

		-	₋ot 155 Mocki	ngbird			Trenco 818 Soundside Rd
Projec Lot/Blo Model	ock: :			Project Na Subdivision	ame: 2469517 :	7	Edenton, NC 27932
Addres	SS:						
City: Genera	d Truss Fr	naineerina Cr		State: NC	Individual Tru	iss Design	
			ng Condition			iss Design	
Design	Code: IR	C2015/TPI20		D	Design Program Design Method:		/20 8.2 Envelope)/C-C hybrid Wind ASCE 7-10
Roof Lo	oad: 40.0 p	sf		F	loor Load: N/A	A psf	
Mean F	Roof Height	(feet): 25		E	Exposure Catego	ory: C	
No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date	
9 10 11 12 13 14 16 17 18 20	143774282 143774283 143774283 143774284 143774286 143774286 143774287 143774286 143774287 143774287 143774290 143774291 143774292 143774292 143774293 143774294 143774295 143774298 143774299 143774300 143774302 143774303 143774304 143774305 143774307 143774308 143774311 143774312 143774314 143774314	A09 A10 A11 A12 A13 A15 A16 A17 A18 A19 A20 A21 A22 B01 B02 B03 B05 B06 C01 C02 C04 CJ1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	l43774316 l43774317 l43774319 l43774320 l43774320 l43774321 l43774322 l43774323 l43774324 l43774325 l43774326 l43774326 l43774329 l43774329 l43774329 l43774320 l43774330 l43774331 l43774333 l43774334 l43774345 l43774340 l43774345 l43774346 l43774346 l43774349	E02 E03 E04 E05 E07 G02 H02 JA1 JA2 JA3 JA4 JA5 JA6 JE2 JE2 JE2 JE2 JE2 JE2 JG2 JG2 JG2 JG2 JG2 JG2 JG2 JG2 JG2 JG	11/25/20 11/25/20	

The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Builders FirstSource-Sumter,SC.

Truss Design Engineer's Name: Johnson, Andrew

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2020.

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



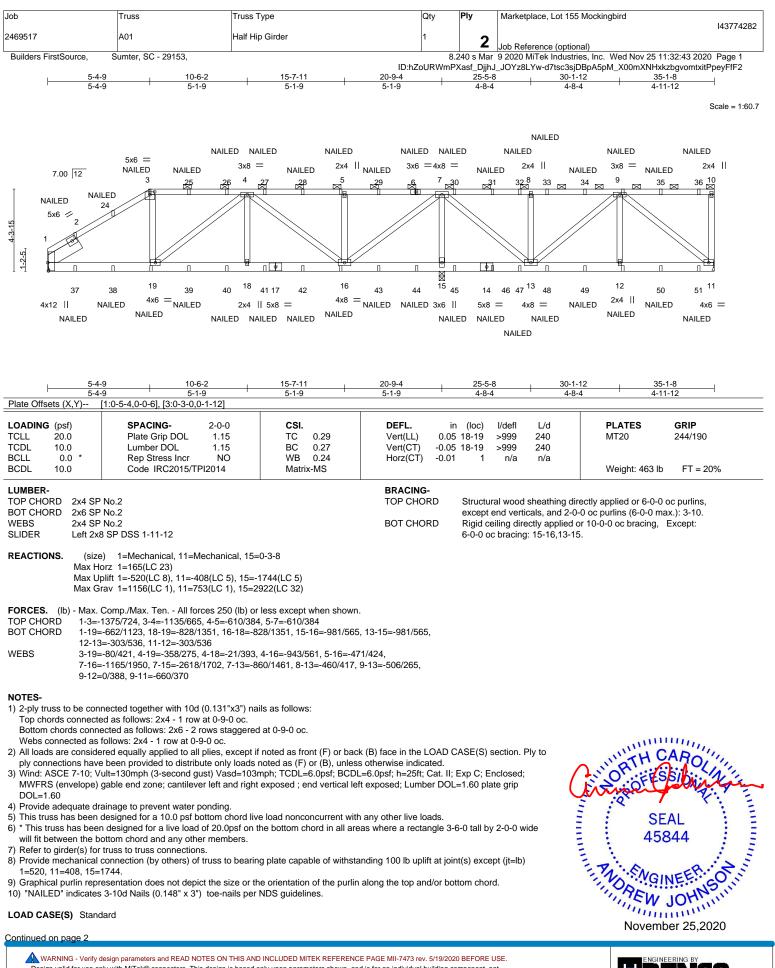
Johnson, Andrew

November 25,2020



RE: 2469517 - Marketplace, Lot 155 Mockingbird

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932



TRENCIDE ATTILIATE A MITEK ATTILIATE 818 Soundside Road

Edenton, NC 27932

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/ITPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Marketplace, Lot 155 Mockingbird
					143774282
2469517	A01	Half Hip Girder	1	2	
				_	Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource, S	umter, SC - 29153,		8.2	240 s Mar	9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:32:44 2020 Page 2

ID:hZoURWmPXasf_DjjhJ_JOYz8LYw-5JREqPtM_Vx1jzxA5jX?4bq6UNxveE00AMcyL4yFf1

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

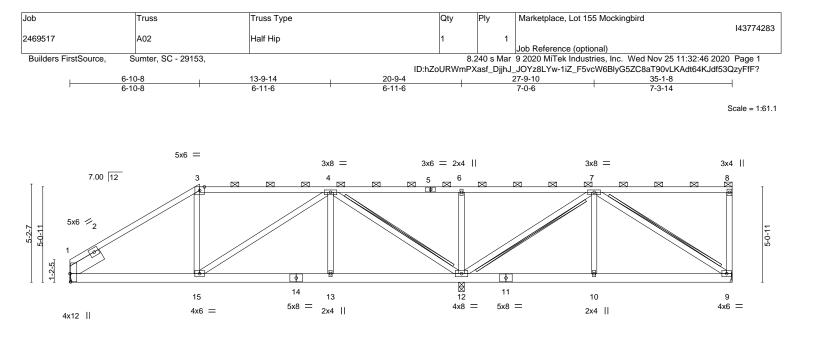
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-10=-60, 11-20=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 3=-70(F) 6=-70(F) 19=-32(F) 16=-32(F) 5=-70(F) 12=-32(F) 9=-95(F) 2=-58(F) 25=-70(F) 26=-70(F) 27=-70(F) 28=-70(F) 29=-70(F) 30=-70(F) 31=-70(F) 32=-70(F) 33=-70(F) 33=-70(F) 35=-95(F) 36=-105(F) 37=-55(F) 38=-104(F) 39=-32(F) 40=-32(F) 41=-32(F) 42=-32(F) 43=-32(F) 44=-32(F) 44=-32(F) 45=-32(F) 46=-32(F) 45=-32(F) 45=

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





	<u>6-10-8</u>	<u>13-9-14</u> 6-11-6		<u> 20-9-4 </u>	27-9-		<u>35-1-8</u> 7-3-14	
ate Offsets (X,Y)	[1:0-5-4,0-0-6]	0110		0110	105	, 	7014	
OADING (psf) CLL 20.0 CDL 10.0 CLL 0.0 CLL 10.0 CLL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2015/TPI	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES 2014	CSI. TC 0.72 BC 0.30 WB 0.50 Matrix-MS	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT) Wind(LL)	in (loc) l/def -0.03 13-15 >999 -0.07 13-15 >999 0.02 9 n/a 0.04 13-15 >999	9 360 9 240 a n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 222 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
DT CHORD 2x6 S EBS 2x4 S 8-9: 2 IDER Left 2 EACTIONS. (si Max Max	SP No.2 SP No.2 SP No.3 *Except* tx4 SP No.2 x8 SP DSS 1-11-12 ze) 1=Mechanical, 9=Mec Horz 1=204(LC 12) Uplift 1=-183(LC 12), 9=-170 Grav 1=746(LC 1), 9=445(L	D(LC 9), 12=-532(L		BRACING- TOP CHOR BOT CHOR WEBS	D Rigid ceiling T-Brace: Fasten (2X) (0.131"x3") n	erticals, and 2-0 directly applied o 2 T and I braces to	rectly applied or 4-11-2 -0 oc purlins (5-10-4 m or 10-0-0 oc bracing. x4 SPF No.2 - 4-12, 7- o narrow edge of web v n 3in minimum end dist b length.	ax.): 3-8. 12, 7-9 with 10d
OP CHORD 1-3 OT CHORD 1-1	x. Comp./Max. Ten All forc =-915/345, 3-4=-718/364, 4- 5=-360/718, 13-15=-326/641 3=0/281, 4-12=-1134/413, 6-	6=-158/353, 6-7=-1 , 12-13=-326/641,	58/353 10-12=-164/319, 9	9-10=-164/319				
) Wind: ASCE 7-10; MWFRS (envelope members and force	ve loads have been consider Vult=130mph (3-second gus able end zone and C-C E ss & MWFRS for reactions s drainage to prevent water po	st) Vasd=103mph; exterior(2) zone; ca hown; Lumber DOI	ntilever left and rig	ht exposed ; end ve				un.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

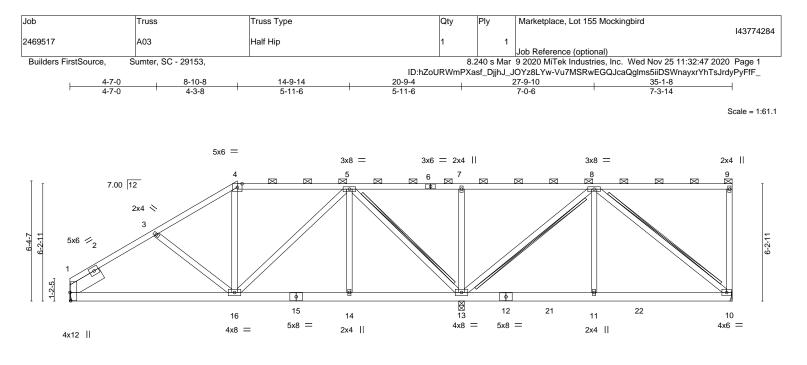
7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=183, 9=170, 12=532.

- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 9) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.



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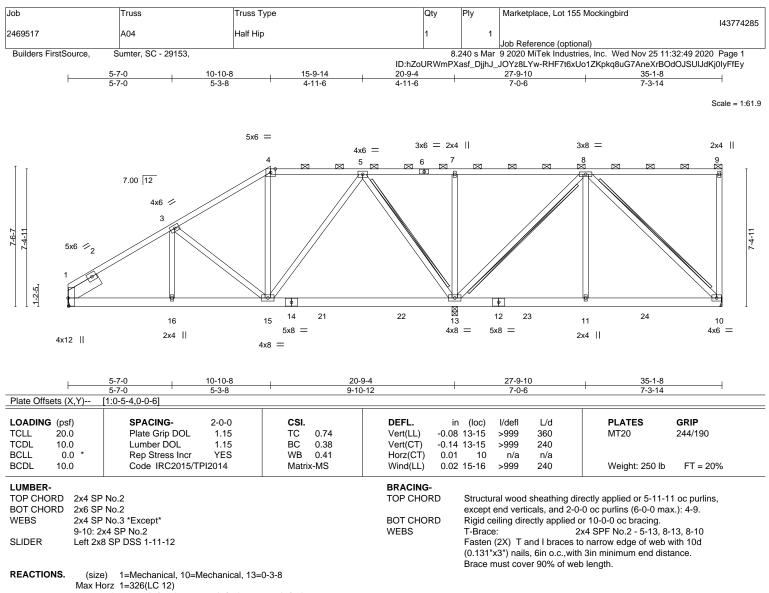


F		<u>8-10-8</u> 8-10-8	<u>14-9-14</u> 5-11-6		<u>20-9-4</u> 5-11-6		2	27-9-10 7-0-6		<u>35-1-8</u> 7-3-14	
Plate Offsets	s (X,Y)	[1:0-5-4,0-0-6]	5-11-6		5-11-0			7-0-0		7-3-14	
TCDL 1 BCLL	(psf) 20.0 10.0 0.0 * 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC BC WB Matri	0.74 0.31 0.43 x-MS	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT) Wind(LL)	-0.03 -0.06 0.01	16-19 16-19 10	l/defl >999 >999 n/a >999	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 241 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORI 30T CHORI VEBS SLIDER REACTIONS	D 2x4 SP D 2x6 SP 2x4 SP 9-10: 2x Left 2x8	No.2			BRACING- TOP CHOR BOT CHOR WEBS	D	Structura except e Rigid cei T-Brace: Fasten (2 (0.131"x2	al wood s nd vertic ling dire 2X) T ai 3") nails	sheathing dir als, and 2-0- ctly applied c 2: nd I braces to	ectly applied or 5-8-15 0 oc purlins (6-0-0 ma: or 10-0-0 oc bracing. x4 SPF No.2 - 5-13, 8- o narrow edge of web v 3 in minimum end dista	oc purlins, x.): 4-9. 13, 8-10 vith 10d
FORCES. FOP CHORI BOT CHORI WEBS	Max Gr (lb) - Max. (D 1-3=-{ D 1-16= 3-16=	blift 1=-155(LC 12), 10=-172(LC 8 av 1=721(LC 1), 10=448(LC 26) Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 384/297, 3-4=-724/252, 4-5=-577, -418/783, 14-16=-170/364, 13-14 -271/229, 5-16=-148/338, 5-13=-	13=1669(LC 1) (lb) or less except 270, 5-7=-123/33 =-170/364, 11-13=	7, 7-8=-123/3 =-110/293, 10	37)-11=-110/293						
 Wind: AS MWFRS (members Provide a Provide a This truss * This truss * This trust will fit beth Refer to g Provide rr 1=155, 10 Graphical 	ed roof live CE 7-10; Vi (envelope) ; and forces dequate dra s has been s has been s has been the bo girder(s) for nechanical (D=172, 13= I purlin repro	0/327, 8-10=-356/129 loads have been considered for f ult=130mph (3-second gust) Vaso gable end zone and C-C Exteriori & MWFRS for reactions shown; I ainage to prevent water ponding. designed for a 10.0 psf bottom ch designed for a 10.0 psf bottom ch ord and any other memb truss to truss connections. connection (by others) of truss to 551. esentation does not depict the siz permanent and stability bracing for	=103mph; TCDL= 2) zone; cantileve umber DOL=1.60 ord live load nonce of on the bottom c ers, with BCDL = 1 opearing plate capa e or the orientation	r left and righ plate grip Do pocurrent wit hord in all are 10.0psf. able of withsta n of the purlir	It exposed ; end ve DL=1.60 h any other live loa eas where a rectan anding 100 lb uplift n along the top and	rtical le ds. gle 3-6 at join /or bot	eft expose 5-0 tall by t(s) excep tom chord	ed;C-C fc 2-0-0 wi	de	SEA SEA SEA SEA SEA SEA SEA SEA SEA SEA	AROLINA SOUGHARTA
										NOREW .	VEEFR. SOTIN

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November 25,2020



Max Uplift 1=-172(LC 12), 10=-196(LC 8), 13=-499(LC 9) Max Grav 1=715(LC 1), 10=453(LC 26), 13=1697(LC 2)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-3=-864/271, 3-4=-619/228, 4-5=-495/253, 5-7=-60/295, 7-8=-60/295

BOT CHORD 1-16=-440/819, 15-16=-440/819

WEBS 3-15=-413/277, 5-15=-148/542, 5-13=-835/393, 7-13=-354/243, 8-13=-687/218, 8-11=0/333, 8-10=-316/156

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=172, 10=196, 13=499.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

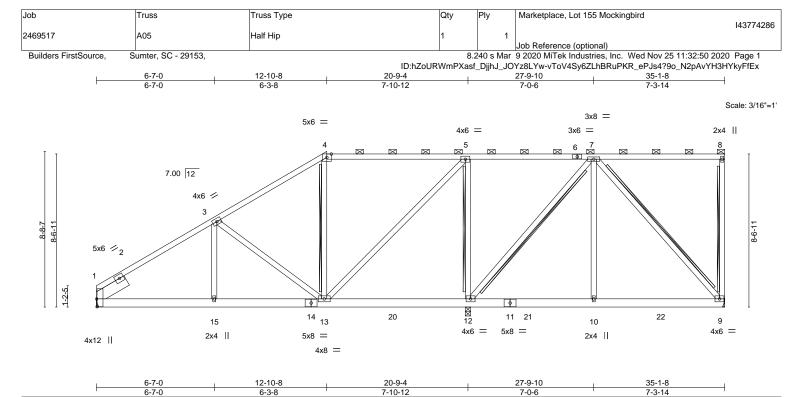
9) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.

SEAL 45844 November 25,2020

> ENGINEERING BY REENCO A MITEK Affiliate 818 Soundside Road

Edenton, NC 27932

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LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/	defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.79	Vert(LL) -0.03 12-13 >	999 360	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.27	Vert(CT) -0.06 13-15 >	999 240	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.77	Horz(CT) -0.01 9	n/a n/a	
3CDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS	Wind(LL) 0.02 13-15 >	999 240	Weight: 255 lb FT = 20%

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-8-1 oc purlins,				
BOT CHORD	2x6 SP No.2		except end vertical	ls, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 4-8.			
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3 *Except*	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:				
	8-9: 2x4 SP No.2		6-0-0 oc bracing: 12-13.				
SLIDER	Left 2x8 SP DSS 1-11-12	WEBS	T-Brace:	2x4 SPF No.2 - 8-9, 4-13, 5-12, 7-12, 7-9			
			Fasten (2X) T and	I braces to narrow edge of web with 10d			
			(0.131"x3") nails. 6	in o.cwith 3in minimum end distance.			

Brace must cover 90% of web length.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=Mechanical, 9=Mechanical, 12=0-3-8 Max Horz 1=386(LC 12) Max Uplift 1=-193(LC 12), 9=-220(LC 8), 12=-418(LC 9) Max Grav 1=743(LC 1), 9=513(LC 26), 12=1661(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-3=-907/283, 3-4=-545/232, 4-5=-451/270

BOT CHORD 1-15=-492/892, 13-15=-492/892, 10-12=-121/251, 9-10=-121/251

WEBS 3-13=-556/324, 5-13=-311/800, 5-12=-1048/549, 7-12=-589/108, 7-10=0/380, 7-9=-365/173

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

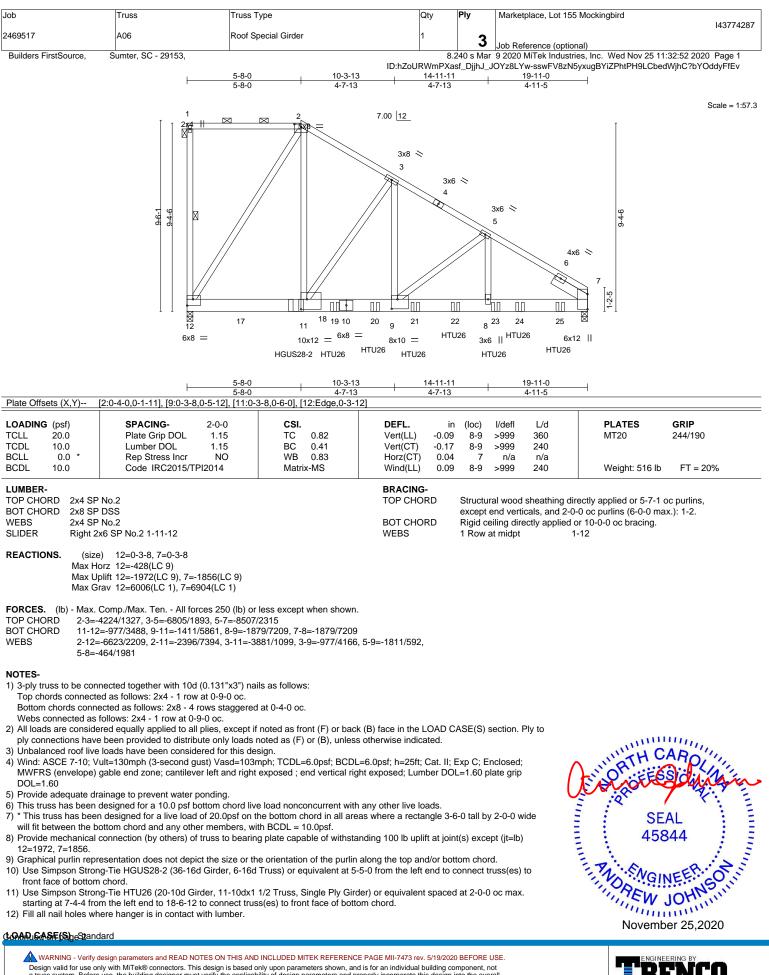
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=193, 9=220, 12=418.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

9) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.



818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Marketplace, Lot 155 Mockingbird			
					143774287			
2469517	A06	Roof Special Girder	1	2				
				J	Job Reference (optional)			
Builders FirstSource, S	umter, SC - 29153,	8.240 s Mar 9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:32:52 2020 Page 2						
		ID:hZoU	ID:hZoURWmPXasf_DjjhJ_JOYz8LYw-sswFV8zN5yxugBYiZPhtPH9LCbedWjhC?bYOddyFfEv					

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

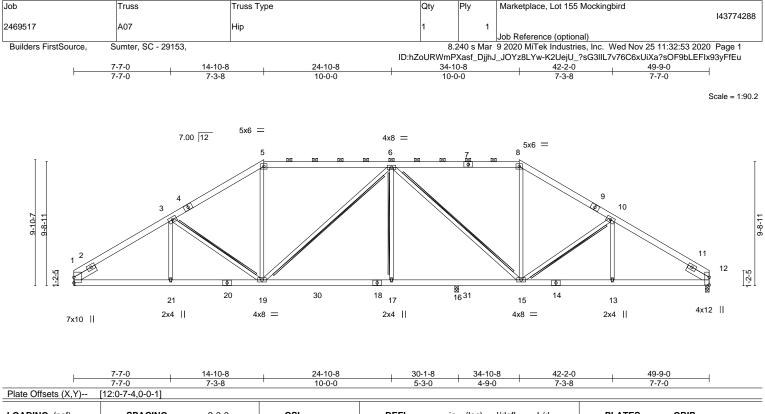
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-7=-60, 12-13=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 18=-3398(F) 19=-1133(F) 20=-1133(F) 21=-1133(F) 22=-1133(F) 23=-1133(F) 24=-1133(F) 25=-1133(F)

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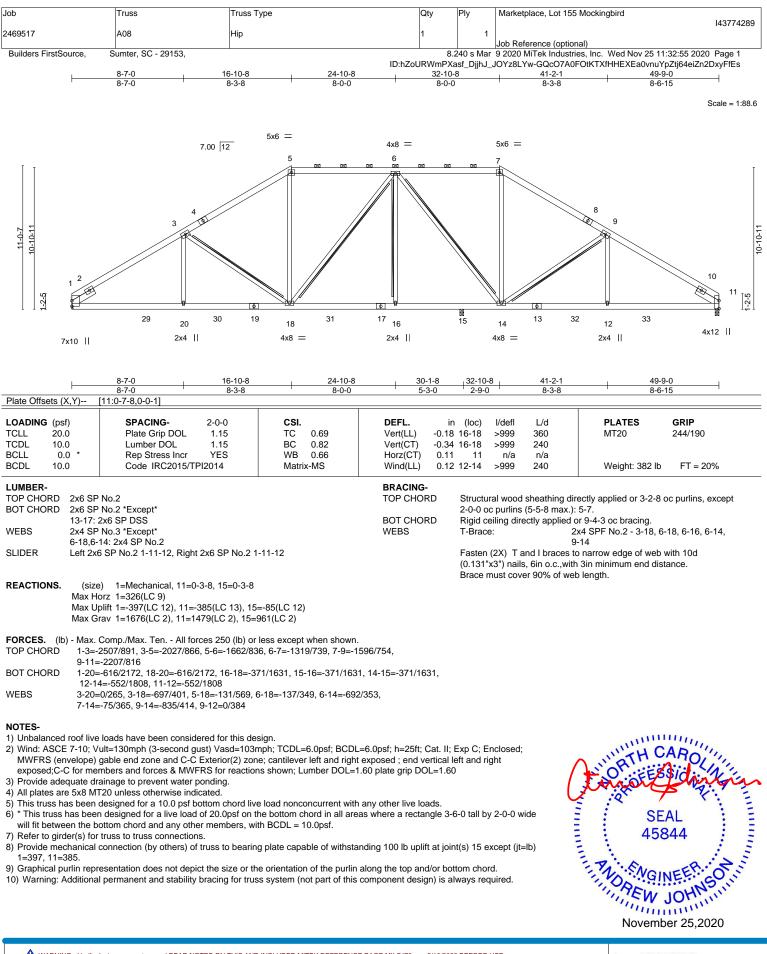


LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCodeIRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.72 BC 0.95 WB 0.85 Matrix-MS	Vert(LL) -0.23 Vert(CT) -0.46 Horz(CT) 0.12	n (loc) l/defl 3 17-19 >999 6 17-19 >786 2 12 n/a 7 17-19 >999	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 372 lb FT = 20%			
14-18: : WEBS 2x4 SP 6-19,6-	No.2 No.2 *Except* 2x6 SP No.1 No.3 *Except* 15: 2x4 SP No.2 5 SP No.2 1-11-12, Right 2x6 SP No.2 1	-11-12	BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	except 2-0-0 oc purlins Rigid ceiling dire T-Brace: Fasten (2X) T a (0.131"x3") nails	(4-6-9 max.): ectly applied o 2: 11 and I braces to s, 6in o.c.,with	r 2-2-0 oc bracing. 4 SPF No.2 - 3-19, 6-19, 6-17, 6-15, h-15 narrow edge of web with 10d 3in minimum end distance.			
REACTIONS. (size) 1=Mechanical, 12=0-3-8, 16=0-3-8 Brace must cover 90% of web length. Max Horz 1=287(LC 9) Max Uplift 1=-397(LC 12), 12=-396(LC 13), 16=-37(LC 9) Max Grav 1=1790(LC 1), 12=1686(LC 1), 16=565(LC 2)									
TOP CHORD 1-3=- 10-12 BOT CHORD 1-21= 13-11 WEBS 3-19= 8-15= NOTES- 1) Unbalanced roof live 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; V MWFRS (envelope) exposed;C-C for me 3) Provide adequate dr 4) All plates are 5x8 M 5) This truss has been will fit between the b 7) Refer to girder(s) for 8) Provide mechanical 1=397, 12=396. 9) Graphical purlin repr	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or 2660/984, 3-5=-2370/987, 5-6=-1961/93 =-2517/951 -706/2183, 19-21=-706/2183, 17-19=-6: 5=-678/2060, 12-13=-678/2060 -457/339, 5-19=-172/694, 6-19=-499/38 -141/544, 10-15=-564/343, 10-13=0/278 loads have been considered for this de ult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103r gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zon mbers and forces & MWFRS for reaction ainage to prevent water ponding. T20 unless otherwise indicated. designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live n designed for a live load of 20.0psf on t ottom chord and any other members, wi truss to truss connections. connection (by others) of truss to bearin esentation does not depict the size or th I permanent and stability bracing for trus	 5, 6-8=-1735/883, 8-10= 38/2201, 16-17=-638/220 8, 6-17=-91/331, 6-15=-8 sign. nph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDI e; cantilever left and righ ns shown; Lumber DOL= e load nonconcurrent with he bottom chord in all are th BCDL = 10.0psf. g plate capable of withstate e orientation of the purlin 	-2106/927, 11, 15-16=-638/2201, 324/404, -=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; t exposed ; end vertical I 1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 h any other live loads. eas where a rectangle 3- anding 100 lb uplift at join along the top and/or bo	left and right 0 6-0 tall by 2-0-0 w nt(s) 16 except (jt= ttom chord.		SEAL 45844 November 25,2020	and annumber		
WARNING - Verify	design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND		E PAGE MIL-7473 rev. 5/19/202			ENGINEERING BY			

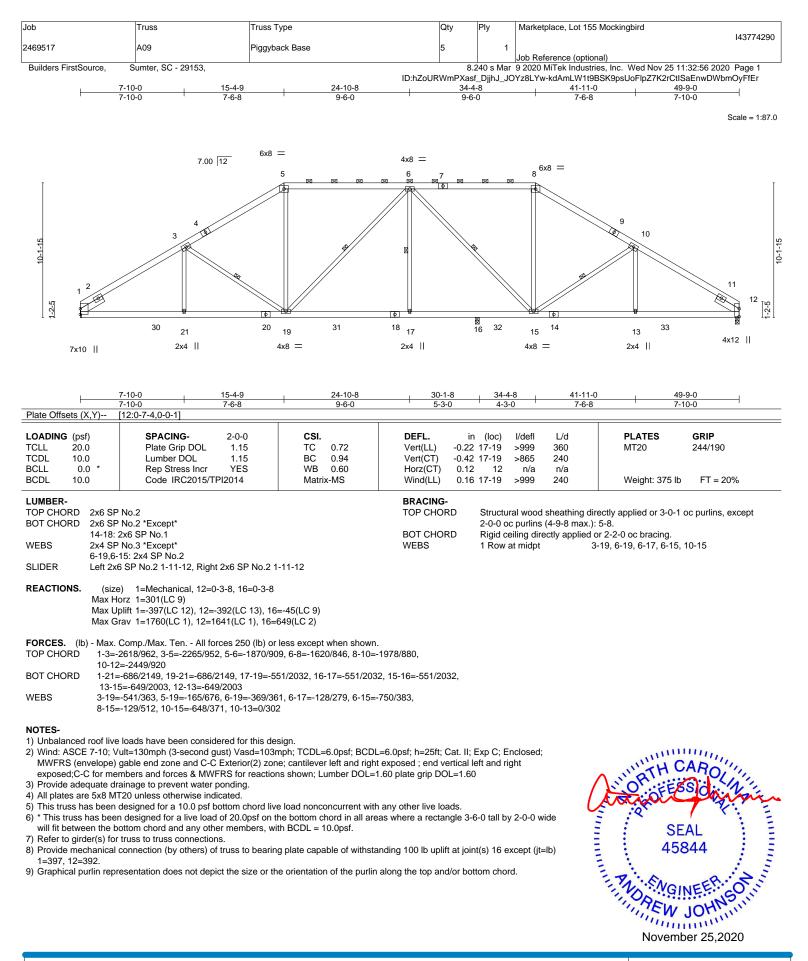




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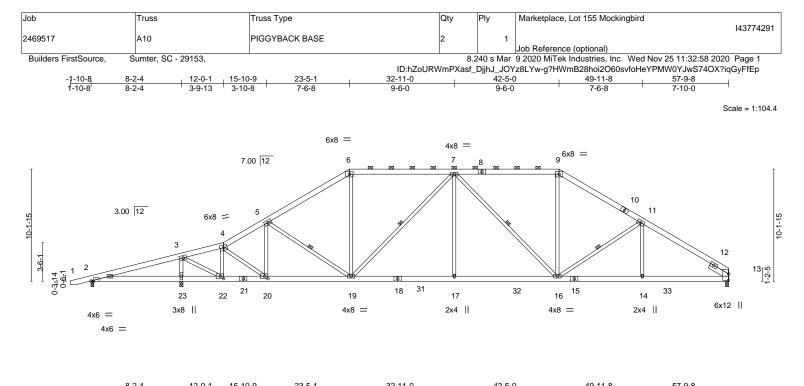
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—	8-2-4 12-0-1 15-10-9	23-5-1	32-11-0	42-5-0	49-11-8	57-9-8
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	8-2-4 3-9-13 3-10-8 [2:0-2-12,Edge], [13:0-7-0,0-0-5], [20:	7-6-8	9-6-0	9-6-0	7-6-8	7-10-0
	[2.0-2-12,Edge], [13.0-7-0,0-0-3], [20.					
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc) l/defl	L/d PLATES	S GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.83	Vert(LL) -0.1	8 16-17 >999 3	360 MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.97			240	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.71	Horz(CT) 0.1		n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS	Wind(LL) 0.1	3 17 >999 2	240 Weight:	430 lb FT = 20%
UMBER-			BRACING-			
OP CHORD 2x6 S	P No.2		TOP CHORD	Structural wood sh	eathing directly applied or	r 2-2-0 oc purlins, except
OT CHORD 2x6 S	P No.2			2-0-0 oc purlins (4-	-5-12 max.): 6-9.	
VEBS 2x4 S	P No.3 *Except*		BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directl	ly applied or 2-2-0 oc brac	cing.
- ,	7-19,7-16: 2x4 SP No.2		WEBS	1 Row at midpt	5-19, 7-19, 7-16	, 11-16
LIDER Right	2x6 SP No.2 1-11-12					
Max Max	ze) 2=0-3-0, 23=0-3-8, 13=0-3-8 Horz 2=342(LC 9) Uplift 2=-293(LC 8), 23=-645(LC 12), 13 Grav 2=74(LC 23), 23=2751(LC 1), 13=					
ORCES. (Ib) - Max	. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb)	or less except when shown				
OP CHORD 2-3=	=-393/1272, 3-4=-1317/429, 4-5=-2310́/	337, 5-6=-2397/947, 6-7=-1	992/904,			
7-9=	=-2147/956, 9-11=-2547/1007, 11-13=-2	894/1017				
OT CHORD 2-23	3=-1177/373, 22-23=-1177/373, 20-22=	329/1292, 19-20=-574/199	3, 17-19=-642/2537,			
16-	17=-642/2537, 14-16=-731/2380, 13-14	=-731/2380				
	3=-2454/956, 3-22=-777/2755, 4-22=-14					
	9=-254/254, 6-19=-162/767, 7-19=-877/	375, 7-17=0/537, 7-16=-676	6/360,			
9-16	5=-192/831, 11-16=-529/363					
NOTES-						
	ve loads have been considered for this	opian				
	Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=10		6 Opofi b 25ft; Cot II	Eve C: Engloged:		
VVIIIU. ASCE 7-10;	vuit=roompri (o-second gust) vasd=ro	Simpli, TODL=0.0psi; BODL	_=0.0psi, n=zoit, Cat. II	, EXP C, ENCIUSED;	- Train 1	ATTITUTE

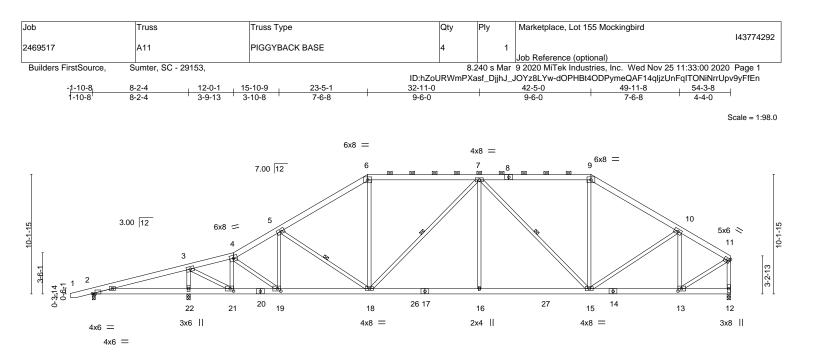
2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) All plates are 5x8 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=293, 23=645, 13=409.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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L	8-2-4 12-0-1 15-10-9	23-5-1	32-11-0	42-5-0	49-11-8 54-3-8
	8-2-4 3-9-13 3-10-8	7-6-8	9-6-0	9-6-0	7-6-8 4-4-0
ate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-2-12,Edge], [13:0-3-8,0-2-8], [19:0	-3-8,0-2-8], [21:0-3-8,0-2-8	3]		
OADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. i	n (loc) l/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.56	Vert(LL) -0.13	3 16-18 >999 360	MT20 244/190
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.67	Vert(CT) -0.26	6 16-18 >999 240	
CLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.70	Horz(CT) 0.06	6 12 n/a n/a	
CDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS	Wind(LL) 0.10	0 16-18 >999 240	Weight: 419 lb FT = 20%
JMBER-			BRACING-		
OP CHORD 2x6	SP No.2		TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing di	irectly applied or 4-6-12 oc purlins,
DT CHORD 2x6	SP No.2			except end verticals, and 2-0)-0 oc purlins (4-10-7 max.): 6-9.
EBS 2x4	SP No.3 *Except*		BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied	or 6-0-0 oc bracing.
3-21	,7-18,7-15,11-12: 2x4 SP No.2		WEBS	1 Row at midpt	5-18, 7-18, 7-15
	: Uplift 2=-292(LC 8), 22=-631(LC 12), 12 : Grav 2=139(LC 23), 22=2517(LC 1), 12				
· · ·	x. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) o				
	3=-368/968, 3-4=-1347/384, 4-5=-2193/76		08/827,		
	9=-1649/777, 9-10=-2002/800, 10-11=-15	,			
	22=-878/244, 21-22=-878/244, 19-21=-38	8/1315, 18-19=-613/1891, 1	16-18=-619/2202,		
	-16=-619/2202, 13-15=-441/1334	77/404 4 40 004/700 5 4	0 220/222		
	22=-2230/898, 3-21=-700/2451, 4-21=-12 8=-299/254, 6-18=-117/662, 7-18=-667/3	, , ,	,		
	15=-299/254, 6-16=-117/662, 7-16=-667/3		9/302,		
5-	10 - 00/07 0, 10 10 - 240/400, 10 13 - 700	5/7, 11 15= 521/1591			
OTES-					
	ive loads have been considered for this d	esian.			
	; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103		.=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II:	Exp C; Enclosed;	
	e) able end zone and $C_{-}C$ Exterior(2) z			· · · ·	3331111111

MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

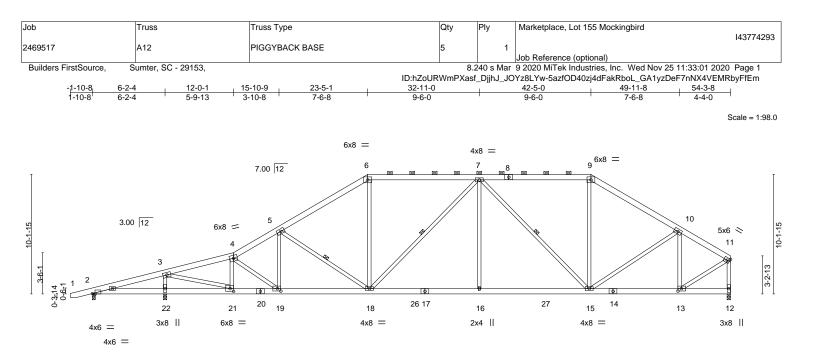
4) All plates are 5x8 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb)
- 2=292, 22=631, 12=338.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



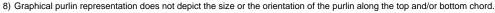
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	6-2-4 12-0-1 15-10-9	23-5-1	32-11-0	42-5-0	49-11-8	54-3-8			
	6-2-4 5-9-13 3-10-8	7-6-8	9-6-0	9-6-0	7-6-8	4-4-0			
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-2-12,Edge], [13:0-3-8,0-2-8], [19:0-	3-8,0-2-8], [21:0-3-8,0-2-1	2]						
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.56 BC 0.69 WB 0.87 Matrix-MS	Vert(LL) -0.17		PLATES MT20 Weight: 420 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%			
LUMBER- BRACING- TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 3-21,7-18,7-15,11-12: 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-1-4 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-5-13 max.): 6-9. WEBS 1 Row at midpt 5-18, 7-18, 7-15									
REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-0, 22=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=334(LC 9) Max Uplift 2=-239(LC 8), 22=-648(LC 12), 12=-346(LC 13) Max Grav 2=41(LC 23), 22=2521(LC 1), 12=1876(LC 1)									
TOP CHORD 2-3=-	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or 413/938, 3-4=-2678/868, 4-5=-2967/105 1758/819, 9-10=-2132/850, 10-11=-166	8, 5-6=-2526/985, 6-7=-2							
BOT CHORD 2-22=	=-858/271, 21-22=-858/271, 19-21=-877 6=-696/2396, 13-15=-469/1407		16-18=-696/2396,						
WEBS 3-22= 6-18=	2264/970, 3-21=-1170/3529, 4-21=-97 180/823, 7-18=-569/335, 7-16=0/540, 5=-251/528, 10-13=-829/395, 11-13=-56	7-15=-988/384, 9-15=-112							
 Wind: ASCE 7-10; V MWFRS (envelope) exposed; C-C for me Provide adequate dr All plates are 5x8 M' This truss has been 	a loads have been considered for this de fult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103 gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zor mbers and forces & MWFRS for reactio rainage to prevent water ponding. T20 unless otherwise indicated. designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord liv n designed for a live load of 20.0psf on f	nph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL e; cantilever left and right is shown; Lumber DOL=1 e load nonconcurrent with	exposed ; end vertical .60 plate grip DOL=1.60 any other live loads.	left exposed; porch left)	AND RTH C	AROLIN			

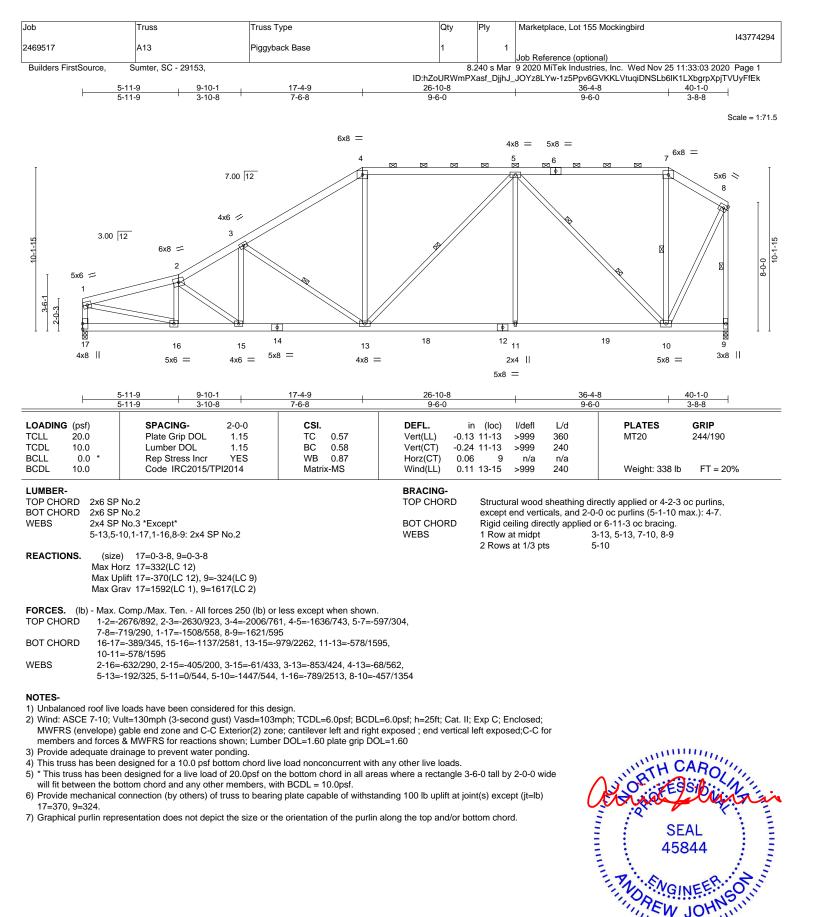
- will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf. 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb)
- 2=239, 22=648, 12=346,





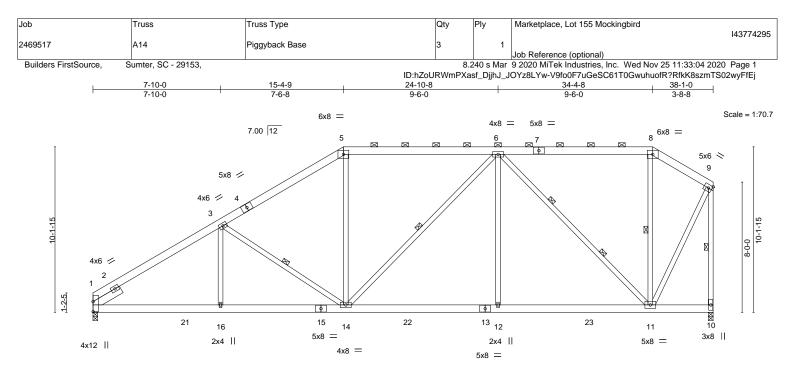
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November 25,2020



	7-10-0	15-4-9	24-10-8	34-4-8	38-1-0	
	7-10-0	7-6-8	9-6-0	9-6-0	3-8-8	
Plate Offsets (X,Y	′) [1:0-7-7,0-0-2]					

LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.58 BC 0.71 WB 0.82 Matrix-MS	Vert(LL) -0.11 Vert(CT) -0.21 Horz(CT) 0.06	n (loc) I/defl L/d 12-14 >999 360 12-14 >999 240 5 10 n/a n/a 14-16 >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 314 lb FT = 20%
6-14,6-			BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS		directly applied or 3-9-12 oc purlins, -0-0 oc purlins (5-5-7 max.): 5-8. d or 8-1-9 oc bracing. 3-14, 6-14, 8-11, 9-10 6-11
Max U	e) 1=0-3-8, 10=0-3-8 lorz 1=407(LC 12) plift 1=-333(LC 12), 10=-312(LC 9) rav 1=1517(LC 1), 10=1559(LC 2)				
TOP CHORD 1-3=- 9-10=	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or -2214/725, 3-5=-1825/691, 5-6=-1503/68 1563/568 825/1836, 14-16=-825/1836, 12-14=-5	30, 6-8=-575/294, 8-9=-685	,		

WEBS 3-14=-607/377, 5-14=-37/476, 6-14=-170/314, 6-12=0/543, 6-11=-1364/506, 9-11=-434/1304

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

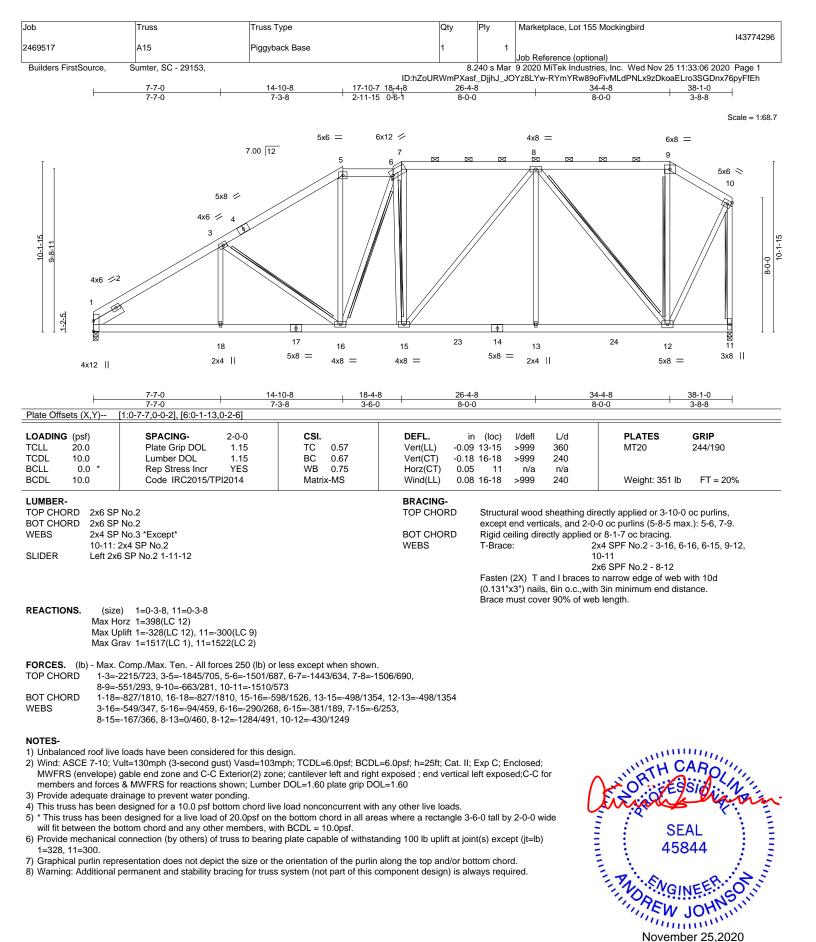
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=333, 10=312.

7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

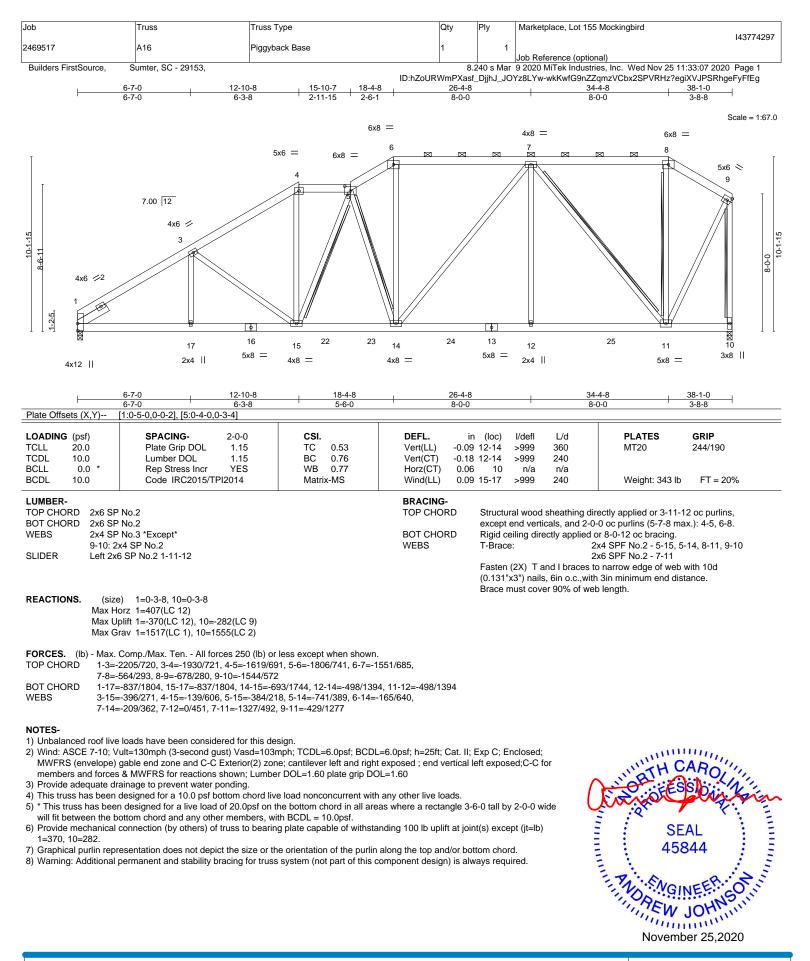


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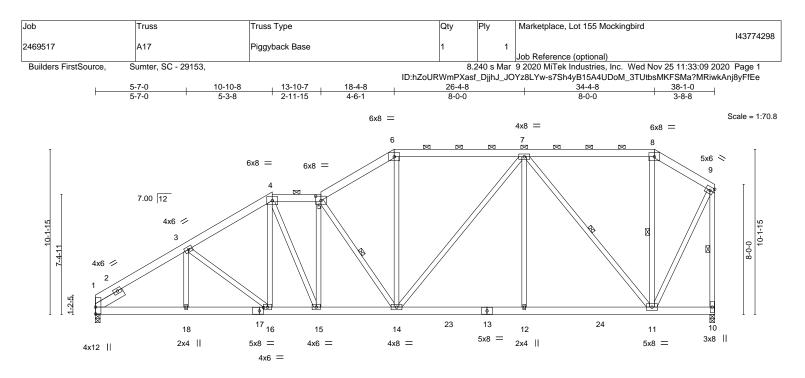
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TRENGINEERING BY A MiTek Atfiliate 818 Soundside Road

Edenton, NC 27932

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	5-7-0 10-10-8 5-7-0 5-3-8	<u>13-10-7 18-4-8</u> 2-11-15 4-6-1	26-4-8	<u>34-4-8</u> 8-0-0	38-1-0	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[1:0-5-0,0-0-2], [5:0-4-0,0-3-4], [17:0-3-		0-0-0	0-0-0	5-5-5	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.48 BC 0.73 WB 0.99 Matrix-MS	Vert(LL) -0.09 12-14 >9 Vert(CT) -0.18 12-14 >9 Horz(CT) 0.06 10	defi L/d 199 360 199 240 n/a n/a 199 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 347 lb FT = 20%	
9-10: 2		<u> </u>	except end	l verticals, and 2-0-0 g directly applied or	ctly applied or 4-1-10 oc purlins, oc purlins (5-3-8 max.): 4-5, 6-8. 8-0-8 oc bracing. 4, 7-11, 8-11, 9-10	
Max H Max U	e) 1=0-3-8, 10=0-3-8 orz 1=407(LC 12) plift 1=-370(LC 12), 10=-282(LC 9) rav 1=1517(LC 1), 10=1522(LC 2)					
TOP CHORD 1-3=- 7-8=-	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) of 2178/710, 3-4=-2029/737, 4-5=-1900/7 551/292, 8-9=-663/280, 9-10=-1511/57 841/1780, 16-18=-841/1780, 15-16=-7	51, 5-6=-1787/724, 6-7=-150 2				
WEBS 4-16=	2=-497/1355 82/289, 4-15=-145/502, 5-15=-469/17 211/370, 7-12=0/456, 7-11=-1285/490)/578,			
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; V MWFRS (envelope) members and forces 3) Provide adequate dr 4) This truss has been 	e loads have been considered for this de /ult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103 gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zor s & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumbe rainage to prevent water ponding. designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord liv n designed for a live load of 20.0psf on	mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL= ne; cantilever left and right e er DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL e load nonconcurrent with a	xposed ; end vertical left exposed; =1.60 iny other live loads.	C-C for	HTH CARO	×

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

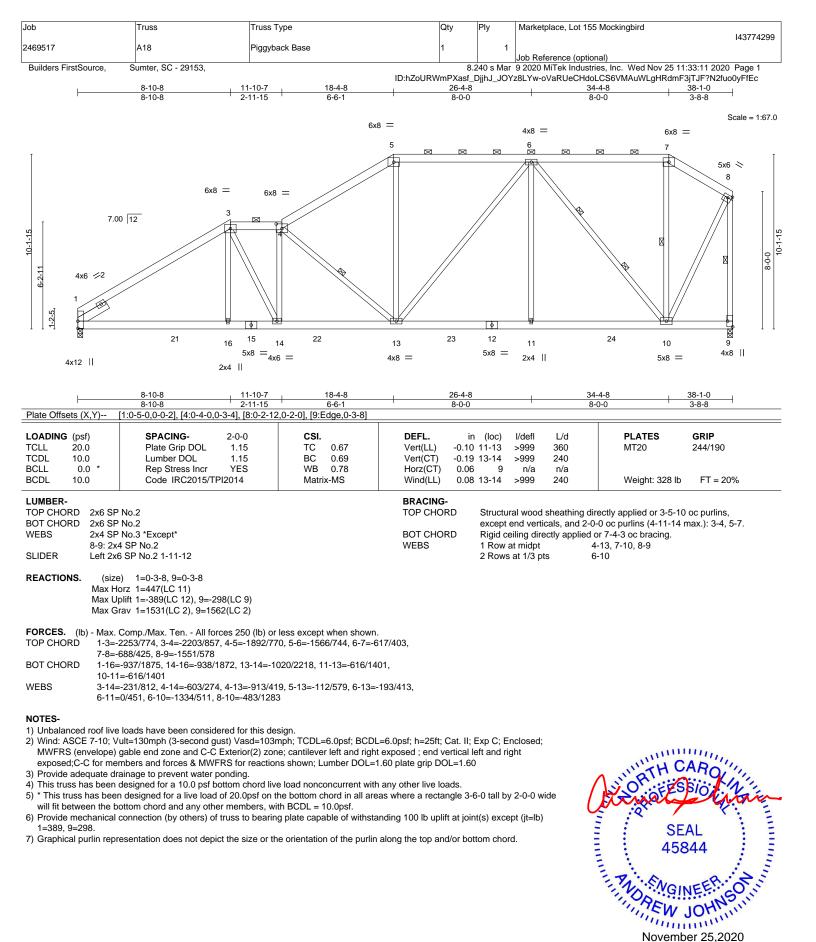
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=370, 10=282.

7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



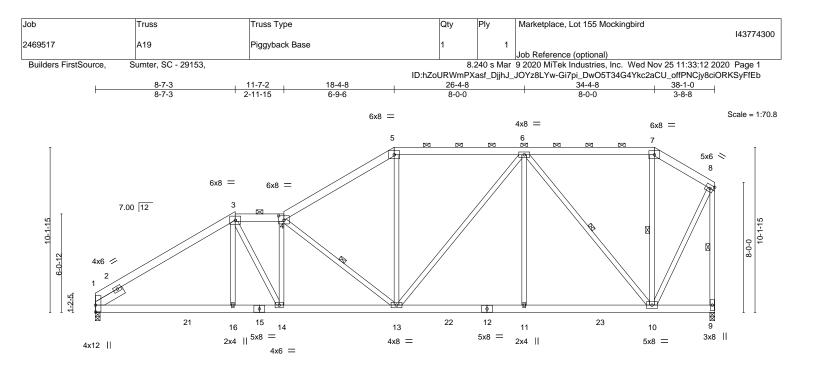
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L	8-7-3	11-7-2	18-4-8	26-4-8	34-4-8		
	8-7-3	2-11-15	6-9-6	8-0-0	8-0-0	3-8	-8
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[1:0-5-0,0-0-2], [4:0-4-0,0)-3-4]					
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2015/TI	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES Pl2014	CSI. TC 0.66 BC 0.66 WB 1.00 Matrix-MS	DEFL. in (loc) Vert(LL) -0.10 11-13 Vert(CT) -0.19 11-13 Horz(CT) 0.06 9 Wind(LL) 0.09 13-14	l/defl L/d >999 360 >999 240 n/a n/a >999 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 328 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 SF BOT CHORD 2x6 SF WEBS 2x4 SF 8-9: 2x SLIDER Left 2x	2 No.2			BRACING- TOP CHORD Structu except BOT CHORD Rigid of	ural wood sheathing dire t end verticals, and 2-0- ceiling directly applied o	ectly applied or 3-6-10 0 oc purlins (5-0-1 ma	oc purlins,
Max H Max U	e) 1=0-3-8, 9=0-3-8 lorz 1=407(LC 12) lplift 1=-370(LC 12), 9=-2 Grav 1=1517(LC 1), 9=15	· · ·					
TOP CHORD 1-3=	Comp./Max. Ten All for -2200/721, 3-4=-2164/80 -670/280, 8-9=-1527/571						
BOT CHORD 1-16 WEBS 3-14	=-801/1790, 14-16=-802/ =-211/831, 4-14=-631/259 =0/454, 6-10=-1303/488,	9, 4-13=-901/42	3, 5-13=-68/543, 6-13=-2				
2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; N MWFRS (envelope)		ust) Vasd=103n Exterior(2) zon	nph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL e; cantilever left and right	=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; I exposed ; end vertical left expo DL=1.60			990 <u>0</u> .

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

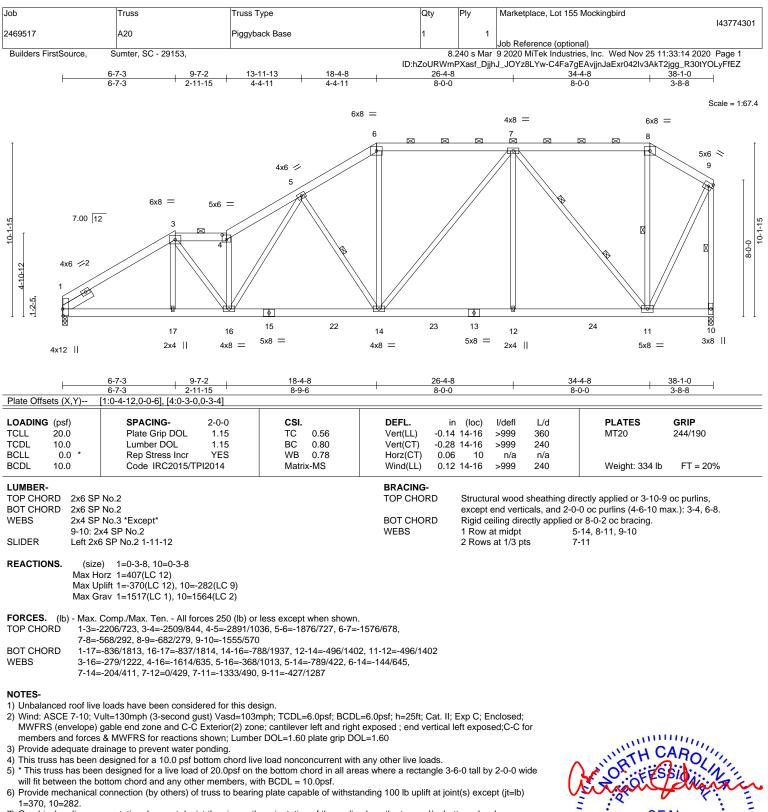
5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=370, 9=282.

7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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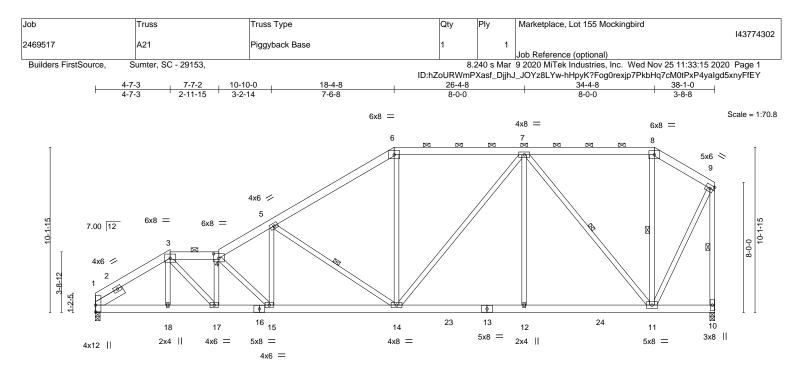
7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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	<u>4-7-3</u> 7-7-2 10-10-0 4-7-3 2-11-15 3-2-14	<u>18-4-8</u> 7-6-8	26-4-8	34-4-8	38-1-0
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[1:0-5-0,0-0-2], [4:0-4-0,0-3-4]	7-0-0	0-0-0	0-0-0	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.46 BC 0.73 WB 0.99 Matrix-MS	Vert(LL) -0.10 14-15 >5 Vert(CT) -0.22 14-15 >5 Horz(CT) 0.06 10	defi L/d 999 360 999 240 n/a n/a 999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 332 lb FT = 20%
9-10: 2			except end	d verticals, and 2-0-0 oc p ng directly applied or 6-11	applied or 4-2-7 oc purlins, purlins (4-3-11 max.): 3-4, 6-8. 1-6 oc bracing. *-11, 8-11, 9-10
Max H Max U	ze) 1=0-3-8, 10=0-3-8 Horz 1=407(LC 12) Jplift 1=-370(LC 12), 10=-282(LC 9) Grav 1=1517(LC 1), 10=1522(LC 2)				
TOP CHORD 1-3= 7-8=	. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or 2158/699, 3-4=-2713/909, 4-5=-2665/83 551/292, 8-9=-663/279, 9-10=-1511/570 =-847/1779, 17-18=-851/1784, 15-17=-1	92, 5-6=-1862/694, 6-7=-150)			
12-1 WEBS 3-17	'=-412/1424, 4-17=-988/323, 4-15=-682/2 '=-61/519, 7-14=-218/404, 7-12=0/452, 7	258, 5-15=-104/615, 5-14=-1	008/471,		
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; MWFRS (envelope members and force 3) Provide adequate of 4) This truss has beer 5) * This truss has beer will fit between the 	e loads have been considered for this de Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103i) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zor es & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumbe trainage to prevent water ponding. n designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord liv en designed for a live load of 20.0psf on t bottom chord and any other members, w l connection (by others) of truss to bearin	mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6 e; cantilever left and right e r DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL= e load nonconcurrent with a he bottom chord in all areas th BCDL = 10.0psf.	xposed ; end vertical left exposed; =1.60 ny other live loads. where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-	:C-C for :0-0 wide	TH CARO

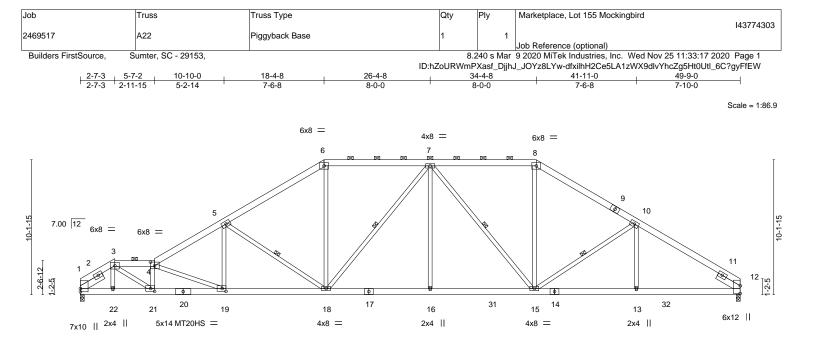
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=370, 10=282.

7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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2-7-3	5-7-2 10-10-0 18-4			34-4-8		41-11-0		-9-0
2-7-3	2-11-15 5-2-14 7-6		-	8-0-0		7-6-8	7-	10-0
ate Offsets (X,Y)	[4:0-3-12,0-3-4], [12:0-7-0,0-0-1], [19:0-	<u>3-8,0-2-8], [21:0-3-8,0-2-8</u>	8]					
OADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.84	Vert(LL)	-0.20 16-18	>999	360	MT20	244/190
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.74	Vert(CT)	-0.40 16-18	>999	240	MT20HS	187/143
CLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.86	Horz(CT)	0.15 12	n/a	n/a		
CDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MS	Wind(LL)	0.19 18-19	>999	240	Weight: 390 lb	FT = 20%
UMBER-			BRACING-					
OP CHORD 2x6 S	P No.2		TOP CHORE	D Structu	Iral wood	sheathing dire	ctly applied or 2-2-0	oc purlins, except
OT CHORD 2x6 S	P No.1			2-0-0 o	c purlins	(3-3-15 max.):	3-4, 6-8.	
/EBS 2x4 S	BOT CHORE	D Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-5-8 oc bracing.						
200 2740	P No.3 *Except*			WEBS 1 Row at midpt 5-18, 7-18, 7-15, 10-15				
	2x4 SP No.2			1 Row	at midpt	5-1	8, 7-18, 7-15, 10-15	i
3-21: SLIDER Left 2	2x4 SP No.2 x6 SP No.2 1-11-12, Right 2x6 SP No.2 1	-11-12		1 Řow	at midpt	5-1	8, 7-18, 7-15, 10-15	i
3-21: LIDER Left 2 EACTIONS. (si Max Max	2x4 SP No.2	-11-12		1 Řow	at midpt	5-1	18, 7-18, 7-15, 10-15	i
3-21: LIDER Left 2 EACTIONS. (s Max Max Max	2x4 SP No.2 x6 SP No.2 1-11-12, Right 2x6 SP No.2 1 ze) 1=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8 Horz 1=301(LC 9) Uplift 1=-456(LC 12), 12=-411(LC 13) Grav 1=1990(LC 1), 12=1990(LC 1)		WEBS	1 Řow	at midpt	5-1	8, 7-18, 7-15, 10-15	i
3-21: LIDER Left 2 EACTIONS. (s Max Max Max ORCES. (lb) - Ma:	2x4 SP No.2 x6 SP No.2 1-11-12, Right 2x6 SP No.2 1 ze) 1=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8 Horz 1=301(LC 9) Uplift 1=-456(LC 12), 12=-411(LC 13)	less except when shown	WEBS	1 Řow	at midpt	5-1	18, 7-18, 7-15, 10-15	i
3-21: LIDER Left 2 EACTIONS. (si Max Max Max ORCES. (lb) - Ma: OP CHORD 1-3	2x4 SP No.2 x6 SP No.2 1-11-12, Right 2x6 SP No.2 1 ze) 1=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8 Horz 1=301(LC 9) Uplift 1=-456(LC 12), 12=-411(LC 13) Grav 1=1990(LC 1), 12=1990(LC 1) :. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or	less except when shown 1352, 5-6=-2900/1126, 6-7	WEBS	1 Řow	at midpt	5-1	18, 7-18, 7-15, 10-15	i
3-21: LIDER Left 2 EACTIONS. (si Max Max Max ORCES. (lb) - Ma: OP CHORD 1-3 7-8	2x4 SP No.2 x6 SP No.2 1-11-12, Right 2x6 SP No.2 1 ze) 1=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8 Horz 1=301(LC 9) Uplift 1=-456(LC 12), 12=-411(LC 13) Grav 1=1990(LC 1), 12=1990(LC 1) . Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or -2672/931, 3-4=-4396/1524, 4-5=-3828/1	less except when shown 1352, 5-6=-2900/1126, 6-7 10/1055	WEBS - 7=-2411/1058,	1 Řow	at midpt	5-1	18, 7-18, 7-15, 10-15	i
3-21: LIDER Left 2 EACTIONS. (si Max Max Max OP CHORD 1-3 7-8 OT CHORD 1-2	2x4 SP No.2 x6 SP No.2 1-11-12, Right 2x6 SP No.2 1 ze) 1=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8 Horz 1=301(LC 9) Uplift 1=-456(LC 12), 12=-411(LC 13) Grav 1=1990(LC 1), 12=1990(LC 1) Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or 2672/931, 3-4=-4396/1524, 4-5=-3828/ 2224/993, 8-10=-2672/1050, 10-12=-30	less except when shown 1352, 5-6=-2900/1126, 6- 10/1055 495/4507, 18-19=-1020/3	WEBS 7=-2411/1058, 1259,	1 Řow	at midpt	5-1	18, 7-18, 7-15, 10-15	i
3-21: LIDER Left 2 EACTIONS. (si Max Max Max OP CHORD 1-3 OT CHORD 1-2 16-	2x4 SP No.2 x6 SP No.2 1-11-12, Right 2x6 SP No.2 1 ze) 1=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8 Horz 1=301(LC 9) Uplift 1=-456(LC 12), 12=-411(LC 13) Grav 1=1990(LC 1), 12=1990(LC 1) :. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or 2672/931, 3-4=-4396/1524, 4-5=-3828/ 2224/993, 8-10=-2672/1050, 10-12=-30 2=-717/2183, 21-22=-725/2198, 19-21=-1	less except when shown 1352, 5-6=-2900/1126, 6- 10/1055 495/4507, 18-19=-1020/3 764/2481, 12-13=-764/24	WEBS 7=-2411/1058, 1259, 181	1 Řow	at midpt	5-1	8, 7-18, 7-15, 10-15	i
3-21: LIDER Left 2 EACTIONS. (si Max Max Max OP CHORD 1-3 7-8 OT CHORD 1-3 7-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7 0-7	2x4 SP No.2 x6 SP No.2 1-11-12, Right 2x6 SP No.2 1 ze) 1=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8 Horz 1=301(LC 9) Uplift 1=-456(LC 12), 12=-411(LC 13) Grav 1=1990(LC 1), 12=1990(LC 1) Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or -2672/931, 3-4=-4396/1524, 4-5=-3828/7 -2224/93, 8-10=-2672/1050, 10-12=-30 2=-717/2183, 21-22=-725/2198, 19-21=-1 18=-688/2619, 15-16=-688/2619, 13-15=-	less except when shown 1352, 5-6=-2900/1126, 6- 10/1055 495/4507, 18-19=-1020/3 764/2481, 12-13=-764/24 8/513, 5-19=-121/678, 5-	WEBS 7=-2411/1058, 2259, 81 18=-1120/497,	1 Řow	at midpt	5-1	8, 7-18, 7-15, 10-15	i

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

5) All plates are 5x8 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

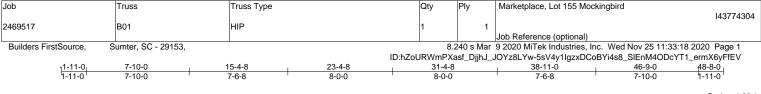
8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=456, 12=411.

9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

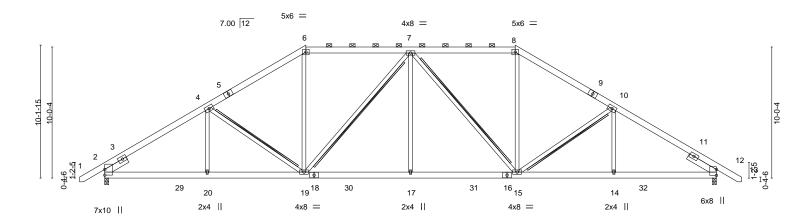


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Scale = 1:88.1



	7-10-0	15-4-8	23-4-8	<u>31-4-8</u>	<u>38-11-0</u>	46-9-0
	7-10-0	7-6-8	8-0-0	8-0-0	7-6-8	7-10-0
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2015/		CSI. TC 0.84 BC 0.95 WB 0.55 Matrix-MS	DEFL. in (loc) Vert(LL) -0.16 17-19 Vert(CT) -0.32 17-19 Horz(CT) 0.13 12 Wind(LL) 0.12 17	l/defi L/d >999 360 >999 240 n/a n/a >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 368 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD	2x6 SP No.2
BOT CHORD	2x6 SP No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3 *Except*
	7-19,7-15: 2x4 SP No.2
SLIDER	Left 2x6 SP No.2 1-11-12, Right 2x6 SP No.2 2-5-12

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-10-1 max.): 6-8. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing. T-Brace: 2x4 SPF No.2 - 4-19, 7-19, 7-15, 10-15 Fasten (2X) T and I braces to narrow edge of web with 10d (0.131"x3") nails, 6in o.c., with 3in minimum end distance. Brace must cover 90% of web length.

REACTIONS. 2=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8 (size) Max Horz 2=331(LC 11) Max Uplift 2=-457(LC 12), 12=-457(LC 13) Max Grav 2=1976(LC 1), 12=1976(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-4=-2784/975, 4-6=-2460/975, 6-7=-2059/924, 7-8=-2058/923, 8-10=-2451/974, 10-12=-2777/977 2-20=-643/2311, 19-20=-643/2311, 17-19=-555/2405, 15-17=-555/2405, 14-15=-652/2288, BOT CHORD 12-14=-652/2288

WEBS 4-19=-502/346, 6-19=-195/800, 7-19=-643/340, 7-17=0/456, 7-15=-644/339, 8-15=-195/799, 10-15=-504/348

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) All plates are 5x8 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

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- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=457.12=457.

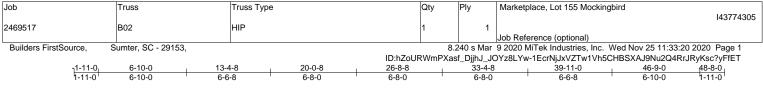
🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not

- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 9) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.

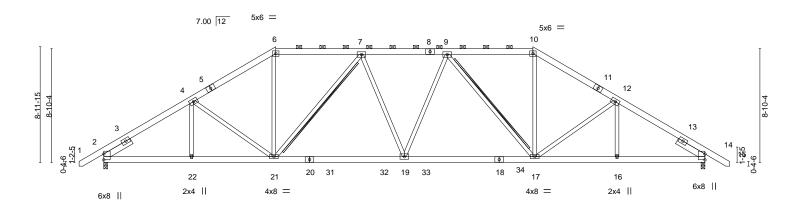


a trust system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see <u>ANS/TPH1</u> Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component 818 Soundside Road

Edenton, NC 27932



Scale = 1:89.6



	6-10-0	13-4-8 6-6-8	23-4-8		<u>33-4-8</u> 10-0-0	39-11-0	46-9-0	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2015/	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES	CSI. TC 0.68 BC 0.97 WB 0.56 Matrix-MS	Vert(LL) -0.1	in (loc) l/defl 9 17-19 >999 37 19-21 >999 3 14 n/a	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 366 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
REACTIONS. (siz	P No.2	: 2x6 SP No.2 2-8	5-12	BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	2-0-0 oc purlins Rigid ceiling din T-Brace: Fasten (2X) T a (0.131"x3") nail:	(4-4-14 max.): 6 ectly applied or 2 2x4 and I braces to n	2-2-0 oc bracing. SPF No.2 - 7-21, 9- arrow edge of web n minimum end dist	-17 with 10d
Max U Max G FORCES. (Ib) - Max. TOP CHORD 2-4=- 10-12	Jplift 2=-431(LC 12), 14= ∂rav 2=1976(LC 1), 14= Comp./Max. Ten All fr -2755/983, 4-6=-2541/99 2=-2541/999, 12-14=-27	1976(LC 1) orces 250 (lb) or 99, 6-7=-2137/93 55/983	less except when shown. 5, 7-9=-2659/1085, 9-10=-	,				

- BOT CHORD 2-22=-659/2266, 21-22=-659/2266, 19-21=-690/2578, 17-19=-691/2578, 16-17=-668/2266, 14-16=-668/2266
- WEBS 4-21=-349/291, 6-21=-242/879, 7-21=-793/403, 7-19=-22/291, 9-19=-22/291, 9-17=-793/403, 10-17=-242/879, 12-17=-349/292

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

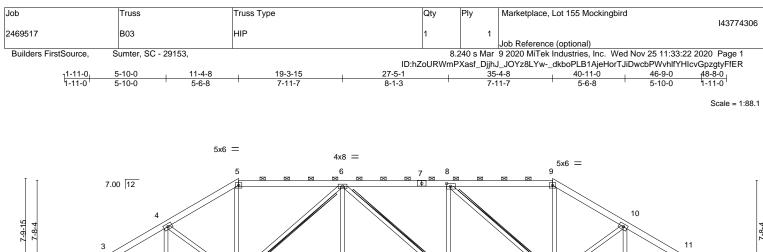
2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) All plates are 5x8 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=431, 14=431.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 9) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.



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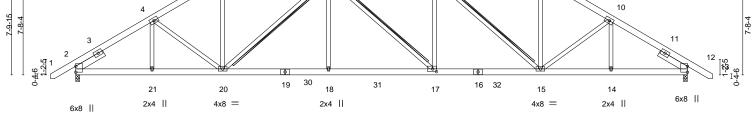


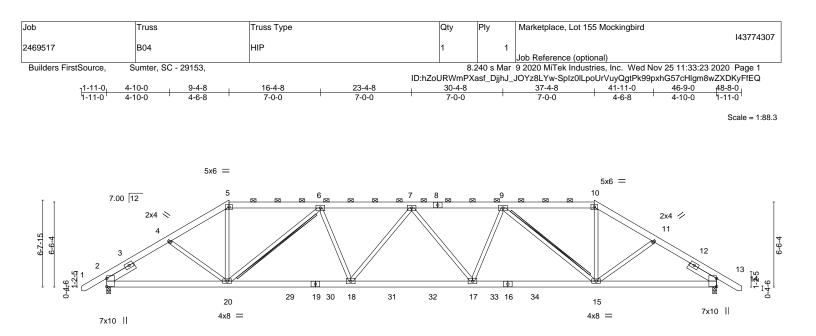
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	5-10-0 11-4-8 5-10-0 5-6-8 [8:0-3-8,0-2-8], [17:0-3-8,0-2-8]	19-3-15 7-11-7	27-5-1 8-1-3	<u>35-4-8</u> 7-11-7	40-11-0 46-9-0 5-6-8 5-10-0
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.61 BC 0.92 WB 0.82 Matrix-MS	Vert(LL) -0.1 Vert(CT) -0.3 Horz(CT) 0.1	in (loc) l/defl L/c 8 17-18 >999 360 7 17-18 >999 240 3 12 n/a n/a 9 17-18 >999 240) MT20 244/190
REACTIONS. (siz Max H Max U	P No.2	5-12	BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	2-0-0 oc purlins (4-0-1 Rigid ceiling directly a T-Brace: Fasten (2X) T and I b	pplied or 2-2-0 oc bracing. 2x4 SPF No.2 - 6-20, 6-17, 8-15 races to narrow edge of web with 10d o.c.,with 3in minimum end distance.
FORCES. (lb) - Max. TOP CHORD 2-4= 9-10: BOT CHORD 2-21: 14-1 WEBS 4-20:	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or -2719/980, 4-5=-2627/1025, 5-6=-2232/9 =-2627/1025, 10-12=-2719/980 =-664/2231, 20-21=-664/2231, 18-20=-8 5=-675/2231, 12-14=-675/2231 =-262/225, 5-20=-245/910, 6-20=-1167/ =-1149/464, 9-15=-244/903, 10-15=-264	952, 6-8=-3015/1229, 8-9=- 65/3045, 17-18=-865/3045, 466, 6-18=0/399, 8-17=0/34	, 15-17=-865/3015,		
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; \ MWFRS (envelope) exposed;C-C for me 3) Provide adequate d 4) All plates are 5x8 M 5) This truss has been 6) * This truss has been will fit between the b 	e loads have been considered for this de /ult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103 gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zor embers and forces & MWFRS for reactio rainage to prevent water ponding. T20 unless otherwise indicated. designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord liv in designed for a live load of 20.0psf on pottom chord and any other members, w connection (by others) of truss to bearing	mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL= te; cantilever left and right et ns shown; Lumber DOL=1.6 e load nonconcurrent with a he bottom chord in all areas ith BCDL = 10.0psf.	exposed ; end vertical 60 plate grip DOL=1.6 any other live loads. s where a rectangle 3	left and right 50 -6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide	SEAL

- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=402, 12=402.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 9) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





	<u>9-4-8</u> 9-4-8		18-8-8 9-4-0	28-0-8 9-4-0		37-4-8 9-4-0		<u>46-9-0</u> 9-4-8	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL * Rep Stress Incr	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES PI2014	CSI. TC 0.64 BC 0.81 WB 0.75 Matrix-MS	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT) Wind(LL)	in (l -0.21 17- -0.44 17- 0.14 0.23 17-	oc) l/defl 18 >999 18 >999 13 n/a	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 347 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
BOT CHORD 2 WEBS 2	2x6 SP No.2 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 .eft 2x6 SP No.2 2-5-12, Right	2x6 SP No.2 2-	5-12	BRACING- TOP CHOF BOT CHOF WEBS	RD Sti 2-(RD Rių T-I Fa (0.)-0 oc purlins (3- jid ceiling direct Brace: sten (2X) T and	-9-8 max.): ly applied o 22 I I braces to Sin o.c.,with	or 6-10-10 oc bracing. x4 SPF No.2 - 6-20, 9- o narrow edge of web v 3in minimum end dist	15 with 10d
I	(size) 2=0-3-8, 13=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=215(LC 11) Max Uplift 2=-420(LC 9), 13=-4 Max Grav 2=1976(LC 1), 13=1								
FORCES. (Ib) - TOP CHORD	- Max. Comp./Max. Ten All fo 2-4=-2725/1021, 4-5=-2682/10								
BOT CHORD WEBS	9-10=-2298/944, 10-11=-2682 2-20=-691/2199, 18-20=-1033 13-15=-703/2199 4-20=-193/277, 5-20=-258/92 7-17=-307/226, 9-17=-72/548	/3296, 17-18=- 4, 6-20=-1369/	.1156/3612, 15-17=-1036 579, 6-18=-72/548, 7-18	=-307/226,					

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

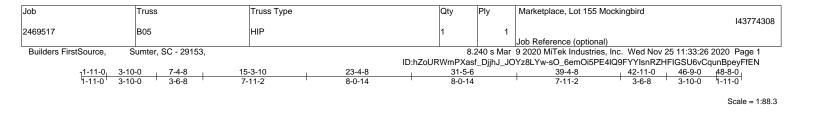
2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

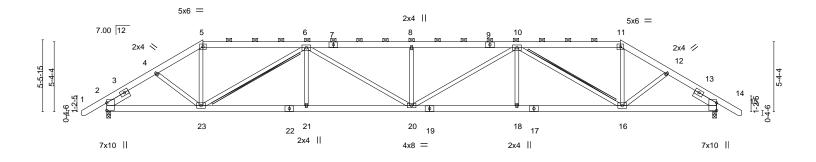
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) All plates are 5x8 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=420, 13=420,
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 9) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.



🛦 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE ARXING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MILER KEERENCE PAGE MIL-7475 fev. or 19/2/2/0/ DEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601







F	7-4-8 7-4-8	15-3-10 7-11-2	<u>23-4-8</u> 8-0-14	<u>31-5-6</u> 8-0-14	39-4-8 7-11-2	46-9-0
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Inci Code IRC2015	1.15 YES	CSI. TC 0.27 BC 0.29 WB 0.72 Matrix-MS	DEFL. in (loc) Vert(LL) -0.23 20 Vert(CT) -0.46 20-21 Horz(CT) 0.12 14 Wind(LL) 0.28 20	l/defl L/d >999 360 >999 240 n/a n/a >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 343 lb FT = 20%

LUMBE	R-
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TOP CHORD	2x6 SP DSS
BOT CHORD	2x6 SP DSS
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3
SLIDER	Left 2x6 SP No.2 1-11-12, Right 2x6 SP No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-9-13 oc purlins, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (3-11-4 max.): 5-11. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 7-6-7 oc bracing. 2x6 SPF No.2 - 6-23, 10-16 T-Brace: Fasten (2X) T and I braces to narrow edge of web with 10d (0.131"x3") nails, 6in o.c., with 3in minimum end distance. Brace must cover 90% of web length.

- REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 14=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=176(LC 11) Max Uplift 2=-482(LC 9), 14=-482(LC 8) Max Grav 2=1976(LC 1), 14=1976(LC 1)
- FORCES. (Ib) Max. Comp./Max. Ten. All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-4=-2651/987, 4-5=-2716/1022, 5-6=-2352/948, 6-8=-4513/1744, 8-10=-4513/1744, 10-11=-2352/948, 11-12=-2716/1022, 12-14=-2651/987 BOT CHORD 2-23=-667/2089, 21-23=-1308/3990, 20-21=-1308/3990, 18-20=-1311/3990, 16-18=-1311/3990, 14-16=-675/2089 WEBS 4-23=-221/447, 5-23=-242/878, 6-23=-1958/743, 6-21=0/329, 6-20=-260/654,
- 8-20=-477/324, 10-20=-262/654, 10-18=0/329, 10-16=-1958/742, 11-16=-242/878, 12-16=-223/447

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NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

1-11-12

- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) All plates are 5x8 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (it=lb) 2=482.14=482.

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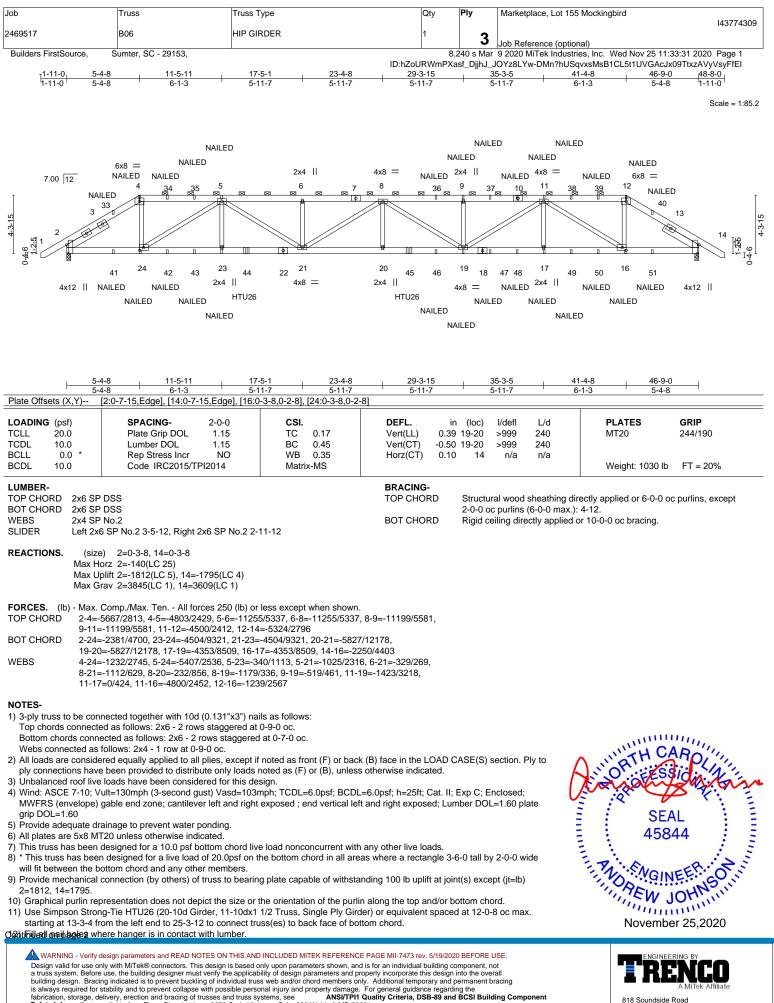
a trust system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see <u>ANS/TPH1</u> Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component

- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 9) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.



818 Soundside Road

Edenton, NC 27932



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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Marketplace, Lot 155 Mockingbird
					143774309
2469517	B06	HIP GIRDER	1	2	
				3	Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource, S	umter, SC - 29153,		8.2	240 s Mar	9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:33:31 2020 Page 2

8.240 s Mar 9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:33:31 2020 Page 2 ID:hZoURWmPXasf_DjjhJ_JOYz8LYw-DMn?hUSqvxsMsB1CL5t1UVGAcJx09TtxzAVyVsyFfEI

NOTES-

13) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d Nails (0.148" x 3") toe-nails per NDS guidelines.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

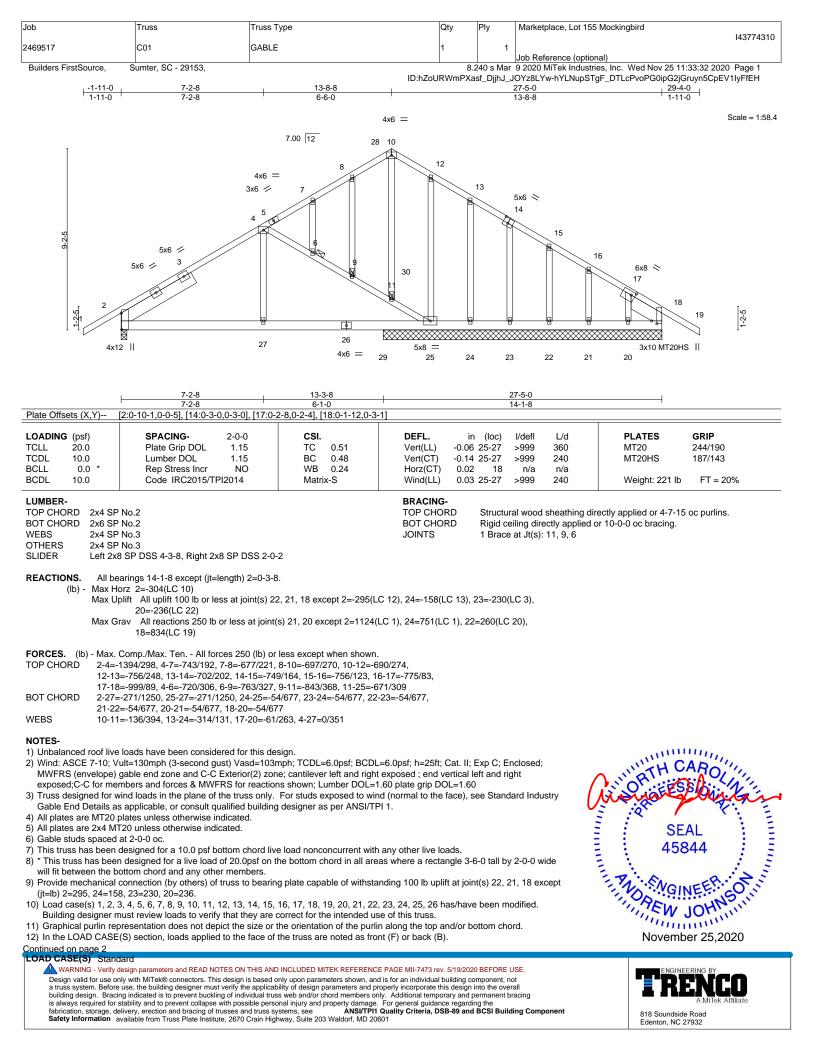
Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-12=-60, 12-15=-60, 25-29=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 4=-70(B) 12=-70(B) 24=-32(B) 5=-70(B) 23=-32(B) 9=-70(B) 19=-32(B) 17=-32(B) 16=-32(B) 11=-70(B) 10=-70(B) 34=-70(B) 35=-70(B) 36=-70(B) 37=-70(B) 38=-70(B) 39=-70(B) 39=-70(B) 41=-112(B) 42=-32(B) 44=-1023(B) 45=-1023(B) 46=-32(B) 47=-32(B) 48=-32(B) 49=-32(B) 50=-32(B) 51=-112(B)

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Marketplace, Lot 155 Mockingbird
2469517	C01	GABLE	1	1	143774310
				-	Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource,	Sumter, SC - 29153,			8.240 s Mar	9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:33:32 2020 Page 2

8.240 s Mar 9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:33:32 2020 Page 2 ID:hZoURWmPXasf_DjjhJ_JOYz8LYw-hYLNupSTgF_DTLcPvoPG0ipG2jGruyn5CpEV1lyFfEH

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- 1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
- Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-4=-60, 10-28=-60, 10-19=-60, 2-27=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-30=-30(F) Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
- Vert: 4=-61(F=-1)-to-28=-66(F=-6), 27=-21(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-31(F)-to-30=-36(F) 2) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
- Uniform Loads (plf)
- Vert: 1-4=-50, 10-28=-50, 10-19=-50, 2-27=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-30=-26(F) Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
- Vert: 4=-51(F=-1)-to-28=-56(F=-6), 27=-21(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-27(F)-to-30=-32(F) 3) Dead + Uninhabitable Attic Without Storage: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25
- Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-4=-20, 10-28=-20, 10-19=-20, 2-27=-40, 18-29=-40, 25-30=-23(F)
- Trapezoidal Loads (plf) Vert: 4=-21(F=-1)-to-28=-26(F=-6), 27=-41(F=-1)-to-29=-46(F=-6), 4=-24(F)-to-30=-28(F)
- 4) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Pos. Internal) Case 1: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=63, 2-4=37, 10-28=37, 10-18=37, 18-19=30, 2-27=-12, 18-29=-12, 25-30=9(F)
 - Vert: 1-2=63, 2-4=37, 10-28=37, 10-18=37, 18-19=30, 2-27=-12, 18-29=-12, 25-30=9(F) Horz: 1-2=-75, 2-4=-49, 4-10=-49, 10-18=49, 18-19=42
 - Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
- Vert: 4=36(F=-1)-to-28=31(F=-6), 27=-13(F=-1)-to-29=-18(F=-6), 4=8(F)-to-30=3(F) 5) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Pos. Internal) Case 2: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
- Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=30, 2-4=37, 10-28=37, 10-18=37, 18-19=63, 2-27=-12, 18-29=-12, 25-30=9(F) Horz: 1-2=-42, 2-4=-49, 4-10=-49, 10-18=49, 18-19=75
- Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
- Vert: 4=36(F=-1)-to-28=31(F=-6), 27=-13(F=-1)-to-29=-18(F=-6), 4=8(F)-to-30=3(F) 6) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Neg. Internal) Case 1: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
- Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=13, 2-4=-61, 10-28=-61, 10-18=-61, 18-19=-53, 2-27=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-30=-30(F) Horz: 1-2=-33, 2-4=41, 4-10=41, 10-18=-41, 18-19=-33

Trapezoidal Loads (plf)

- Vert: 4=-62(F=-1)-to-28=-67(F=-6), 27=-21(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-31(F)-to-30=-36(F) 7) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Neg. Internal) Case 2: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
- Uniform Loads (olf)

Vert: 1-2=53, 2-4=-61, 10-28=-61, 10-18=-61, 18-19=13, 2-27=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-30=-30(F) Horz: 1-2=33, 2-4=41, 4-10=41, 10-18=-41, 18-19=33

Trapezoidal Loads (plf)

Vert: 4=-62(F=-1)-to-28=-67(F=-6), 27=-21(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-31(F)-to-30=-36(F)

 Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) Left: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=2, 2-4=-16, 10-28=-16, 10-18=18, 18-19=10, 2-27=-12, 18-29=-12, 25-30=2(F) Horz: 1-2=-14, 2-4=4, 4-10=4, 10-18=30, 18-19=22

Trapezoidal Loads (plf)

Vert: 4=-17(F=-1)-to-28=-22(F=-6), 27=-13(F=-1)-to-29=-18(F=-6), 4=1(F)-to-30=-4(F)

9) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) Right: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=10, 2-4=18, 10-28=18, 10-18=-16, 18-19=2, 2-27=-12, 18-29=-12, 25-30=2(F) Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-4=-30, 4-10=-30, 10-18=-4, 18-19=14

Trapezoidal Loads (plf)

- Vert: 4=17(F=-1)-to-28=12(F=-6), 27=-13(F=-1)-to-29=-18(F=-6), 4=1(F)-to-30=-4(F)
- Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) Left: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-31, 2-4=-39, 10-28=-39, 10-18=-5, 18-19=2, 2-27=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-30=-22(F) Horz: 1-2=11, 2-4=19, 4-10=19, 10-18=15, 18-19=22

Trapezoidal Loads (plf)

Vert: 4=-40(F=-1)-to-28=-45(F=-6), 27=-21(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-23(F)-to-30=-28(F)

11) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) Right: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=2, 2-4=-5, 10-28=-5, 10-18=-39, 18-19=-31, 2-27=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-30=-22(F) Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-4=-15, 4-10=-15, 10-18=-19, 18-19=-11

Trapezoidal Loads (plf)

Vert: 4=-6(F=-1)-to-28=-11(F=-6), 27=-21(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-23(F)-to-30=-28(F)

12) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 1st Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=33, 2-4=40, 10-28=40, 10-18=18, 18-19=10, 2-27=-12, 18-29=-12, 25-30=11(F) Horz: 1-2=-45, 2-4=-52, 4-10=-52, 10-18=30, 18-19=22

Trapezoidal Loads (plf)

Vert: 4=39(F=-1)-to-28=34(F=-6), 27=-13(F=-1)-to-29=-18(F=-6), 4=10(F)-to-30=5(F)

13) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 2nd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=10, 2-4=18, 10-28=18, 10-18=40, 18-19=33, 2-27=-12, 18-29=-12, 25-30=11(F) Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-4=-30, 4-10=-30, 10-18=52, 18-19=45

Trapezoidal Loads (plf)

Vert: 4=17(F=-1)-to-28=12(F=-6), 27=-13(F=-1)-to-29=-18(F=-6), 4=10(F)-to-30=5(F)

Continued on page 3

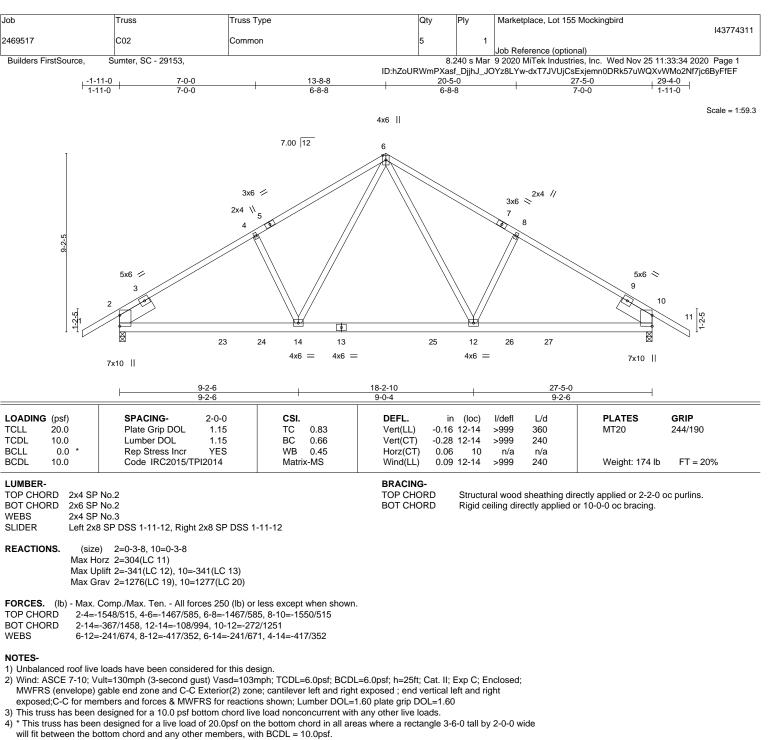
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent ouclapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Marketplace, Lot 155 Mockingbird			
2469517	C01	GABLE	1	1	<u>-</u>	143774310		
		GADL	'		Job Reference (optional)			
Builders FirstSource,	Sumter, SC - 29153,	1			9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:33:3 JOYz8LYw-hYLNupSTgF_DTLcPvoPG0ipG2jGruyr			
LOAD CASE(S) Stondor	-d			_ " _				
14) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS \		lel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase	e=1.60					
Uniform Loads (plf)	2 4 40 10 29 40 10 19 11		11(E)					
	5, 2-4=40, 10-26=40, 10-16=16 5, 2-4=-52, 4-10=-52, 10-18=	3, 18-19=10, 2-27=-12, 18-29=-12, 25-30= 30, 18-19=22	· I I (F)					
Trapezoidal Loads (pl	,	E 1) to 20 18/E 6) 4 10/E) to 20 5/E	-)					
Vert: 4=39(F=-1)-to-28=34(F=-6), 27=-13(F=-1)-to-29=-18(F=-6), 4=10(F)-to-30=5(F) 15) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 4th Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60								
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=10, 2-4=18, 10-28=18, 10-18=40, 18-19=33, 2-27=-12, 18-29=-12, 25-30=11(F)								
	2, 2-4=-30, 4-10=-30, 10-18=							
Trapezoidal Loads (pl		F=-1)-to-29=-18(F=-6), 4=10(F)-to-30=5(F	5)					
		lel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase						
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=25	2-4-17 10-28-17 10-185	, 18-19=2, 2-27=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-30=-1	18(F)					
Horz: 1-2=-4	5, 2-4=-37, 4-10=-37, 10-18=							
Trapezoidal Loads (pl Vert: 4=16(F;	,	F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-19(F)-to-30=-24	4(F)					
17) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS \		Illel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increas						
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=2.2	2-4=-5, 10-28=-5, 10-18=17,	18-19=25, 2-27=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-30=-1	8(F)					
Horz: 1-2=-22	2, 2-4=-15, 4-10=-15, 10-18=							
Trapezoidal Loads (pl Vert: 4=-6(F=		F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-19(F)-to-30=-2	4(F)					
18) Dead: Lumber Increas	se=0.90, Plate Increase=0.90		. ,					
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-4=-20), 10-28=-20, 10-19=-20, 2-27	′=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-30=-15(F)						
Trapezoidal Loads (pl	,	I(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-16(F)-to-30=-	21(E)					
		i(r = -7)(r = -20(r = -0), 4 = -70(r) - 10 - 30 = -70(r) - 70(r) - 30 = -70(r) - 70(r) - 70		se=1.60				
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-58	2-4=-64 10-28=-64 10-18=	39, 18-19=-33, 2-27=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-	-30=-32(F)					
Horz: 1-2=8,	2-4=14, 4-10=14, 10-18=11,		00-02(1)					
Trapezoidal Loads (pl Vert: 4=-65(F	,	(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6)	38(F)					
Vert: 4=-65(F=-1)-to-28=-70(F=-6), 27=-21(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-33(F)-to-30=-38(F) 20) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Right): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60								
u /	Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-33, 2-4=-39, 10-28=-39, 10-18=-64, 18-19=-58, 2-27=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-30=-32(F)							
Horz: 1-2=-1	7, 2-4=-11, 4-10=-11, 10-18=		()					
Trapezoidal Loads (pl Vert: 4=-40(F	,	(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-33(F)-to-30=-	38(F)					
2	e (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS V	/ind (Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber Increa	ase=1.60, Plate	Increase=	:1.60			
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-17, 2-4=-22, 10-28=-22, 10-18=-39, 18-19=-33, 2-27=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-30=-28(F)								
Horz: 1-2=-3 Trapezoidal Loads (pl	3, 2-4=-28, 4-10=-28, 10-18=	11, 18-19=17						
Vert: 4=-23(F		(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-29(F)-to-30=-						
22) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live Uniform Loads (plf)	e (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS V	/ind (Neg. Int) 2nd Parallel): Lumber Incre	ase=1.60, Plat	e Increase=	=1.60			
Vert: 1-2=-33		-22, 18-19=-17, 2-27=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-	-30=-28(F)					
Horz: 1-2=-1 Trapezoidal Loads (pl	7, 2-4=-11, 4-10=-11, 10-18= lf)	28, 18-19=33						
Vert: 4=-40(F		(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-29(F)-to-30=-	34(F)					
23) 1st Dead + Roof Live Uniform Loads (plf)	(unbalanced): Lumber Increa	se=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15						
Vert: 1-4=-60 Trapezoidal Loads (pl		2=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-30=-30(F)						
	,	I(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-31(F)-to-30=-	36(F)					
24) 2nd Dead + Roof Live Uniform Loads (plf)	e (unbalanced): Lumber Incre	ase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15						
Vert: 1-4=-20		′=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-30=-30(F)						
Trapezoidal Loads (pl Vert: 4=-21(F	,	I(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-31(F)-to-30=-	36(F)					
25) 3rd Dead + 0.75 Roof		ncrease=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15	()					
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-4=-50), 10-28=-50, 10-19=-20, 2-27	′=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-30=-26(F)						
Trapezoidal Loads (pl		1/E1)_to_2026/E6_/_ 27/E\ to 20	32(F)					
		I(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-27(F)-to-30=- ncrease=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15	32(F)					
Uniform Loads (plf)	10-2820 10-1050 2 27	′=-20, 18-29=-20, 25-30=-26(F)						
Trapezoidal Loads (pl	lf)							
Vert: 4=-21(F	F=-1)-to-28=-26(F=-6), 27=-2	I(F=-1)-to-29=-26(F=-6), 4=-27(F)-to-30=-	32(F)					

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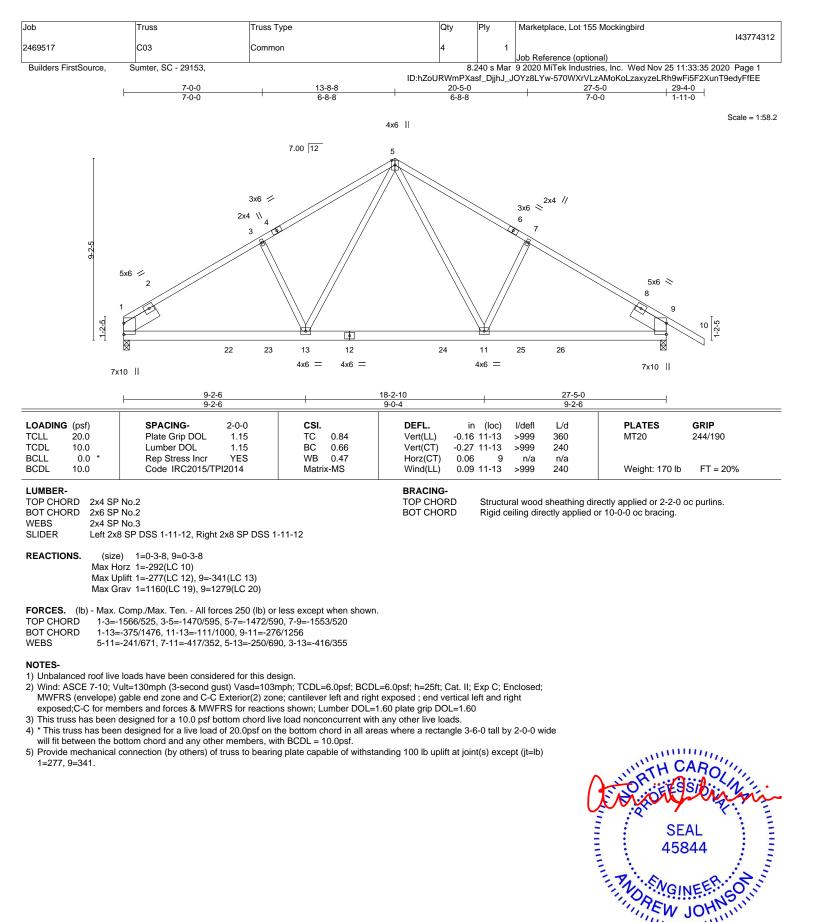


5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=341, 10=341.



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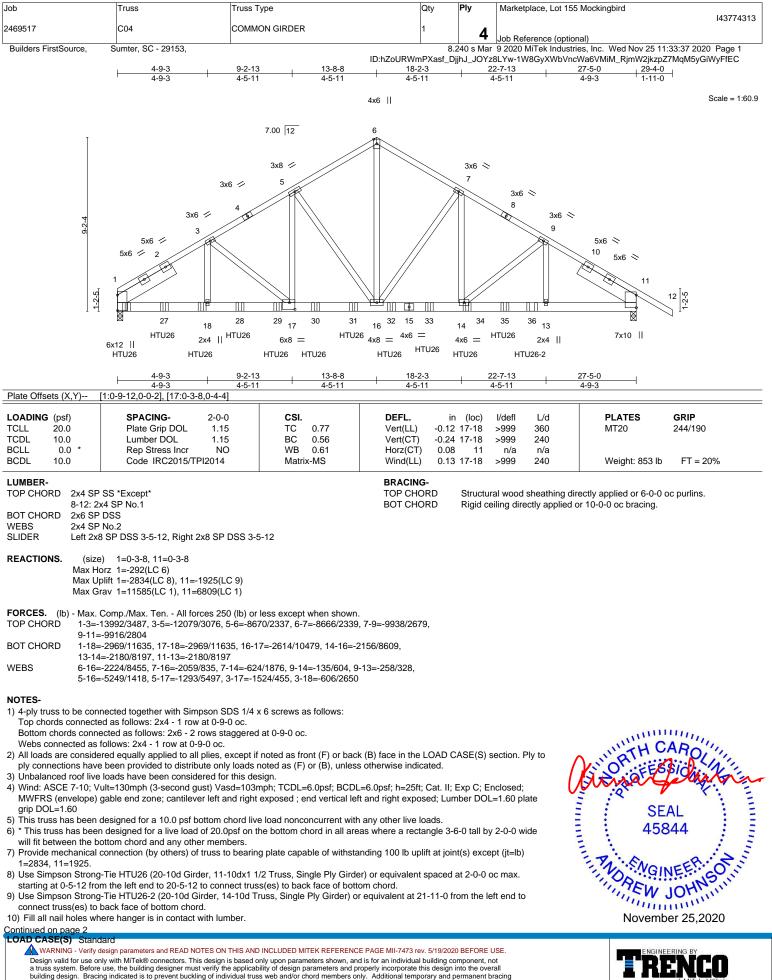




November 25,2020

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basing value to day only which take contractions. This design is based only door patients shown, and is to an individual automatic component, not a truss systems. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent oblagse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, retection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSUTPI1** Quality **Criteria**, **DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Marketplace, Lot 155 Mockingbird
					143774313
2469517	C04	COMMON GIRDER	1	Λ	
					Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource, S	umter, SC - 29153,		8.2	240 s Mar	9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:33:37 2020 Page 2
		ID:hZoURWm	nPXasf_Dj	jhJ_JOYz8	3LYw-1W8GyXWbVncWa6VMiM_RjmW2jkzpZ7MqM5yGiWyFfEC

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

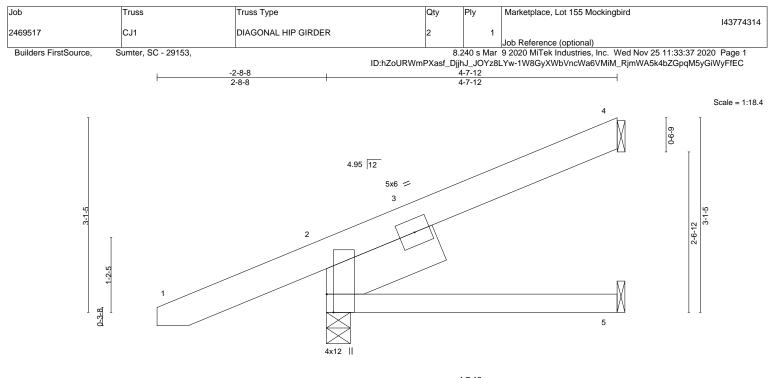
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-6=-60, 6-12=-60, 19-23=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 18=-1740(B) 21=-1745(B) 27=-1740(B) 28=-1740(B) 29=-1740(B) 30=-1630(B) 31=-1770(B) 32=-723(B) 33=-695(B) 34=-701(B) 35=-726(B) 36=-1136(B) 36=-

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			<u>4-7-12</u> 4-7-12	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-8,Edge]			
LOADING (psf)		0-0 CSI .	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1	.15 TC 0.23	Vert(LL) 0.02 5-8 >999 240	MT20 244/190

LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrNOCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.23 BC 0.12 WB 0.00 Matrix-MP	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d Vert(LL) 0.02 5-8 >999 240 Vert(CT) -0.02 5-8 >999 240 Horz(CT) -0.01 2 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 32 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-	

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 SLIDER Left 2x8 SP DSS 1-11-12 TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-7-12 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 4=Mechanical, 2=0-4-9, 5=Mechanical

Max Horz 2=174(LC 16) Max Uplift 4=-99(LC 16), 2=-184(LC 16)

Max Grav 4=75(LC 1), 2=258(LC 1), 5=62(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-4=-266/192

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4 except (jt=lb) 2 = 184
- 6) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- 1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
 - Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-60

Trapezoidal Loads (plf)

Vert: 2=0(F=30, B=30)-to-4=-70(F=-5, B=-5), 6=0(F=10, B=10)-to-5=-23(F=-2, B=-2)



🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid to use only design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED WITH REPORT PAGE MIT 475 169, 2020 DEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITeK connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general quidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component
 Satisfies
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 Safety Information
 available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



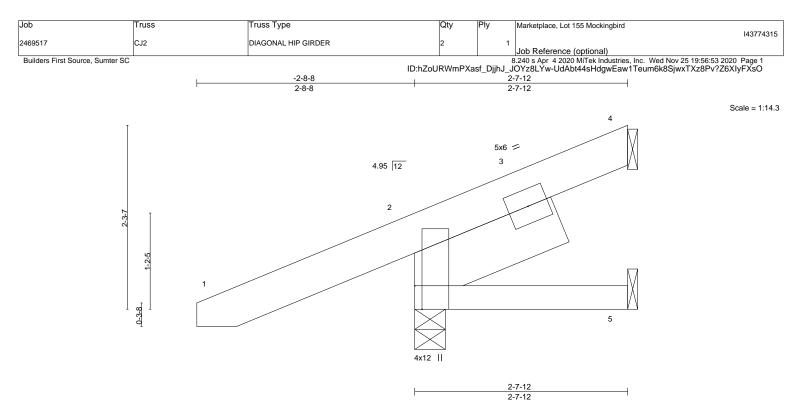


Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-8,Edge]	0-3-8,Edge]							
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d PLATES GRIP Vert(LL) -0.00 8 >999 360 MT20 244/190						
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.23							
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.03	Vert(CT) -0.00 8 >999 240						
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.00	Horz(CT) 0.00 2 n/a n/a						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP	Wind(LL) -0.00 8 >999 240 Weight: 24 lb FT = 20%						

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

 TOP CHORD
 2x6 SP No.2

 BOT CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2

 SLIDER
 Left 2x8 SP DSS 1-11-12

REACTIONS. (size) 4=Mechanical, 2=0-4-9, 5=Mechanical

Max Horz 2=101(LC 12) Max Uplift 4=-40(LC 12), 2=-151(LC 8)

Max Grav 4=21(LC 3), 2=321(LC 1), 5=33(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) All bearings are assumed to be User Defined crushing capacity of 565 psi.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 40 lb uplift at joint 4 and 151 lb uplift at joint 2.

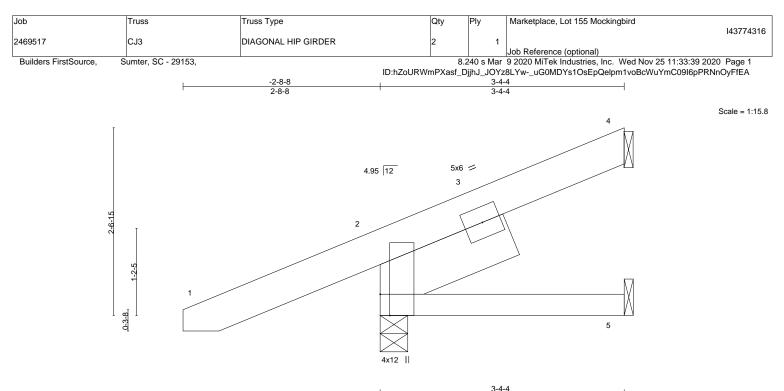


Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-7-12 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





					3-4-			
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-3-8,Edge]								
LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC 0.21	Vert(LL)	-0.00 5-8	>999 360	MT20	244/190

LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 PCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO	CSI. TC 0.21 BC 0.05 WB 0.00	DEFL. in Vert(LL) -0.00 Vert(CT) -0.00 Horz(CT) -0.00 Wind(LL) 0.00	(loc) 5-8 5-8 2	l/defl L/d >999 360 >999 240 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP	Wind(LL) -0.00	5-8	>999 240	Weight: 27 lb FT = 20%
			BBACING			

LUMBER-

 TOP CHORD
 2x6 SP No.2

 BOT CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2

 SLIDER
 Left 2x8 SP DSS 1-11-12

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-4-4 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 4=Mechanical, 2=0-4-9, 5=Mechanical

Max Horz 2=130(LC 12) Max Uplift 4=-80(LC 12), 2=-137(LC 12)

Max Grav 4=20(LC 4), 2=240(LC 1), 5=36(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4 except (jt=lb) 2=137.
- 6) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

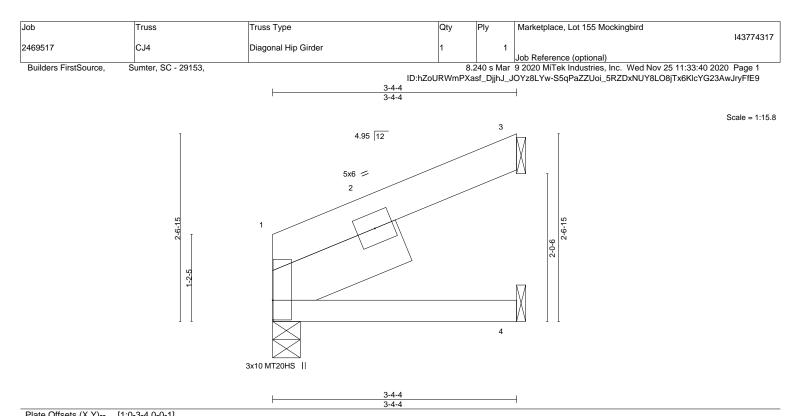
- 1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)
- Vert: 1-2=-60
- Trapezoidal Loads (plf)

Vert: 2=0(F=30, B=30)-to-4=-50(F=5, B=5), 6=0(F=10, B=10)-to-5=-17(F=2, B=2)



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	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.09	Vert(LL)	0.01	4-7	>999	240	MT20	244/190
CDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.06	Vert(CT)	-0.00	4-7	>999	240	MT20HS	187/143
CLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	-0.00	1	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/T	PI2014	Matri	x-MP						Weight: 20 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 SLIDER

Left 2x8 SP DSS 1-11-12

REACTIONS.

(size) 1=0-4-9, 3=Mechanical, 4=Mechanical Max Horz 1=85(LC 12)

Max Uplift 1=-58(LC 12), 3=-96(LC 12)

Max Grav 1=51(LC 3), 3=56(LC 1), 4=38(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide

will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

7) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Trapezoidal Loads (plf)

Vert: 1=0(F=30, B=30)-to-3=-50(F=5, B=5), 5=0(F=10, B=10)-to-4=-17(F=2, B=2)

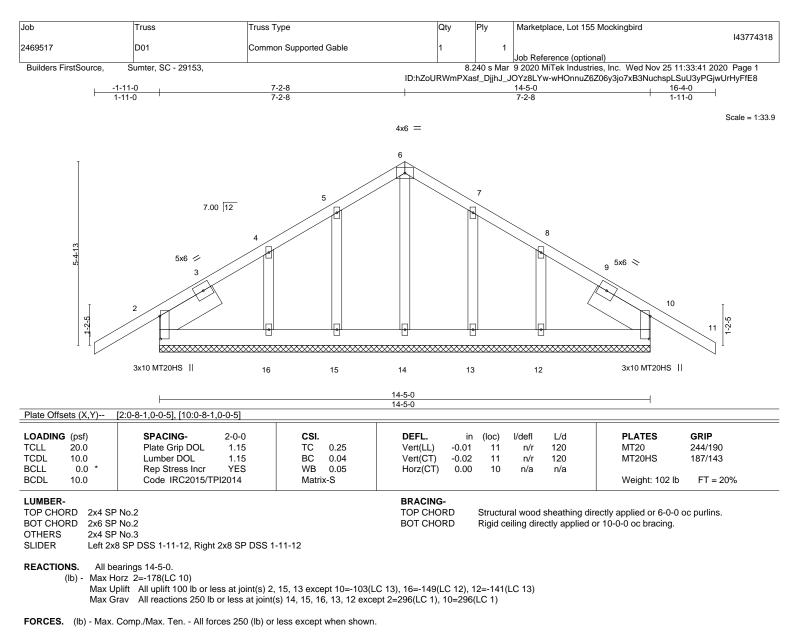


Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-4-4 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

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NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

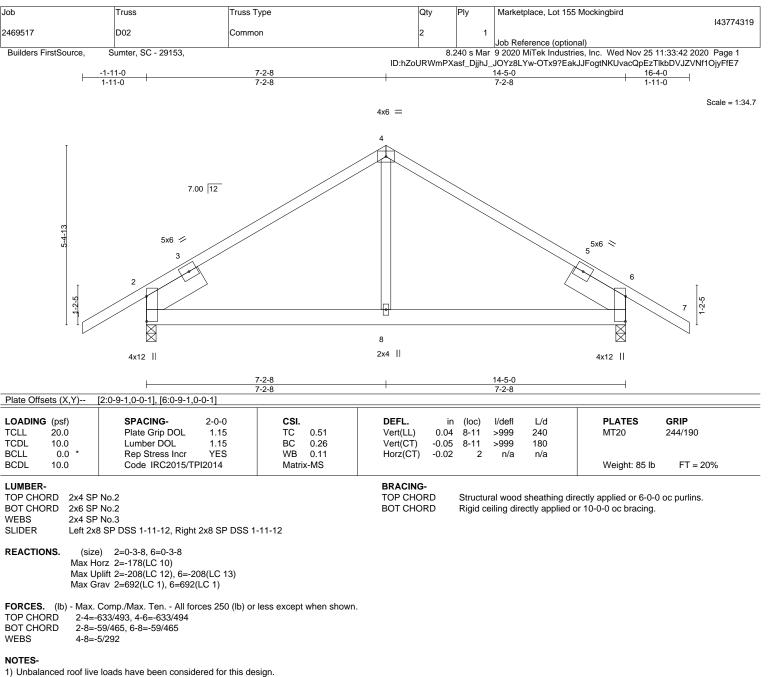
9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 15, 13 except (jt=lb) 10=103, 16=149, 12=141.



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818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

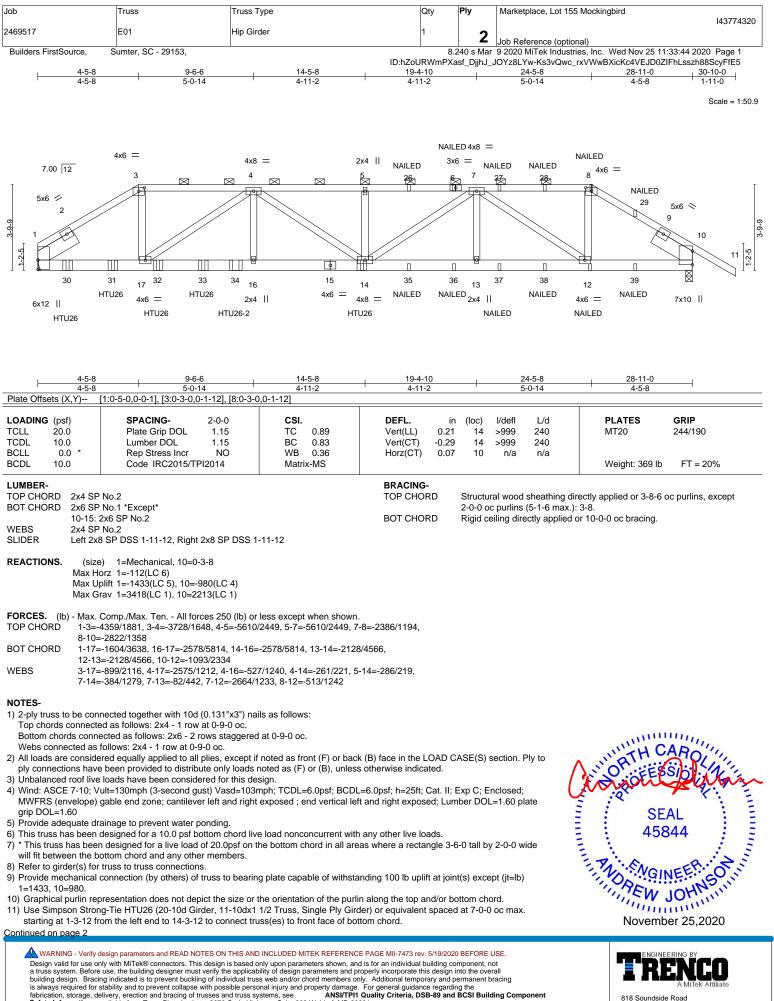
4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=208, 6=208.



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Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Marketplace, Lot 155 Mockingbird
					143774320
2469517	E01	Hip Girder	1	2	
				_	Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource,	Sumter, SC - 29153,		8.	240 s Mar	9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:33:44 2020 Page 2
		ID:hZo	JRWmPX	asf_DjjhJ_	IOYz8LYw-Ks3vQwc_rxVWwBXicKc4VEJD0ZIFhLsszh88ScyFfE5

NOTES-

12) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26-2 (20-10d Girder, 14-10d Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent at 8-9-0 from the left end to connect truss(es) to front face of bottom chord.

Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.
 "NAILED" indicates 3-10d Nails (0.148" x 3") toe-nails per NDS guidelines.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

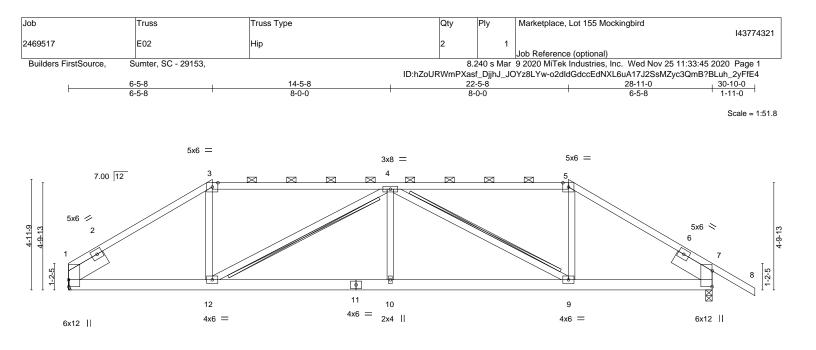
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-8=-60, 8-11=-60, 18-22=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 6=-37(F) 8=-37(F) 14=-385(F) 12=-23(F) 26=-37(F) 27=-37(F) 28=-37(F) 30=-460(F) 31=-416(F) 32=-419(F) 33=-425(F) 34=-733(F) 35=-23(F) 36=-23(F) 37=-23(F) 38=-23(F) 38=-23(F) 39=-62(F)

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I	6-5-8	14-5-8		2-5-8	28-11-0	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	6-5-8 [1:0-3-12,0-0-1], [7:0-8-9,0-0-1]	8-0-0	<u> </u>	3-0-0	6-5-8	
OADING (psf) "CLL 20.0 "CDL 10.0 SCLL 0.0 * 3GCDL	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.97 BC 0.85 WB 0.49 Matrix-MS	Vert(LL) -0.10 Vert(CT) -0.23 Horz(CT) 0.0		PLATES MT20 Weight: 174 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
	2 No.2 2 No.3 8 SP DSS 1-11-12, Right 2x8 SP DSS	1-11-12	BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	2-0-0 oc purlins (2-2-0 m Rigid ceiling directly app T-Brace: Fasten (2X) T and I bra	lied or 9-6-13 oc bracing. 2x4 SPF No.2 - 4-12, 4 ces to narrow edge of web .,with 3in minimum end dist	-9 with 10d
Max H Max U	e) 1=Mechanical, 7=0-3-8 orz 1=-148(LC 8) plift 1=-226(LC 9), 7=-267(LC 13) rav 1=1153(LC 1), 7=1275(LC 1)					
OP CHORD 1-3=- OT CHORD 1-12=	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) (1573/584, 3-4=-1278/562, 4-5=-1259/ -357/1290, 10-12=-592/2001, 9-10=-5 -51/473, 4-12=-902/397, 4-10=0/386,	55, 5-7=-1553/576 92/2001, 7-9=-328/1271				
) Wind: ASCE 7-10; V MWFRS (envelope) exposed;C-C for me	e loads have been considered for this c 'ult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=10 gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zr mbers and forces & MWFRS for reacti rainage to prevent water ponding.	3mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL= one; cantilever left and right e	exposed ; end vertical	left and right		

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=226, 7=267.

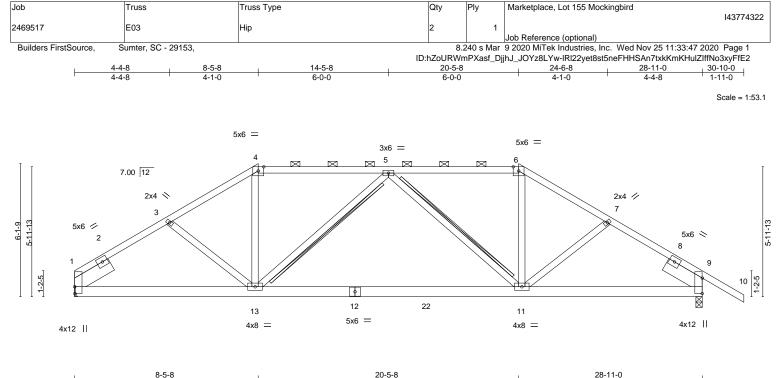
8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

9) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.



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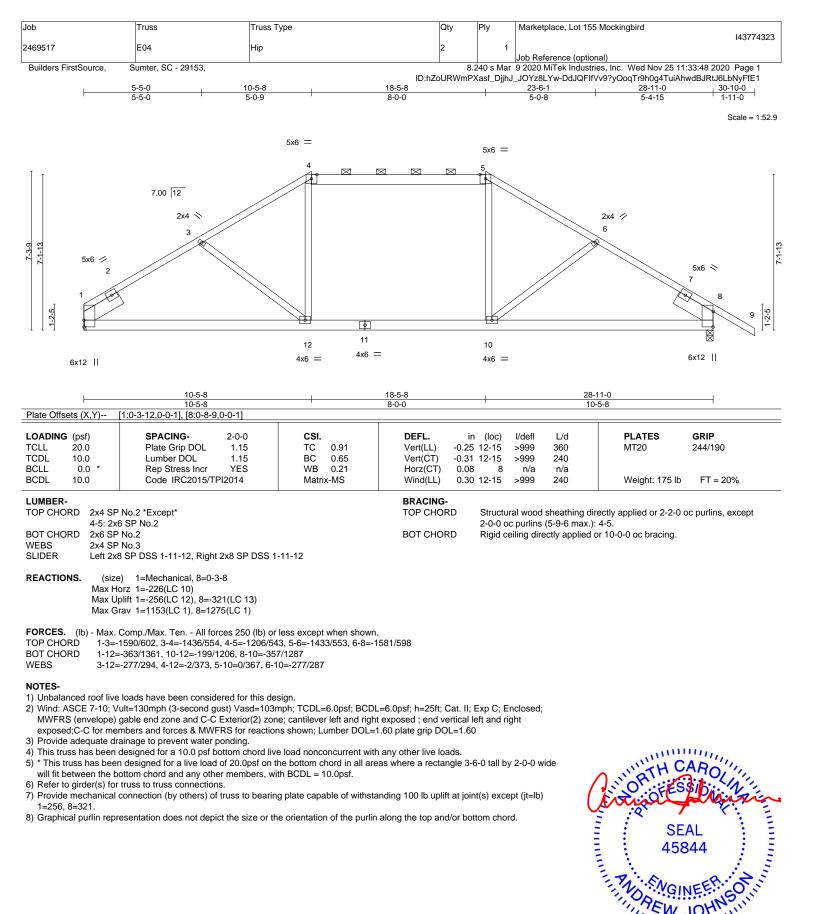
L	8-5-8		20-5-8			28-11-0	
I	8-5-8		12-0-0	I		8-5-8	1
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[1:0-3-12,0-0-1], [9:0-8-9,0-0-1]						
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.89 BC 0.74 WB 0.17 Matrix-MS	Vert(LL) -0.21 Vert(CT) -0.44 Horz(CT) 0.07	(loc) l/defl 11-13 >999 11-13 >787 9 n/a 11-13 >999	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 185 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
	No.2 No.3 8 SP DSS 1-11-12, Right 2x8 SP DSS 1	-11-12	BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	2-0-0 oc purlins Rigid ceiling dir T-Brace: Fasten (2X) T a	(4-9-4 max.): ectly applied o 2 and I braces to s, 6in o.c.,with	or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 2x4 SPF No.2 - 5-13, 5- o narrow edge of web v n 3in minimum end dist	11 vith 10d
Max H Max U Max G FORCES. (Ib) - Max.	 a) 1=Mechanical, 9=0-3-8 b) 1=-187(LC 10) plift 1=-231(LC 12), 9=-296(LC 13) rav 1=1153(LC 1), 9=1275(LC 1) Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or 1595/592, 3-4=-1480/564, 4-5=-1251/53 		6 /558,				
BOT CHORD 1-13=	1576/584 =-368/1289, 11-13=-409/1475, 9-11=-35 =-84/448, 5-13=-381/300, 5-11=-391/300						
 Wind: ASCE 7-10; V MWFRS (envelope) exposed;C-C for me Provide adequate dr This truss has been * This truss has bee will fit between the b Refer to girder(s) for 	e loads have been considered for this de fult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103r gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zor mbers and forces & MWFRS for reaction ainage to prevent water ponding. designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord liv n designed for a live load of 20.0psf on t ottom chord and any other members, wi truss to truss connections. connection (by others) of truss to bearin	nph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6 e; cantilever left and right e: is shown; Lumber DOL=1.6 e load nonconcurrent with a he bottom chord in all areas th BCDL = 10.0psf.	xposed ; end vertical l 0 plate grip DOL=1.60 ny other live loads. where a rectangle 3-6	eft and right) 6-0 tall by 2-0-0 v	vide	AND RTH C	AROLIN

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

9) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.

SEAL 45844 November 25,2020

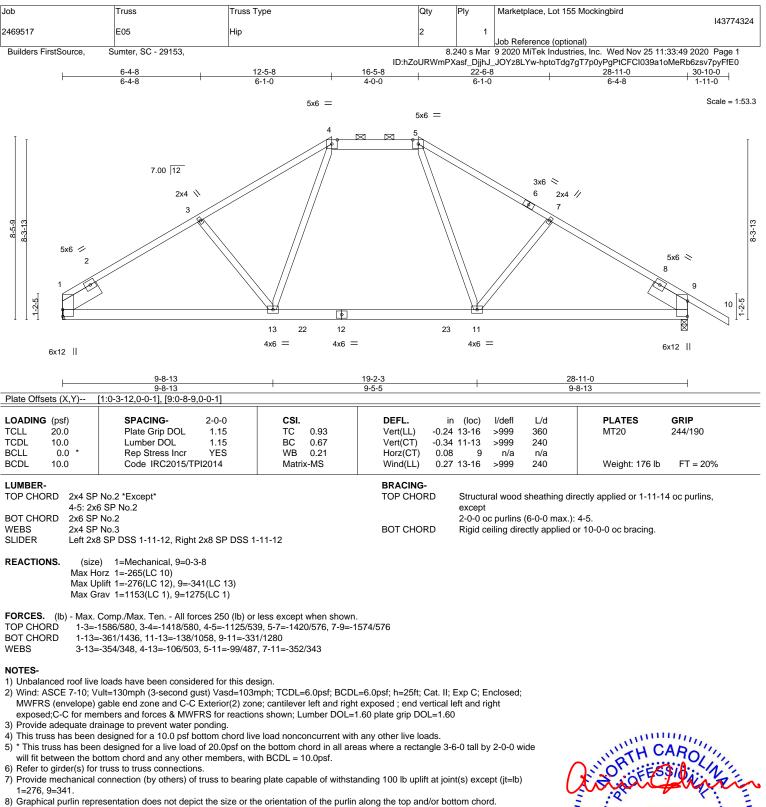
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANS/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and property incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSITTPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601 TRENGINEERING BY A MITEK Affiliate

November 25,2020

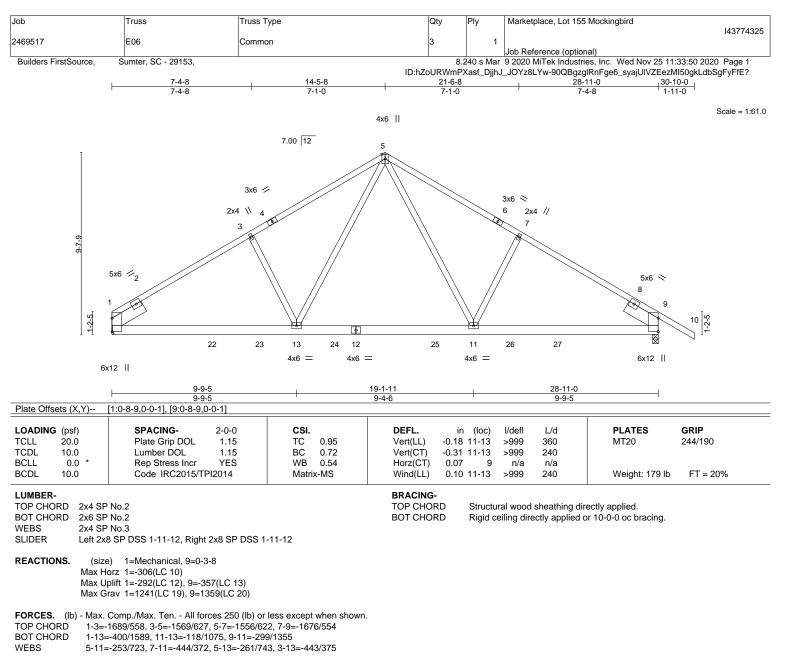
818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932





WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building designe. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSIVTPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

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NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

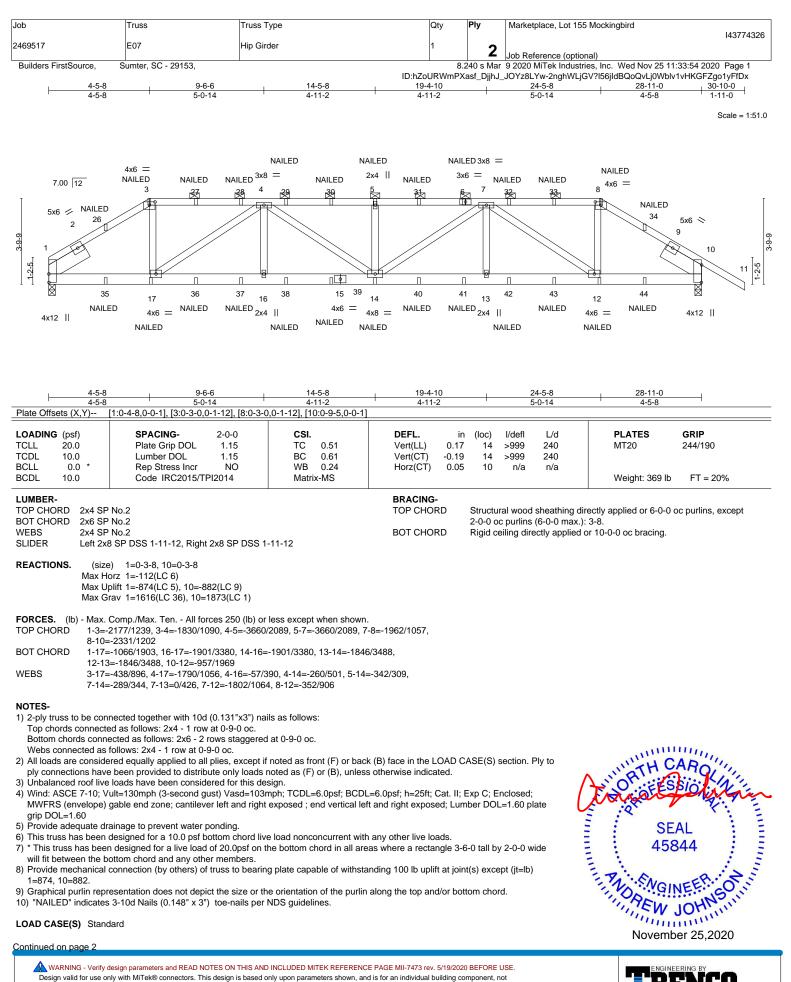
5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=292, 9=357.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building designe. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSIVTPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





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818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Marketplace, Lot 155 Mockingbird
					143774326
2469517	E07	Hip Girder	1	2	
				Z	Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource,	Sumter, SC - 29153,		8.	240 s Mar	9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:33:54 2020 Page 2

8.240 s Mar 9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:33:54 2020 Page 2 ID:hZoURWmPXasf_DjjhJ_JOYz8LYw-2nghWLjGV?I56jldBQoQvLj0Wblv1vHKGFZgo1yFfDx

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

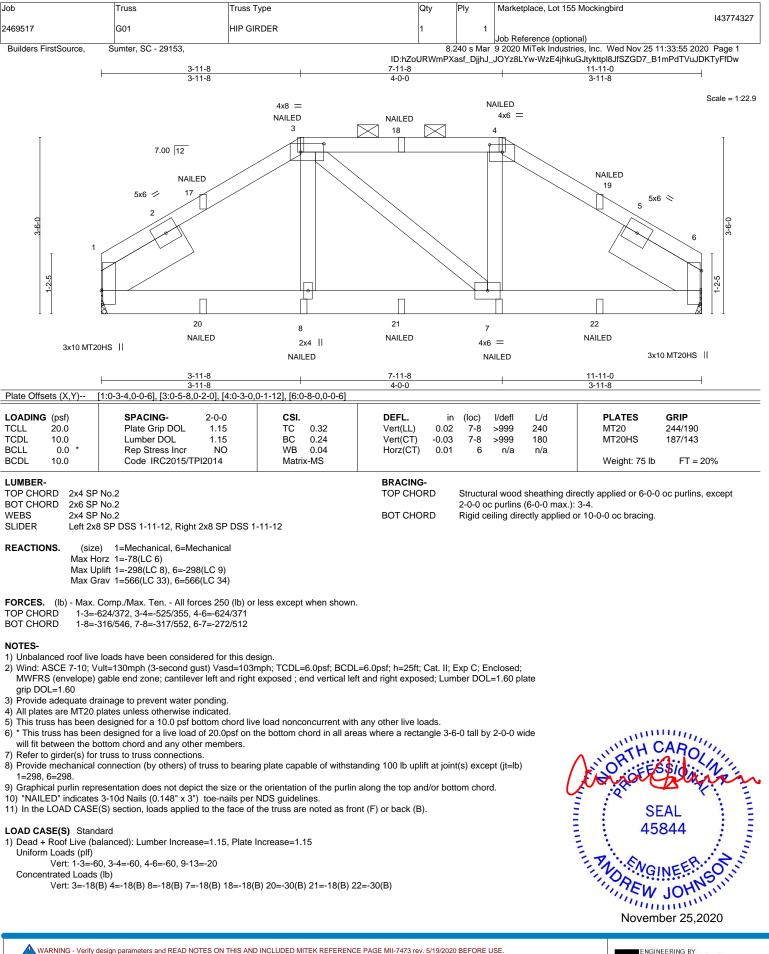
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-8=-60, 8-11=-60, 18-22=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 3=-37(B) 6=-37(B) 8=-92(B) 17=-23(B) 14=-23(B) 5=-37(B) 12=-55(B) 27=-37(B) 28=-37(B) 29=-37(B) 30=-37(B) 31=-37(B) 32=-92(B) 33=-92(B) 35=-62(B) 36=-23(B) 37=-23(B) 38=-23(B) 39=-23(B) 40=-23(B) 41=-23(B) 42=-55(B) 43=-55(B) 44=-62(B)

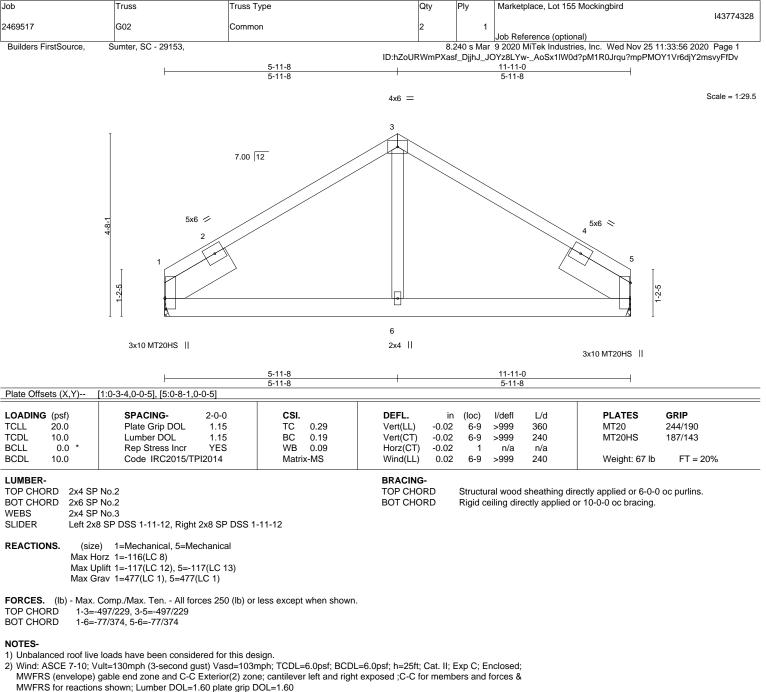
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





Design valid for use only with MITeKe connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss we band/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSUTPH Quality Criteria**, **DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



3) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=117, 5=117.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building designe. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSIVTPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



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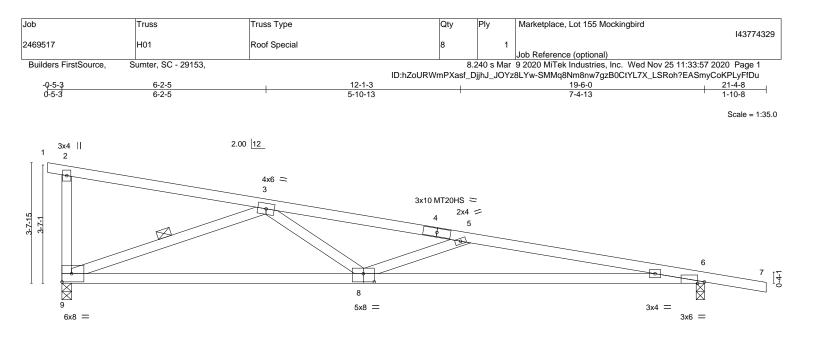


Plate Offsets (X,Y)	9-1-12 9-1-12 [6:0-2-8,Edge], [8:0-4-0,0-3-0]		19-6-0 10-4-4					
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.78 BC 0.91 WB 0.53 Matrix-MS	DEFL. in Vert(LL) 0.59 Vert(CT) -0.46 Horz(CT) 0.05	8-12 >395 240 8-12 >508 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 MT20HS 187/143 Weight: 86 lb FT = 20%			
4-7: 2x BOT CHORD 2x4 SF 6-8: 2x WEBS 2x4 SF	 P No.2 *Except* 4 SP No.1 P No.2 *Except* 4 SP No.1 P No.3 *Except* 4 SP No.2 		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied of	ectly applied or 2-11-4 oc purlins, or 2-2-0 oc bracing. -9			
Max H Max U	e) 9=0-3-8, 6=0-3-0 lorz 9=-194(LC 9) plift 9=-344(LC 8), 6=-370(LC 9) rav 9=804(LC 1), 6=892(LC 1)							
TOP CHORD 3-5= BOT CHORD 8-9=	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or -2170/2746, 5-6=-2906/3371 -1541/1465, 6-8=-3277/2853 -1510/1787, 3-8=-1318/893, 5-8=-794/73	·						
NOTES-								

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical right exposed; porch left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 9=344, 6=370.



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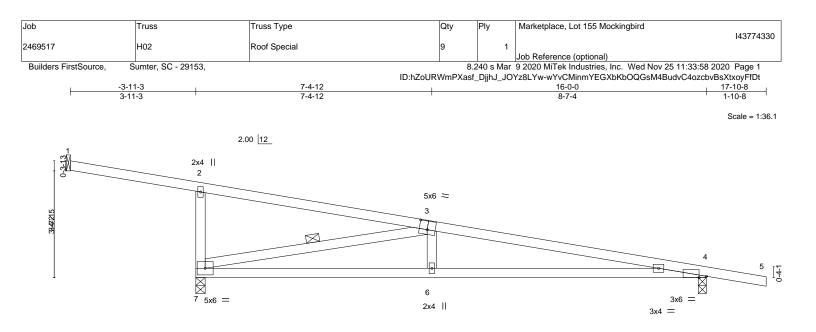


Plate Offsets (X,Y)	-3-9-11 3-9-11 [3:0-3-0,0-3-4], [4:0-2-12,Edge]	7-4-12 7-4-12		16-0-0 8-7-4	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.80 BC 0.75 WB 0.60 Matrix-MS	DEFL. in Vert(LL) -0.18 Vert(CT) -0.40 Horz(CT) 0.06 Wind(LL) 0.24	6-10 >478 240 1 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 73 lb FT = 20%
			BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	Structural wood sheathing directory and verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied o 1 Row at midpt 3-	
Max H Max U Max G	e) 7=0-3-8, 1=Mechanical, 4=0-3-0 orz 7=-194(LC 9) plift 7=-355(LC 13), 1=-51(LC 13), 4=-3 rav 7=813(LC 1), 1=69(LC 1), 4=740(LC Comp (Max Ten - All forces 250 (Ib) or	C 1)			

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-7=-374/302, 3-4=-1902/684

BOT CHORD 6-7=-610/1838, 4-6=-605/1855

WEBS 3-7=-1854/837, 3-6=0/356

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical right exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

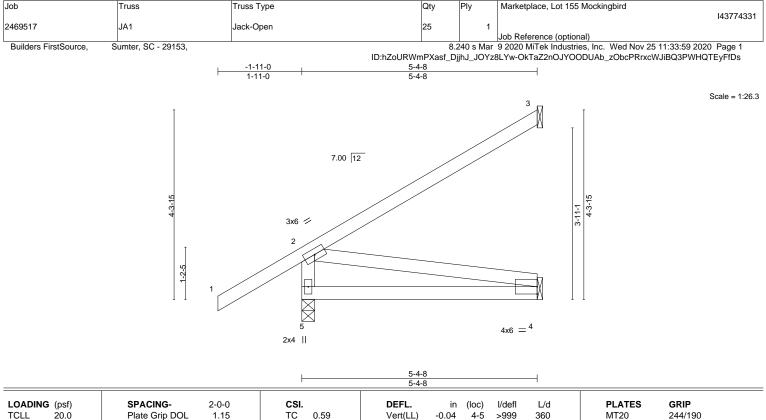
4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 7=355, 4=311.



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LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.59 BC 0.34 WB 0.12 Matrix-MP	DEFL. Vert(LL) -0.0 Vert(CT) -0.0 Horz(CT) -0.0 Wind(LL) 0.0	9 4-5 0 3	l/defl >999 >700 n/a	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 30 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-				

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* WEBS 2-4: 2x4 SP No.3

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-4-8 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 5=0-3-8, 3=Mechanical, 4=Mechanical Max Horz 5=194(LC 12)

Max Uplift 5=-76(LC 12), 3=-130(LC 12), 4=-6(LC 12) Max Grav 5=356(LC 1), 3=153(LC 19), 4=105(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-5=-303/207

BOT CHORD 4-5=-258/204

WFBS 2-4=-207/263

NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

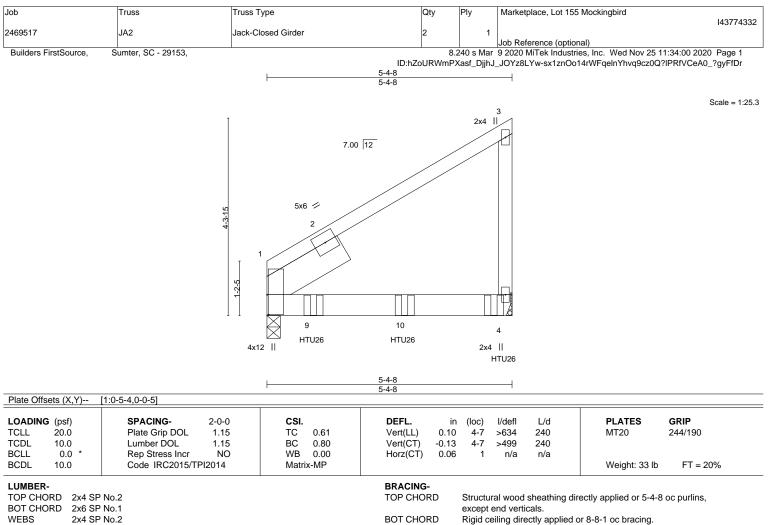
Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 4 except (jt=lb) 3=130.



🛦 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid to use only design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED WITH REPORT PAGE MIT 475 169, 2020 DEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITeK connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general quidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component
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WEBS 2x4 SP No.2 Left 2x8 SP DSS 1-11-12 SLIDER

(size) 1=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical Max Horz 1=159(LC 8)

Max Uplift 1=-307(LC 8), 4=-404(LC 8) Max Grav 1=838(LC 1), 4=1043(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-3=-709/444

NOTES-

REACTIONS.

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=307. 4=404.

6) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26 (20-10d Girder, 11-10dx1 1/2 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-2-8 oc max. starting at 1-0-4 from the left end to 5-2-12 to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.

7) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

8) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 4-5=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 4=-465(B) 9=-542(B) 10=-457(B)





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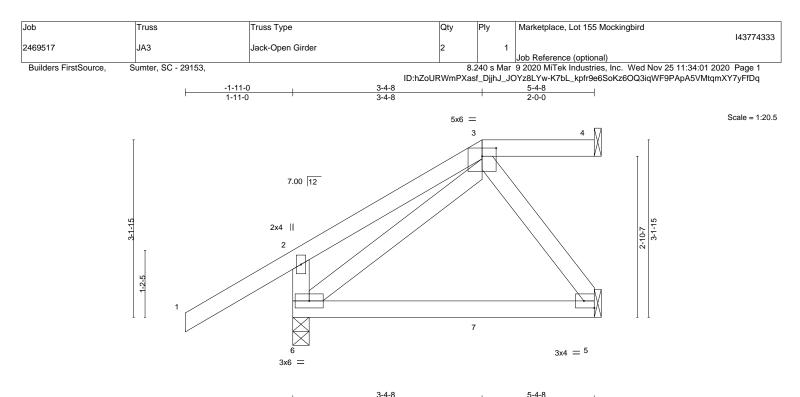


Plate Offsets (X,Y) [3:0-3-0,0-1-12], [5:Edge,0-1-8]			3-4-8		1	2-0-0)	1	
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC	0.35	Vert(LL)	-0.06	5-6	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC	0.47	Vert(CT)	-0.11	5-6	>578	240		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB	0.08	Horz(CT)	-0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matr	ix-MP	Wind(LL)	0.03	5-6	>999	240	Weight: 32 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-		BRACING-	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-4-8 oc purlins,
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2		except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins: 3-4.
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3 *Except*	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
	2-6: 2x4 SP No.2		

REACTIONS. (size) 6=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical, 5=Mechanical Max Horz 6=136(LC 8) Max Uplift 6=-174(LC 8), 4=-39(LC 4), 5=-154(LC 8) Max Grav 6=376(LC 33), 4=58(LC 1), 5=186(LC 33)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-6=-286/220

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4 except (jt=lb) 6=174, 5=154.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
 9) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 193 lb down and 217 lb up at 3-4-8 on top chord, and 60 lb down and 42 lb up at 3-4-8 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-3=-60, 3-4=-60, 5-6=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 3=-1(F) 7=-12(F)



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818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

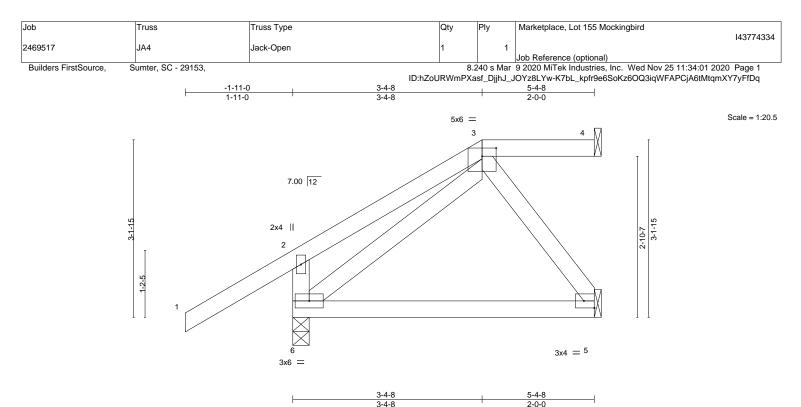


Plate Offsets (X,	r) [3:0-3-0,0-1-12], [5:Edge,0-1-8]					
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in	(loc)	l/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.35	Vert(LL) -0.04	5-6	>999 360	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.35	Vert(CT) -0.09	5-6	>700 240	
BCLL 0.0	* Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.06	Horz(CT) -0.00	4	n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP	Wind(LL) 0.00	6	**** 240	Weight: 32 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-		BRACING-	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-4-8 oc purlins,
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2		except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins: 3-4.
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3 *Except*	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
	2-6: 2x4 SP No.2		

REACTIONS. (size) 6=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical, 5=Mechanical Max Horz 6=136(LC 12) Max Uplift 6=-107(LC 12), 4=-39(LC 8), 5=-45(LC 12) Max Grav 6=357(LC 1), 4=58(LC 1), 5=128(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-6=-335/367

NOTES-

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

 Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 5 except (jt=lb) 6=107.

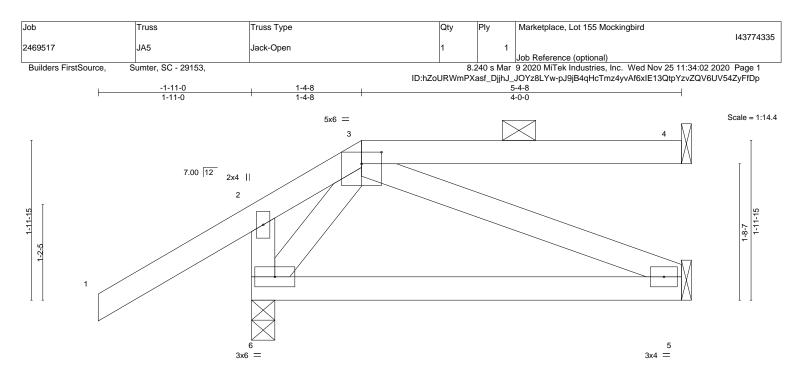
8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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¹⁾ Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



	1-4-8	5-4-8	I
	1-4-8	4-0-0	
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [3:0-3-0,0-1-12]			

TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	BC 0.35 WB 0.04 Matrix-MP	Vert(CT) -0.09 Horz(CT) -0.00 Wind(LL) 0.00		00 240 n/a n/a *** 240	Weight: 30 lb FT = 20%
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.35	DEFL. in Vert(LL) -0.04	(loc) l/de 5-6 >99		PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190

LUMBER-		BRACING-	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-4-8 oc purlins,
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2		except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins: 3-4.
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3 *Except*	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
	2-6: 2x4 SP No.2		· · · · ·

REACTIONS. (size) 6=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical, 5=Mechanical Max Horz 6=75(LC 9) Max Uplift 6=-107(LC 12), 4=-79(LC 8) Max Grav 6=356(LC 1), 4=118(LC 1), 5=109(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-6=-331/410

NOTES-

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -1-11-0 to 5-3-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

 Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4 except (jt=lb) 6=107.

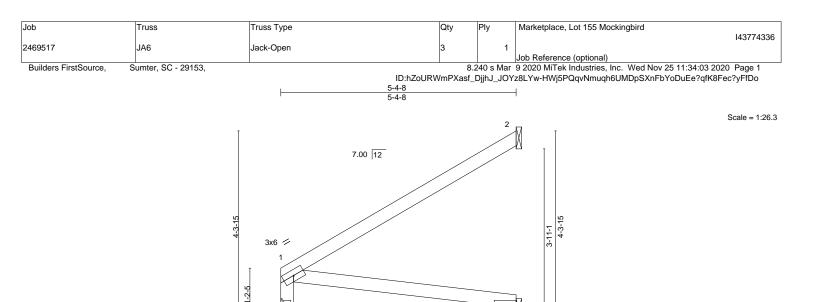
8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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¹⁾ Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



4 2x4 ||

5-4-

5-4	·8	
E 4	0	

 $4x6 = {}^{3}$

LOADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.53	Vert(LL)	-0.04	3-4	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.34	Vert(CT)	-0.09	3-4	>700	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.09	Horz(CT)	-0.00	2	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/T	PI2014	Matri	x-MP	Wind(LL)	0.00	4	****	240	Weight: 26 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

 TOP CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2

 BOT CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2

 WEBS
 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

 1-3: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-4-8 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 4=Mechanical, 2=Mechanical, 3=Mechanical

Max Horz 4=140(LC 12) Max Uplift 2=-150(LC 12)

Max Grav 4=207(LC 1), 2=178(LC 19), 3=105(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

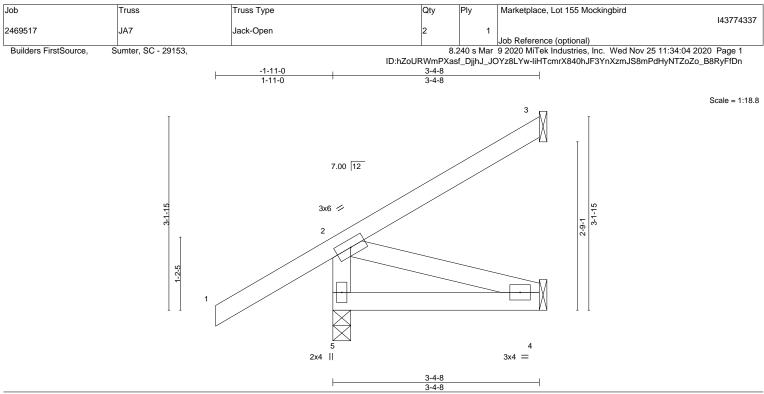
5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

 Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=150.



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LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-	0 CSI .		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.1	5 TC	0.35	Vert(LL)	-0.01	4-5	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.1	5 BC	0.12	Vert(CT)	-0.01	4-5	>999	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YE	S WB	0.06	Horz(CT)	-0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	A Matrix	-MP	Wind(LL)	0.00	5	****	240	Weight: 20 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

 TOP CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2

 BOT CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2

 WEBS
 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

 2-4: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-4-8 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 5=0-3-8, 3=Mechanical, 4=Mechanical Max Horz 5=133(LC 12) Max Upliff 5=-73(I C 12) 3=-60(I C 12) 4=-23(I C

Max Uplift 5=-73(LC 12), 3=-60(LC 12), 4=-23(LC 12) Max Grav 5=291(LC 1), 3=68(LC 19), 4=65(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-5=-259/199

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

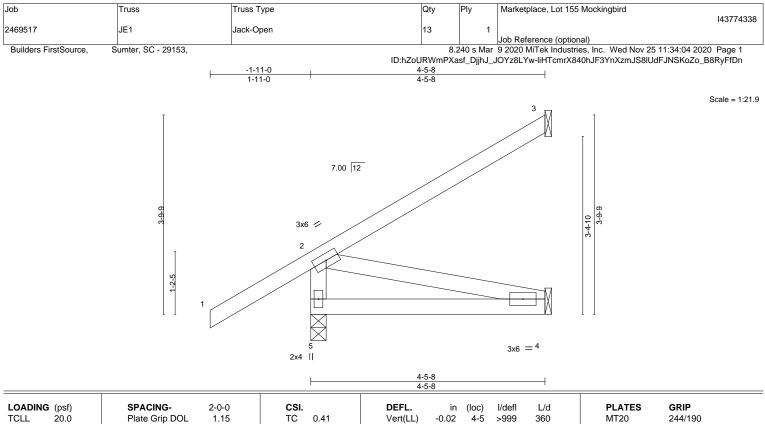
4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 3, 4.



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LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.41	Vert(LL)	-0.02	4-5	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.23	Vert(CT)	-0.04	4-5	>999	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.07	Horz(CT)	-0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI	2014	Matri	x-MP	Wind(LL)	0.00	5	****	240	Weight: 25 lb	FT = 20%
				1								

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* WEBS 2-4: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-5-8 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 5=0-3-8, 3=Mechanical, 4=Mechanical Max Horz 5=166(LC 12)

Max Uplift 5=-74(LC 12), 3=-99(LC 12), 4=-13(LC 12) Max Grav 5=324(LC 1), 3=116(LC 19), 4=86(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-5=-281/202

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

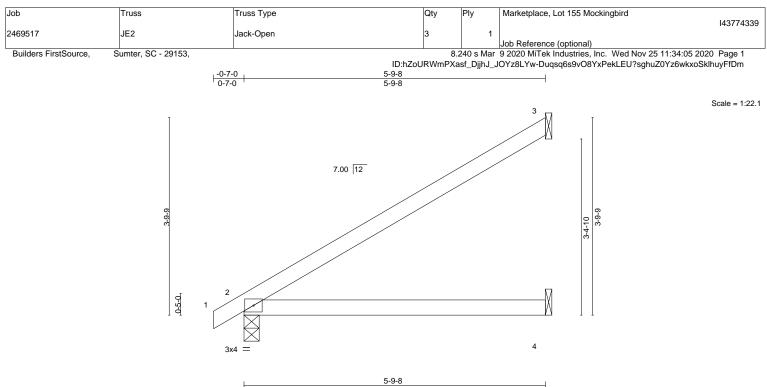
4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 3, 4.



🔺 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE ARXING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED WITH R KRETEKENCE PAGE MIL-74/3 fev. or 19/2/2/2 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general quidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component**
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				5-9-8		I	
LOADIN TCLL	G (psf) 20.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.52	DEFL. Vert(LL) -0.0	in (loc) 5 4-7	l/defl L/d >999 360	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	BC 0.39 WB 0.00	Vert(CT) -0.1 Horz(CT) 0.0	1 4-7	>605 240	
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP	Wind(LL) 0.0		n/a n/a >780 240	Weight: 20 lb FT = 20%

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LUMBER-
```

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-9-8 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 3=Mechanical, 2=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical Max Horz 2=189(LC 12)

Max Uplift 3=-136(LC 12), 2=-47(LC 12)

Max Grav 3=174(LC 19), 2=266(LC 1), 4=108(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

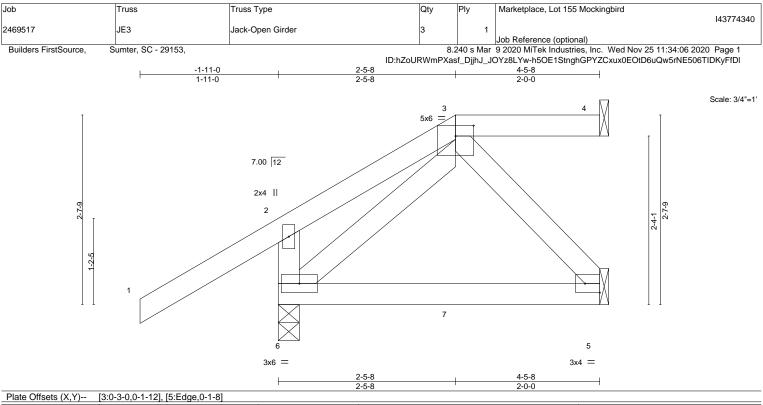
4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 3=136.



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LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrNOCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.35 BC 0.27 WB 0.05 Matrix-MP	Vert(CT) - Horz(CT) -	in (-0.02 -0.04 -0.00 0.02	(loc) 5-6 5-6 4 5-6	l/defl >999 >999 n/a >999	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 27 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-					

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-	
---------	--

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 2-6: 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (size) 6=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical, 5=Mechanical Max Horz 6=108(LC 8) Max Uplift 6=-155(LC 8), 4=-39(LC 4), 5=-82(LC 8) Max Grav 6=341(LC 33), 4=58(LC 1), 5=125(LC 33)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-6=-271/206

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 5 except (jt=lb) 6=155.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord
- 9) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 158 lb down and 123 lb up at 2-5-8 on top chord, and 43 lb down and 47 lb up at 2-5-8 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others
- 10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- 1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-3=-60, 3-4=-60, 5-6=-20
 - Concentrated Loads (lb)
 - Vert: 7=-1(F)



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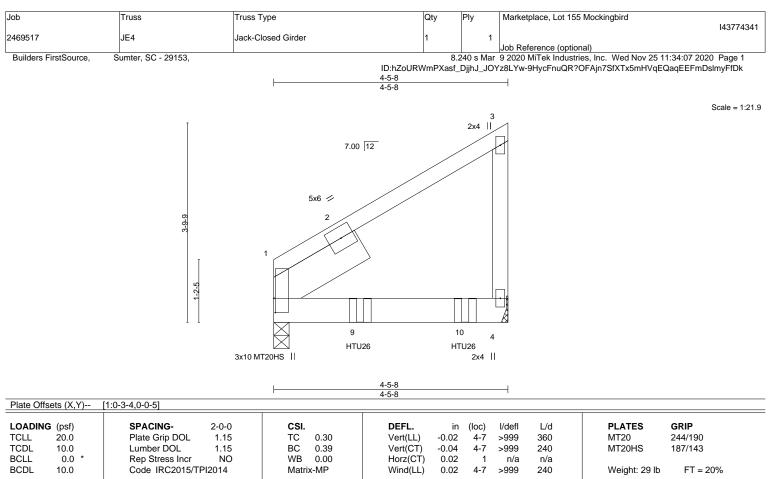
Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-5-8 oc purlins,

except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins: 3-4.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

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 available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



LUMBER-

 TOP CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2

 BOT CHORD
 2x6 SP No.2

 WEBS
 2x4 SP No.2

 SLIDER
 Left 2x8 SP DSS 1-11-12

 BRACING

 TOP CHORD
 Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-5-8 oc purlins, except end verticals.

 BOT CHORD
 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical

Max Horz 1=157(LC 7) Max Uplift 4=-27(LC 8)

Max Grav 1=318(LC 1), 4=405(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-3=-273/117

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4.
- Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26 (20-10d Girder, 11-10dx1 1/2 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent at 1-7-12 from the left end to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.
- Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26 (20-16d Girder, 11-10dx1 1/2 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent at 3-7-12 from the left end to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.

9) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

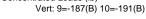
10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 4-5=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

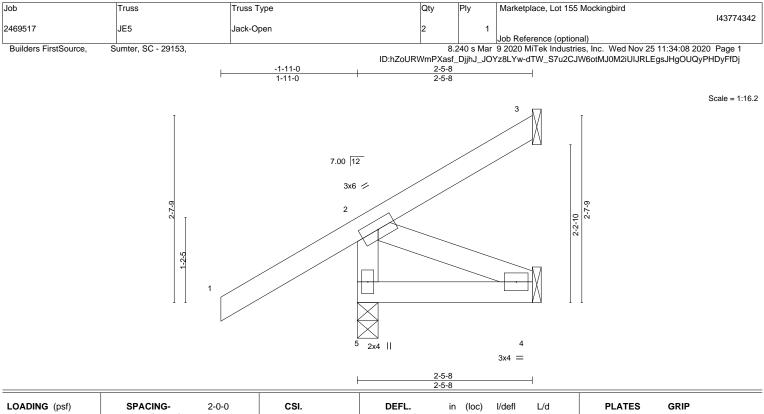




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TREAMENT A MITek Affiliat 818 Soundside Road

Edenton, NC 27932



LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.35	Vert(LL) -0.00	4-5	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.06	Vert(CT) -0.00	4-5	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.05	Horz(CT) -0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP	Wind(LL) 0.00	5	****	240	Weight: 16 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

 TOP CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2

 BOT CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2

 WEBS
 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

 2-4: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-5-8 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 5=0-3-8, 3=Mechanical, 4=Mechanical Max Horz 5=105(LC 12) Max Uplift 5=-76(LC 12), 3=-20(LC 12), 4=-33(LC 12)

Max Grav 5=271(LC 1), 3=25(LC 8), 4=46(LC 10)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right

exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

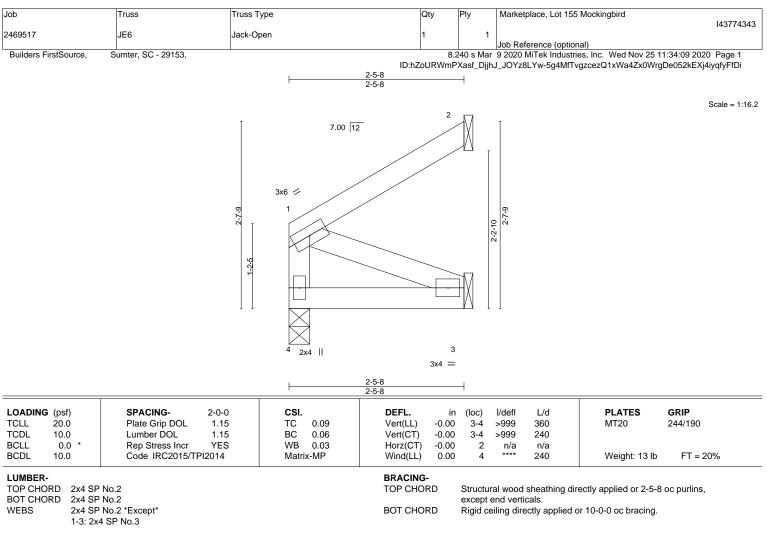
4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 3, 4.



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REACTIONS. (size) 4=0-3-8, 2=Mechanical, 3=Mechanical

Max Horz 4=65(LC 9) Max Uplift 2=-65(LC 12), 3=-11(LC 12)

Max Grav 4=91(LC 1), 2=77(LC 19), 3=46(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right

exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

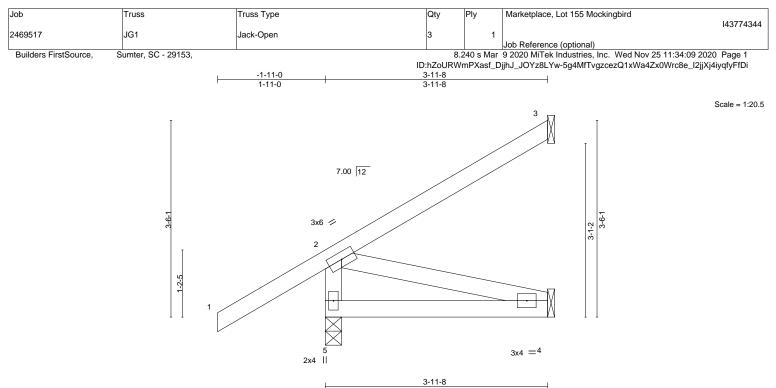
4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 3.



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				3-11-8
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d PLATES GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.35	Vert(LL) -0.01 4-5 >999 360 MT20 244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.17	Vert(CT) -0.03 4-5 >999 240
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.07	Horz(CT) -0.00 3 n/a n/a
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP	Wind(LL) 0.00 5 **** 240 Weight: 23 lb FT = 20%

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LUMBER-
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TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.2 *Except*
	2-4: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-11-8 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 5=0-3-8, 3=Mechanical, 4=Mechanical Max Horz 5=150(LC 12) Max Uplift 5=-73(LC 12), 3=-81(LC 12), 4=-17(LC 12)

Max Grav 5=308(LC 1), 3=94(LC 19), 4=76(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-5=-270/200

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

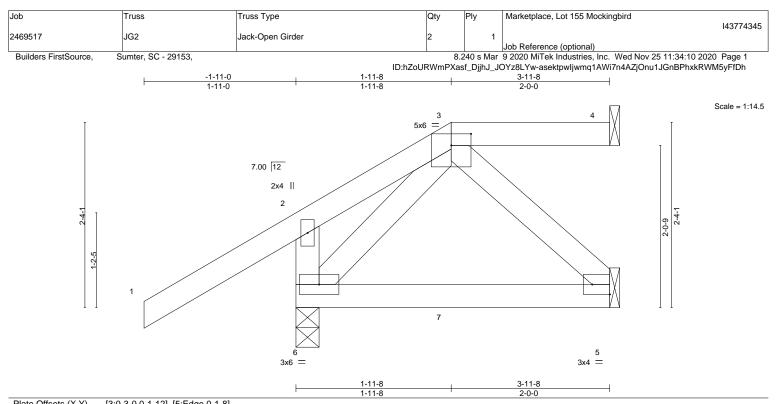
4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 3, 4.

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SEAL 45844 November 25,2020



OADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.35	Vert(LL) -0.01	5-6	>999	360	MT20 244/190
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.19	Vert(CT) -0.03	5-6	>999	240	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.04	Horz(CT) -0.00	4	n/a	n/a	
3CDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP	Wind(LL) 0.01	5-6	>999	240	Weight: 24 lb FT = 20%

LOWIDER	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

2-6: 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-11-8 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins: 3-4. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 6=0-3-8, 4=Mechanical, 5=Mechanical Max Horz 6=93(LC 8) Max Uplift 6=-140(LC 8), 4=-39(LC 4), 5=-51(LC 5) Max Grav 6=294(LC 1), 4=58(LC 1), 5=75(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-6=-269/203

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 5 except (jt=lb) 6=140.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 9) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 94 lb down and 100 lb up at 1-11-8 on top chord, and 31 lb down and 51 lb up at 1-11-8 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

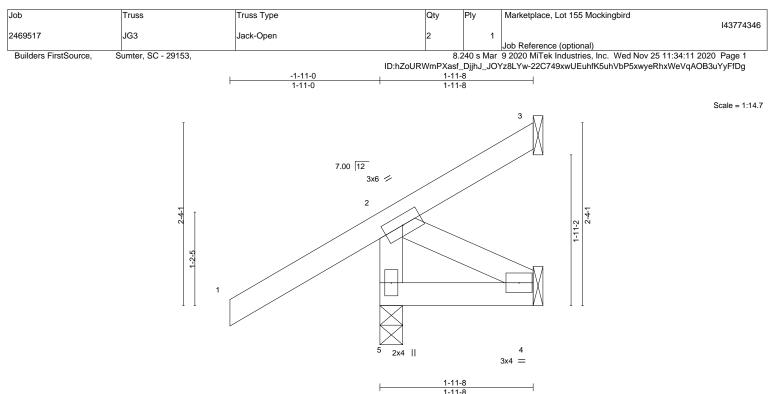
1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-3=-60, 3-4=-60, 5-6=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 3=26(B) 7=2(B)



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LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.35	Vert(LL)	-0.00	5	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.03	Vert(CT)	-0.00	4-5	>999	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.05	Horz(CT)	-0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MP	Wind(LL)	0.00	5	****	240	Weight: 14 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

 TOP CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2

 BOT CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2

 WEBS
 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

 2-4: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-11-8 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 5=0-3-8, 3=Mechanical, 4=Mechanical Max Horz 5=84(LC 12)

Max Uplift 5=-82(LC 12), 3=-17(LC 1), 4=-40(LC 12) Max Grav 5=267(LC 1), 3=23(LC 8), 4=39(LC 10)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right

exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

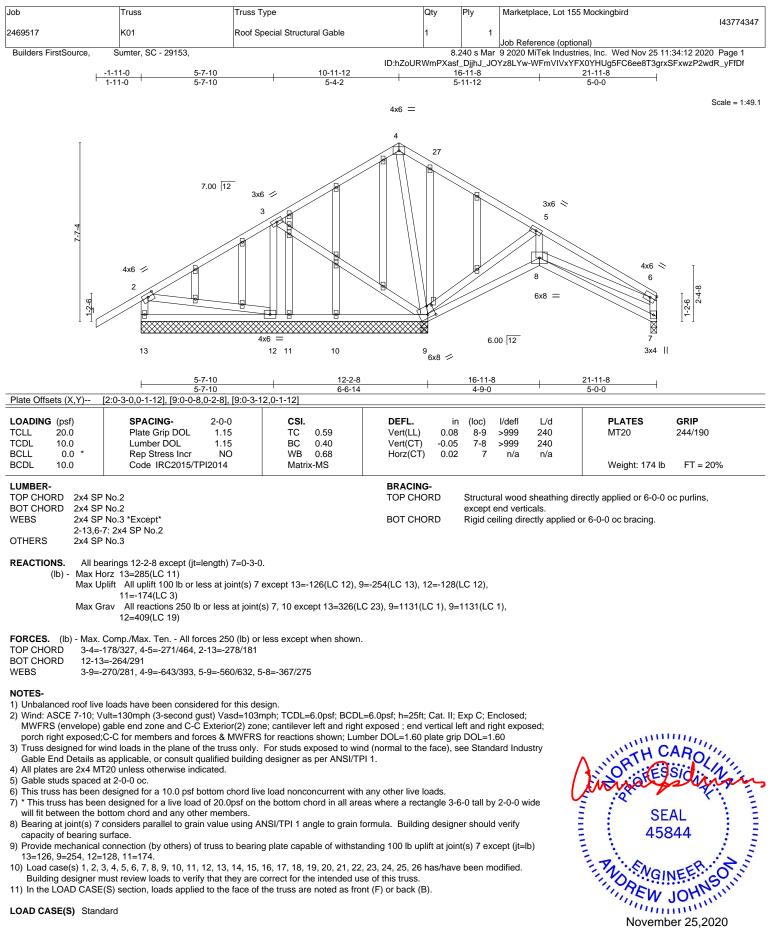
4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 3, 4.



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Continued on page 2

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818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Marketplace, Lot 155 Mockingbird	
2469517	K01	Roof Special Structural Gable	1	1	14:	3774347
2100011					Job Reference (optional)	
Builders FirstSource	Sumter SC - 29153		8	240 s Mar	9 2020 MiTek Industries Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:34:13 2020 Pa	nde 2

ID:hZoURWmPXasf_DjjhJ_JOYz8LYw-_RJtVryA0r9PueFHpvetBM0EQFHh_OA7digAzQyFfDe

.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- 1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-4=-60, 4-27=-60, 5-6=-62(F=-2), 9-13=-20, 7-8=-22(F=-2) Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
- Vert: 27=-66(F=-6)-to-5=-62(F=-2), 9=-26(F=-6)-to-8=-22(F=-2)
- Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)
- Vert: 1-2=-50, 2-4=-50, 4-27=-50, 5-6=-52(F=-2), 9-13=-20, 7-8=-22(F=-2) Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
- Vert: 27=-56(F=-6)-to-5=-52(F=-2), 9=-26(F=-6)-to-8=-22(F=-2)
- 3) Dead + Uninhabitable Attic Without Storage: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-4=-20, 4-27=-20, 5-6=-22(F=-2), 9-13=-40, 7-8=-42(F=-2)
- Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-4=-20, 4-27=-20, 5-6=-22(F=-2), 9-13=-40, 7-8=-42(F=-2) Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
- Vert: 27=-26(F=-6)-to-5=-22(F=-2), 9=-46(F=-6)-to-8=-42(F=-2) 4) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Pos. Internal) Case 1: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
- Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=63, 2-4=37, 4-27=37, 5-6=35(F=-2), 9-13=-12, 7-8=78(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-75, 2-4=-49, 4-6=49, 8-9=-92, 7-8=92, 2-13=25, 6-7=45
- Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
- Vert: 27=31(F=-6)-to-5=35(F=-2), 9=74(F=-6)-to-8=78(F=-2)
- 5) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Pos. Internal) Case 2: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=30, 2-4=37, 4-27=37, 5-6=35(F=-2), 9-13=-12, 7-8=78(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-42, 2-4=-49, 4-6=49, 8-9=-92, 7-8=92, 2-13=-45, 6-7=-25
- Trapezoidal Loads (plf) Vert: 27=31(F=-6)-to-5=35(F=-2), 9=74(F=-6)-to-8=78(F=-2)
- 6) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Neg. Internal) Case 1: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=13, 2-4=-61, 4-27=-61, 5-6=-63(F=-2), 9-13=-20, 7-8=-9(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-33, 2-4=41, 4-6=-41, 8-9=-13, 7-8=13, 2-13=-29, 6-7=-40
- Trapezoidal Loads (plf) Vert: 27=-67(F=-6)-to-5=-63(F=-2), 9=-13(F=-6)-to-8=-9(F=-2)
- 7) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Neg. Internal) Case 2: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-53, 2-4=-61, 4-27=-61, 5-6=-63(F=-2), 9-13=-20, 7-8=-9(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=33, 2-4=41, 4-6=-41, 8-9=-13, 7-8=13, 2-13=40, 6-7=29
- Trapezoidal Loads (plf) Vert: 27=-67(F=-6)-to-5=-63(F=-2), 9=-13(F=-6)-to-8=-9(F=-2)
- 8) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) Left: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=2, 2-4=-16, 4-27=18, 5-6=16(F=-2), 9-13=-12, 7-8=11(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-14, 2-4=4, 4-6=30, 8-9=-25, 7-8=25, 2-13=21, 6-7=28
- Trapezoidal Loads (plf) Vert: 27=12(F=-6)-to-5=16(F=-2), 9=7(F=-6)-to-8=11(F=-2)
- 9) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) Right: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
 - Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=10, 2-4=18, 4-27=-16, 5-6=-18(F=-2), 9-13=-12, 7-8=11(F=-2)
 - Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-4=-30, 4-6=-4, 8-9=-25, 7-8=25, 2-13=-28, 6-7=-21 Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
- Vert: 27=-22(F=-6)-to-5=-18(F=-2), 9=7(F=-6)-to-8=11(F=-2)
- 10) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) Left: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-31, 2-4=-39, 4-27=-5, 5-6=-7(F=-2), 9-13=-20, 7-8=3(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=11, 2-4=19, 4-6=15, 8-9=-25, 7-8=25, 2-13=36, 6-7=13
 - Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 27=-11(F=-6)-to-5=-7(F=-2), 9=-1(F=-6)-to-8=3(F=-2)
- 11) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) Right: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=2, 2-4=-5, 4-27=-39, 5-6=-41(F=-2), 9-13=-20, 7-8=3(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-4=-15, 4-6=-19, 8-9=-25, 7-8=25, 2-13=-13, 6-7=-36
 - Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 27=-45(F=-6)-to-5=-41(F=-2), 9=-1(F=-6)-to-8=3(F=-2)
- 12) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 1st Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=33, 2-4=40, 4-27=18, 5-6=16(F=-2), 9-13=-12, 7-8=-14(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-45, 2-4=-52, 4-6=30, 2-13=18, 6-7=25
 - Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 27=12(F=-6)-to-5=16(F=-2), 9=-18(F=-6)-to-8=-14(F=-2)
- 13) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 2nd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=10, 2-4=18, 4-27=40, 5-6=38(F=-2), 9-13=-12, 7-8=-14(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-4=-30, 4-6=52, 2-13=-25, 6-7=-18
 - Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
 - . Vert: 27=34(F=-6)-to-5=38(F=-2), 9=-18(F=-6)-to-8=-14(F=-2)

Continued on page 3

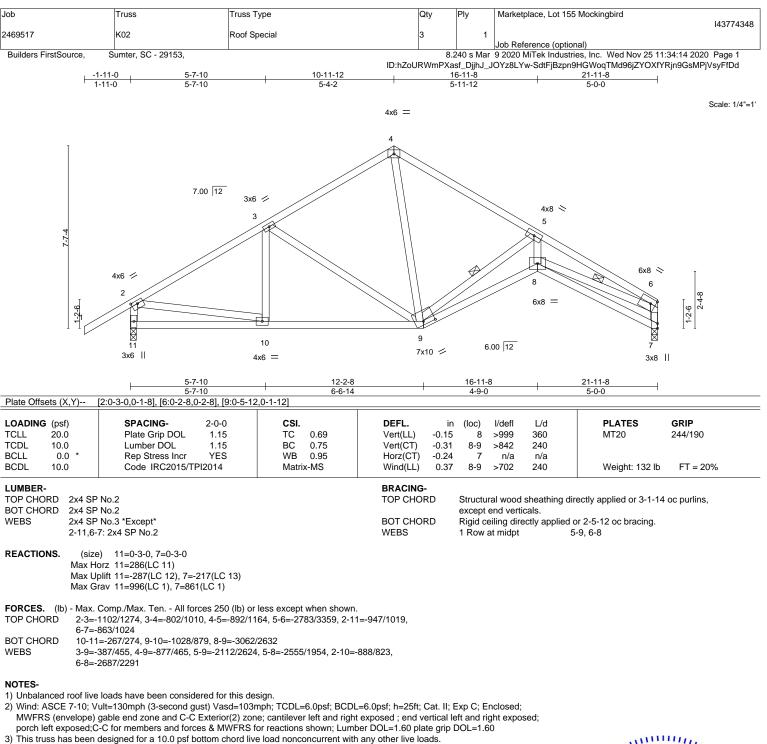
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and property incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSUTPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



lob	Truce		011	Dly	Marketolace Lot 155 Monkinghind	
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Marketplace, Lot 155 Mockingbird	143774347
2469517	K01	Roof Special Structural Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	
Builders FirstSource,	Sumter, SC - 29153,				9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:3	
LOAD CASE(S) Standard 14) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS V Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=33, Horz: 1-2=-45 Trapezoidal Loads (plf) Vert: 27=12(F 15) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS V Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=10, Horz: 1-2=-22 Trapezoidal Loads (plf) Vert: 27=34(F 16) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS V Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=25, Horz: 1-2=-45 Trapezoidal Loads (plf) Vert: 27=-11(l)	d Vind (Pos. Internal) 3rd Parall 2-4=40, 4-27=18, 5-6=16(F=- 5, 2-4=-52, 4-6=30, 2-13=18, 6 f) F=-6)-to-5=16(F=-2), 9=-18(F= Vind (Pos. Internal) 4th Parall 2-4=18, 4-27=40, 5-6=38(F=- 2, 2-4=-30, 4-6=52, 2-13=-25, 6 f) F=-6)-to-5=38(F=-2), 9=-18(F= Vind (Neg. Internal) 1st Parall 2-4=17, 4-27=-5, 5-6=-7(F=-2 5, 2-4=-37, 4-6=15, 2-13=33, 6 f) F=-6)-to-5=-7(F=-2), 9=-26(F=	el: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase= 2), 9-13=-12, 7-8=-14(F=-2) 5-7=25 6)-to-8=-14(F=-2) al: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase= 2), 9-13=-12, 7-8=-14(F=-2) 6-7=-18 6)-to-8=-14(F=-2) el: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase= 2), 9-13=-20, 7-8=-22(F=-2) 5-7=10	:hZoURWmPXa =1.60 =1.60 =1.60		9 2020 MITEK Industries, inc. Wed Nov 25 TT:3 IOYz8LYwRJtVryA0r9PueFHpvetBM0EQFHh_	
Horz: 1-2=-22 Trapezoidal Loads (plf Vert: 27=11(F 18) Dead: Lumber Increas Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-20,	-=-6)-to-5=15(F=-2), 9=-26(F= se=0.90, Plate Increase=0.90 , 2-4=-20, 4-27=-20, 5-6=-22(6-7=-33 6)-to-8=-22(F=-2)				
19) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-58,	F=-6)-to-5=-22(F=-2), 9=-26(F e (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wi , 2-4=-64, 4-27=-39, 5-6=-41(2-4=14, 4-6=11, 8-9=-19, 7-8=	nd (Neg. Int) Left): Lumber Increase=1.60 F=-2), 9-13=-20, 7-8=-3(F=-2)	, Plate Increase	=1.60		
20) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-33, Horz: 1-2=-17 Trapezoidal Loads (plf	, 2-4=-39, 4-27=-64, 5-6=-66(7, 2-4=-11, 4-6=-14, 8-9=-19, 7	nd (Neg. Int) Right): Lumber Increase=1.6 F=-2), 9-13=-20, 7-8=-3(F=-2) 7-8=19, 2-13=-9, 6-7=-27	0, Plate Increas	se=1.60		
21) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-17, Horz: 1-2=-33 Trapezoidal Loads (plf) Vert: 27=-45(l	e (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MŴFRS W , 2-4=-22, 4-27=-39, 5-6=-41(3, 2-4=-28, 4-6=11, 2-13=25, € f) F=-6)-to-5=-41(F=-2), 9=-26(F	nd (Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber Increas F=-2), 9-13=-20, 7-8=-22(F=-2) S-7=8 F=-6)-to-8=-22(F=-2)				
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-33, Horz: 1-2=-17 Trapezoidal Loads (plf Vert: 27=-28(23) 1st Dead + Roof Live (Uniform Loads (plf)	, 2-4=-39, 4-27=-22, 5-6=-24(, 2-4=-11, 4-6=28, 2-13=-8, 6 f) F=-6)-to-5=-24(F=-2), 9=-26(F (unbalanced): Lumber Increas	F=-6)-to-8=-22(F=-2)	se=1.60, Plate	ncrease=	-Τ.CU	
Trapezoidal Loads (plf Vert: 27=-26(24) 2nd Dead + Roof Live Uniform Loads (plf)) F=-6)-to-5=-22(F=-2), 9=-26(F (unbalanced): Lumber Increa , 2-4=-20, 4-27=-60, 5-6=-62(
Vert: 27=-66(25) 3rd Dead + 0.75 Roof Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-50, Trapezoidal Loads (plf	F=-6)-to-5=-62(F=-2), 9=-26(F Live (unbalanced): Lumber In , 2-4=-50, 4-27=-20, 5-6=-22(crease=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 F=-2), 9-13=-20, 7-8=-22(F=-2)				
26) 4th Dead + 0.75 Roof Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-20, Trapezoidal Loads (plf	Live (unbalanced): Lumber In , 2-4=-20, 4-27=-50, 5-6=-52(crease=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 F=-2), 9-13=-20, 7-8=-22(F=-2)				

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4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

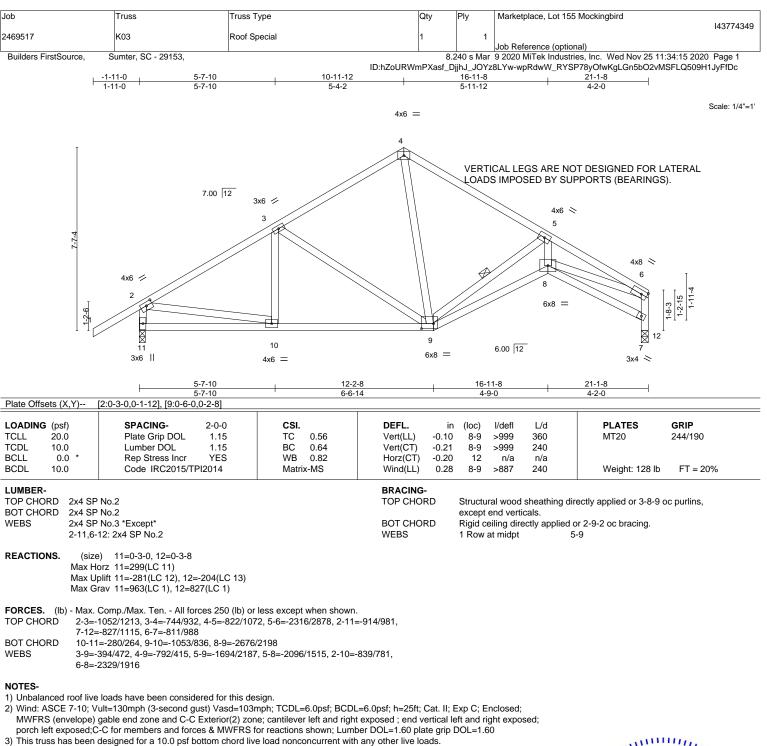
5) Bearing at joint(s) 7 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 11=287, 7=217.



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4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide

(4) This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0ps of the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 5-o-o tail by 2-o-o wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
(5) Reprint the initial areas areas formula. Building designed should verify the second state of the sec

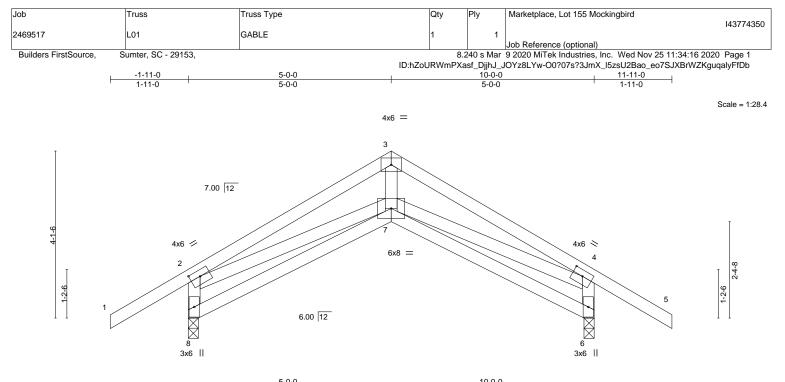
5) Bearing at joint(s) 12 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 11=281, 12=204.



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A MiTek Aft 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



			5-0-0				5-0-0	-			
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-0,0-1-12], [4:0-3-	0.0-1-121	5-0-0				5-0-6	J			
	[2.0-3-0,0-1-12], [4.0-3-	0,0-1-12]									
LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.43	Vert(LL)	-0.03	6-7	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.39	Vert(CT)	-0.06	6-7	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.25	Horz(CT)	0.05	6	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/	PI2014	Matrix	-MS	Wind(LL)	0.10	6-7	>999	240	Weight: 60 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-	BRACING-	
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-10-15 oc purl	lins,
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2	except end verticals.	
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.	
2-8,4-6: 2x4 SP No.2		

REACTIONS. (size) 8=0-3-0, 6=0-3-0 Max Horz 8=-184(LC 10) Max Uplift 8=-147(LC 12), 6=-147(LC 13) Max Grav 8=531(LC 1), 6=532(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- TOP CHORD 2-3=-859/797, 3-4=-854/799, 2-8=-553/505, 4-6=-507/525
- BOT CHORD 7-8=-174/279, 6-7=-43/300

WEBS 3-7=-634/549, 2-7=-368/611, 4-7=-436/619

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) 8, 6 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 8=147, 6=147.
- 9) Load case(s) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 has/have been modified. Building designer must review loads to verify that they are correct for the intended use of this truss.
- 10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- 1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-3=-62(F=-2), 3-4=-62(F=-2), 4-5=-60, 7-8=-22(F=-2), 6-7=-22(F=-2)

Continued on page 2

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Marketplace, Lot 155 Mockingbird
					143774350
2469517	L01	GABLE	1	1	
2409517	LOI	GABLE	1		lab Defense (antional)
					Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource,	Sumter, SC - 29153,		8	.240 s Mar	9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:34:16 2020 Page 2

8.240 s Mar 9 2020 Mi l ek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:34:16 2020 Page 2 ID:hZoURWmPXasf_DjjhJ_JOYz8LYw-O0?07s?3JmX_I5zsU2Bao_eo7SJXBrWZKguqalyFfDb

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- 2) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)
- Vert: 1-2=-50, 2-3=-52(F=-2), 3-4=-52(F=-2), 4-5=-50, 7-8=-22(F=-2), 6-7=-22(F=-2) 3) Dead + Uninhabitable Attic Without Storage: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25 Uniform Loads (plf)
- Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-3=-22(F=-2), 3-4=-22(F=-2), 4-5=-20, 7-8=-42(F=-2), 6-7=-42(F=-2) 4) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Pos. Internal) Case 1: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=67, 2-3=39(F=-2), 3-4=39(F=-2), 4-5=34, 7-8=78(F=-2), 6-7=78(F=-2)
 - Horz: 1-2=-79, 2-3=-53, 3-4=53, 4-5=46, 7-8=-92, 6-7=92, 2-8=30, 4-6=50
- 5) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Pos. Internal) Case 2: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-46, 2-3=-53, 3-4=53, 4-5=79, 7-8=-78(F=-2), 4-5=67, 7-8=78(F=-2), 6-7=78(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-46, 2-3=-53, 3-4=53, 4-5=79, 7-8=-92, 6-7=92, 2-8=-50, 4-6=-30
- Horz: 1-2=-46, 2-3=-53, 3-4=53, 4-5=79, 7-8=-92, 6-7=92, 2-8=-50, 4-6=-30 6) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Neg. Internal) Case 1: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (olf)
 - brm Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=15, 2-3=-65(F=-2), 3-4=-65(F=-2), 4-5=-55, 7-8=-6(F=-2), 6-7=-6(F=-2)
 - Horz: 1-2=-35, 2-3=43, 3-4=-43, 4-5=-35, 7-8=-16, 6-7=16, 2-8=-35, 4-6=-45
- 7) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Neg. Internal) Case 2: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-55, 2-3=-65(F=-2), 3-4=-65(F=-2), 4-5=15, 7-8=-6(F=-2), 6-7=-6(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=35, 2-3=43, 3-4=-43, 4-5=35, 7-8=-16, 6-7=16, 2-8=45, 4-6=35
- 8) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) Left: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=2, 2-3=-18(F=-2), 3-4=16(F=-2), 4-5=10, 7-8=11(F=-2), 6-7=11(F=-2)
- Horz: 1-2=-14, 2-3=4, 3-4=30, 4-5=22, 7-8=-25, 6-7=25, 2-8=21, 4-6=28 9) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) Right: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
- Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=10, 2-3=16(F=-2), 3-4=-18(F=-2), 4-5=2, 7-8=-14(F=-2), 6-7=-14(F=-2)
- Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-3=-30, 3-4=-4, 4-5=14, 2-8=-28, 4-6=-21 10) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) Left: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-31, 2-3=-41(F=-2), 3-4=-7(F=-2), 4-5=2, 7-8=3(F=-2), 6-7=3(F=-2)
 - Horz: 1-2=11, 2-3=19, 3-4=15, 4-5=22, 7-8=-25, 6-7=25, 2-8=36, 4-6=13
- 11) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) Right: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=2, 2-3=-7(F=-2), 3-4=-41(F=-2), 4-5=-31, 7-8=-22(F=-2), 6-7=-22(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-3=-15, 3-4=-19, 4-5=-11, 2-8=-13, 4-6=-36
- 12) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 1st Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=33, 2-3=38(F=-2), 3-4=16(F=-2), 4-5=10, 7-8=-14(F=-2), 6-7=-14(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-45, 2-3=-52, 3-4=30, 4-5=22, 2-8=18, 4-6=25
- Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 2nd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=10, 2-3=16(F=-2), 3-4=38(F=-2), 4-5=33, 7-8=-14(F=-2), 6-7=-14(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-3=-30, 3-4=52, 4-5=45, 2-8=-25, 4-6=-18
- 14) Dead + 0.6 MVERS Wind (Pos. Internal) 3rd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=33, 2-3=38(F=-2), 3-4=16(F=-2), 4-5=10, 7-8=-14(F=-2), 6-7=-14(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-45, 2-3=-52, 3-4=30, 4-5=22, 2-8=18, 4-6=25
- 15) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 4th Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (blf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-10, 2-3=16(F=-2), 3-4=38(F=-2), 4-5=33, 7-8=-14(F=-2), 6-7=-14(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-3=-30, 3-4=52, 4-5=45, 2-8=-25, 4-6=-18
- 16) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) 1st Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (blf)
 - Vert: 1-2=25, 2-3=15(F=-2), 3-4=-7(F=-2), 4-5=2, 7-8=-22(F=-2), 6-7=-22(F=-2)
 - Horz: 1-2=-45, 2-3=-37, 3-4=15, 4-5=22, 2-8=33, 4-6=10
- 17) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) 2nd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=2, 2-3=-7(F=-2), 3-4=15(F=-2), 4-5=25, 7-8=-22(F=-2), 6-7=-22(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-3=-15, 3-4=37, 4-5=45, 2-8=-10, 4-6=-33
- 18) Dead: Lumber Increase=0.90, Plate Increase=0.90 Plt. metal=0.90
- Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-3=-22(F=-2), 3-4=-22(F=-2), 4-5=-20, 7-8=-22(F=-2), 6-7=-22(F=-2)
- 19) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Left): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-58, 2-3=-66(F=-2), 3-4=-41(F=-2), 4-5=-33, 7-8=-3(F=-2), 6-7=-3(F=-2)
 - Horz: 1-2=8, 2-3=14, 3-4=11, 4-5=17, 7-8=-19, 6-7=19, 2-8=27, 4-6=9
- 20) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Right): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-33, 2-3=-41(F=-2), 3-4=-66(F=-2), 4-5=-58, 7-8=-22(F=-2), 6-7=-22(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-17, 2-3=-11, 3-4=-14, 4-5=-8, 2-8=-9, 4-6=-27
- 21) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60

Continued on page 3

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/ITPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Marketplace, Lot 155 Mockingbird
					143774350
2469517	L01	GABLE	1	1	
					Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource,	Sumter, SC - 29153,		8.	240 s Mar	9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:34:16 2020 Page 3

ID:hZoURWmPXasf_DjjhJ_JOYz8LYw-O0?07s?3JmX_I5zsU2Bao_eo7SJXBrWZKguqalyFfDb

Builders FirstSource, Sumter, SC - 29153,

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-17, 2-3=-24(F=-2), 3-4=-41(F=-2), 4-5=-33, 7-8=-22(F=-2), 6-7=-22(F=-2)

Horz: 1-2=-33, 2-3=-28, 3-4=11, 4-5=17, 2-8=25, 4-6=8

22) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 2nd Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-33, 2-3=-41(F=-2), 3-4=-24(F=-2), 4-5=-17, 7-8=-22(F=-2), 6-7=-22(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-17, 2-3=-11, 3-4=28, 4-5=33, 2-8=-8, 4-6=-25

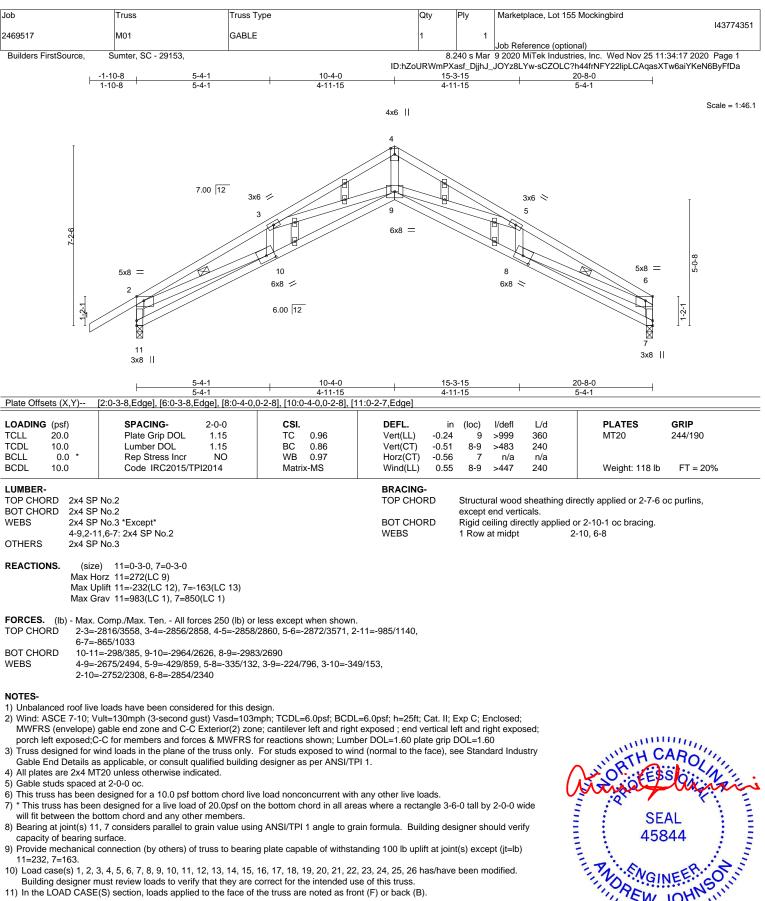
23) 1st Dead + Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

- Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-3=-62(F=-2), 3-4=-22(F=-2), 4-5=-20, 7-8=-22(F=-2), 6-7=-22(F=-2) 24) 2nd Dead + Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
- Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-3=-22(F=-2), 3-4=-62(F=-2), 4-5=-60, 7-8=-22(F=-2), 6-7=-22(F=-2) 25) 3rd Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
- Uniform Loads (plf)
- Vert: 1-2=-50, 2-3=-52(F=-2), 3-4=-22(F=-2), 4-5=-20, 7-8=-22(F=-2), 6-7=-22(F=-2) 26) 4th Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
- Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-3=-22(F=-2), 3-4=-52(F=-2), 4-5=-50, 7-8=-22(F=-2), 6-7=-22(F=-2)

🛦 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED WITH KREPERENCE PAGE MIL-(4/5 fev. or 19/2/2/0/BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITEK® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/ITPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





10) Load case(s) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 has/have been modified. Building designer must review loads to verify that they are correct for the intended use of this truss.

11) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Continued on page 2

🔺 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see <u>ANS/TPH1</u> Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

November 25,2020

.104 mmm



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Marketplace, Lot 155 Mockingbird
					143774351
2469517	M01	GABLE	1	1	
					Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource, S	Sumter, SC - 29153,		8.3	240 s Mar	9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:34:17 2020 Page 2

8.240 s Mar 9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:34:17 2020 Page 2 ID:hZoURWmPXasf_DjjhJ_JOYz8LYw-sCZOLC?h44frNFY22lipLCAqasXTw6aiYKeN6ByFfDa

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- 1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)
- Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-4=-62(F=-2), 4-6=-62(F=-2), 9-11=-22(F=-2), 7-9=-22(F=-2) 2) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)
- Vert: 1-2=-50, 2-4=-52(F=-2), 4-6=-52(F=-2), 9-11=-22(F=-2), 7-9=-22(F=-2) 3) Dead + Uninhabitable Attic Without Storage: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25 Uniform Loads (plf)
- Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-4=-22(F=-2), 4-6=-22(F=-2), 9-11=-42(F=-2), 7-9=-42(F=-2) 4) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Pos. Internal) Case 1: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
- Vert: 1-2=-75, 2-4=35(F=-2), 4-6=35(F=-2), 9-11=78(F=-2), 7-9=78(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-75, 2-4=-49, 4-6=49, 9-11=-92, 7-9=92, 2-11=26, 6-7=45
- 5) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Pos. Internal) Case 2: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=30, 2-4=35(F=-2), 4-6=35(F=-2), 9-11=78(F=-2), 7-9=78(F=-2)
- Horz: 1-2=-42, 2-4=-49, 4-6=49, 9-11=-92, 7-9=92, 2-11=-45, 6-7=-26 6) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Neg. Internal) Case 1: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
- Vert: 1-2=13, 2-4=-63(F=-2), 4-6=-63(F=-2), 9-11=-9(F=-2), 7-9=-9(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-33, 2-4=41, 4-6=-41, 9-11=-13, 7-9=13, 2-11=-30, 6-7=-41
- 7) Dead + 0.6 C-C Wind (Neg. Internal) Case 2: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-53, 2-4=-63(F=-2), 4-6=-63(F=-2), 9-11=-9(F=-2), 7-9=-9(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=33, 2-4=41, 4-6=-41, 9-11=-13, 7-9=13, 2-11=41, 6-7=30
- 8) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) Left: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=2, 2-4=-18(F=-2), 4-6=16(F=-2), 9-11=11(F=-2), 7-9=11(F=-2)
- Horz: 1-2=-14, 2-4=4, 4-6=30, 9-11=-25, 7-9=25, 2-11=21, 6-7=28 9) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) Right: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
- Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=10, 2-4=16(F=-2), 4-6=-18(F=-2), 9-11=-14(F=-2), 7-9=-14(F=-2)
 - Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-4=-30, 4-6=-4, 2-11=-28, 6-7=-21
- 10) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) Left: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-31, 2-4=-41(F=-2), 4-6=-7(F=-2), 9-11=3(F=-2), 7-9=3(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=11, 2-4=19, 4-6=15, 9-11=-25, 7-9=25, 2-11=36, 6-7=13
- 11) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) Right: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=2, 2-4=-7(F=-2), 4-6=-41(F=-2), 9-11=-22(F=-2), 7-9=-22(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-4=-15, 4-6=-19, 2-11=-13, 6-7=-36
- 12) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 1st Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=33, 2-4=38(F=-2), 4-6=16(F=-2), 9-11=-14(F=-2), 7-9=-14(F=-2)
 - Horz: 1-2=-45, 2-4=-52, 4-6=30, 2-11=18, 6-7=25
- 13) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 2nd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=10, 2-4=16(F=-2), 4-6=38(F=-2), 9-11=-14(F=-2), 7-9=-14(F=-2)
- Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-4=-30, 4-6=52, 2-11=-25, 6-7=-18 14) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 3rd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60
- Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=33, 2-4=38(F=-2), 4-6=16(F=-2), 9-11=-14(F=-2), 7-9=-14(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-45, 2-4=-52, 4-6=30, 2-11=18, 6-7=25
- 15) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Pos. Internal) 4th Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=10, 2-4=16(F=-2), 4-6=38(F=-2), 9-11=-14(F=-2), 7-9=-14(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-4=-30, 4-6=52, 2-11=-25, 6-7=-18
- 16) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) 1st Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=25, 2-4=15(F=-2), 4-6=-7(F=-2), 9-11=-22(F=-2), 7-9=-22(F=-2)
 - Horz: 1-2=-45, 2-4=-37, 4-6=15, 2-11=33, 6-7=10
- 17) Dead + 0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Internal) 2nd Parallel: Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=2, 2-4=-7(F=-2), 4-6=15(F=-2), 9-11=-22(F=-2), 7-9=-22(F=-2)
 - Horz: 1-2=-22, 2-4=-15, 4-6=37, 2-11=-10, 6-7=-33
- 18) Dead: Lumber Increase=0.90, Plate Increase=0.90 Plt. metal=0.90

Uniform Loads (plf)

- Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-4=-22(F=-2), 4-6=-22(F=-2), 9-11=-22(F=-2), 7-9=-22(F=-2)
- 19) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Left): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)
 - Vert: 1-2=-58, 2-4=-66(F=-2), 4-6=-41(F=-2), 9-11=-3(F=-2), 7-9=-3(F=-2)
 - Horz: 1-2=8, 2-4=14, 4-6=11, 9-11=-19, 7-9=19, 2-11=27, 6-7=9
- 20) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) Right): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60

Continued on page 3

👠 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see <u>ANS/TPH1</u> Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component
 Satisfies
 Ansi/TPH Qu

 Safety Information
 available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Marketplace, Lot 155 Mockingbird
					143774351
2469517	M01	GABLE	1	1	
					Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource,	Sumter, SC - 29153,		8.3	240 s Mar	9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:34:17 2020 Page 3

8.240 s Mar 9 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Nov 25 11:34:17 2020 Page 3 ID:hZoURWmPXasf_DijhJ_JOYz8LYw-sCZOLC?h44frNFY22lipLCAgasXTw6aiYKeN6ByFfDa

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-33, 2-4=-41(F=-2), 4-6=-66(F=-2), 9-11=-22(F=-2), 7-9=-22(F=-2)

Horz: 1-2=-17, 2-4=-11, 4-6=-14, 2-11=-9, 6-7=-27

21) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 1st Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-17, 2-4=-24(F=-2), 4-6=-41(F=-2), 9-11=-22(F=-2), 7-9=-22(F=-2)

Horz: 1-2=-33, 2-4=-28, 4-6=11, 2-11=25, 6-7=8

22) Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (bal.) + 0.75(0.6 MWFRS Wind (Neg. Int) 2nd Parallel): Lumber Increase=1.60, Plate Increase=1.60 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-33, 2-4=-41(F=-2), 4-6=-24(F=-2), 9-11=-22(F=-2), 7-9=-22(F=-2) Horz: 1-2=-17, 2-4=-11, 4-6=28, 2-11=-8, 6-7=-25

23) 1st Dead + Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-60, 2-4=-62(F=-2), 4-6=-22(F=-2), 9-11=-22(F=-2), 7-9=-22(F=-2) 24) 2nd Dead + Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

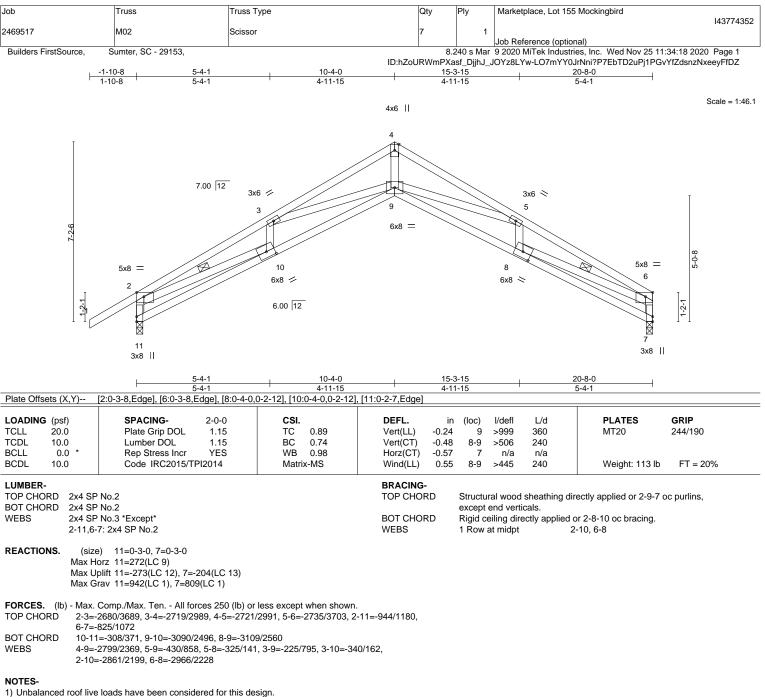
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-4=-22(F=-2), 4-6=-62(F=-2), 9-11=-22(F=-2), 7-9=-22(F=-2) 25) 3rd Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-50, 2-4=-52(F=-2), 4-6=-22(F=-2), 9-11=-22(F=-2), 7-9=-22(F=-2) 26) 4th Dead + 0.75 Roof Live (unbalanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-20, 2-4=-22(F=-2), 4-6=-52(F=-2), 9-11=-22(F=-2), 7-9=-22(F=-2)

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSITPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members. 5) Bearing at joint(s) 11, 7 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify

capacity of bearing surface.

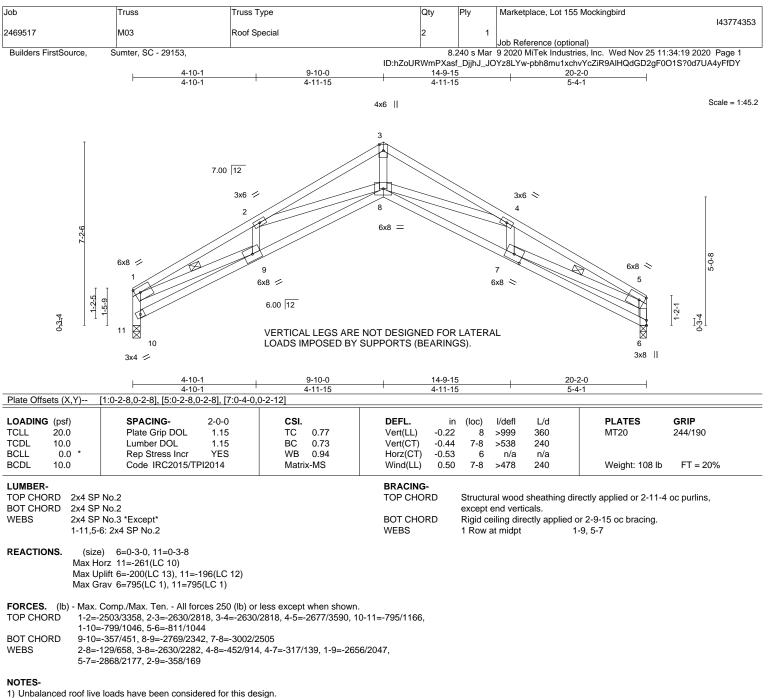
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 11=273, 7=204.



🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see <u>ANS/TPH1</u> Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component
 Satisfies
 Ansi/TPH Qu

 Safety Information
 available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Bearing at joint(s) 6, 11 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

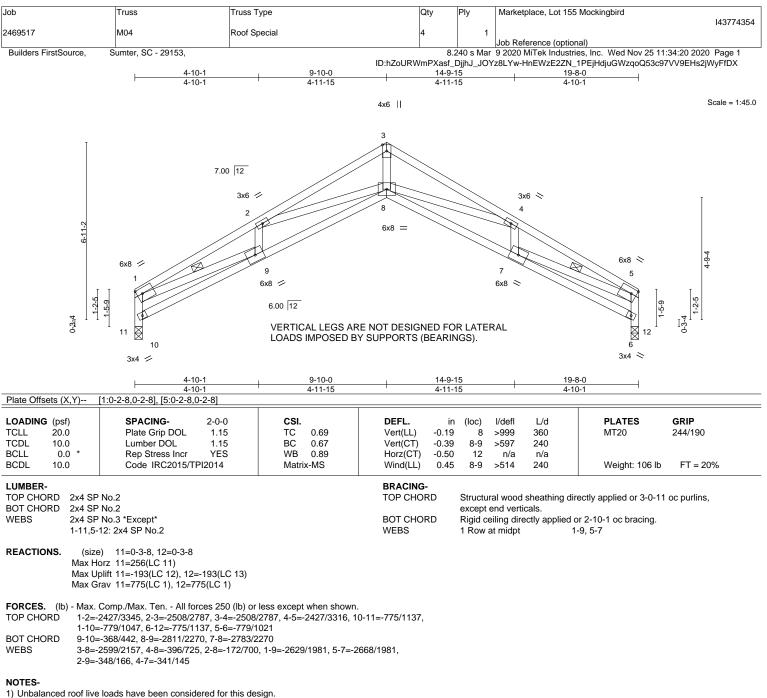
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 6=200, 11=196.



🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid to use only design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED WITH REPORT PAGE MIT 475 164 (2010) and 164 (20
 Satisfies
 Ansi/TPH Qu

 Safety Information
 available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members. 5) Bearing at joint(s) 11, 12 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify

capacity of bearing surface.

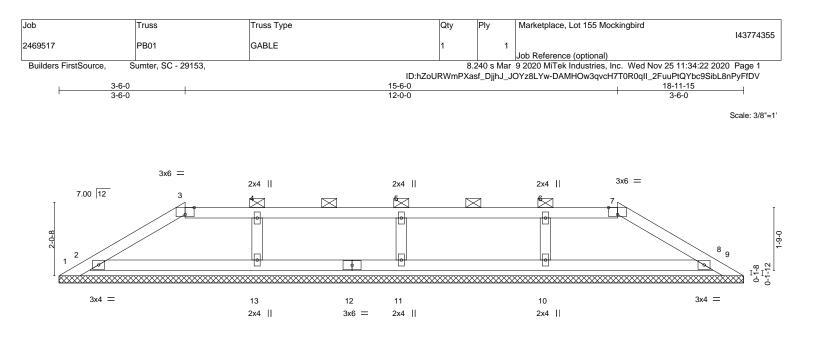
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 11=193, 12=193.



🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE Design valid to use only design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED WITH REPORT PAGE MIT 475 164 (2010) and 164 (20
 Satisfies
 Ansi/TPH Qu

 Safety Information
 available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





OADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
CLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.19	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
CDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.16	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
CLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.05	Horz(CT)	0.00	9	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/T	PI2014	Matrix	k-S						Weight: 61 lb	FT = 20%

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

10 11 15

2x4 SP No.3 REACTIONS. All bearings 18-11-15.

Max Horz 1=60(LC 11) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 13, 10 except 1=-142(LC 19), 9=-117(LC 20), 2=-178(LC 12), 11=-127(LC 8), 8=-156(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 9 except 2=397(LC 19), 11=321(LC 23), 13=322(LC 23),

10=322(LC 24), 8=374(LC 24)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

OTHERS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 13, 10 except (jt=lb) 1=142, 9=117, 2=178, 11=127, 8=156.

10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

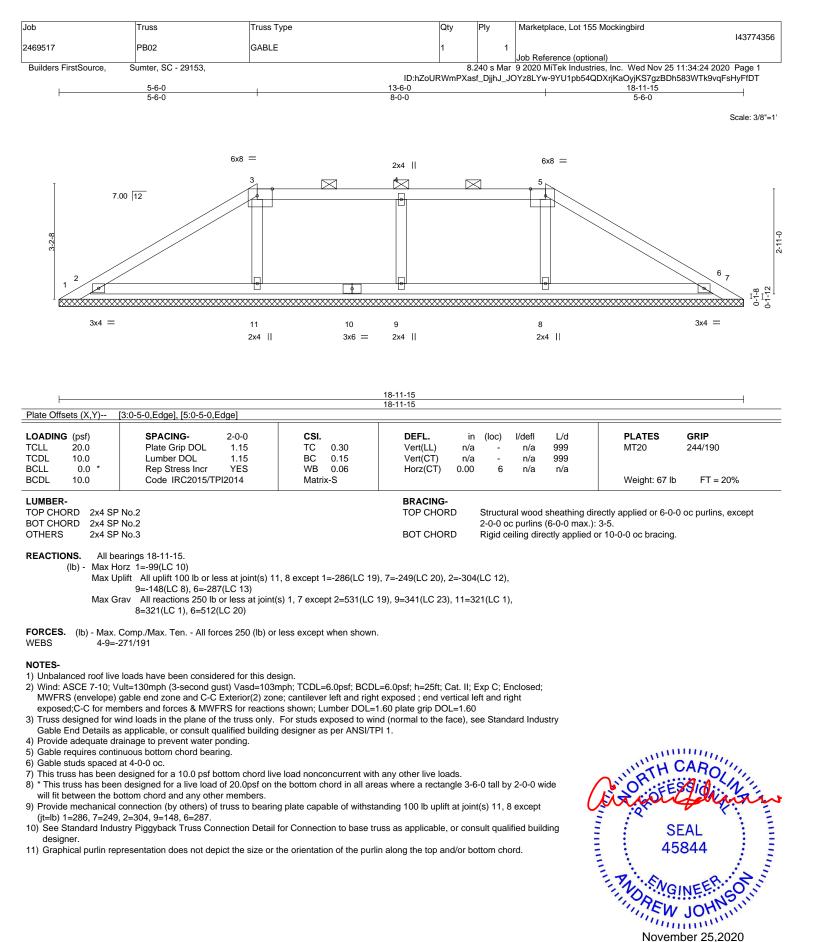
11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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 Satisfies
 Ansi/TPH Qu

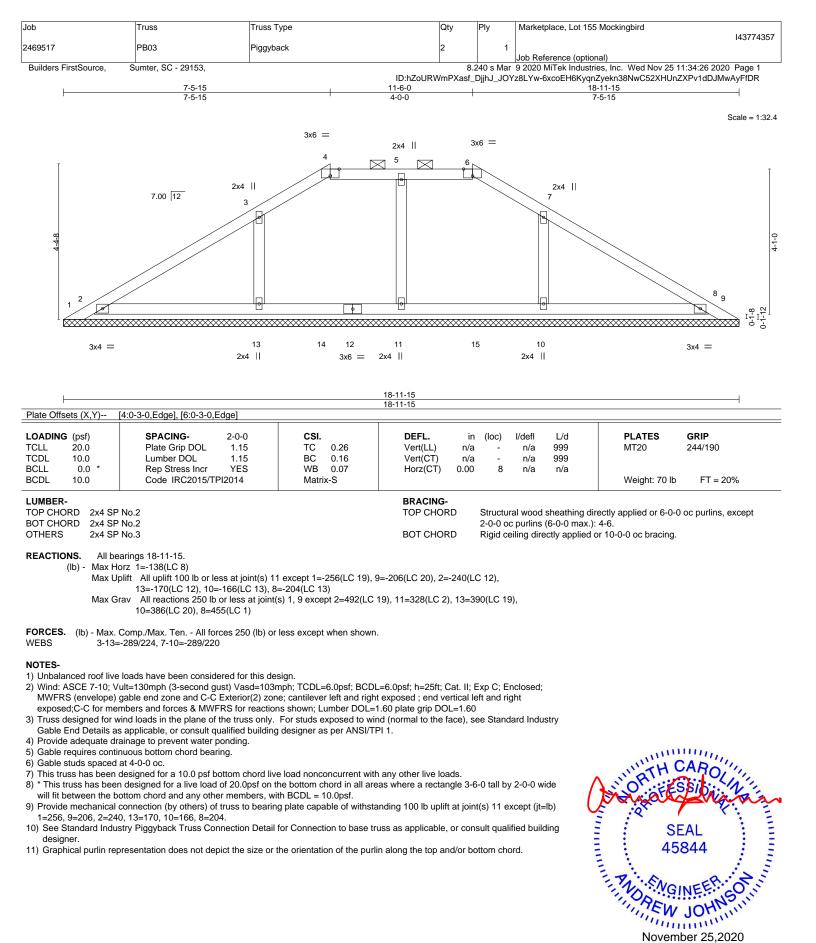
 Safety Information
 available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





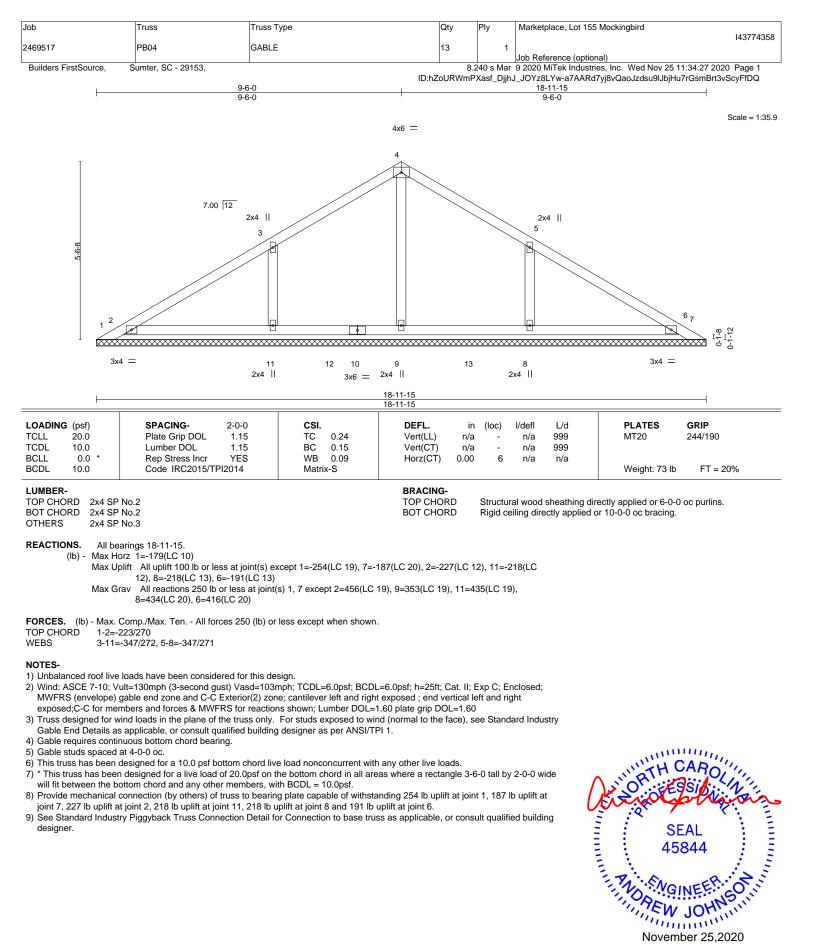
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A MiTek Affil 818 Soundside Road



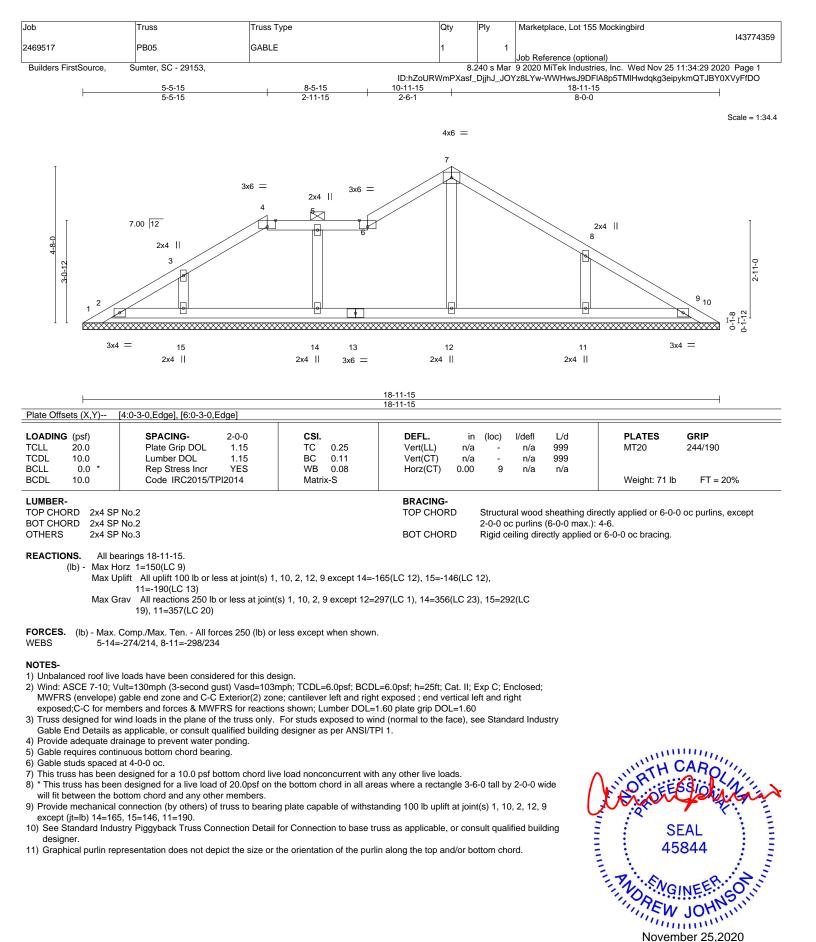






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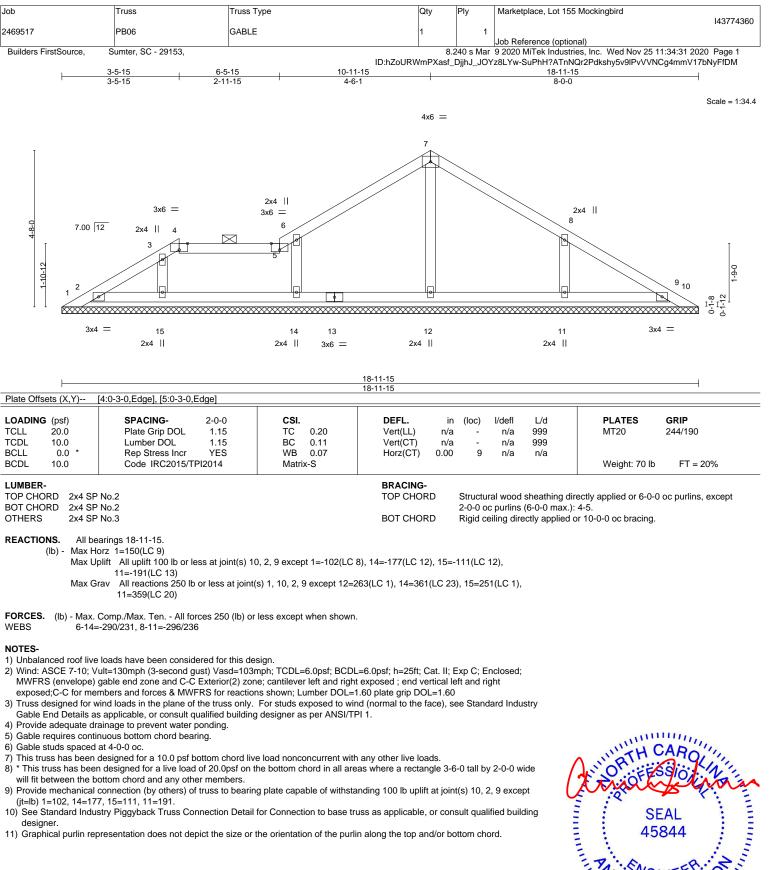




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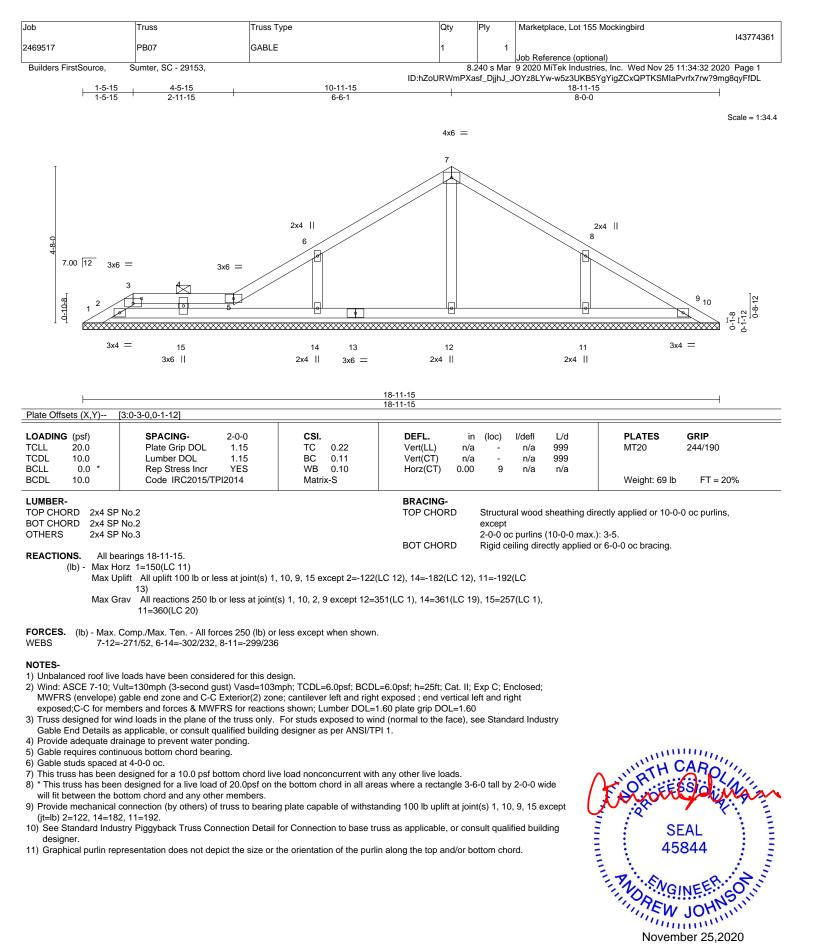




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Edenton, NC 27932

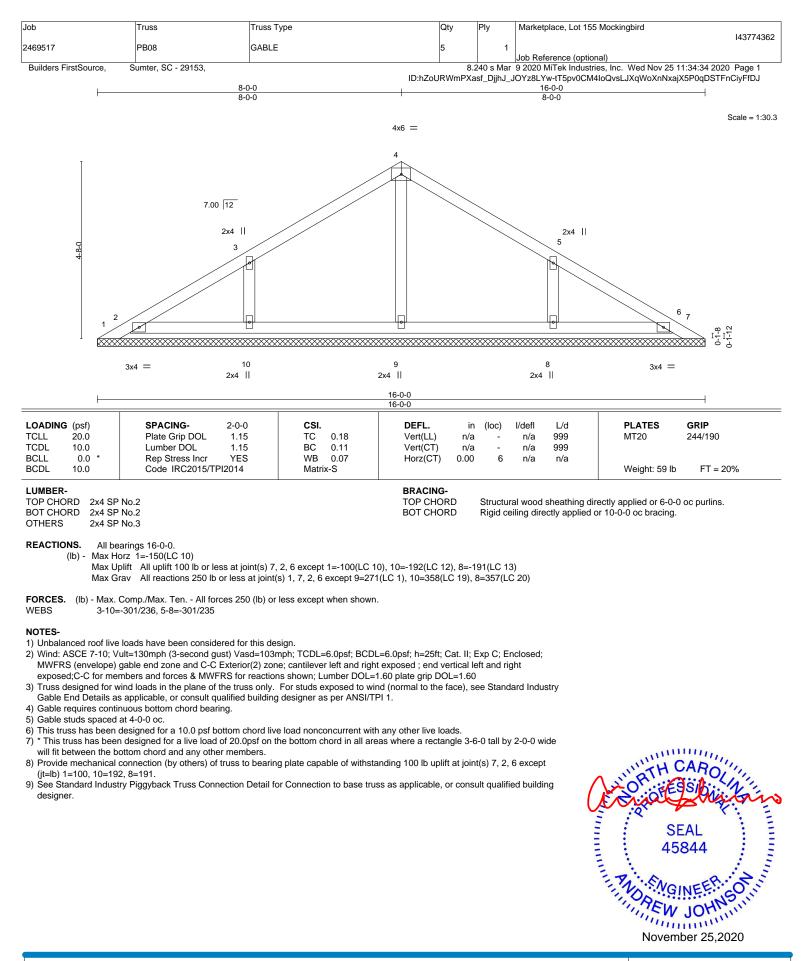
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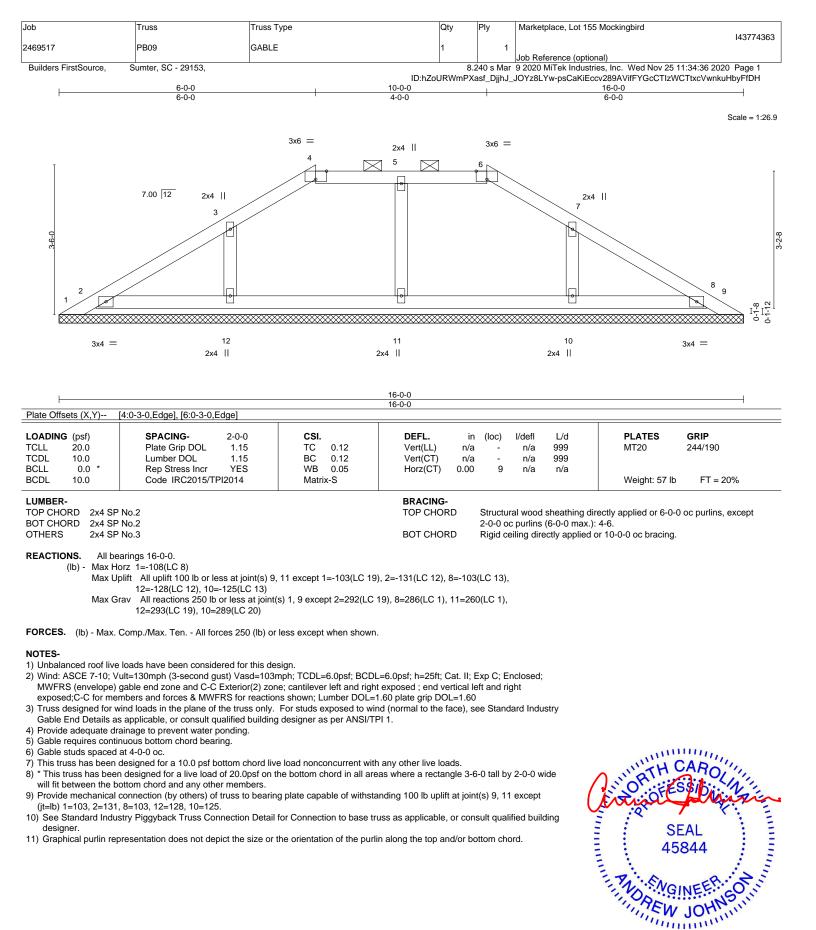


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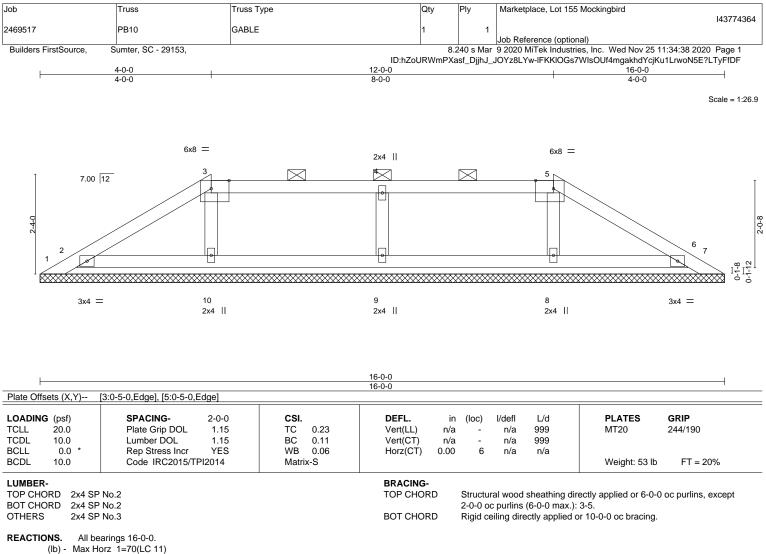


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TRENCO

November 25,2020





(lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 7, 10, 8 except 1=-115(LC 19), 2=-161(LC 12), 6=-150(LC 13), 9=-141(LC 8)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7 except 2=290(LC 19), 6=277(LC 20), 9=360(LC 23), 10=263(LC 1), 8=263(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WFBS 4-9=-278/212

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7, 10, 8 except (jt=lb) 1=115, 2=161, 6=150, 9=141.

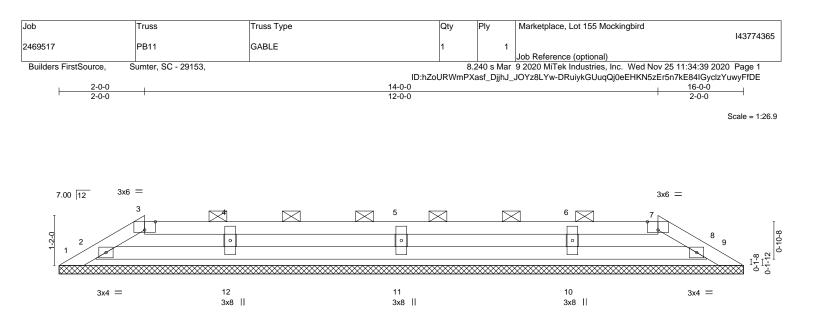
10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer

11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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Γ			16-0-0				1
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[3:0-3-0,Edge], [7:0-3-0,Edge]						
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYES	CSI. TC 0.19 BC 0.12 WB 0.06	DEFL. ir Vert(LL) n/z Vert(CT) n/z Horz(CT) 0.01	1 - 1 -	l/defl L/d n/a 999 n/a 999 n/a n/a	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S				Weight: 47 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP BOT CHORD 2x4 SP			BRACING- TOP CHORD		I wood sheathing dire purlins (6-0-0 max.):) oc purlins, except

16-0-0

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing

REACTIONS. All bearings 16-0-0.

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 9, 2, 12 except 11=-122(LC 9), 10=-103(LC 8)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 9, 2 except 11=328(LC 23), 12=289(LC 23), 10=330(LC 24)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
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9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 9, 2, 12 except (jt=lb) 11=122, 10=103.

10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

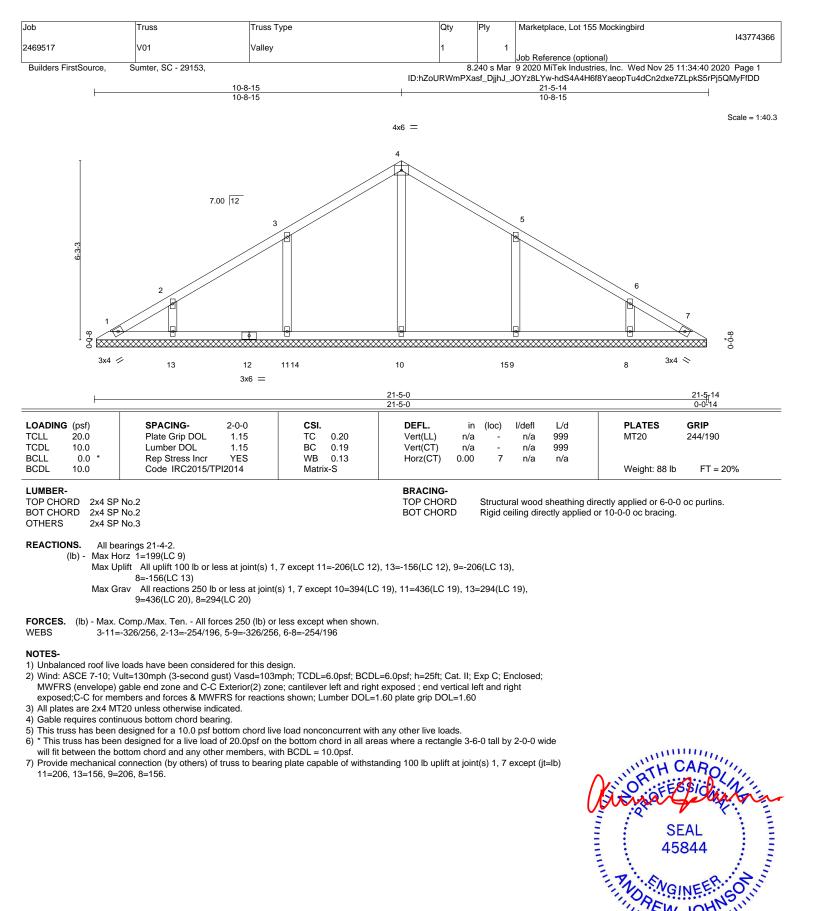


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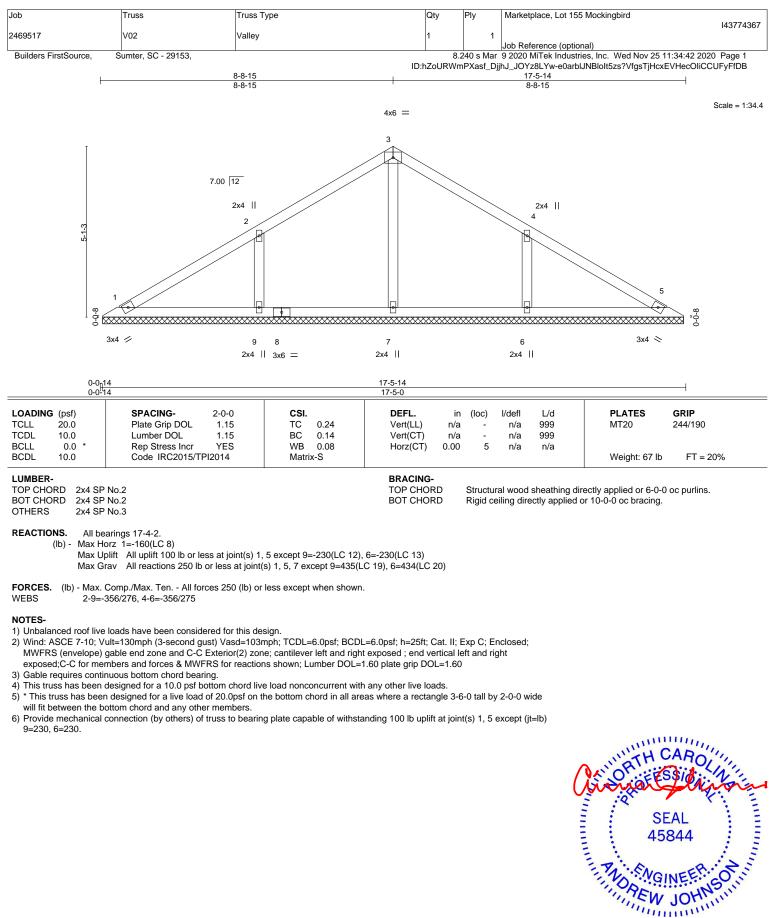
Max Horz 1=-31(LC 10) (lb) -



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November 25,2020

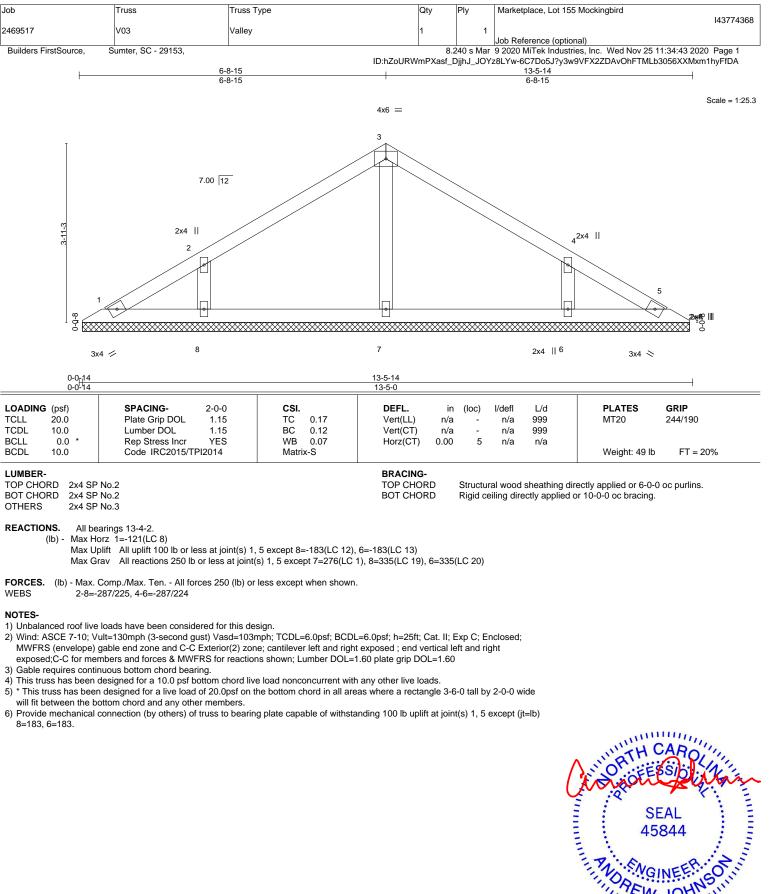
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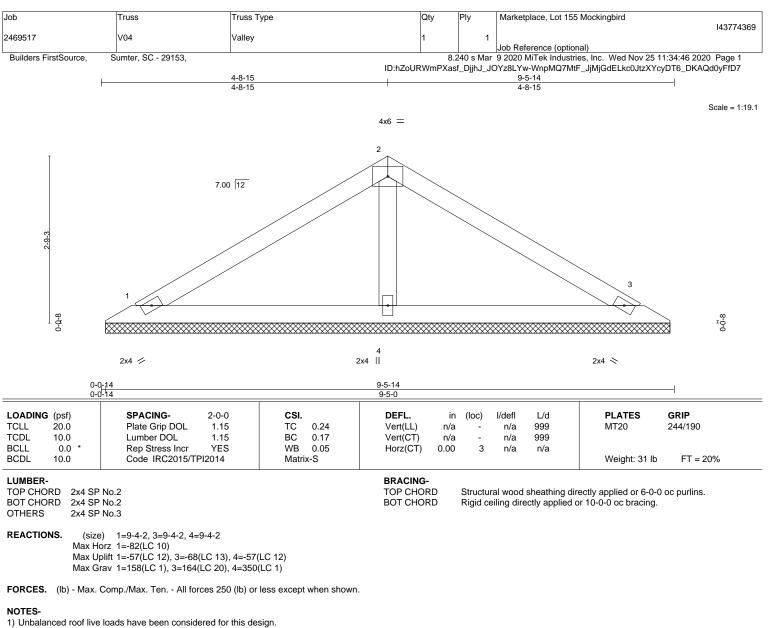






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2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right

exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide 5)

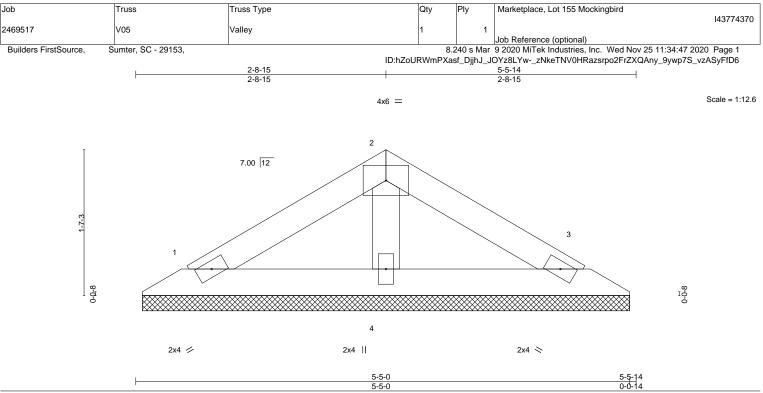
will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.



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		0-0-14	
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI. DEFL.	in (loc) I/defl L/d PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.08 Vert(LL)	n/a - n/a 999 MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.05 Vert(CT)	n/a - n/a 999
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.02 Horz(CT) 0	.00 3 n/a n/a
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P	Weight: 17 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

```
LUMBER-
```

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.2BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.2OTHERS2x4 SP No.3

 OTHERS
 2X4 SP No.3

 REACTIONS.
 (size)
 1=5-4-2, 3=5-4-2, 4=5-4-2

 Max Horz
 1=-43(1 C 10)

Max Horz 1=-43(LC 10) Max Uplift 1=-36(LC 12), 3=-42(LC 13), 4=-16(LC 12)

Max Grav 1=91(LC 1), 3=92(LC 20), 4=164(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed;

MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right

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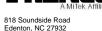
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.

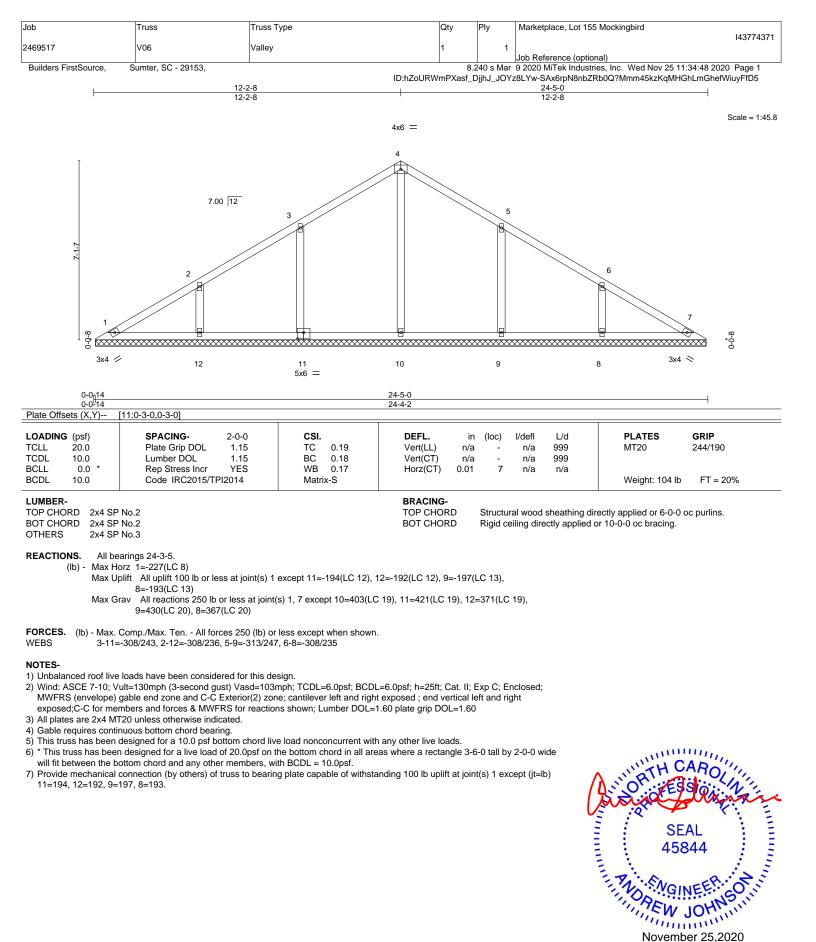


Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-5-14 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

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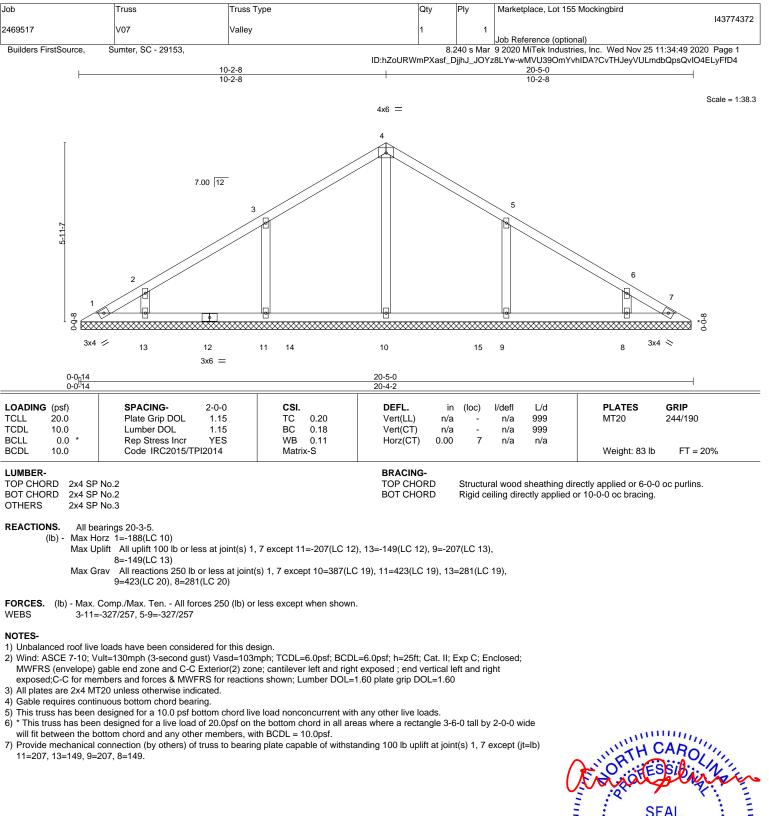




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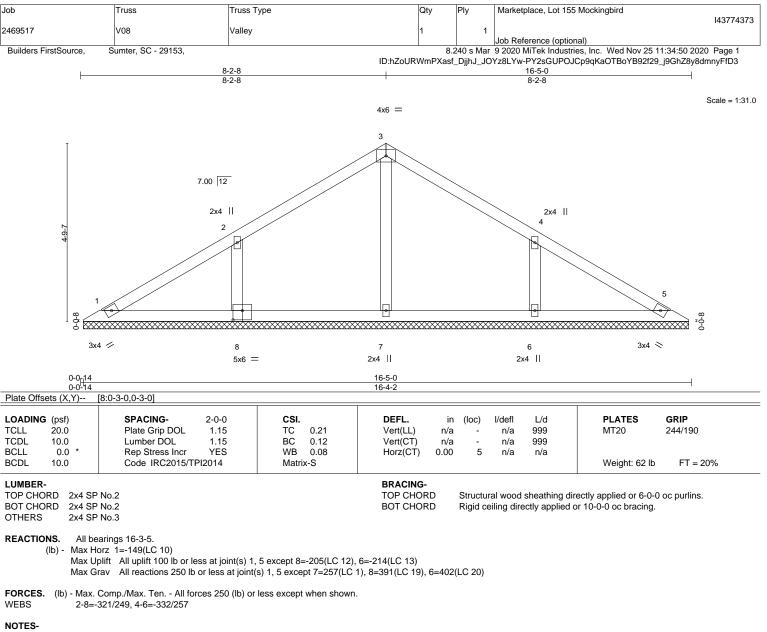
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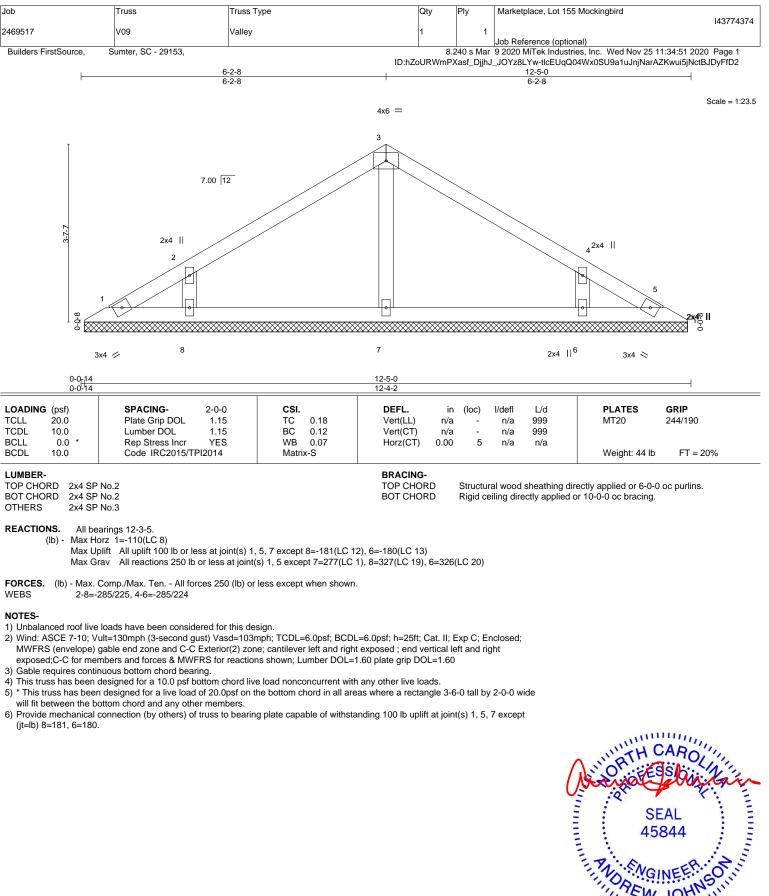


- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all a will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 8=205, 6=214.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSITTPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

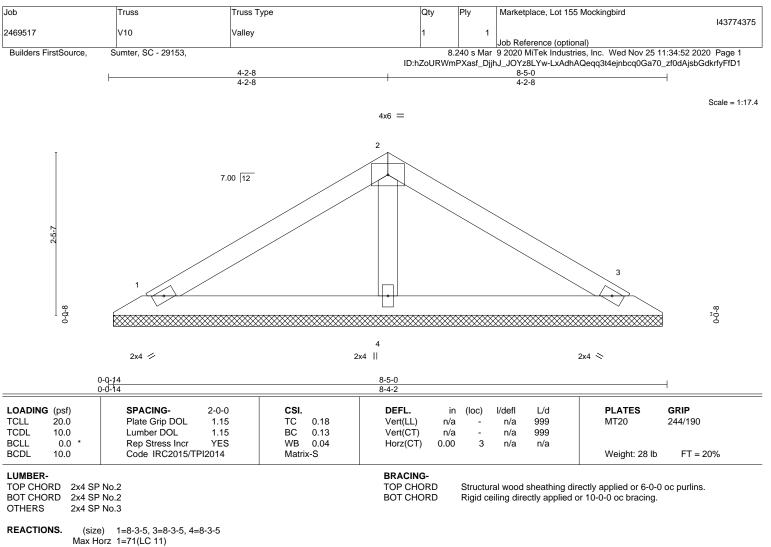






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Max Uplift 1=-50(LC 12), 3=-59(LC 13), 4=-50(LC 12)

Max Grav 1=138(LC 1), 3=143(LC 20), 4=305(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed;

MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right

exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide

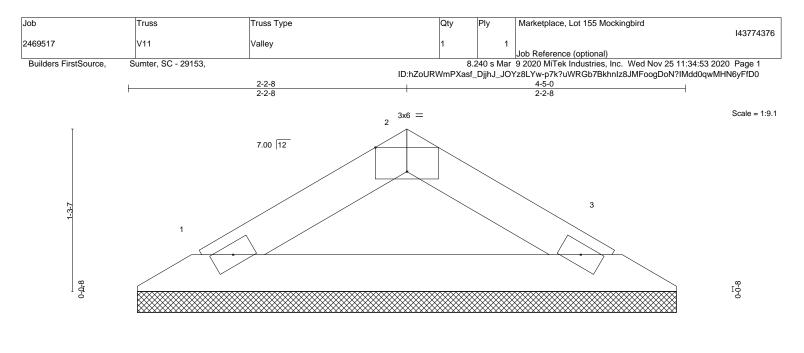
will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.



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2x4 💋

2x4 📎

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-5-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

	0- <u>0-14</u> 0-0-14				4-5-0 4-4-2						-
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-0,Edge]										
LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.05	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.13	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/T	PI2014	Matrix	k-P						Weight: 12 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-					BRACING-					1	

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. 1=4-3-5, 3=4-3-5 (size) Max Horz 1=-32(LC 10) Max Uplift 1=-33(LC 12), 3=-33(LC 13) Max Grav 1=130(LC 1), 3=130(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed;

MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right

exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide 5)

will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



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