Mark Morris, P.E.

#126, 1317-M, Summerville, SC 29483 843 209-5784, Fax (866)-213-4614

The truss drawing(s) listed below have been prepared by **Atlantic Building Components** under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by the truss designers.

AST #: 26654 JOB: 21-1986-R01 JOB NAME: LOT 1153 CARRIAGE CIRCLE Wind Code: 37 Wind Speed: Vult= 130mph Exposure Category: B Mean Roof Height (feet): 23

24 Truss Design(s)

Trusses:

J09, J10, PB01, PB02, R01, R02, R03, R04, R05, R06, R07, R08, R09, R10, R11, R13, R18, R23, R24, R25, R26, VT01, VT03, VT04



Warning !--- Verify design parameters and read notes before use.

This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 Guide to *Good Practice for*





REACTIONS. (lb/size) 6=196/Mechanical, 2=253/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 2=71(LC 10) Max Uplift6=-88(LC 10), 2=-105(LC 10) Max Grav 6=262(LC 21), 2=348(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(10-11)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit

- between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6 except (jt=lb) 2=105.





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- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.

B) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TP1 1.
10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.
11) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.
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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1153 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 156 SPRUCE HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LA
21-1986-R01	R01	Roof Special Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 26654
					8 430 s Eeb 12 2021 MiTek Industries Inc. Fri May, 7 16:57:17 2021 Page 2

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri May 7 16:57:17 2021 Page 2 ID:VaeaK7vWB81xgotwpMaLleyLxWJ-I3Fj?N6sITXP73BbD_5u5_dnfFITvoDOrjje9kzIrNG

16) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 17) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

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of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.











Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1153 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 156 SPRUCE	EHOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LA	KE, I
21-1986-R01	R07	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 26654	
					8 430 s Eeb 12 2021 MiTek Industries Inc. F	ri May 7 16:57:28 2021 Page 2	

8.430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri May 7 16:57:28 2021 Page 2 ID:VaeaK7vWB81xgotwpMaLleyLxWJ-TBQtJ8ElirvryIXiMooT2laiChWV_IB0Nxtj2bzIrN5

15) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
16) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1153 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 156 SPRUC	E HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LAK
21-1986-R01	R09	ROOF SPECIAL	3	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 26654
					8 430 s Feb 12 2021 MiTek Industries Inc	Fri May 7 16:57:33 2021 Page 2

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Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1153 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 156 SPRUCE	HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LA	KE,
21-1986-R01	R10	ROOF SPECIAL	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 26654	
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11) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced. 12) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

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responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1153 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 156 SPRUC	E HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LA	KE,
21-1986-R01	R13	Roof Special	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 26654	
					8 /30 s Eeb 12 2021 MiTek Industries Inc	Fri May 7 16:57:38 2021 Page 2	

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Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

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NOTES-(14-15)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs
- non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

- 1) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
 9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide with the tween the bottom chord and any other members.
 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 17, 9, 13, 14, 12 to see the sec except (jt=lb) 16=110.
 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
 14) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 15) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

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5/7/2021

Job	Truss	Truss Type		Qtv		T 1153 CARRIAGE CIRCL	E 156 SPRUCE HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LAKE
21-1986-R01	R24	Monopitch Supporte	ed Gable	1	1	h Reference (ontional)	# 26654
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Dista Officiata (XXX			ł				
LOADING (psf)	[2:0-1-4,0-1-8]	2-0-0	<u></u>	DEEL	in (loc)	l/defl l/d	
TCLL (roof) 20 Snow (Pf) 20	.0 Plate Grip	DOL 1.15	TC 0.15 BC 0.11	Vert(LL) Vert(CT)	0.00 1	n/r 180 n/r 80	MT20 244/190
BCLL 10 BCDL 10	.0 Rep Stress .0 * Code IRC2	Incr YES 018/TPI2014	WB 0.20 Matrix-P	Horz(CT)	-0.00 7	n/a n/a	Weight: 79 lb FT = 0%
LUMBER-				BRACING-			
BOT CHORD 2x4	SP No.2 SP No.3				end vertica	vood sheathing directl ls.	y applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except
OTHERS 2x4	SP No.3 SP No.3			WEBS	1 Row at m	idpt 6-7	
					Milek red be installe	commends that Stabilitied during truss erection	n, in accordance with Stabilizer
REACTIONS. AI	l bearings 8-4-0. x Horz 11=295(I C 12)				Installatio	n guide.	
(ib) Ma Ma	x Uplift All uplift 100 lb or 12)	ess at joint(s) 7 except	11=-145(LC 10), 9	=-105(LC 12), 10=	-396(LC 12),	8=-114(LC	
Ma	x Grav All reactions 250 ll 20)	o or less at joint(s) 7 exc	ept 11=510(LC 12	2), 9=268(LC 20), 7	10=323(LC 20), 8=302(LC	
FORCES. (lb) - M	ax. Comp./Max. Ten All	forces 250 (lb) or less e	xcept when shown				
TOP CHORD 2- BOT CHORD 10	11=-502/385, 2-3=-360/29 -11=-307/225	6, 3-4=-263/201					
WEBS 2-	10=-315/431						
1) Wind: ASCE 7-	l6; Vult=130mph (3-secone e end zone and C-C Exteri	d gust) Vasd=103mph;] or(2) zone: end vertical	CDL=5.0psf; BCE	0L=5.0psf; h=23ft; or members and f	Cat. II; Exp B prces & MWF	; Enclosed; MWFRS RS for reactions	
shown; Lumber 2) Truss designed	DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=	=1.60 e of the truss only. For s	studs exposed to v	vind (normal to the	e face), see St	andard Industry	
Gable End Deta 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-	ils as applicable, or consu 16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: L	lt qualified building desig um DOL=1.15 Plate DO	gner as per ANSI/] L=1.15); Pf=20.0 p	ՐPI 1՝. psf (Lum DOL=1.1։	5 Plate DOL=	1.15); ls=1.0; Rough	
Cat B; Partially 4) This truss has b	Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct een designed for greater c	=1.10 f min roof live load of 12	2.0 psf or 2.00 time	es flat roof load of	20.0 psf on o	verhangs	HUNDERTH CARO
non-concurrent 5) All plates are 2x	with other live loads. 4 MT20 unless otherwise i	ndicated.				Milling	OFESSION A THE

- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom entry
 7) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against take.
 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 10) * The truss has been designed for a nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 10) * The truss has been designed for truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7 except (jt=lb)
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Continuing on particle sign parameters and read notes before use. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer - not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1153 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 156 SPRUC	E HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LA	KE, I
21-1986-R01	R24	Monopitch Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 26654	
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13) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
14) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1153 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 156 SPRUC	E HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LA	KE,
21-1986-R01	R25	Attic	9	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 26654	
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LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job	Truss	Truss Type		Qty	Ply L	OT 1153 CARRIAGE CIRCLI	E 156 SPRUCE HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LAKE,
21-1986-R01	R26	GABLE		1	1		# 26654
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			9-3-11	ID:VaeaK7v 15-9	/WB81xgotwj -5	pMaLleyLxWJ-Pr32leTgE)gl9kgUM_ldwJJtqśLy2xMAplO_DC?zľrMo
		0-10-8 5-1-4	7-5-11 8-1-7 1	3-11-5 15-1-9	2	23-3-0 24-1-8 7-5-11 0-10-8	
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LOADING (psf)	[2:0-2-0,0-1-12], [7:0-	-5-12,0-3-4], [11:0-5-12,0	<u>J-3-4], [16:0-2-0,0-1-1</u>	2], [18:0-2-0,0-0-	12], [30:0-2-0	<u>J,U-U-4]</u>	
TCLL (roof) 20.0	SPACINO Plate Gri	G- 2-0-0	CSI. TC 0.60	DEFL.	in (loc)) l/defl L/d > >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
Snow (Pf) 20.0 TCDI 10.0	Lumber	DOL 1.15	BC 0.27	Vert(CT)	-0.01 30-32	2 >999 180	MT20HS 187/143
BCLL 0.0	* Rep Stre Code IR	C2018/TPI2014	WB 0.17 Matrix-SH	Horz(CT)	-0.00 18	3 n/a n/a	Weight: 234 lb FT = 0%
TOP CHORD 2x6 SI	P No.2			TOP CHORD	Structural	wood sheathing directl	y applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,except
BOT CHORD 2x6 SI B2: 2x	P No.2 *Except* 4 SP No.2			BOT CHORD	end vertica Rigid ceilir	als. ng directly applied or 10)-0-0 oc bracing. Except:
WEBS 2x4 SI	P No.3 *Except*				10-0-0 oc	bracing: 22-32	5
OTHERS 2x4 SI	P No.3			JUINTS	MiTek re	commends that Stabili	zers and required cross bracing
					be install	ed during truss erectio	n, in accordance with Stabilizer
REACTIONS. All b	earings 23-3-0.				Installatio	on guide.	
(lb) - Max H Max I	lorz 36=295(LC 11)	or less at ioint(s) 33, 21 (except 36=-224(I C 8)				
Max	18=-216(LC 9), 3	4=-130(LC 13), 35=-305	(LC 12), 20=-128(LC	, 12), 19=-303(LC ⁻	13)		
Max C	33=643(LC 21), 2	21=669(LC 22), 18=588(20, 19 except 36=59 LC 21), 18=542(LC 1	4(LC 22),), 27=340(LC 19),			
	29=340(LC 19), 3	31=421(LC 19), 24=421(LC 19), 35=253(LC 1	0)			
FORCES. (lb) - Max	. Comp./Max. Ten A	All forces 250 (lb) or less	except when shown.				
10P CHORD 2-3= 9-10	-413/186, 3-4=-281/1 =-408/41, 10-11=-408	31, 5-6=-445/145, 6-7=-4 3/41, 11-12=-470/82, 12-	170/80, 7-8=-408/41, 13=-445/144, 14-15≕	8-9=-408/41, -277/126,			
15-1 WEBS 32-3	6=-408/180, 2-36=-41	8/151, 16-18=-414/146	-22=-520/00 6-38=-3	2/208			
37-3	8=-32/298, 37-39=-32	2/298, 12-39=-32/298, 26	5-27=-285/0, 28-29=-2	285/0, 30-31=-366	/0,		
23-2	24=-366/0						
NOTES- (17-18)	ve loads have been c	onsidered for this design					
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16;	Vult=130mph (3-sec	ond gust) Vasd=103mph	; TCDL=5.0psf; BCD	L=5.0psf; h=23ft; (Cat. II; Exp E	3; Enclosed; MWFRS	ANNELLING CONTINUES
(envelope) gable e reactions shown: L	end zone and C-C Ext umber DOL=1.60 pla	erior(2) zone; end vertica te arip DOL=1.60	al left and right expos	ed;C-C for membe	ers and force	es & MWFRS for	ATH CAROLINI
3) Truss designed for	or wind loads in the pla	ane of the truss only. Fo	r studs exposed to w	ind (normal to the	face), see S	itandard Industry 💒	OR FESSION OF THE
4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16;	; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL:	Lum DOL=1.15 Plate D	OL=1.15); Pf=20.0 ps	sf (Lum DOL=1.15	Plate DOL=	=1.15); ls=1.0; Rough	SFAL
Cat B; Partially Ex	p.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00;	Ct=1.10 r of min roof live load of	12.0 psf or 2.00 times	flat roof load of 2	20 0 nsf on c	werbangs	28147
non-concurrent wit	h other live loads.					in the second seco	
6) Provide adequate7) All plates are MT2	drainage to prevent w 0 plates unless other	ater ponding. vise indicated.				inne	L NOINEER S
8) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated. 9) Gable study spaced at 2-0-0 oc							
10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.							
11) * This truss has b	been designed for a live totother the stand and any c	/e load of 30.0psf on the other members, with BC I	bottom chord in all a	reas where a recta	angle 3-6-0 1	tall by 1-0-0 wide will	5///2021
Contanuing on pergify 20 vertically. Applicabilit	esign parameters and re	ead notes before use. This c and proper incorporation of co	lesign is based only upon opponent is responsibility	parameters shown, a v of building designer	nd is for an in r – not truss de	dividual building compone esigner or truss engineer	nt to be installed and loaded Bracing shown is for lateral support
of individual web mem	bers only. Additional ter	nporary bracing to ensure sta	ability during construction	n is the responsibility	of the erector	. Additional permanent br	acing of the overall structure is the

responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1153 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 156 SPRUCE	HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LAK	ίE, Ν
21-1986-R01	R26	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 26654	
					8 430 c Ech 12 2021 MiTck Industries Inc. E	ri May, 7 16:57:48 2021, Page 2	

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NOTES- (17-18)

12) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 5-6, 12-13, 6-38, 37-38, 37-39, 12-39

13) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (10.0 psf) applied only to room. 30-32, 28-30, 26-28, 23-26, 22-23

14) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 33, 21 except (jt=lb) 36=224, 18=216, 34=130, 35=305, 20=128, 19=303.

15) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

16) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.

17) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

18) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



5/7/2021



FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (9-10)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 9) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard







LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf) 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.81 BC 0.60 WB 0.00 Matrix-P	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) l/defl L/d n/a - n/a 999 n/a - n/a 999 0.00 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 20 lb FT = 0%
			DDACING		<u>.</u>
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3			TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing direc	tly applied or 6-3-13 oc purlins, except
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3			BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or	10-0-0 oc bracing.
				MiTek recommends that Stabi be installed during truss erecti Installation guide.	izers and required cross bracing on, in accordance with Stabilizer

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=212/6-3-13 (min. 0-1-8), 3=212/6-3-13 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=64(LC 10) Max Uplift1=-31(LC 10), 3=-53(LC 10) Max Grav 1=284(LC 20), 3=284(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (9-10)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 9) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

