Carter Components (Sanford), Sanford, NC - 27332,

Run: 8.53 S  Dec 6 2021 Print: 8.530 S Dec 6 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jan 31 07:27:01      Page: 1
ID:60p?SPZuXd_fBU5neHdmsSzhhTb-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f
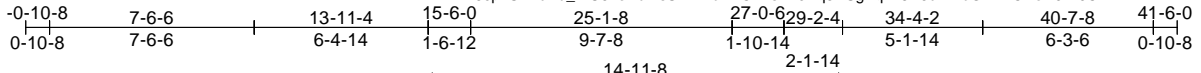
REPAIR: REPLACE 4-0-0 OF COLLAR TIE BEGINNING 2-0-0 RIGHT OF JOINT 20

INSTALL 2 X 4 SPF/DF/SP NO.2 CUT TO FIT TIGHT.
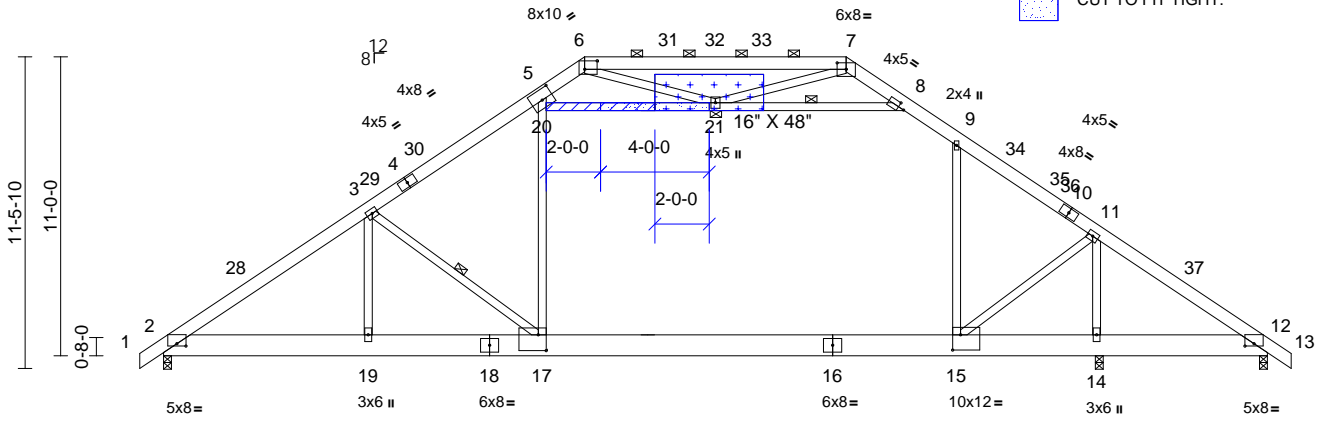


APPLY 2 X 4 X 4' SPF/DF/SP NO.2 SCAB(S) TO EACH FACE OF TRUSS CENTERED ON SPLICE. ATTACH WITH (0.131" X 3") NAILS PER THE FOLLOWING NAIL SCHEDULE: 2 x 3'S - 1 ROW, 2 x 4'S - 2 ROWS, 2 x 6'S AND LARGER - 3 ROWS: SPACED @ 4" O.C. STAGGER NAIL SPACING FROM FRONT FACE AND BACK FACE FOR A NET 2" O.C SPACING IN THE TRUSS. USE 2" MEMBER END DISTANCE.

ATTACH 1/2" PLYWOOD OR OSB GUSSET (15/32" RATED SHEATHING 32/16 EXP 1) TO EACH FACE OF TRUSS WITH (0.131" X 2.5" MIN.) NAILS PER THE FOLLOWING NAIL SCHEDULE: 2 X 3'S - 2 ROWS, 2 X 4'S - 3 ROWS, 2 X 6'S AND LARGER - 4 ROWS: SPACED @ 4" O.C. NAILS TO BE DRIVEN FROM BOTH FACES. STAGGER SPACING FROM FRONT TO BACK FACE FOR A NET 2" O.C. SPACING IN EACH COVERED TRUSS MEMBER. USE 2" MEMBER END DISTANCE.
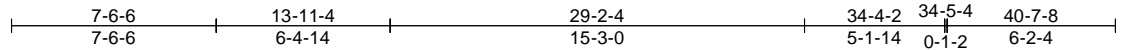
Scale = 1:84.8

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-4-0,0-1-1], [5:0-5-0,0-4-8], [6:0-5-8,0-3-12], [7:0-4-0,0-2-13], [8:0-2-11,0-2-0], [12:0-4-0,0-1-1], [15:0-3-8,0-6-12], [17:0-3-8,0-7-0]

| Loading | (psf) | Spacing | 2-0-0 | CSI | | DEFL | in | (loc) | l/defl | L/d | PLATES | GRIP |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TCLL (roof) | 20.0 | Plate Grip DOL | 1.15 | TC | 0.96 | Vert(LL) | -0.34 | 15-17 | >999 | 240 | MT20 | 244/190 |
| Snow (Pf) | 20.0 | Lumber DOL | 1.15 | BC | 0.46 | Vert(CT) | -0.56 | 15-17 | >730 | 180 | | |
| TCDL | 10.0 | Rep Stress Incr | YES | WB | 0.85 | Horz(CT) | 0.03 | 12 | n/a | n/a | | |
| BCLL | 0.0* | Code | IRC2018/TPI2014 | Matrix-MSH | | Attic | -0.21 | 15-17 | >887 | 360 | | |
| BCDL | 10.0 | | | | | | | | | | Weight: 366 lb | FT = 20% |

**LUMBER**
TOP CHORD  2x6 SP No.2 *Except* 4-6:2x6 SP 2400F 2.0E
BOT CHORD  2x10 SP 2400F 2.0E
WEBS  2x4 SP No.3 *Except*
17-3,9-15,15-11,20-8:2x4 SP No.2, 5-17:2x4 SP No.1

**BRACING**
TOP CHORD  Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except
2-0-0 oc purlins (2-2-0 max.): 6-7.
BOT CHORD  Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS  1 Row at midpt  3-17, 8-21
JOINTS  1 Brace at Jt(s): 21

**REACTIONS** (lb/size)  2=1793/0-3-8, 12=1042/0-3-8, 14=1126/0-3-8
Max Horiz  2=-257 (LC 12)
Max Uplift  2=-19 (LC 14), 12=-98 (LC 14), 14=-164 (LC 15)
Max Grav  2=2035 (LC 48), 12=1086 (LC 42), 14=1910 (LC 50)

**FORCES**  (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD  1-2=0/31, 2-3=-3131/18, 3-5=-2702/0, 5-6=-1546/139, 6-7=-1293/103, 7-8=-1060/297, 8-9=-2142/59, 9-11=-2643/8, 11-12=-1580/283, 12-13=0/31
BOT CHORD  2-19=-47/2736, 17-19=-47/2736, 15-17=0/2106, 14-15=-214/1296, 12-14=-214/1296
WEBS  3-19=-47/333, 3-17=-921/239, 17-20=0/1238, 5-20=0/1257, 9-15=-141/767, 11-15=0/1466, 11-14=-2220/50, 20-21=-626/0, 8-21=-2154/0, 6-21=-628/84, 7-21=0/982

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 3-2-4, Interior (1) 3-2-4 to 9-9-1, Exterior(2R) 9-9-1 to 30-10-7, Interior (1) 30-10-7 to 37-5-4, Exterior(2E) 37-5-4 to 41-6-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
9) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 8-9, 20-21, 8-21;  Wall dead load (5.0psf) on member(s).17-20, 9-15
10) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (5.0 psf) applied only to room. 15-17
11) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2, 14, and 12. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
14) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.
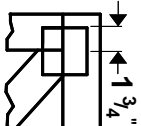
**LOAD CASE(S)**  Standard

January 31,2022

**NOTES**

ENGINEERING BY
**TRENCO**
A MiTek Affiliate

818 Soundside Road
Edenton, NC 27932

# Symbols

## PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated.
Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths.
Apply plates to both sides of truss and fully embed teeth.

↕ 1 ³⁄₄ "

0-¹⁄₁₆"

For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- ¹⁄₁₆" from outside edge of truss.

=

This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

**\* Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.**

## PLATE SIZE

## 4 x 4

The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

## LATERAL BRACING LOCATION

Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated.

## BEARING

Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur. Min size shown is for crushing only.

## Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCSI: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

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# Numbering System

**dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths**
(Drawings not to scale)

6-4-8

TOP CHORD

1    2    3

TOP CHORDS

C1-8    C1-2    C2-3

C7-8    W1-7    W2-7    WEBS    C3-4

8    7    6    5

BOTTOM CHORDS

C6-7    W3-7    W3-6    W4-6

C5-6    C4-5

4

TOP CHORD

**CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.**

**JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.**

## PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ESR1988
ER-3907, ESR-2362, ESR-1397, ESR-3282

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

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# ⚠ General Safety Notes

## Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI.

2. Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative T or I bracing should be considered.

3. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.

4. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.

5. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.

6. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.

7. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.

8. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.

9. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.

10. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.

11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.

12. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.

13. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.

14. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.

15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.

16. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.

17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.

18. Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.

19. Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.

20. Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.

21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.