

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: J0620-2983 Lot 5 Adcock Farm

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Comtech, Inc - Fayetteville.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: E14579477 thru E14579503

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2020.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



July 2,2020

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



L	10-4-12	20-6-0	23-1-12 ₁	29-6-0	37-3-0		1	47-6-0	1	52-10-4	61-6-0	
	10-4-12	10-1-4	2-7-12	6-4-4	7-9-0	1		10-3-0	1	5-4-4	8-7-12	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[5:0-5-8,0-3-8], [7:0-5-4	4,0-3-0], [17:0-4-0,0-	4-8]									
	SPACING	200	<u>C</u> EI		DEEL	in	(loo)	l/dofl	L /d	ы	ATES	CDID
LUADING (psi)	SPACING-	2-0-0	031.		DEFL.	in	(IOC)	i/deli	L/d	PL	LATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC 0.61		Vert(LL)	-0.12	19-20	>999	360	M	T20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC 0.36		Vert(CT)	-0.25	19-20	>999	240			
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.91		Horz(CT)	0.07	18	n/a	n/a			
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015	/TPI2014	Matrix-S		Wind(LL)	0.07	2-20	>999	240	W	eight: 450 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-	1			•	BRACING-							
TOP CHORD 2x6 S	SP No.1 *Except*				TOP CHOR	D	Structu	ral wood s	sheathing d	lirectly app	lied or 6-0-0 o	c purlins, except
10-12	2: 2x4 SP No.1						2-0-0 o	c purlins (6-0-0 max.): 5-7.		
BOT CHORD 2x6 S	SP No.1				BOT CHOR	D	Rigid c	eiling dired	ctly applied	l or 10-0-0	oc bracing, E	xcept:
WEBS 2x4 S	SP No.2						6-0-0 o	c bracing:	17-18,11-1	13.	-	
					WEBS		1 Row	at midpt		5-17, 9-16	, 6-17, 7-17, 9	-13
							2 Rows	at 1/3 pts	5	5-18, 3-18		

4x6 =

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 18=0-3-8, 13=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=-149(LC 10) Max Uplift 2=-13(LC 13), 18=-240(LC 12), 13=-202(LC 13) Max Grav 2=517(LC 23), 18=2820(LC 1), 13=1887(LC 24)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-672/0, 3-5=-197/1068, 5-6=-210/319, 6-7=-210/319, 7-9=-745/251,

9-10=-854/1240, 10-11=-844/957

BOT CHORD 2-20=0/645, 19-20=0/644, 18-19=0/573, 17-18=-1110/486, 16-17=0/560, 14-16=-12/582, 13-14=-12/582, 11-13=-845/853 WEBS 5-18=-2170/546, 5-17=-307/1550, 9-14=0/331, 6-17=-501/224, 7-17=-815/122, 7-16=0/482, 3-18=-1413/281, 3-20=0/727, 9-13=-2034/731

NOTES-

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-10 to 3-8-3, Interior(1) 3-8-3 to 21-9-0, Exterior(2) 21-9-0 to 26-1-13, Interior(1) 26-1-13 to 37-3-0, Exterior(2) 37-3-0 to 41-7-12, Interior(1) 41-7-12 to 62-4-8 zone; cantilever right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) WARNING: This long span truss requires extreme care and experience for proper and safe handling and erection. For general handling and erection guidance, see Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses ("BCSI"), jointly produced by SBCA and TPI. The building owner or the owner's authorized agent shall contract with a qualified registered design professional for the design and inspection of the temporary installation restraint/bracing and the permanent individual truss member restraint/bracing. MiTek assumes no responsibility for truss manufacture, handling, erection, or bracing

4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide 6) will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 18=240, 13=202.

9) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building

Continued on page 2 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not being read to be doiny with react outractions into besign is based only doin parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and trus systems, see **ANS/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component** Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Lot 5 Adcock Farm	
					E	14579477
J0620-2983	A1	PIGGYBACK BASE	5	1		
					Job Reference (optional)	
Comtech, Inc, Fay	vetteville, NC - 28314,			8.330 s Ma	ay 6 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Jul 2 10:58:15 2020 F	Page 2
		ID:Jh9By	/fjRPPU?n	nMRDxzGV	VXKyZ53p-7f_vXPalK0ggba063yqy7Oqq5WHg0uuz61vdhoz	z07Pc

NOTES-

10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601







1 1010 0110010 (71,17)		,0 10]			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.61 BC 0.37 WB 0.92 Matrix-S	DEFL. ir Vert(LL) -0.12 Vert(CT) -0.25 Horz(CT) 0.07 Wind(LL) 0.06	n (loc) I/defl L/d 18-19 >999 360 18-19 >999 240 17 n/a n/a 1-19 >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 448 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 SP 9-11: 2	No.1 *Except* x4 SP No.1		BRACING- TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing di 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.)	rectly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except : 4-6.
BOT CHORD 2x6 SP	No.1		BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied	or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:
WEBS 2x4 SP	No.2			6-0-0 oc bracing: 16-17,10-1	2.
			WEBS	1 Row at midpt 2 2 Rows at 1/3 pts 4	I-16, 8-15, 5-16, 6-16, 8-12 I-17, 2-17

REACTIONS.	(size)	1=0-3-8, 17=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8
	Max Horz	1=-149(LC 10)
	Max Uplift	1=-11(LC 13), 17=-241(LC 12), 12=-202(LC 13)
	Max Grav	1=463(LC 23), 17=2824(LC 1), 12=1886(LC 24)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

[4:0-5-8 0-3-8] [6:0-5-4 0-3-0] [16:0-4-0 0-4-8]

TOP CHORD 1-2=-672/0, 2-4=-198/1071, 4-5=-209/320, 5-6=-209/320, 6-8=-745/250, 8-9=-854/1240, 9-10=-844/957 BOT CHORD 1-19=0/645 18-19=0/643 17-18=0/572 16-17=-1113/493 15-16=0/559 13-15=-11/581

DOT OTIOND	
	12-13=-11/581, 10-12=-845/853
WEBS	4-17=-2171/551, 4-16=-313/1551, 8-13=0/331, 5-16=-501/225, 6-16=-816/127,
	6-15=0/483, 2-17=-1418/287, 2-19=0/730, 8-12=-2033/731

NOTES-

Plate Offsets (X Y)--

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-1-12 to 4-6-9, Interior(1) 4-6-9 to 21-9-0, Exterior(2) 21-9-0 to 26-1-13, Interior(1) 26-1-13 to 37-3-0, Exterior(2) 37-3-0 to 41-7-12, Interior(1) 41-7-12 to 62-4-8 zone; cantilever right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) WARNING: This long span truss requires extreme care and experience for proper and safe handling and erection. For general handling and erection guidance, see Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses ("BCSI"), jointly produced by SBCA and TPI. The building owner or the owner's authorized agent shall contract with a qualified registered design professional for the design and inspection of the temporary installation restraint/bracing and the permanent individual truss member restraint/bracing. MiTek assumes no responsibility for truss manufacture, handling, erection, or bracing.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) 1 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 17=241, 12=202.
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLODED INTER REFERENCE FACE INTERVISED. INCLOSE DEL ONE OCL Design valid for use only with MITER® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSUPPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component
 Satisfies
 Ansi/TPH Qu

 Safety Information
 available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601







8x8 =

8x8 =

65

66

3.00 12

67

61 60 59 58

4x6 =

-0- <u>10-8 11-3-4</u> 0-10-8 10-4-12	21-4-8	<u>62-4-8</u> 41-0-0	<u>63-3-0</u> 0-10-8						
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [44:0-4-0,0-4-8], [52:0-	4-0,0-4-8]	+ • • •	0100						
LOADING (psf)SPACING-TCLL 20.0Plate Grip DOLTCDL 10.0Lumber DOLBCLL 0.0 *Rep Stress IncrBCDL 10.0Code IRC2015	2-0-0 CSI. 1.15 TC 0.11 1.15 BC 0.05 YES WB 0.14 TPI2014 Matrix-S	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d Vert(LL) 0.00 37 n/r 120 Vert(CT) 0.00 37 n/r 120 Horz(CT) 0.01 36 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 574 lb FT = 20%						
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 *Except* 33-37: 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD Structural wood sheath 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly ap WEBS T-Brace: Fasten (2X) T and I br. (0.131"x3") nails, 6in o. Brace must cover 90%	ing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except max.): 14-22. plied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 2x4 SPF No.2 - 18-52, 17-53, 16-54, 15-55 , 13-56, 12-58, 19-51, 20-50, 21-49, 23-48, 24-47, 25-46 aces to narrow edge of web with 10d c.,with 3in minimum end distance. of web length.						
Reactions. All bearings 61-6-0. (lb) - Max Horz 2=228(LC 12) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 57, 52, 53, 54, 55, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 64, 65, 66, 51, 50, 49, 47, 46, 45, 44, 43, 42, 41, 40, 39, 36 except 67=-142(LC 12), 38=-117(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 63, 57, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 64, 65, 66, 51, 50, 49, 48, 47, 46, 45, 44, 43, 42, 41, 40, 39, 36 except 67=274(LC 23), 38=316(LC 24)									
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten All TOP CHORD 2-3=-308/128, 9-10=-90/270 13-14=-141/400, 14-15=-13 18-19=-138/425, 19-20=-13 23-24=-150/429, 24-25=-13 WEBS 3-67=-194/267	FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-308/128, 9-10=-90/270, 10-11=-110/328, 11-12=-131/388, 12-13=-150/441, 13-14=-141/400, 14-15=-138/425, 15-16=-138/425, 16-17=-138/425, 17-18=-138/425, 18-19=-138/425, 19-20=-138/425, 20-21=-138/425, 21-22=-138/425, 22-23=-141/400, 23-24=-150/429, 24-25=-131/376, 25-26=-110/316, 26-27=-90/258 WEBS 3-67=-194/267								
 NOTES- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design. 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-8-10 to 3-6-0, Exterior(2) 3-6-0 to 21-9-0, Corner(3) 21-9-0 to 26-1-13, Exterior(2) 26-1.13 to 37-3-0, Corner(3) 37-3-0 to 41-6-0, Exterior(2) 41-6-0 to 62-4-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1. 4) WARNING: This long span truss requires extreme care and experience for proper and safe handling and erection. For general handling and erection guidance, see Guide to Good Practice for Handling. Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses ("BCSI"), jointly produced by SBCA and TPI. The building owner or the owner's authorized agent shall contract with a qualified functional for the design and inspection of the temporary installation restraint/bracing and the tem									
5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent wate	r ponding.		July 2,2020						
O An plates are ZXH MI 20 Unless otherWISE II Continued on page 2 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. Th a truss system. Before use, the building designer mu building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buck is always required for stability and to prevent collapse fabrication, storage, delivery, reaction and bracing of Safety Information available from Truss Plate Instit	NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFER is design is based only upon parameters shown, a st verify the applicability of design parameters and ing of individual truss web and/or chord members with possible personal injury and property damag trusses and truss systems, see <u>ANS/TF</u> ute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 2	PERCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. and is for an individual building component, not properly incorporate this design into the overall only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing ge. For general guidance regarding the 11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component 20601	TRENGINEERING BY AMITEK Affiliate 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932						

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Lot 5 Adcock Farm			
					E	E14579479		
J0620-2983	A1GE	GABLE	1	1				
					Job Reference (optional)			
Comtech, Inc, Fa	yetteville, NC - 2831	4,		8.330 s Ma	ay 6 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Jul 2 10:58:21 2020	Page 2		
			ID:Jh9ByfjRPPU?mMRDxzGWXKyZ53p-yoLBoSe3wsRpJVTFPDxMMf4_RxPyQnYrUzMxvSz07PV					

NOTES-

7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 57, 52, 53, 54, 55, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 64, 65, 66, 51, 50, 49, 47, 46, 45, 44, 43, 42, 41, 40, 39, 36 except (jt=lb) 67=142, 38=117.
- 12) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.
- 13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 14) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601







	10-4-12	20-6-0	20-7 ₁ 12 2	9-6-0	37-3-0		48-10-4		55-0-0	61-6-0
1	10-4-12	10-1-4	0-1-12 8	-10-4	7-9-0		11-7-4		6-1-12	6-6-0
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[4:0-2-0,0-3-8], [6:0-5-4,	,0-3-0], [9:0-2-8	,0-2-8], [16:0-4-0	0,0-4-8], [17:0-3-0,0-	-3-8]					
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2015/T	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES "Pl2014	CSI. TC 0. BC 0. WB 0. Matrix-S	.61 Ver .35 Ver .78 Hoi	FL. ir t(LL) -0.11 t(CT) -0.22 rz(CT) 0.04 nd(LL) 0.05	(loc) 16-17 1-18 17 1-18	l/defl >999 >999 n/a >999	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 442	GRIP 244/190 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 SF	P No.1 *Except*			BR/ TOF	ACING- P CHORD	Structu	Iral wood s	heathing dir	rectly applied or 6-0-	-0 oc purlins, except
9-11: 2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SF WEBS 2x4 SF	2x4 SP No.1 P No.1 P No.2			BO	T CHORD	2-0-0 c Rigid c 6-0-0 c	oc purlins (eiling director oc bracing:	6-0-0 max.): tly applied o 16-17,13-15	4-6. or 10-0-0 oc bracing 5.	, Except:
REACTIONS. All be	earings 0-3-8			WE	BS	1 Row 2 Row	at midpt s at 1/3 pts	4 4	16, 6-16, 5-16, 6-1 17	5, 2-17

REACTIONS. All bearings 0-3-8.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-149(LC 10)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) except 1=429(LC 23), 17=2553(LC 2), 13=1754(LC 26), 10=414(LC 24)

- TOP CHORD
 1-2=-510/122, 2-4=-102/978, 4-5=-461/293, 5-6=-461/293, 6-8=-795/269, 8-9=-19/423, 9-10=-421/76

 BOT CHORD
 1-18=-61/422, 17-18=-60/415, 16-17=-547/285, 15-16=0/584, 13-15=-270/148,
- 12-13=-12/324, 10-12=-9/332

 WEBS
 4-17=-1853/455, 4-16=-229/1238, 6-16=-392/82, 8-15=-18/821, 8-13=-1309/410, 5-16=-494/217, 2-17=-1269/344, 2-18=0/539, 9-13=-546/147

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-1-12 to 4-6-9, Interior(1) 4-6-9 to 21-9-0, Exterior(2) 21-9-0 to 26-1-13, Interior(1) 26-1-13 to 37-3-0, Exterior(2) 37-3-0 to 41-7-12, Interior(1) 41-7-12 to 62-4-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) WARNING: This long span truss requires extreme care and experience for proper and safe handling and erection. For general handling and erection guidance, see Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses ("BCSI"), jointly produced by SBCA and TPI. The building owner or the owner's authorized agent shall contract with a qualified registered design professional for the design and inspection of the temporary installation restraint/bracing and the permanent individual truss member restraint/bracing. MiTek assumes no responsibility for truss manufacture, handling, erection, or bracing.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- Bearing at joint(s) 1 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 10 except (jt=lb) 17=169, 13=154.

Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 10 except 17=-169(LC 12), 13=-154(LC 13)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.



	10-	4-12	20-6-0	29-6-0	37-4-0			47-6-0	1	59-0-0	
	10-	4-12	10-1-4	9-0-0	7-10-0	1		10-2-0	1	11-6-0	1
Plate Offs	ets (X,Y)	[4:0-2-4,0-3-8],	[6:0-5-4,0-3-0], [14:0-4-0	,0-4-8], [15:0-3-0,0-3-8]							
LOADING TCLL TCDL BCLL BCDL	(psf) 20.0 10.0 0.0 * 10.0	SPACIN Plate Gri Lumber I Rep Stre Code IR	G- 2-0-0 p DOL 1.15 DOL 1.15 sss Incr YES C2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.62 BC 0.42 WB 0.84 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT) Wind(LL)	in -0.11 -0.23 0.04 0.06	(loc) 14-15 9-11 15 9-11	l/defl >999 >999 n/a >999	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 424 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER TOP CHC BOT CHC WEBS	BRACING- TOP CHOR BOT CHOR WEBS	BRACING- TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlin 2-0-0 oc purlins (10-0-0 max.): 4-6. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing. WEBS 1 Row a midot 2-15 4-15 5-14 6-13 8-13				oc purlins, except					
REACTIO	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 2-15, 4-15, 5-14, 6-13, 8-13 (lb) - Max Horz 1=-147(LC 10) 2-15, 4-15, 5-14, 6-13, 8-13 Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 13 except 15=-191(LC 12), 9=-108(LC 13) 3-10 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) except 1=415(LC 23), 15=2077(LC 23), 13=1990(LC 26), 9=745(LC 26), 9=745(LC 26) 3-10										
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-2=-456/105, 2-4=-98/1036, 4-5=0/408, 5-6=0/408, 6-8=0/729, 8-9=-881/171 BOT CHORD 1-16=-77/369, 15-16=-76/364, 14-15=-656/313, 13-14=-545/306, 11-13=-30/706, 9-11=-30/706 WEBS 2-16=0/503, 2-15=-1246/362, 4-15=-1388/385, 4-14=-96/575, 5-14=-510/237, 6-14=-106/547, 6-13=-1038/306, 8-13=-1317/354, 8-11=0/654											
NOTES- 1) Unbala	nced roof live	e loads have bee	en considered for this des	sign.							

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-1-12 to 4-6-9, Interior(1) 4-6-9 to 21-9-0, Exterior(2) 21-9-0 to 27-11-11, Interior(1) 27-11-11 to 37-3-0, Exterior(2) 37-3-0 to 43-5-10, Interior(1) 43-5-10 to 59-8-10 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
 6) Bearing at joint(s) 1 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify
- 6) Bearing at joint(s) 1 considers parallel to grain value using ANS//TPL1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 13 except (jt=lb) 15=191, 9=108.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

INTETH CAS ORTH CHARLEN CONTRACT 11111111111 SEAL 036322 G minim July 2,2020

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property danage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



27

16

4x4 =

28

14

4x4 =

15

8x8 =

29 13

4x6

12

2x4 ||



- Max Uplift 2=-109(LC 12), 14=-21(LC 13), 10=-98(LC 13) Max Grav 2=1395(LC 23), 14=2997(LC 2), 10=692(LC 24)
- FORCES. (lb) Max. Comp./Max. Ten. All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
- TOP CHORD
 2-3=-2276/491, 3-5=-1226/415, 5-6=-481/344, 6-7=-480/344, 7-9=0/783, 9-10=-731/150

 BOT CHORD
 2-18=-314/1941, 16-18=-314/1941, 15-16=-51/975, 14-15=-634/331, 12-14=-11/529, 10-12=-11/529

17 26

4x6 =

18

2x4

WEBS 3-18=0/518, 3-16=-1174/347, 5-16=-64/863, 5-15=-988/205, 6-15=-512/242, 7-15=-397/1737, 7-14=-2121/540, 9-14=-1205/355, 9-12=0/512

NOTES-

0-4-4 0-<u>8-</u>3

4x6

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

25

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-10 to 3-8-3, Interior(1) 3-8-3 to 21-9-0, Exterior(2) 21-9-0 to 27-11-11, Interior(1) 27-11-11 to 37-3-0, Exterior(2) 37-3-0 to 43-5-10, Interior(1) 43-5-10 to 59-8-10 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 14, 10 except (it=lb) 2=109.
- 7) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



24

30

10

4x6 =

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





 	11-6-0	21-9-0	29-6-0	37-2-4	37-3-0	0 4	7-6-0		59-0-0 11-6-0		
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:1-5-11,0-2-13], [2:1-3-	7,0-1-14], [5:0-5-4	4,0-3-0], [7:0-5-12,0-3-4], [15:0-4-12,0-4-8]			000		1100		
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2015/T	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES Pl2014	CSI. TC 0.65 BC 0.65 WB 0.98 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT) Wind(LL)	in -0.21 -0.45 0.11 0.16	(loc) l/d 2-19 >9 2-19 >9 14 2-19 >9	defl L/d 999 360 990 240 n/a n/a 999 240		PLATES MT20 Weight: 463 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%	
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 BOT CHORD 2x6 2-2 WEBS 2x4 6-1 REACTIONS.	LUMBER- IOP CHORD 3OT CHORD 2x6 SP 2400F 2.0E *Except* 2-20,15-18: 2x10 SP No.1 BRACING- TOP CHORD 2x6 SP 2400F 2.0E *Except* 2-20,15-18: 2x10 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 6-15,7-14: 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 50 CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-3-8 oc purlins, except 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 5-7. REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 14=0-3-8, 10=0-3-8 Max Horz 2=148(LC 11) Max Uplift 2=-94(LC 12), 14=-48(LC 12), 10=-125(LC 13) BOT CHORD WEBS Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-3-8 oc purlins, except 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 5-7.										
Ma Ma	ax Uplift 2=-94(LC 12), 14=-4 ax Grav 2=1219(LC 23), 14=	8(LC 12), 10=-12 3669(LC 2), 10=5	5(LC 13) 23(LC 24)								
TOP CHORD 2	-3=-2228/487, 3-5=-837/345, -10=-367/657	5-6=-42/267, 6-7	=-42/267, 7-9=-103/148	32,							
BOT CHORD 2	-19=-324/1916, 16-19=-308/ 0-12=-526/206	1916, 15-16=-40/6	666, 14-15=-1255/429, 1	12-14=-526/206,							
WEBS 3 7	-19=0/738, 3-16=-1515/408, -15=-431/2038, 7-14=-2675/	5-16=-53/873, 5-′ 617, 9-14=-1323/3	15=-1204/234, 6-15=-51 357, 9-12=0/648	4/242,							
NOTES- 1) Unbalanced rool 2) Wind: ASCE 7-1 MWFRS (envelo 27-11-11 to 37-3 reactions shown 3) Provide adequat	f live loads have been consid 0; Vult=130mph (3-second g ppe) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8 3-0, Exterior(2) 37-3-0 to 43-5 ; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate gri te drainage to prevent water	ered for this desig ust) Vasd=103mp 10 to 3-8-3, Inter -10, Interior(1) 43 p DOL=1.60 ponding.	gn. h; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL ior(1) 3-8-3 to 21-9-0, E -5-10 to 59-8-10 zone;C	=6.0psf; h=15ft; Ca xterior(2) 21-9-0 to C-C for members a	at. II; Ex 27-11- nd force	kp C; Enclo 11, Interio es & MWF	osed; r(1) RS for		UNTH CA	ROLLIN	

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 14 except (jt=lb) 10=125.
- 7) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





Scale = 1:106.2



-0- <u>10₇8</u>			59-10-8		0 <u>-9</u> 10
0-10-8			59-0-0		0-10-8
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[53:0-4-0,0-4-8]				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.06 BC 0.02 WB 0.13 Matrix-S	DEFL. i Vert(LL) -0.00 Vert(CT) 0.00 Horz(CT) 0.07	n (loc) l/defl L/d 0 36 n/r 120 0 36 n/r 120 1 36 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 585 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 SP BOT CHORD 2x6 SP OTHERS 2x4 SP	2 No.1 2 No.1 2 No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	Structural wood sheathing 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 ma Rigid ceiling directly appli T-Brace: Fasten (2X) T and I brace (0.131"x3") nails, 6in o.c., Brace must cover 90% of	g directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except ax.): 15-23. ed or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 2x4 SPF No.2 - 19-53, 18-54, 17-55, 16-56 , 14-57, 13-58, 12-59, 20-52, 21-51, 22-50, 24-49, 25-48, 26-47 es to narrow edge of web with 10d with 3in minimum end distance. web length.
REACTIONS. All be (lb) - Max H Max U Max G FORCES. (lb) - Max. TOP CHORD 2-3=- 13-14 18-15 23-24 23-24	aarings 59-0-0. lorz 2=228(LC 16) plift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 52, 51, 50, 4 irav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint 60, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 52, 40, 39, 38 Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) o 338/109, 3-4=-272/105, 10-11=-86/256 4=-146/427, 14-15=-138/389, 15-16=-13 9=-135/413, 19-20=-135/413, 20-21=-13 4=-138/389, 24-25=-146/430, 25-26=-12	2, 53, 54, 55, 56, 58, 59, 60 18, 47, 46, 44, 43, 42, 41, 4 (s) 2, 36, 53, 54, 55, 56, 5 51, 50, 49, 48, 47, 46, 44, r less except when shown. , 11-12=-107/314, 12-13=- 35/413, 16-17=-135/413, 1 35/413, 21-22=-135/413, 2 28/377, 26-27=-107/317, 2), 62, 40, 39, 38 7, 58, 59, 43, 42, 41, 7-18=-135/413, 2-23=-135/413, 7-28=-86/259		
NOTES- 1) Unbalanced roof live 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; V MWFRS (envelope) Exterior(2) 26-1-13 t for reactions shown; 3) Truss designed for v Gable End Details a: 4) Provide adequate dr 5) All plates are 2x4 Mi 6) Gable requires conti 7) Gable studs spaced 8) This truss has been 9) * This truss has been 9) * This truss has bee will fit between the b 10) Provide mechanica 58, 59, 60, 62, 63, Continued on page 2	e loads have been considered for this de /ult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103 gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-4 o 37-3-0, Corner(3) 37-3-0 to 41-6-0, E Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.6 vind loads in the plane of the truss only s applicable, or consult qualified buildin rainage to prevent water ponding. T20 unless otherwise indicated. inuous bottom chord bearing. at 2-0-0 oc. designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord lin n designed for a live load of 30.0psf on vottom chord and any other members. al connection (by others) of truss to bea 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 52, 51, 50, 48, 47, 4	esign. mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL 3-10 to 3-6-0, Exterior(2) 3- xterior(2) 41-6-0 to 59-8-1(0 For studs exposed to wir g designer as per ANSI/TF ve load nonconcurrent with the bottom chord in all are ring plate capable of withst 6, 44, 43, 42, 41, 40, 39, 3	=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; 6-0 to 21-9-0, Corner(3 0 zone;C-C for member nd (normal to the face), Pl 1. a any other live loads. as where a rectangle 3 tanding 100 lb uplift at j 8.	; Exp C; Enclosed; 3) 21-9-0 to 26-1-13, 's and forces & MWFRS see Standard Industry -6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide oint(s) 2, 53, 54, 55, 56,	SEAL 036322 July 2,2020
WARNING - Verify du Design valid for use only a truss system. Before u building design. Bracing is always required for st fabrication, storage, deli Safety Information av	esign parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AN y with MITek® connectors. This design is based or use, the building designer must verify the applicabi g indicated is to prevent buckling of individual trust ability and to prevent collapse with possible perso very, erection and bracing of trusses and truss sys ailable from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain High	ID INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE Ily upon parameters shown, and i lity of design parameters and prop web and/or chord members only al injury and property damage. F tems, see ANSUTPI Q way, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 2060	CE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2 s for an individual building con- entry incorporate this design it . Additional temporary and per- for general guidance regardin uuality Criteria, DSB-89 and 1	2015 BEFORE USE. mponent, not not the overall ermanent bracing g the BCSI Building Component	A MiTek Affiliate 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Lot 5 Adcock Farm	
						E14579484
J0620-2983	A4GE	GABLE	1	1		
					Job Reference (optional)	
Comtech, Inc, Fa	yetteville, NC - 28314,			8.330 s Ma	ay 6 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Jul 2 10:58:32 202	0 Page 2
		ID:Jh9ByfjRF	PU?mMR	DxzGWXK	yZ53p-7wVL5DnyKEpG7BpNZ0exJz1tMNA?VnOT0AW0	oJz07PL

NOTES-

- 11) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 13) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





	8-0-0		1	16-0-0	
	8-0-0		1	8-0-0	
Plate Offsets (X,Y	[2:0-2-8,0-2-0], [4:0-2-8,0-2-0]				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.29 BC 0.24 WB 0.13 Matrix-S	DEFL. in Vert(LL) 0.06 Vert(CT) -0.05 Horz(CT) 0.01	(loc) I/defi L/d 4-6 >999 240 4-6 >999 240 4 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 90 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x BOT CHORD 2x WEBS 2x	6 SP No.1 6 SP No.1 4 SP No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing d Rigid ceiling directly applied	irectly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. or 9-5-12 oc bracing.
REACTIONS. M M M	(size) 2=0-3-8, 4=0-3-8 ax Horz 2=-57(LC 10) ax Uplift 2=-142(LC 9), 4=-142(LC 8) ax Grav 2=680(LC 1), 4=680(LC 1)				
FORCES. (lb) - I TOP CHORD 2 BOT CHORD 2	Max. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or 2-3=-876/845, 3-4=-876/843 2-6=-619/679, 4-6=-619/679	less except when shown.			

BOT CHORD 2-6=-619/679, 4-6=-619/67 WEBS 3-6=-478/381

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed;
- MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-10 to 3-8-3, Interior(1) 3-8-3 to 8-0-0, Exterior(2) 8-0-0 to 12-4-13, Interior(1) 12-4-13 to 16-8-10 zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=142, 4=142.

6) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





- DOL=1.60 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For study exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=153, 4=153.
- 9) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

WATH CAS ORTH VIIIIIII SEAL 036322 G minin July 2,2020

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent oullapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-3-15 to 4-8-11, Interior(1) 4-8-11 to 7-9-0, Exterior(2) 7-9-0 to 12-1-12, Interior(1) 12-1-12 to 15-2-0 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.

7) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building designe. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

TRENGINEERING BY REALED AMITER Affiliate 818 Soundside Road

Edenton, NC 27932



15-5-15

Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[6:0-0-0,0-0-0], [7:0-0-0,0-0-0]				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.07 BC 0.04 WB 0.04 Matrix-S	DEFL. in Vert(LL) 0.00 Vert(CT) 0.00 Horz(CT) 0.00	(loc) l/defl L/d 8 n/r 120 9 n/r 120 8 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 61 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x4 SF	2 No.1 2 No.1		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing dire Rigid ceiling directly applied o	ectly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. r 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 13-6-13.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=75(LC 16)

2x4 SP No.2

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 12, 13, 14, 11, 10

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

OTHERS

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) 0-3-15 to 4-8-11, Exterior(2) 4-8-11 to 7-9-0, Corner(3) 7-9-0 to 12-1-12, Exterior(2) 12-1-12 to 15-2-0 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10.
- 10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and property incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



GILU.... July 2,2020





WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building designe. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





LUNIBER-	L	U	Μ	в	Ε	R	-
----------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LUMBER-		BRACING-		
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.1	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing	directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.1	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied	d or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.2	WEBS	1 Row at midpt	3-8
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.2	WEBS	1 Row at midpt	3-8

REACTIONS. All bearings 17-7-0

(lb) -Max Horz 1=-202(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1 except 9=-213(LC 12), 6=-213(LC 13)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 8=414(LC 22), 9=550(LC 19), 6=550(LC 20)

(lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. FORCES.

WEBS 2-9=-457/338, 4-6=-457/338

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-4 to 4-9-8, Interior(1) 4-9-8 to 8-9-8, Exterior(2) 8-9-8 to 13-2-5, Interior(1) 13-2-5 to 17-2-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 9=213, 6=213.



🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOI ES ON THIS AND INCLUDED IN TER REFERENCE FAGE INTERVISED IN TERVISED DEL ONE D fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS//TPI1 Qu** Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





(lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. FORCES.

WEBS 2-8=-402/309, 4-6=-402/309

NOTES-

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-4 to 4-9-0, Interior(1) 4-9-0 to 7-9-8, Exterior(2) 7-9-8 to 12-2-5, Interior(1) 12-2-5 to 15-2-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1 except (jt=lb) 8=186, 6=186.



🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLODED INTER REFERENCE FACE INTERVISED. INCLOSE DEL ONE OCL Design valid for use only with MITER® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSUPPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Qu** Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601

¹⁾ Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS 2-8=-364/291, 4-6=-364/291

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-4 to 4-9-0, Interior(1) 4-9-0 to 6-9-8, Exterior(2) 6-9-8 to 11-2-5, Interior(1) 11-2-5 to 13-2-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 8=166, 6=166.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and property incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 8=-162(LC 12), 6=-161(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 7 except 8=339(LC 19), 6=339(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS 2-8=-361/303, 4-6=-361/303

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-4 to 4-9-0, Interior(1) 4-9-0 to 5-9-8, Exterior(2) 5-9-8 to 10-2-5, Interior(1) 10-2-5 to 11-2-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 8=162, 6=161.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing tabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



¹⁾ Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss we band/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/ITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





						3-7-0 3-7-0						
Plate Offs	ets (X,Y)	[2:0-2-0,Edge]										
LOADING	i (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.03	Vert(LL)	n/a	-	n/a	999	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.07	Vert(CT)	n/a	-	n/a	999		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TF	PI2014	Matri	x-P						Weight: 12 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-						BRACING-						

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-TOP CHORD

2x4 SP No 1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1

REACTIONS. (size) 1=3-7-0, 3=3-7-0

Max Horz 1=35(LC 9) Max Uplift 1=-4(LC 12), 3=-4(LC 12)

Max Grav 1=115(LC 1), 3=115(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-7-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

🛦 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. ARXING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLODED INTER REPERENCE PAGE INIT-14's rev. Invozoris Derrore USE. Design valid for use only with MITER® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-7-7 to 5-0-3, Interior(1) 5-0-3 to 7-11-0, Exterior(2) 7-11-0 to 12-3-13, Interior(1) 12-3-13 to 15-2-10 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 8, 6.

6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSUTPIT Quality Criteria**, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component **Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed;
- MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate
- grip DOL=1.60 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601





2x4 ⋍

2x4 🛸

'late Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-2-0,Edge]		3-10-1	
OADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.03	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999	MT20 244/190
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.06	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999	
CLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(CT) 0.00 3 n/a n/a	
CDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P		Weight: 10 lb FT = 20%

REACTIONS. (size) 1=3-10-1, 3=3-10-1

Max Horz 1=-8(LC 10)

Max Uplift 1=-6(LC 12), 3=-6(LC 13)

Max Grav 1=104(LC 1), 3=104(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed;

MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

6) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent colleges with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



