8 7-2-12		8-2-12	15-2-0	, 20-5-8	3 , 24-8-025 <sub>-</sub> 1	$0_{7}12$ 33	3-0-4	. 4	0-1-12	,42-6-8,	48-3-8	53-1-12	57-10-4	63-0-0 63-6-8
0-6-8 7-2-12		1-0-0	6-11-4	5-3-8	4-2-8 1-2	-12 7	'-1-8	1	7-1-8	2-4-12	5-9-0	4-10-4	4-8-8	5-1-12 0-6-8

Scale = 1:107.6



	-2-12 15-2-0 24-2-8 -0-0 6-11-4 9-0-8	25-10-12 1-8-4	40-1-12 14-3-0	48-3-8 8-1-12	57-10-4 9-6-12	+ 63-0-0 5-1-12
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-0	)-12,Edge], [23:0-1-8,0-3-8], [25:0-	3-12,0-2-12], [27:0-5-0,0-	-6-8], [29:0-3-0,0-4-12]	, [30:0-6-0,0-6-4], [3	1:0-6-0,0-7-0], [35:0-4-0	),0-2-8]
LOADING (psf)       TCLL (roof)     20.0       Snow (Pf)     20.0       TCDL     10.0       BCLL     0.0 *       BCDL     10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.96 BC 1.00 WB 0.94 Matrix-SH	Vert(CT) -1 Horz(CT) 0	in (loc) I/defl 0.97 23-25 >473 0.68 23-25 >274 0.39 19 n/a 0.37 25-27 458	L/d PLAT 240 MT20 180 MT20 n/a 360 Weig	244/190

I UMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 \*Except\*

T3.T1: 2x6 SP No.1

BOT CHORD, 2x10 SP 2400F 2 0F \*Except\* B5,B7: 1-1/2x4-3/4 SP No.2, B1,B2: 2x8 SP DSS, B3: 2x8 SP No.1

WFBS 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\*

W10,W9: 2x4 SP No.1, W12,W4,W18,W3,W16: 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-5-5 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 1-4-12 oc bracing. BOT CHORD WFBS

10-32 10-35 1 Row at midpt

2 Rows at 1/3 pts 4-29. 9-28

JOINTS 1 Brace at Jt(s): 33, 34, 36

This truss requires both edges of the bottom chord be sheathed in the

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=2375/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-15), 28=737/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 19=2662/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-14)

Max Horz 2=128(LC 14)

Max Uplift28=-177(LC 11)

Max Grav 2=3014(LC 46), 28=1190(LC 53), 19=3476(LC 46)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

2-37=-10205/0, 3-37=-10071/0, 3-38=-9196/0, 4-38=-9187/0, 4-39=-5335/0, 5-39=-5321/0,

5-40=-5226/0, 6-40=-5220/0, 6-7=-5338/65, 7-8=-4838/0, 8-9=-4838/0, 9-41=-5323/0,

41-42=-5323/0, 10-42=-5323/0, 10-43=-5770/0, 43-44=-5770/0, 11-44=-5770/0,

11-12=-5770/0, 12-13=-5766/0, 13-14=-4446/0, 14-15=-5566/0, 15-45=-5768/0, 16-45=-5917/0, 16-46=-6699/0, 46-47=-6721/0, 17-47=-6792/0, 17-48=-6802/0,

18-48=-6806/0, 18-19=-6994/0

**BOT CHORD** 29-49=0/4276, 49-50=0/4279, 28-50=0/4279, 27-28=0/5125, 26-27=0/5129, 25-26=0/5136,

24-25=0/5195, 23-24=0/5159, 23-51=0/5686, 22-51=0/5686, 22-52=0/5686, 21-52=0/5686, 19-21=0/6084, 2-31=0/9143, 30-31=0/8749, 29-30=0/8456

27-32=0/1667, 9-32=0/1808, 25-34=0/1359, 34-35=0/1365, 12-35=-616/152,

32-33=-166/1932, 33-35=-166/1932, 4-29=-4194/0, 7-29=-214/1087, 10-32=-1870/225, 10-35=-1428/295, 15-23=0/525, 16-23=-914/154, 16-21=-126/737, 4-30=0/3413,

6-29=-689/160, 3-30=-976/68, 3-31=0/1808, 7-28=0/1899, 8-28=-6/454, 9-28=-3003/0,

14-36=-1238/84, 13-35=0/2136, 35-36=-1340/95, 13-36=-24/873

WFRS

NOTES- (18-21)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-6-8 to 5-9-2, Interior(1) 5-9-2 to 11-6-9, Exterior(2R) 11-6-9 to 29-4-7, Interior(1) 29-4-7 to 33-7-9, Exterior(2R) 33-7-9 to 51-5-7, Interior(1) 51-5-7 to 57-2-14, Exterior(2E) 57-2-14 to 63-6-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs

9/20/2021

OROFESE:

20/202

Value

V Winning teu Verif wills ight parlime local and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded continued on page truth of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive Madison WI 53719

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-5646-R01	R03	ATTIC	2	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:29:44 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-rm2QE0eUp\_iNlpKneEtOCvKoHv3d0pB1kVPLicybObb

NOTES-(18-21)

- 6) WARNING: This long span truss requires extreme care and experience for proper and safe handling and erection. For general handling and erection guidance, see Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses ("BCSI"), jointly produced by SBCA and TPI. The building owner or the owner's authorized agent shall contract with a qualified registered design professional for the design and inspection of the temporary installation restraint/bracing and the permanent individual truss member restraint/bracing. MiTek assumes no responsibility for truss manufacture, handling, erection, or bracing. 7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 8) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 9) All plates are 6x6 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 12) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 14-15, 32-33, 33-35, 34-36, 14-36
- 13) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 25-27, 23-25
- 14) Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 15) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (it=lb) 28=177.
- 16) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 17) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.
- 18) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 19) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 20) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
  21) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

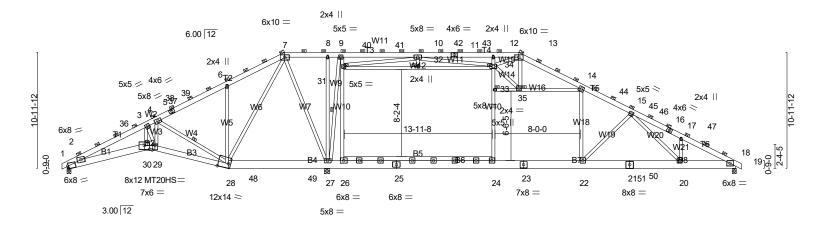


Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-5646-R01	R04	ATTIC	1	2	Job Reference (optional) # 28518
					8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:29:53 2021 Page 1

ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-4V5q75I7ilq5KCWVgdXV3pBNOX8HdvhMoO4KWbybObS

57-10-4 48-3-8 53-1-12 1-2-12 4-10-4

Scale = 1:108.6



υ-β-8 <i>1-2-12</i>	8-2-12 13-2-0 1 24-2-8	29-10- <sub>1</sub> 12	40-1-12	48-3-8	1 57-10-4	1 63-0-0
0-3-8 6-11-4	1-0-0 6-11-4 9-0-8	1-8-4	14-3-0	8-1-12	9-6-12	5-1-12
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-	0-12,Edge], [28:0-11-12,0-5-4], [29:0-	3-0,0-5-0], [30:0-6-0,0-4	4-4]			
LOADING (psf)   TCLL (roof)   20.0   Snow (Pf)   20.0   TCDL   10.0   BCLL   0.0 * BCDL   10.0	SPACING- 2-3-8 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.74 BC 0.97 WB 0.80 Matrix-SH	Vert(CT) -1 Horz(CT) 0	in (loc) I/defl 0.62 22-24 >737 0.8 22-24 >427 0.25 18 n/a 0.23 24-26 749	180 n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 MT20HS 187/143 Weight: 1283 lb FT = 20%

BOT CHORD

I UMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x10 SP 2400F 2.0E \*Except\*

B5: 1-1/2x4-3/4 SP No.2, B1: 2x8 SP No.1, B2: 2x6 SP No.1

B3: 2x6 SP No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\*

W10,W12,W18,W16: 2x4 SP No.2

TOP CHORD 2-0-0 oc purlins (3-10-7 max.)

(Switched from sheeted: Spacing > 2-0-0). Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

WERS 1 Row at midpt 4-28 9-27

1 Brace at Jt(s): 7, 31, 32, 33, 13, 34, 35 JOINTS

This truss requires both edges of the bottom chord be sheathed in the

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=2739/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-15), 27=817/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 18=3061/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-10) Max Horz 2=146(LC 14)

Max Uplift27=-204(LC 11)

Max Grav 2=3473(LC 46), 27=1330(LC 53), 18=3995(LC 46)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-36=-11641/0, 3-36=-11488/0, 3-37=-10404/0, 4-37=-10394/0, 4-38=-6111/0,

5-38=-6083/0, 5-39=-5990/0, 6-39=-5979/0, 6-7=-6121/79, 7-8=-5613/0, 8-9=-5613/0, 9-40=-6104/0, 40-41=-6104/0, 10-41=-6104/0, 10-42=-6475/0, 42-43=-6475/0,

11-43=-6475/0, 11-12=-6475/0, 12-13=-6437/0, 13-14=-5249/0, 14-44=-6669/0, 15-44=-6840/0, 15-45=-7669/0, 45-46=-7695/0, 16-46=-7775/0, 16-47=-7788/0,

17-47=-7791/0, 17-18=-8008/0

**BOT CHORD** 28-48=0/4941, 48-49=0/4948, 27-49=0/4948, 26-27=0/5916, 25-26=0/5922, 24-25=0/5922,

23-24=0/5957, 22-23=0/5957, 22-50=0/6561, 21-50=0/6561, 21-51=0/6561, 20-51=0/6561, 18-20=0/6967, 2-30=0/10417, 29-30=0/9951, 28-29=0/9565

26-31=0/1729, 9-31=0/1879, 24-33=0/1517, 33-34=0/1522, 12-34=-685/174, 17-20=-15/251, 31-32=-215/2216, 32-34=-215/2216, 4-28=-4680/0, 7-28=-255/1207, 10-31=-2176/278, 10-34=-1737/330, 14-22=0/653, 15-22=-1044/174, 15-20=-144/777, 4-29=0/3858, 6-28=-804/184, 3-29=-1357/70, 3-30=0/2306, 7-27=0/2257, 8-27=-9/487, 9-27=-3162/0,

14-35=-1322/86, 13-34=0/2229, 34-35=-1544/108, 13-35=-36/1174

NOTES-

WEBS

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x10 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc, 1-1/2x4-3/4 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc, 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc, 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to be connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

4) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph, TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-6-8 to 5-9-2, Interior(1) 5-9-2 to 11-6-9, Exterior(2R) 11-6-9 to 29-4-7, Interior(1) 29-4-7 to 33-7-9, Exterior(2R) 33-7-9 to 51-5-7, Interior(1) 51-5-7 to 57-2-14, Exterior(2E) 57-2-14 to 63-6-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

PROFESS, MORRISHINIAN 20/202
d and VOINE

9/20/2021

Warning!—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual outloing component to on manage and continued on page 2.

Vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer — not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, N	С
21-5646-R01	R04	ATTIC	1	2	Job Reference (optional)	# 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:29:54 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-YheCKRmlS3yyyL5iDL2kc0kY8xUWMMxV12qt21ybObR

### NOTES-(21-24)

- 5) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 6) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 7) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 8) WARNING: This long span truss requires extreme care and experience for proper and safe handling and erection. For general handling and erection guidance, see Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses ("BCSI"), jointly produced by SBCA and TPI. The building owner or the owner's authorized agent shall contract with a qualified registered design professional for the design and inspection of the temporary installation restraint/bracing and the permanent individual truss member restraint/bracing. MiTek assumes no responsibility for truss manufacture, handling, erection, or bracing.
- 9) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 10) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 11) All plates are 6x6 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 12) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 13) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 14) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 31-32, 32-34, 33-35, 14-35
- 15) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 24-26, 22-24
- 16) Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface. 17) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 27=204.
- 18) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 19) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 20) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.
- 21) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 22) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 23) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

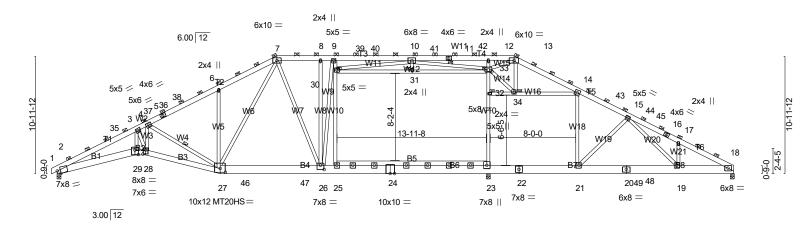
  24) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VAF	RINA, NC
21-5646-R01	R05	ATTIC	1 2	Job Reference (optional)	# 28518
				8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. T _nsgREydifw-Nr0TbUrW2vj5gGZrab98rH	

Scale = 1:107.3



0-3-8 7-2-12 8-2-12	15-2-0 <sub> </sub> 24-8-0		40-1-12	48-3-8	<sub>ı</sub> 57-10-4	63-0-0
0-3-8 6-11-4 1-0-0	6-11-4 9-6-0	1-2-12	14-3-0	8-1-12	9-6-12	5-1-12
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-3-7,0-3-	-7], [26:0-4-0,0-4-12], [27:0-6-0,	0-4-3], [28:0-3-0,0-4-8],	, [29:0-4-0,0-5-0], [33	3:0-4-0,0-2-0]		
Snow (Pf) 20.0 TCDL 10.0 RCLL 0.0 *	SPACING-         2-3-8           Plate Grip DOL         1.15           Lumber DOL         1.15           Rep Stress Incr         NO           Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.51 BC 0.86 WB 0.67 Matrix-SH	Vert(CT) -0 Horz(CT) 0	in (loc) I/defl 1.54 26 >895 1.90 26-27 >536 1.21 18 n/a 1.27 23-25 641	240 N 180 N	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 MT20HS 187/143 Weight: 1280 lb FT = 20%

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-BRACING-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x10 SP 2400F 2.0E \*Except\*

6-11-4

B5: 1-1/2x4-3/4 SP No.2, B1: 2x8 SP No.2, B2: 2x6 SP No.1 B3: 2x6 SP No.2

**WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\*

W10,W12,W18,W16: 2x4 SP No.2

TOP CHORD 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-5-2 max.)

(Switched from sheeted: Spacing > 2-0-0). Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

4-10-4

WERS 1 Row at midpt 4-27, 10-33

1 Brace at Jt(s): 7, 30, 31, 32, 13, 33, 34 **JOINTS** 

This truss requires both edges of the bottom chord be sheathed in the

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 23=1820/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 18=2170/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 2=2579/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-11)

Max Horz 2=149(LC 14)

Max Uplift2=-29(LC 14)

Max Grav 23=2841(LC 38), 18=2534(LC 45), 2=2973(LC 36)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

2-35=-9842/65, 3-35=-9689/85, 3-36=-8722/106, 4-36=-8712/110, 4-37=-5130/64, 5-37=-5127/68, 5-38=-5097/81, 6-38=-5090/99, 6-7=-5139/199, 7-8=-4661/79,

8-9=-4660/79, 9-39=-4467/33, 39-40=-4467/33, 10-40=-4467/33, 10-41=-344/2469,

41-42=-344/2469, 11-42=-344/2469, 11-12=-344/2469, 12-13=-330/2368, 13-14=-2579/119,

14-43=-4983/36, 15-43=-5046/14, 15-44=-4524/63, 44-45=-4557/52, 16-45=-4564/50,

16-17=-4612/41, 17-18=-4706/0

**BOT CHORD** 27-46=0/4181, 46-47=0/4186, 26-47=0/4187, 25-26=0/4579, 24-25=0/4577, 23-24=0/4577,

22-23=0/4553, 21-22=0/4553, 21-48=0/4393, 20-48=0/4393, 20-49=0/4393, 19-49=0/4393,

18-19=0/4082, 2-29=-157/8799, 28-29=-139/8397, 27-28=-96/8025

25-30=-1309/227, 9-30=-1140/241, 23-32=-1024/181, 32-33=-1019/180, 12-33=-1019/131, 30-31=-1593/616, 31-33=-1593/616, 4-27=-3976/180, 7-27=-211/1614, 10-30=-824/1508,

10-33=-4929/213, 14-21=0/789, 15-21=-768/425, 15-19=-712/736, 4-28=-85/3252, 6-27=-779/188, 3-28=-1316/138, 3-29=-22/2058, 7-26=-38/1337, 8-26=-331/0,

9-26=-109/1090, 14-34=-2352/55, 13-33=-3574/166, 33-34=-3423/64, 13-34=-5/2492

NOTES-

WEBS

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x10 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc, 1-1/2x4-3/4 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc, 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc, 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to be connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

4) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph, TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-6-8 to 5-9-2, Interior(1) 5-9-2 to 11-6-9, Exterior(2R) 11-6-9 to 29-4-7, Interior(1) 29-4-7 to 33-7-9, Exterior(2R) 33-7-9 to 51-5-7, Interior(1) 51-5-7 to 56-6-10, Exterior(2E) 56-6-10 to 62-10-4 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

ROFESS: MORRIGIAN TO THE PARTY OF THE P VOINE

9/20/2021

Warning!—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual outloing component to on manage and continued on page 2.

Vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer — not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-5646-R01	R05	ATTIC	1	2	Job Reference (optional) # 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:01 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-r1Zroqr8pDryHQ828JgNOVXpxmvsVZdXee0lo7ybObK

NOTES-(21-24)

- 5) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 6) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 7) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 8) WARNING: This long span truss requires extreme care and experience for proper and safe handling and erection. For general handling and erection guidance, see Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses ("BCSI"), jointly produced by SBCA and TPI. The building owner or the owner's authorized agent shall contract with a qualified registered design professional for the design and inspection of the temporary installation restraint/bracing and the permanent individual truss member restraint/bracing. MiTek assumes no responsibility for truss manufacture, handling, erection, or bracing.
- 9) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 10) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 11) All plates are 6x6 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 12) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 13) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 14) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 30-31, 31-33, 32-34, 14-34
- 15) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 23-25, 21-23
- 16) Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface. 17) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2.
- 18) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 19) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 20) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.
- 21) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 22) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 23) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

  24) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job Truss Truss Type Qtv 49786-0196 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC 21-5646-R01 R06 ATTIC # 28518 ob Reference (optional) B.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:04 2021 Page 1 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-FcF\_Rsu168DX9usdpRE4079EbzxCirrzKcFPPSybObH

7-1-8

24-8-025-10-12 4-2-8 1-2-12

Scale = 1:107.4

57-10-4

4-8-8

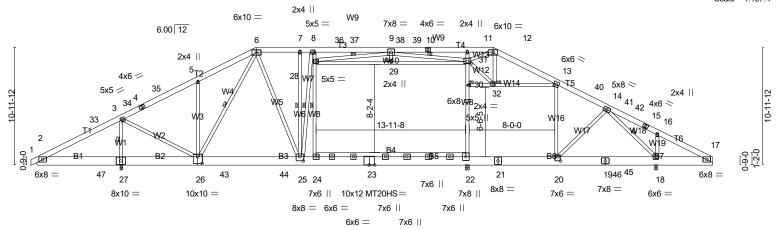
53-1-12

4-10-4

48-3-8

5-9-0

2-4-12



0- <u>3-8 7-8-8</u>	15-2-0 24-8-0	25 <sub>T</sub> 10 <sub>T</sub> 12	40-1-12	48-3-8	57-10-4	63-0-0
0-3-8 7-5-0	7-5-8 9-6-0	1-2-12	14-3-0	8-1-12	9-6-12	5-1-12
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [20:0-	·3-0,0-4-12], [25:0-4-0,0-4-12], [26:0-	<u>5-0,0-7-8], [31:0-4-0,0-2</u>	2-8]			
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf) 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.87 BC 0.82 WB 0.96 Matrix-SH	Vert(CT) -0 Horz(CT) 0	in (loc) I/defl 0.61 22-24 >637 0.89 22-24 >437 0.05 18 n/a 0.43 20-22 462	L/d 240 180 n/a 360	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           MT20HS         187/143           Weight: 653 lb         FT = 20%

LUMBER-TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

WFBS

BOT CHORD 2x10 SP 2400F 2.0E \*Except\*

B4: 1-8/16x4-12/16 SP No.1, B5,B3: 2x10 SP No.1

B1,B2: 2x10 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\*

W8,W10,W16,W14,W2: 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-

WFBS

JOINTS

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 5-11-10 oc bracing.

24-28, 6-26, 9-28, 9-31, 14-18, 7-25, 8-25, 1 Row at midpt

3-27

1 Brace at Jt(s): 29, 30, 32

This truss requires both edges of the bottom chord be sheathed in the

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 22=880/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-14), 18=2206/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-3), 27=2662/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-1)

Max Horz 27=129(LC 14)

Max Uplift27=-18(LC 14)

Max Grav 22=1580(LC 38), 18=2614(LC 6), 27=3042(LC 46)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

2-33=-434/595, 3-33=-402/708, 3-34=-2266/9, 4-34=-2253/10, 4-35=-2218/22

5-35=-2211/38, 5-6=-2247/96, 6-7=-2999/49, 7-8=-2998/49, 8-36=-3094/0, 36-37=-3094/0,

9-37=-3094/0, 9-38=-1631/303, 38-39=-1631/303, 10-39=-1631/303, 10-11=-1631/303,

11-12=-1544/278, 12-13=-2200/45, 13-40=-3229/8, 14-40=-3284/0, 14-41=-145/310,

41-42=-152/291, 15-42=-159/267, 16-17=-240/383

**BOT CHORD** 26-27=-529/421, 26-43=0/2442, 43-44=0/2442, 25-44=0/2442, 24-25=0/3047, 23-24=0/3040,

22-23=0/3040, 21-22=0/3009, 20-21=0/3009, 20-45=0/2052, 19-45=0/2052, 19-46=0/2052,

18-46=0/2052, 17-18=-269/237, 2-47=-529/427, 27-47=-529/427 24-28=-677/278, 8-28=-350/357, 22-30=-499/221, 30-31=-496/220, 11-31=-808/122,

16-18=-409/114, 28-29=-234/1576, 29-31=-234/1576, 6-26=-919/36, 9-28=-1627/285, 9-31=-2872/145, 13-20=-286/138, 14-20=-27/1434, 14-18=-3351/12, 5-26=-678/165,

6-25=0/1633, 8-25=-277/28, 13-32=-1124/6, 12-31=-1086/171, 31-32=-1773/35,

12-32=0/1309, 3-27=-2821/278, 3-26=-118/2621

**WEBS** 

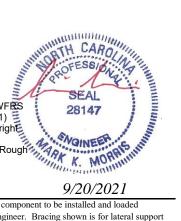
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-6-8 to 5-9-2, Interior(1) 5-9-2 to 11-6-9, Exterior(2R) 11-6-9 to 29-4-7, Interior(1) 29-4-7 to 33-7-9, Exterior(2R) 33-7-9 to 51-5-7, Interior(1) 51-5-7 to 56-8-6, Exterior(2L) 55-8-5 to 55-0-0 to 55-0-0 Zone, Cantalogo Sanda San

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs

non-concurrent with other live loads.



9/20/2021

Warning !— Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded Continued on page 2 vertically. Applies billy of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer — not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-5646-R01	R06	ATTIC	2	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:05 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-jopMeBvftRLOm2RpN8IJYLhOLNHRRI47ZG\_zxuybObG

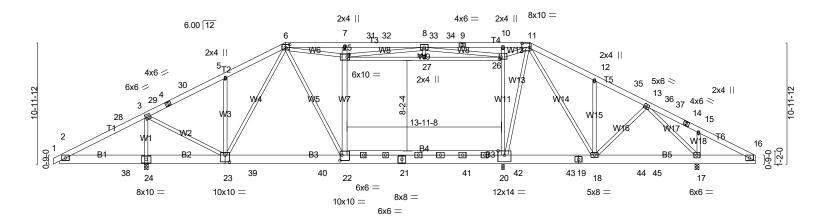
- 6) WARNING: This long span truss requires extreme care and experience for proper and safe handling and erection. For general handling and erection guidance, see Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses ("BCSI"), jointly produced by SBCA and TPI. The building owner or the owner's authorized agent shall contract with a qualified registered design professional for the design and inspection of the temporary installation restraint/bracing and the permanent individual truss member restraint/bracing. MiTek assumes no responsibility for truss manufacture, handling, erection, or bracing. 7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 8) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 11) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 28-29, 29-31, 30-32, 13-32
- 12) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 22-24, 20-22
- 13) Bearing at joint(s) 27 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 14) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 27.
- 15) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 16) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.
- 17) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 18) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 19) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 20) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANEŇŤ RESTRÁING/BRĂCINĞ OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job		Truss		Truss 1	Truss Type			Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOOD	UAY VARINA,	AY VARINA, NC			
21-5646-R01		R07		ATTIC	ATTIC			1	4	Job Reference (o	ptional)	# 28518		8	
				·			ID:8B		gu7p2zCns	3.430 s Feb 12 2021 sgREydifw-vwzW			Üp2eWHek5T9		
	-0 <sub>⊤</sub> 6-8	7-8-8	1	15-2-0	20-5-8	25-10-1226 <sub>1</sub> 0-8	33-0-4	1	40-1-12	42-6-	8 <sub>1</sub> 48-3-8	53-1-12	57-10-4	63-0-0	1
	0-6-8	7-8-8	- 1	7-5-8	5-3-8	5-5-4 0-1-12	6-11-12	- 1	7-1-8	2-4-1	2 <sup>1</sup> 5-9-0	4-10-4	4-8-8	5-1-12	1

Scale = 1:104.3



<del>−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−</del>		5-10-12 0-8-12	40-1-12 14-3-0	48-3-8 8-1-12	57-10-4 9-6-12	63-0-0 5-1-12
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [6:0-4	-8,0-3-0], [11:0-8-0,0-4-8], [22:0	-2-4,0-6-0], [23:0-4-12,0-7	7-8], [25:0-2-8,0-3-0], [26:0	0-2-0,0-2-8]		
LOADING (psf)       TCLL (roof)     20.0       Snow (Pf)     20.0       TCDL     10.0       BCLL     0.0 *       BCDL     10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.55 BC 0.71 WB 0.91 Matrix-SH	Vert(LL) -0.4 Vert(CT) -0.5 Horz(CT) 0.0	10 22-23   >959    2 59 22-23   >655    1 05    17    n/a	L/d <b>PLATE</b> : 240 MT20 80 n/a 660 Weight:	S GRIP 244/190 : 2603 lb FT = 20%

I UMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x10 SP 2400F 2.0E \*Except\*

B4: 1-1/2x4-3/4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\* WFBS

W9,W2,W4,W5: 2x4 SP No.2, W11: 2x4 SP SS, W7: 2x6 SP No.2

W13: 2x4 SP No.1

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:

6-0-0 oc bracing: 2-24,23-24.

JOINTS 1 Brace at Jt(s): 27

This truss requires both edges of the bottom chord be sheathed in the

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 17=6886/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-2), 20=-1555/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 24=8284/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-2)

Max Horz 24=129(LC 14)

Max Uplift17=-429(LC 15), 20=-3065(LC 53), 24=-581(LC 14) Max Grav 17=10313(LC 46), 20=368(LC 11), 24=12343(LC 54)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-28=-423/384, 3-28=-390/578, 3-29=-12211/593, 4-29=-12198/594, 4-30=-12185/606,

5-30=-12134/622, 5-6=-12149/679, 6-7=-19560/958, 7-31=-19819/968, 31-32=-19819/968,

8-32=-19819/968, 8-33=-8041/428, 33-34=-8041/428, 9-34=-8041/428, 9-10=-8041/428,

10-11=-8334/444, 11-12=-13325/652, 12-35=-13317/624, 13-35=-13338/605,

13-36=-1021/101, 36-37=-1029/94, 14-37=-1062/92, 14-15=-1076/82, 15-16=-996/54

**BOT CHORD** 2-38=-412/418, 24-38=-412/418, 23-24=-412/412, 23-39=-645/13723, 39-40=-645/13723,

22-40=-645/13723, 21-22=-876/18822, 21-41=-876/18826, 20-41=-877/18909,

20-42=-671/14990, 42-43=-671/14989, 19-43=-672/14981, 18-19=-670/14940,

18-44=-362/8989. 44-45=-362/8989. 17-45=-362/8989. 16-17=-17/910

15-17=-482/136, 25-27=-2648/164, 26-27=-2648/164, 3-24=-12098/732, 3-23=-610/12582,

6-23=-5903/315, 8-25=-195/4025, 8-26=-8863/532, 12-18=-618/146, 11-18=-5911/349, 13-18=-198/4435, 13-17=-11859/529, 20-26=-6581/423, 10-26=-704/117, 22-25=-263/1274,

7-25=-456/425, 11-20=-867/16293, 11-26=-11443/575, 5-23=-649/162, 6-22=-526/11192,

6-25=-15/1048

NOTES-

WEBS

1) 4-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x10 - 3 rows staggered at 0-5-0 oc, 1-1/2x4-3/4 - 2 rows staggered at 0-7-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc, 2x6 - 3 rows staggered at 0-5-0 oc.

Attach BC w/ 1/2" diam. bolts (ASTM A-307) in the center of the member w/washers at 4-0-0 oc. 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to be connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

4) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-6-8 to 5-9-2, Interior(1) 5-9-2 to 11-6-9, Exterior(2R) 11-6-9 to 29-4-7, Interior(1) 29-4-7 to 33-7-9, Exterior(2R) 33-7-9 to 51-5-7, Ínterior(1) 51-5-7 to 56-8-6, Exterior(2E) 56-8-6 to 63-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

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Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applies billy of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE	FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-5646-R01	R07	ATTIC	1	4	Job Reference (optional)	# 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:17 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-N6Xu9I2A27shCuM74gz71tBXEDOtFktuJ7ubMCybOb4

### NOTES-(21-24)

- 5) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 6) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 7) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 8) WARNING: This long span truss requires extreme care and experience for proper and safe handling and erection. For general handling and erection guidance, see Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses ("BCSI"), jointly produced by SBCA and TPI. The building owner or the owner's authorized agent shall contract with a qualified registered design professional for the design and inspection of the temporary installation restraint/bracing and the permanent individual truss member restraint/bracing. MiTek assumes no responsibility for truss manufacture, handling, erection, or bracing.
- 9) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 10) All plates are 6x8 MT20 unless otherwise indicated
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 13) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 25-27, 26-27
- 14) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 20-22
- 15) Bearing at joint(s) 24 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 16) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 17=429, 20=3065, 24=581.

  17) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 18) This truss has large uplift reaction(s) from gravity load case(s). Proper connection is required to secure truss against upward movement at the bearings. Building designer must provide for uplift reactions indicated.
- 19) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 10665 lb down and 639 lb up at 25-11-8, and 2932 lb down and 176 lb up at 36-7-12 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 20) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.
- 21) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 22) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 23) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 24) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

## LOAD CASE(S) Standard

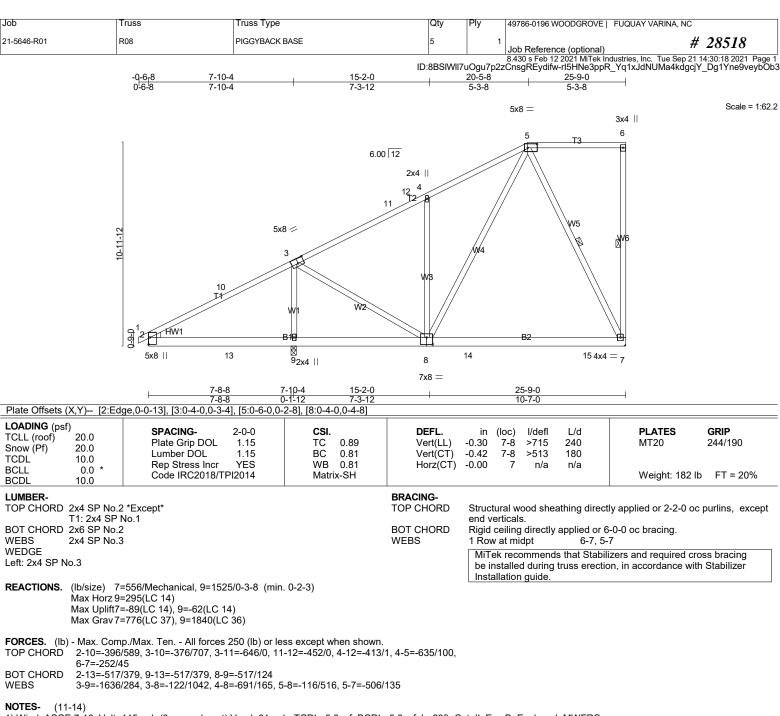
1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-6=-60, 6-11=-60, 11-16=-60, 2-22=-20, 25-26=-10, 20-22=-40, 16-20=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 22=-6365(F) 41=-1750(F)





1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-6-8 to 4-3-2, Interior(1) 4-3-2 to 13-8-1, Exterior(2R) 13-8-1 to 20-9-10, Exterior(2E) 20-9-10 to 25-7-4 zone; cantilever left exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

\* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide witt fit

between the bottom chord and any other members, with between the bottom chord and any other members, with between the bottom chord and any other members, with between the bottom chord and any other members, with bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7, 9.

10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and reference chord and ANSI/TPI 1.

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Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for all more continued on page 2 continued on page 2 vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer — not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support vertically. Applicability of the arcsetor. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-5646-R01	R08	PIGGYBACK BASE	5	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:19 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-JVffa\_3Ral6PSBWVB5?b7IGoQ03njgwBnRNiR4ybOb2

- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the

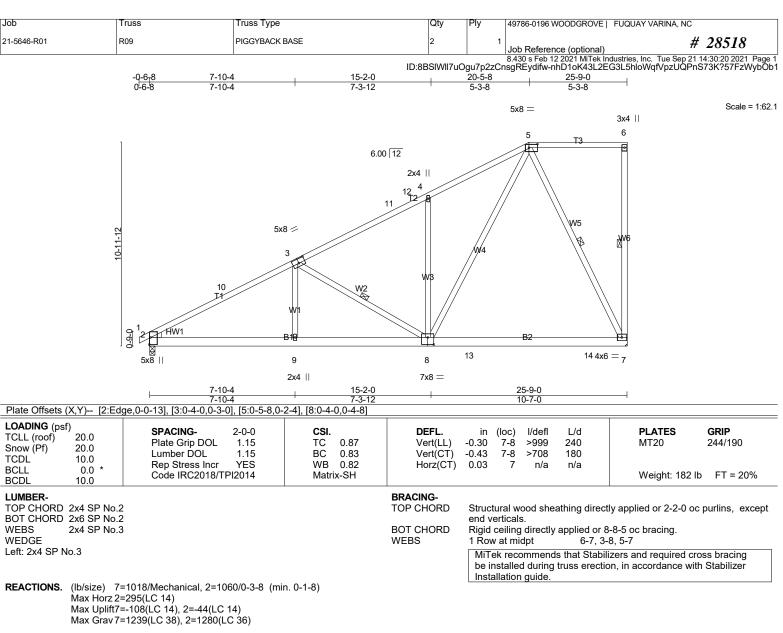
13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate

Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-10=-2137/34, 3-10=-1935/53, 3-11=-1450/0, 11-12=-1207/21, 4-12=-1158/29, TOP CHORD

4-5=-1439/128. 6-7=-252/45

BOT CHORD 2-9=-267/1781, 8-9=-267/1781, 8-13=-67/496, 13-14=-67/496, 7-14=-67/496 3-9=0/292, 3-8=-734/153, 4-8=-698/166, 5-8=-151/1436, 5-7=-1125/156 **WEBS** 

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-6-8 to 4-3-2, Interior(1) 4-3-2 to 13-8-1, Exterior(2R) 13-8-1 to 20-9-10, Exterior(2E) 20-9-10 to 25-7-4 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

  Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

  Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to because the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 7=108.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and references standard ANSI/TPI 1.

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Warning !—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for all more continued on page 2 continued on page 2 vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer — not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support vertically. Applicability of the arcsetor. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-5646-R01	R09	PIGGYBACK BASE	2	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:20 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-nhD1oK43L2EG3L5hloWqfVpzUQPnS73K?57FzWybOb1

- 11) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the
- 13) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

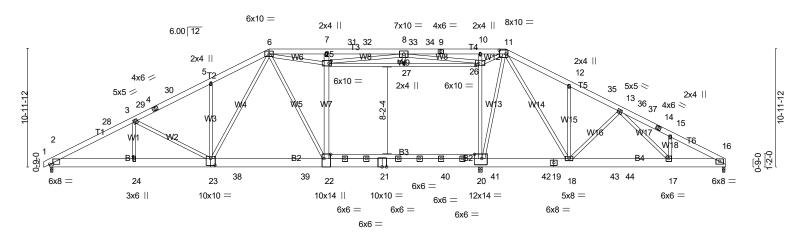
  14) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply 49786-0196 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC 21-5646-R01 R10 ATTIC # 28518 Job Reference (optional) 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:26 2021 Page 1 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-cral2N9qwu\_PnGYr53dEvm3zrrQdmqDO1aaAAybOax 40-1-12 15-2-0 25-10-1226-0-8 48-3-8 53-1-12 57-10-4 20-5-8 63-0-0 7-8-8 5-3-8 5-5-4 0-1-12 6-11-12 7-1-8 2-4-12 5-9-0 4-10-4 4-8-8

Scale = 1:107.4



7-8-8 7-8-8	15-2-0 7-5-8	25-10-12 10-8-12		0-1-12 14-3-0	48-3-8 8-1-12		-10-4 63-0-0 6-12 5-1-12	<b>⊣</b>
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-3-6,								
LOADING (psf)       TCLL (roof)     20.0       Snow (Pf)     20.0       TCDL     10.0       BCLL     0.0 *       BCDL     10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip Do Lumber DOL Rep Stress I Code IRC20	1.15 ncr YES	CSI. TC 0.95 BC 0.93 WB 0.99 Matrix-SH	Vert(CT) - Horz(CT)	in (loc) I/de -0.78 22-23 >61 -1.16 22-23 >41 0.11 16 n/ -0.38 20-22 45	3 240 1 180 a n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 2604 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%

I UMBER-

REACTIONS.

**BOT CHORD** 

**WEBS** 

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x10 SP 2400F 2.0E \*Except\*

B1: 2x10 SP No.2, B3: 1-1/2x4-3/4 SP No.2

WFBS 2x4 SP No 3 \*Except\*

W9,W8,W12: 2x4 SP No.2, W13: 2x4 SP No.1, W11: 2x4 SP SS

W7: 2x6 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:

2-2-0 oc bracing: 23-24.

**JOINTS** 1 Brace at Jt(s): 27

This truss requires both edges of the bottom chord be sheathed in the

(lb/size) 2=6991/0-3-8 (min. 0-3-1), 20=-680/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 16=6089/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-14)

Max Horz 2=129(LC 14)

Max Uplift2=-489(LC 14), 20=-1960(LC 36), 16=-342(LC 15) Max Grav 2=10378(LC 48), 20=364(LC 14), 16=9056(LC 46)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-28=-21283/960, 3-28=-21171/978, 3-29=-21907/988, 4-29=-21835/989, 4-30=-21794/1001, 5-30=-21785/1016, 5-6=-21840/1115, 6-7=-26066/1204, 7-31=-26695/1229, TOP CHORD

31-32=-26695/1229, 8-32=-26695/1229, 8-33=-4379/274, 33-34=-4379/274, 9-34=-4379/274, 9-10=-4379/274, 10-11=-4792/294, 11-12=-18252/876, 12-35=-18288/803, 13-35=-18343/789,

13-36=-17673/776, 36-37=-17732/767, 14-37=-17766/765, 14-15=-17785/760,

15-16=-18154/720

2-24=-920/18904, 23-24=-920/18904, 23-38=-836/18731, 38-39=-836/18731,

22-39=-836/18731, 21-22=-991/22033, 21-40=-991/22058, 20-40=-991/22098, 20-41=-764/17665, 41-42=-764/17664, 19-42=-766/17655, 18-19=-764/17607,

18-43=-622/16455, 43-44=-622/16455, 17-44=-622/16455, 16-17=-587/15907 15-17=-21/719, 25-27=-3962/223, 26-27=-3962/223, 3-24=-773/115, 3-23=-134/1199,

5-23=-674/164, 6-23=-236/2531, 6-22=-390/7406, 8-25=-417/9103, 8-27=0/260,

8-26=-14518/756, 12-18=-501/140, 11-20=-963/18755, 11-18=-2352/217, 13-18=-422/140,

13-17=-968/154, 20-26=-10795/588, 10-26=-841/125, 22-25=-118/3030, 7-25=-263/706,

6-25=-160/4402, 11-26=-18947/869

### NOTES-(19-22)

1) 4-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x10 - 2 10W3 staggered at 0-5-0 oc.
Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc, 2x6 - 3 rows staggered at 0-5-0 oc.
Attach BC w/ 1/2" diam. bolts (ASTM A-307) in the center of the member w/washers at 4-0-0 oc.
2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply
All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply
All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

4) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-6-8 to 5-9-2, Interior(1) 5-9-2 to 11-6-9, Exterior(2R) 11-6-9 to 29-4-7, Interior(1) 29-4-7 to 33-7-9, Exterior(2R) 33-7-9 to 51-5-7, Interior(1) 51-5-7 to 56-6-10, Exterior(2E) 56-6-10 to 62-10-4 zone; C-C for members and

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WIFTING INVERTIGATION FOR A MAIL FOR THE CONTROL OF Continued on page 2005 parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE	FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-5646-R01	R10	ATTIC	1	4	Job Reference (optional)	# 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:26 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-cral2N9qwu\_PnGYr53dEvm3zrrQdrnqDO1aaAAybOax

### NOTES-(19-22)

- 5) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 6) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 7) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 8) WARNING: This long span truss requires extreme care and experience for proper and safe handling and erection. For general handling and erection guidance, see Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses ("BCSI"), jointly produced by SBCA and TPI. The building owner or the owner's authorized agent shall contract with a qualified registered design professional for the design and inspection of the temporary installation restraint/bracing and the permanent individual truss member restraint/bracing. MiTek assumes no responsibility for truss manufacture, handling, erection, or bracing.
- 9) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 12) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 25-27, 26-27
- 13) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 20-22
- 14) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (it=lb) 2=489, 20=1960, 16=342.
- 15) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 16) This truss has large uplift reaction(s) from gravity load case(s). Proper connection is required to secure truss against upward movement at the bearings. Building designer must provide for uplift reactions indicated
- 17) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 10665 lb down and 639 lb up at 25-10-12, and 922 lb down and 55 lb up at 36-7-12 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 18) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.
- 19) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 20) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 21) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

  22) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

## LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-6=-60, 6-11=-60, 11-16=-60, 2-22=-20, 20-22=-40, 16-20=-20, 25-26=-10 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 22=-6365(F) 40=-550(F)

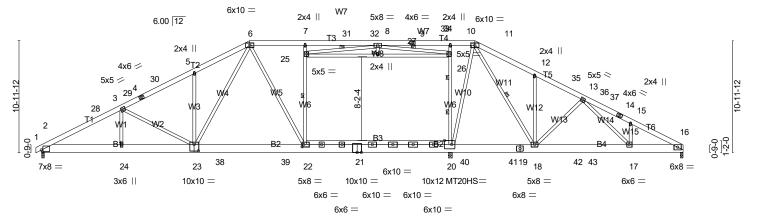




8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:29 2021 Page 1 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-1QGRhPBiDpM\_ekHQnBBxXPhTS2RL28rf4?oEnVybOau

57-10-4 15-2-0 25-10-12 33-0-4 42-6-8 2-4-12 48-3-8 53-1-12 63-0-0 20-5-8 40-1-12 5-3-8 7-1-8 7-1-8 5-9-0 4-10-4 4-8-8 5-1-12

Scale = 1:113.1



<u> </u>	7-8-8 7-8-8	15-2-0 7-5-8	25-10-12 10-8-12			40-1-12 14-3-0	48-3-8 8-1-12		57-10 9-6-		
Plate Offsets (X	,Y) [2:0-1-10	0,0-2-6], [20:0-8-8,E	dge], [22:0-1-1	2,0-2-8], [	23:0-5-0,0-7-	8]					
Snow (Pf)	20.0 20.0 10.0 0.0 *	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2018/		CS TC BC WE Ma	0.99 0.93	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT) Attic	in (loc) -0.65 22-23 -1.14 22-23 0.11 16 -0.63 20-22	I/defl >735 >421 n/a 537	L/d 240 180 n/a 360	PLATES MT20 MT20HS Weight: 632 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 187/143 FT = 20%

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x10 SP 2400F 2.0E \*Except\*

I UMBER-

B1: 2x10 SP No.2, B3: 1-1/2x4-3/4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\* WFBS W6,W8: 2x4 SP No.2 BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied. BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:

2-2-0 oc bracing: 23-24,20-22.

WFBS 1 Row at midpt 22-25, 8-25, 8-26, 11-18 20-26

2 Rows at 1/3 pts **JOINTS** 1 Brace at Jt(s): 27

This truss requires both edges of the bottom chord be sheathed in the

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 2=2481/0-3-8 (min. 0-3-7), 20=739/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 16=2259/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-3)

Max Horz 2=129(LC 18)

Max Uplift2=-13(LC 14), 20=-55(LC 15)

Max Grav 2=2896(LC 46), 20=1188(LC 38), 16=2674(LC 46)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

2-28=-5625/69, 3-28=-5464/87, 3-29=-5258/70, 4-29=-5186/71, 4-30=-5152/83,

5-30=-5149/99, 5-6=-5238/189, 6-7=-4700/69, 7-31=-4712/54, 31-32=-4712/54,

8-32=-4712/54, 8-33=-4393/56, 33-34=-4393/56, 9-34=-4393/56, 9-10=-4393/56, 10-11=-4682/71, 11-12=-4648/167, 12-35=-4602/80, 13-35=-4636/62, 13-36=-4989/116,

36-37=-5048/107, 14-37=-5066/106, 14-15=-5096/97, 15-16=-5215/47

2-24=-38/4912, 23-24=-38/4912, 23-38=0/4137, 38-39=0/4137, 22-39=0/4137, 21-22=0/4703, **BOT CHORD** 

20-21=0/4727, 20-40=0/4138, 40-41=0/4137, 19-41=0/4129, 18-19=0/4117, 18-42=0/4354, 42-43=0/4354, 17-43=0/4354, 16-17=0/4531

WFRS 22-25=-1000/163, 7-25=-656/146, 20-26=-1371/135, 10-26=-1016/119, 25-27=-164/1681,

26-27=-164/1681, 3-23=-574/147, 5-23=-679/166, 6-23=-170/1625, 6-22=0/1232, 8-25=-1738/193, 8-26=-2005/180, 12-18=-582/144, 11-20=-44/2363, 11-18=-246/899,

13-18=-558/130, 13-17=-77/357

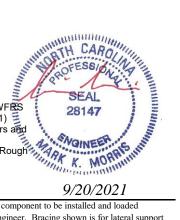
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-6-8 to 5-9-2, Interior(1) 5-9-2 to 11-6-9, Exterior(2R) 11-6-9 to 29-4-7, Interior(1) 

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs

non-concurrent with other live loads.



9/20/2021

Warning !— Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded Continued on page 2 vertically. Applies billy of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer — not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-5646-R01	R11	ATTIC	2	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:30 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-VcqpulCK\_7VrGurcKviA3cEeCSnanb4oJfYnJxybOat

## **NOTES-** (17-20)

- 6) WARNING: This long span truss requires extreme care and experience for proper and safe handling and erection. For general handling and erection guidance, see Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses ("BCSI"), jointly produced by SBCA and TPI. The building owner or the owner's authorized agent shall contract with a qualified registered design professional for the design and inspection of the temporary installation restraint/bracing and the permanent individual truss member restraint/bracing. MiTek assumes no responsibility for truss manufacture, handling, erection, or bracing. 7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 8) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 9) The Fabrication Tolerance at joint 20 = 16%
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 12) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 25-27, 26-27
- 13) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 20-22
- 14) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 20.
- 15) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 16) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.
- 17) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 18) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 19) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 20) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANEŇŤ RESTRÁING/BRĂCINĞ OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

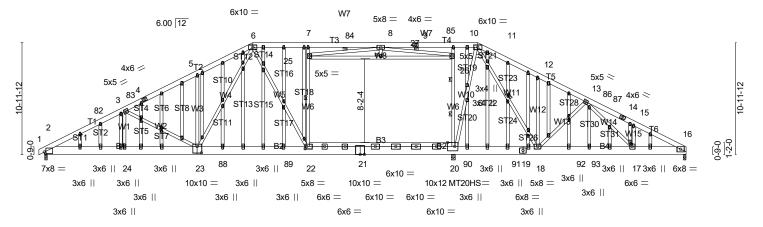




8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:37 2021 Page 1 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-oylSM8HjKHNrcyuzFtKpr50qRHADwmpqwEkf31ybOam

57-10-4 33-0-4 15-2-0 42-6-8 48-3-8 53-1-12 63-0-0 20-5-8 25-10-12 40-1-12 5-3-8 7-1-8 7-1-8 5-9-0 4-10-4 4-8-8 5-1-12

Scale = 1:113.1



7-8-8 7-8-8	15-2-0 25-10- 7-5-8 10-8-1		40-1-12 14-3-0	48-3-8 8-1-12	57-10 9-6-1		
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-1	1-10,0-2-6], [20:0-8-8,Edge], [22:0-1-	12,0-2-8], [23:0-5-0,0-7-	-8], [46:0-1-15,0-1-0	], [49:0-1-15,0-1	1-0], [78:0-0-1,0-1	-0]	
LOADING (psf)       TCLL (roof)     20.0       Snow (Pf)     20.0       TCDL     10.0       BCLL     0.0 *       BCDL     10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.99 BC 0.93 WB 0.98 Matrix-SH	Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	-0.65 22-23 > -1.14 22-23 > 0.11 16	'defl L/d 735 240 421 180 n/a n/a 537 360	PLATES MT20 MT20HS Weight: 823 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 187/143 FT = 20%

LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x10 SP 2400F 2.0E \*Except\* BOT CHORD

B1: 2x10 SP No.2, B3: 1-1/2x4-3/4 SP No.2

WFBS 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\* W6,W8: 2x4 SP No.2

**OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:

2-2-0 oc bracing: 23-24,20-22.

WFBS 22-25, 8-25, 8-26, 11-18 1 Row at midpt

2 Rows at 1/3 pts 20-26

**JOINTS** 1 Brace at Jt(s): 27

This truss requires both edges of the bottom chord be sheathed in the

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=2481/0-3-8 (min. 0-3-7), 20=739/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 16=2259/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-3)

Max Horz 2=129(LC 18)

Max Uplift2=-13(LC 14), 20=-55(LC 15)

Max Grav 2=2896(LC 46), 20=1188(LC 38), 16=2674(LC 46)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

2-82=-5625/445, 3-82=-5464/463, 3-83=-5258/382, 4-83=-5186/383, 4-5=-5149/410,

5-6=-5238/516, 6-7=-4700/316, 7-84=-4712/300, 8-84=-4712/300, 8-85=-4393/285,

9-85=-4393/285, 9-10=-4393/285, 10-11=-4682/317, 11-12=-4648/461, 12-13=-4636/360,

13-86=-4989/520, 86-87=-5048/510, 14-87=-5066/509, 14-15=-5096/501, 15-16=-5215/414

2-24=-300/4912, 23-24=-300/4912, 23-88=-5/4137, 88-89=-5/4137, 22-89=-5/4137,

21-22=0/4703, 20-21=0/4727, 20-90=0/4138, 90-91=0/4137, 19-91=0/4129, 18-19=0/4117,

18-92=-196/4354, 92-93=-196/4354, 17-93=-196/4354, 16-17=-292/4531 22-25=-1000/167, 7-25=-656/146, 20-26=-1371/177, 10-26=-1016/153, 25-27=-202/1681,

26-27=-202/1681, 3-23=-574/202, 5-23=-679/179, 6-23=-257/1625, 6-22=0/1232, 8-25=-1738/222, 8-26=-2005/237, 12-18=-582/165, 11-20=-44/2363, 11-18=-246/899,

13-18=-558/172, 13-17=-141/357

### NOTES-(20-23)

**BOT CHORD** 

**WEBS** 

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

OFFO 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-6-8 to 5-9-2, Exterior(2N) 5-9-2 to 14-1-14, Corner(3R) 14-1-14 to 26-9-2, Exterior(2N) 26-9-2 to 36-2-14, Corner(3R) 36-2-14 to 48-10-2, Exterior(2N) 48-10-2 to 56-6-10, Corner(3E) 56-6-10 to 62-10-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry

Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1. 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough

Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs

9/20/2021

WOINER

20/202

d and Winning teuwerit with sightparlisme loads and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded Continued on page vertically. Applies billy of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC	
21-5646-R01	R12	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:38 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-G9JqZUIL5aViE6T9oar2OIZ?BgWSfD3\_8uUCbUybOal

## NOTES-

- 7) WARNING: This long span truss requires extreme care and experience for proper and safe handling and erection. For general handling and erection guidance, see Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses ("BCSI"), jointly produced by SBCA and TPI. The building owner or the owner's authorized agent shall contract with a qualified registered design professional for the design and inspection of the temporary installation restraint/bracing and the permanent individual truss member restraint/bracing. MiTek assumes no responsibility for truss manufacture, handling, erection, or bracing.
- 8) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 9) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 10) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 11) The Fabrication Tolerance at joint 20 = 16%
- 12) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 13) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 14) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 15) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 25-27, 26-27
- 16) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 20-22
- 17) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 20.
- 18) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 19) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.
- 20) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 21) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 22) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 23) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANEŇŤ RESTRÁING/BRĂCINĞ OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



.lob Truss Truss Type Qty 49786-0196 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC 21-5646-R01 R13 Common # 28518 Job Reference (optional) 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:39 2021 Page 1 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-kLsDnqJ\_sudZrG2LMHMHxW5DA4yCOtl7NYDm7wybOak 14-6-8 5-9-0 Scale = 1:40.9 4x6 = 6.00 12 4x6 < 7-1-12 6x6 =3 B1 5 4x8 = 3x4 || 3x4 || 5-9-0 5-9-0 14-6-8 8-9-8 LOADING (psf) GRIP SPACING-CSI. DEFL. PLATES 2-0-0 (loc) I/defl L/d TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 244/190 1.15 TC 0.78 Vert(LL) -0 14 4-5 >999 240 MT20 Snow (Pf) 20.0 вс Lumber DOL 1.15 0.57 Vert(CT) -0.284-5 >600 180 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.18 Horz(CT) 0.00 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Weight: 88 lb FT = 20% Matrix-SH BCDL 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 \*Except\* TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-9-13 oc purlins, except T2: 2x4 SP SS end verticals. BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\* WFBS MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing W5: 2x4 SP No 2 be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide. **REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 6=570/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=570/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 6=-77(LC 15) Max Uplift6=-25(LC 15), 4=-21(LC 15) Max Grav 6=631(LC 20), 4=637(LC 21) FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-7=-452/100, 7-8=-436/111, 2-8=-347/125, 2-9=-390/104, 9-10=-397/85, 3-10=-538/81, 1-6=-592/143, 3-4=-555/136 WEBS 1-5=-65/433, 3-5=0/255

(9-12)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 4-11-6, Exterior(2R) 4-11-6 to 9-7-2, Exterior(2E) 9-7-2 to 14-4-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

\* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

- standard ANSI/TPI 1.

  9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

  10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Rearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Rearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition.

structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

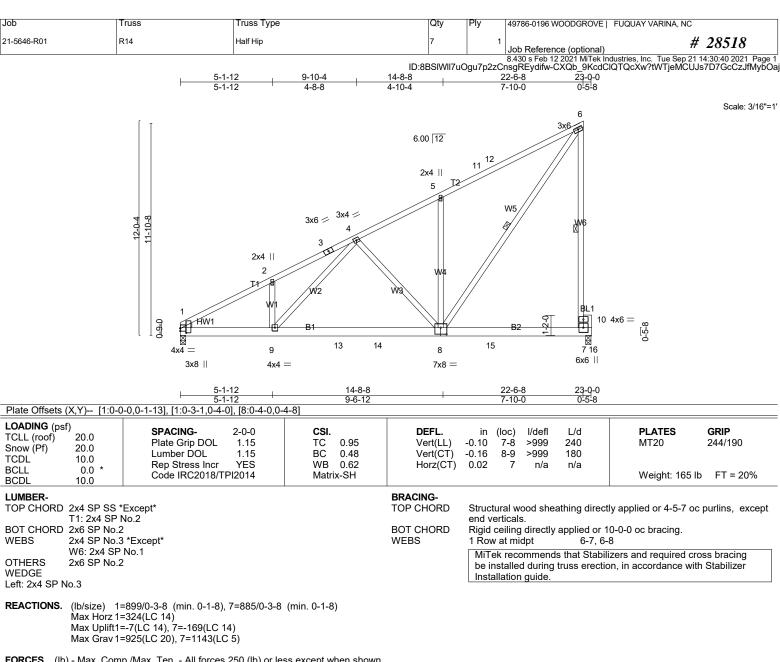
12) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED

AMINIMI IM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE

AMINIMI IM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

9/20/2021

MORRIS MO LOAD CASE(S) Standard Warning !--Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 $1-2 = -1586/0, \ 2-3 = -1531/55, \ 3-4 = -1446/74, \ 4-5 = -870/0, \ 5-11 = -971/78, \ 11-12 = -892/82,$ TOP CHORD

6-12=-845/103, 7-10=-982/197, 6-10=-1004/202

**BOT CHORD** 1-9=-262/1306, 9-13=-204/978, 13-14=-204/978, 8-14=-204/978 **WEBS** 4-9=-88/498, 4-8=-397/116, 5-8=-560/191, 6-8=-217/1300

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 5-1-12, Interior(1) 5-1-12 to 17-7-2, Exterior(2E) 17-7-2 to 22-4-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to hearing plate constitution.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

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Warning!—Verify design parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters snown, and is not an individual outlands component to the continued on page 2 vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-5646-R01	R14	Half Hip	7	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:40 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-CXQb\_9KcdClQTQcXw?tWTjeMCUJs7D7GcCzJfMybOaj

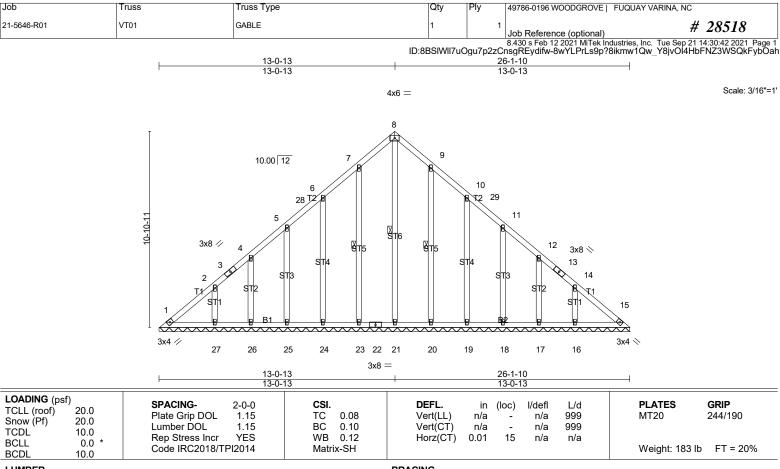
- 8) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 9) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 10) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

  11) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



9/20/2021



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WFBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Row at midnt 8-21 7-23 9-20

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. All bearings 26-1-10.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-189(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 20, 19, 18, 17, 16, 15 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 26, 27, 17, 16, 15 except 21=275(LC 22), 23=264(LC 19), 24=252(LC 19), 25=267(LC 19), 20=261(LC 20), 19=253(LC 20), 18=267(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(10-13)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-4-13 to 5-0-13, Interior(1) 5-0-13 to 8-3-3, Exterior(2R) 8-3-3 to 17-10-6, Interior(1) 17-10-6 to 20-11-3, Exterior(2E) 20-11-3 to 25-8-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

\* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit

Graphical bracing representation does not depict the Size, type of the English Bracing representation does not depict the Size, type of the English Bracing representation does not depict the Size, type of the English Bracing symbols are not considered in the Structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing SIMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED POSTOM CHORD. AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

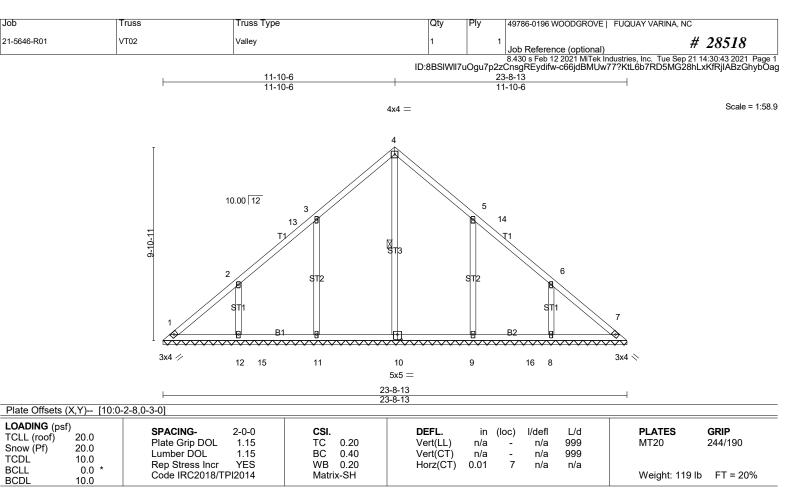
standard ANSI/TPI 1.

10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are only graphical bracing the truss to support the loads indicated.

12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support. NEER BRITAIN TO THE PARTY OF TH NOINE ARK K. MORR

9/20/2021



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 2x4 SP No 3 **OTHERS** 

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WFBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

1 Row at midpt 4-10

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 23-8-13.

- Max Horz 1=171(LC 9)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1 except 11=-119(LC 12), 12=-112(LC 12), 9=-121(LC 13), 8=-112(LC

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7 except 10=440(LC 22), 11=539(LC 19), 12=379(LC 19), 9=524(LC 20), 8=383(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WFBS 3-11=-271/162, 5-9=-270/162

NOTES-(10-13)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-4-13 to 5-2-7, Interior(1) 5-2-7 to 7-0-13, Exterior(2R) 7-0-13 to 16-8-0, Interior(1) 16-8-0 to 18-6-6, Exterior(2E) 18-6-6 to 23-3-15 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

  8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 11=119, 12=112, 9=121, 8=112.

  9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections P500.11.1.
- standard ANSI/TPI 1.

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9/20/2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	49786-0196 WOODGROVE   FUQUAY VARINA, NC
21-5646-R01	VT02	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 28518

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:44 2021 Page 2 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-4Jg6qXN6hQFsy1wJ9rySeZpDu5hA36hsXqxXp7ybOaf

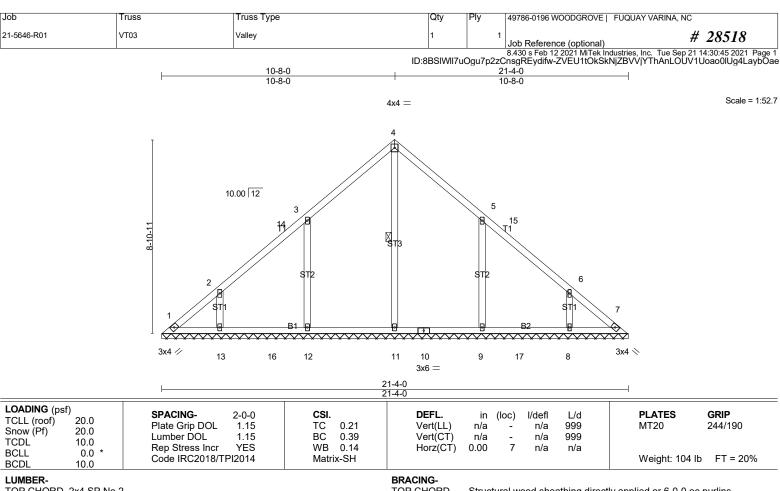
- 10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the
- 12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.

  13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS
- OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



9/20/2021



TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WFBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Row at midnt 4-11

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. All bearings 21-4-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-153(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7, 13, 8 except 12=-124(LC 12), 9=-124(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7 except 11=438(LC 22), 12=514(LC 19), 13=291(LC 19), 9=514(LC 20), 8=292(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. **WEBS** 

3-12=-277/166. 5-9=-277/165

NOTES-(10-13)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-4-13 to 5-2-7, Interior(1) 5-2-7 to 5-10-6, Exterior(2R) 5-10-6 to 15-5-10, Interior(1) 15-5-10 to 16-1-9, Exterior(2E) 16-1-9 to 20-11-3 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- y 10-0 wide will fit (Like Inc.) 12=124, 9=124.

  9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

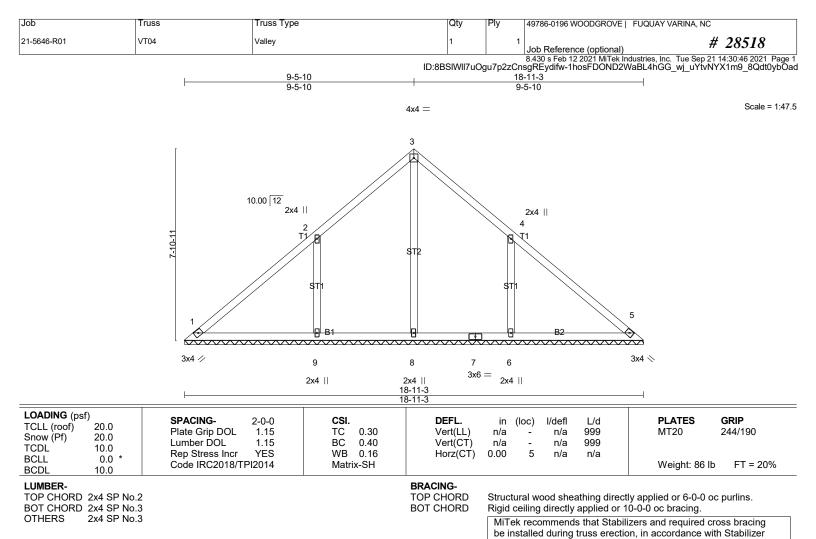
  10) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the that the member must be braced. \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit

- 11) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 12) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trussés for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing.
- 13) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING

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Installation guide.

All bearings 18-11-3. REACTIONS.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-136(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1 except 9=-157(LC 12), 6=-156(LC 13)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 8=413(LC 22), 9=543(LC 19), 6=543(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. WEBS 2-9=-330/190, 4-6=-330/190

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-4-13 to 5-5-10, Exterior(2R) 5-5-10 to 13-5-10, Exterior(2E) 13-5-10 to 18-6-6 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 9=157, 6=156.
- standard ANSI/TPI 1.

  9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

  10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

  11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines installing. 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced

- 12) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

9/20/2021

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Truss Type .lob Truss Qty 49786-0196 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC VT05 21-5646-R01 Valley # 28518 Job Reference (optional) 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:47 2021 Page 1 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-VuLESZP?\_LeRpVfuqzV9FCRk0JjhGVZIDo9BPSybOac 16-6-6 8-3-3 Scale = 1:41.3 4x4 = 10.00 12 2x4 || 2x4 || 2 ۴ 5 3x4 // 3x4 < 9 12 8 13 6 3x6 =2x4 || 2x4 || 2x4 || 16-6-6 16-6-6 LOADING (psf) SPACING-GRIP CSI. DEFL. L/d PLATES 2-0-0 I/defl (loc) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 244/190 1.15 TC 0.21 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 Snow (Pf) 20.0 вс Lumber DOL 1.15 0.41 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.13 Horz(CT) 0.00 5 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Weight: 73 lb FT = 20% Matrix-SH BCDL 10.0 BRACING-LUMBER-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3

All bearings 16-6-6. REACTIONS.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-118(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1 except 9=-133(LC 12), 6=-133(LC 13)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 8=420(LC 22), 9=439(LC 19), 6=439(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS 2-9=-282/165, 4-6=-282/165

NOTES-

OTHERS

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-4-13 to 5-2-7, Exterior(2R) 5-2-7 to 11-3-15, Exterior(2E) 11-3-15 to 16-1-9 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 9=133, 6=133.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced

- standard ANSI/TPI 1.

  9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

  10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

  11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines installing.
- 12) SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

9/20/2021

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MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

Installation guide.

Truss Type .lob Truss Qty 49786-0196 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC VT06 21-5646-R01 Valley # 28518 Job Reference (optional) 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:48 2021 Page 1 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-z4vcguQdlfmlQfE4Og0OoPzwli4P?yHSRSvkyvybOab 14-1-10 7-0-13 7-0-13 Scale = 1:35.1 4x4 = 3 10 10.00 12 2x4 || 2x4 || 3x4 💉 3x4 // 8 11 7 12 6 2x4 || 2x4 || 2x4 || 14-1-10 14-1-10 LOADING (psf) GRIP SPACING-CSI. DEFL. L/d PLATES 2-0-0 in I/defl TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 244/190 1.15 TC 0.18 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 Snow (Pf) 20.0 вс Lumber DOL 1.15 0.31 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.10 Horz(CT) 0.00 5 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Weight: 61 lb FT = 20% Matrix-SH BCDL 10 0 BRACING-LUMBER-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 BOT CHORD

2x4 SP No.3

All bearings 14-1-10. (lb) - Max Horz 1=-100(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1 except 8=-115(LC 12), 6=-115(LC 13)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=386(LC 19), 8=345(LC 19), 6=345(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

OTHERS

REACTIONS.

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-4-13 to 5-2-7, Exterior(2R) 5-2-7 to 8-11-3, Exterior(2E) 8-11-3 to 13-8-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough
- Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 8=115, 6=115
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

ROFESO. 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI - Guide to Good Practice for Handling,

Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing 12) SEE BČŠI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR ŘECŎMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS

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MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

Installation guide.

Truss Type .lob Truss Qtv 49786-0196 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC 21-5646-R01 VT07 Valley # 28518 Job Reference (optional) 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:49 2021 Page 1 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-RGT?tERFVzu82ooGyOYdKdW5t6RGkPzbg6eIULybOaa 5-10-6 11-8-13 5-10-6 5-10-6 Scale = 1:29.3 4x4 = 3 10 10.00 12 2x4 || 4 2x4 ||  $\sim$ 8 7 6 3x4 / 3x4 N 2x4 || 11-8-13 2x4 | 2x4 || 11-8-13 LOADING (psf) GRIP SPACING-CSI DEFL. **PLATES** 2-0-0 in I/defl L/d (loc) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 244/190 1.15 TC 0.19Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 Snow (Pf) 20.0 вс Lumber DOL 1.15 0.21 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.07 Horz(CT) 0.00 5 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Weight: 48 lb FT = 20% Matrix-SH BCDL 10 0 LUMBER-BRACING-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

All bearings 11-8-13. REACTIONS.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=82(LC 9)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 8=-110(LC 12), 6=-110(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 7 except 8=303(LC 19), 6=302(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

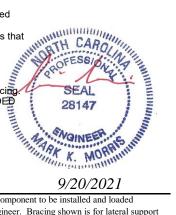
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-4-13 to 5-2-7, Exterior(2R) 5-2-7 to 6-6-6, Exterior(2E) 6-6-6 to 11-3-15 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 8=110 6=110
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
- 11) Web bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing
- 12) SEE BČŠI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR ŘECŎMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES. IN ADDITION TO THESE MINIMUM GUIDELINES, ALWAYS CONSULT THE PROJECT ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL BRACING CONSIDERATIONS

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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Truss Type .lob Truss Qty 49786-0196 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC 21-5646-R01 VT08 Valley # 28518 Job Reference (optional) 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:50 2021 Page 1 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-vS1N5aRtGG0?gyNSV53stq3FzWmxTtQlvmOr0nybOaZ 4-8-0 9-4-0 4-8-0 4-8-0 Scale = 1:25.5 4x4 = 10.00 12 2x4 // 2x4 💉 2x4 || 9-4-0 LOADING (psf) SPACING-GRIP CSI. DEFL. **PLATES** 2-0-0 in I/defl L/d (loc) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 244/190 1.15 TC 0.23 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 Snow (Pf) 20.0 вс Lumber DOL 1.15 0.31 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.05 Horz(CT) 0.00 3 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Weight: 35 lb FT = 20% Matrix-SH BCDL 10.0 BRACING-LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=175/9-4-0 (min. 0-1-8), 3=175/9-4-0 (min. 0-1-8), 4=332/9-4-0 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=-64(LC 8)

Max Uplift1=-13(LC 13), 3=-21(LC 13)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

(9-12)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16: Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph: TCDL=5.0psf: BCDL=5.0psf: h=23ft: Cat. II: Exp B: Enclosed: MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the
- web pracing shown is for lateral support the loads indicated.

  Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES IN CONSIDERATIONS

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  CONSIDERATIONS 12) SEE BČŠI-B3 SUMMĀRY SHĒET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WĒB MEMBERS FOR ŘECŎMMENDED

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.lob Truss Truss Type Qty 49786-0196 WOODGROVE | FUQUAY VARINA, NC 21-5646-R01 VT09 Valley # 28518 Job Reference (optional) 8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 21 14:30:51 2021 Page 1 ID:8BSIWII7uOgu7p2zCnsgREydifw-NfbIlwSV1a8sH6yf3pa5Q2bRZw8SCK2u8Q7OYDybOaY 6-11-3 3-5-10 Scale = 1:19.8 4x4 = 2 10.00 12 ST 4 2x4 / 2x4 × 2x4 || 6-11-3 6-11-3 LOADING (psf) SPACING-GRIP CSI. DEFL. PLATES 2-0-0 in I/defl L/d TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 244/190 1.15 TC 0.18 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 Snow (Pf) 20.0 вс Lumber DOL 1.15 0.16 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.03 Horz(CT) 0.00 3 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Weight: 26 lb FT = 20% Matrix-P BCDL 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 BOT CHORD OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 1=140/6-11-3 (min. 0-1-8), 3=140/6-11-3 (min. 0-1-8), 4=210/6-11-3 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=46(LC 11) Max Uplift1=-18(LC 13), 3=-23(LC 13)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

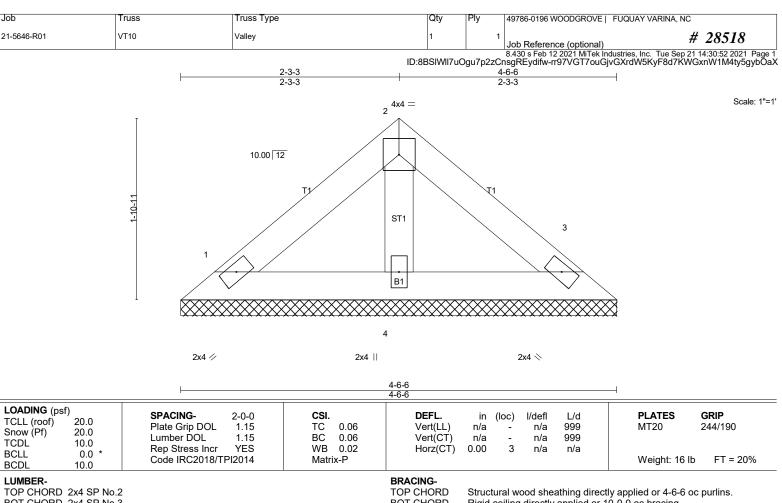
## (9-12)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16: Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph: TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the
- vveo pracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Refer to BCSI Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WER PLANES IN ACCUMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS. 12) SEE BČŠI-B3 SUMMĀRY SHĒET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WĒB MEMBERS FOR ŘECŎMMENDED CONSIDERATIONS.

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BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=85/4-6-6 (min. 0-1-8), 3=85/4-6-6 (min. 0-1-8), 4=128/4-6-6 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=28(LC 9)

Max Uplift1=-11(LC 13), 3=-14(LC 13)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

(9-12)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16: Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph: TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 9) Graphical bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the member. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the
- web pracing shown is for lateral support the loads indicated.

  Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses for additional bracing guidelines, including diagonal bracing SEE BCSI-B3 SUMMARY SHEET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WEB MEMBERS FOR RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BRACING REQUIREMENTS OF TOP CHORD, BOTTOM CHORD, AND WEB PLANES IN CONSIDERATIONS

  CONSIDERATIONS

  CONSIDERATIONS 12) SEE BČŠI-B3 SUMMĀRY SHĒET- PERMANENT RESTRAING/BRACING OF CHORDS & WĒB MEMBERS FOR ŘECŎMMENDED CONSIDERATIONS.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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