

REACTIONS. All bearings 33-4-0.

Max Horz 2=147(LC 11) (lb) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 28, 27, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 28, 27, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

 Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=125mph (3-second gust) Vasd=99mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=33ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-8-0, Exterior(2N) 2-8-0 to 16-8-0, Corner(3R) 16-8-0 to 20-0-0, Exterior(2N) 20-0-0 to 33-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 28, 27, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21.

10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8, 9, 2.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



6) This trues is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10, 2 except (jt=lb) 8=102.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

\* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit 5) between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8, 2.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



(lb) - Max Horz 2=86(LC 11) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 20, 21, 22, 23, 18, 17, 15, 14, 12

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 18, 17, 15, 14, 12

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=125mph (3-second gust) Vasd=99mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-4-0, Exterior(2N) 2-4-0 to 10-4-0, Corner(3R) 10-4-0 to 13-4-0, Exterior(2N) 13-4-0 to 21-6-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

\* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit 8) ' between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 20, 21, 22, 23, 18, 17, 15, 14, 12.

10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Continued on page 2

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	
KELLY 22-52-09	B03	Common Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional)
Carolina Structural Systems, Star, NC 27356			un: 8.420 s Feb 10 ID:KceF	2021 Print: wG7y3ILn	8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Oct 13 12:03:30 2021 Page 2 KoF4owlohVyTryG-fwJjdFOVhxTgti65hLJfLikwiSC5Z7v15XIH71yTrah

LOAD CASE(S) Standard 1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.00 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-5=-60, 1-5=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 8=-125(B) 14=-125(B) 15=-125(B) 16=-125(B) 17=-125(B) 18=-125(B) 19=-125(B) 20=-125(B) 21=-125(B) 22=-132(B)



(lb) - Max Horz 2=-53(LC 10) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 12, 13, 14, 11, 10

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

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 Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=125mph (3-second gust) Vasd=99mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2N) 2-0-0 to 6-0-0, Corner(3R) 6-0-0 to 9-0-0, Exterior(2N) 2-0-0 to 6-0-0, Corner(3R) 6-0-0 to 9-0-0. Exterior(2N) 9-0-0 to 12-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed, C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit 8) between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10. 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 6-0-0, Exterior(2R) 6-0-0 to 9-0-0, Interior(1) 9-0-0 to 12-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.

6) This trues is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TP1 1.



# LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.00

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply		
KELLY 22-52-09	C03	Common Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional)	
Carolina Structural Systems, Star, NC 27356			Run: 8.420 s Feb 10 2021 Print: 8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Oct 13 12:03:33 2021 Page 2 ID:KceFwG7y3ILnKoF4owlohVyTryG-3V?rFGQN_srFk9rgMTtMzLMILf25mNLTnVXyjMyTrae			

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-3=-60, 1-3=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 1=-1406(B) 6=-1402(B) 8=-1314(B) 9=-1399(B) 10=-1313(B) 11=-1313(B) 12=-1313(B)



NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=125mph (3-second gust) Vasd=99mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 8-10-0, Exterior(2R) 8-10-0 to 11-10-0, Exterior(2R) 8-10-0 to 11-10-0 Interior(1) 11-10-0 to 17-0-7 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5, 9, 6.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



### NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=125mph (3-second gust) Vasd=99mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 4-10-0, Exterior(2R) 4-10-0 to 7-10-0, Interior(1) 7-10-0 to 9-0-7 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

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6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPL1.

<sup>1)</sup> Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 1=176/5-7-0 (min. 0-1-8), 3=176/5-7-0 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=17(LC 11) Max Uplift1=-6(LC 12), 3=-6(LC 12)

# NOTES-

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=125mph (3-second gust) Vasd=99mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

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6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

<sup>1)</sup> Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
  Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=125mph (3-second gust) Vasd=99mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 8-5-8, Exterior(2R) 8-5-8 to 11-5-8, excertion (2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 8-5-8, Exterior(2R) 8-5-8 to 11-5-8, excertion (2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 8-5-8, Exterior(2R) 8-5-8 to 11-5-8, excertion (2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 8-5-8, Exterior(2R) 8-5-8 to 11-5-8, excertion (2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 8-5-8, Exterior(2R) 8-5-8 to 11-5-8, excertion (2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 8-5-8, excertion (2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 8-5-8, excertion (2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 8-5-8, excertion (2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 8-5-8, excertion (2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 8-5-8, excertion (2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 8-5-8, excertion (2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 8-5-8, excertion (2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 8-5-8, excertion (2E) 0-7-9 to 8-5-8, e Interior(1) 11-5-8 to 16-3-7 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 9, 6.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=125mph (3-second gust) Vasd=99mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-7-9 to 3-7-9, Interior(1) 3-7-9 to 4-5-8, Exterior(2R) 4-5-8 to 7-5-8, Interior(1) 7-5-8 to 8-3-7 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

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LUMBER-
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TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-11-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=146/4-10-0 (min. 0-1-8), 3=146/4-10-0 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=14(LC 11) Max Uplift1=-5(LC 12), 3=-5(LC 12)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# NOTES-

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=125mph (3-second gust) Vasd=99mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

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7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

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6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 1=120/4-2-0 (min. 0-1-8), 3=120/4-2-0 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=12(LC 11) Max Uplift1=-4(LC 12), 3=-4(LC 12)

# NOTES-

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
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FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

<sup>1)</sup> Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

<sup>2)</sup> Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=125mph (3-second gust) Vasd=99mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60