

Scale = 1:60.9



36-11-0 36-11-0

Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[L:0-3-0,Edge]						
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.17 BC 0.09 WB 0.09 (Matrix)	DEFL.         in           Vert(LL)         0.00           Vert(TL)         0.01           Horz(TL)         0.01	(loc) l/def W n/i W n/i V n/a	fl L/d ir 120 ir 120 a n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 198 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x4 SF OTHERS 2x4 SF	9 No.2 9 No.2 9 No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wo Rigid ceiling MiTek reco be installed Installation	ood sheathing directly applie ommends that s d during truss e guide.	directly applied or 6-0-0 d or 10-0-0 oc bracing. Stabilizers and requirec prection, in accordance	) oc purlins. I cross bracing with Stabilizer

REACTIONS. All bearings 36-11-0.

(lb) - Max Horz B=181(LC 6)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) AG except V=-138(LC 9), AH=-170(LC 8), AI=-140(LC 6), AK=-146(LC 8), AL=-143(LC 6), AM=-154(LC 8), AN=-110(LC 6), AO=-252(LC 6), AE=-177(LC 9), AD=-139(LC 7), AB=-147(LC 9), AA=-143(LC 7), Z=-154(LC 9), Y=-110(LC 7), X=-247(LC 7), B=-111(LC 8)

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Max Grav	<ul> <li>All rea</li> </ul>	ctions 250 lb o	r less at joint(s)	) V, AG,	AH, AI	, AK, AL,	AM, A	λN, AF, .	AE, AD,	AB, A	AA, Z,	Y, B
	except /	AO=268(LC 13	), X=268(LC 14	l)								

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD I-J=-30/298, J-K=-30/376, K-L=-29/388, L-M=-29/388, M-N=-30/376, N-O=-30/298

C-AO=-192/312, U-X=-192/313 WEBS

## NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) AG except (jt=lb) V=138, AH=170, Al=140, AK=146, AL=143, AM=154, AN=110, AO=252, AE=177, AD=139, AB=147, AA=143, Z=154, Y=110, X=247, B=111.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.





l	9-7-4	18-5-8	2	27-3-12	<u>36-11-0</u> 9-7-4
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[C:0-4-0,0-4-4], [G:0-4-0,0-4-4]	0-10-0		0-10-4	3-7-4
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. TC 0.69 BC 0.99 WB 0.54 (Matrix-S)	DEFL. in Vert(LL) -0.23 Vert(TL) -0.68 Horz(TL) 0.22 Wind(LL) 0.37	(loc) I/defl L/d L-N >999 360 J-L >655 240 H n/a n/a L-N >999 240	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           MT20HS         187/143           Weight:         195 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 SI BOT CHORD 2x4 SI WEBS 2x4 SI	P No.2 P No.2 P No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	Structural wood sheathi Rigid ceiling directly ap 1 Row at midpt MiTek recommends th	ng directly applied. blied. G-L, C-L rat Stabilizers and required cross bracing
REACTIONS. (Ib/size) B=1513/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13), H=1513/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13) Max Horz B=-151(LC 9) Max UpliftB=-645(LC 6), H=-645(LC 7)					
FORCES. (lb) - Max TOP CHORD B-C= G-H= BOT CHORD B-N=	. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 2 3509/3147, C-D=-2434/2269, [ 3509/3147 2794/3255, M-N=-2794/3255, I	0 (lb) or less except when sh -E=-2350/2299, E-F=-2350/2 -M=-2794/3255, K-L=-2797/3	nown. 2299, F-G=-2434/2269, 3255, J-K=-2797/3255,		
H-J= WEBS E-L=	2797/3255 730/958, G-L=-1148/1178, G-J	0/355, C-L=-1148/1178, C-N	l=0/355		
NOTES- 1) Unbalanced roof li 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; end vertical left an 3) This truss has bee 4) All plates are MT2 5) This truss has bee 6) * This truss has bee between the bottor 7) Provide mechanic: H=645. 8) This truss is desig standard ANSI/TP	ve loads have been considered 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL= d right exposed;C-C for member in designed for basic load combi 0 plates unless otherwise indica in designed for a 10.0 psf botton een designed for a live load of 20 n chord and any other members al connection (by others) of truss ned in accordance with the 2009 I 1.	or this design. 5.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; 5 and forces & MWFRS for re- tations, which include cases ed. chord live load nonconcurrer 0psf on the bottom chord in to bearing plate capable of w International Residential Coo	enclosed; MWFRS (low eactions shown; Lumber with reductions for multi nt with any other live loa all areas where a rectan vithstanding 100 lb uplift de sections R502.11.1 a	-rise) and C-C Exterior(2 DOL=1.60 plate grip DC ple concurrent live loads ds. gle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wid at joint(s) except (jt=lb) l nd R802.10.2 and refere	2) zone; DL=1.60 de will fit B=645, nced

9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



6x8 =

4.00 12



be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

Installation guide.



	9-7-4	18-5-8		27-3-12	36-11-0
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	9-7-4 [C:0-4-0,0-4-4], [G:0-4-0,0-4-	4]		8-10-4	9-7-4
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0 Plate Grip DOL 1. Lumber DOL 1. Rep Stress Incr YE Code IRC2009/TPI20	-0 <b>CSI.</b> 15 TC 0.69 15 BC 0.99 25 WB 0.55 27 (Matrix-S)	DEFL.         in           Vert(LL)         -0.23           Vert(TL)         -0.68           Horz(TL)         0.22           Wind(LL)         0.43	I (loc) I/defl L/d I (loc) J/defl L/d I K-M >999 360 I K-M >655 240 I N/a n/a I K-M >999 240	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           MT20HS         187/143           Weight: 193 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 S BOT CHORD 2x4 S WEBS 2x4 S	P No.2 P No.2 P No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	Structural wood sheathir Rigid ceiling directly app 1 Row at midpt MiTek recommends th	ng directly applied. lied. G-K, C-K at Stabilizers and required cross bracing

### REACTIONS. (Ib/size) B=1514/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13), H=1476/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-12) Max Horz B=195(LC 6) Max UpliftB=-1093(LC 8), H=-1025(LC 9)

- FORCES. (lb) Max. Comp./Max. Ten. All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD B-C=-3510/3149, C-D=-2436/2271, D-E=-2351/2301, E-F=-2351/2302, F-G=-2436/2271, G-H=-3513/3152
- BOT CHORD B-M=-2816/3256, L-M=-2816/3256, K-L=-2816/3256, J-K=-2819/3260, I-J=-2819/3260, H-I=-2819/3260
- WEBS E-K=-732/959, G-K=-1152/1182, G-I=0/355, C-K=-1148/1178, C-M=0/355

### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=1093, H=1025.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.





# 36-7-8 36-7-8 Plate Offsets (X,Y)- [L:0-3-0,Edge], [W:0-2-0,0-3-10] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. in (loc) I/defl

LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.17 BC 0.09 WB 0.09 (Matrix)	DEFL.         in           Vert(LL)         -0.00           Vert(TL)         0.00           Horz(TL)         0.01	(loc) l/defl L/d A n/r 120 A n/r 120 W n/a n/a	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 199 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x4 SF OTHERS 2x4 SF SLIDER Right 2	P No.2 P No.2 P No.3 Px4 SP No.2 1-11-12		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing of Rigid ceiling directly applied MiTek recommends that S be installed during truss e Installation guide.	directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. d or 10-0-0 oc bracing. Stabilizers and required cross bracing rection, in accordance with Stabilizer

### **REACTIONS.** All bearings 36-7-8.

(lb) - Max Horz B=184(LC 6)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) W, AG except AH=-171(LC 8), AI=-140(LC 6), AK=-146(LC 8), AL=-143(LC 6), AM=-154(LC 8), AN=-110(LC 6), AO=-252(LC 6), AE=-177(LC 9), AD=-139(LC 7), AB=-147(LC 7), AA=-143(LC 9), Z=-152(LC 7), Y=-116(LC 9), X=-250(LC 7), B=-112(LC 8)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) W, AG, AH, AI, AK, AL, AM, AN, AF, AE, AD, AB, AA, Z, Y, X, B except AO=268(LC 13)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD I-J=-37/303, J-K=-37/381, K-L=-35/392, L-M=-35/392, M-N=-37/381, N-O=-37/303

WEBS C-AO=-192/312, U-X=-180/304

### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) W, AG except (jt=lb) AH=171, AI=140, AK=146, AL=143, AM=154, AN=110, AO=252, AE=177, AD=139, AB=147, AA=143, Z=152, Y=116, X=250, B=112.
11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced

standard ANSI/TPI 1.

12) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.





1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/ENGAGE
MASTER	B02	Common Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource, N.Charlest	on, SC	Run: 7 ID:Sz/	.640 s Apr ABPCMxE	22 2016 Pri uPMsuHk	nt: 7.640 s Apr 22 2016 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Jan 12 08:28:47 2018 Page 2 D6q6LKzwPcS-Cs8fogFauj0d6iJTINg3LMLhGE?UeKxwc4rUgdzwA5k

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: A-C=-60, C-E=-60, H-K=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: N=-1535(B) O=-1535(B) P=-1535(B) Q=-1535(B) R=-1535(B) S=-1535(B)

![](_page_8_Figure_0.jpeg)

(lb) - Max Horz B=-80(LC 9)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) I, F except B=-298(LC 8), D=-299(LC 9) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) H, I, G, F except B=276(LC 1), D=276(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-332/469, C-D=-332/469

### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) I, F except (jt=lb) B=298, D=299.

10) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced

standard ANSI/TPI 1.

12) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.

![](_page_9_Figure_0.jpeg)

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=556, D=556.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

![](_page_10_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Figure_2.jpeg)

6-6-8 6-6-8	<u>13-11-8</u> 7-5-0	21-4-8 7-5-0	<u> </u>		
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [B:0-1-12,0-1-8], [F:0-1-12,0-1-8]					
LOADING (psf)         SPACING-         2-0-0           TCLL         20.0         Plate Grip DOL         1.15           TCDL         10.0         Lumber DOL         1.15           BCLL         0.0 *         Rep Stress Incr         NO           BCDL         10.0         Code IRC2009/TPI2007	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.78 BC 0.59 WB 0.42 (Matrix-M)	DEFL.         in         (loc)         I/defl           Vert(LL)         -0.11         J         >999           Vert(TL)         -0.27         J-K         >999           Horz(TL)         0.07         F         n/a           Wind(LL)         0.26         J         >999	L/d <b>PLATES GRIP</b> 360 MT20 244/190 240 MT20HS 187/143 n/a 240 Weight: 298 lb FT = 20%		
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* T2: 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD Structural wor 2-0-0 oc purlin BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling of	od sheathing directly applied or 5-10-12 oc purlins, except ns (5-10-6 max.): C-E. Jirectly applied or 7-4-9 oc bracing.		
REACTIONS. (Ib/size) B=2378/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), F=23 Max Horz B=-104(LC 7) Max UpliftB=-2011(LC 6), F=-2011(LC 7)	78/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)				
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.         TOP CHORD       B-R=-4153/3593, C-R=-4041/3591, C-S=-3690/3315, S-T=-3690/3315, T-U=-3690/3315, D-U=-3690/3315, D-V=-3690/3315, V-W=-3690/3315, W-X=-3690/3315, E-X=-3690/3315, E-Y=-4041/3591, F-Y=-4152/3593         BOT CHORD       B-Z=-3190/3639, Z-AA=-3190/3639, K-AA=-3190/3639, K-AB=-4716/5194, AB-AC=-4716/5194, AB-AC=-4716/5194, AC-AD=-4716/5194, J-AE=-4716/5194, I-AE=-4716/5194, I-AE=-4716/5194,					
WEBS C-K=-891/1215, D-K=-1733/1745, D-J=0/5	96, D-H=-1733/1745, E-H=-	391/1215			
<ul> <li>NOTES-</li> <li>1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3" Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 o Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.</li> <li>2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, exciconnections have been provided to distribute only loads</li> <li>3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for thi</li> <li>4) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0ps exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60</li> <li>5) This truss has been designed for a loo psf bottom chord</li> <li>6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.</li> <li>7) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.</li> <li>8) This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf between the bottom chord and any other members.</li> <li>10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to for a function of the standard ANSI/TPI 1.</li> <li>12) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fi all occupied mechanical connection function does not doning the prior function of the prior of the standard ANSI/TPI 1.</li> </ul>	) nails as follows: 2. ered at 0-9-0 oc. apt if noted as front (F) or bac noted as (F) or (B), unless of s design. f; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclo us, which include cases with d live load nonconcurrent wit on the bottom chord in all ar bearing plate capable of withs ernational Residential Code s ixity model was used in the a	ck (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) therwise indicated. osed; MWFRS (low-rise); end ver reductions for multiple concurrent h any other live loads. eas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall b standing 100 lb uplift at joint(s) ex- ections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 nalysis and design of this truss.	section. Ply to ply tical left and right live loads. y 2-0-0 wide will fit cept (jt=lb) B=2011 2 and referenced		

Continued on page 2

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/ENGAGE
MASTER	D01	Hip Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource, N.Charlest	on, SC		Run: 7.640 s Apr 2 ID:SzABPCM	2 2016 Prir IxEuPMsu	t: 7.640 s Apr 22 2016 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Jan 12 08:28:48 2018 Page 2 HkO6q6LKzwPcS-g3i1?0GCf18Ujsufr5BltatmyeI7NoO3rka2D3zwA5j

### NOTES-

14) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 39 lb down and 65 lb up at 4-7-4, 135 lb down and 238 lb up at 6-6-8, 116 lb down and 238 lb up at 8-7-4, 116 lb down and 238 lb up at 10-7-4, 116 lb down and 238 lb up at 12-7-4, 116 lb down and 238 lb up at 13-3-12, 116 lb down and 238 lb up at 12-3-12, and 135 lb down and 238 lb up at 21-4-8, and 39 lb down and 65 lb up at 23-3-12 on top chord, and 249 lb down and 249 lb up at 2-7-4, 170 lb down and 156 lb up at 4-7-4, 75 lb down and 27 lb up at 8-7-4, 75 lb down and 27 lb up at 10-7-4, 75 lb down and 27 lb up at 12-7-4, 75 lb down and 27 lb up at 10-7-4, 75 lb down and 27 lb up at 10-7-4, 75 lb down and 27 lb up at 10-7-4, 75 lb down and 27 lb up at 10-3-12, and 170 lb down and 156 lb up at 13-11-8, 75 lb down and 27 lb up at 10-3-12, 75 l

### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: A-C=-60, C-E=-60, E-G=-60, L-O=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: C=-116(B) E=-116(B) K=-59(B) J=-59(B) H=-59(B) D=-116(B) S=-116(B) T=-116(B) U=-116(B) V=-116(B) W=-116(B) X=-116(B) Z=-249(B) AA=-170(B) AB=-59(B) AC=-59(B) AD=-59(B) AE=-59(B) AG=-59(B) AH=-170(B) AI=-249(B)

![](_page_12_Figure_0.jpeg)

L	8-6-8	1	19-4-8			27-11-0
I	8-6-8	I	10-10-0			8-6-8
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. TC 0.55 BC 0.51 WB 0.38 (Matrix-S)	DEFL. in Vert(LL) -0.11 Vert(TL) -0.34 Horz(TL) 0.06 Wind(LL) 0.13	(loc) l/defl J-L >999 J-L >989 H n/a J-L >999	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 157 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 S BOT CHORD 2x6 S WEBS 2x4 S	P No.2 P No.2 P No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wo 2-0-0 oc purli Rigid ceiling	od sheathing ns (4-4-12 ma directly applied	directly applied, except x.): D-F. d.
REACTIONS. (Ib/siz Max I Max I	ze) B=1169/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), H=11 Horz B=-124(LC 9) JpliftB=-426(LC 8), H=-426(LC 9)	69/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)		MiTek record be installed Installation	mmends that S during truss e guide.	Stabilizers and required cross bracing rection, in accordance with Stabilizer

- FORCES. (lb) Max. Comp./Max. Ten. All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
- TOP CHORD B-C=-1988/1731, C-D=-1786/1574, D-E=-1556/1478, E-F=-1556/1478, F-G=-1786/1574, G-H=-1988/1731
- BOT CHORD B-L=-1359/1718, K-L=-1352/1804, J-K=-1352/1804, H-J=-1365/1718
- WEBS C-L=-190/393, D-L=-356/512, E-L=-402/399, E-J=-402/399, F-J=-356/512, G-J=-190/393

### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) and C-C Exterior(2) zone;

- end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

 Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=426, H=426.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

![](_page_13_Figure_0.jpeg)

DODL 10.0	00de II 102003/11 12007	(Mathx-0)	WING(EE) 0.1	0 1 2555 240	Weight: 150 15 11 = 20/8
LUMBER-			BRACING-		
TOP CHORD 2	4 SP No.2		TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing	directly applied, except
BOT CHORD 2	6 SP No.2			2-0-0 oc purlins (3-3-3 max	.): D-Ě.
WEBS 23	4 SP No.3		BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied	d.
			WEBS	1 Row at midpt D	i-1
				MiTek recommends that S	Stabilizers and required cross bracing

be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

Installation guide

REACTIONS. (Ib/size) B=1169/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), G=1169/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz B=-146(LC 9) Max UpliftB=-451(LC 8), G=-451(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-1906/1726, C-D=-1633/1523, D-E=-1411/1455, E-F=-1633/1522, F-G=-1906/1725

BOT CHORD B-K=-1325/1637, J-K=-918/1411, I-J=-918/1411, G-I=-1329/1637

WEBS C-K=-276/506, D-K=-215/419, E-I=-212/419, F-I=-276/507

### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) and C-C Exterior(2) zone;

end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

5) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7)\* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=451, G=451.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

10) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

![](_page_14_Figure_0.jpeg)

L	6-3-12	12-6-8	15-4-8	21-7-4	27-11-0
1	6-3-12	6-2-12	2-10-0	6-2-12	6-3-12
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[B:0-5-0,0-0-2], [D:0-4-0,0-1-15], [G:0	-5-0,0-0-2]			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. TC 0.72 BC 0.33 WB 0.49 (Matrix-S)	<b>DEFL.</b> in Vert(LL) -0.07 Vert(TL) -0.18 Horz(TL) 0.05 Wind(LL) 0.11	(loc) I/defl L/d L >999 360 L-M >999 240 G n/a n/a L >999 240	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 171 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x6 SF WEBS 2x4 SF	P No.2 P No.2 P No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing c 2-0-0 oc purlins (5-1-3 max. Rigid ceiling directly appliec	lirectly applied, except ): D-E. I.
REACTIONS. (Ib/siz	e) B=1169/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), G=11 lorz B=-168/I C. 9)	69/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)		MiTek recommends that S be installed during truss en Installation guide.	tabilizers and required cross bracing rection, in accordance with Stabilizer

Max Holz B=100(LO 3)Max UpliftB=-473(LC 8), G=-473(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- TOP CHORD B-C=-1972/1747, C-D=-1466/1423, D-E=-1231/1392, E-F=-1468/1425, F-G=-1971/1746
- BOT CHORD B-M=-1352/1697, L-M=-1352/1697, K-L=-759/1228, J-K=-759/1228, I-J=-1358/1696,

G-I=-1358/1696

WEBS C-L=-538/676, D-L=-272/364, E-J=-275/369, F-J=-534/673

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25t; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) and C-C Exterior(2) zone;

- end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=473, G=473.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

![](_page_15_Figure_0.jpeg)

 Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=387, J=387.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

10) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

![](_page_16_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Figure_0.jpeg)

10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

11) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

![](_page_19_Figure_0.jpeg)

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Continued on page 2

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/ENGAGE
MASTER	D08	Half Hip Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource, N.Charlest	on, SC	Run: 7 ID:SzAE	.640 s Apr 2 BPCMxEu	22 2016 Pri PMsuHkO	nt: 7.640 s Apr 22 2016 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Jan 12 08:28:51 2018 Page 2 6q6LKzwPcS-4eNAd2I5yyW3aJdEXDI?VCVI6sO?aDyWXipipOzwA5g

LOAD CASE(S) Standard 1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: A-C=-60, C-D=-60, D-E=-20, F-I=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: H=23(B) C=-248(B) L=-248(B) M=-248(B) N=-130(B) O=-177(B) P=23(B) Q=23(B)

![](_page_21_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Figure_0.jpeg)

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 396 lb uplift at joint B and 724 lb uplift at joint M.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

![](_page_23_Figure_0.jpeg)

Continued on page 2

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/ENGAGE
MASTER	FG01	Flat Girder	1	2	lah Dafamana (antiana))
				-	Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource, N.Charleston, SC			Run: 7.640 s Apr 22 2016 Print: 7.640 s Apr 22 2016 MiTek Industries. Inc. Fri Jan 12 08:28:52 2018 Page 2		

# ID:SzABPCMxEuPMsuHkO6q6LKzwPcS-YqxYrOJjjFewCTCQ4wGE2Q2U\_Fd?JYafmMYFMqzwA5f

LOAD CASE(S) Standard 1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: A-B=-20, B-E=-60, F-J=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: H=-641(B) G=-641(B) K=-641(B) L=-641(B) M=-1047(F) N=-470(F) O=-641(B) P=-470(F)

![](_page_25_Figure_0.jpeg)

### LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.2BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.2WEBS2x4 SP No.3OTHERS2x4 SP No.3WEDGELeft: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-10-8 oc purlins, except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (Ib/size) B=213/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), D=148/0-1-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz B=221(LC 8) Max UpliftB=-266(LC 8), D=-254(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD C-D=-97/273

### NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

4) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) D considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) D.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 266 lb uplift at joint B and 254 lb uplift at joint D.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.

![](_page_26_Figure_0.jpeg)

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=213/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), D=148/0-1-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz B=221(LC 8) Max UpliftB=-266(LC 8), D=-254(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD C-D=-97/273

### NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Bearing at joint(s) D considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) D.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 266 lb uplift at joint B and 254 lb uplift at joint D.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.

![](_page_27_Figure_0.jpeg)

- Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) This truss is not designed to support a ceiling and is not intended for use where aesthetics are a consideration.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 224 lb uplift at joint B, 54 lb uplift at joint E and 446 lb uplift at joint C.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) Gap between inside of top chord bearing and first diagonal or vertical web shall not exceed 0.500in.

![](_page_28_Figure_0.jpeg)

Max UpliftD=-73(LC 6), B=-256(LC 8), E=-150(LC 8)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. WEBS C-F=-194/410

### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 73 lb uplift at joint D, 256 lb uplift at joint B and 150 lb uplift at joint E.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

10) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

![](_page_29_Figure_0.jpeg)

Vert: A-C=-60, C-D=-60, E-H=-20

Continued on page 2

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/ENGAGE
MASTER	J03	Jack-Open Girder	3	1	Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource, N.Charleston, SC			640 s Apr CMxEuPl	22 2016 Pri MsuHkO60	nt: 7.640 s Apr 22 2016 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Jan 12 08:28:55 2018 Page 2 g6LKzwPcS-zPdhTPLb0A1V3xw?m3pxf2g5aToBW195SKnwz9zwA5c

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: C=-2(F) G=-6(F) K=-2(F) L=-6(F)

![](_page_31_Figure_0.jpeg)

Max Grav C=61(LC 1), B=165(LC 1), D=44(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

### NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 97 lb uplift at joint C and 156 lb uplift at joint B.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

8) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.