

RE: J0920-4988 Lot 43 Summerlin **Trenco** 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Site Information:

Customer: Lot/Block:	Project Name:	J0920-4988
Address:		
Citv:		

Model: Subdivision: State:

General Truss Engineering Criteria & Design Loads (Individual Truss Design Drawings Show Special Loading Conditions):

Design Code: IRC2018/TPI2014 Wind Code: N/A Roof Load: 40.0 psf Design Program: MiTek 20/20 8.3 Wind Speed: 130 mph Floor Load: N/A psf

This package includes 29 individual, dated Truss Design Drawings and 0 Additional Drawings.

No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date	No.	Seal#	Truss Name	Date
1	E15070635	A1	11/24/2020	21	E15070655	K3	11/24/2020
2	E15070636	A1GE	11/24/2020	22	E15070656	PB1	11/24/2020
3	E15070637	A2	11/24/2020	23	E15070657	PB1GE	11/24/2020
4	E15070638	A2A	11/24/2020	24	E15070658	PB2	11/24/2020
5	E15070639	A2GE	11/24/2020	25	E15070659	PB2GE	11/24/2020
6	E15070640	B1	11/24/2020	26	E15070660	VG1	11/24/2020
7	E15070641	B1GE	11/24/2020	27	E15070661	VG2	11/24/2020
8	E15070642	C1	11/24/2020	28	E15070662	VG3	11/24/2020
9	E15070643	C1GE	11/24/2020	29	E15070663	VG4	11/24/2020
10	E15070644	D1	11/24/2020				
11	E15070645	D1GE	11/24/2020				
12	E15070646	G1	11/24/2020				
13	E15070647	G1GE	11/24/2020				
14	E15070648	G1GRD	11/24/2020				
15	E15070649	H1GE	11/24/2020				
16	E15070650	J1	11/24/2020				
17	E15070651	J1GE	11/24/2020				
18	E15070652	K1	11/24/2020				
19	E15070653	K1GE	11/24/2020				
20	E15070654	K2	11/24/2020				

The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by

Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision

based on the parameters provided by Comtech, Inc - Fayetteville.

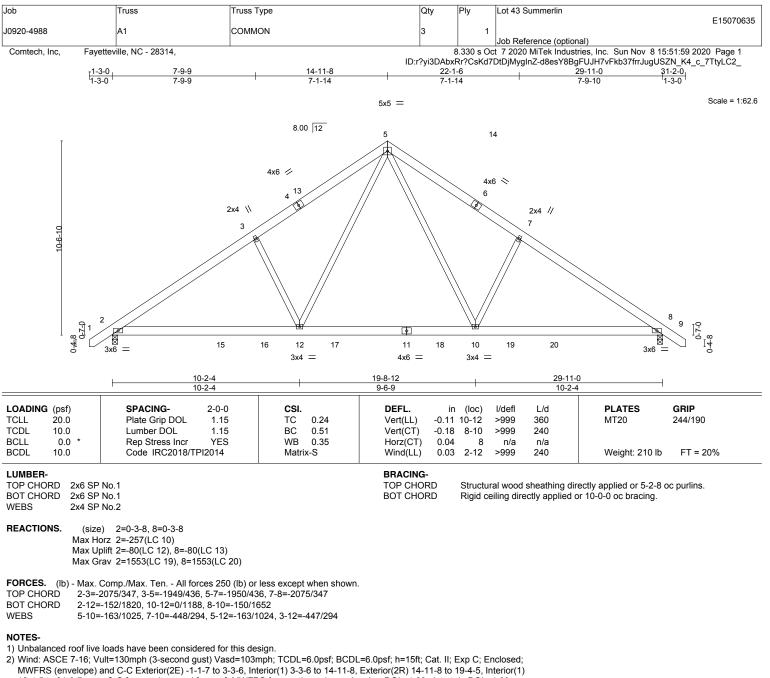
Truss Design Engineer's Name: Gilbert, Eric

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2020

North Carolina COA: C-0844

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for TRENCO customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.





19-4-5 to 31-0-7 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

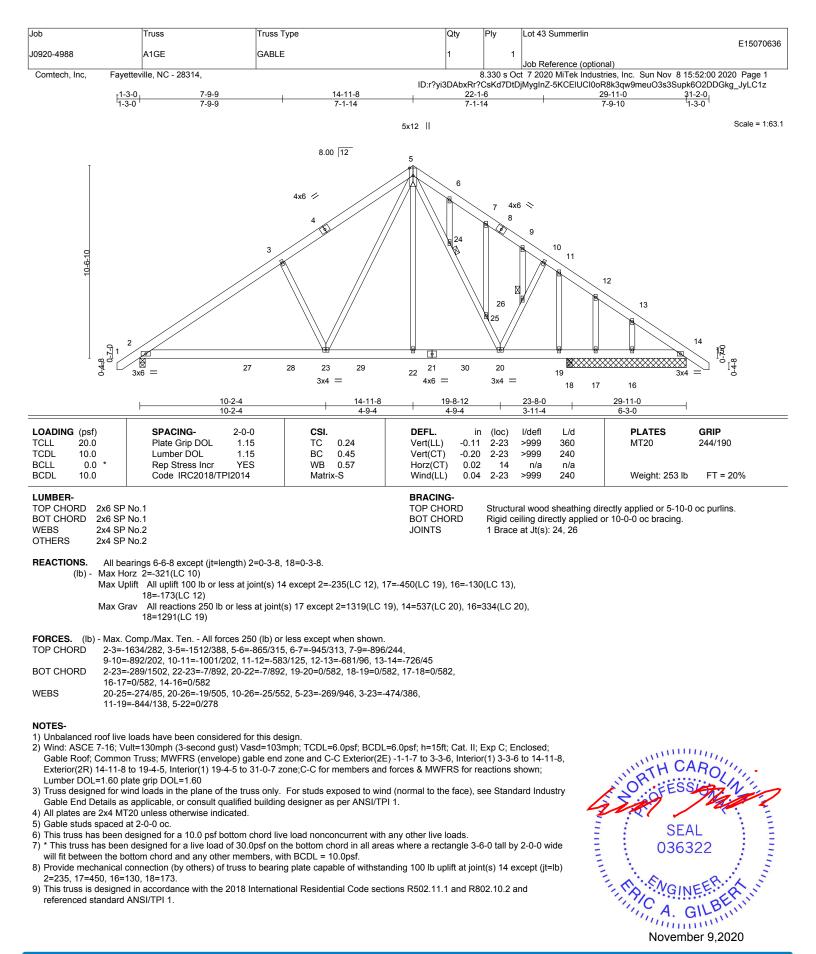
5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 80 lb uplift at joint 2 and 80 lb uplift at joint 8.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



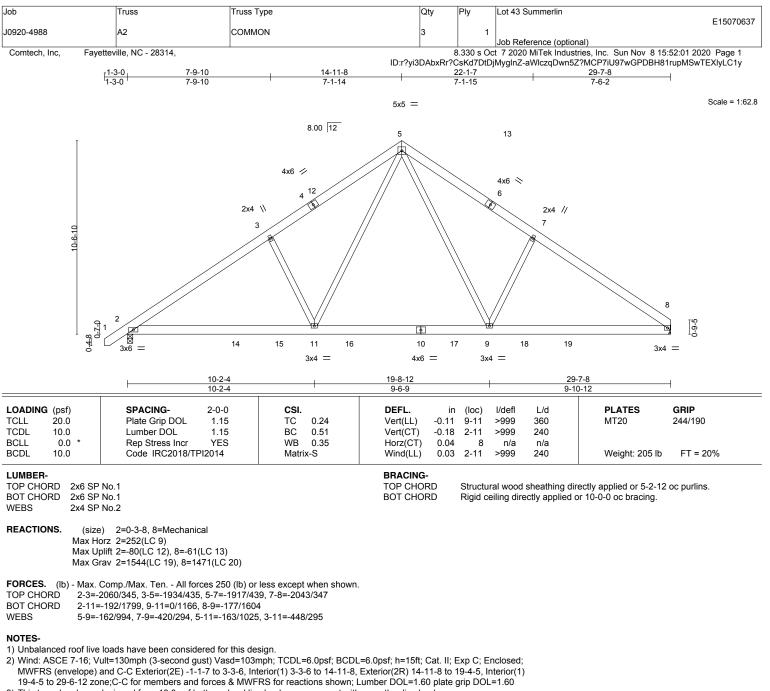
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





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818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8.

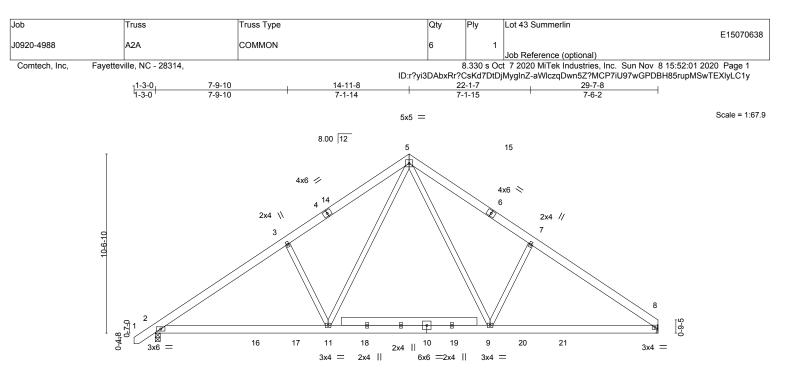
7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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		10-2-4 10-2-4			19-8-12 9-6-9				29-7-8 9-10-12		
_OADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.24	Vert(LL)	-0.10	9-11	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.50	Vert(CT)	-0.18	2-11	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.35	Horz(CT)	0.04	8	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TI	PI2014	Matrix	-S	Wind(LL)	0.03	2-11	>999	240	Weight: 223 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

 TOP CHORD
 2x6 SP No.1

 BOT CHORD
 2x6 SP No.1

 WEBS
 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

 12-13: 2x6 SP No.1

BRACING-	
TOP CHORD	
BOT CHORD	

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-2-15 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

 REACTIONS.
 (size)
 2=0-3-8, 8=Mechanical

 Max Horz
 2=252(LC 9)

 Max Uplift
 2=-80(LC 12), 8=-61(LC 13)

 Max Grav
 2=1537(LC 19), 8=1464(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- TOP CHORD 2-3=-2046/345, 3-5=-1921/435, 5-7=-1904/439, 7-8=-2030/347
- BOT CHORD 2-11=-192/1789, 9-11=0/1159, 8-9=-177/1594
- WEBS 5-9=-162/986, 7-9=-420/294, 5-11=-163/1017, 3-11=-448/295

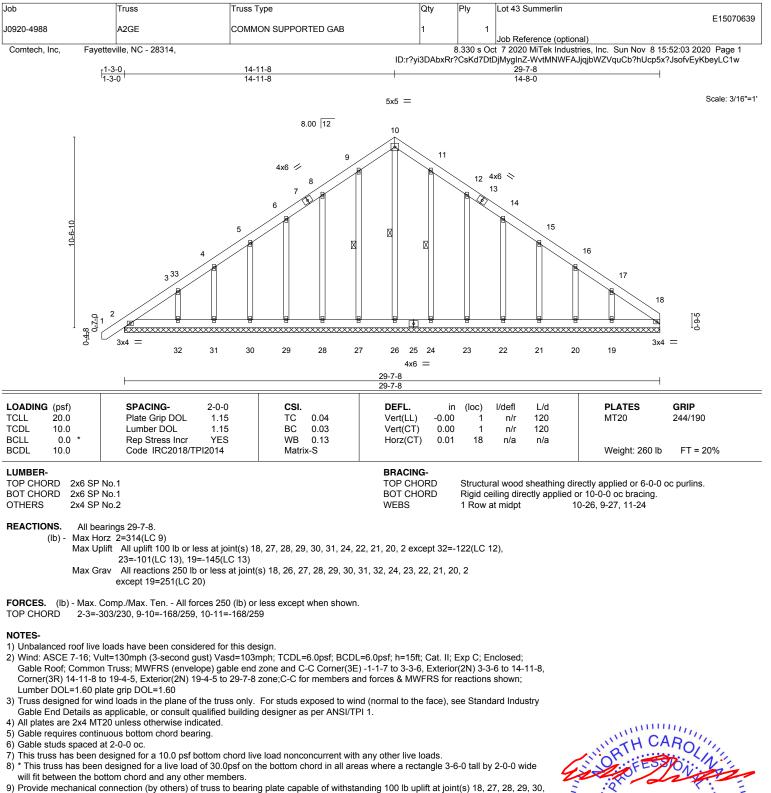
NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-1-7 to 3-3-6, Interior(1) 3-3-6 to 14-11-8, Exterior(2R) 14-11-8 to 19-4-5, Interior(1) 19-4-5 to 29-6-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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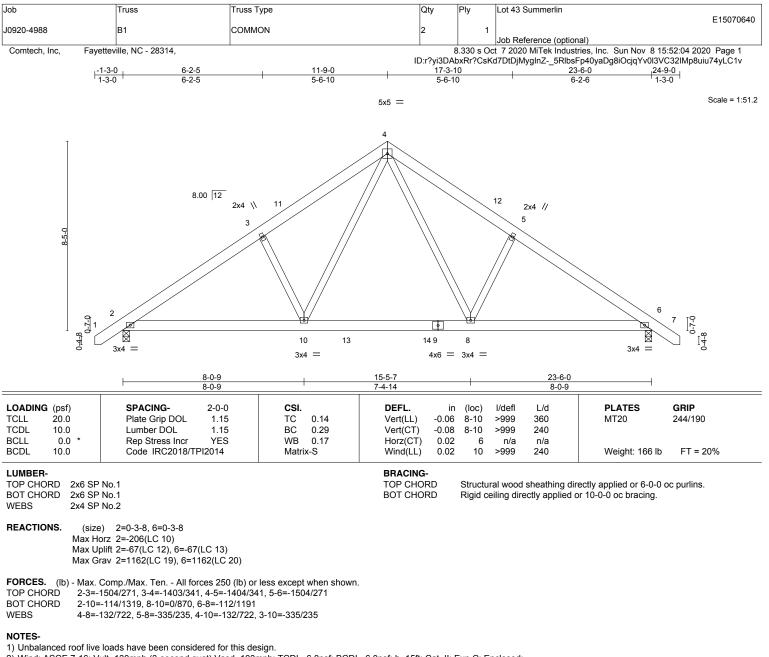
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 18, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 24, 22, 21, 20, 2 except (jt=lb) 32=122, 23=101, 19=145.
- 10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 18.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

SEAL 036322 A. GILBER November 9,2020



Edenton, NC 27932

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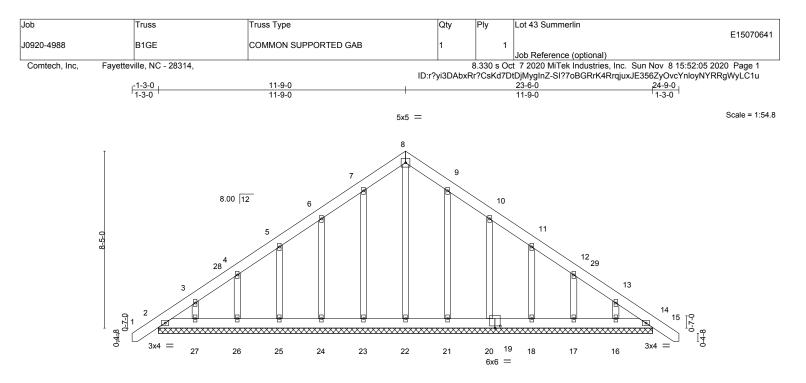
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-1-7 to 3-3-6, Interior(1) 3-3-6 to 11-9-0, Exterior(2R) 11-9-0 to 16-1-13, Interior(1) 16-1-13 to 24-7-7 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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23	-0-	٠U
23	-6.	.0

CLL 20.0 Plat	te Grip DOL 1.15 TC				
		0.04 Vert(LL) -0	.00 14 n/r	120 MT20	244/190
CDL 10.0 Lum	nber DOL 1.15 BC	0.02 Vert(CT) -0	.00 14 n/r	120	
CLL 0.0 * Rep	Stress Incr YES WB	0.16 Horz(CT) (.00 14 n/a	n/a	
CDL 10.0 Cod	de IRC2018/TPI2014 Mat	rix-S		Weight: 192 I	lb FT = 20%

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 23-6-0.

2x4 SP No 2

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-257(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 21, 20, 18, 17, 16, 14 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 21, 20, 18, 17, 16, 14

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

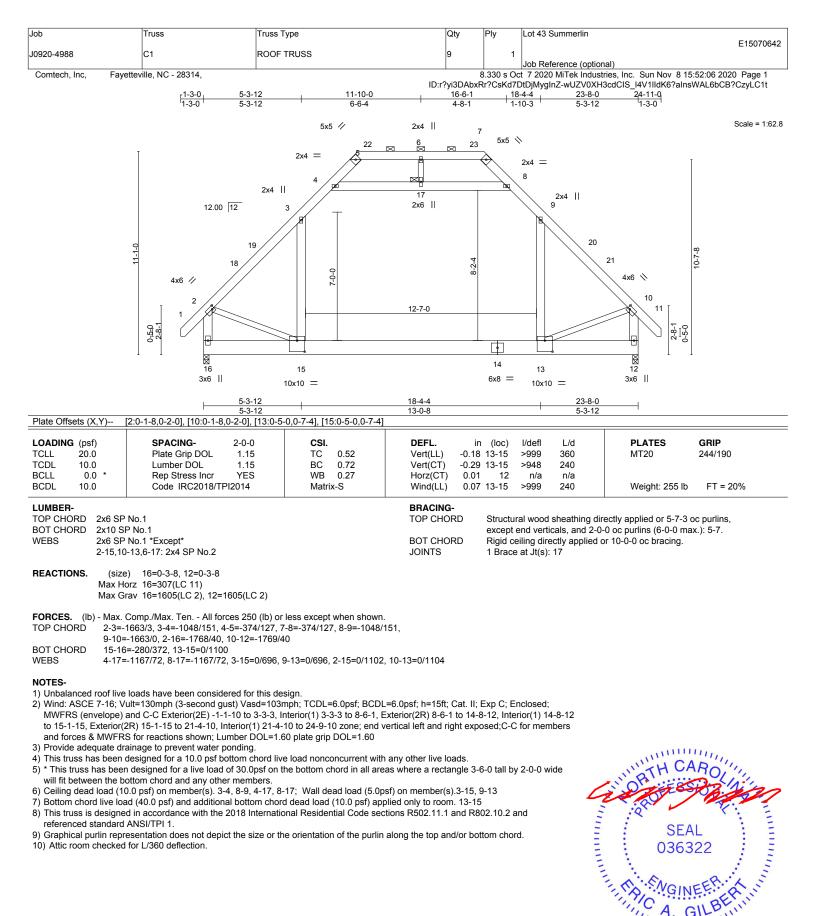
OTHERS

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -1-1-7 to 3-3-6, Exterior(2N) 3-3-6 to 11-9-0, Corner(3R) 11-9-0 to 16-1-13, Exterior(2N) 16-1-13 to 24-7-7 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 21, 20, 18, 17, 16, 14.
- 10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 14.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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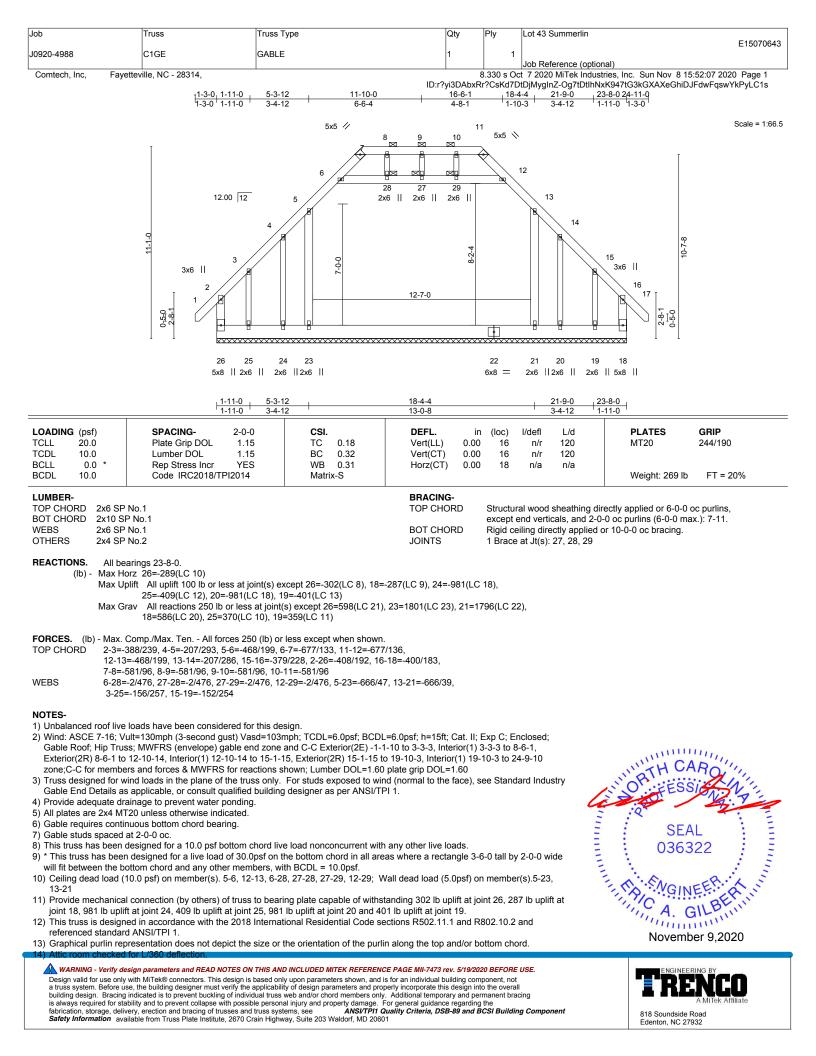
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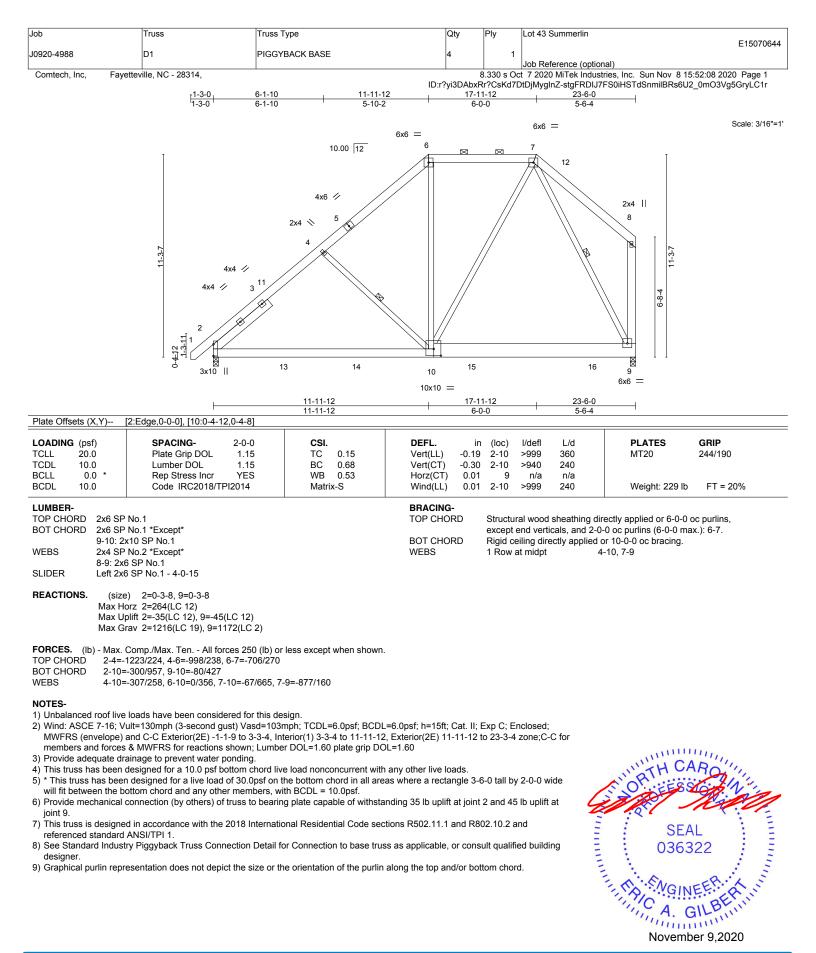


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November 9,2020

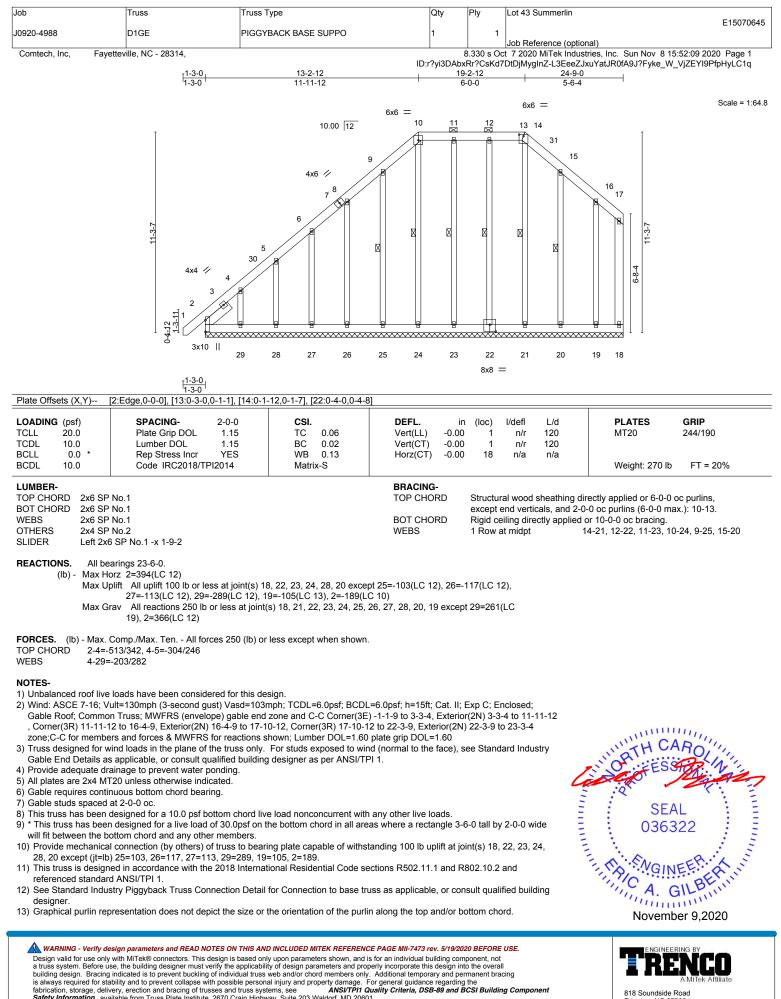




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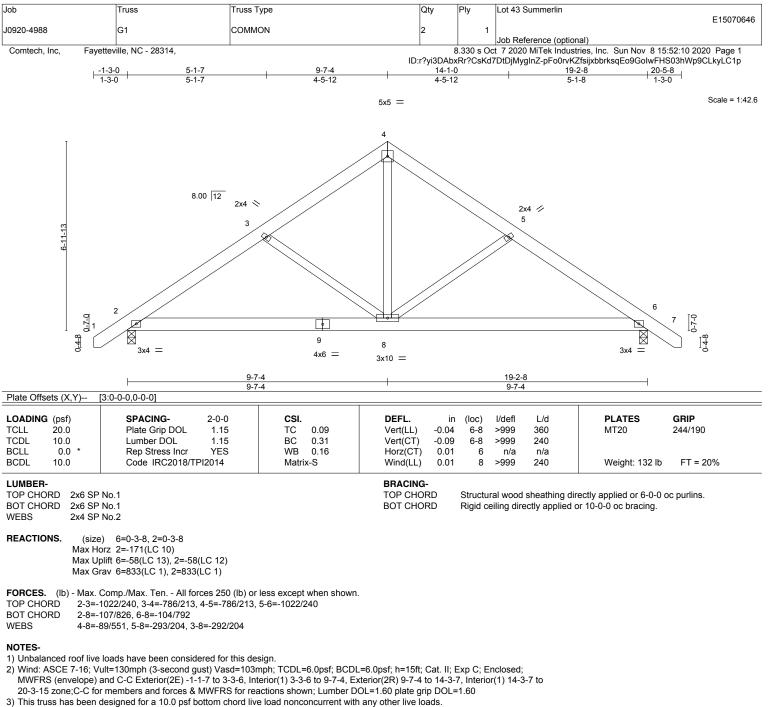
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⁸¹⁸ Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



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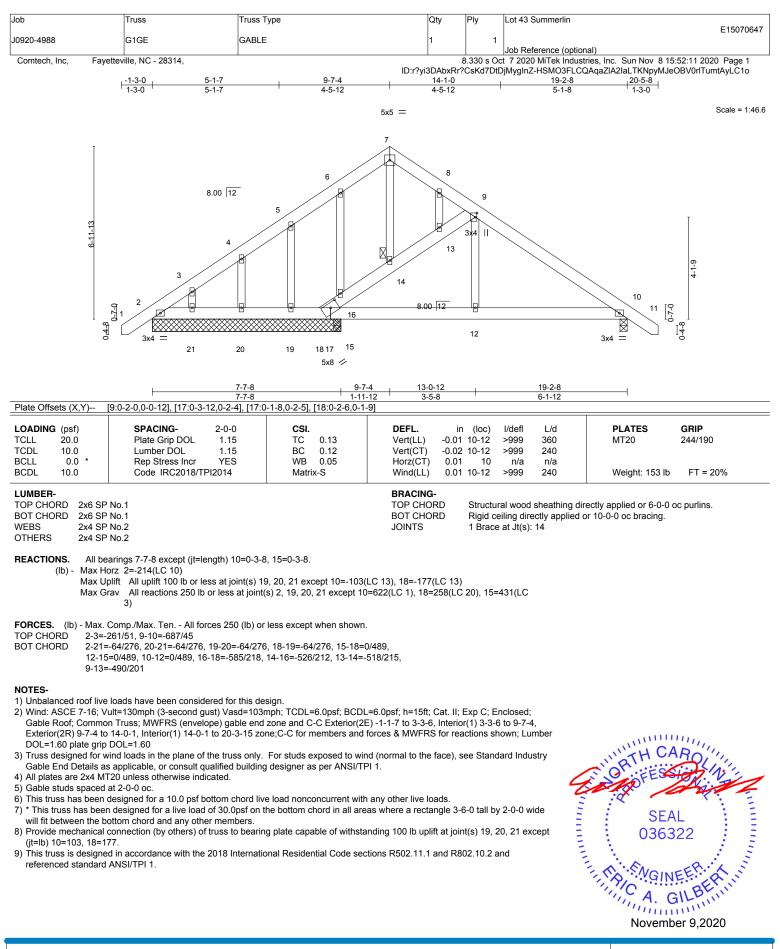
5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 2.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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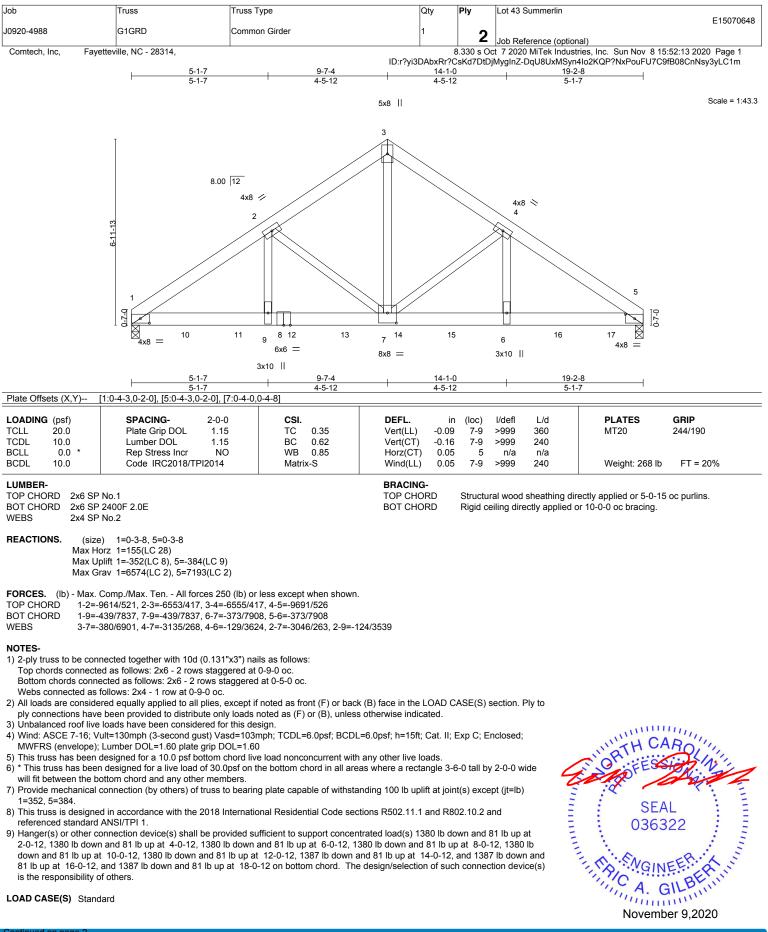




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Continued on page 2

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Lot 43 Summerlin	
						E15070648
J0920-4988	G1GRD	Common Girder	1	2		
				_	Job Reference (optional)	
Comtech, Inc,	Fayetteville, NC - 28314,			8.330 s Oc	t 7 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Sun Nov 8 15:52:"	13 2020 Page 2
	-		ID:r?yi3DAbxRr?(CsKd7DtDj	MygInZ-DqU8UxMSyn4Io2KQP?NxPouFU7C9fB08	3CnNsy3yLC1m

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

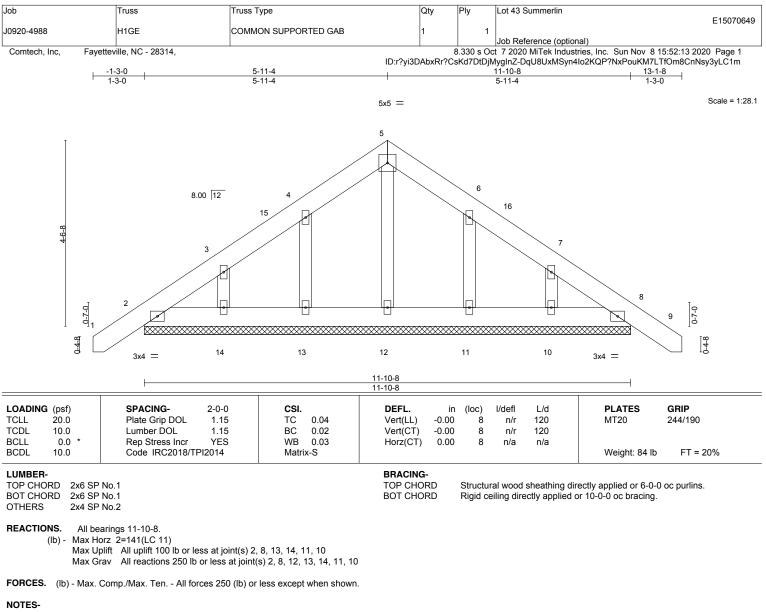
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-5=-60, 1-5=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 6=-1155(B) 10=-1155(B) 11=-1155(B) 12=-1155(B) 13=-1155(B) 14=-1155(B) 15=-1155(B) 16=-1155(B) 17=-1155(B)

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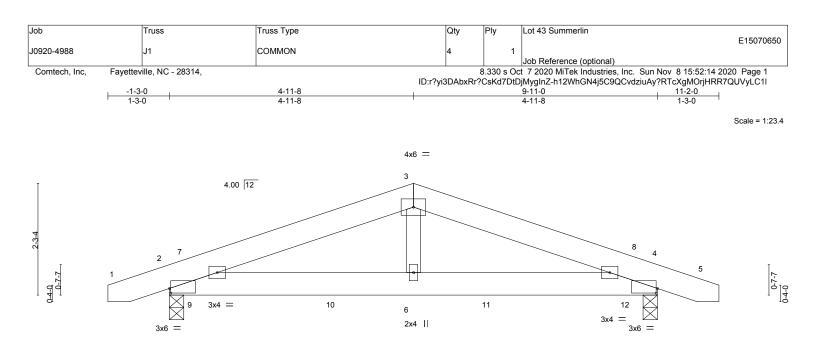
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -1-1-7 to 3-3-6, Exterior(2N) 3-3-6 to 5-11-4, Corner(3R) 5-11-4 to 10-4-1, Exterior(2N) 10-4-1 to 12-11-15 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide
- will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10
- 10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 8.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TREERING BY A MITEK Affiliate 818 Soundside Road

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		<u>4-11-8</u> 4-11-8		9-11- 4-11-			
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-0-5,0-1-2], [4:0-0-5,0-1-2]	1					
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCodeIRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.13 BC 0.11 WB 0.05 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) -0.0 Vert(CT) -0.0 Horz(CT) 0.0 Wind(LL) 0.0	1 6 >999 0 4 n/a	360 240 n/a	-	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
BOT CHORD 2x6 S	P No.1 P No.1 P No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD		0	irectly applied or 6-0-0 or 10-0-0 oc bracing.	oc purlins.
Max I Max I	ze) 2=0-3-8, 4=0-3-8 Horz 2=24(LC 12) Jplift 2=-182(LC 8), 4=-182(LC 9) Grav 2=455(LC 1), 4=455(LC 1)						
TOP CHORD 2-3=	. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) 633/520, 3-4=-633/519 403/545, 4-6=-403/545	or less except when shown.					

NOTES-

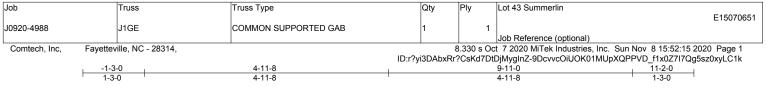
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-5 to 3-4-8, Interior(1) 3-4-8 to 4-11-8, Exterior(2R) 4-11-8 to 9-4-5, Interior(1) 9-4-5 to 10-11-5 zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=182. 4=182.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

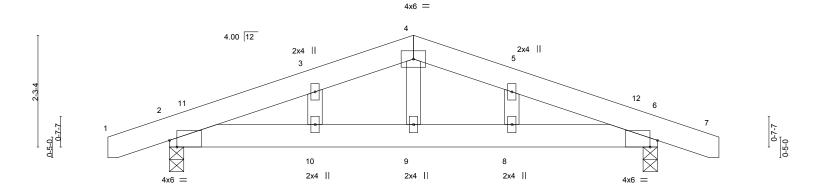


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Scale = 1:23.4



ate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-1-13,Edge], [6:0-1-1	3,Edge]	1		1						
OADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.09	Vert(LL)	0.01	10	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.11	Vert(CT)	-0.01	10	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.04	Horz(CT)	0.00	6	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TI	PI2014	Matri	x-S						Weight: 58 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-					BRACING-						
TOP CHORD 2x6 SP	No.1				TOP CHOP	D	Structu	ral wood	sheathing di	rectly applied or 6-0-0	oc purlins.
BOT CHORD 2x6 SP	No.1				BOT CHOF	D	Rigid c	eiling dire	ectly applied	or 10-0-0 oc bracing.	
OTHERS 2x4 SP	No.2										

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 6=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=41(LC 12) Max Uplift 2=-265(LC 8), 6=-265(LC 9) Max Grav 2=463(LC 1), 6=463(LC 1)

 FORCES.
 (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 TOP CHORD
 2-3=-625/537, 3-4=-573/589, 4-5=-573/588, 5-6=-625/536

BOT CHORD 2-10=-402/541, 9-10=-402/541, 8-9=-402/541, 6-8=-402/541

NOTES-

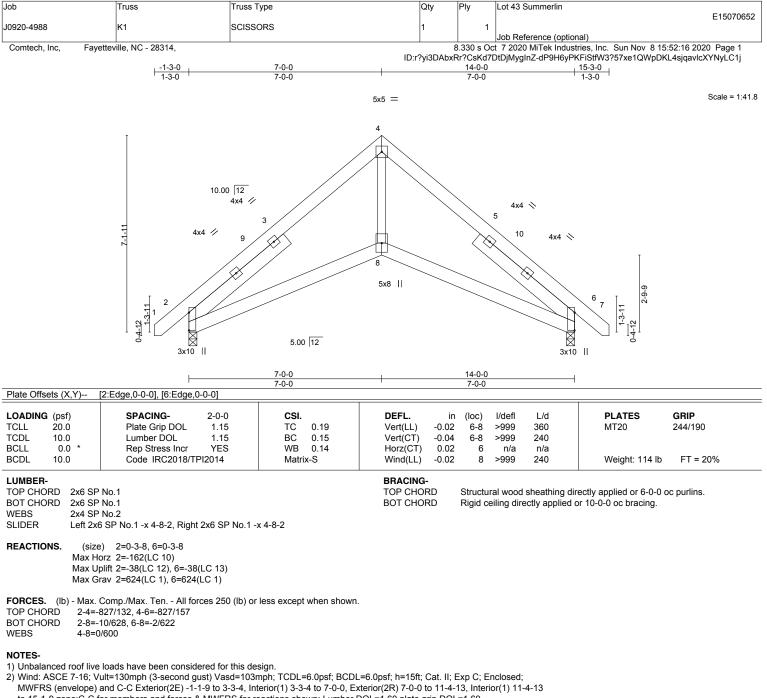
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -1-1-13 to 2-11-8, Exterior(2N) 2-11-8 to 4-11-8, Corner(3R) 4-11-8 to 9-4-5, Exterior(2N) 9-4-5 to 11-0-13 zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=265, 6=265.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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to 15-1-9 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Bearing at joint(s) 2, 6 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6.
7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

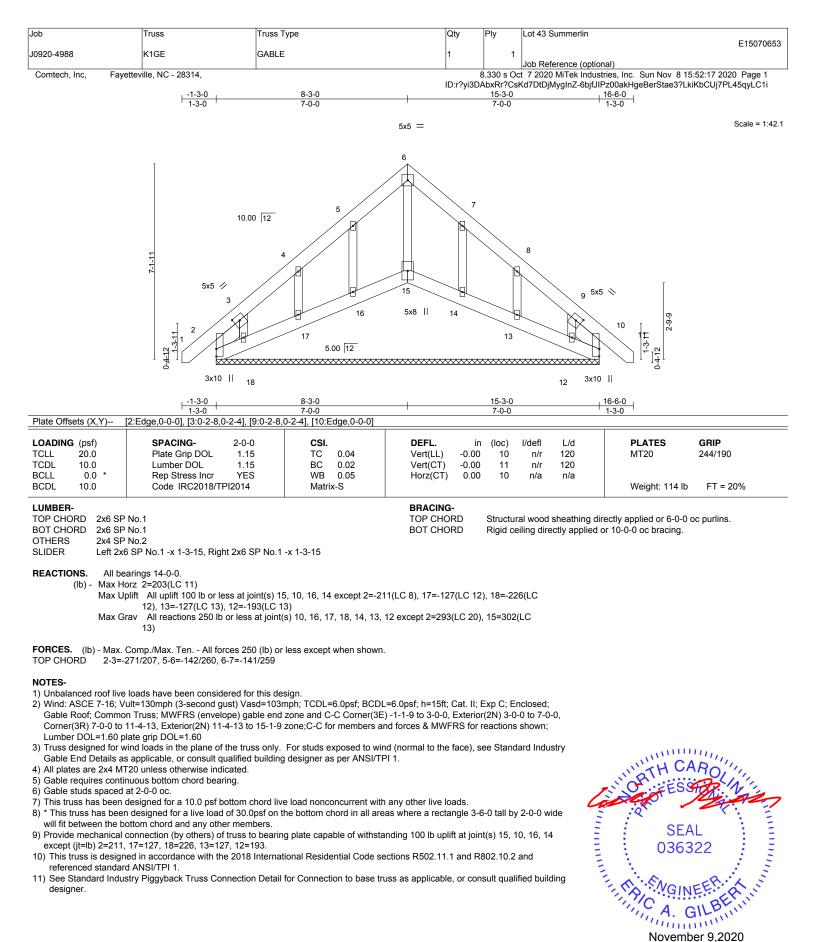
8) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



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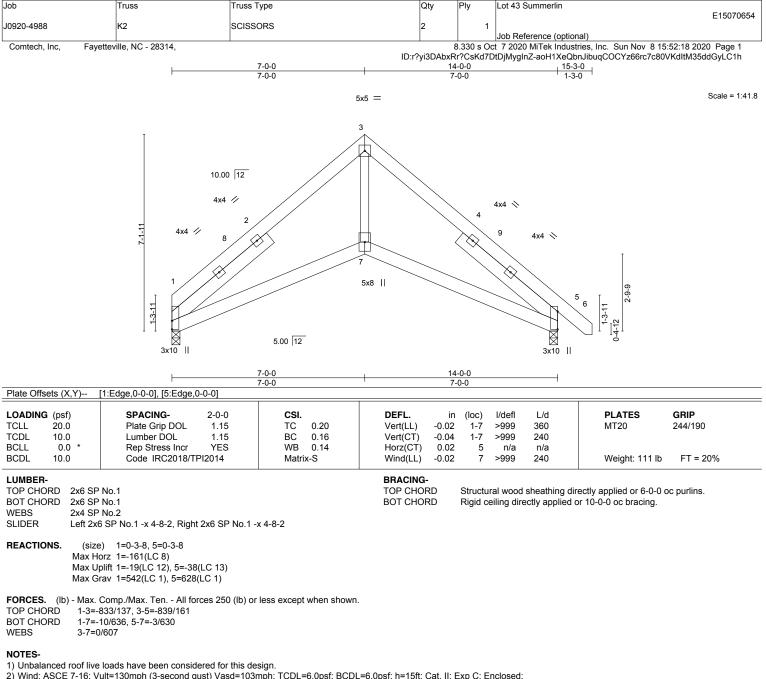


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2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-2-2 to 4-6-15, Interior(1) 4-6-15 to 7-0-0, Exterior(2R) 7-0-0 to 11-4-13, Interior(1) 11-4-13 to 15-1-9 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Bearing at joint(s) 1, 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5.

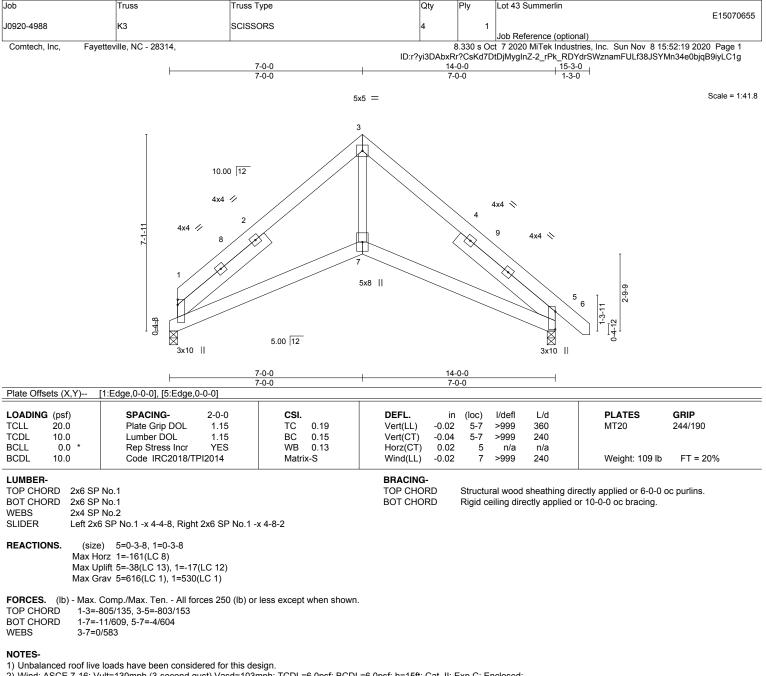
7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-5-10 to 4-10-7, Interior(1) 4-10-7 to 7-0-0, Exterior(2R) 7-0-0 to 11-4-13, Interior(1) 11-4-13 to 15-1-9 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Bearing at joint(s) 5, 1 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

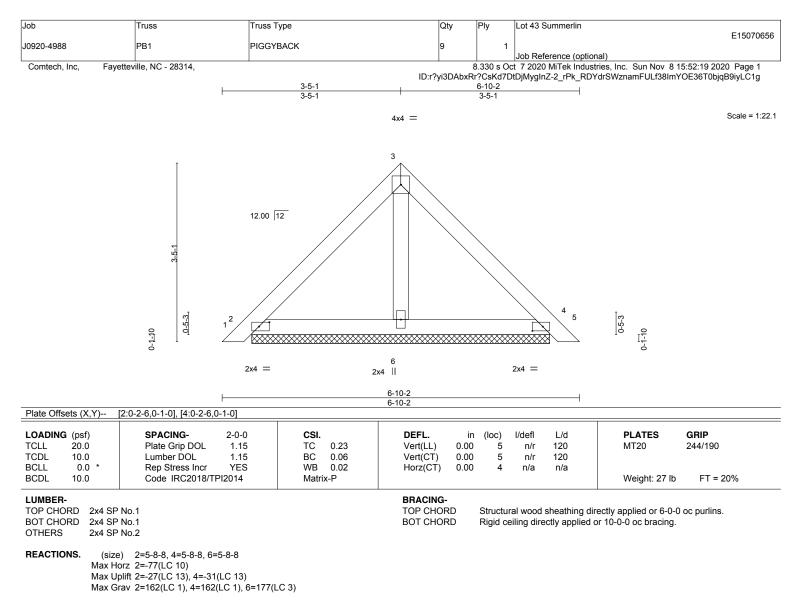
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 1.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

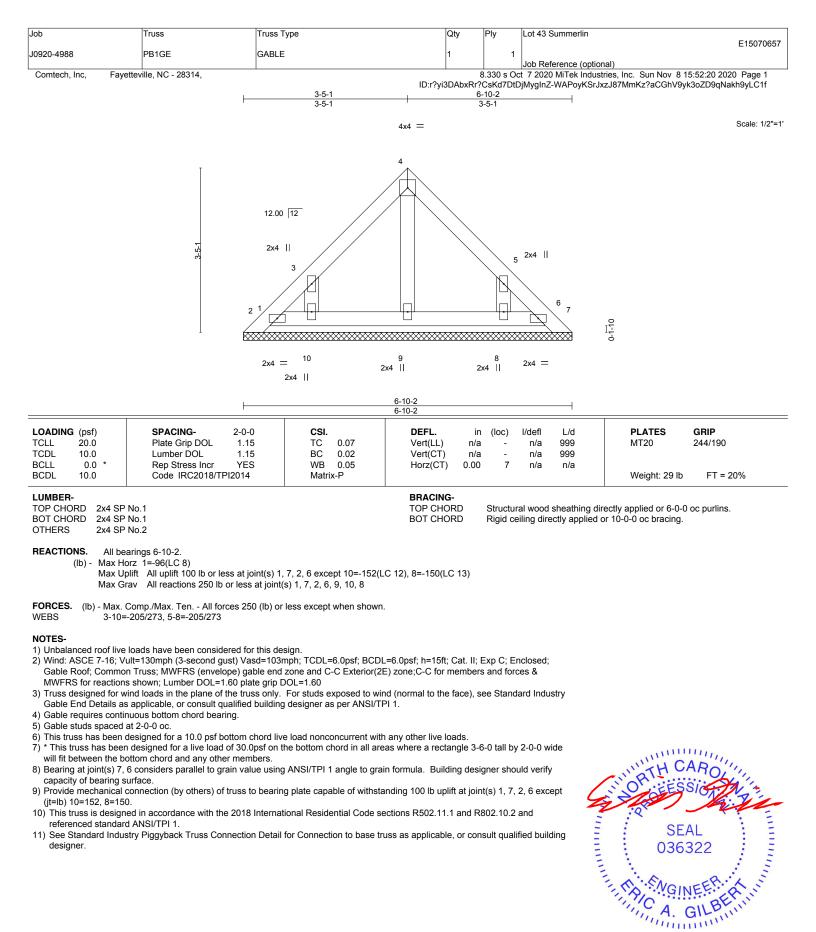
NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



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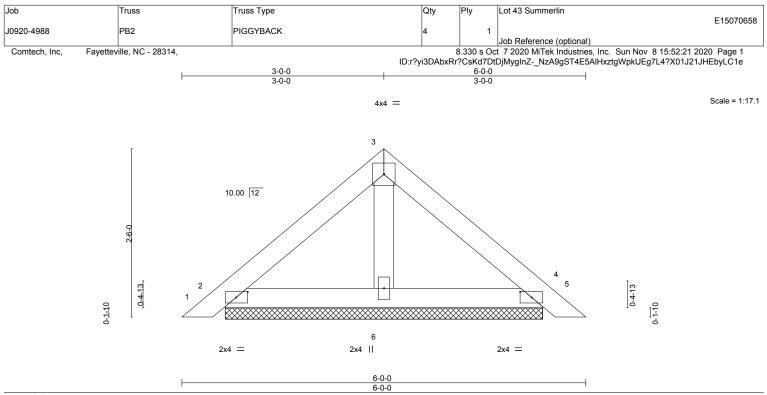




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818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

November 9,2020



DL 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.04	Vert(LL) 0.00 5 n/r 120 Vert(CT) 0.00 5 n/r 120	MT20 244/190
CLL 0.0 * Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.01 CDL 10.0 Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Matrix-P	Horz(CT) 0.00 4 n/a n/a	Weight: 21 lb FT = 20%

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (size) 2=4-8-9, 4=4-8-9, 6=4-8-9

Max Horz 2=-55(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-23(LC 12), 4=-28(LC 13)

Max Grav 2=136(LC 1), 4=136(LC 1), 6=155(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



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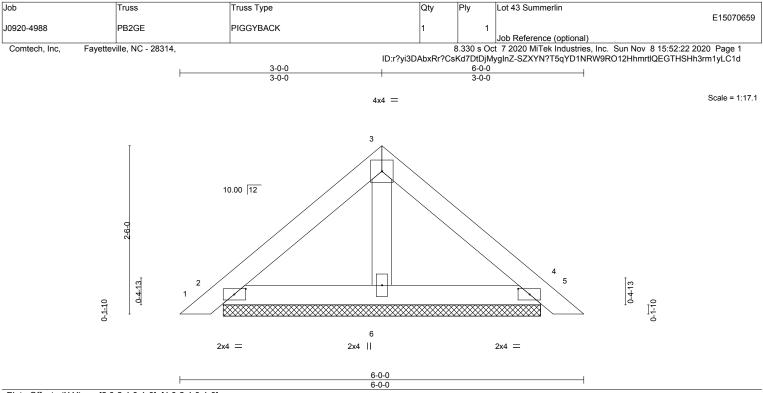


Plate Offsets (X,Y)	2:0-2-1,0-1-0], [4:0-2-1,0-1-0]					
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.12 BC 0.04 WB 0.01 Matrix-P	DEFL. in Vert(LL) 0.00 Vert(CT) 0.00 Horz(CT) 0.00	5	l/defl L/d n/r 120 n/r 120 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 21 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP BOT CHORD 2x4 SP			BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD		ral wood sheathing di eiling directly applied	rectly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 1 OTHERS 2x4 SP No 2

REACTIONS. (size) 2=4-8-9, 4=4-8-9, 6=4-8-9

Max Horz 2=-55(LC 10)

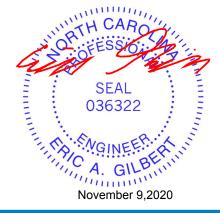
Max Uplift 2=-23(LC 12), 4=-28(LC 13)

Max Grav 2=136(LC 1), 4=136(LC 1), 6=155(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

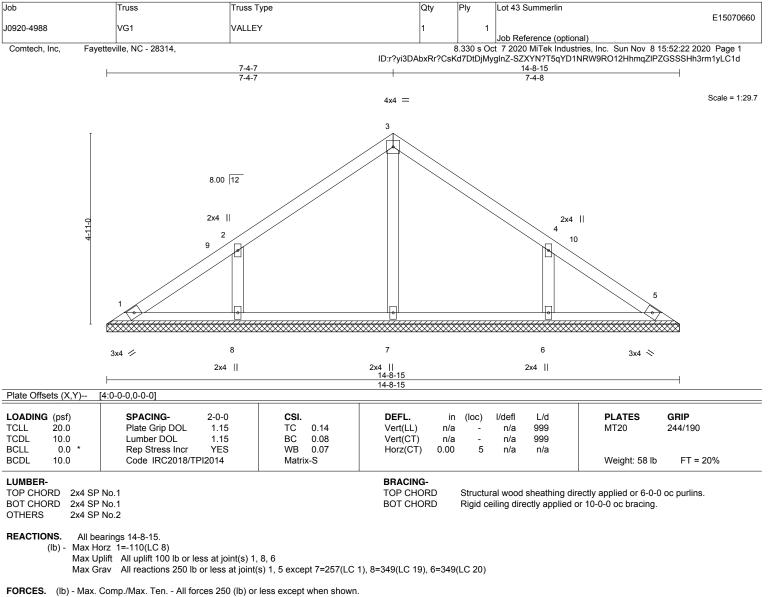
NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



🛕 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. AMAINING - Verify design parameters and HEAD NOTES ON THIS AND INCLODED MITER HEPERENCE PAGE MIT-14's rev. or 19/20/20 Der OFE 052. Design valid for use only with MITER® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





WEBS 2-8=-270/217, 4-6=-270/217

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-5-12 to 4-10-9, Interior(1) 4-10-9 to 7-4-7, Exterior(2R) 7-4-7 to 11-9-4, Interior(1) 11-9-4 to 14-3-3 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 8, 6.

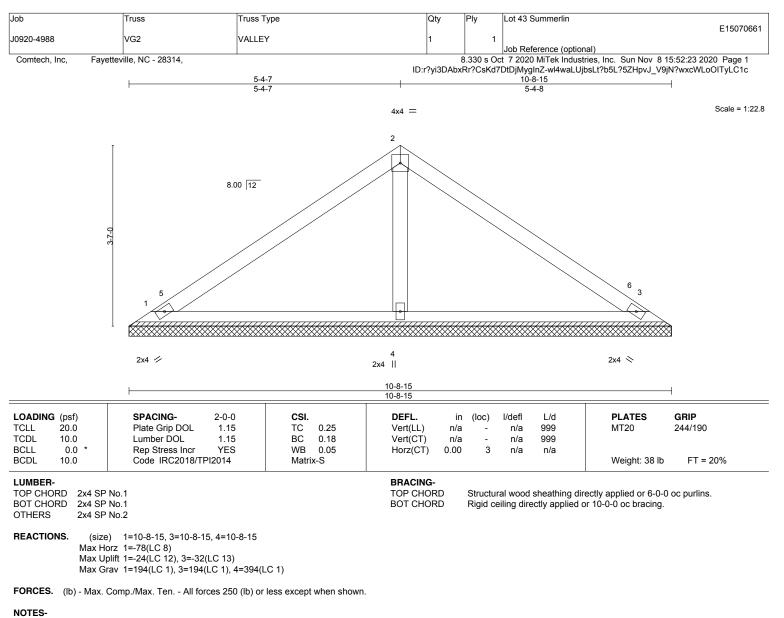
6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



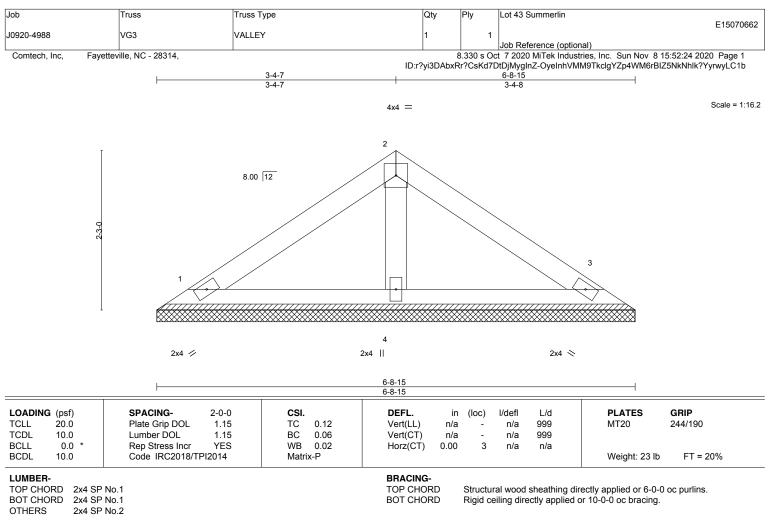


- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-5-12 to 4-10-9, Interior(1) 4-10-9 to 5-4-7, Exterior(2R) 5-4-7 to 9-9-4, Interior(1) 9-9-4 to 10-3-3 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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REACTIONS. (size) 1=6-8-15, 3=6-8-15, 4=6-8-15

Max Horz 1=-46(LC 8)

Max Uplift 1=-20(LC 12), 3=-24(LC 13)

Max Grav 1=126(LC 1), 3=126(LC 1), 4=211(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed;
- MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

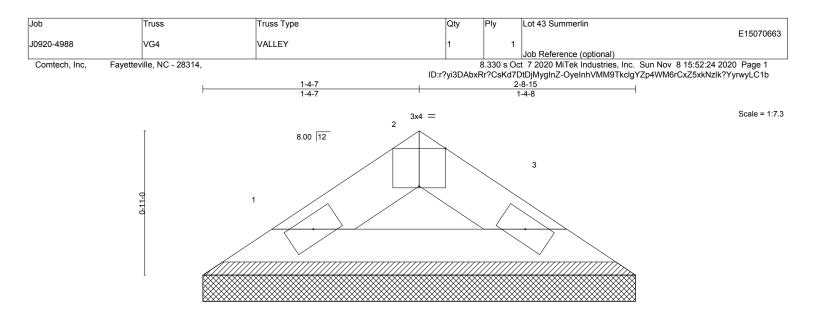
6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





2x4 🥢

2x4 📎

GRIP
244/190
lb FT = 20%
lb

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1

REACTIONS. (size) 1=2-8-15, 3=2-8-15

Max Horz 1=14(LC 9) Max Uplift 1=-4(LC 12), 3=-4(LC 13)

Max Grav 1=71(LC 1), 3=71(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60

plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

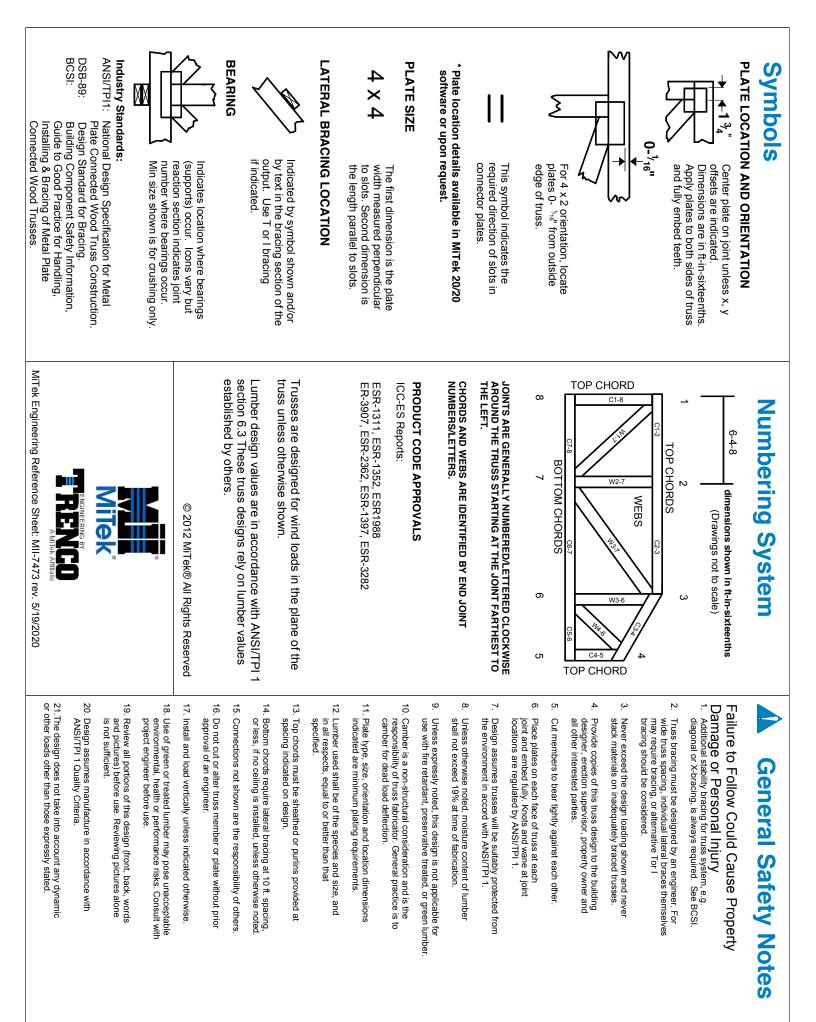


Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-8-15 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

႔ WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. AMAINING - Verify design parameters and HEAD NOTES ON THIS AND INCLODED MITER HEPERENCE PAGE MIT-14's rev. or 19/20/20 Der OFE 052. Design valid for use only with MITER® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601







Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

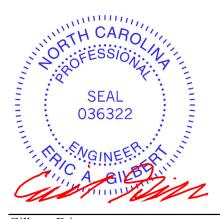
Re: J1020-4987 Lot 43 Summerlin

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Comtech, Inc - Fayetteville.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: E15124634 thru E15124660

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2020.

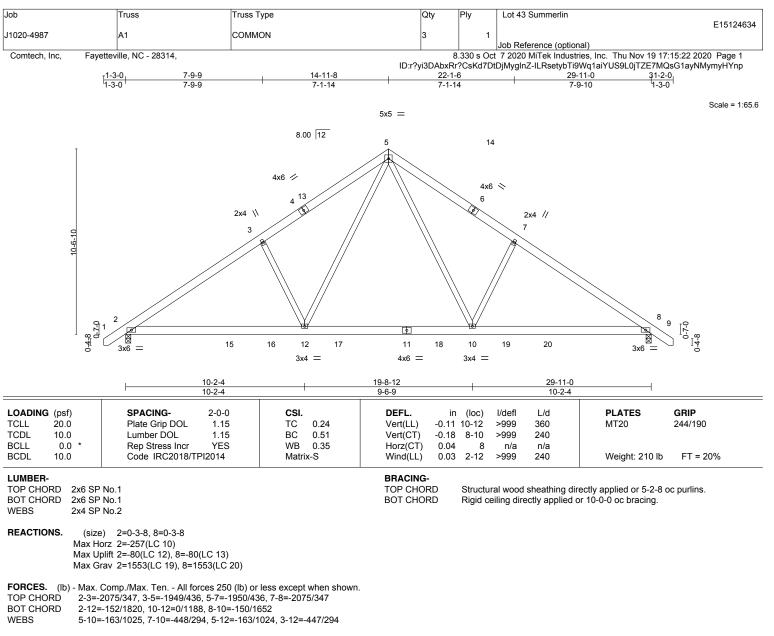
North Carolina COA: C-0844



November 20,2020

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-1-7 to 3-3-6, Interior(1) 3-3-6 to 14-11-8, Exterior(2R) 14-11-8 to 19-4-5, Interior(1) 19-4-5 to 31-0-7 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

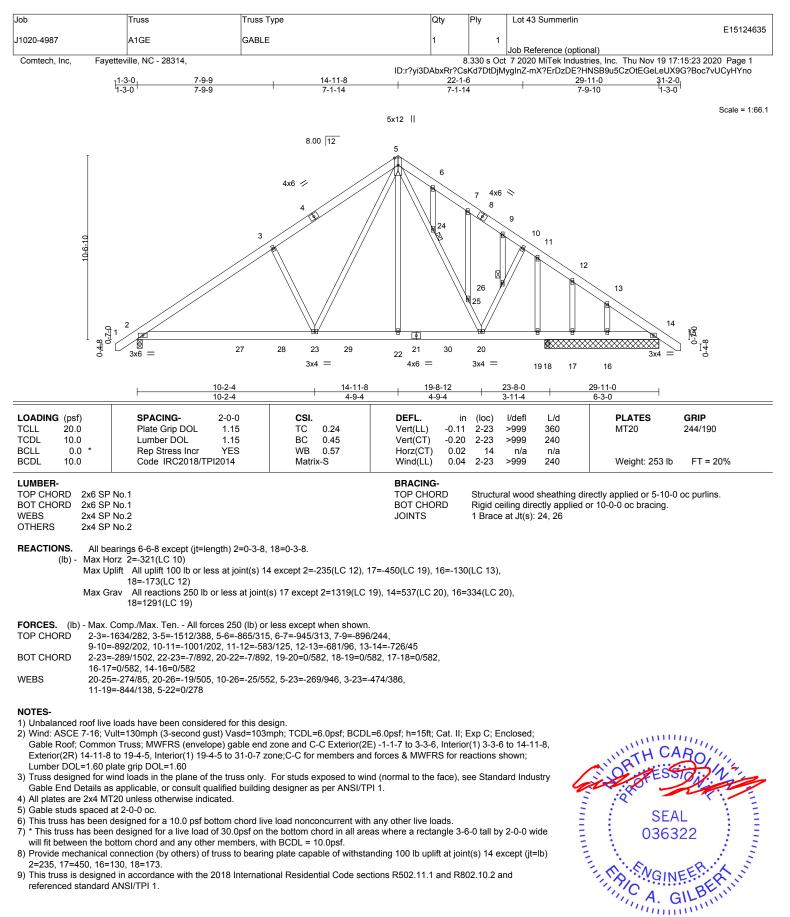
5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

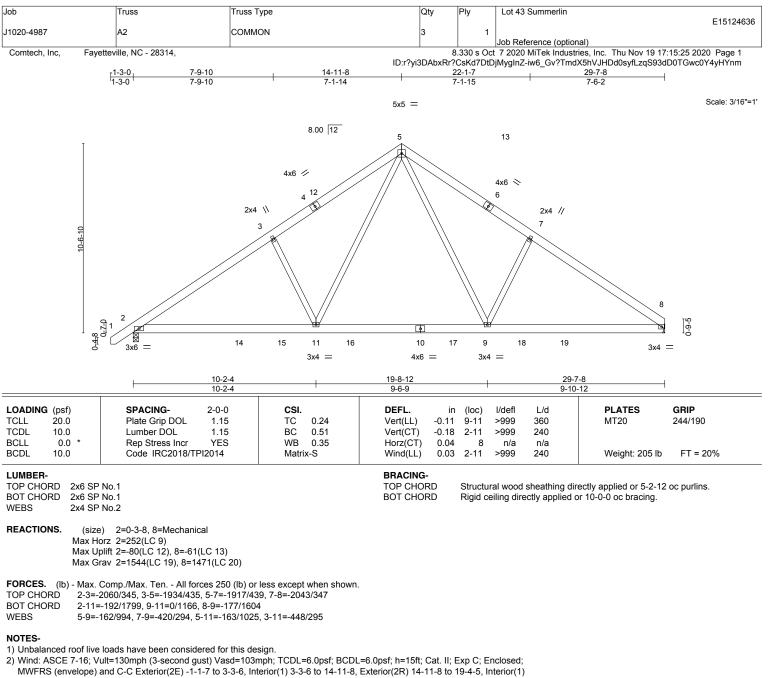




November 20,2020



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19-4-5 to 29-6-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

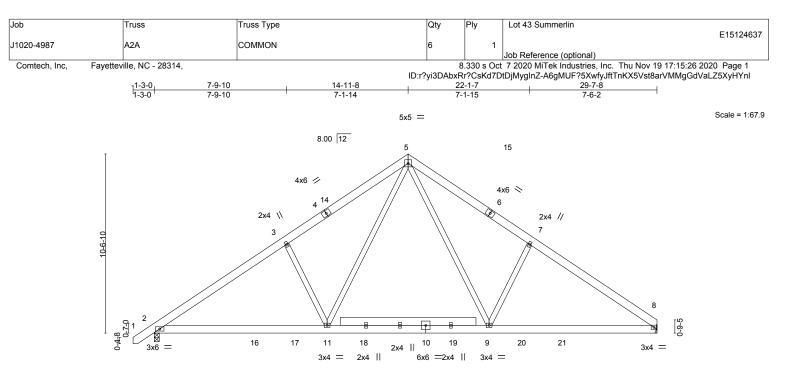
5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only design parameters and READ NOTES ON TIPS ON TIPS ON TIPS AND INCLODED MITER REFERENCE PAGE MIT 14/3 TeV. 5/ 9/2/20 BEFORE DSE. Design valid for use only with MITeK with Connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPI f Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





		10-2-4 10-2-4			19-8-12 9-6-9				29-7-8 9-10-1		
LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.24	Vert(LL)	-0.10	9-11	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.50	Vert(CT)	-0.18	2-11	>999	240		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.35	Horz(CT)	0.04	8	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TI	PI2014	Matrix	-S	Wind(LL)	0.03	2-11	>999	240	Weight: 223 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

 TOP CHORD
 2x6 SP No.1

 BOT CHORD
 2x6 SP No.1

 WEBS
 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

 12-13: 2x6 SP No.1

BRACING-	
TOP CHORD	
BOT CHORD	

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-2-15 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 8=Mechanical Max Horz 2=252(LC 9) Max Uplift 2=-80(LC 12), 8=-61(LC 13) Max Grav 2=1537(LC 19), 8=1464(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- TOP CHORD 2-3=-2046/345, 3-5=-1921/435, 5-7=-1904/439, 7-8=-2030/347
- BOT CHORD 2-11=-192/1789, 9-11=0/1159, 8-9=-177/1594
- WEBS 5-9=-162/986, 7-9=-420/294, 5-11=-163/1017, 3-11=-448/295

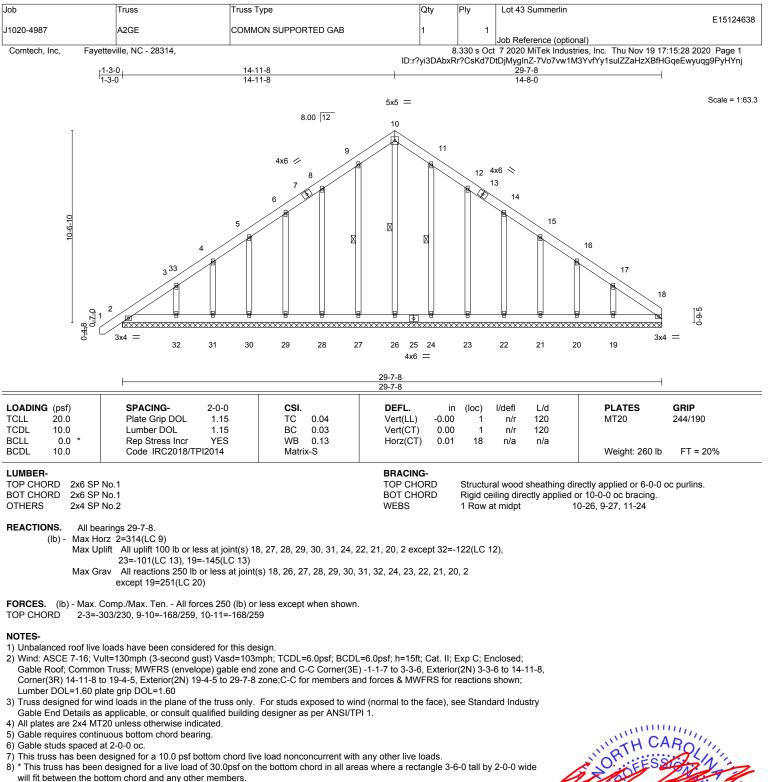
NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-1-7 to 3-3-6, Interior(1) 3-3-6 to 14-11-8, Exterior(2R) 14-11-8 to 19-4-5, Interior(1) 19-4-5 to 29-6-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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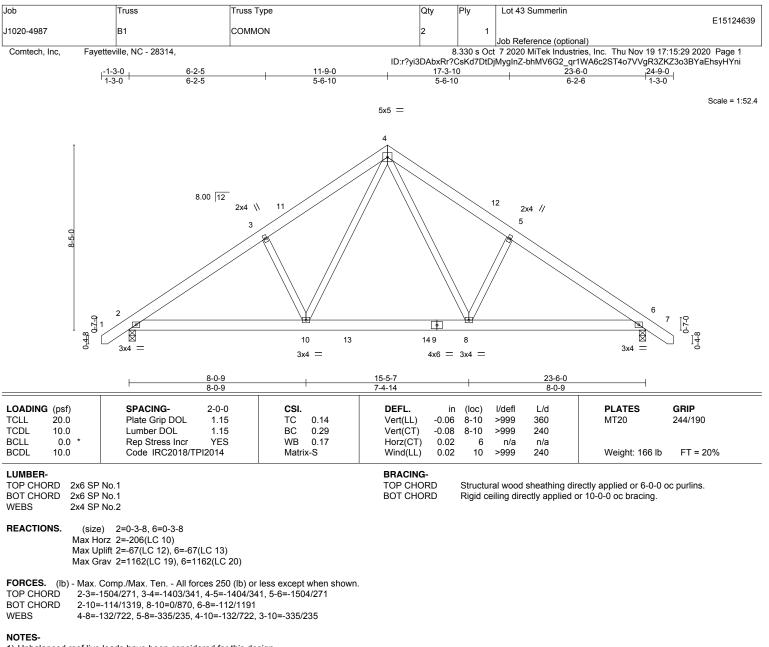


- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 18, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 24, 22, 21, 20, 2 except (jt=lb) 32=122, 23=101, 19=145.
- 10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 18.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

11111111111 SEAL 036322 GI (1111111) November 20,2020

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

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1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-1-7 to 3-3-6, Interior(1) 3-3-6 to 11-9-0, Exterior(2R) 11-9-0 to 16-1-13, Interior(1) 16-1-13 to 24-7-7 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6.

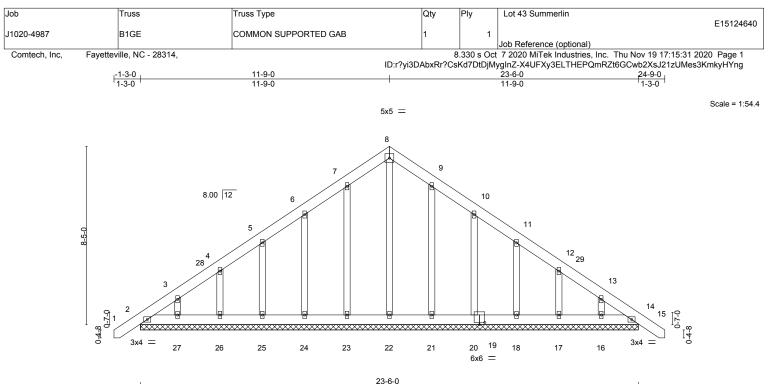
6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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Edenton, NC 27932



23-6-0

.OADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.04	Vert(LL)	-0.00	14	n/r	120	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.02	Vert(CT)	-0.00	14	n/r	120		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.16	Horz(CT)	0.00	14	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2018/T	PI2014	Matriz	x-S						Weight: 192 lb	FT = 20%

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 23-6-0.

2x6 SP No 1

2x4 SP No 2

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-257(LC 10)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 21, 20, 18, 17, 16, 14 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 21, 20, 18, 17, 16, 14

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

BOT CHORD

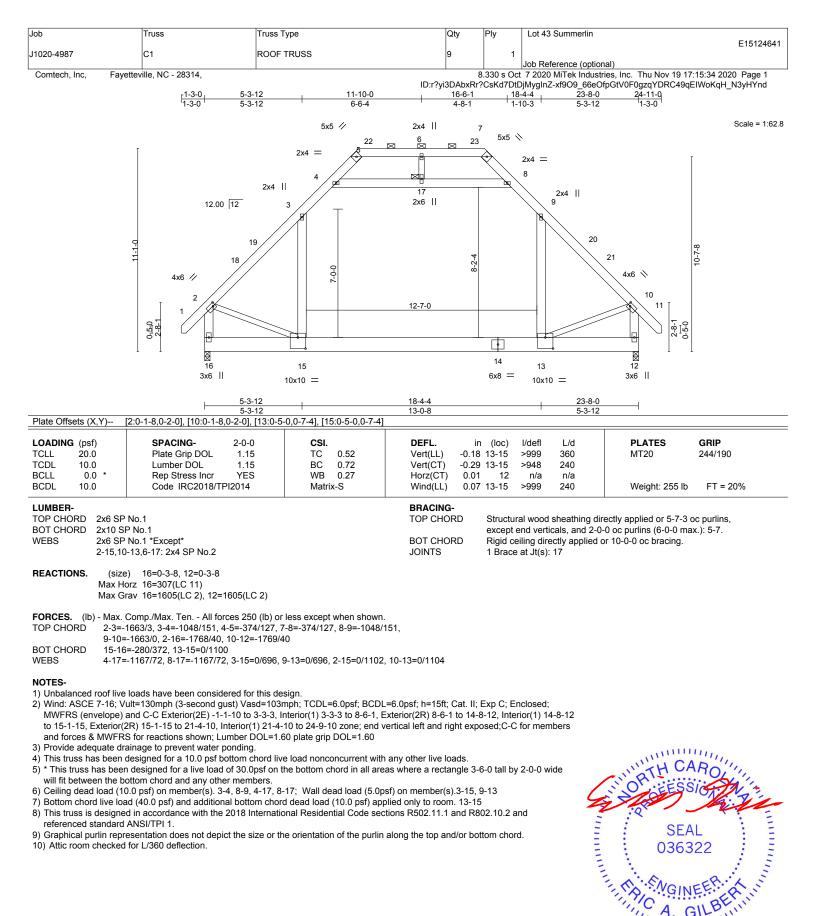
OTHERS

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -1-1-7 to 3-3-6, Exterior(2N) 3-3-6 to 11-9-0, Corner(3R) 11-9-0 to 16-1-13, Exterior(2N) 16-1-13 to 24-7-7 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 21, 20, 18, 17, 16, 14.
- 10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 14.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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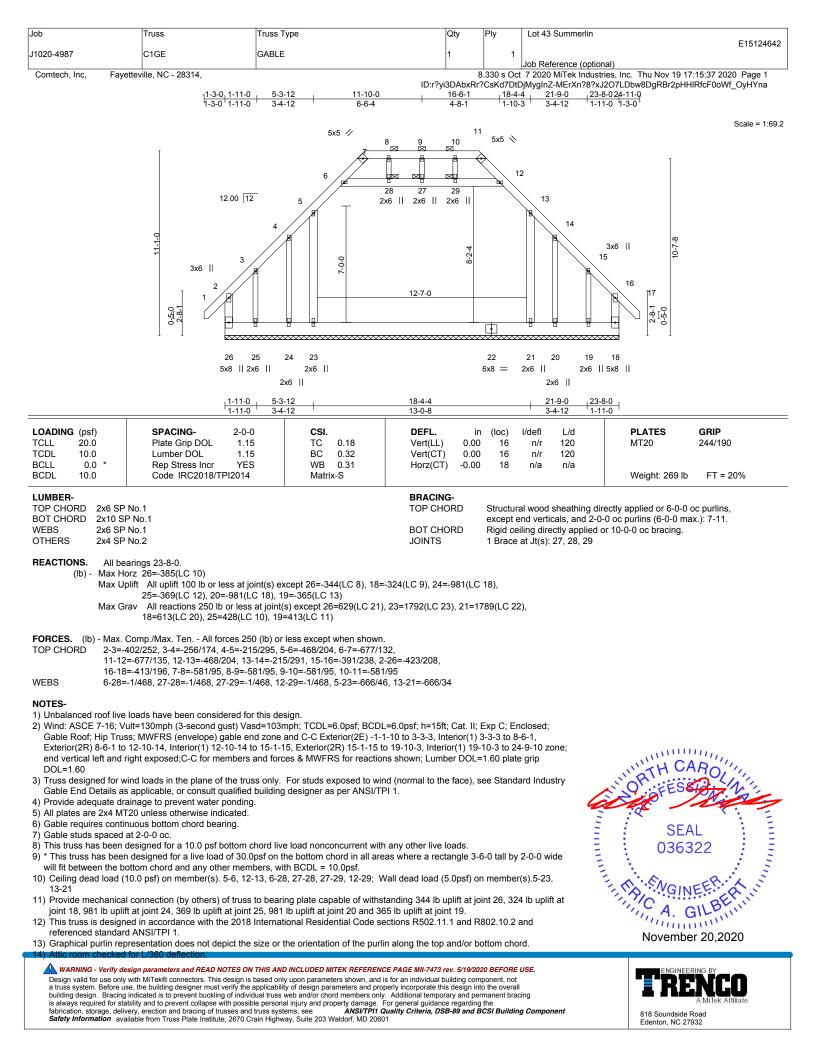
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

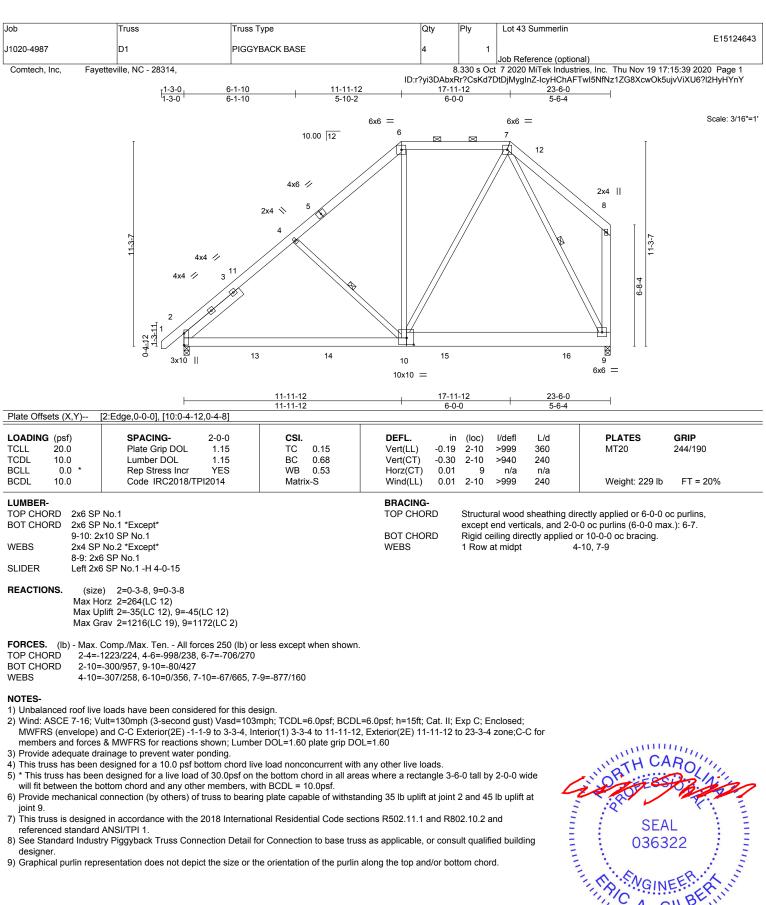


WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building designe. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

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November 20,2020



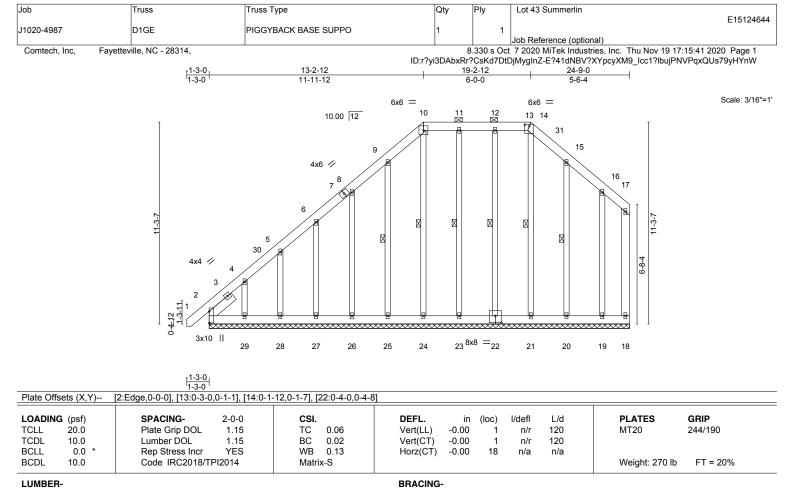


9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

G (1111111) November 20,2020

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TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No 1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 2x6 SP No 1 WEBS

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.2 SLIDER Left 2x6 SP No.1 -H 1-9-2

REACTIONS. All bearings 23-6-0

(lb) - Max Horz 2=394(LC 12)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 18, 22, 23, 24, 28, 20 except 25=-103(LC 12), 26=-117(LC 12), 27=-113(LC 12), 29=-289(LC 12), 19=-105(LC 13), 2=-189(LC 10)

All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 18, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 20, 19 except 29=261(LC Max Grav 19), 2=366(LC 12)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-4=-513/342, 4-5=-304/246

WEBS 4-29=-203/282

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3E) -1-1-9 to 3-3-4, Exterior(2N) 3-3-4 to 11-11-12 , Corner(3R) 11-11-12 to 16-4-9, Exterior(2N) 16-4-9 to 17-10-12, Corner(3R) 17-10-12 to 22-3-9, Exterior(2N) 22-3-9 to 23-3-4 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 18, 22, 23, 24, 28, 20 except (jt=lb) 25=103, 26=117, 27=113, 29=289, 19=105, 2=189.

11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

12) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer

13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

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 available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



14-21, 12-22, 11-23, 10-24, 9-25, 15-20

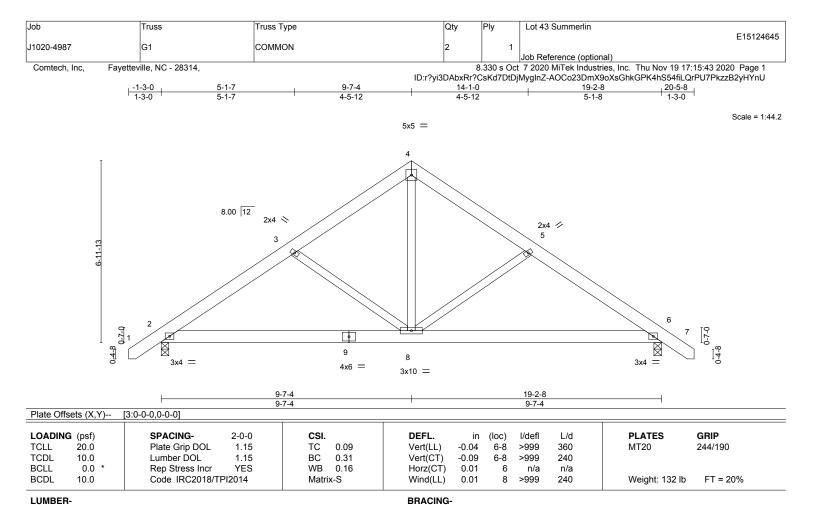
Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 10-13.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

1 Row at midpt





TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No 1 2x4 SP No 2 WEBS

REACTIONS. (size) 6=0-3-8, 2=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=-171(LC 10) Max Uplift 6=-58(LC 13), 2=-58(LC 12) Max Grav 6=833(LC 1), 2=833(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-1022/240, 3-4=-786/213, 4-5=-786/213, 5-6=-1022/240

BOT CHORD 2-8=-107/826. 6-8=-104/792

WEBS 4-8=-89/551, 5-8=-293/204, 3-8=-292/204

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-1-7 to 3-3-6, Interior(1) 3-3-6 to 9-7-4, Exterior(2R) 9-7-4 to 14-3-7, Interior(1) 14-3-7 to 20-3-15 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 2.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



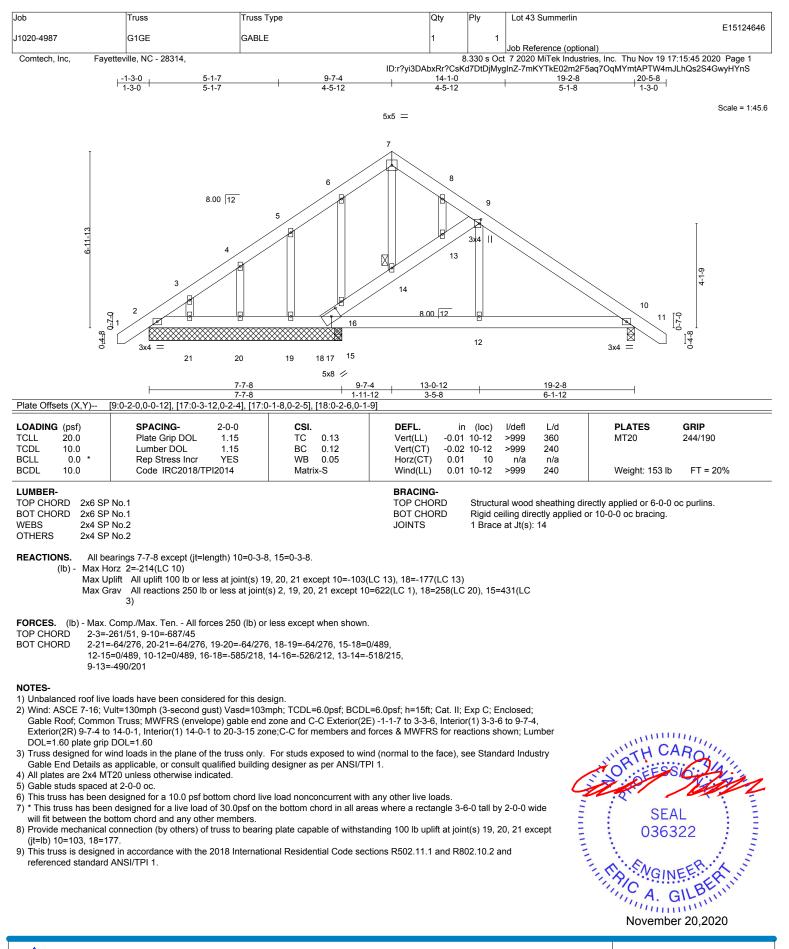
Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

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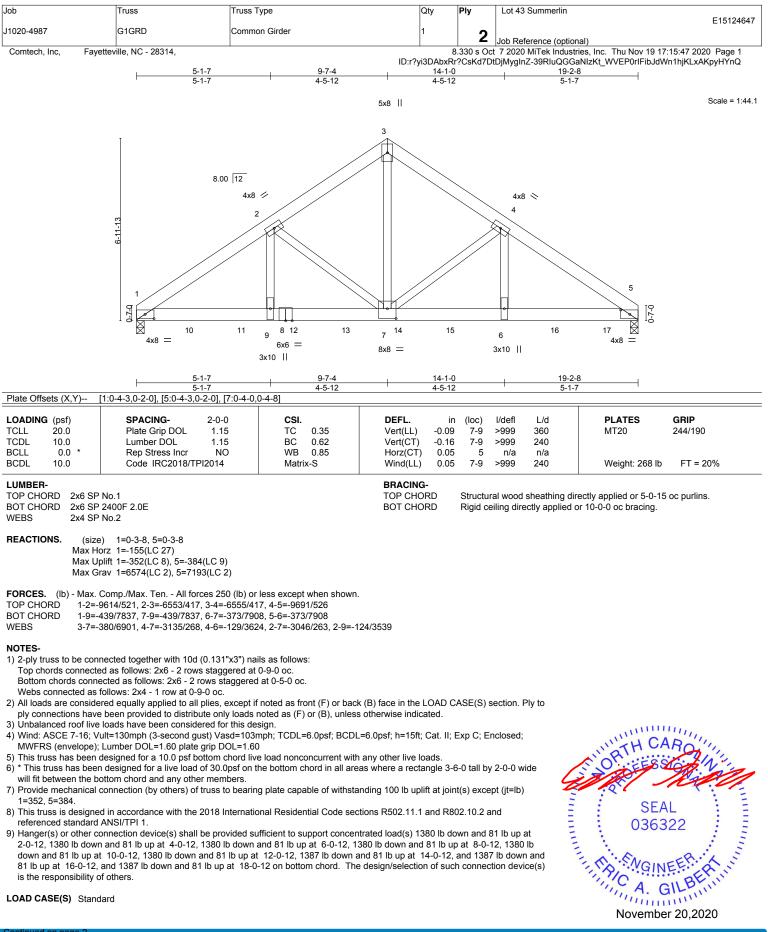


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[Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Lot 43 Summerlin
						E15124647
	J1020-4987	G1GRD	Common Girder	1	2	
					_	Job Reference (optional)
	Comtech, Inc, Fayettev	lle, NC - 28314,		8	.330 s Oct	7 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Nov 19 17:15:47 2020 Page 2

ID:r?yi3DAbxRr?CsKd7DtDjMygInZ-39RluQGGaNIzKt_WVEP0rlFibJdWn1hjKLxAKpyHYnQ

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

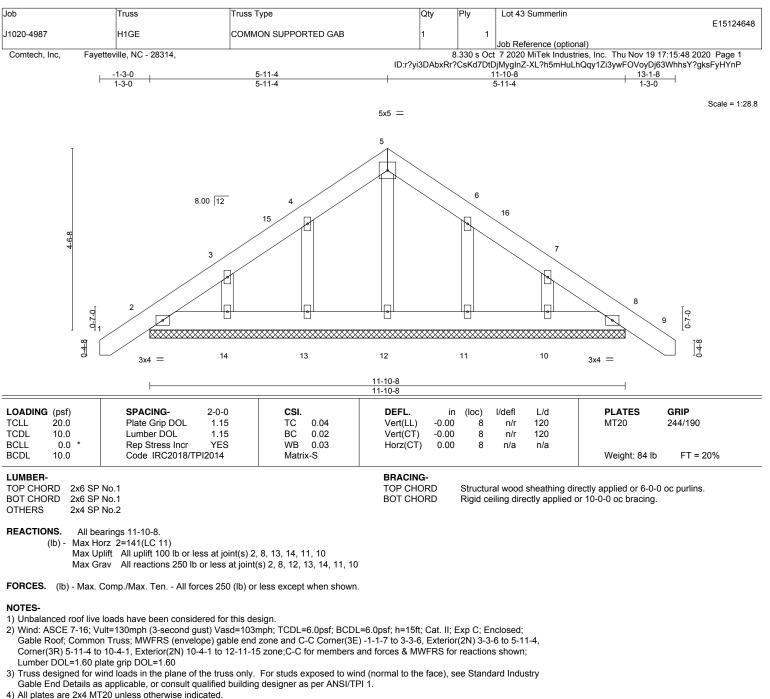
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-5=-60, 1-5=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 6=-1155(B) 10=-1155(B) 11=-1155(B) 12=-1155(B) 13=-1155(B) 14=-1155(B) 15=-1155(B) 16=-1155(B) 17=-1155(B) 15=-1155(B) 16=-1155(B) 17=-1155(B) 16=-1155(B) 1

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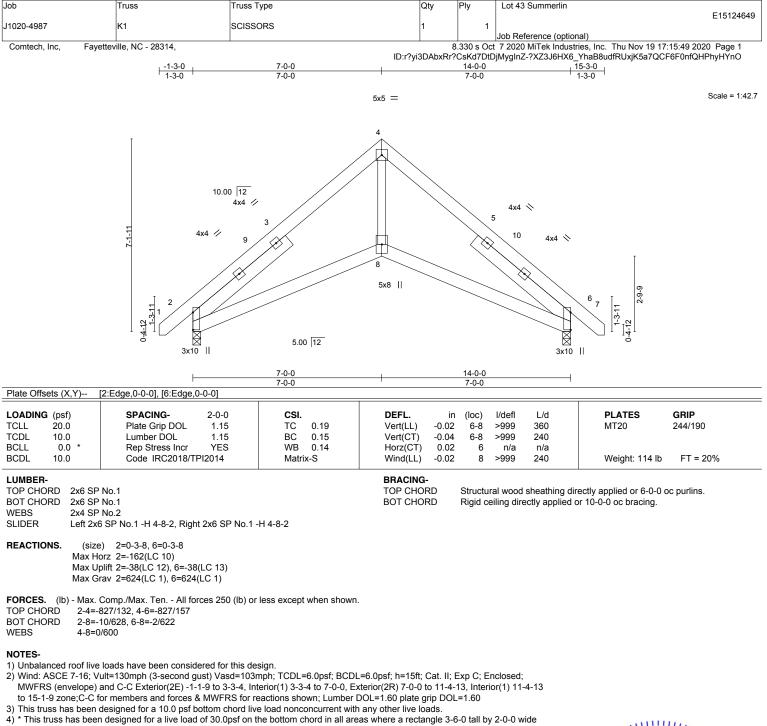


- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
 7) This trues has been desired for a 4
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide
- will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10.
- 10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 8.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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will fit between the bottom chord and any other members. 5) Bearing at ioint(s) 2.6 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 andle to grain formula. Building designer should verify

5) Bearing at joint(s) 2, 6 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

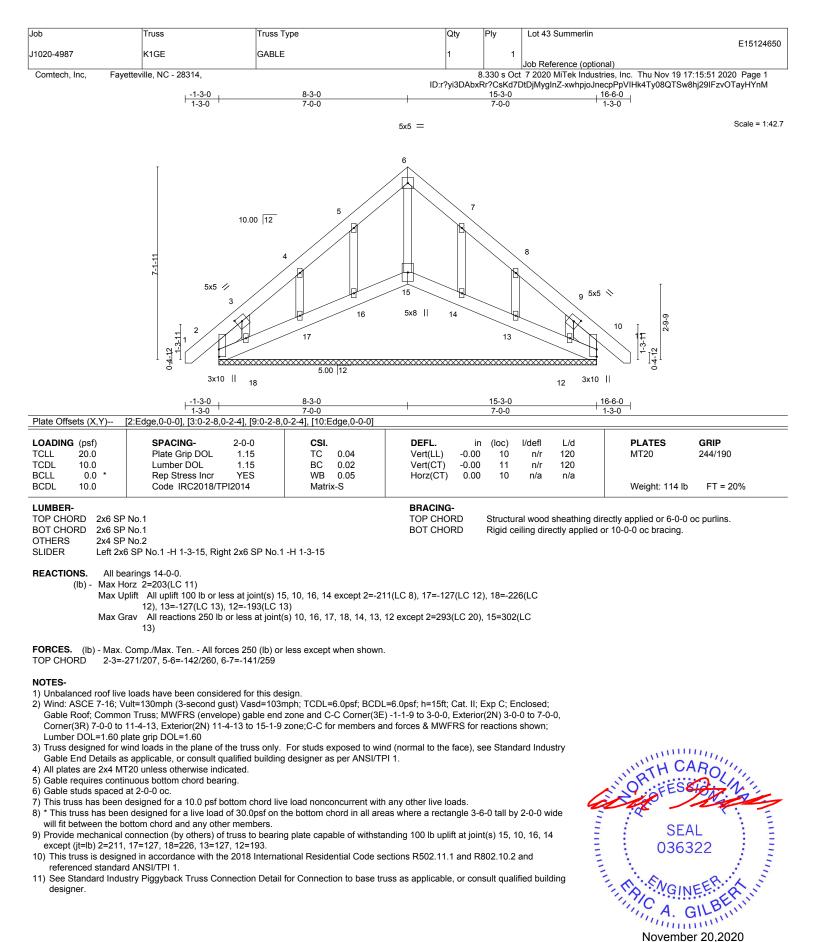
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6.
7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

 See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



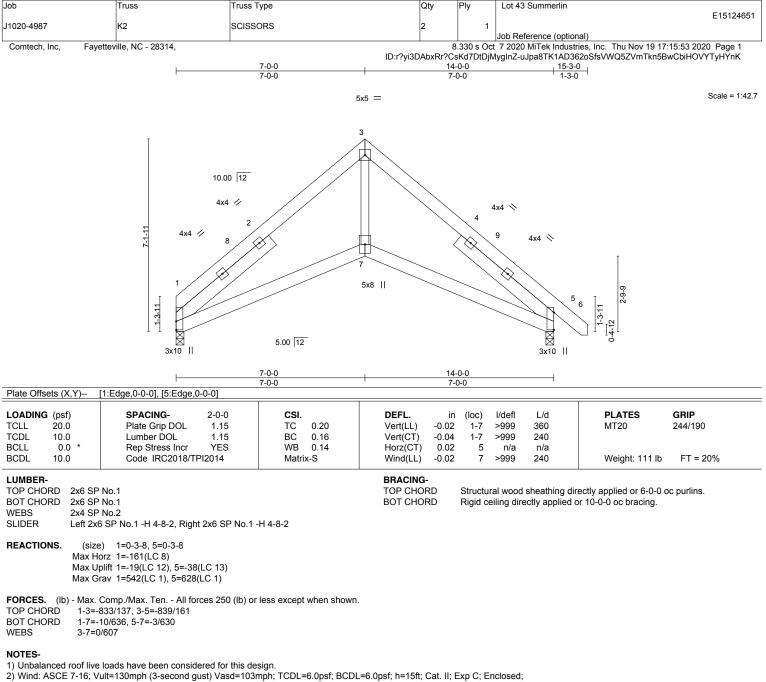
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2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-2-2 to 4-6-15, Interior(1) 4-6-15 to 7-0-0, Exterior(2R) 7-0-0 to 11-4-13, Interior(1) 11-4-13 to 15-1-9 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Bearing at joint(s) 1, 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5.

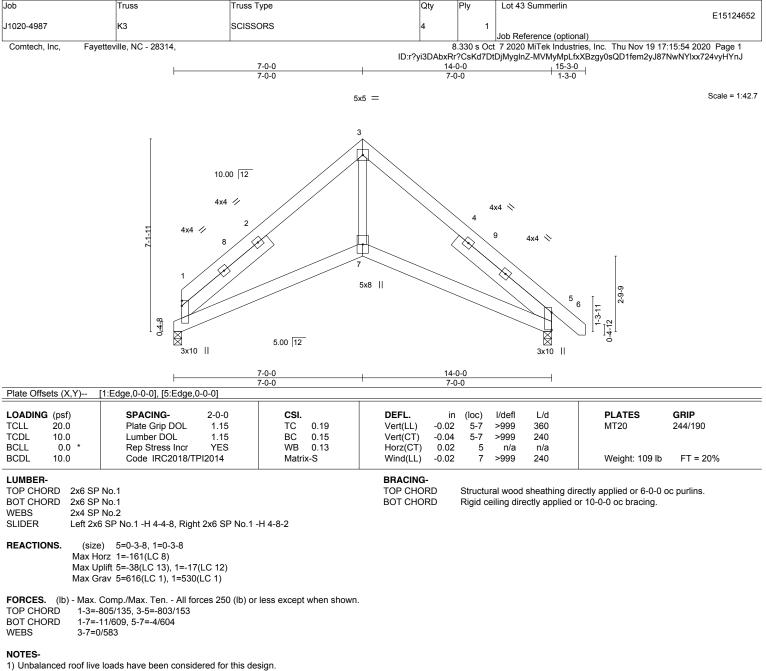
7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-5-10 to 4-10-7, Interior(1) 4-10-7 to 7-0-0, Exterior(2R) 7-0-0 to 11-4-13, Interior(1) 11-4-13 to 15-1-9 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Bearing at joint(s) 5, 1 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

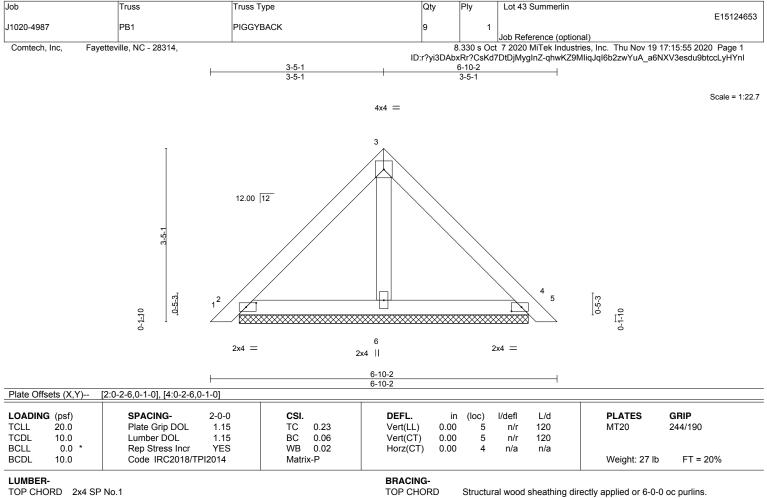
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 1.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (size) 2=5-8-8, 4=5-8-8, 6=5-8-8

Max Horz 2=-77(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-27(LC 13), 4=-31(LC 13)

Max Grav 2=162(LC 1), 4=162(LC 1), 6=177(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

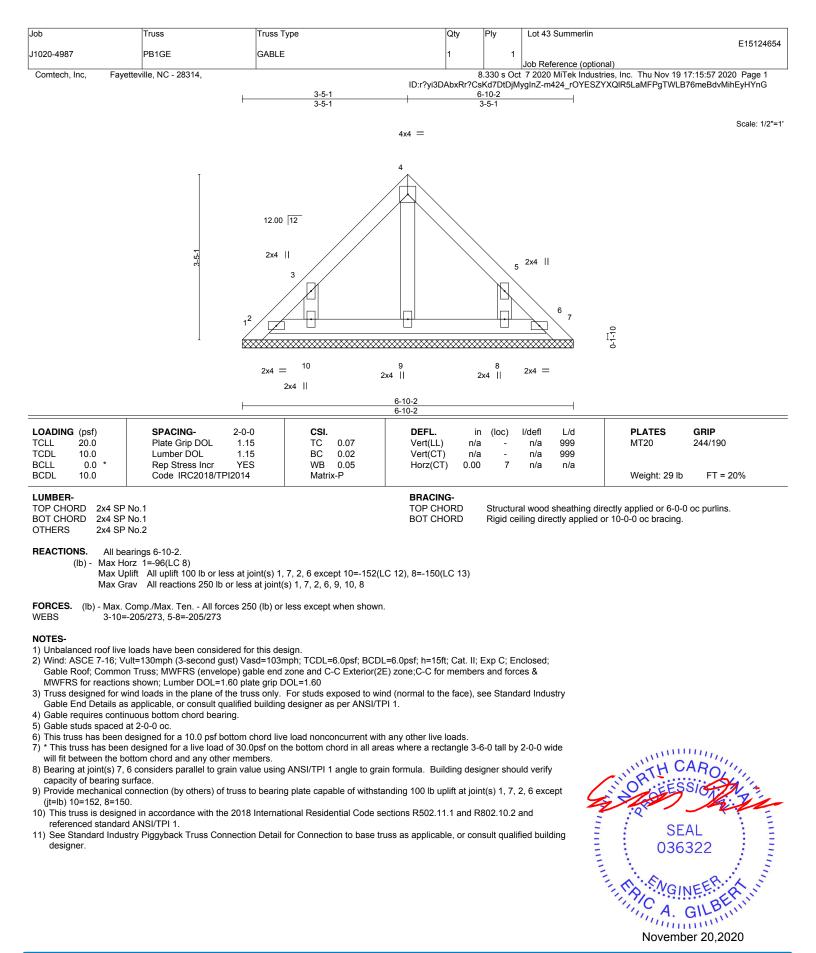
NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



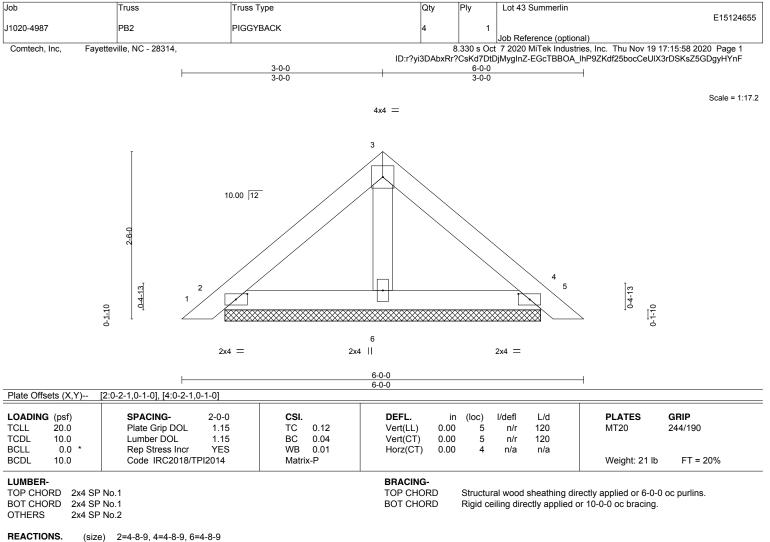
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent colleges with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





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Max Horz 2=-55(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-23(LC 12), 4=-28(LC 13) Max Grav 2=136(LC 1), 4=136(LC 1), 6=155(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

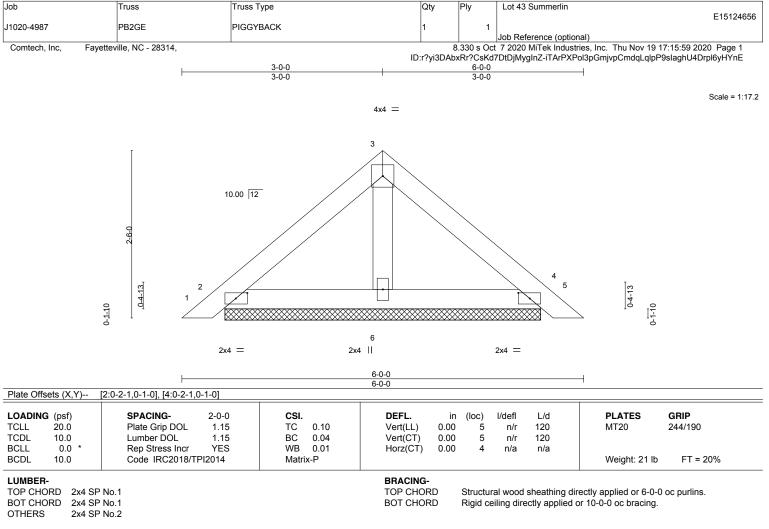
NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



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818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



REACTIONS. (size) 2=4-8-9, 4=4-8-9, 6=4-8-9

Max Horz 2=-69(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-47(LC 12), 4=-56(LC 13) Max Grav 2=136(LC 1), 4=136(LC 1), 6=155(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; Gable Roof; Common Truss; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

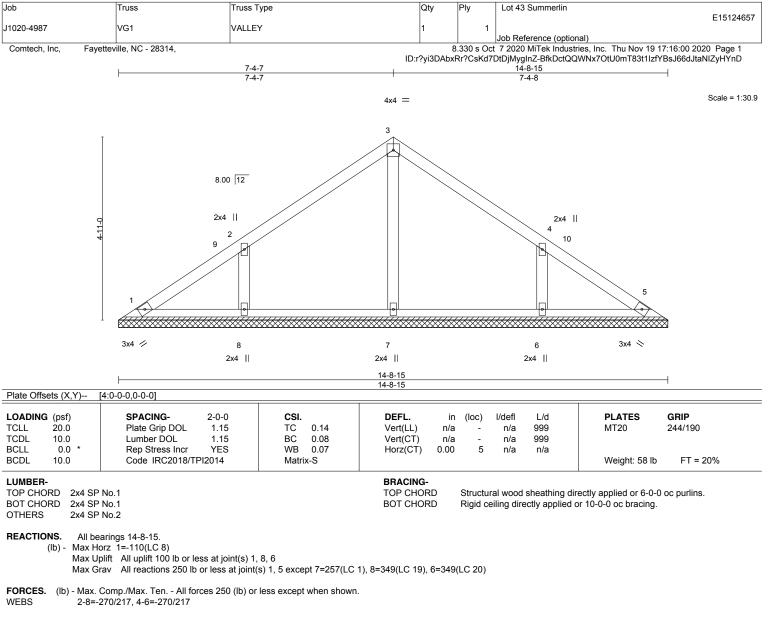
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



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Edenton, NC 27932



NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-5-12 to 4-10-9, Interior(1) 4-10-9 to 7-4-7, Exterior(2R) 7-4-7 to 11-9-4, Interior(1) 11-9-4 to 14-3-3 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 8, 6.

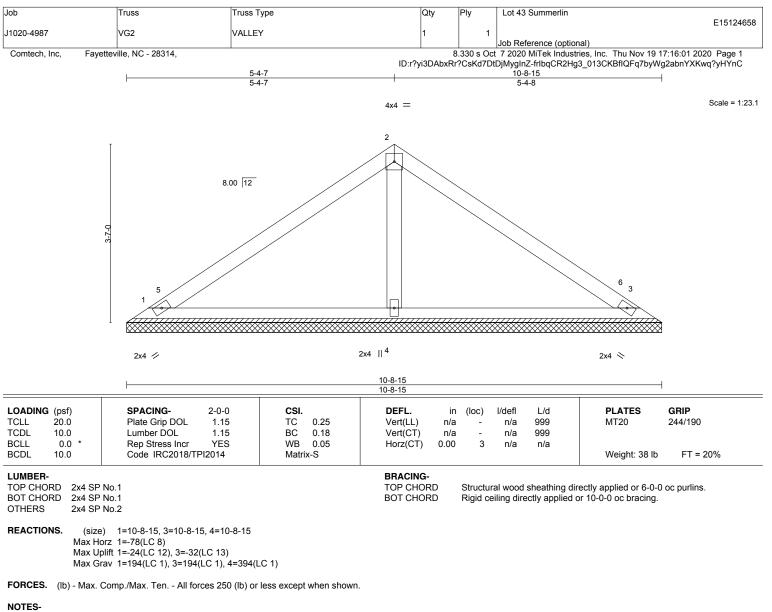
6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

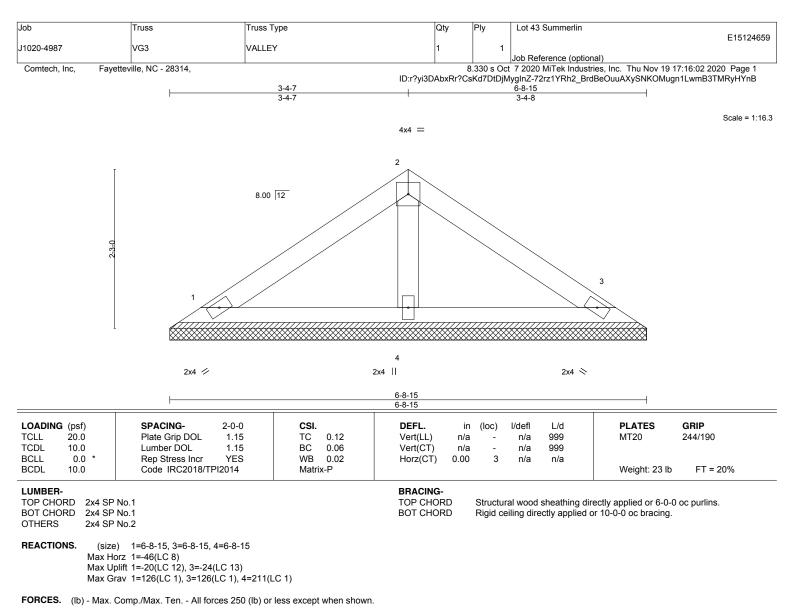
2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-5-12 to 4-10-9, Interior(1) 4-10-9 to 5-4-7, Exterior(2R) 5-4-7 to 9-9-4, Interior(1) 9-9-4 to 10-3-3 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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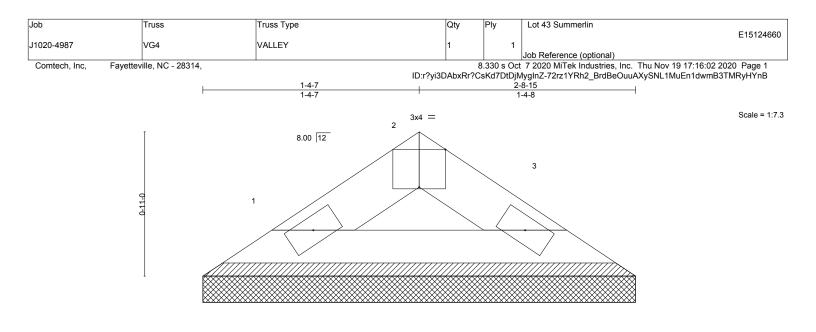
NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed;
- MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



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2x4 🥢

2x4 📎

	├ ──				<u>2-8-15</u> 2-8-15						
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-2-0,Edge]											
LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.02	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.03	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TI	PI2014	Matri	x-P						Weight: 7 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-					BRACING-						

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1

REACTIONS. (size) 1=2-8-15, 3=2-8-15

Max Horz 1=14(LC 9) Max Uplift 1=-4(LC 12), 3=-4(LC 13)

Max Grav 1=71(LC 1), 3=71(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60

plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

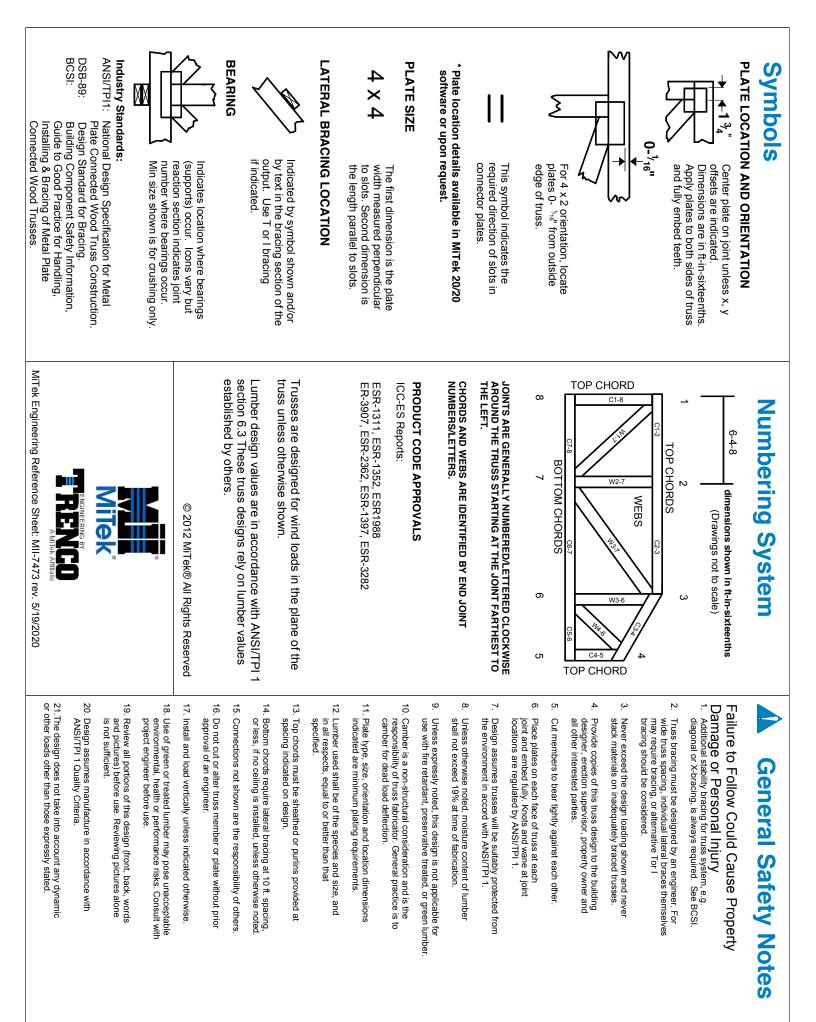


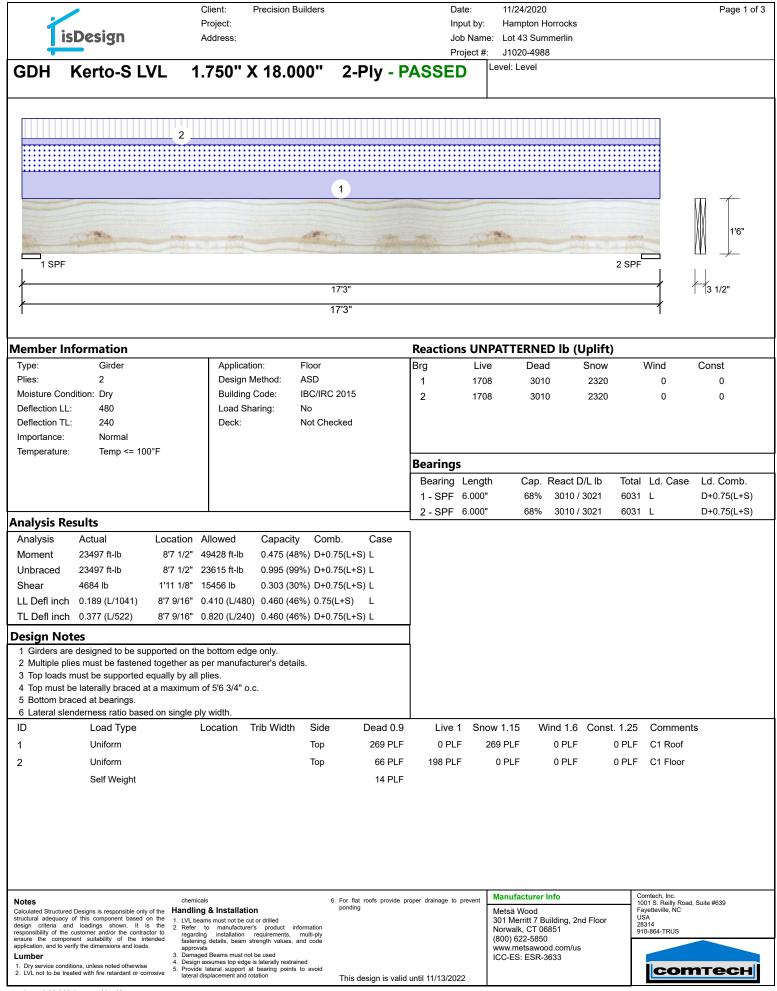
Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-8-15 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

႔ WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE. AMAINING - Verify design parameters and HEAD NOTES ON THIS AND INCLODED MITER HEPERENCE PAGE MIT-14's rev. or 19/20/20 Der OFE 052. Design valid for use only with MITER® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601







Version 19.80.203 Powered by iStruct™

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TERNED Ib (Uplift) Dead Snow Wind Const 755 0 0 0
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15 Wind 1.6 Const. 1.25 Comments
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