Mark Morris, P.E.

#126, 1317-M, Summerville, SC 29483 843 209-5784, Fax (866)-213-4614

The truss drawing(s) listed below have been prepared by **Atlantic Building Components** under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by the truss designers.

AST #: 24692 JOB: 20-5715-R01 JOB NAME: LOT 1159 CARRIAGE CIRCLE Wind Code: 37 Wind Speed: Vult= 120mph Exposure Category: B Mean Roof Height (feet): 23

27 Truss Design(s)

Trusses:

J01, J02, PB01, PB02, PB03, R01, R02, R02A, R03, R03A, R03B, R04, R05, R06, R07, R07A, R07B, R08, R09, R10, R11, VT01, VT02, VT03, VT04, VT05, VT06



Warning !--- Verify design parameters and read notes before use.

This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component to be installed and loaded vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 Guide to *Good Practice for*



LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf) 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.12 BC 0.08 WB 0.05 Matrix-R	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) 0.00 1 -0.00 1 0.00 5	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 180 80 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 23 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 0%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3			BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural v end vertica Rigid ceilin MiTek red be install Installatio	vood she ls. g directly commenced during n quide	athing direct applied or 1 Is that Stabil truss erection	ly applied or 4-10-8 o 0-0-0 oc bracing. izers and required cr on, in accordance wit	oc purlins, except oss bracing h Stabilizer

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 7=151/4-10-8 (min. 0-1-8), 5=76/4-10-8 (min. 0-1-8), 6=200/4-10-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 7=63(LC 14) Max Uplift7=-2(LC 10), 5=-13(LC 14), 6=-60(LC 14)

Max Grav 7=219(LC 21), 5=106(LC 21), 6=274(LC 21)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(13-14)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs
- non-concurrent with other live loads. Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will the CAROUS
 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of true tails PROFESS/ 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 2 lb uplift at joint 7, 13 lb uplift at joint 5 and

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- 60 lb uplift at joint 6. 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced
- standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 13) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates Annunderstand that the member must be braced.
- 14) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





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NOTES- (12-13)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs
- non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 35 lb uplift at joint 2 and 37 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.
- 12) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
- 13) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

joint 6. nced g ates SEAL 28147 L2/9/2020 g component to 1



Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1159 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 126 SPR	UCE HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LAKE
20-5715-R01	R01	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 24692
					8 330 s Mar 10 2020 MiTek Industries Inc.	Thu Dec 10 20:56:02 2020 Page 2

8.330 s Mar 10 2020 Mi Lek Industries, Inc. Thu Dec 10 20:56:02 2020 Page 2 ID:MsMZ7fuyNIJd5IEFbR85JwyPq?q-laJIYH1iBaaltwrAWhImIyM5TCfDk4s5ajUmBmyAGNB

17) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
18) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1159 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 126 SPRU	ICE HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LAKE
20-5715-R01	R02A	Hip	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 24692
					8 330 c Mar 10 2020 MiTek Industries Inc.	Thu Doc 10 20:56:07 2020 Page 2

8.330 s Mar 10 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Dec 10 20:56:07 2020 Page 2 ID:MsMZ7fuyNIJd5IEFbR85JwyPq?q-fY6Bb?5r06Dbzhk8JEuxS?3ofDC5PG4qk?BXszyAGN6

12) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 13) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1159 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 126 SPRUCE HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRI	NG LAKE, I
20-5715-R01	R03A	Common	1	1	Job Reference (optional) # 24692	

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LOAD CASE(S) Standard



12/9/2020



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1159 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 126 SPRUCE	HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LA	KE,
20-5715-R01	R03B	HIP	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 24692	
					9 220 a Mar 10 2020 MiTak Industrian Inc. Thu	Dec 10 20-56-15 2020 Dego 2	

8.330 s Mar 10 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Dec 10 20:56:15 2020 Page 2 ID:MsMZ7fuyNIJd5IEFbR85JwyPq?q-Q4bDHkBs8aDSwwLgnv1pnhO6cSxlHu0?ZF8y8VyAGN_

12) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 13) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1159 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 126 SPRUCE HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING L	ĀKE, I
20-5715-R01	R04	COMMON	5	1	Job Reference (optional) # 24692	

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LOAD CASE(S) Standard



12/9/2020



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1159 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 126 SPRI	UCE HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LAKE
20-5715-R01	R05	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 24692
				8 330 c Mar 10 2020 MiTok Industrias Inc.	Thu Dec 10 20:56:21 2020, Page 2	

8.330 s Mar 10 2020 Mi Lek Industries, Inc. Thu Dec 10 20:56:21 2020 Page 2 ID:MsMZ7fuyNIJd5IEFbR85JwyPq?q-FEyUXnGdjQ_cfroq7A8D0yeKfs8hhgauyBbGL9yAGMu

17) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 18) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



Job	1	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1159 CARRIAGE CIRCLE	126 SPRUCE HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LAKE,
20-5715-R01	F	R06	Common Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional)	# 24692
			0.44.0 7.7.0	ID:MsMZ7fuy	NIJd5IEFbR	8.330 s Mar 10 2020 Millek Ind 85JwyPq?q-Bd4FyTHtF1Ek	ustries, Inc. Thu Dec 10 20:56:23 2020 Page 1 (u8yDFbAh6Nkdtge09StAPV4NP2yAGMs
			3-11-8 3-11-8 3-8-0	3-8-0		3-11-8	
				4x4			Scale = 1:55.9
		۹۲- ۲- ۲- ۲- ۲- ۲-	12.00 12 3x4 // 3x4 // 1 1 W2 W2 W2 W2 W2 W2 W2 W2 W2 W2 W2 W2 W2	3 W5 W4	3x4 4 W3	4x6 × 5	
			10 11 9 12	13 ₈ 14 HTU26	7	15 6 HTU26 4 0 —	
			4x8 = 111020 7x6 = HTU26 I	7x8 = 11020	7x6 =	4x8 =	
			3-11-8 HTU267-8	11-3-8		15-3-0	
Plate Offsets ()	X,Y) [1:0-2	2-0,0-2-0], [2:0-1-4,0-1-8],	<u>3-11-8</u> <u>3-8-0</u> [3:0-1-8,0-2-0], [4:0-1-4,0-1-8], [5:0-	<u>3-8-0</u> -2-0,0-2-0], [6:Edç	je,0-2-0], [3-11-8 7:0-2-4,0-4-12], [8:0-4-0,0)-4-8], [9:0-2-4,0-4-12]
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) Snow (Pf) TCDL BCLL BCDL	20.0 20.0 10.0 0.0 * 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2018/TP	2-0-0 CSI. 1.15 TC 0.34 1.15 BC 0.84 NO WB 0.79 I2014 Matrix-SH	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (lo -0.06 8 -0.11 8 0.02	ic) l/defl L/d -9 >999 240 -9 >999 180 6 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 255 lb FT = 0%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2 BOT CHORD 2 WEBS 2	2x4 SP No.2 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 W5: 2x4 SP	2 2 3 *Except* No.2, W1: 2x6 SP No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structura end verti Rigid cei	al wood sheathing directly cals. ling directly applied or 10	v applied or 5-0-12 oc purlins, except -0-0 oc bracing.
REACTIONS.	(Ib/size) 10 Max Horz 10 Max Uplift10 Max Grav 10	0=5942/0-5-8 (min. 0-3-1 0=-180(LC 8) 0=-295(LC 11), 6=-357(LC 0=6189(LC 4), 6=5877(LC	0), 6=5877/0-3-8 (min. 0-3-7) C 10) C 1)				
FORCES. (lb)	- Max. Com	p./Max. Ten All forces 2	250 (lb) or less except when shown.	202/202			
	5-6=-4889	/320, 2-34156/333, 3-4- /321	4156/555, 4-55514/566, 1-106	0000/200,			
WEBS	10-11=-18 8-14=-200 3-8=-389/5 1-9=-159/3	7/535, 9-11=-187/535, 9-1 /3702, 7-14=-200/3702, 7 5602, 4-8=-1435/243, 4-7= 3812, 5-7=-185/3379	12=-243/4057, 12-13=-243/4057, 8- -15=-51/518, 6-15=-51/518 160/1818, 2-8=-1943/188, 2-9=-87	13=-243/4057, 7/2583,			
 NOTES- (12- 1) 2-ply truss to Top chords of Bottom chord Webs conne 2) All loads are connections 3) Unbalanced 4) Wind: ASCE (envelope) g 5) TCLL: ASCE Cat B; Partia 6) This truss ha 7) * This truss ha 7) * This truss ha 7) * This truss ha 8) Provide mece 6=357. 9) This truss is standard AN 10) Use Simpso at 2-0-12 fn bottom cho 	13) be connected connected a ds connected cred as follo considered have been µ roof live loa 7-16; Vult= able end zo 7-16; Pr=2 Illy Exp.; Ce as been des bottom choi hanical con designed in SI/TPI 1. on Strong-T om the left e rd.	ted together with 10d (0.1 is follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0 ad as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows ows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 c equally applied to all plie provided to distribute only dis have been considered 120mph (3-second gust) ⁻ ne; end vertical left and ri 0.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOI =1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 igned for a 10.0 psf bottor isigned for a live load of 3 rd and any other member: nection (by others) of trus accordance with the 201 ie HTU26 (20-10d Girder, end to 13-2-4 to connect the	31"x3") nails as follows: -9-0 oc, 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0 staggered at 0-5-0 oc. s, except if noted as front (F) or bac loads noted as (F) or (B), unless of for this design. Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL= ght exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 pla =1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 ps in chord live load nonconcurrent with 0.0psf on the bottom chord in all are s. s to bearing plate capable of withsta 8 International Residential Code sea 11-10dx1 1/2 Truss, Single Ply Gird russ(es) R04 (1 ply 2x6 SP), R03 (1	-9-0 oc. k (B) face in the L herwise indicated =5.0psf; h=23ft; C te grip DOL=1.60 of (Lum DOL=1.15 n any other live lo eas where a recta anding 100 lb uplit ctions R502.11.1 der) or equivalent ply 2x6 SP), R03	OAD CAS at. II; Exp I is Plate DOI ads. ngle 3-6-0 ft at joint(s) and R802. spaced at B (1 ply 2x	E(S) section. Ply to ply B; Enclosed; MWFRS L=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit except (jt=Ib) 10=295, 10.2 and referenced 2-0-0 oc max. starting 6 SP) to back face of	SEAL 28147
11) Fill all nail h	noles where	hanger is in contact with	lumber.				12/9/2020
Continuing on Vo	ację y 2 lesign p	parameters and read notes b	efore use. This design is based only upon	parameters shown, a	and is for an $r = not trues$	individual building componer	t to be installed and loaded

vertically. Applicability of design parameters and proper incorporation of component is responsibility of building designer – not truss designer or truss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 *National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction* and BCSI 1-03 Guide to *Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1159 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 126 SP	RUCE HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LAKE
20-5715-R01	R06	Common Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional)	# 24692

8.330 s Mar 10 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Dec 10 20:56:24 2020 Page 2 ID:MsMZ7fuyNIJd5IEFbR85JwyPq?q-fpedApIV0LMBWIXPpIhwebGod4zFuv7Ke8pxyUyAGMr

Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-5=-60, 6-10=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-1389(B) 9=-1498(B) 11=-1498(B) 12=-1498(B) 13=-1498(B) 14=-1389(B) 15=-1866(B)





		7-7-8	1	15-3	3-0		1
		7-7-8		7-7	'-8		
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2	2:0-3-8,0-1-0], [4:0-3-8,0-1-0]						
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.72 BC 0.50 WB 0.16 Matrix-SH	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) -0.06 7-8 -0.13 7-8 0.01 6	l/defl >999 >999 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 96 lb FT = 0%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP N BOT CHORD 2x4 SP N WEBS 2x4 SP N W1: 2x4 BRACING- TOP CHORD Structural wood sheat except end verticals. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly az MiTek recommends i bracing be installed with Stabilizer Install REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 8 = 6 = Max Horz 8 = Max Uplift 8 =	No.2 No.2 No.3 *Except* SP No.2 thing directly applied or 5-9-2 oc purlins, applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. that Stabilizers and required cross during truss erection, in accordance lation guide. 660/0-5-8 660/0-3-8 -202(LC 10) -40(LC 13)	 6) * This truss has be the bottom chord in 1 1-0-0 wide will fit bet members. 7) Provide mechanic bearing plate capabl 8) This truss is desig International Residel R802.10.2 and refere 9) Graphical web bra size, type or the or only indicates that 10) Bearing symbols possible bearing considered in the the loads indicate LOAD CASE(S) Standard 	een designed for a all areas where a re ween the bottom c al connection (by c e of withstanding 1 ned in accordance ntial Code sections nced standard ANS cing representation ientation of the brz i the member must are only graphical condition. Bearing structural design ad.	live load of 30 sctangle 3-6-0 hord and any others) of trus 00 lb uplift at with the 2011 R502.11.1 an SVTPI 1. n does not de ace on the we be braced. representatic symbols are of the truss to	0.0psf o tall by other ss to joint(s) 8 ad ppict the b. Symi ons of a not o suppo	n 8, bol	
6 = FORCES. (lb) Max. Comp./Max. Ten. shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-572/105, 3-4=-572 4-6=-593/71 BOT CHORD 7-8=-261/419, 6-7=-175 WEBS 3-7=0/311, 2-7=-142/30 NOTES- (9-10) 1) Unbalanced roof liv design. 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; W Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5 Enclosed; MWFRS (er Exterior(2) zone; end 1 members and forces & DOL=1.60 plate grip D 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; H	-40(LC 12) - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when 2/105, 2-8=-593/71, 9/270 03, 4-7=-146/304 /ult=120mph (3-second gust) 5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp tvelope) gable end zone and C-C vertical left and right exposed;C-C for & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber IOL=1.60 97=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate	В;					SEAL 28147 12/9/2020
DOL=1.15); P(=20.0 ps Rodghi Cat B; Partially 4) This Itrus that bein of 12.0. pst. or. 2.00. time	sr (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); is=1.0 Stan parameters and provide the parameter of the parameter of the provide the parameter of the provide the parameter of the provide the parameter of the parameter parameter of the parameter parameter of the parameter pa parameter parameter pa parameter parameter pa parameter	se. This design is based or don of component is respo	ly upon parameters	shown, and is designer – not	for an in t truss de	dividual bui esigner or tru	ding component to be installed and loaded uss engineer. Bracing shown is for lateral support

So individual web interference with 2 Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the non-concurrent with other live loads. So this rules has been designed for a Fit general anidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal loads. Between designed to the overall structure is the non-concurrent design of the overall structure is the non-concurrent with other live loads. Between design of the overall structure is the non-concurrent design of the overall structure is the non-concurrent with other live loads.



12/9/2020



the to Good Practice for Handling Brack of Manual State The Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583



FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(15-16)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhands non-concurrent with other live loads
- 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf. 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 22, 14, 18, 19, 17
- except (jt=lb) 21=136, 15=133.
- except (jt=lb) 21=136, 15=133.
 14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections Rb02.11.1 and Rov2.10.2 an
- 16) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.



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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1159 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 126 SPR	UCE HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LAKE,
20-5715-R01	R09	Attic	9	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 24692
					0.000 a Max 40.0000 MiTal/ Industrian Jac	Thu Dee 10 20-56-22 2020 Dees 2

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NOTES- (13-14)

11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

12) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.

(13) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 (14) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard





of individual web members only. Additional temporary bracing to ensure stability during construction is the responsibility of the erector. Additional permanent bracing of the overall structure is the responsibility of the building designer. For general guidance regarding fabrication, quality control, storage, delivery, erection and bracing, consult ANSI/TPI 1 National Design Standard for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction and BCSI 1-03 Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses from Truss Plate Institute, 583 D'Onofrio Drive, Madison, WI 53719.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1159 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 126 SPRUCE HO	LLOW CIRCLE SPRING LAKE,
20-5715-R01	R10	GABLE	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 24692
					8 330 s Mar 10 2020 MiTok Industrias Inc. Thu Do	c 10 20.56.34 2020 Page 2

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NOTES- (16-17)

13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 38, 21 except (jt=lb) 41=227, 18=222, 39=119, 40=262, 20=119, 19=260.

14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

15) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.

16) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
 17) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the

loads indicated.



- BOT CHORD 10-11=-258/200
- WEBS 2-10=-327/422

NOTES-(13-14)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1. 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough
- Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will
- fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7, 9, 8 except (jt=1) 11=159. 10=406.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	LOT 1159 CARRIAGE CIRCLE 126 SPRI	JCE HOLLOW CIRCLE SPRING LAKE
20-5715-R01	R11	Monopitch Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	# 24692
				8 330 c Mar 10 2020 MiTok Industrias Inc.	Thu Doc 10 20:56:35 2020 Page 2	

8.330 s Mar 10 2020 Mi Tek Industries, Inc. Thu Dec 10 20:56:35 2020 Page 2 ID:MsMZ7fuyNIJd5IEFbR85JwyPq?q-rwonTZQPQjldK_sWy6OVbvEkDWwBz3DxAM_0rLyAGMg

13) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.
14) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

NOTES- (9-10)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 33 lb uplift at joint 1 and 33 lb uplift at joint 3. 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced

standard ANS/TPI 1. 9) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that

9) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (9-10)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 22 lb uplift at joint 1 and 22 lb uplift at joint 3.
 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced

standard ANSI/TPI 1. 9) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that

the member must be braced.10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (9-10)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=5.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=23ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 1-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 12 lb uplift at joint 1 and 12 lb uplift at joint 3.8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced

standard ANSI/TPI 1. 9) Graphical web bracing representation does not depict the size, type or the orientation of the brace on the web. Symbol only indicates that the member must be braced.

10) Bearing symbols are only graphical representations of a possible bearing condition. Bearing symbols are not considered in the structural design of the truss to support the loads indicated.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

