

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: J0720-3497

Weaver / 13 West Park / Harnett Co.

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Comtech, Inc - Fayetteville.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: E14747137 thru E14747143

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2020.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



August 14,2020

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Weaver / 13 West Park / Harnett Co. E14747137 FINK 16 J0720-3497 A1 Job Reference (optional) Fayetteville, NC - 28314, 8.330 s Jul 22 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Aug 14 13:50:05 2020 Page 1 Comtech, Inc. ID:CP1eRYXLwlLzYgapavR3SHyqHLI-UbpOPXkxU5gClc3Kzdyra8B5FEVVIceRpstFebynvsW 14-6-0 21-9-0 29-10-8 0-10-8

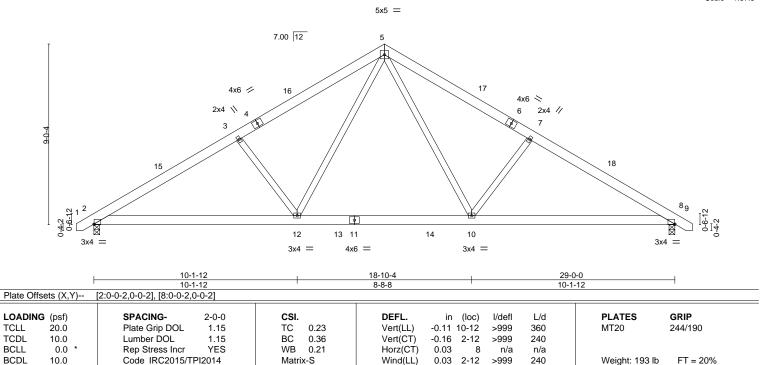
7-3-0

Scale = 1:57.5

7-3-0

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-7-7 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.



BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No 1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No 1 WFBS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. 2=0-3-8, 8=0-3-8 (size)

Max Horz 2=-213(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-77(LC 12), 8=-77(LC 13) Max Grav 2=1226(LC 19), 8=1226(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1861/386, 3-5=-1660/408, 5-7=-1661/408, 7-8=-1861/386

BOT CHORD 2-12=-214/1683, 10-12=-15/1087, 8-10=-222/1523

WFBS 3-12=-472/266, 5-12=-114/754, 5-10=-114/754, 7-10=-472/266

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-9 to 3-8-4, Interior(1) 3-8-4 to 14-6-0, Exterior(2) 14-6-0 to 18-10-13, Interior(1) 18-10-13 to 29-8-9 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8.



August 14,2020

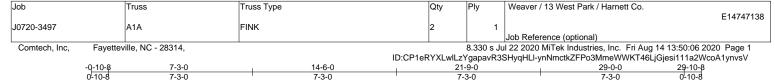


🔼 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

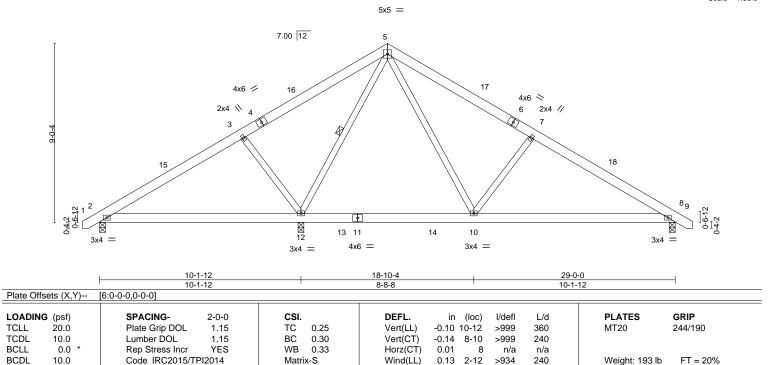
Design valid for use only with MITEKe connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building ocomponent, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Settle Vision (1998). Such 2021 Molecular MD 2006-01. fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSVTP/1 Qu Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





Scale = 1:58.0



BRACING-

WFBS

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No 1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No 1 WFBS 2x4 SP No 2

REACTIONS. 2=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8, 8=0-3-8 (size)

Max Horz 2=-213(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-54(LC 9), 12=-89(LC 12), 8=-72(LC 13) Max Grav 2=394(LC 23), 12=1293(LC 2), 8=790(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-257/85, 3-5=-43/252, 5-7=-823/199, 7-8=-1025/178

BOT CHORD 10-12=0/283 8-10=-45/809

WFBS 3-12=-504/308, 5-12=-806/126, 5-10=-73/783, 7-10=-491/275

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-9 to 3-8-4, Interior(1) 3-8-4 to 14-6-0, Exterior(2) 14-6-0 to 18-10-13, Interior(1) 18-10-13 to 29-8-9 zone; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 12, 8.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

5-12

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

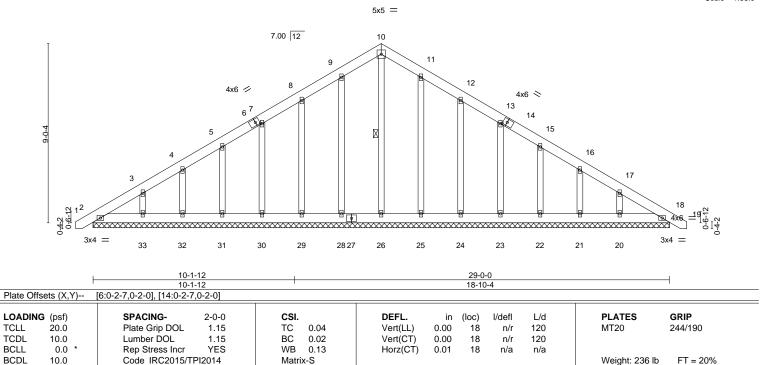
1 Row at midpt

August 14,2020



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Weaver / 13 West Park / Harnett Co. E14747139 J0720-3497 A1GE GABLE Job Reference (optional) Fayetteville, NC - 28314, 8.330 s Jul 22 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Aug 14 13:50:08 2020 Page 1 Comtech, Inc. ID:CP1eRYXLwlLzYgapavR3SHyqHLI-uAVX1Zmpn03nc4ovelVYCmpfWRcUV?itVq5vFwynvsT 14-6-0 . 29-0-0 29-10-8 0-10-8 14-6-0 14-6-0

Scale = 1:58.0



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No 1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No 1 OTHERS 2x4 SP No 2 **BRACING-**

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** WFBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Row at midpt 10-26

REACTIONS. All bearings 29-0-0

(lb) -Max Horz 2=-266(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21 except 33=-102(LC 12),

20=-100(LC 13)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 18, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-8-9 to 3-8-4, Exterior(2) 3-8-4 to 14-6-0, Corner(3) 14-6-0 to 18-10-13, Exterior(2) 18-10-13 to 29-8-9 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21 except (jt=lb) 33=102, 20=100.



August 14,2020



🔼 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal in-juny and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANS/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPI1 Qu Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Weaver / 13 West Park / Harnett Co. E14747140 J0720-3497 A1SE GABLE Job Reference (optional) Fayetteville, NC - 28314, 8.330 s Jul 22 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Aug 14 13:50:09 2020 Page 1 Comtech, Inc. ID:CP1eRYXLwlLzYgapavR3SHyqHLI-NM3vFvnSYKBeDEN5CS0nk_LnCruPEOk1kUrTnMynvsS 14-6-0 29-0-0 29-10-8 0-10-8 7-3-0

Scale = 1:59.5

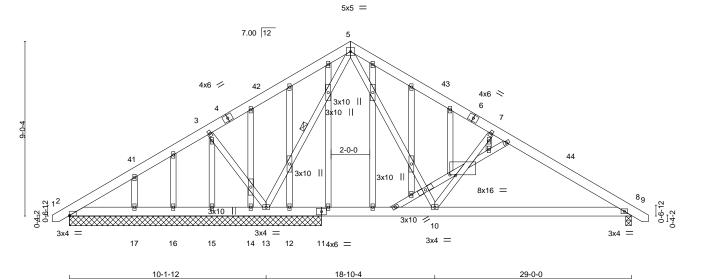


Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-0-2,Edge], [19:0-3-8,0-0-6]												
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d PLATES GRIP								
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.23	Vert(LL) -0.06 8-10 >999 360 MT20 244/190								
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.30	Vert(CT) -0.14 8-10 >999 240								
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.33	Horz(CT) 0.01 8 n/a n/a								
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S	Wind(LL) 0.03 8-10 >999 240 Weight: 268 lb FT = 20%								

8-8-8

LUMBER-

OTHERS

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No 1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 2x4 SP No.2 WFBS

BRACING-TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD**

WERS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

10-1-12

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

1 Row at midpt 5-13

REACTIONS. All bearings 13-0-0 except (jt=length) 8=0-3-8.

(lb) -Max Horz 2=-266(LC 10)

2x4 SP No.2

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 16, 17 except 13=-427(LC 12), 8=-199(LC 13)

All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 14, 15, 16, 17 except 2=303(LC 23), 13=935(LC 1), 8=760(LC Max Grav 1), 12=284(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

10-1-12

2-3=-279/112, 3-5=-58/259, 5-7=-744/288, 7-8=-950/275 TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD 12-13=0/278, 10-12=0/278, 8-10=-114/759

WEBS 3-13=-490/362, 5-13=-790/158, 5-10=-195/676, 7-10=-491/356

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-9 to 3-8-4, Interior(1) 3-8-4 to 14-6-0, Exterior(2) 14-6-0 to 18-10-13, Interior(1) 18-10-13 to 29-8-9 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 16, 17 except (jt=lb) 13=427, 8=199.



August 14,2020



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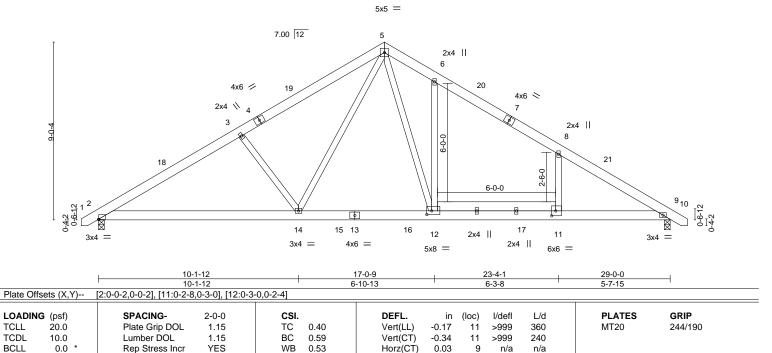
Design valid for use only with MITER® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/THI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information, evideble, feep. Thus Blothe perfects the ASI/ADIA ADIA (ADIA) (ADI fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSVTP/1 Qu Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Weaver / 13 West Park / Harnett Co. E14747141 A2 J0720-3497 DBL. FINK 5 Job Reference (optional) Fayetteville, NC - 28314, 8.330 s Jul 22 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Aug 14 13:50:10 2020 Page 1 Comtech, Inc. ID:CP1eRYXLwlLzYgapavR3SHyqHLl-rYcHSFo4JdJVrOyHlAX0HBuvPF84zotAz8a0JoynvsR 14-6-0 17-0-9 23-4-1 <u> 29-0-0</u> 29-10-8 0-10-8 7-3-0 2-6-9 6-3-8

Scale = 1:58.4



Wind(LL)

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

0.18

11 >999 240

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-5-1 oc purlins.

Weight: 213 lb

FT = 20%

LUMBER-

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 **WEBS**

10.0

2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 11-12: 2x6 SP No.1

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=-213(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-77(LC 12), 9=-77(LC 13) Max Grav 2=1205(LC 19), 9=1200(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

Code IRC2015/TPI2014

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1800/384, 3-5=-1599/405, 5-6=-1721/521, 6-8=-1489/369, 8-9=-1582/244

BOT CHORD 2-14=-213/1633. 12-14=-18/1077. 11-12=-108/1295. 9-11=-108/1295

WEBS 3-14=-486/271, 5-14=-93/654, 6-12=-649/299, 5-12=-314/1088

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-9 to 3-8-4, Interior(1) 3-8-4 to 14-6-0, Exterior(2) 14-6-0 to 18-10-13, Interior(1) 18-10-13 to 29-8-9 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

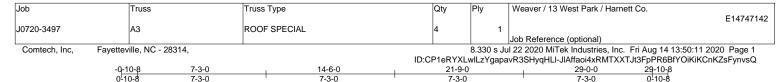
Matrix-S

- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 9.

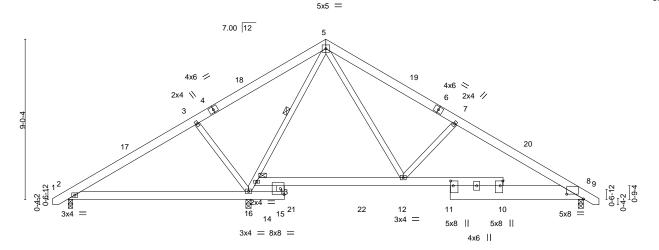


August 14,2020





Scale = 1:64.8



		1	10-1-12	'	2-0-4	6-8-4	' 2	-7-12 '	7-6-0	,	
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [8:0-11-6,0-3-4], [10:0-3-4,0-1-12], [11:0-3-4,0-1-12], [13:0-2-12,0-0-0], [15:0-2-12,0-0-0], [15:0-2-8,0-4-0]											
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in (lo	oc) I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.26	Vert(LL)	-0.08 12-	13 >999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.33	Vert(CT)	-0.11 2-	16 >999	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.24	Horz(CT)	0.02	8 n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TI	PI2014	Matri	x-S	Wind(LL)	0.12 2-	16 >984	240	Weight: 215 lb	FT = 20%

18-10-4

BRACING-

WFBS

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** 21-6-0

6-0-0 oc bracing: 2-16.

1 Row at midpt

29-0-0

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:

5-14

12-2-0

LUMBER-

REACTIONS.

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No 1

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 *Except*

8-11: 2x10 SP No.1 **WEBS**

2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

13-15: 2x6 SP No.1

(size) 2=0-3-0, 8=0-3-8, 16=0-3-8

Max Horz 2=-214(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-146(LC 8), 8=-125(LC 13), 16=-8(LC 12) Max Grav 2=346(LC 23), 8=742(LC 20), 16=1485(LC 19)

10-1-12

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-177/367, 3-5=-67/536, 5-7=-815/353, 7-8=-1061/360

BOT CHORD 8-12=-194/837

WEBS 14-16=-971/0, 5-14=-1005/0, 5-12=-77/819, 7-12=-482/271, 3-16=-502/300

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-9 to 3-8-4, Interior(1) 3-8-4 to 14-6-0, Exterior(2) 14-6-0 to 18-10-13, Interior(1) 18-10-13 to 29-8-9 zone; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 16 except (jt=lb) 2=146, 8=125.

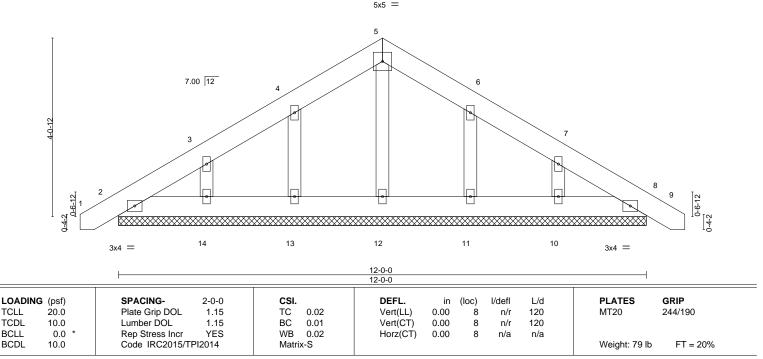


August 14,2020



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Weaver / 13 West Park / Harnett Co. E14747143 B1GE COMMON SUPPORTED GAB J0720-3497 Job Reference (optional) Fayetteville, NC - 28314, 8.330 s Jul 22 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Aug 14 13:50:13 2020 Page 1 Comtech, Inc. ID:CP1eRYXLwlLzYgapavR3SHyqHLI-F7IQ4GqybYh3irgsRI5jvqWVZSJpAHbcf5pgw7ynvsO -0-10-8 0-10-8 6-0-0 12-0-0 12-10-8 0-10-8 6-0-0 6-0-0

Scale = 1:26.2



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 **BOT CHORD** 2x6 SP No.1 2x4 SP No.2 **OTHERS**

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 12-0-0

Max Horz 2=117(LC 11)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 12, 13, 14, 11, 10

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-8-9 to 3-8-4, Exterior(2) 3-8-4 to 6-0-0, Corner(3) 6-0-0 to 10-4-13, Exterior(2) 10-4-13 to 12-8-9 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10
- 10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 2.



August 14,2020



🧥 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITEKe connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building ocomponent, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Settle Vision (1998). Such 2021 Molecular MD 2006-01. fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSVTP/1 Qu Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

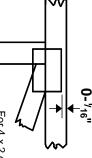


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



offsets are indicated. Center plate on joint unless x, y and fully embed teeth Apply plates to both sides of truss Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths



edge of truss. plates 0- 1/16" from outside For 4 x 2 orientation, locate

?

connector plates. required direction of slots in This symbol indicates the

* Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE



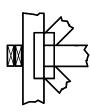
to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots. width measured perpendicular The first dimension is the plate

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated. Indicated by symbol shown and/or

BEARING



Min size shown is for crushing only number where bearings occur. reaction section indicates joint (supports) occur. Icons vary but Indicates location where bearings

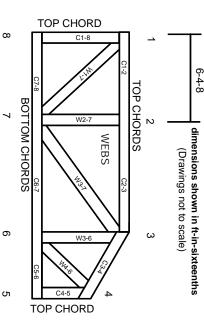
Industry Standards:

National Design Specification for Metal

DSB-89: ANSI/TPI1:

Guide to Good Practice for Handling **Building Component Safety Information** Design Standard for Bracing. Connected Wood Trusses. Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ESR1988 ER-3907, ESR-2362, ESR-1397, ESR-3282

truss unless otherwise shown. Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the

established by others. section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1

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MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property

- Damage or Personal Injury

 1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Ņ Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- ω Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- 4 Provide copies of this truss design to the building all other interested parties. designer, erection supervisor, property owner and
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other
- Place plates on each face of truss at each locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1. oint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint

6 5

- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication

œ

7.

- 9 Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- 10. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the camber for dead load deflection responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to
- Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
- 13. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted
- Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- 17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- 18. Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable project engineer before use. environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words is not sufficient. and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- 21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.