

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: 21040027-B

103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Carter Components (Sanford, NC)).

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I46179746 thru I46179772

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2021.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



May 19,2021

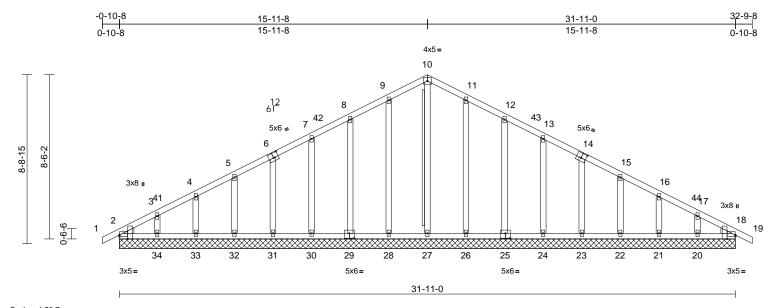
Sevier, Scott

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	A01	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I46179746

Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:07 ID:Qog5IWCIEQwb9wayC8P8e2zd73n-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

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Scale = 1:59.7

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:Edge,0-1-0], [2:0-2-8,Edge], [6:0-3-0,0-3-0], [14:0-3-0,0-3-0], [18:Edge,0-1-0]	dge,0-1-0], [18:0-2-8,Edge], [25:0-3-0,0-3-0], [29:0-3-0,0-3-0]
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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.07	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.04	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.21	Horz(CT)	0.01	18	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 200 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

**OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\* 0-0:2x4 SPF No.2(flat)

WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3

Right: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

WEBS

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

2x4 SPF No.2 - 10-27 T-Brace:

Fasten (2X) T and I braces to narrow edge of web with 10d (0.131"x3") nails, 6in

o.c., with 3in minimum end distance. Brace must cover 90% of web length.

REACTIONS (size) 2=31-11-0, 18=31-11-0, 20=31-11-0, 21=31-11-0,

22=31-11-0, 23=31-11-0, 24=31-11-0, 25=31-11-0, 26=31-11-0, 27=31-11-0,

28=31-11-0. 29=31-11-0. 30=31-11-0. 31=31-11-0. 32=31-11-0, 33=31-11-0,

34=31-11-0. 35=31-11-0. 38=31-11-0

Max Horiz 2=-133 (LC 15), 35=-133 (LC 15) Max Uplift 2=-16 (LC 10), 20=-61 (LC 15),

21=-40 (LC 15), 22=-44 (LC 15), 23=-43 (LC 15), 24=-44 (LC 15), 25=-46 (LC 15), 26=-40 (LC 15),

28=-42 (LC 14), 29=-45 (LC 14), 30=-45 (LC 14), 31=-43 (LC 14), 32=-44 (LC 14), 33=-39 (LC 14), 34=-69 (LC 14), 35=-16 (LC 10)

NOTES

WFBS

**FORCES** 

TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

Max Grav 2=137 (LC 21), 18=137 (LC 22), 20=159 (LC 35), 21=161 (LC 1), 22=159 (LC 22), 23=160 (LC 1),

24=176 (LC 22), 25=229 (LC 22), 26=245 (LC 22), 27=178 (LC 31), 28=245 (LC 21), 29=229 (LC 21),

30=176 (LC 21), 31=160 (LC 1), 32=159 (LC 21), 33=161 (LC 1),

34=159 (LC 34), 35=137 (LC 21), 38=137 (LC 22)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension 1-2=0/23, 2-3=-165/61, 3-41=-127/53

4-41=-121/69, 4-5=-91/81, 5-6=-69/100,

6-7=-56/124, 7-42=-58/142, 8-42=-52/152, 8-9=-77/199, 9-10=-95/241, 10-11=-95/241,

11-12=-77/199, 12-43=-52/152, 13-43=-58/142, 13-14=-41/106,

14-15=-41/61, 15-16=-50/26, 16-44=-66/25, 17-44=-72/16, 17-18=-108/45, 18-19=0/23

2-34=-35/140, 33-34=-35/140, 32-33=-35/140, 31-32=-35/140,

30-31=-36/141, 29-30=-36/141, 28-29=-35/140, 27-28=-35/140, 26-27=-35/140, 25-26=-35/140,

24-25=-36/141, 23-24=-36/141, 22-23=-35/140, 21-22=-35/140,

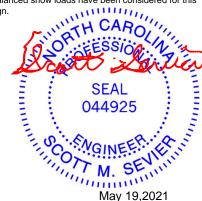
20-21=-35/140, 18-20=-35/140 10-27=-149/24. 9-28=-204/71. 8-29=-189/81.

7-30=-136/77, 6-31=-120/77, 5-32=-119/76, 4-33=-122/77, 3-34=-112/100, 11-26=-204/71, 12-25=-189/81,

13-24=-136/77, 14-23=-120/77 15-22=-119/76, 16-21=-122/77,

17-20=-112/100

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16: Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-3-13, Exterior (2N) 2-3-13 to 12-9-3, Corner(3R) 12-9-3 to 19-1-13, Exterior(2N) 19-1-13 to 29-7-3, Corner(3E) 29-7-3 to 32-9-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this desian.



Continued on page 2

Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job		Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
210	40027-B	A01	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	146179746

Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:07 ID:Qog5IWCIEQwb9wayC8P8e2zd73n-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 2

This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 16 lb uplift at joint 2, 42 lb uplift at joint 28, 45 lb uplift at joint 29, 45 lb uplift at joint 30, 43 lb uplift at joint 31, 44 lb uplift at joint 32, 39 lb uplift at joint 33, 69 lb uplift at joint 34, 40 lb uplift at joint 26, 46 lb uplift at joint 25, 44 lb uplift at joint 24, 43 lb uplift at joint 23, 44 lb uplift at joint 22, 40 lb uplift at joint 21, 61 lb uplift at joint 20 and 16 lb uplift at
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 14) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.

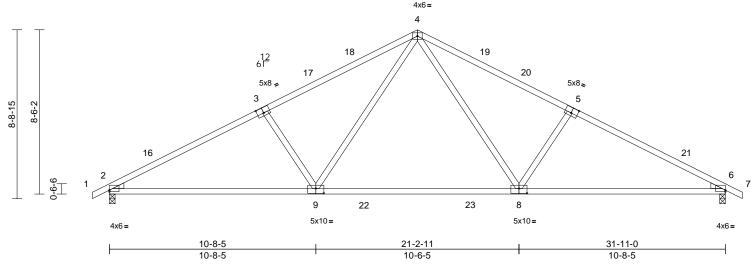
LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:09 ID:Y6YHkPzR95\_WrmUFybY8EYzd72n-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSqPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1





Scale = 1:59.7

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:Edge,0-1-0], [3:0-4-0,0-3-4], [5:0-4-0,0-3-4], [6:Edge,0-1-0], [8:0-5-0,0-3-0], [9:0-5-0,0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.92	Vert(LL)	-0.41	8-9	>927	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.95	Vert(CT)	-0.61	8-9	>629	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.39	Horz(CT)	0.07	6	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 148 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E \*Except\* 5-7,3-1:2x4 SP

No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3 Right: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

2-2-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc

bracing.

**REACTIONS** (size) 2=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8

Max Horiz 2=-133 (LC 15)

Max Uplift 2=-140 (LC 14), 6=-140 (LC 15) Max Grav 2=1442 (LC 3), 6=1442 (LC 3)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD

1-2=0/23, 2-16=-2401/231, 3-16=-2309/268,

3-17=-2175/261, 17-18=-2073/271, 4-18=-2063/289, 4-19=-2063/289,

19-20=-2073/271, 5-20=-2175/261,

5-21=-2309/268, 6-21=-2401/231, 6-7=0/23

BOT CHORD 2-9=-298/2079, 9-22=-33/1377, 22-23=-33/1377, 8-23=-33/1377,

6-8=-132/2079

WEBS 3-9=-532/263, 4-9=-113/937, 4-8=-113/937,

5-8=-532/263

### NOTES

 Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-3-13, Interior (1) 2-3-13 to 12-9-3, Exterior(2R) 12-9-3 to 19-1-13, Interior (1) 19-1-13 to 29-7-3, Exterior(2E) 29-7-3 to 32-9-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 140 lb uplift at joint 2 and 140 lb uplift at joint 6.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





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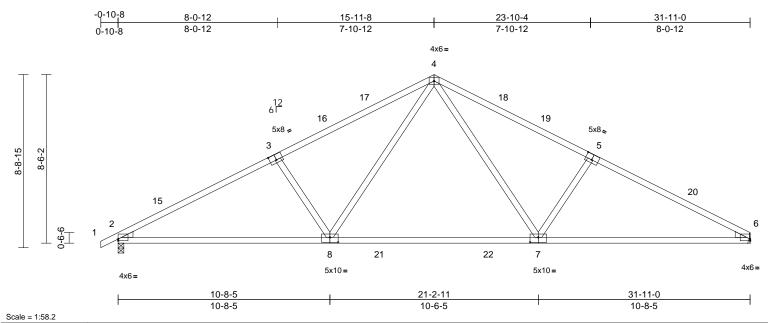


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:Edge,0-1-0], [3:0-4-0,0-3-4], [5:0-4-0,0-3-4], [6:Edge,0-1-0], [7:0-5-0,0-3-0], [8:0-5-0,0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.93	Vert(LL)	-0.41	7-8	>927	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.96	Vert(CT)	-0.61	7-8	>630	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.39	Horz(CT)	0.07	6	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 147 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E \*Except\* 1-3,5-6:2x4 SP

No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3 Right: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

2-2-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc

bracing.

**REACTIONS** (size) 2=0-3-8, 6= Mechanical

Max Horiz 2=140 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 2=-140 (LC 14), 6=-122 (LC 15) Max Grav 2=1442 (LC 3), 6=1397 (LC 3)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

1-2=0/23. 2-15=-2402/233. 3-15=-2310/271.

3-16=-2176/263, 16-17=-2074/273, 4-17=-2064/291, 4-18=-2066/296, 18-19=-2077/278, 5-19=-2179/257, 5-20=-2314/275, 6-20=-2405/238

BOT CHORD 2-8=-303/2080, 8-21=-40/1379, 21-22=-40/1379, 7-22=-40/1379,

6-7=-163/2083

WEBS 4-8=-113/937, 3-8=-532/263, 4-7=-114/941,

5-7=-535/263

### NOTES

 Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-3-13, Interior (1) 2-3-13 to 12-9-3, Exterior(2R) 12-9-3 to 19-1-13, Interior (1) 19-1-13 to 28-8-11, Exterior(2E) 28-8-11 to 31-11-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 140 lb uplift at joint 2 and 122 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

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ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	A04	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	146179749

Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:10 ID:V6qbZzEgg25mJIQE2RQXSUzd719-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1

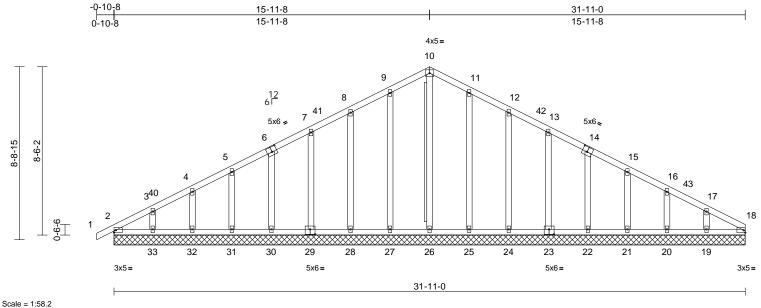


Plate Offsets (X-Y): [6:0-3-0 0-3-0] [14:0-3-0 0-3-0] [23:0-3-0 0-3-0] [29:0-3-0 0-3-0]

	,,,	[		,						
Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI	DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES

TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOI 1.15 TC 0.12 999 MT20 244/190 Vert(LL) n/a n/a Snow (Pf) 20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.09 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr WB 18 YES 0.21 Horz(CT) 0.01 n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Matrix-MSH Weight: 197 lb BCDL 10.0 FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

**OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\* 0-0:2x4 SPF No.2(flat)

BRACING

WEBS

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

10-0-0 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

2x4 SPF No.2 - 10-26

T-Brace:

Fasten (2X) T and I braces to narrow edge of web with 10d (0.131"x3") nails, 6in o.c., with 3in minimum end distance.

Brace must cover 90% of web length.

REACTIONS (size) 2=31-11-0, 18=31-11-0,

19=31-11-0, 20=31-11-0, 21=31-11-0, 22=31-11-0,

23=31-11-0, 24=31-11-0, 25=31-11-0, 26=31-11-0,

27=31-11-0, 28=31-11-0, 29=31-11-0, 30=31-11-0,

31=31-11-0, 32=31-11-0,

33=31-11-0, 34=31-11-0 Max Horiz 2=140 (LC 14), 34=140 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 2=-49 (LC 15), 19=-12 (LC 15),

20=-73 (LC 15), 21=-35 (LC 15), 22=-47 (LC 15), 23=-43 (LC 15), 24=-48 (LC 15), 25=-38 (LC 15),

27=-41 (LC 14), 28=-45 (LC 14), 29=-44 (LC 14), 30=-44 (LC 14), 31=-44 (LC 14), 32=-38 (LC 14),

33=-68 (LC 14), 34=-49 (LC 15)

Max Grav 2=112 (LC 34), 19=248 (LC 22), 20=113 (LC 35), 21=172 (LC 22), 22=155 (LC 35), 23=178 (LC 22),

24=227 (LC 22), 25=247 (LC 22), 26=252 (LC 27), 27=246 (LC 21), 28=228 (LC 21), 29=177 (LC 21),

30=159 (LC 34), 31=160 (LC 21), 32=159 (LC 34), 33=170 (LC 1),

34=112 (LC 34)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/23. 2-3=-145/141. 3-40=-102/118. 4-40=-92/146, 4-5=-62/156, 5-6=-31/164

6-7=-34/184, 7-41=-53/198, 8-41=-48/208 8-9=-72/241, 9-10=-90/282, 10-11=-90/282,

11-12=-72/241, 12-42=-48/194, 13-42=-53/184, 13-14=-34/148, 14-15=-16/104, 15-16=0/91, 16-43=-10/82,

17-43=-15/34, 17-18=-63/99 2-33=-86/81, 32-33=-56/81, 31-32=-56/81,

**BOT CHORD** 30-31=-56/81, 29-30=-56/82, 28-29=-56/81, 27-28=-56/81, 26-27=-56/81, 25-26=-56/81,

24-25=-56/81, 23-24=-56/81, 22-23=-57/82, 21-22=-56/81, 20-21=-56/81, 19-20=-56/81,

18-19=-56/81

10-26=-212/20 9-27=-206/69 8-28=-187/82

7-29=-137/77, 6-30=-120/77, 5-31=-119/77, 4-32=-120/76, 3-33=-122/106, 11-25=-208/69, 12-24=-186/82

13-23=-138/77, 14-22=-118/78, 15-21=-125/73, 16-20=-99/93,

17-19=-158/114

NOTES

WEBS

**FORCES** 

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-3-13, Exterior (2N) 2-3-13 to 12-9-3, Corner(3R) 12-9-3 to 19-1-13, Exterior(2N) 19-1-13 to 28-8-11, Corner(3E) 28-8-11 to 31-11-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

GRIP

- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this desian.



Continued on page 2

Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	A04	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I46179749

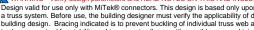
Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:10 ID:V6qbZzEgg25mJIQE2RQXSUzd719-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

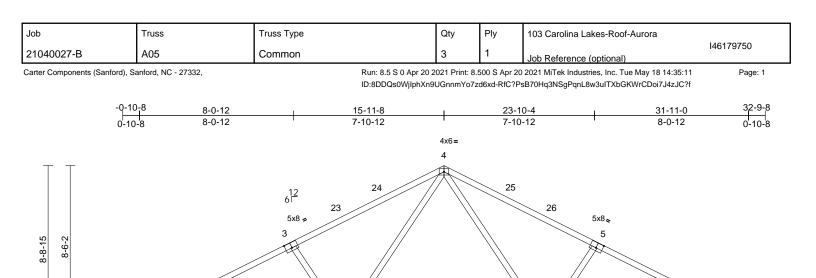
Page: 2

- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 49 lb uplift at joint 2, 41 lb uplift at joint 27, 45 lb uplift at joint 28, 44 lb uplift at joint 29, 44 lb uplift at joint 30, 44 lb uplift at joint 31, 38 lb uplift at joint 32, 68 lb uplift at joint 33, 38 lb uplift at joint 25, 48 lb uplift at joint 24, 43 lb uplift at joint 23, 47 lb uplift at joint 22, 35 lb uplift at joint 21, 73 lb uplift at joint 20, 12 lb uplift at joint 19 and 49 lb uplift at
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 14) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard







10 9 8 11 5x8= 2x4 II 2x4 ı 2x4= 4x6= 4x6= 2x4= 2x4 II 2x4 ı 5x8= 10-8-5 13-5-8 18-5-8 21-2-11 31-11-0 10-8-5 2-9-3 5-0-0 2-9-3 10-8-5 Scale = 1:60.4

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:Edge,0-0-12], [3:0-4-0,0-3-4], [5:0-4-0,0-3-4], [6:Edge,0-0-12], [8:0-4-0,0-3-4], [11:0-4-0,0-3-4]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.90	Vert(LL)	-0.22	8-21	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.87	Vert(CT)	-0.51	9-10	>749	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.52	Horz(CT)	0.08	6	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 164 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E \*Except\* 1-3,5-7:2x4 SP TOP CHORD

No.2

**BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.1

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\* 12-13:2x4 SP No.2

Left: 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE

Right: 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING** 

WFBS

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

2-2-0 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

1 Row at midpt 12-13

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8 Max Horiz 2=-133 (LC 15)

Max Uplift 2=-40 (LC 14), 6=-40 (LC 15)

Max Grav 2=1429 (LC 1), 6=1429 (LC 1)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension TOP CHORD 1-2=0/23, 2-22=-2439/15, 3-22=-2251/46,

3-23=-2168/27, 23-24=-2047/48, 4-24=-2033/65, 4-25=-2033/65,

25-26=-2047/48, 5-26=-2168/27

5-27=-2251/46, 6-27=-2439/15, 6-7=0/23

2-11=-234/2096, 10-11=0/1454, 9-10=0/1454,

**BOT CHORD** 8-9=0/1454, 6-8=0/2096

3-11=-524/272, 11-12=-56/813, 4-12=0/896, 4-13=0/896, 8-13=-55/813, 5-8=-524/272,

12-14=-78/0. 14-15=-78/0. 13-15=-78/0.

10-14=0/62, 9-15=0/62

### NOTES

**WEBS** 

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-3-13, Interior (1) 2-3-13 to 12-9-3, Exterior(2R) 12-9-3 to 19-1-13, Interior (1) 19-1-13 to 29-7-3, Exterior(2E) 29-7-3 to 32-9-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed: C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 200.0lb AC unit load placed on the bottom chord, 15-11-8 from left end, supported at two points, 5-0-0
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 40 lb uplift at joint 2 and 40 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8,500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:12 ID:d1xMTEmK2Sgwe\_s3Jv6iTrzd6w0-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

2x4 II

21-2-11

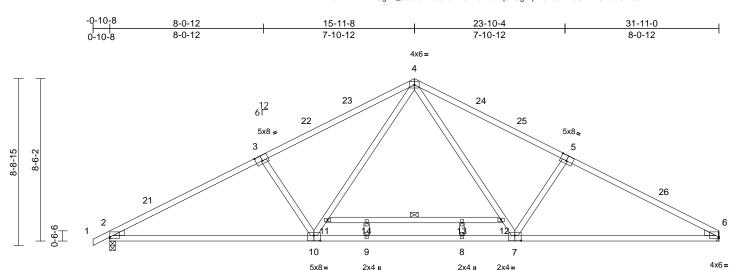
2-9-3

5x8=

31-11-0

10-8-5

Page: 1



10-8-5 Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:Edge,0-0-12], [3:0-4-0,0-3-4], [5:0-4-0,0-3-4], [6:Edge,0-0-12], [7:0-4-0,0-3-4], [10:0-4-0,0-3-4]

10-8-5

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.91	Vert(LL)	-0.22	7-17	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.87	Vert(CT)	-0.51	8-9	>750	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.53	Horz(CT)	0.08	6	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 162 lb	FT = 20%

2x4 ı

18-5-8

5-0-0

2x4=

13-5-8

2-9-3

### LUMBER

Scale = 1:60.4

2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E \*Except\* 5-6,3-1:2x4 SP TOP CHORD

4x6=

No.2

**BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.1

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\* 11-12:2x4 SP No.2

Left: 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE Right: 2x4 SP No.3

**BRACING** 

TOP CHORD

TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

WFBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

2-2-0 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

11-12 1 Row at midpt

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 6= Mechanical

Max Horiz 2=140 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 2=-40 (LC 14), 6=-22 (LC 15)

Max Grav 2=1430 (LC 1), 6=1376 (LC 1) (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

**FORCES** 

Tension 1-2=0/23, 2-21=-2440/18, 3-21=-2252/48,

3-22=-2169/29, 22-23=-2048/50, 4-23=-2034/68, 4-24=-2037/72,

24-25=-2051/55, 5-25=-2172/33,

5-26=-2256/53, 6-26=-2444/27 2-10=-240/2096, 9-10=0/1456, 8-9=0/1456,

7-8=0/1456, 6-7=0/2101 **WEBS** 

10-11=-56/812, 4-11=0/896, 4-12=0/900, 7-12=-57/817, 11-14=-78/0, 13-14=-78/0,

12-13=-78/0. 8-13=0/62. 3-10=-524/272.

5-7=-526/273, 9-14=0/62

### NOTES

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-3-13, Interior (1) 2-3-13 to 12-9-3. Exterior(2R) 12-9-3 to 19-1-13. Interior (1) 19-1-13 to 28-8-11, Exterior(2E) 28-8-11 to 31-11-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed: C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- 200.0lb AC unit load placed on the bottom chord, 15-11-8 from left end, supported at two points, 5-0-0
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 22 lb uplift at joint 6 and 40 lb uplift at joint 2.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

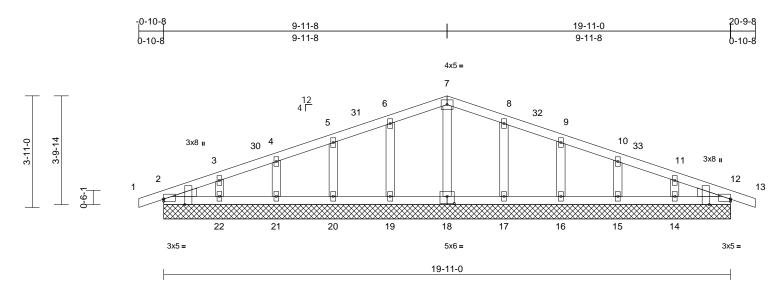
a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	B01	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	146179752

Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:12 ID:kLxR?z897Vj7TSTZ4luaZPzd790-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:40.5

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:Edge,0-0-15], [2:0-2-6,Edge], [12:Edge,0-0-15], [12:0-2-6,Edge], [	], [18:0-3-0,0-3	3-0]
---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------	------

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.07	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.03	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.05	Horz(CT)	0.00	27	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 90 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER	
TOP CHORD	

2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3 Right: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size)

14=19-11-0, 15=19-11-0, 16=19-11-0, 17=19-11-0, 18=19-11-0, 19=19-11-0, 20=19-11-0, 21=19-11-0, 22=19-11-0. 23=19-11-0. 27=19-11-0

2=19-11-0, 12=19-11-0,

Max Horiz 2=-57 (LC 19), 23=-57 (LC 19) Max Uplift 2=-29 (LC 10), 12=-38 (LC 11), 14=-36 (LC 15), 15=-34 (LC 11),

16=-33 (LC 15), 17=-37 (LC 15), 19=-37 (LC 14), 20=-33 (LC 14), 21=-34 (LC 10), 22=-40 (LC 14), 23=-29 (LC 10), 27=-38 (LC 11)

Max Grav 2=133 (LC 21), 12=133 (LC 22), 14=157 (LC 35), 15=206 (LC 22),

16=217 (LC 22), 17=231 (LC 22), 18=145 (LC 22), 19=231 (LC 21), 20=217 (LC 21), 21=206 (LC 21), 22=157 (LC 34), 23=133 (LC 21), 27=133 (LC 22)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/17, 2-3=-53/35, 3-30=-42/36,

4-30=-26/41, 4-5=-35/55, 5-31=-34/75, 6-31=-20/79, 6-7=-39/121, 7-8=-39/121, 8-32=-20/79, 9-32=-34/75, 9-10=-35/46, 10-33=0/18. 11-33=-25/10. 11-12=-26/15.

12-13=0/17

**BOT CHORD** 2-22=-13/53, 21-22=-11/53, 20-21=-11/53 19-20=-11/53, 18-19=-11/53, 17-18=-11/53,

16-17=-11/53, 15-16=-11/53, 14-15=-11/53,

12-14=-11/53

**WEBS** 7-18=-105/12, 6-19=-191/107, 5-20=-177/80, 4-21=-167/81, 3-22=-110/68, 8-17=-191/107,

9-16=-177/80, 10-15=-167/81, 11-14=-110/68

### **NOTES**

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 1-11-8, Exterior(2N) 1-11-8 to 6-11-8, Corner(3R) 6-11-8 to 12-11-8, Exterior (2N) 12-11-8 to 17-9-8, Corner(3E) 17-9-8 to 20-9-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1 00: Ct=1 10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 29 lb uplift at joint 2, 38 lb uplift at joint 12, 37 lb uplift at joint 19, 33 lb uplift at joint 20, 34 lb uplift at joint 21, 40 lb uplift at joint 22, 37 lb uplift at joint 17, 33 lb uplift at joint 16, 34 lb uplift at joint 15, 36 lb uplift at joint 14, 29 lb uplift at joint 2 and 38 lb uplift at joint 12.
- 13) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing



Continued on page 2

Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek@ connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	B01	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	146179752

Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:12 

Page: 2

14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

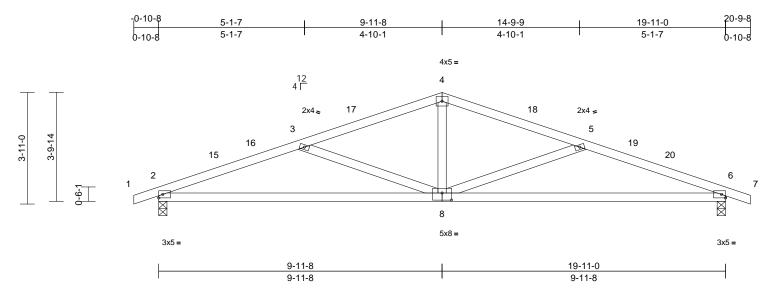
LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	B02	Common	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I46179753

Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:14 ID:ZO\_iEjfZhvTOzfXbu2eu7mzd773-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:40.5

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [8:0-4-0,0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.54	Vert(LL)	-0.15	8-11	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.93	Vert(CT)	-0.32	8-11	>747	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.35	Horz(CT)	0.05	6	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 84 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

### BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

4-0-9 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc

bracing.

**REACTIONS** (size) 2=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8

Max Horiz 2=-57 (LC 19)

Max Uplift 2=-126 (LC 10), 6=-126 (LC 11)

Max Grav 2=906 (LC 21), 6=906 (LC 22)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/17, 2-15=-1896/406, 15-16=-1850/411, 3-16=-1808/422, 3-17=-1304/278,

4-17=-1245/290, 4-18=-1245/290, 5-18=-1304/278, 5-19=-1808/422,

19-20=-1850/411, 6-20=-1896/406, 6-7=0/17

BOT CHORD 2-8=-325/1755, 6-8=-325/1755

WEBS 4-8=-2/541, 5-8=-627/201, 3-8=-627/200

### **NOTES**

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior (1) 2-1-8 to 6-11-8, Exterior(2R) 6-11-8 to 12-11-8, Interior (1) 12-11-8 to 17-9-8, Exterior(2E) 17-9-8 to 20-9-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 126 lb uplift at joint 2 and 126 lb uplift at joint 6.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

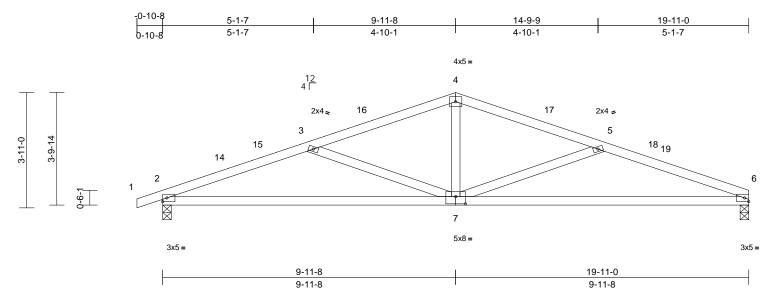




Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	B03	Common	3	1	Job Reference (optional)	

Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:14 ID:6IUA9?3Gw2djQkYwKTkdzjzd76Y-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:39.1

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [7:0-4-0,0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.54	Vert(LL)	-0.15	7-10	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.93	Vert(CT)	-0.32	7-10	>742	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.35	Horz(CT)	0.05	6	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH							1	
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 83 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No 2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

4-0-9 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8

Max Horiz 2=62 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 2=-127 (LC 10), 6=-94 (LC 11)

Max Grav 2=906 (LC 21), 6=852 (LC 22)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/17, 2-14=-1898/415, 14-15=-1852/421,

3-15=-1810/431, 3-16=-1306/289, 4-16=-1249/300, 4-17=-1249/301,

5-17=-1308/289, 5-18=-1818/449, 18-19=-1854/442, 6-19=-1906/433

BOT CHORD 2-7=-350/1757, 6-7=-371/1765

4-7=-10/543, 5-7=-634/214, 3-7=-627/200

### **WEBS** NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior (1) 2-1-8 to 6-11-8, Exterior(2R) 6-11-8 to 12-11-8, Interior (1) 12-11-8 to 16-11-0, Exterior(2E) 16-11-0 to 19-11-0 zone: cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed: C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 94 lb uplift at joint 6 and 127 lb uplift at joint 2.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



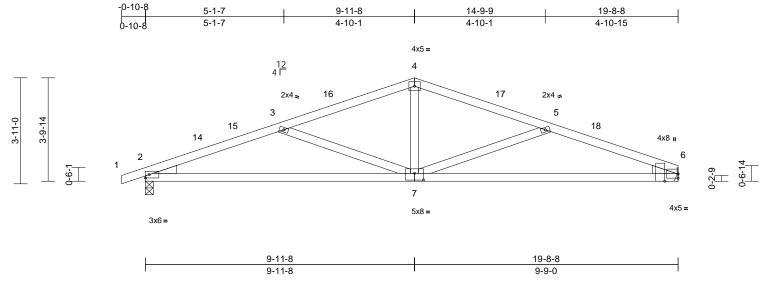
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	B04	Common	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	46179755

Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:15 ID:aCZ\_x9HZgZu9bVwOOF2riWzd76G-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f Page: 1



Scale = 1:42.6

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [6:Edge,0-1-14], [6:0-3-3,Edge], [7:0-4-0,0-3-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.55	Vert(LL)	-0.16	7-10	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.89	Vert(CT)	-0.34	7-10	>696	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.35	Horz(CT)	0.04	6	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 85 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3 Right: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

4-1-2 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-7-3 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 6= Mechanical

Max Horiz 2=63 (LC 14)

Max Uplift 2=-126 (LC 10), 6=-92 (LC 11) Max Grav 2=900 (LC 21), 6=844 (LC 22)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/17, 2-14=-1877/416, 14-15=-1832/422,

3-15=-1789/432, 3-16=-1282/291, 4-16=-1221/302, 4-17=-1221/302, 5-17=-1277/291, 5-18=-1750/438,

6-18=-1824/425

**BOT CHORD** 2-7=-352/1738, 6-7=-358/1696

WEBS 4-7=-9/526, 5-7=-590/197, 3-7=-630/198

### **NOTES**

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior (1) 2-1-8 to 6-11-8, Exterior(2R) 6-11-8 to 12-11-8, Interior (1) 12-11-8 to 16-8-8. Exterior(2E) 16-8-8 to 19-8-8 zone: cantilever left and right exposed :C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 92 lb uplift at joint
- 10) One RT7A MiTek connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

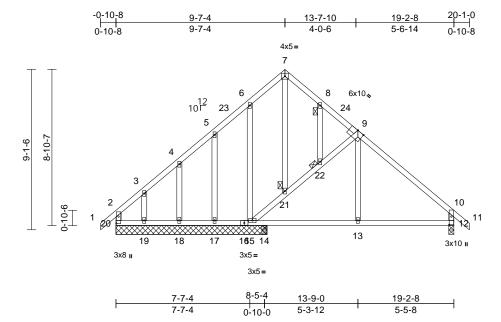


Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply 103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora 146179756 21040027-B C01 Common Structural Gable Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford), Sanford, NC - 27332

Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:15 ID:Hil1qPxACFu9nuniVnMSvlzd6uV-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

Page: 1



Scale = 1:65.5

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [12:0-5-8,0-1-8], [20:0-4-12,0-1-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	1-11-4	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.68	Vert(LL)	-0.02	13-14	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.28	Vert(CT)	-0.04	12-13	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.29	Horz(CT)	0.01	12	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 130 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

**WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\* 9-15,9-13:2x4 SP No.2

**OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

**JOINTS** 1 Brace at Jt(s): 21,

22, 8

REACTIONS (size) 12=0-3-8, 14=0-3-8, 15=8-7-0,

17=8-7-0, 18=8-7-0, 19=8-7-0,

20=8-7-0

Max Horiz 20=-220 (LC 12)

Max Uplift 12=-50 (LC 15), 15=-110 (LC 15),

17=-94 (LC 14), 18=-51 (LC 14),

19=-191 (LC 14), 20=-59 (LC 10) Max Grav 12=642 (LC 22), 14=224 (LC 7),

15=320 (LC 21), 17=186 (LC 21),

18=175 (LC 24), 19=160 (LC 12),

20=318 (LC 26)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension TOP CHORD

1-2=0/38, 2-3=-293/119, 3-4=-215/83,

4-5=-225/66, 5-23=-205/85, 6-23=-169/92, 6-7=-228/104, 7-8=-223/103, 8-24=-201/66,

9-24=-307/53, 2-20=-255/51, 10-12=-579/95, 9-10=-643/42, 10-11=0/38

**BOT CHORD** 19-20=-64/192, 18-19=-64/192,

17-18=-64/192, 16-17=-64/192, 15-16=-64/192, 14-15=0/402, 13-14=0/402,

12-13=0/404

WEBS

15-21=-314/136, 21-22=-367/168, 9-22=-304/147, 9-13=0/212, 7-21=-50/88, 6-15=-247/60, 5-17=-142/119, 4-18=-138/85,

3-19=-112/151, 8-22=-109/33

### NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior (1) 2-1-8 to 6-7-4, Exterior(2R) 6-7-4 to 12-7-4, Interior (1) 12-7-4 to 17-1-0, Exterior(2E) 17-1-0 to 20-1-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable. or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 11) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) N/A
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE
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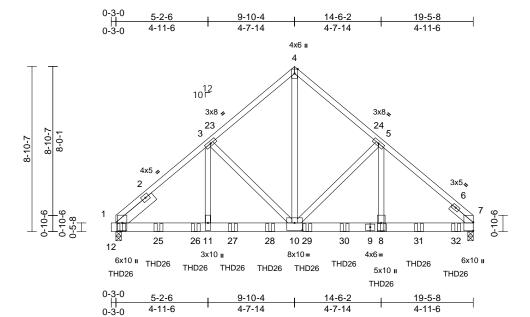
a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Ply Job Truss Truss Type Qtv 103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora 146179757 21040027-B C02 Common Girder 2 Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford), Sanford, NC - 27332

Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:16 ID:WitsIIFU4FATvtmi0EqYynzd6u5-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f



Scale = 1:61.9

Plate Offsets (X, Y):	[1:0-5-0,0-1-1],	[10:0-5-0,0-4-12]
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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	1-11-4	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.91	Vert(LL)	-0.10	8-10	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.53	Vert(CT)	-0.19	10-11	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.80	Horz(CT)	0.03	7	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 268 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP 2400F 2.0E

**WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\* 10-4:2x4 SP No.2 SLIDER Left 2x6 SP No.2 -- 2-6-0, Right 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

2-11-6 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=0-3-8, 7=0-3-8 Max Horiz

1=-182 (LC 10) Max Uplift 1=-405 (LC 12), 7=-629 (LC 13)

Max Grav 1=7704 (LC 18), 7=7162 (LC 6) **FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-5012/247, 2-3=-7372/517,

3-23=-5426/509. 4-23=-5356/541. 4-24=-5358/541, 5-24=-5439/510, 5-6=-7713/694, 6-7=-5666/430

BOT CHORD 1-12=0/0, 1-25=-419/5560, 25-26=-419/5560,

11-26=-419/5560, 11-27=-419/5560, 27-28=-419/5560, 10-28=-419/5560, 10-29=-473/5856, 29-30=-473/5856, 9-30=-473/5856, 8-9=-473/5856, 8-31=-473/5856, 31-32=-473/5856

7-32=-473/5856

**WEBS** 4-10=-581/6538, 5-10=-2438/394,

5-8=-271/2981, 3-10=-2124/194,

3-11=-27/2633

NOTES

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-7-0 oc. Web connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-7-0 oc.

All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone: cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10

Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

\* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 405 lb uplift at joint 1 and 629 lb uplift at joint 7.

10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

11) Use MiTek THD26 (With 18-16d nails into Girder & 12-10d x 1-1/2 nails into Truss) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 0-3-8 from the left end to 18-3-8 to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.

Page: 1

12) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-4=-58, 4-7=-58, 13-19=-19 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 8=-1257 (B), 15=-1361 (B), 25=-1357 (B), 26=-1357 (B), 27=-1357 (B), 28=-1257 (B),

29=-1257 (B), 30=-1257 (B), 31=-1257 (B),

32=-1257 (B)



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

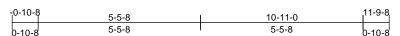
Design Valid to its 90 mly with win New Commercials. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is 10 at an individual outlining Component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

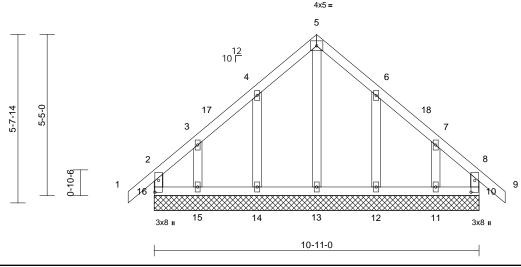
ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	D01	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	146179758

Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:16 ID:XDsImjXoBX?P3TtNT5wEwSzd74e-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f





Scale = 1:38.7

Plate Offsets (X, Y):	[10:0-4-12,0-1-8],	[16:0-4-12,0-1-8]
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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	1-11-4	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.15	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.05	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.10	Horz(CT)	0.00	10	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MR								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 64 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

### BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

REACTIONS (size)

10=10-11-0, 11=10-11-0, 12=10-11-0, 13=10-11-0, 14=10-11-0, 15=10-11-0,

16=10-11-0

16=-142 (LC 12) Max Horiz

Max Uplift 10=-41 (LC 11), 11=-95 (LC 15),

12=-73 (LC 15), 14=-73 (LC 14),

15=-99 (LC 14), 16=-59 (LC 10)

10=126 (LC 24), 11=155 (LC 22), 12=272 (LC 22), 13=170 (LC 27),

14=272 (LC 21), 15=159 (LC 24),

16=141 (LC 25)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

Max Grav

2-16=-115/96, 1-2=0/38, 2-3=-88/86,

TOP CHORD

3-17=-61/105, 4-17=-52/115, 4-5=-110/224,

5-6=-110/224, 6-18=-43/115, 7-18=-58/105,

7-8=-67/65, 8-9=0/38, 8-10=-105/96

**BOT CHORD** 15-16=-66/117, 14-15=-66/117, 13-14=-66/117, 12-13=-66/117,

11-12=-66/117, 10-11=-66/117

**WEBS** 5-13=-205/42, 4-14=-232/147,

3-15=-126/143, 6-12=-232/147,

7-11=-126/143

### NOTES

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2N) 2-1-8 to 2-5-8, Corner(3R) 2-5-8 to 8-5-8, Exterior(2N) 8-5-8 to 8-9-8, Corner(3E) 8-9-8 to 11-9-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this 5) design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 59 lb uplift at joint 16, 41 lb uplift at joint 10, 73 lb uplift at joint 14, 99 lb uplift at joint 15, 73 lb uplift at joint 12 and 95 lb uplift at ioint 11.

Page: 1

14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



May 19,2021

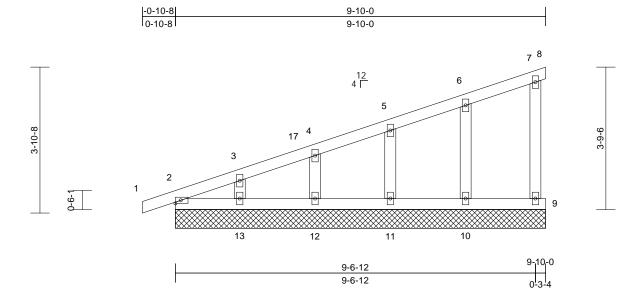
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	E01	Monopitch Supported Gable	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	I46179759

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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.06	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.03	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.04	Horz(CT)	0.00	8	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 45 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

### BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. **BOT CHORD** 

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

### REACTIONS (size)

2=9-10-0, 8=9-10-0, 9=9-10-0, 10=9-10-0, 11=9-10-0, 12=9-10-0,

13=9-10-0, 14=9-10-0 Max Horiz 2=134 (LC 10), 14=134 (LC 10)

Max Uplift 8=-3 (LC 21), 9=-22 (LC 10), 10=-33 (LC 10), 11=-35 (LC 14),

12=-31 (LC 10), 13=-50 (LC 14)

Max Grav 2=123 (LC 21), 8=0 (LC 7), 9=113 (LC 21), 10=225 (LC 21), 11=219

(LC 21), 12=204 (LC 21), 13=145

(LC 1), 14=123 (LC 21)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/17, 2-3=-230/69, 3-17=-182/43,

4-17=-175/54, 4-5=-131/41, 5-6=-81/27, 6-7=-32/20, 7-8=-9/0, 7-9=-98/72

**BOT CHORD** 2-13=-91/36, 12-13=-2/2, 11-12=-2/2,

10-11=-2/2, 9-10=-2/2

**WEBS** 6-10=-183/140, 5-11=-180/135,

4-12=-163/136, 3-13=-108/136

NOTES

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2N) 2-1-8 to 9-10-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 3 lb uplift at joint 8, 22 lb uplift at joint 9, 33 lb uplift at joint 10, 35 lb uplift at joint 11, 31 lb uplift at joint 12 and 50 lb uplift at joint 13
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

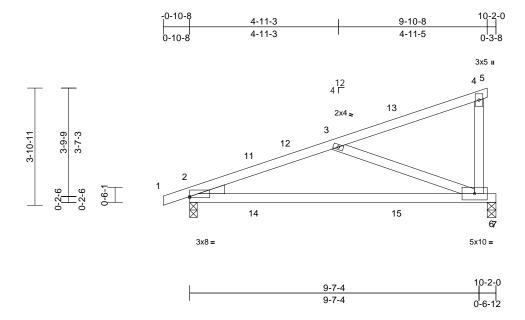
AMSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	E02	Monopitch	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	

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Page: 1



Scale = 1:38.2

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:Edge,0-0-7]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.78	Vert(LL)	0.45	7-10	>265	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.40	Vert(CT)	-0.35	7-10	>341	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.36	Horz(CT)	-0.02	2	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 45 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

2x4 SP No.1 TOP CHORD BOT CHORD 2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E

**WEBS** 2x4 SP No.2 \*Except\* 7-3:2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 8-6-10 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-0, 6=0-3-8 Max Horiz 2=135 (LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-162 (LC 10), 6=-167 (LC 10)

Max Grav 2=520 (LC 21), 6=515 (LC 21)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/17, 2-11=-799/519, 11-12=-772/524,

3-12=-723/534, 3-13=-169/92, 4-13=-95/108,

4-5=-8/0. 4-7=-196/73

**BOT CHORD** 2-14=-672/740, 14-15=-672/740,

7-15=-672/740, 6-7=0/0

**WEBS** 3-7=-691/566

### NOTES

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior (1) 2-1-8 to 6-10-8, Exterior(2E) 6-10-8 to 9-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One RT7A MiTek connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- One RT16A MiTek connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 6. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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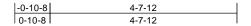
a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

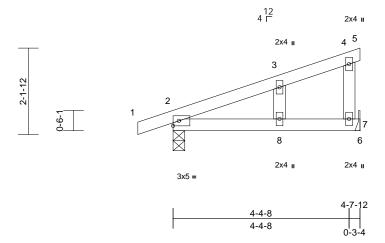


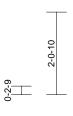
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	G01	Monopitch Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I46179761

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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.38	Vert(LL)	0.09	8-11	>604	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.42	Vert(CT)	0.07	8-11	>708	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.02	Horz(CT)	-0.01	2	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 19 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

### BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

4-7-12 oc purlins, except end verticals. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

REACTIONS (size)

2=0-3-8, 7= Mechanical

Max Horiz 2=71 (LC 10) Max Uplift 2=-89 (LC 10), 7=-77 (LC 10)

Max Grav 2=323 (LC 21), 7=261 (LC 21)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/25, 2-3=-76/32, 3-4=-72/38, 4-5=-8/0,

4-7=-160/205

**BOT CHORD** 2-8=-110/49, 7-8=0/0, 6-7=0/0

WFBS 3-8=-81/46

### NOTES

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this

- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 77 lb uplift at joint 7 and 89 lb uplift at joint 2.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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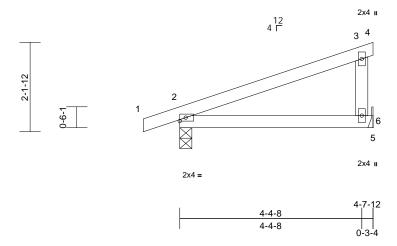


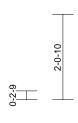
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	G02	Monopitch	5	1	Job Reference (optional)	146179762

Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:17 ID:AvQGtxRLNtfAGe?4CBI8GTzd762-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

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Scale = 1:27.7

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.40	Vert(LL)	0.07	6-9	>747	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.36	Vert(CT)	0.06	6-9	>911	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	-0.01	2	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 18 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-7-12 oc purlins, except end verticals.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 6= Mechanical

Max Horiz 2=71 (LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-89 (LC 10), 6=-77 (LC 10)

Max Grav 2=323 (LC 21), 6=261 (LC 21) (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

**FORCES** Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/25, 2-3=-68/90, 3-4=-8/0, 3-6=-193/167

BOT CHORD 2-6=-100/77, 5-6=0/0

### NOTES

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph: TCDL=6.0psf: BCDL=6.0psf: h=25ft: Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 77 lb uplift at joint 6 and 89 lb uplift at joint 2.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

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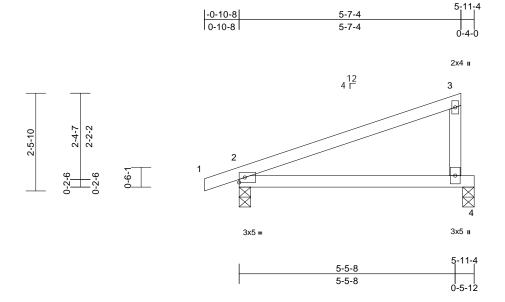
ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information

available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	G03	Roof Special	4	1	Job Reference (optional)	146179763

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Scale = 1:29.1

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.66	Vert(LL)	0.17	4-7	>385	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.58	Vert(CT)	0.14	4-7	>473	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	-0.02	2	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 22 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-7-4 oc purlins, except end verticals.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-3-8, 4=0-3-8 Max Horiz 2=81 (LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-103 (LC 10), 4=-93 (LC 10)

Max Grav 2=382 (LC 21), 4=291 (LC 21)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension TOP CHORD

1-2=0/25, 2-3=-88/121, 3-4=-212/209

BOT CHORD 2-4=-131/106

### NOTES

**FORCES** 

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph: TCDL=6.0psf: BCDL=6.0psf: h=25ft: Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 93 lb uplift at joint 4 and 103 lb uplift at joint 2.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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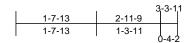
ANS/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

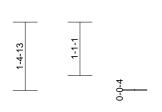


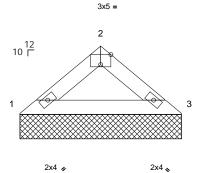
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	VL3	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I46179764

Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:18 

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3-3-11

Scale = 1:23.6

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-2-8,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.08	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.07	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horiz(TL)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 10 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

### BRACING

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or TOP CHORD

3-3-11 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=3-3-11, 3=3-3-11

Max Horiz 1=-28 (LC 12)

Max Uplift 1=-11 (LC 14), 3=-11 (LC 15)

Max Grav 1=154 (LC 20), 3=154 (LC 21)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum **FORCES** 

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-195/78, 2-3=-103/56 BOT CHORD 1-3=-46/142

### NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 7) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 11 lb uplift at joint 1 and 11 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

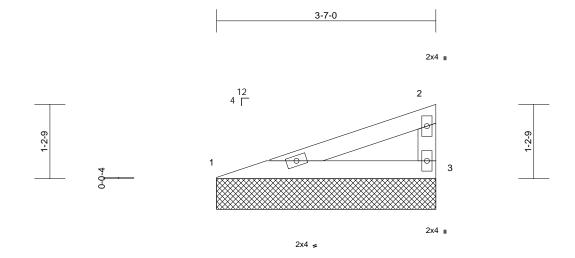


Ply Job Truss Truss Type Qty 103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora 146179765 21040027-B VL3A Valley Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford), Sanford, NC - 27332

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Page: 1



3-7-0 Scale = 1:18.8

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.15	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.21	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horiz(TL)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 10 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-7-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=3-7-0, 3=3-7-0

Max Horiz 1=37 (LC 10)

Max Uplift 1=-16 (LC 10), 3=-27 (LC 10)

Max Grav 1=179 (LC 20), 3=179 (LC 20) (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

FORCES Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-340/147, 2-3=-108/84

BOT CHORD 1-3=-205/313

### NOTES

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph: TCDL=6.0psf: BCDL=6.0psf: h=25ft: Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone: cantilever left and right exposed :C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOI = 1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.

- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 27 lb uplift at joint 3 and 16 lb uplift at joint 1.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

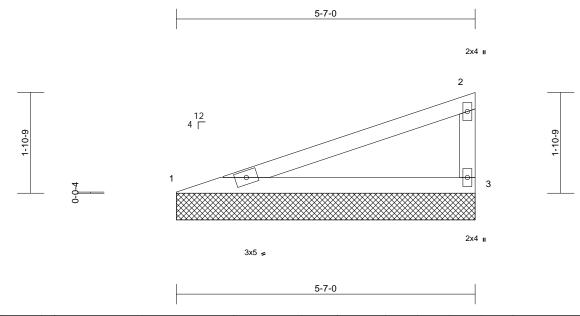


May 19,2021



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	VL5	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	146179766

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Scale = 1:21.5

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.53	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.61	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horiz(TL)	0.01	3	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 18 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

### BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-7-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=5-7-0 3=5-7-0

Max Horiz 1=62 (LC 10)

Max Uplift 1=-25 (LC 10), 3=-44 (LC 10)

Max Grav 1=296 (LC 20), 3=296 (LC 20) (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

FORCES Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-676/280, 2-3=-195/149

BOT CHORD 1-3=-384/631

### NOTES

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph: TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone: cantilever left and right exposed :C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOI = 1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.

- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 44 lb uplift at joint 3 and 25 lb uplift at joint 1.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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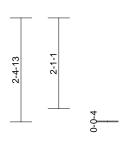


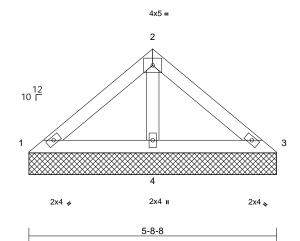
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	VL6	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	16179767

Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:18 

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Scale = 1:26.6

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.14	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.16	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.05	Horiz(TL)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0			ļ							Weight: 21 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 

### BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

5-8-8 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=5-8-8, 3=5-8-8, 4=5-8-8 Max Horiz 1=52 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 3=-5 (LC 15), 4=-46 (LC 14)

1=97 (LC 20), 3=97 (LC 21), 4=372 Max Grav

(LC 20)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-87/143, 2-3=-49/143

**BOT CHORD** 1-4=-107/112, 3-4=-107/112

2-4=-246/134 WFBS

### NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face). see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this 5) design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 5 lb uplift at joint 3 and 46 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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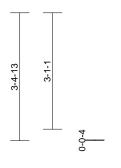


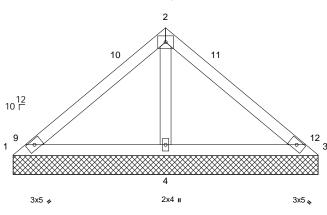
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora
21040027-B	VL8	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)

Run: 8.5 S 0 Apr 20 2021 Print: 8.500 S Apr 20 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 18 14:35:19 

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8-1-4

Scale = 1:30.6

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.35	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.34	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.12	Horiz(TL)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 30 lb	FT = 20%

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TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

8-1-4 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=8-1-4, 3=8-1-4, 4=8-1-4

Max Horiz 1=75 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 1=-36 (LC 21), 3=-36 (LC 20),

4=-93 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=93 (LC 20), 3=93 (LC 21), 4=634

(LC 20)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

TOP CHORD 1-9=-82/96, 1-9=-79/104, 1-10=-113/208,

2-10=-96/286, 2-11=-96/286, 3-11=-113/208,

3-12=-79/104, 3-12=-82/96

BOT CHORD 1-4=-195/174, 3-4=-195/174

**WEBS** 2-4=-466/237

### NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-5 to 3-0-5, Exterior(2R) 3-0-5 to 5-1-9, Exterior(2E) 5-1-9 to 8-1-9 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 36 lb uplift at joint 1, 36 lb uplift at joint 3 and 93 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



May 19,2021



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	VL10	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	I46179769

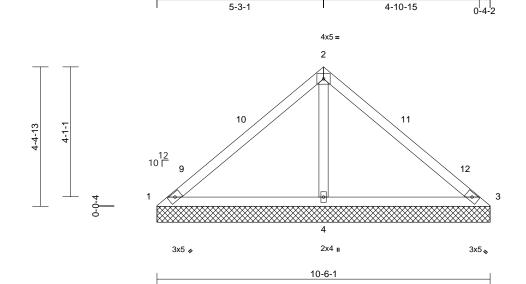
5-3-1

Carter Components (Sanford), Sanford, NC - 27332,

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10-1-15

Page: 1



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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.55	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.49	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.24	Horiz(TL)	0.01	4	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 40 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

10-0-0 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=10-6-1, 3=10-6-1, 4=10-6-1

Max Horiz 1=-99 (LC 12)

Max Uplift 1=-67 (LC 21), 3=-67 (LC 20),

4=-129 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=81 (LC 20), 3=81 (LC 21), 4=869

(LC 21)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-9=-135/241, 9-10=-132/277,

2-10=-117/430, 2-11=-117/430,

11-12=-132/277, 3-12=-135/241

1-4=-248/191, 3-4=-248/191 BOT CHORD

**WEBS** 2-4=-680/301

### NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-5 to 3-0-5, Exterior(2R) 3-0-5 to 7-6-6, Exterior(2E) 7-6-6 to 10-6-6 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 67 lb uplift at joint 1, 67 lb uplift at joint 3 and 129 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chorembers only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, rerection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

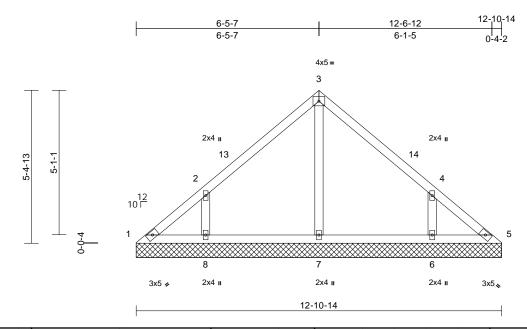
ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	VL13	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	146179770

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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defI	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.32	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.12	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.10	Horiz(TL)	0.00	5	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 54 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=12-10-14, 5=12-10-14, 6=12-10-14, 7=12-10-14,

8=12-10-14

Max Horiz 1=-122 (LC 10)

Max Uplift 1=-29 (LC 10), 6=-141 (LC 15),

8=-144 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=106 (LC 24), 5=84 (LC 27),

6=436 (LC 21), 7=273 (LC 21),

8=436 (LC 20)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

TOP CHORD

1-2=-132/108, 2-13=-206/89, 3-13=-73/115,

3-14=-73/115, 4-14=-206/88, 4-5=-81/67 **BOT CHORD** 

1-8=-39/98, 7-8=-39/81, 6-7=-39/81, 5-6=-39/81

**WEBS** 3-7=-188/0, 2-8=-381/200, 4-6=-381/200

### NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-5 to 3-0-5, Interior (1) 3-0-5 to 3-5-12, Exterior(2R) 3-5-12 to 9-5-12, Interior (1) 9-5-12 to 9-11-3, Exterior(2E) 9-11-3 to 12-11-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this 5) design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 29 lb uplift at joint 1, 144 lb uplift at joint 8 and 141 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

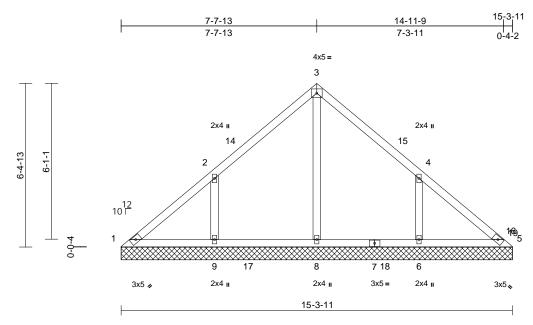
ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
21040027-B	VL15	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	179771

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Page: 1



Scale = 1:45.1

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.31	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.16	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.18	Horiz(TL)	0.00	5	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 67 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

6-0-0 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=15-3-11, 5=15-3-11, 6=15-3-11,

8=15-3-11, 9=15-3-11 Max Horiz 1=145 (LC 11)

Max Uplift 1=-22 (LC 10), 6=-163 (LC 15),

9=-167 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=127 (LC 24), 5=87 (LC 26), 6=469 (LC 21), 8=433 (LC 23),

9=471 (LC 20)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

TOP CHORD 1-2=-154/174, 2-14=-156/90, 3-14=-28/139,

3-15=-28/118, 4-15=-156/79, 4-5=-91/137, 5-16=-107/2. 5-16=-116/0

**BOT CHORD** 1-9=-73/131, 9-17=-73/105, 8-17=-73/105,

7-8=-73/105, 7-18=-73/105, 6-18=-73/105,

5-6=-73/105, 5-19=-1/90, 5-19=-2/89

3-8=-249/0, 2-9=-379/203, 4-6=-378/201 **WEBS** 

### NOTES

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-5 to 3-0-5, Interior (1) 3-0-5 to 4-8-2, Exterior(2R) 4-8-2 to 10-8-2, Interior (1) 10-8-2 to 11-8-2, Exterior(2E) 11-8-2 to 14-11-7 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed: C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 22 lb uplift at joint 1, 167 lb uplift at joint 9 and 163 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



May 19,2021

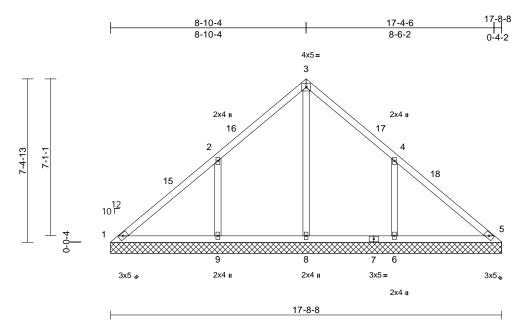
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



J	lob	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	103 Carolina Lakes-Roof-Aurora	
2	21040027-B	VL18	Valley	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	6179772

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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.41	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.20	Vert(TL)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.48	Horiz(TL)	0.00	5	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0			1							Weight: 80 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

10-0-0 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=17-8-8, 5=17-8-8, 6=17-8-8, 8=17-8-8, 9=17-8-8, 14=17-8-8

Max Horiz 1=169 (LC 11)

Max Uplift 1=-58 (LC 10), 6=-194 (LC 15),

9=-201 (LC 14)

Max Grav 1=90 (LC 33), 5=1 (LC 24), 6=548 (LC 24), 8=675 (LC 23), 9=552 (LC

23), 14=1 (LC 24)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-15=-107/326, 2-15=-79/408, 2-16=-10/230, 3-16=0/345, 3-17=0/325, 4-17=0/210,

4-18=-7/328, 5-18=-36/248

**BOT CHORD** 1-9=-207/84. 8-9=-207/84. 7-8=-207/84.

6-7=-207/84, 5-6=-207/84

**WEBS** 3-8=-503/0, 2-9=-405/232, 4-6=-404/230

### NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-5 to 3-0-5, Interior (1) 3-0-5 to 5-10-9, Exterior(2R) 5-10-9 to 11-10-9, Interior (1) 11-10-9 to 14-4-4, Exterior(2E) 14-4-4 to 17-4-4 zone: cantilever left and right exposed: end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this 5) design.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 58 lb uplift at joint 1, 201 lb uplift at joint 9 and 194 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



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ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



## Symbols

# PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



offsets are indicated. Center plate on joint unless x, y and fully embed teeth Apply plates to both sides of truss Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths



edge of truss. plates 0- 1/16" from outside For 4 x 2 orientation, locate

connector plates. required direction of slots in This symbol indicates the

\* Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

### PLATE SIZE



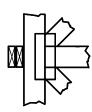
to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots. width measured perpendicular The first dimension is the plate

# LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated. ndicated by symbol shown and/or

### **BEARING**



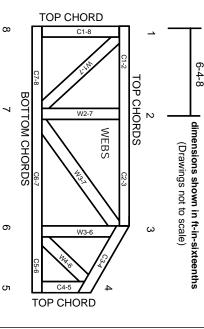
Min size shown is for crushing only number where bearings occur. reaction section indicates joint (supports) occur. Icons vary but Indicates location where bearings

## Industry Standards:

National Design Specification for Metal Building Component Safety Information. Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses. Guide to Good Practice for Handling Design Standard for Bracing. Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

DSB-89: ANSI/TPI1:

# Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

## PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ESR1988 ER-3907, ESR-2362, ESR-1397, ESR-3282

truss unless otherwise shown. Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the

established by others. section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1

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MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020

# **General Safety Notes**

## Damage or Personal Injury Failure to Follow Could Cause Property

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Ņ Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For bracing should be considered. may require bracing, or alternative Tor I wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.

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designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties. Provide copies of this truss design to the building

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- Cut members to bear tightly against each other
- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.

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- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication

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- 9 Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the camber for dead load deflection. responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to
- Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that
- 13. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted
- Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer
- 17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- 18. Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable project engineer before use. environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words is not sufficient. and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- 21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.