

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: 19747-19747A

Wilmington B vault master

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by 84 Components - #2383.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I35912294 thru I35912301

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2019.

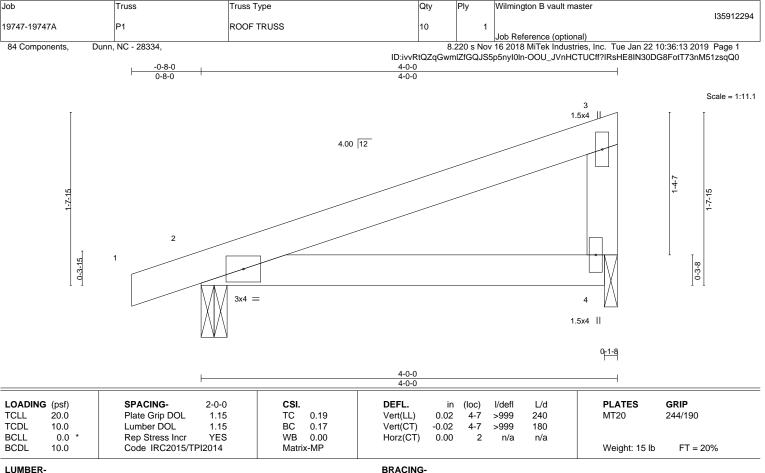
North Carolina COA: C-0844



January 22,2019

Johnson, Andrew

IMPORTANT NOTE: Truss Engineer's responsibility is solely for design of individual trusses based upon design parameters shown on referenced truss drawings. Parameters have not been verified as appropriate for any use. Any location identification specified is for file reference only and has not been used in preparing design. Suitability of truss designs for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer, not the Truss Engineer, per ANSI/TPI-1, Chapter 2.



TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD

2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3

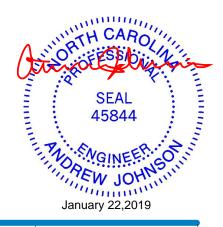
REACTIONS. 2=198/0-3-0, 4=151/0-1-8 (lb/size) Max Horz 2=45(LC 12)

Max Uplift 2=-57(LC 12), 4=-46(LC 12)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; B=45ft; L=45ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-0-0 oc purlins,

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing

except end verticals.

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

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ANSITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Sefety Information, available from Truss Plate pictities 218 N. Les Street, Suite 312, Alexanderia, VA 22314. fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Qua
Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





ID:A5Sq4maS1EucBorcsAc2e_yI0Im-LmclkBpXj5kwvz97ZHJiDjTEY1oQjWPmaNGT9wzsqQ_ 19-6-0 5-3-13 14-2-3 6-10-0 21-0-0 22-6-0 1-6-0 1-6-0 6-10-0

3x6 =3x7 / 3x7 < 6.00 12 3x6 = 3x4 = 3x4 < 5 3x6 > 10 1.5x4 \\ 15x4 // 11 29 18 30 17 31 32 33 3415 35 14 36 13 19 16 3x8 MT18H = 4x4 = 1.5x4 = 4x4 = 3x8 MT18H = 3x4 =3x6 <

	9-11-0 9-11-0		1-0-0 25-3-12 -3-12 4-3-12	32-1-0 6-9-4	42-0-0 9-11-0
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-2-9,0-1-8], [7:0-3-0,Edge],	[12:0-2-9,0-1-8]			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0- Plate Grip DOL 1.1 Lumber DOL 1.1 Rep Stress Incr Nr Code IRC2015/TPI2014	5 TC 0.89 5 BC 0.83 O WB 0.83	Vert(LL) -0.3	in (loc) I/defl L/d 33 17-19 >999 240 54 19-25 >935 180 15 12 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 MT18H 244/190 Weight: 238 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

20-21

Rigid ceiling directly applied

1 Row at midpt

1.5x4 ||

1.5x4

LUMBER-

2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.1 *Except*

3x6 /

14-18: 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

WEBS 20-21: 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1720/0-3-8, 12=1680/Mechanical

Max Horz 2=182(LC 11)

Max Uplift 2=-101(LC 12), 12=-81(LC 12) Max Grav 2=1750(LC 27), 12=1710(LC 29)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-3248/545, 3-5=-3018/547, 5-6=-2401/528, 8-9=-2403/528, 9-11=-3022/548,

11-12=-3253/546

2-19=-402/2897, 17-19=-231/2334, 16-17=-113/1868, 15-16=-113/1868, 13-15=-231/2303, **BOT CHORD**

3x4 =

12-13=-404/2863

WEBS 9-15=-747/242, 9-13=-92/651, 11-13=-425/214, 5-17=-746/241, 5-19=-91/649,

3-19=-424/214, 17-20=-149/877, 6-20=-143/962, 8-21=-143/876, 15-21=-150/859,

6-8=-1847/506

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; b=30ft; B=45ft; L=45ft; eave=6ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 12 except (jt=lb) 2=101
- 8) Load case(s) 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 has/have been modified. Building designer must review loads to verify that they are correct for the intended use of this truss
- 9) MULTIPLE LOADCASES This design is the composite result of multiple load cases.
- 10) User moving load cases exist: Review the load cases for details.
- 11) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 12) ATTIC SPACE SHOWN IS DESIGNED AS UNINHABITABLE.
- 13) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

Continued on page 2 |LOAD CASE(S) Standard Except:

🛕 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

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Edenton, NC 27932

January 22,2019

Scale = 1:77.7

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Wilmington B vault master	
19747-19747A	Τ4 Λ	ROOF TRUSS	6	_		135912295
19747-19747A	11A	ROOF IRUSS	О	'	Job Reference (optional)	

84 Components, Dunn, NC - 28334,

8.220 s Nov 16 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jan 22 10:36:15 2019 Page 2 ID:A5Sq4maS1EucBorcsAc2e_yl0lm-LmclkBpXj5kwvz97ZHJiDjTEY1oQjWPmaNGT9wzsqQ_

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Except:

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60, 7-12=-60, 23-26=-20

26) User defined: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-12=-60(F), 23-26=-20(F)

27) 1st User Defined Moving Load - User defined: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-12=-60(F), 23-31=-20(F), 31-32=-50(F=-20), 26-32=-20(F)

28) 2nd User Defined Moving Load - User defined: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-12=-60(F), 23-32=-20(F), 16-32=-50(F=-20), 16-26=-20(F)

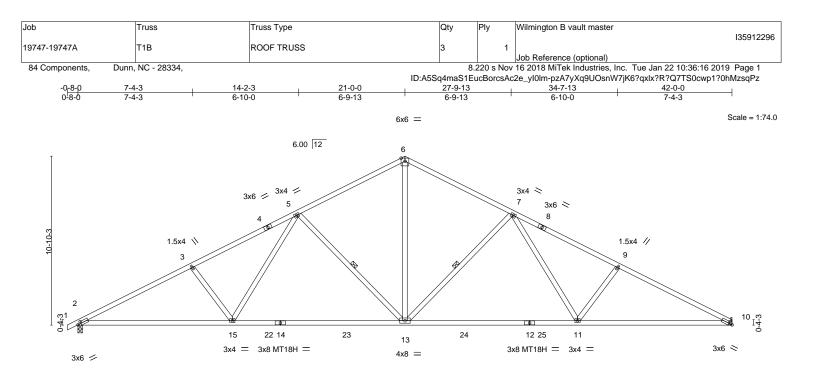
29) 3rd User Defined Moving Load - User defined: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-12=-60(F), 16-23=-20(F), 16-33=-50(F=-20), 26-33=-20(F)

30) 4th User Defined Moving Load - User defined: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-60(F), 7-12=-60(F), 23-33=-20(F), 33-34=-50(F=-20), 26-34=-20(F)





	-	9-11-0 9-11-0	-	21-0-0 11-1-0			2-1-0 1-1-0			42-0-0 9-11-0	
Plate Offse	ets (X,Y)	[2:0-2-9,0-1-8], [10:0-2-9,0)-1-8]							_	
LOADING TCLL TCDL BCLL	(psf) 20.0 10.0 0.0 *	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES	CSI. TC 0.72 BC 0.84 WB 0.58	DEFL. Vert(LI Vert(C Horz(C	.) -0.41 1 Γ) -0.73 1		l/defl >999 >687 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 MT18H	GRIP 244/190 244/190
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI	2014	Matrix-AS	•	,				Weight: 214 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

WEBS

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

7-13, 5-13

Rigid ceiling directly applied

1 Row at midpt

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.1 *Except* BOT CHORD

12-14: 2x4 SP DSS

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1720/0-3-8, 10=1680/Mechanical

Max Horz 2=182(LC 11)

Max Uplift 2=-101(LC 12), 10=-81(LC 12)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-3=-3195/536, 3-5=-2998/539, 5-6=-2028/450, 6-7=-2028/450, 7-9=-3000/540, TOP CHORD

9-10=-3198/537

 $2\text{-}15\text{=-}395/2937,\ 13\text{-}15\text{=-}243/2348,\ 11\text{-}13\text{=-}243/2240,\ 10\text{-}11\text{=-}396/2807}$ BOT CHORD WEBS

6-13=-226/1403, 7-13=-794/255, 7-11=-59/723, 9-11=-408/210, 5-13=-793/255,

5-15=-58/720, 3-15=-406/209

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; B=45ft; L=45ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10 except (jt=lb)
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

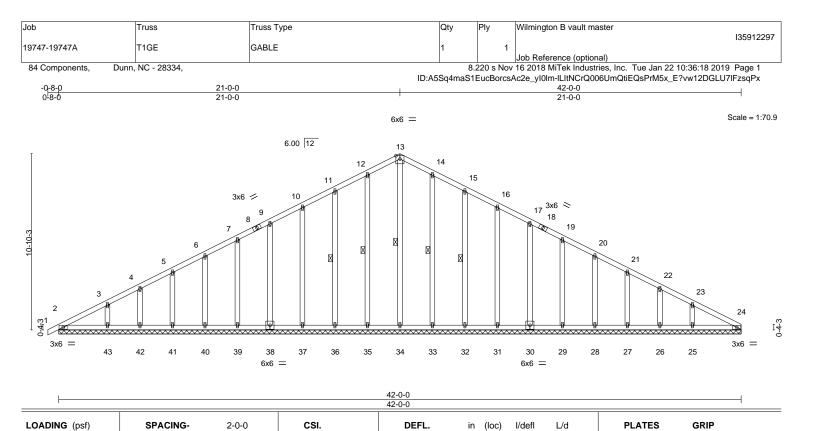


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LUMBER-

TCLL

TCDL

BCLL

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD

20.0

10.0

0.0

10.0

2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING-

Vert(LL)

Vert(CT)

Horz(CT)

-0.00

0.00

0.01

24

n/r

n/r

n/a

120

90

n/a

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD WEBS**

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing 1 Row at midpt 13-34, 12-35, 11-36, 14-33, 15-32

MT20

Weight: 291 lb

REACTIONS. All bearings 42-0-0.

Max Horz 2=182(LC 11) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27,

TC

ВС

WB

Matrix-S

0.11

0.07

0.13

26, 25

Plate Grip DOL

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2015/TPI2014

Lumber DOL

1.15

1.15

NO

All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 24, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 33, 32, 31, Max Grav 30, 29, 28, 27, 26, 25

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 12-13=-105/264, 13-14=-105/264

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; B=45ft; L=45ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26, 25,



244/190

FT = 20%

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ID:uKaRLhWt5H4IQs8kx?OQMqyI0cp-DYsFaYs2nJELNaSuo7OeNZdyYe6efKAMV_EgHhzsqPw 42-8-0 0-8-0 27-9-13 42-0-0 -0<u>-8-0</u> 0-8-0 6-6-0 7-11-13 6-9-13 6-10-0 7-4-3

6x6 =

6.00 12 5x9 / 3x4 > 3x6 / 8 3x6 > 1.5x4 || 1.5x4 // 1.5x4 > 10 17 7x12 MT18H =

24

14 25

3x8 MT18H =

13

3x4 =

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

6-16, 8-15

Rigid ceiling directly applied

1 Row at midpt

	6-6-0 9-0-14 6-6-0 2-6-14	1 8-9	-6	21-0-0 3-1-12	+	32-1-0 11-1-0		-	42-0-0 9-11-0	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-2-6,Edge], [11:	0-2-9,0-1-8], [16:0-3	-0,0-2-12]							
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip D Lumber DOL Rep Stress I Code IRC20	. 1.15 ncr YES	BC 1	0.76 1.00 0.78 AS	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) -0.57 13-15 -1.09 13-15 0.43 11	l/defl >891 >463 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 MT18H Weight: 226 lb	GRIP 244/190 244/190 FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

15

4x4 =

16

6x6 =

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 *Except*

5x12 =

1-5,9-12: 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1

2x4 SP No.3 *Except* **WEBS**

6-17: 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1720/0-3-8, 11=1720/0-3-8

3.00 12

Max Horz 2=-183(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-101(LC 12), 11=-101(LC 12)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-3=-5980/917, 3-4=-5630/806, 4-6=-5590/849, 6-7=-2244/498, 7-8=-2011/456, TOP CHORD

8-10=-2965/536. 10-11=-3194/534

BOT CHORD 2-17=-761/5445, 16-17=-343/2984, 15-16=-60/1707, 13-15=-232/2237, 11-13=-383/2806 WEBS 6-16=-1609/357, 7-16=-159/706, 8-15=-798/246, 8-13=-53/741, 10-13=-406/211,

7-15=-78/851, 3-17=-316/183, 6-17=-353/3179

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; B=45ft; L=45ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (it=lb) 2=101. 11=101.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



Scale = 1:74.4

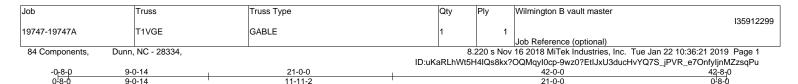
3x6 ≥

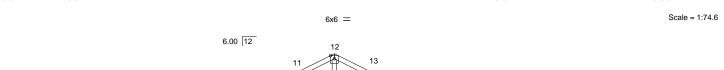
M WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

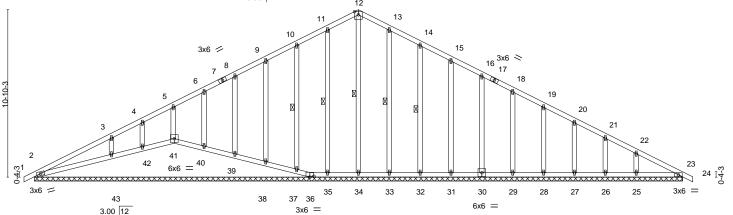
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<u> </u>	9-0-14 9-0-14	17-1 8-9		21-0-0 3-1-12	-				42-0-0 21-0-0		
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [36:0-3-0,0-0-12]										
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2015/T	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES	BC	0.29 0.20 0.13	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in 0.00 0.00 0.01	(loc) 24 24 23	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 120 90 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 278 lb	GRIP 244/190

LUMBER-**BRACING-**

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except: **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

6-0-0 oc bracing: 42-43.

21-0-0

WEBS 12-34, 11-35, 10-37, 13-33, 14-32 1 Row at midpt REACTIONS. All bearings 42-0-0.

(lb) -Max Horz 2=-184(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 36, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27,

11-11-2

26.25

All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 41, 36, 23, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 33, 32, 31, 30, Max Grav

29, 28, 27, 26, 25 except 43=414(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 11-12=-106/273, 12-13=-106/273

WEBS 3-43=-293/159

-0<u>-8-0</u> 0-8-0

9-0-14

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; B=45ft; L=45ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 36, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 26, 25.
- 10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 41, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43.

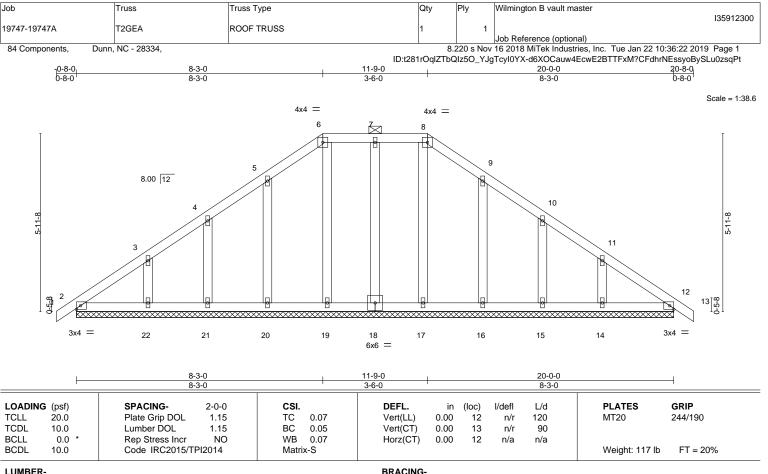


MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and permanent. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-TOP CHORD

2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 **WEBS OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. All bearings 20-0-0. (lb) -Max Horz 2=-113(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 18, 20, 21, 22, 16, 15, 14, 12

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 18, 20, 21, 22, 16, 15, 14, 19, 17, 12

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; B=45ft; L=45ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 18, 20, 21, 22, 16, 15, 14, 12
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 6-8.

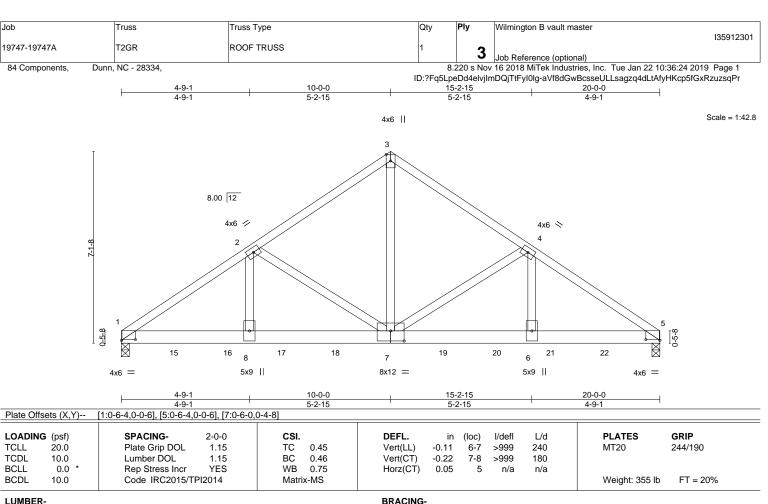
Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing



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TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD 2x6 SP DSS **BOT CHORD** WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

3-7: 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=8377/0-3-8 (req. 0-4-6), 5=8402/0-3-8 (req. 0-4-6)

Max Horz 1=127(LC 32)

Max Uplift 1=-459(LC 12), 5=-459(LC 12)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-2=-12918/781, 2-3=-8701/581, 3-4=-8702/581, 4-5=-12933/781 **BOT CHORD** 1-8=-589/10718, 7-8=-589/10718, 6-7=-589/10731, 5-6=-589/10731WFBS $2-8 = -179/4237, \ 2-7 = -4174/323, \ 3-7 = -533/9228, \ 4-7 = -4189/323, \ 4-6 = -179/4253$

NOTES-

1) 3-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.120"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-7-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 3 rows staggered at 0-5-0 oc.

- Webs connected as follows: 2x4 1 row at 0-9-0 oc, Except member 7-3 2x4 1 row at 0-8-0 oc.
- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; b=30ft; B=45ft; L=45ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) WARNING: Required bearing size at joint(s) 1, 5 greater than input bearing size.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb)
- 9) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 1660 lb down and 101 lb up at 2-0-0, 1690 lb down and 101 lb up at 4-0-0, 1690 lb down and 101 lb up at 6-0-0, 1690 lb down and 101 lb up at 8-0-0, 1690 lb down and 101 lb up at 10-0-0, 1690 lb down and 101 lb up at 12-0-0, 1690 lb down and 101 lb up at 14-0-0, and 1690 lb down and 101 lb up at 16-0-0, and 1690 lb down and 101 lb up at 18-0-0 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-8-7 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

January 22,2019

Continued on page 2

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

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ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Qua Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Wilmington B vault master	٦
19747-19747A	T2GR	ROOF TRUSS	1	_	135912301	
19141-19141A	12010	INOOF TROSS	'	3	Job Reference (optional)	

84 Components, Dunn, NC - 28334,

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LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-5=-60, 9-12=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 7=-1690(F) 15=-1660(F) 16=-1690(F) 17=-1690(F) 18=-1690(F) 19=-1690(F) 20=-1690(F) 21=-1690(F) 22=-1690(F)

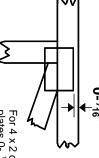


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated.
Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths.
Apply plates to both sides of truss and fully embed teeth.



For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- ¹/16" from outside edge of truss.

This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 × 4

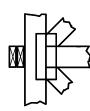
The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated.

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur. Min size shown is for crushing only.

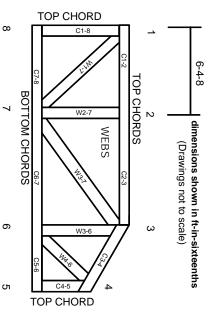
Industry Standards:

National Design Specification for Metal

ANSI/TPI1: DSB-89:

Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction. Design Standard for Bracing.
Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ESR1988 ER-3907, ESR-2362, ESR-1397, ESR-3282

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

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MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other.

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- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.

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- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
- Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- 15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- 17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.