

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: 26233-26233A **TERRY HINSON JOB - JMS**

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by 84 Components - #2383.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I45365511 thru I45365540

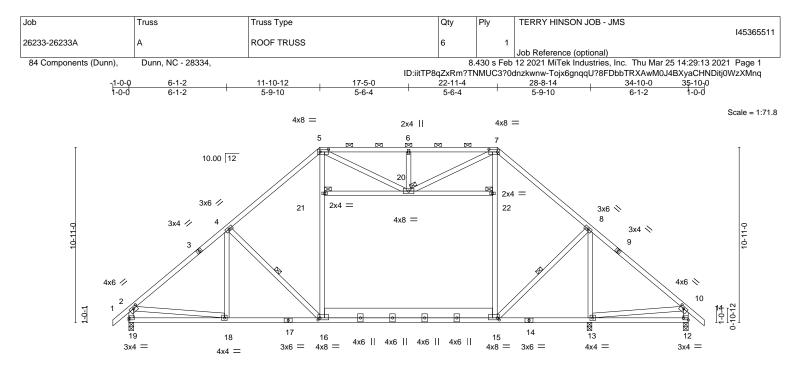
My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2021.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



March 26,2021

Liu, Xuegang IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



		6-1-2	11-10-	·12 I	17-5-0	1 22	2-11-4	28-	8-4	34-10-0	I.	
		6-1-2	5-9-1	0 '	5-6-4	' !	5-6-4	5-9	-0	6-1-12		
Plate Of	fsets (X,Y)	[2:0-2-12,0-1-8], [5:0-6-4,0)-2-0], [7:0-6-4	,0-2-0], [10	:0-2-12,0-1-8], [12:Edge,0-1-8]	, [15:0-1-8,0-1-8	3], [16:0-1	-8,0-1-8]			
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.54	Vert(LL)	-0.14 16-18	>999	240	MT20	197/144	
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.81	Vert(CT)	-0.30 16-18	>999	180			
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.67	Horz(CT)	0.04 12	n/a	n/a			

Mainha 070 lb

BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/1PI2014	Matrix-MS	Απις -0.0	9 15-16 1487 360	VVeight: 276 ID FI = 20%
LUMBER-				BRACING-		
TOP CHOP	RD 2x4 SF	No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2		TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing	directly applied or 3-9-14 oc purlins,
BOT CHOP	RD 2x4 SF	No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 *Except*			except end verticals, and 2	-0-0 oc purlins (4-2-4 max.): 5-7.
	15-16:	2x8 SP No.2		BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied	d or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS	2x4 SF	No.3		WEBS	1 Row at midpt	4-16, 8-15
				JOINTS	1 Brace at Jt(s): 20, 21, 22	
REACTION	NS. (size	e) 19=0-3-8, 13=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8				

Max Horz 19=-295(LC 10) Max Uplift 19=-38(LC 12), 13=-437(LC 8), 12=-160(LC 12) Max Grav 19=1597(LC 1), 13=627(LC 25), 12=1569(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-4=-1900/133, 4-5=-1704/189, 5-6=-1614/318, 6-7=-1614/318, 7-8=-1681/188,

8-10=-1915/282. 2-19=-1541/170. 10-12=-1498/190

BOT CHORD 18-19=-287/441, 16-18=-125/1549, 15-16=-55/1302, 13-15=-206/1434, 12-13=-74/310 WEBS 4-16=-382/241, 16-21=-18/661, 5-21=0/685, 5-20=-165/459, 6-20=-368/175, 7-20=-151/522, 15-22=-82/663, 7-22=0/685, 8-15=-258/314, 8-13=-605/408, 2-18=0/1195, 10-13=-257/1236

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

- 6) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 20-21, 20-22; Wall dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s).16-21, 15-22
- 7) Bottom chord live load (20.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (5.0 psf) applied only to room. 15-16
- 8) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 19, 13, and 12. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

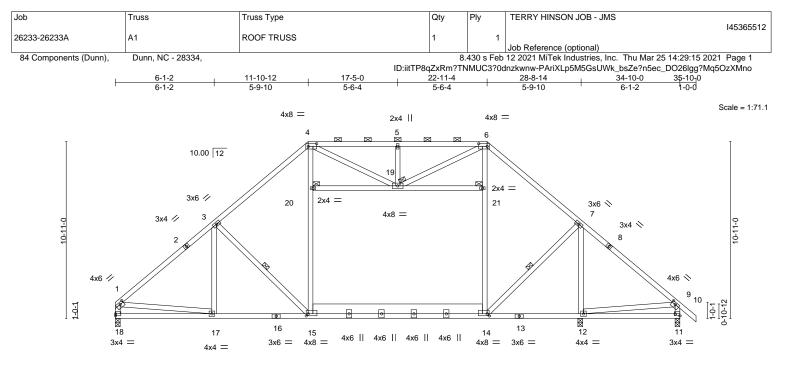
9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord. 10) ATTIC SPACE SHOWN IS DESIGNED AS UNINHABITABLE.

CARO "The and the state of the state The second se SEAL 28228 GANG mmm

March 26,2021



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss system. See MSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



	6-1-2	11-10-12	17-5-0	22-11-4	28-8-4	34-10-0	1
	6-1-2	5-9-10	5-6-4	5-6-4	5-9-0	6-1-12	1
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[1:0-2-12,0-1-8], [4:0-6-4,0)-2-0], [6:0-6-4,0-2-0], [9:	0-2-12,0-1-8], [11:Ed	ge,0-1-8], [14:0-1-8,0-1-	-8], [15:0-1-8,0-1-8]		

LUMBER-		BRACING-	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-7-7 oc purlins,
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 *Except*		except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-2-1 max.): 4-6.
	14-15: 2x8 SP No.2	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3	WEBS	1 Row at midpt 3-15, 7-14
		JOINTS	1 Brace at Jt(s): 19, 20, 21
REACTIONS.	(size) 18=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8, 11=0-3-8		

Max Horz 18=-287(LC 10) Max Uplift 18=-14(LC 12), 12=-437(LC 8), 11=-159(LC 12) Max Grav 18=1528(LC 1), 12=626(LC 25), 11=1572(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-3=-1903/129, 3-4=-1709/191, 4-5=-1618/318, 5-6=-1618/318, 6-7=-1684/187,

7-9=-1920/281, 1-18=-1472/120, 9-11=-1501/190

BOT CHORD	17-18=-259/394, 15-17=-125/1558, 14-15=-55/1304, 12-14=-205/1437, 11-12=-74/310
WEBS	3-15=-389/245, 15-20=-20/667, 4-20=0/692, 4-19=-165/459, 5-19=-369/174,
	6-19=-152/523, 14-21=-82/665, 6-21=0/686, 7-14=-258/314, 7-12=-604/409,
	1-17=0/1240, 9-12=-257/1239

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

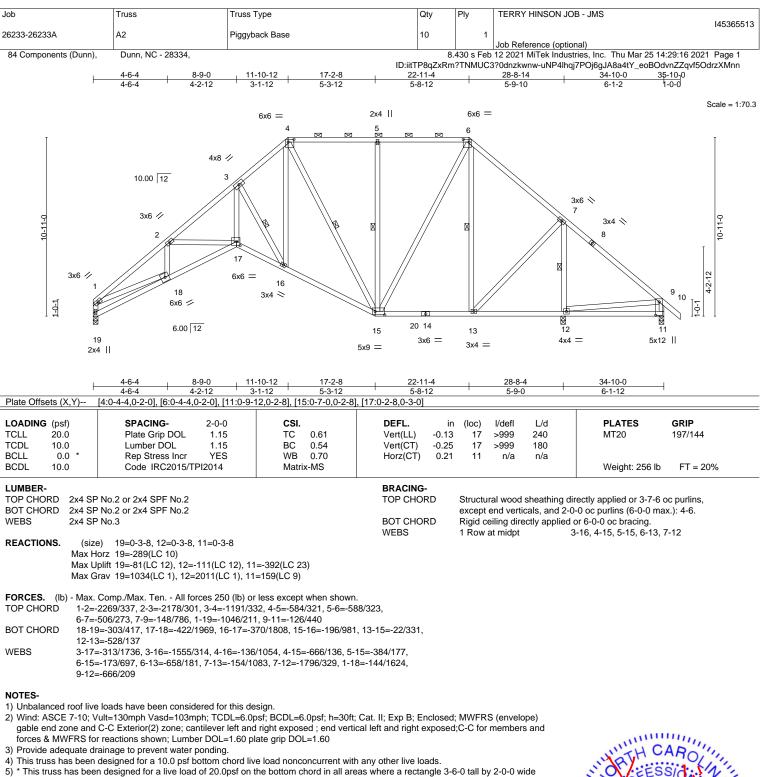
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 19-20, 19-21; Wall dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s).15-20, 14-21
- 7) Bottom chord live load (20.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (5.0 psf) applied only to room. 14-15
- 8) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 18, 12, and 11. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
 ATTIC SPACE SHOWN IS DESIGNED AS UNINHABITABLE.



March 26,2021



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss system. See MSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



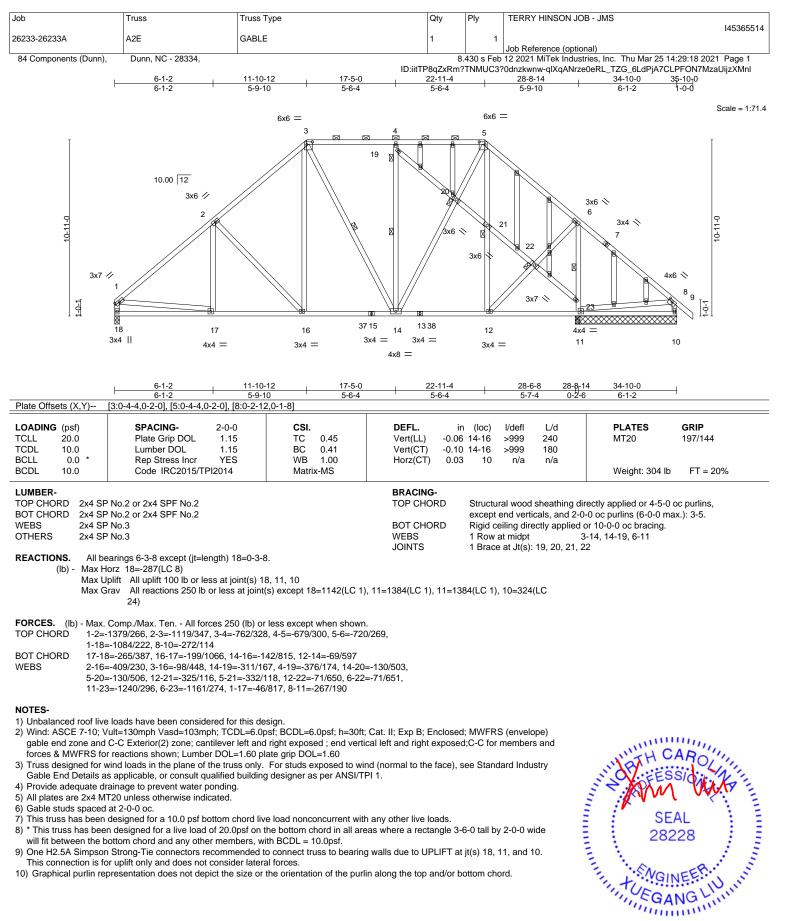
- will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Bearing at joint(s) 19 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 7) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 19, 12, and 11. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

SEAL 28228

March 26,2021

AMITEK Affiliate B18 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

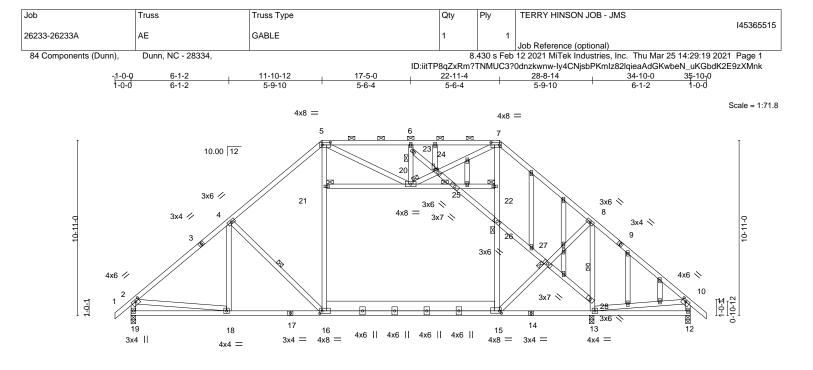
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



March 26,2021



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



	6-1-2	5-9-10	5-6-4	5-6	6-4	5-9	-0	6-1-12	
late Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-2-12,0-1-8], [5:0-6-4,0-	2-0], [7:0-6-4,0-2-0], [1	0:0-2-12,0-1-8], [15:0	-1-8,0-1-12],	[16:0-1-12,	0-2-0], [24:0	-0-5,0-2-0]		
DADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0 CS		DEFL.	in (loc) l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15 TC	0.52		-0.10 15-16	,	240	MT20	197/144
DL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15 BC		- ()	-0.20 15-10		180	WITZO	13//144
CLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES WB		- (-)	0.03 1		n/a		
CDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2	-	trix-MS	- (-)	-0.08 15-10	5 1579	360	Weight: 323 lb	FT = 20%
JMBER-			I	BRACING-					
P CHORD 2x4 SP	No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2			TOP CHORD) Struc	ctural wood	sheathing d	irectly applied or 4-2-11	oc purlins,
T CHORD 2x4 SP	No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 *Ex	cept*			exce	pt end vertion	als, and 2-0	0-0 oc purlins (5-4-1 ma	x.): 5-7.
15-16: 2	2x8 SP No.2	•		BOT CHORD) Rigio	d ceiling dire	ctly applied	or 10-0-0 oc bracing.	
EBS 2x4 SP	No.3 *Except*			WEBS	1 Ro	w at midpt		4-16, 8-13	
4-18,8-	13: 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SP	F No.2		JOINTS	1 Bra	ace at Jt(s):	20, 21, 22,	23, 25, 26, 27	
THERS 2x4 SP	No.3								

22-11-4

28-8-4

17-5-0

REACTIONS. (size) 19=0-3-8, 13=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8 Max Horz 19=-295(LC 10) Max Uplift 19=-20(LC 12), 13=-97(LC 8), 12=-69(LC 12) Max Grav 19=1429(LC 1), 13=1308(LC 25), 12=684(LC 20)

6-1-2

11-10-12

- FORCES. (Ib) Max. Comp./Max. Ten. All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-4=-1670/114, 4-5=-1466/170, 5-6=-1046/276, 6-7=-764/237, 7-8=-915/129, 8-10=-731/137, 2-19=-1371/157, 10-12=-623/101
- BOT CHORD 18-19=-287/440, 16-18=-99/1356, 15-16=-30/1112, 13-15=-132/905, 12-13=-85/269 WFBS 4-16=-384/241, 16-21=-21/691, 5-21=0/718, 5-20=-312/172, 20-23=-158/265, 6-23=-374/174, 20-24=-234/272, 7-24=-234/277, 15-26=-90/291, 22-26=-23/325, 7-22=0/326, 15-27=-36/509, 8-27=-37/509, 13-28=-1206/134, 8-28=-964/228, 2-18=0/1015, 10-13=-143/376, 23-24=-518/91, 24-25=-533/96, 25-26=-606/85, 26-27=-584/77, 27-28=-565/71

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 20-21, 20-25, 22-25; Wall dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 16-21, 15-26, 22-26
- 10) Bottom chord live load (20.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (5.0 psf) applied only to room. 15-16
- 11) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 19, 13, and 12. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord. 13) ATTIC SPACE SHOWN IS DESIGNED AS UNINHABITABLE

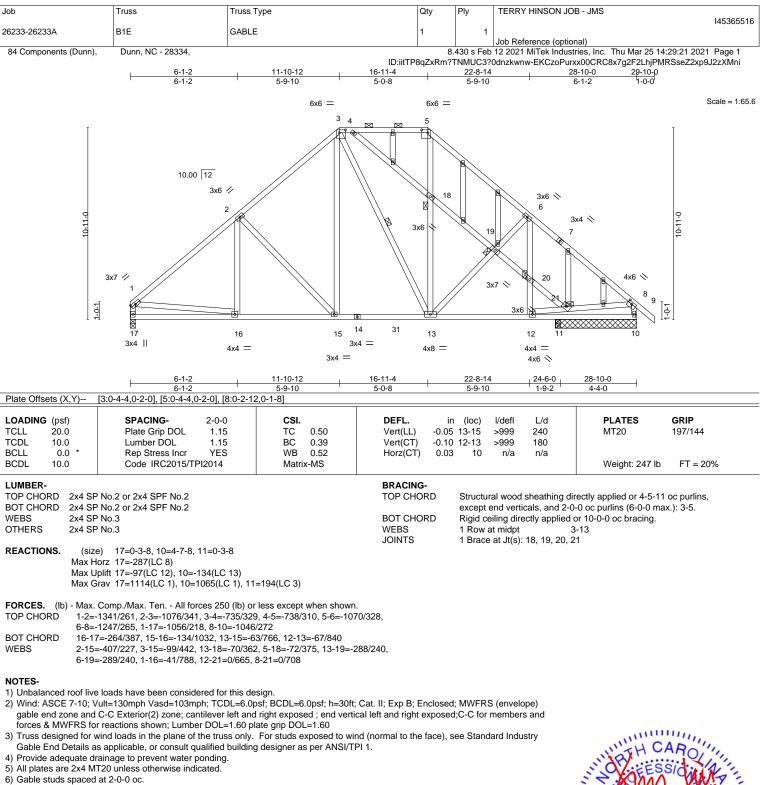
🛦 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REFERENCE PAGE MIT-74/3 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITER® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



34-10-0







7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

9) N/A

10) N/A

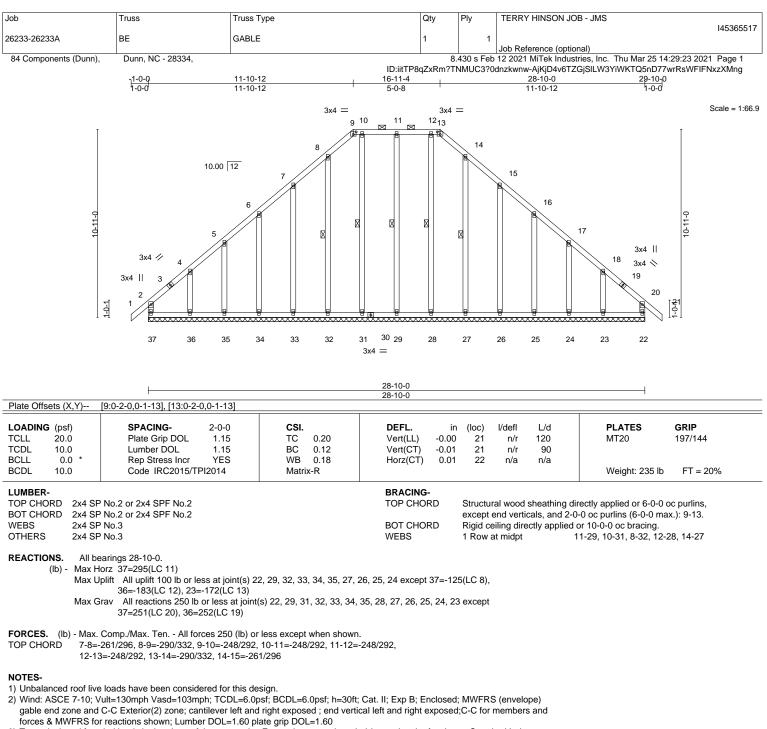
11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



TRENGINEERING BY A MITCH Affiliate 818 Soundside Road

Edenton, NC 27932

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide
- will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) N/A

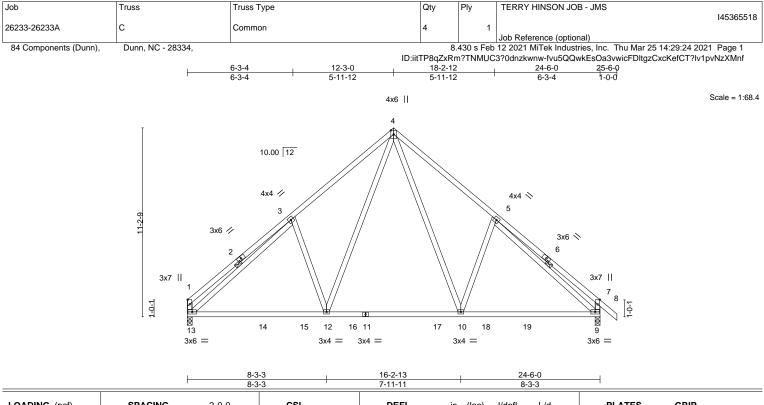
12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



March 26,2021

ENGINEERING BY AMITEK AMITIAL 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss system. See MSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.50 BC 0.68 WB 0.51 Matrix-MS			PLATES MT20 Weight: 163 lb	GRIP 197/144 FT = 20%
	No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2 No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	Structural wood sheathing di except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied 1 Row at midpt	<i>y</i>	13 oc purlins,

REACTIONS. (size) 13=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8 Max Horz 13=-294(LC 8) Max Uplift 13=-87(LC 12), 9=-111(LC 13) Max Grav 13=1019(LC 19), 9=1087(LC 20)

 FORCES.
 (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 TOP CHORD
 1-3=-428/190, 3-4=-1136/366, 4-5=-1130/364, 5-7=-497/256, 1-13=-378/167, 7-9=-496/248

 BOT CHORD
 12-13=-138/1020, 10-12=0/691, 9-10=-33/878

WEBS 4-10=-195/627, 5-10=-340/303, 4-12=-198/636, 3-12=-347/306, 3-13=-930/62, 5-9=-888/13

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

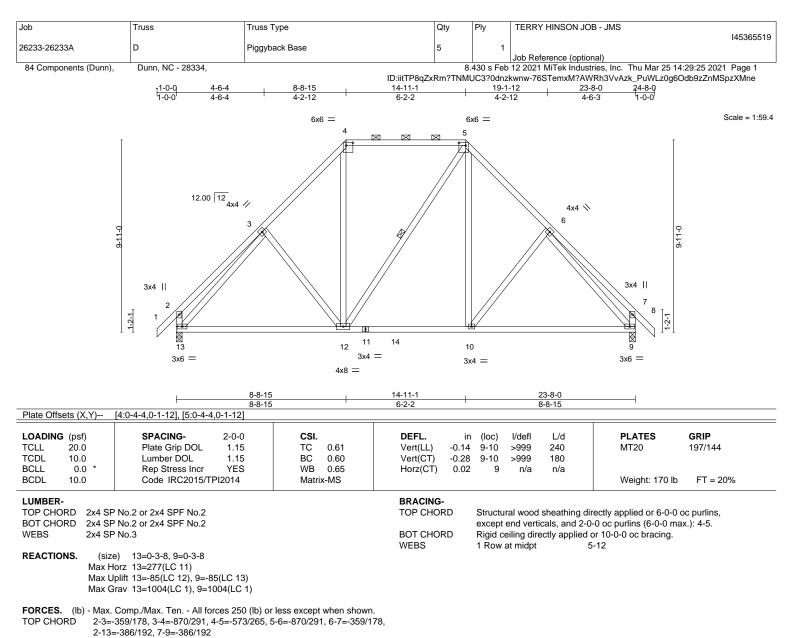
5) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 13 and 9. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.



March 26,2021

ENGINEERING BY ERENCOO AMITEK Attiliate 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



- BOT CHORD 12-13=-159/702, 10-12=-27/564, 9-10=-27/614
- WEBS 4-12=-61/325, 5-10=-86/372, 3-13=-749/80, 6-9=-748/80

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 13 and 9. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

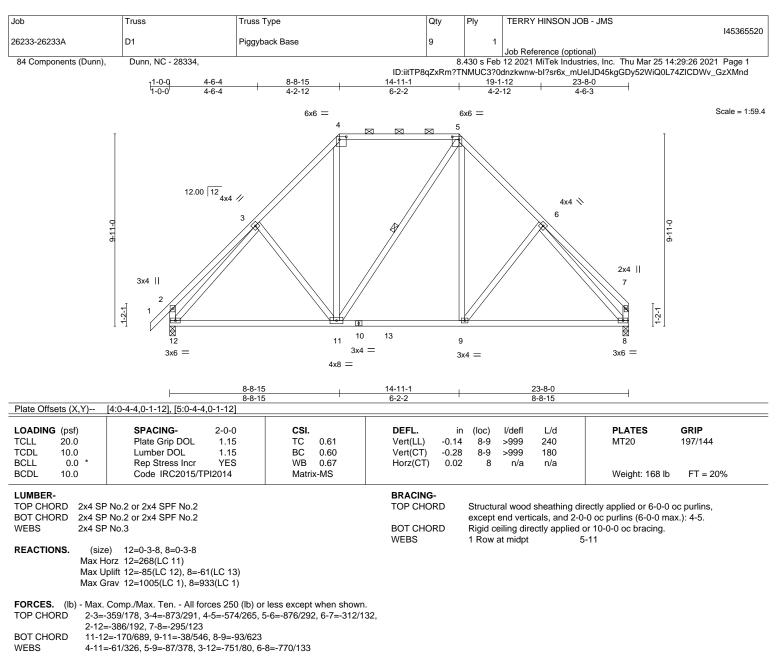
7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



March 26,2021



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss system. See MSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 12 and 8. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

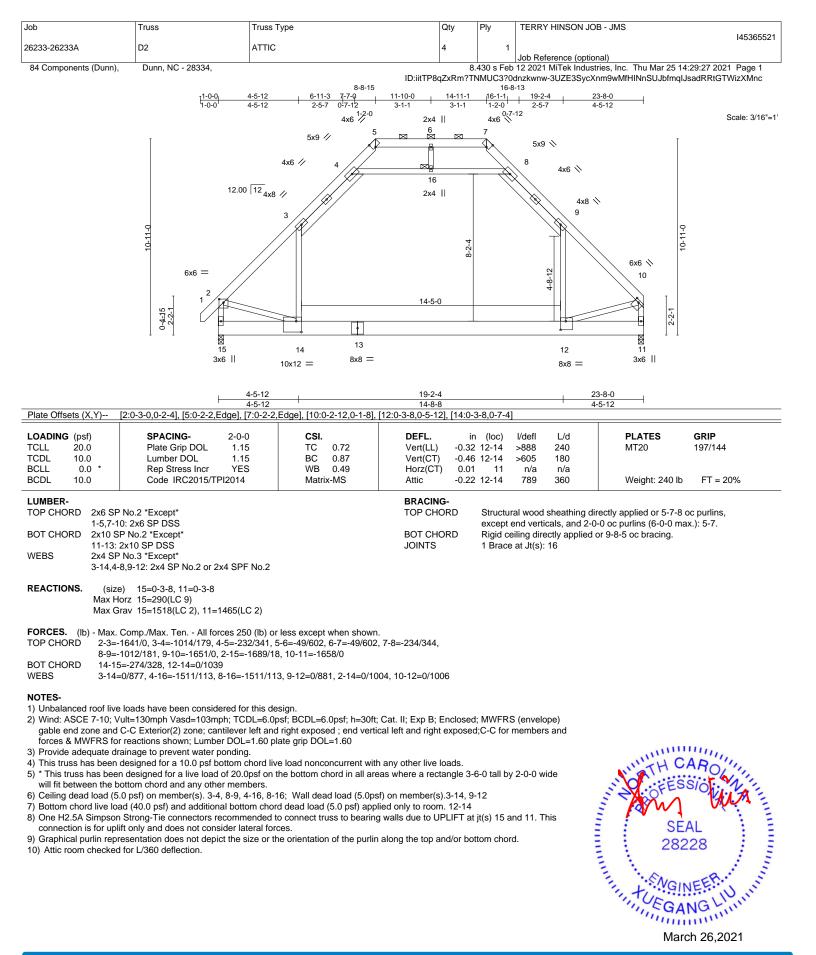
7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



March 26,2021

ENGINEERING BY A MITCH Affiliate 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

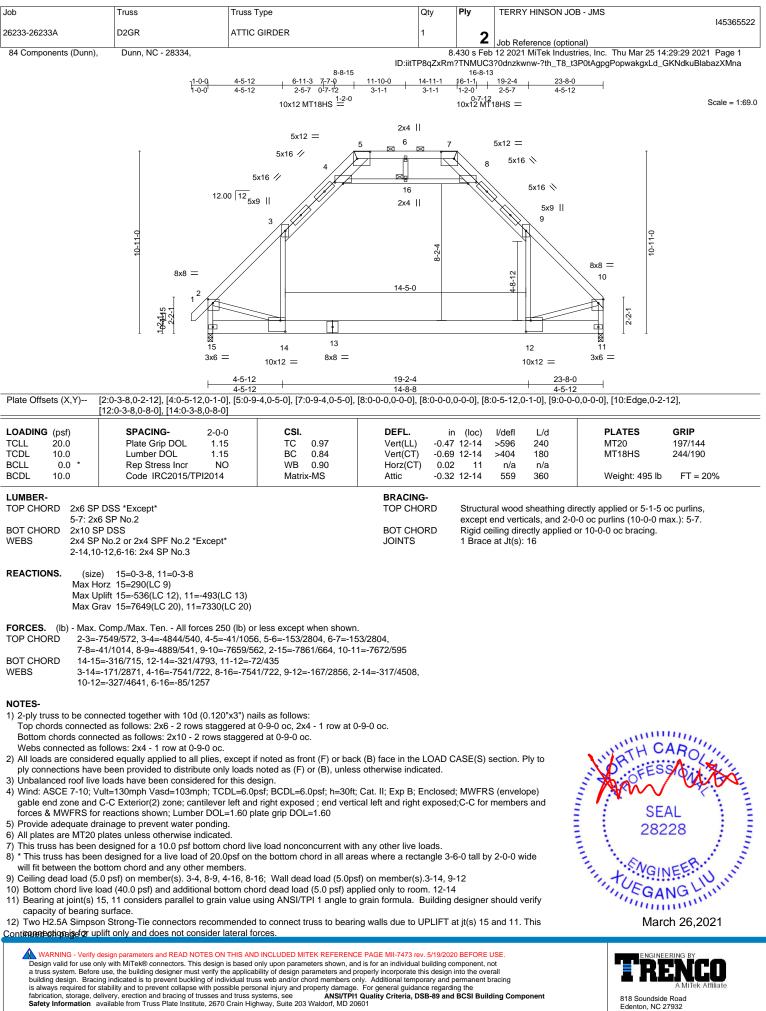
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss system. See MSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601







Edenton, NC 27932



818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	TERRY HINSON JOB - JMS
					145365522
26233-26233A	D2GR	ATTIC GIRDER	1	2	
				2	Job Reference (optional)
84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,		8.	430 s Feb	12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Mar 25 14:29:29 2021 Page 2

NOTES-

ID:iitTP8qZxRm?TNMUC3?0dnzkwnw-?th_T8_t3P0tAgpgPopwakgxLd_GKNdkuBlabazXMna

13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.14) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.

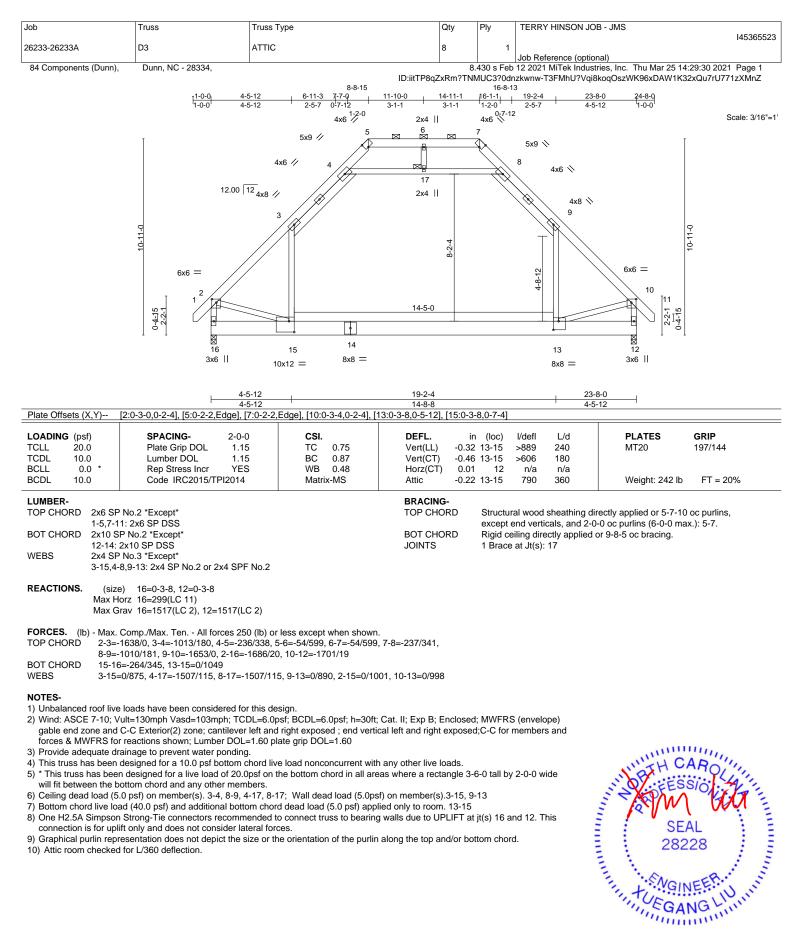
LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-180(F=-120), 2-3=-180(F=-120), 3-4=-190(F=-120), 4-5=-180(F=-120), 5-7=-180(F=-120), 7-8=-180(F=-120), 8-9=-190(F=-120), 9-10=-180(F=-120), 14-15=-170(F=-150), 12-14=-180(F=-150), 11-12=-170(F=-150), 4-8=-10 Drag: 3-14=-10, 9-12=-10

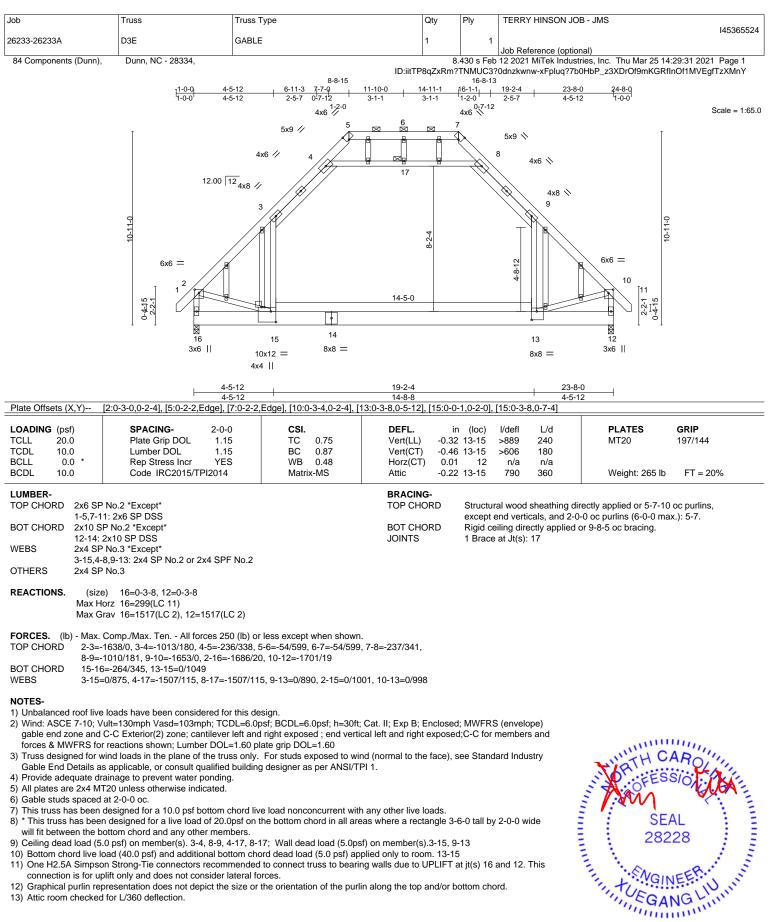
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss system. See MSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601 March 26,2021

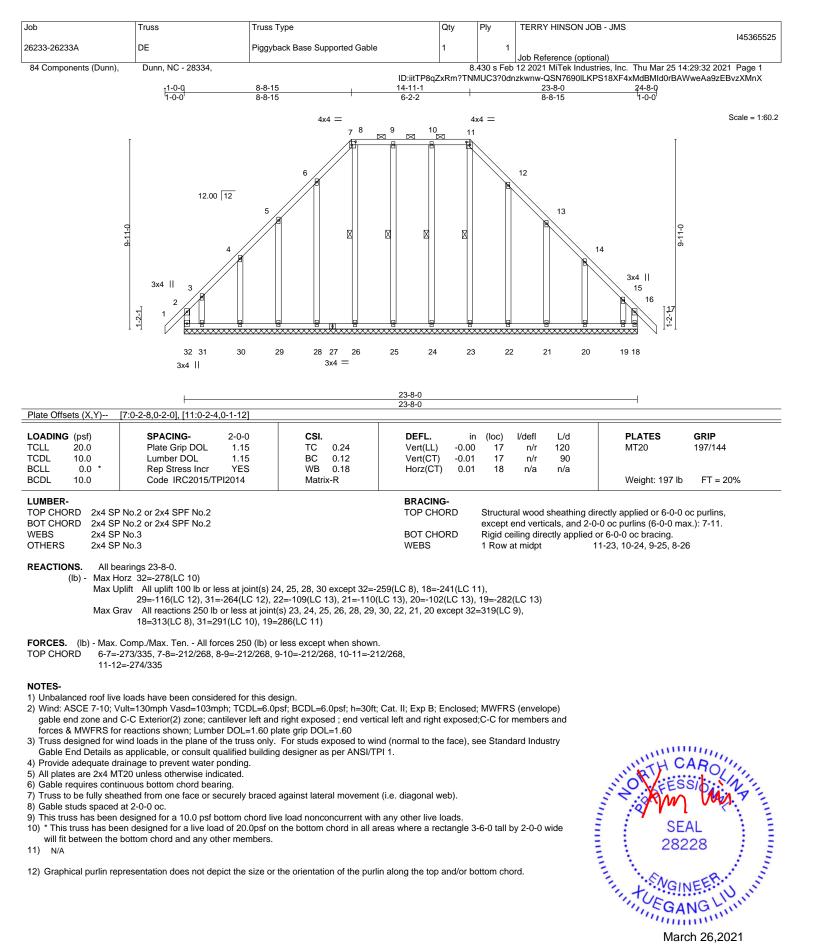




March 26,2021



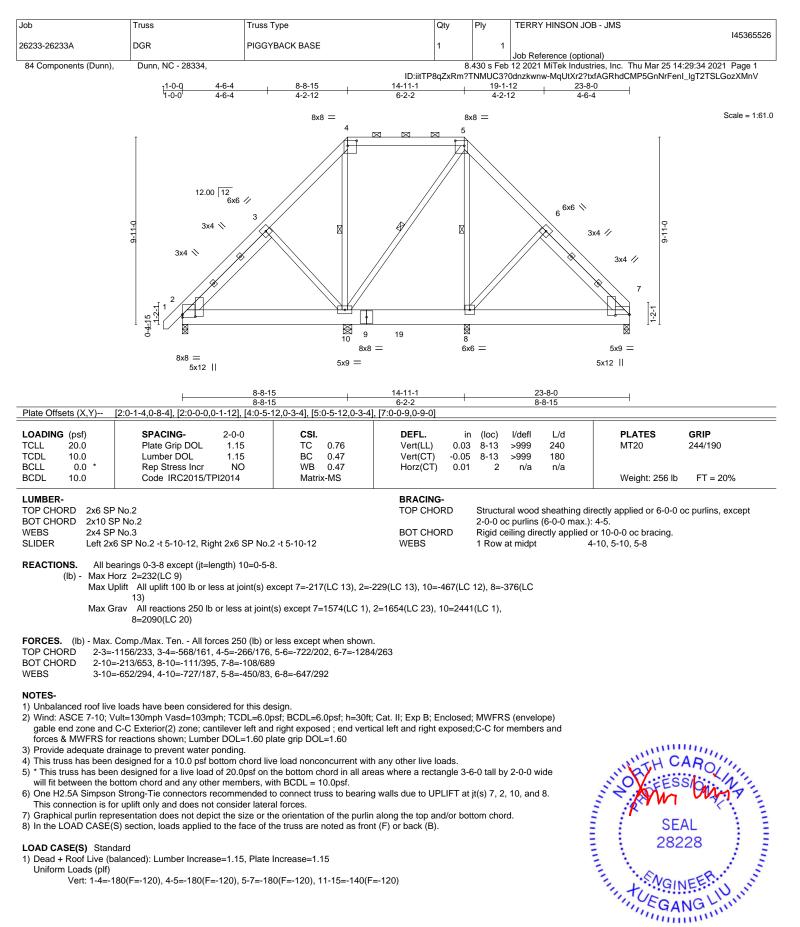
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss system. See MSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

TRENCO A MI Tek Affiliat 818 Soundside Road

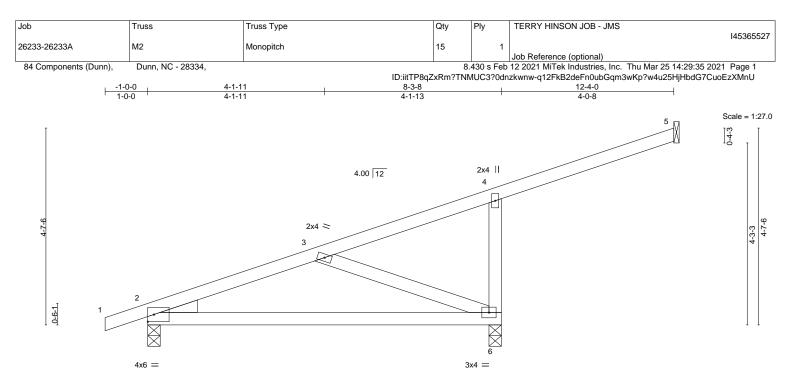
Edenton, NC 27932



March 26,2021



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



		8-3-8 8-3-8						
_OADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.45	Vert(LL) -0.	14 6-9	>716	240	MT20	197/144
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.61	Vert(CT) -0.	27 6-9	>356	180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.17	Horz(CT) 0.	01 2	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP	()				Weight: 45 lb	FT = 20%

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3
WEDGE	
Left [,] 2x4 SP No	n.3

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (size) 5=Mechanical, 2=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=161(LC 9) Max Uplift 5=-48(LC 12), 2=-65(LC 8), 6=-157(LC 12) Max Grav 5=97(LC 1), 2=376(LC 1), 6=485(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-431/112, 4-6=-280/241 BOT CHORD 2-6=-263/394

WEBS 3-6=-418/243

NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

Refer to airder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 48 lb uplift at joint 5.

6) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 6. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.



March 26,2021

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to preven tbuckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses sand truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

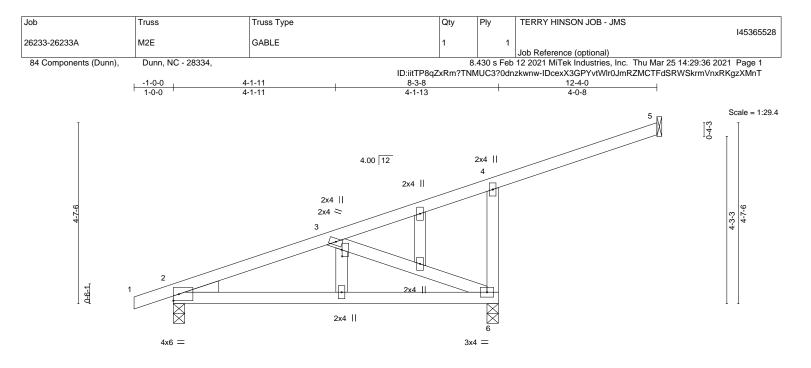


Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[3:0-2-0,0-0-3]			8-3-8 8-3-8							
	• <i>i</i> •									_	
LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.45	Vert(LL)	-0.14	6-12	>716	240	MT20	197/144
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.61	Vert(CT)	-0.27	6-12	>356	180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.17	Horz(CT)	0.01	2	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TF	PI2014	Matrix	-MP						Weight: 49 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-		BRACING-	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2		except end verticals.
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3		

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (size) 5=Mechanical, 2=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=161(LC 9) Max Uplift 5=-48(LC 12), 2=-65(LC 8), 6=-157(LC 12) Max Grav 5=97(LC 1), 2=376(LC 1), 6=485(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-431/112, 4-6=-280/241

- BOT CHORD 2-6=-263/394
- WEBS 3-6=-418/243

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

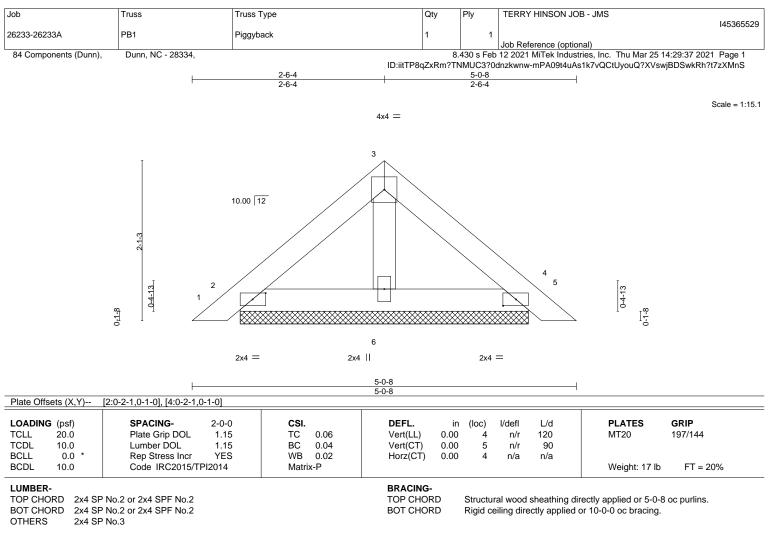
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 48 lb uplift at joint 5.
- 8) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 6. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.



March 26,2021



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



REACTIONS. (size) 2=3-9-6, 4=3-9-6, 6=3-9-6

Max Horz 2=-47(LC 10) Max Uplift 2=-28(LC 12), 4=-34(LC 13)

Max Grav 2=113(LC 1), 4=113(LC 1), 6=124(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) N/A

7) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



March 26,2021



A MiTek Affili 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

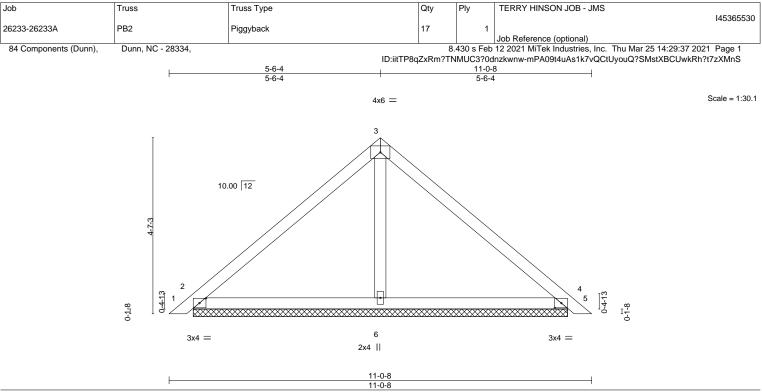


Plate Offsets (X,	[2:0-2-1,0-1-8], [4:0-2-1,0-1-8]							
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.32 BC 0.24 WB 0.08	Vert(CT) 0	in (lo 0.01 0.02 0.00	c) l/defl 5 n/r 5 n/r 4 n/a	L/d 120 90 n/a	PLATES MT20	GRIP 197/144
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S					Weight: 42 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-	4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD	Stru	uctural woo	od sheathing di	irectly applied or 6-0-0	oc purlins.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

 TOP CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2

 BOT CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2

 OTHERS
 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (size) 2=9-9-6, 4=9-9-6, 6=9-9-6

Max Horz 2=-109(LC 10) Max Uplift 2=-41(LC 12), 4=-55(LC 13), 6=-9(LC 12) Max Grav 2=231(LC 1), 4=231(LC 1), 6=369(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) N/A

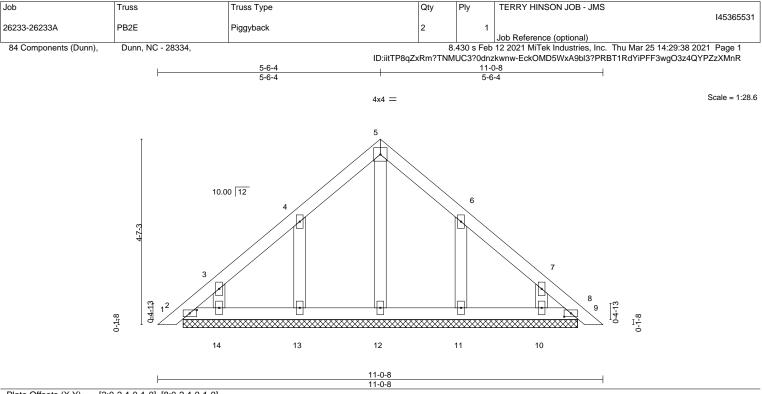
7) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



March 26,2021







OADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in	(loc) l/defl	L/d	PLATES GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.05	Vert(LL) -0.00	8 n/r	120	MT20 197/144
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.03	Vert(CT) 0.00	8 n/r	90	
CLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.03	Horz(CT) 0.00	8 n/a	n/a	
CDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S				Weight: 50 lb FT = 20%

 TOP CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2

 BOT CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2

 WEBS
 2x4 SP No.3

 OTHERS
 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 9-9-6.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-109(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 14, 13, 11, 10 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 12, 14, 13, 11, 10

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) _{N/A}

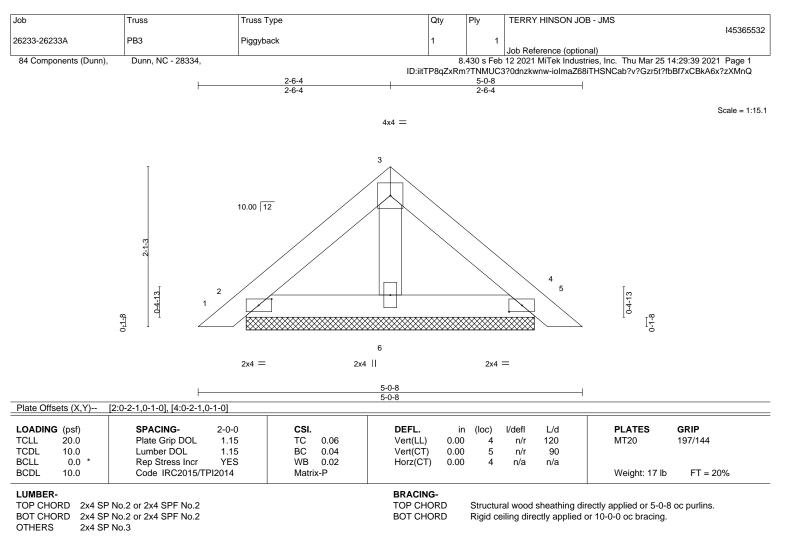
 See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



March 26,2021



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



REACTIONS. (size) 2=3-9-6, 4=3-9-6, 6=3-9-6

Max Horz 2=-47(LC 10) Max Uplift 2=-28(LC 12), 4=-34(LC 13)

Max Grav 2=113(LC 1), 4=113(LC 1), 6=124(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) _{N/A}

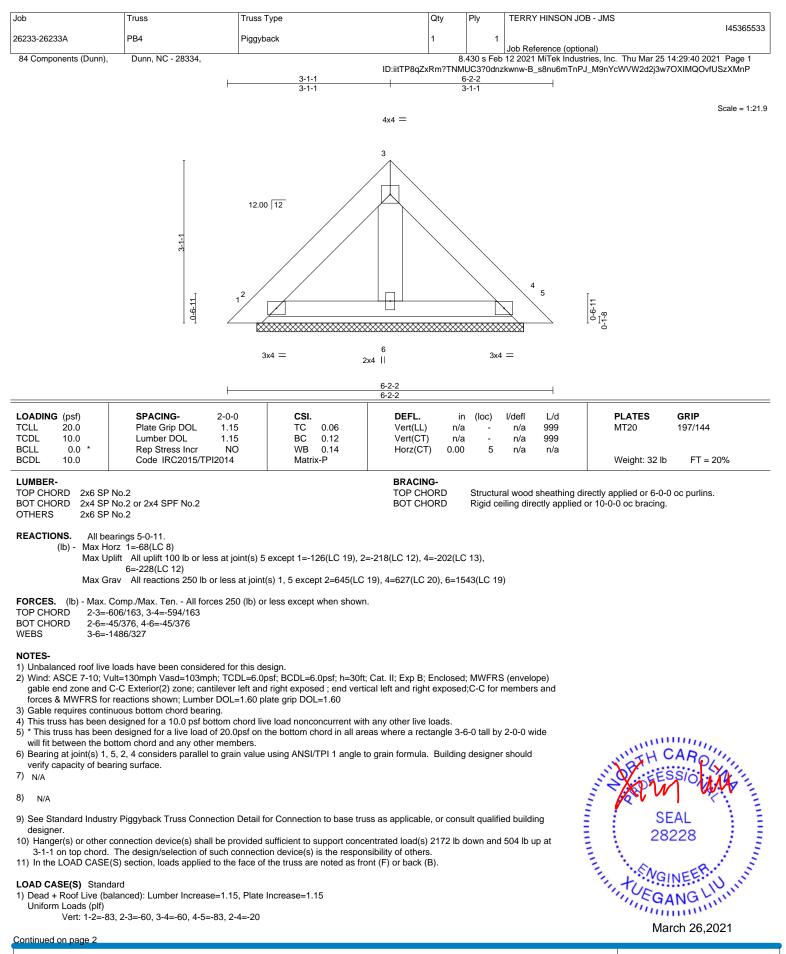
7) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



March 26,2021









Edenton, NC 27932

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	TERRY HINSON JOB - JMS
					145365533
26233-26233A	PB4	Piggyback	1	1	
					Job Reference (optional)
84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,		8.	430 s Feb	12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Mar 25 14:29:40 2021 Page 2

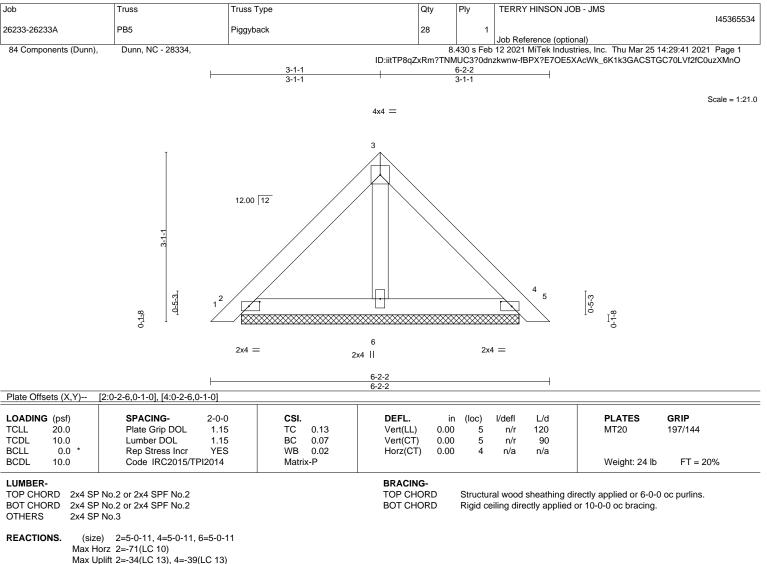
ID:iitTP8qZxRm?TNMUC3?0dnzkwnw-B_s8nu6mTnPJ_M9nYcWVW2d2j3w7OXIMQOvfUSzXMnP

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 3=-2160(F)

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/ITPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





Max Grav 2=145(LC 1), 4=145(LC 1), 6=158(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) N/A

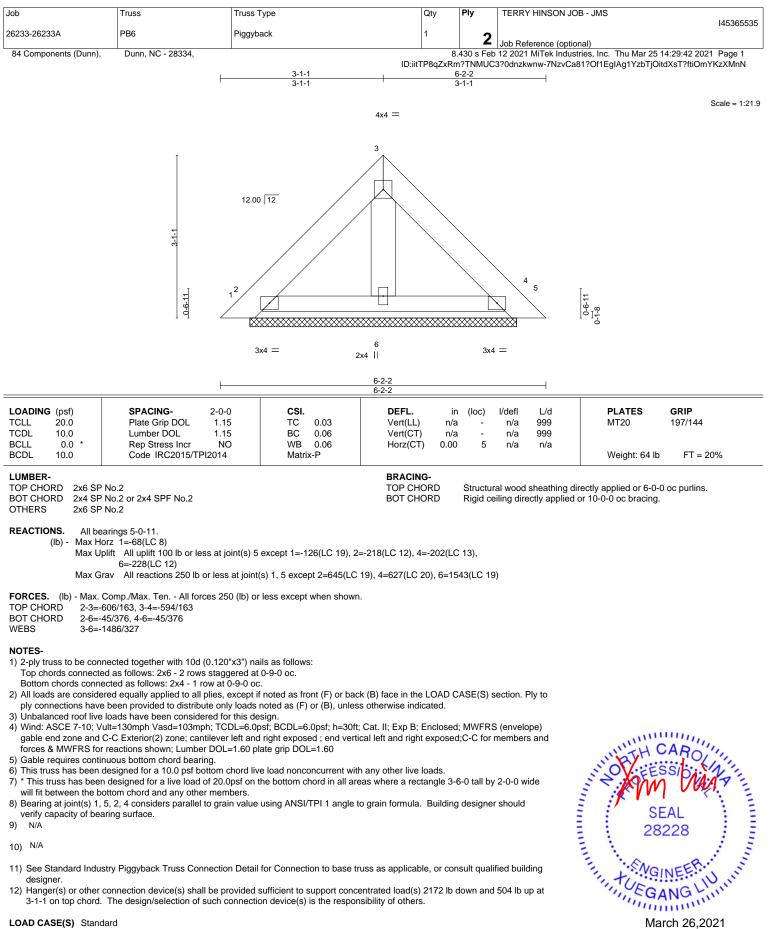
7) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



March 26,2021

ENGINEERING BY EREPTION A MITER Affiliate 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Continued on page 2

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSUTPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	TERRY HINSON JOB - JMS
					145365535
26233-26233A	PB6	Piggyback	1	2	
				2	Job Reference (optional)
84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,		8.	430 s Feb	12 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Mar 25 14:29:42 2021 Page 2

ID:iitTP8qZxRm?TNMUC3?0dnzkwnw-7NzvCa81?Of1EgIAg1YzbTjOitdXsT?ftiOmYKzXMnN

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

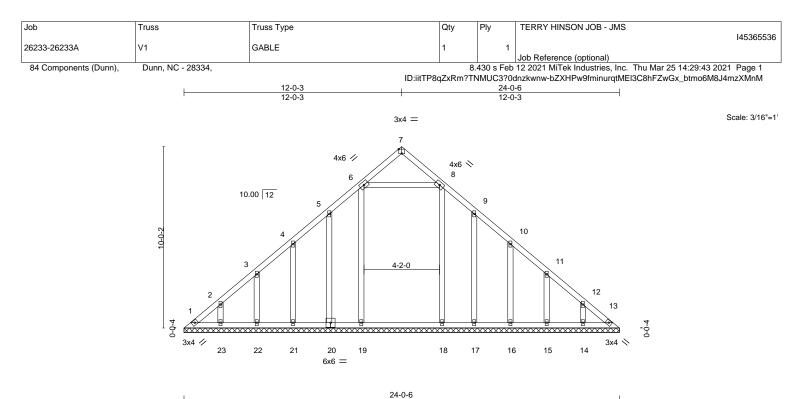
1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-83, 2-3=-60, 3-4=-60, 4-5=-83, 2-4=-20 Concentrated Loads (Ib)

Vert: 3=-2160(F)

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





OADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	тс	0.06	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	197/144
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.17	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.22	Horz(CT)	0.01	13	n/a	n/a		
3CDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/	FPI2014	Matrix	<-S						Weight: 153 lb	FT = 20%

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2 or 2x4 SPF No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 24-0-6.

Max Horz 1=-239(LC 10) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 13, 20, 21, 22, 23, 17, 16, 15, 14 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 13, 20, 21, 22, 23, 17, 16, 15, 14 except 19=363(LC 19), 18=320(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

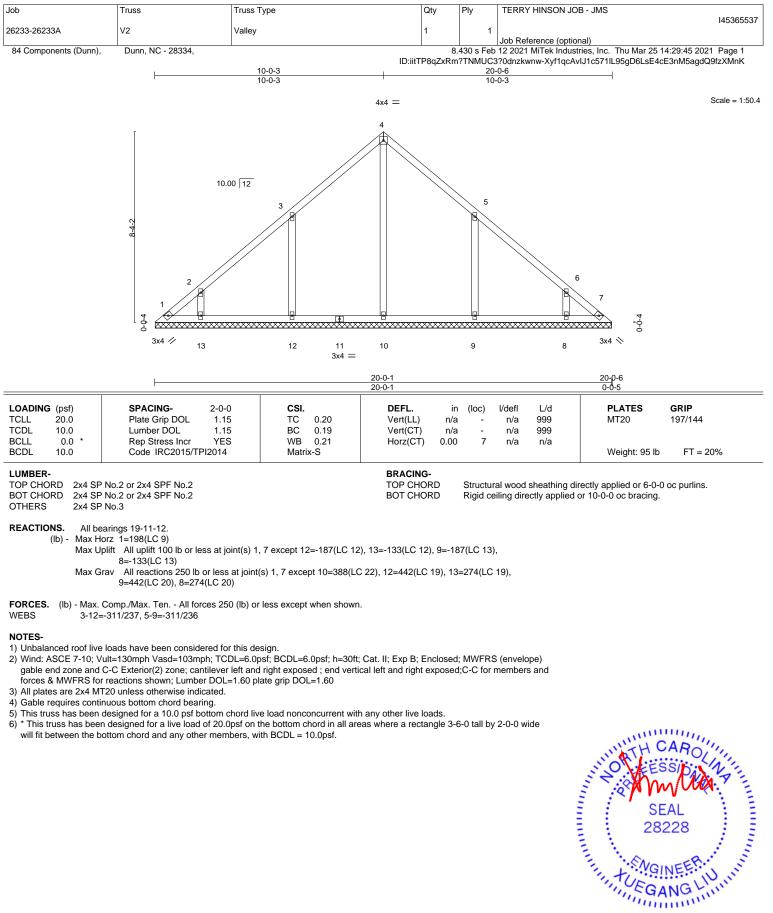


March 26,2021

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TP11** Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

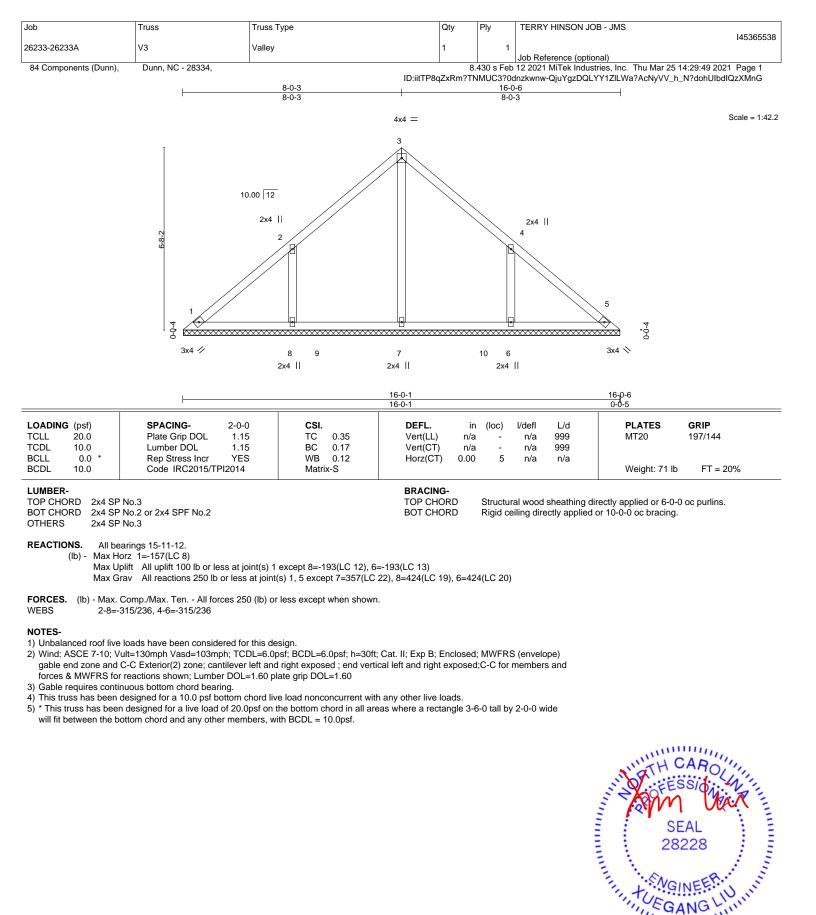
¹⁾ Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



March 26,2021



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

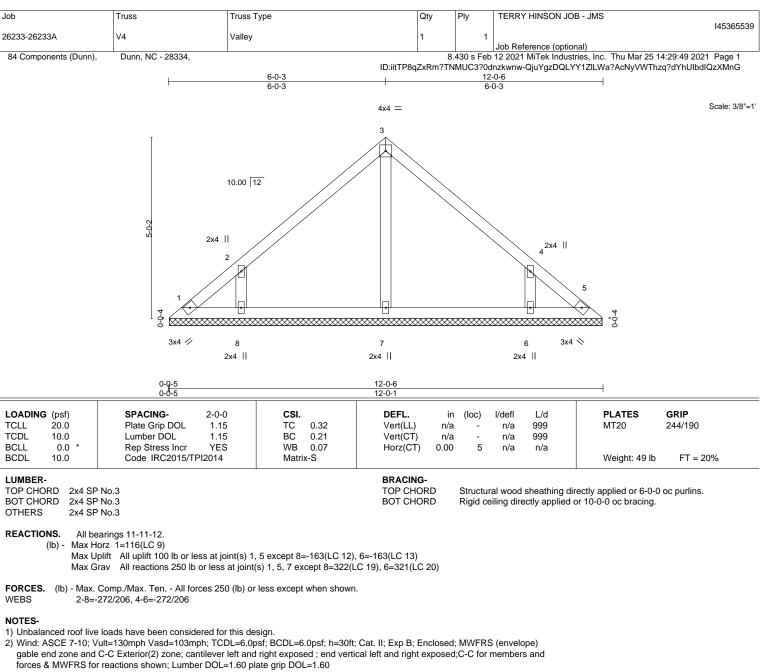


WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses sand truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



GANG March 26,2021

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



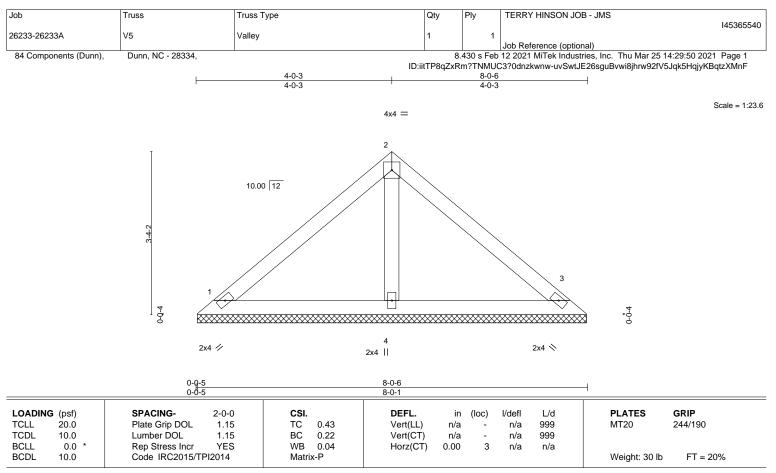
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.



March 26,2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss system. See **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.3BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.3OTHERS2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=7-11-12, 3=7-11-12, 4=7-11-12 Max Horz 1=74(LC 9) Max Uplift 1=-34(LC 13), 3=-44(LC 13) Max Grav 1=164(LC 1), 3=164(LC 1), 4=250(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.



March 26,2021

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses sand truss system. See **MSIVTPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



